1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to electronic commerce; providing a 3 directive to the Division of Law Revision and 4 Information; creating the "Computer Abuse and Data 5 Recovery Act"; creating s. 668.801, F.S.; providing a 6 short title; creating s. 668.802, F.S.; providing a 7 statement of purpose; creating s. 668.803, F.S.; 8 defining terms; creating s. 668.804, F.S.; prohibiting 9 a person from intentionally committing specified acts 10 without authorization with respect to a protected computer; providing penalties for a violation; 11 12 creating s. 668.805, F.S.; specifying remedies for 13 civil actions brought by persons affected by a 14 violation; providing that specified criminal judgments 15 or decrees against a defendant act as estoppel as to certain matters in specified civil actions; providing 16 that specified civil actions must be filed within 17 certain periods of time; creating s. 668.806, F.S.; 18 19 providing that the act does not prohibit specified 20 activity by certain governmental agencies or impose 21 liability on certain technology service providers; 2.2 providing an effective date. 23 24 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 25 26 The Division of Law Revision and Information is Section 1.

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27	directed to create part V of chapter 668, Florida Statutes,
28	consisting of ss. 668.801-668.806, Florida Statutes, to be
29	entitled the "Computer Abuse and Data Recovery Act."
30	Section 2. Section 668.801, Florida Statutes, is created
31	to read:
32	668.801 Short title.—This part may be cited as the
33	"Computer Abuse and Data Recovery Act."
34	Section 3. Section 668.802, Florida Statutes, is created
35	to read:
36	668.802 Construction of part.—This part shall be liberally
37	construed to safeguard an owner, operator, or lessee of a
38	protected computer, or an owner of information stored in a
39	protected computer, from harm or loss caused by unauthorized
40	access to such computer.
41	Section 4. Section 668.803, Florida Statutes, is created
42	to read:
43	668.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
43	668.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term: (1)(a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a
44	(1)(a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a
44	(1) (a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a protected computer:
44 45 46	(1) (a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a protected computer: 1. A director, officer, or employee of the owner,
44 45 46 47	(1) (a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a protected computer: 1. A director, officer, or employee of the owner, operator, or lessee of the computer or the owner of information
44 45 46 47 48	(1) (a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a protected computer: 1. A director, officer, or employee of the owner, operator, or lessee of the computer or the owner of information stored in the computer.
44 45 46 47 48 49	(1) (a) "Authorized user" means, with respect to a protected computer: 1. A director, officer, or employee of the owner, operator, or lessee of the computer or the owner of information stored in the computer. 2. A third-party agent, contractor, consultant, or

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access to the computer by the owner, operator, or lessee of the computer or by the owner of information stored in the computer in the form of a technological access barrier.

- (b) If the owner, operator, or lessee of a protected computer or the owner of information stored in a protected computer provides a third-party agent, contractor, consultant, or employee with a technological access barrier within the scope of his or her employment, the owner, operator, or lessee of the computer or the owner of information stored in the computer gives express permission to the third-party agent, contractor, consultant, or employee to use the technological access barrier and establishes the third-party agent, contractor, consultant, or employee as an authorized user. Such permission, however, is terminated upon cessation of his or her employment.
- (2) "Business" means any trade or business regardless of its for-profit or not-for-profit status.
- (3) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device that performs logical, arithmetic, or storage functions and includes any data storage facility, data storage device, or communications facility directly related to or which operates in conjunction with the device.
- (4) "Harm" means any impairment to the integrity, access, or availability of data, programs, systems, or information.
 - (5) "Loss" means any of the following:
 - (a) Any reasonable cost incurred by the owner, operator,

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(b)

or lessee of a protected computer or the owner of stored	
information, including the reasonable cost of conducting a	
damage assessment for harm associated with the violation and the	
reasonable cost for remediation efforts, such as restoring the	
data, programs, systems, or information to the condition it was	
in before the violation.	
(b) Economic damages.	
(c) Lost profits.	
(d) Consequential damages, including the interruption of	
service.	
(e) Profits earned by a violator as a result of the	
violation.	
(6) "Protected computer" means a computer that is used in	
connection with the operation of a business and stores	
information, programs, or code in connection with the operation	
of the business in which the stored information, programs, or	
code can only be accessed by employing a technological access	
barrier.	
(7) "Technological access barrier" means a password,	
security code, token, key fob, access device, or similar	
measure.	
(8) "Traffic" means to sell, purchase, or deliver.	
(9) "Without authorization" means access to a protected	
<pre>computer by:</pre>	
(a) A person who is not an authorized user;	

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A person who has stolen a technological access barrier

105	of an authorized user; or
106	(c) A person circumventing a technological access barrier
107	on a protected computer without the express or implied
108	permission of the owner, operator, or lessee of the protected
109	computer or the express or implied permission of the owner of
110	information stored in the protected computer. The term does not
111	include circumventing a technological access barrier that does
112	not effectively control access to the protected computer or the
113	information stored in the protected computer.
114	Section 5. Section 668.804, Florida Statutes, is created
115	to read:
116	668.804 Prohibited actsA person who knowingly and with
117	intent to cause harm or loss:
118	(1) Obtains information from a protected computer without
119	authorization and, as a result, causes harm or loss;
120	(2) Causes the transmission of a program, code, or command
121	to a protected computer without authorization and, as a result
122	of the transmission, causes harm or loss; or
123	(3) Traffics in any technological access barrier through
124	which access to a protected computer may be obtained without

is liable to the extent provided in s. 668.805 in a civil action to the owner, operator, or lessee of the protected computer, or the owner of information stored in the protected computer who uses the information in connection with the operation of a

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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authorization,

131	<u>business.</u>
132	Section 6. Section 668.805, Florida Statutes, is created
133	to read:
134	668.805 Remedies.—
135	(1) A person who brings a civil action for a violation
136	under s. 668.804 may:
137	(a) Recover actual damages, including the person's lost
138	profits and economic damages.
139	(b) Recover the violator's profits that are not included
140	in the computation of actual damages under paragraph (a).
141	(c) Obtain injunctive or other equitable relief from the
142	court to prevent a future violation of s. 668.804.
143	(d) Recover the misappropriated information, program, or
144	code, and all copies thereof, that are subject to the violation.
145	(2) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the
146	prevailing party in any action arising under this part.
147	(3) The remedies available for a violation of s. 668.804
148	are in addition to remedies otherwise available for the same
149	conduct under federal or state law.
150	(4) A final judgment or decree in favor of the state in
151	any criminal proceeding under chapter 815 shall estop the
152	defendant in any subsequent action brought pursuant to s.
153	668.804 as to all matters as to which the judgment or decree
154	would be an estoppel as if the plaintiff had been a party in the
155	<pre>previous criminal action.</pre>
156	(5) A civil action filed under s. 668.804 must be

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commenced within 3 years after the violation occurred or within 3 years after the violation was discovered or should have been discovered with due diligence.

Section 7. Section 668.806, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

668.806 Exclusions.—

- (1) This part does not prohibit any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of any law enforcement agency, regulatory agency, or political subdivision of this state, any other state, the United States, or any foreign country.
- (2) This part may not be construed to impose liability on any provider of an interactive computer service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 230(f), of an information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153, or of a communications service as defined in s. 202.11, if the provider provides the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of a person other than the provider, related telecommunications or commercial mobile radio services, or content provided by a person other than the provider.
 - Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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