1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to license plates; amending s. 320.02, 3 F.S.; revising provisions for the Department of 4 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold the 5 renewal of registration or replacement registration of 6 a motor vehicle; revising the conditions under which a 7 revalidation sticker or replacement license plate may 8 be issued; amending s. 320.1316, F.S.; prohibiting the 9 department from issuing a license plate, revalidation sticker, or replacement license plate for a vehicle or 10 vessel identified in a notice from a lienor; revising 11 12 procedures for dispute of a notice to surrender a 13 vehicle or vessel; authorizing civil actions and the 14 award of attorney fees and costs; providing an 15 effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (17) of section 320.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.02 Registration required; application for registration; forms.—

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(17) If <u>an</u> any applicant's name appears on a list of persons who may not be issued a license plate, revalidation sticker, or replacement license plate after a written notice to surrender a vehicle was submitted to the department by a lienor

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to read:

as provided in s. 320.1316, the department shall $\frac{may}{may}$ withhold renewal of registration or replacement registration of the any motor vehicle identified in owned by the applicant at the time the notice was submitted by the lienor. The lienor must maintain proof that written notice to surrender the vehicle was sent to each registered owner pursuant to s. 320.1316(1). A revalidation sticker or replacement license plate may not be issued for the identified vehicle until the that person's name no longer appears on the list, or until the person presents documentation from the lienor that the vehicle has been surrendered to the lienor, or a court orders the person's name removed from the list as provided in s. 320.1316. The department $\underline{\text{may}}$ shall not withhold an initial registration in connection with an applicant's purchase or lease of a motor vehicle solely because the applicant's name is on the list created by s. 320.1316. Section 2. Section 320.1316, Florida Statutes, is amended

320.1316 Failure to surrender vehicle or vessel.-

(1) Upon receipt from a lienor who claims a lien on a vehicle pursuant to s. 319.27 by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of written notice to surrender a vehicle or vessel that has been disposed of, concealed, removed, or destroyed by the lienee, the department shall place the name of the registered owner of that vehicle on the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate, revalidation sticker, or replacement license plate for any motor vehicle

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under s. 320.03(8) owned by the lience at the time the notice was given by the lienor. Pursuant to s. 320.03(8), the department may not issue a license plate or revalidation sticker for the vehicle or vessel owned by the lience which is identified in the claim by the lienor. If the vehicle is owned jointly by more than one person, the name of each registered owner shall be placed on the list.

- (2) The notice to surrender the vehicle shall be <u>signed</u> under oath by the lienor and submitted on forms developed by the department, which must include:
 - (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the lienor.
- (b) The name of the registered owner of the vehicle and the address to which the lienor provided notice to surrender the vehicle to the registered owner.
- (c) A general description of the vehicle, including its color, make, model, body style, and year.
- (d) The vehicle identification number, registration license plate number, if known, or other identification number, as applicable.
- (3) The registered owner of the vehicle may dispute a notice to surrender the vehicle or his or her inclusion on the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate, revalidation sticker, or replacement license plate under s.

 320.03(8) by bringing a civil action in the county in which he or she resides by notifying the department of the dispute in writing on forms provided by the department and presenting proof

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that the vehicle was sold to a motor vehicle dealer licensed under s. 320.27, a mobile home dealer licensed under s. 320.77, or a recreational vehicle dealer licensed under s. 320.771.

- (4) In an action brought pursuant to subsection (3), the petitioner is entitled to the summary procedure specified in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance the cause on its calendar if requested by the petitioner.
- license plate, revalidation sticker, or replacement license plate under s. 320.03(8), the court shall first determine whether the lienor has a recorded lien on the vehicle or vessel and whether the lienor properly made a demand for the surrender of the vehicle or vessel in accordance with this section. If the court determines that the lien was recorded and that such a demand was properly made, the court shall determine whether good cause exists for the lienee's failure to surrender the vehicle or vessel. As used in this section, the term "good cause" is limited to proof that:
- (a) The vehicle that was the subject of the demand for surrender was traded in to a licensed motor vehicle dealer before the date of the surrender demand;
- (b) The lien giving rise to the inclusion on the list has been paid in full or otherwise satisfied;
- (c) There is ongoing litigation relating to the validity or enforceability of the lien;

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(d) The petitioner was in compliance with all of his or her contractual obligations with the lienholder at the time of the demand for surrender;

- (e) The vehicle or vessel was reported to law enforcement as stolen by the registered owner of the vehicle or vessel before the demand for surrender; or
- (f) The petitioner no longer has possession of the vehicle or vessel, and the loss of possession occurred pursuant to operation of law. If the petitioner's loss of possession did not occur pursuant to operation of law, the fact that a third party has physical possession of the vehicle or vessel does not constitute good cause for the failure to surrender the vehicle or vessel.
- (6) If the petitioner establishes good cause for his or her failure to surrender the vehicle or vessel, the court shall enter an order removing the petitioner's name from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate, revalidation sticker, or replacement license plate under s.

 320.03(8) and shall award the petitioner reasonable attorney fees and costs actually incurred for the proceeding.
- (7) If the court finds that the demand for surrender was properly made by the lienor and the petitioner fails to establish good cause for the failure to surrender the vehicle or vessel, the court shall award the lienor reasonable attorney fees and costs actually incurred for the proceeding.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2014.

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