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1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to employment leave for crime victims 3 and witnesses; creating s. 960.0012, F.S.; providing 4 definitions; providing that employees who are crime 5 victims and their family or household members and 6 witnesses to crimes may take leave from their 7 employers under certain circumstances; prohibiting 8 certain actions by employers; providing duties of 9 employees; providing for return of employees; providing an effective date. 10 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Section 960.0012, Florida Statutes, is created 14 15 to read: 16 960.0012 Employment leave for victims and witnesses. -17 DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term: 18 (a) "Crime" means any offense, including any felony or 19 misdemeanor offense. 20 "Employee" has the same meaning as in s. 440.02. (b) (C) 21 "Employer" has the same meaning as in s. 440.02. "Family or household member" has the same meaning as 22 (d) 23 in s. 741.28. 24 (2)(a) LEAVE.—An employee may take the necessary amount of 25 leave, if he or she:

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1. Is a witness to a crime and is required to be questioned by a law enforcement agency or testify as a witness in a grand jury proceeding or as a witness in a criminal trial, including a deposition given pursuant to a criminal trial, or is required by legal counsel to meet in preparation for such testimony.

- 2. Is a family or household member of a crime victim and wishes to attend the trial of a person alleged to have committed an offense against the victim.
  - (b) An employer may not:

- 1. Deny an employee the use of and payment for any of the employee's accrued vacation leave for a purpose described in paragraph (a).
- 2. Refuse to grant leave without pay for a purpose described in paragraph (a).
- (3) DUTIES OF EMPLOYEE.—In any case in which the necessity for leave under paragraph (2)(a) is foreseeable, the employee shall:
- (a) Make a reasonable effort to schedule the leave so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the employer.
- (b) Provide the employer with not less than 10 days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave under subsection (2), except that if the date of the testimony or preparation requires leave to begin in less than 10 days, the employee shall provide such notice as is

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- (4) DISCHARGE PROHIBITED.—It shall be unlawful for any employer to discharge, discipline, or in any other manner discriminate against any employee who:
  - (a) Takes leave in accordance with this section; or
- (b) Has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to this section, including a proceeding that seeks enforcement of this section, or has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding.
- (5) RETURN FROM LEAVE.—Upon returning at the end of leave for a purpose described in paragraph (2)(a), such employee shall have the same job or an equivalent position with equivalent pay and with seniority, retirement, fringe benefits, and other service credits accumulated before the leave period.
  - Section 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2025.