1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to communicable and infectious
3	diseases; providing a short title; amending s.
4	112.181, F.S.; revising and providing definitions;
5	providing a presumption to specified workers that an
6	impairment of health caused by COVID-19 or an
7	infectious disease happened in the line of duty;
8	requiring certain actions in order to be entitled to
9	the presumption; requiring emergency rescue or public
10	safety workers to file an incident or accident report
11	under certain conditions; providing applicability;
12	providing an effective date.
13	
14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
15	
16	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Sergeant Justin
17	White Act."
18	Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) and paragraph (a)
19	of subsection (6) of section 112.181, Florida Statutes, are
20	amended to read:
21	112.181 Firefighters, paramedics, emergency medical
22	technicians, law enforcement officers, correctional officers;
23	special provisions relative to certain communicable <u>and</u>
24	<u>infectious</u> diseases
25	(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
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26 "Body fluids" means blood and body fluids containing (a) 27 visible blood and other body fluids to which universal 28 precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of 29 blood-borne pathogens, as established by the Centers for Disease 30 Control and Prevention, apply. For purposes of potential transmission of COVID-19, meningococcal meningitis, or 31 32 tuberculosis, the term "body fluids" includes respiratory, salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, and 33 34 saliva, mucous, and other fluids through which infectious 35 airborne organisms can be transmitted between persons.

36

(b) "COVID-19" has the same meaning as in s. 768.381(1).

37 (c) (b) "Emergency rescue or public safety worker" means any person employed full time by the state or any political 38 39 subdivision of the state as a firefighter, paramedic, emergency 40 medical technician, law enforcement officer, or correctional 41 officer who, in the course of employment, runs a high risk of 42 occupational exposure to hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, or 43 tuberculosis, COVID-19, or an infectious disease and who is not 44 employed elsewhere in a similar capacity. However, the term 45 "emergency rescue or public safety worker" does not include any 46 person employed by a public hospital licensed under chapter 395 47 or any person employed by a subsidiary thereof.

48 <u>(d) (c)</u> "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A, hepatitis B, 49 hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C, or any other 50 strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical

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51 community.

52 <u>(e) (d)</u> "High risk of occupational exposure" means that 53 risk that is incurred because a person subject to the provisions 54 of this section, in performing the basic duties associated with 55 his or her employment:

56 1. Provides emergency medical treatment in a non-health-57 care setting where there is a potential for transfer of body 58 fluids between persons;

59 2. At the site of an accident, fire, or other rescue or 60 public safety operation, or in an emergency rescue or public 61 safety vehicle, handles body fluids in or out of containers or 62 works with or otherwise handles needles or other sharp 63 instruments exposed to body fluids;

64 3. Engages in the pursuit, apprehension, and arrest of law
65 violators or suspected law violators and, in performing such
66 duties, may be exposed to body fluids; or

4. Is responsible for the custody, and physical restraint
when necessary, of prisoners or inmates within a prison, jail,
or other criminal detention facility, while on work detail
outside the facility, or while being transported and, in
performing such duties, may be exposed to body fluids.

72 (f) "Infectious disease" means any condition or impairment 73 of health caused by a disease that has been declared a public 74 health emergency in accordance with s. 381.00315.

75

(g) (e) "Occupational exposure," in the case of hepatitis,

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76 meningococcal meningitis, or tuberculosis, <u>COVID-19</u>, or an 77 <u>infectious disease</u>, means an exposure that occurs during the 78 performance of job duties that may place a worker at risk of 79 infection.

80 PRESUMPTION; ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS.-Any emergency (2) rescue or public safety worker who suffers a condition or 81 82 impairment of health that is caused by hepatitis, meningococcal 83 meningitis, or tuberculosis, COVID-19, or an infectious disease, 84 that requires medical treatment, and that results in total or 85 partial disability or death is shall be presumed to have a disability suffered in the line of duty, unless the contrary is 86 87 shown by competent evidence; however, in order to be entitled to 88 the presumption, the emergency rescue or public safety worker 89 must, by written affidavit as provided in s. 92.50, verify by 90 written declaration that, to the best of his or her knowledge 91 and belief:

92 (a) In the case of a medical condition caused by or93 derived from hepatitis, he or she has not:

Been exposed, through transfer of bodily fluids, to any
 person known to have sickness or medical conditions derived from
 hepatitis, outside the scope of his or her employment;

97 2. Had a transfusion of blood or blood components, other 98 than a transfusion arising out of an accident or injury 99 happening in connection with his or her present employment, or 100 received any blood products for the treatment of a coagulation

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101 disorder since last undergoing medical tests for hepatitis, 102 which tests failed to indicate the presence of hepatitis; 103 3. Engaged in unsafe sexual practices or other high-risk behavior, as identified by the Centers for Disease Control and 104 105 Prevention or the Surgeon General of the United States, or had sexual relations with a person known to him or her to have 106 107 engaged in such unsafe sexual practices or other high-risk 108 behavior: or 109 4. Used intravenous drugs not prescribed by a physician. In the case of meningococcal meningitis, in the 10 110 (b) days immediately preceding diagnosis he or she was not exposed, 111 outside the scope of his or her employment, to any person known 112 to have meningococcal meningitis or known to be an asymptomatic 113 114 carrier of the disease. 115 In the case of tuberculosis, in the period of time (C) 116 since the worker's last negative tuberculosis skin test, he or 117 she has not been exposed, outside the scope of his or her 118 employment, to any person known by him or her to have 119 tuberculosis. 120 (d) In the case of COVID-19, in the 14 days immediately 121 preceding diagnosis he or she was not exposed, outside the scope 122 of his or her employment, to any person known to have COVID-19. 123 (e) In the case of an infectious disease, he or she 124 contracted the infectious disease during a public health 125 emergency declared in accordance with s. 381.00315 and was not Page 5 of 6

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126 exposed, outside of the scope of his or her employment, to any 127 person known to have the infectious disease.

128 RECORD OF EXPOSURES. - The employing agency shall (5) 129 maintain a record of any known or reasonably suspected exposure 130 of an emergency rescue or public safety worker in its employ to 131 the diseases described in this section and shall immediately 132 notify the employee of such exposure. An emergency rescue or 133 public safety worker shall file an incident or accident report 134 with his or her employer of each instance of known or suspected 135 occupational exposure to hepatitis infection, meningococcal meningitis, or tuberculosis, COVID-19, or an infectious disease. 136

137 (6) REQUIRED MEDICAL TESTS; PREEMPLOYMENT PHYSICAL.-In
138 order to be entitled to the presumption provided by this
139 section:

140 An emergency rescue or public safety worker must, (a) 141 prior to diagnosis, have undergone standard, medically 142 acceptable tests for evidence of the communicable disease for 143 which the presumption is sought, or evidence of medical 144 conditions derived therefrom, which tests fail to indicate the 145 presence of infection. This paragraph does not apply in the case of meningococcal meningitis, COVID-19, or an infectious disease. 146 147 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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