1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to demand letters for personal injury 3 protection benefits; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; 4 requiring written notice of an intent to initiate 5 litigation for relief related to personal injury 6 protection benefits; revising the requirements for the 7 notice of an intent to initiate litigation for 8 personal injury protection benefits and related 9 relief; prohibiting the notice from triggering 10 insurers' obligations under certain circumstances; 11 prohibiting actions by claimants and prosecutions on 12 behalf of claimants unless certain requirements are 13 met; authorizing the recovery of specified attorney 14 fees, costs, and disbursements under certain 15 circumstances; providing an effective date. 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Subsection (10) of section 627.736, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; 22 exclusions; priority; claims.-23 (10) DEMAND LETTER.-24 As a condition precedent to filing any action for 25 benefits or related relief under this section, written notice of

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an intent to initiate litigation must be provided to the insurer. Such notice may not be sent until the claim is overdue, including any additional time the insurer has to pay the claim pursuant to paragraph (4)(b).

(b) The notice must state that it is a "demand letter under s. 627.736" and state the following with specificity:

- 1. The name of the insured on whose behalf upon which such benefits are being sought and, if the claimant is not the insured, the notice must include, including a copy of the assignment signed by the insured before the provision of any treatment, service, or accommodation and giving rights to the claimant to seek any benefit if the claimant is not the insured.
- 2. The claim number  $\underline{\text{and}}$  or policy number upon which such claim was originally submitted to the insurer  $\underline{\text{by either the}}$  claimant or the insured.
- 3. Where To the extent applicable, the name of any medical provider who rendered to the an insured the treatment, services, accommodations, or supplies that form the basis of such claim against the insurer. The notice must be accompanied by; and an itemized statement identifying each treatment, service, or accommodation provided to the insured and must specify, for each treatment, service, or accommodation, on a line-item basis, as previously billed to the insurer specifying each exact amount, the date of each treatment, service, or accommodation; the CPT code; the amount charged; and the amount paid type of benefit

claimed to be due. A completed form satisfying the requirements of paragraph (5)(d) or the lost-wage statement previously submitted, as applicable, must be included with may be used as the itemized statement. To the extent that the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment under paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet rendered, the claimant shall attach a copy of the insurer's notice withdrawing such payment and an itemized statement of the type, frequency, and duration of future treatment claimed to be reasonable and medically necessary.

- 4. The identification of all line items that the claimant contends to be in dispute because of an insurer's nonpayment or underpayment; the legal or factual basis for the claimant's position that the insurer's nonpayment or underpayment is incorrect; the CPT code; and the amount that the claimant contends that the insurer is required to pay to fully resolve the dispute, including the specific amount of the postal costs, interest, and penalty to be paid pursuant to paragraphs (d) and (e).
- 5. To the extent that an insurer has denied a claim on the basis that benefits are exhausted, the notice must specify any treatment, service, or accommodation that the claimant contends to have been improperly paid, the amount of the asserted improper payment, and the amount that the insurer is required to pay to the claimant to resolve the dispute.

(c) If the claimant contends that the insured had an emergency medical condition, the notice must be accompanied by documentation demonstrating that the insured to whom the treatment, service, or accommodation was provided sustained an emergency medical condition. The documentation must be from a provider identified in subparagraph (1) (a) 1. or subparagraph (1) (a) 2.

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(d) <del>(e)</del> Each notice required by this subsection must comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) and must be delivered to the insurer by United States certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. A notice that does not comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) may not trigger an insurer's obligations under paragraph (e). The Such postal costs shall be reimbursed by the insurer if requested by the claimant in the notice, when the insurer pays the claim. Such notice must be sent to the person and address specified by the insurer for the purposes of receiving notices under this subsection. Each licensed insurer, whether domestic, foreign, or alien, shall file with the office the name and address of the designated person to whom notices must be sent which the office shall make available on its Internet website. The name and address on file with the office pursuant to s. 624.422 is deemed the authorized representative to accept notice pursuant to this subsection if no other designation has been made.

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(e) (d) If, within 30 days after receipt of notice by the insurer, the overdue claim specified in a the notice that complies with paragraphs (b) and (c) is paid by the insurer together with applicable interest and a penalty of 10 percent of the overdue amount paid by the insurer, subject to a maximum penalty of \$250, no action may be brought against the insurer. If the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment under paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet rendered, no action may be brought against the insurer if, within 30 days after its receipt of the notice, the insurer mails to the person filing the notice a written statement of the insurer's agreement to pay for such treatment in accordance with the notice and to pay a penalty of 10 percent, subject to a maximum penalty of \$250, when it pays for such future treatment in accordance with the requirements of this section. To the extent the insurer determines not to pay any amount demanded, the penalty is not payable in any subsequent action. For purposes of this subsection, payment or the insurer's agreement shall be treated as being made on the date a draft or other valid instrument that is equivalent to payment, or the insurer's written statement of agreement, is placed in the United States mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or if not so posted, on the date of delivery. The insurer is not obligated to pay any attorney fees if the insurer pays the claim or mails its agreement to pay for future treatment within the time prescribed by this

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126	subsection.
127	$\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) The applicable statute of limitation for an action
128	under this section shall be tolled for 30 business days by the
129	mailing of $\underline{a}$ the notice required by this subsection.
130	(g) An action may not be filed by or prosecuted on behalf
131	of a claimant seeking benefits or related relief against an
132	<pre>insurer if:</pre>
133	1. A notice of the violation has not been sent to the
134	insurer;
135	2. The insurer has issued full payment to the claimant in
136	response to the notice within the timeframe prescribed by
137	<pre>paragraph (e); or</pre>
138	3. The claimant asserts a claim of nonpayment or
139	underpayment of benefits which is not identified in the notice.
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141	Any action filed by or prosecuted on behalf of a claimant
142	seeking benefits or related relief under this section in
143	violation of this paragraph shall entitle an insurer to recover
144	its reasonable attorney fees, costs, and disbursements related
145	to the defense of any such action against the claimant and the
146	claimant's attorney.
147	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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