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A bill to be entitled An act relating to higher education; providing a short title; amending s. 1001.66, F.S.; revising requirements for the performance-based metrics used to award Florida College System institutions with performance-based incentives; amending s. 1001.67, F.S.; revising the Distinguished Florida College System Institution Program excellence standards requirements; amending s. 1001.706, F.S.; providing that each state university must use gap analyses for specified purposes; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; revising the preeminent state research universities program graduation rate requirements and funding distributions; requiring the Board of Governors to establish certain standards by a specified date; amending s. 1001.92, F.S.; requiring certain performance-based metrics to include specified information; prohibiting the adjustment of benchmarks and metrics under certain circumstances; creating s. 1004.6497, F.S.; establishing the World Class Faculty and Scholar Program; providing the purpose and intent of the program; authorizing investments in certain faculty retention, recruitment, and recognition activities; specifying funding as provided in the General Appropriations Act; requiring the funds to be

Page 1 of 31

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used only for authorized purposes and investments; requiring the Board of Governors to submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; amending s. 1007.23, F.S.; requiring each Florida College System institution to execute at least one "2+2" targeted pathway articulation agreement by a specified time; providing requirements and student eligibility for the agreements; requiring the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors to collaborate to eliminate barriers for the agreements; amending s. 1007.27, F.S.; requiring school districts to notify students about certain lists and equivalencies related to articulated acceleration; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; requiring all degree seeking students to take the common placement test; providing that certain state universities may continue to provide developmental education instruction; amending s. 1008.39, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors to have access to certain reports maintained by the Department of Economic Opportunity for specified purposes; requiring the Board of Governors to enter into an agreement with the Department of Economic Opportunity to ensure that the board uses certain data for specified purposes only; amending ss. 1009.22 and 1009.23, F.S.; revising the

Page 2 of 31

prohibition on the inclusion of a technology fee in the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program award; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; revising the prohibition on the inclusion of a technology fee in the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program award; requiring each state university board of trustees to adopt and implement a block tuition policy for specified undergraduate students by a specified academic semester; amending s. 1009.53, F.S.; providing for the distribution of Bright Futures Scholarship funds for a summer term; amending s. 1009.531, F.S.; revising eligibility criteria for initial award of Florida Bright Futures awards relating to SAT and ACT scores; amending s. 1009.534, F.S.; providing that Florida Academic Scholars award amounts cover specified tuition and fees, textbooks, and other college-related expenses; amending s. 1009.701, F.S.; revising the state-to-private match requirement for contributions to the First Generation Matching Grant Program; amending s. 1009.89, F.S.; renaming the Florida Resident Access Grant Program; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Page 3 of 31

76 77 Section 1. This act shall be cited as the "Florida 78 Excellence in Higher Education Act of 2017." Subsection (1) of section 1001.66, Florida 79 Section 2. 80 Statutes, is amended to read: 81 1001.66 Florida College System Performance-Based 82 Incentive.-The State Board of Education shall adopt the following 83 (1)84 performance-based metrics for use in awarding a Florida College 85 System Performance-Based Incentive shall be awarded to a Florida 86 College System institution: institutions using performance-based 87 metrics (a) A student retention rate, as calculated by the 88 89 Division of Florida Colleges; 90 (b) A 150 percent-of-normal-time program completion and graduation rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students, 91 92 as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges using a cohort 93 definition of "full-time" based on a student's majority 94 enrollment in full-time terms. Full-time, first-time-in-college 95 students who graduate within 100 percent-of-normal-time program 96 completion shall receive weighting in an amount equal to two 97 times that of students who graduate within 150 percent-of-98 normal-time program completion; 99 (c) A continuing education or postgraduation job placement rate for workforce education programs, including workforce 100

Page 4 of 31

baccalaureate degree programs, as reported by the Florida

Education and Training Placement Information Program, with wage
thresholds that reflect the added value of the applicable
certificate or degree;

- (d) A graduation rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students enrolled in an associate in arts degree program that is part of a 2+2 targeted pathway articulation agreement with a state university, who graduate with a baccalaureate degree in 4 years after initially enrolling in the associate in arts degree program; and
- (e) One performance-based metric on college affordability adopted by the State Board of Education. The performance-based metrics must include retention rates; program completion and graduation rates; postgraduation employment, salaries, and continuing education for workforce education and baccalaureate programs, with wage thresholds that reflect the added value of the certificate or degree; and outcome measures appropriate for associate of arts degree recipients.

The state board shall adopt benchmarks to evaluate each institution's performance on the metrics to measure the institution's achievement of institutional excellence or need for improvement and the minimum requirements for eligibility to receive performance funding.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 1001.67, Florida

Page 5 of 31

126 Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.67 Distinguished Florida College System Institution Program.—A collaborative partnership is established between the State Board of Education and the Legislature to recognize the excellence of Florida's highest-performing Florida College System institutions.

- (1) EXCELLENCE STANDARDS.—The following excellence standards are established for the program:
- (a) A 100 150 percent-of-normal-time completion rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students of 50 percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges.
- (b) A  $\underline{100}$   $\underline{150}$  percent-of-normal-time completion rate for  $\underline{\text{full-time, first-time-in-college}}$  Pell Grant recipients of 40 percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges.
- (c) A retention rate of 70 percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges.
- (d) A continuing education, or transfer, rate of 72 percent or higher for students graduating with an associate of arts degree, as reported by the Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program (FETPIP).
- (e) A licensure passage rate on the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN) of 90 percent or higher for first-time exam takers, as reported by the Board of Nursing.

Page 6 of 31

(f) A job placement or continuing education or job placement rate of 88 percent or higher for workforce programs, as reported by FETPIP, with wage thresholds that reflect the added value of the applicable certificate or degree.

- (g) An excess hours rate of 40 percent or lower for A time-to-degree for students graduating with an associate of arts degree recipients who graduate with 72 or more credit hours, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges of 2.25 years or less for first-time-in-college students with accelerated college credits, as reported by the Southern Regional Education Board.
- Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 1001.706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1001.706 Powers and duties of the Board of Governors.-
  - (5) POWERS AND DUTIES RELATING TO ACCOUNTABILITY.-
- (b) The Board of Governors shall develop a strategic plan specifying goals and objectives for the State University System and each constituent university, including each university's contribution to overall system goals and objectives. The strategic plan must:
- 1. Include performance metrics and standards common for all institutions and metrics and standards unique to institutions depending on institutional core missions, including, but not limited to, student admission requirements, retention, graduation, percentage of graduates who have attained employment, percentage of graduates enrolled in continued

Page 7 of 31

education, licensure passage, average wages of employed graduates, average cost per graduate, excess hours, student loan burden and default rates, faculty awards, total annual research expenditures, patents, licenses and royalties, intellectual property, startup companies, annual giving, endowments, and well-known, highly respected national rankings for institutional and program achievements.

- 2. Consider reports and recommendations of the Higher Education Coordinating Council pursuant to s. 1004.015 and the Articulation Coordinating Committee pursuant to s. 1007.01.
- 3. Include student enrollment and performance data delineated by method of instruction, including, but not limited to, traditional, online, and distance learning instruction.
- 4. Include criteria for designating baccalaureate degree and master's degree programs at specified universities as high-demand programs of emphasis. Fifty percent of the criteria for designation as high-demand programs of emphasis must be based on achievement of performance outcome thresholds determined by the Board of Governors, and 50 percent of the criteria must be based on achievement of performance outcome thresholds specifically linked to:
- a. Job placement in employment of 36 hours or more per week and average full-time wages of graduates of the degree programs 1 year and 5 years after graduation, based in part on data provided in the economic security report of employment and

earning outcomes produced annually pursuant to s. 445.07.

- b. Data-driven gap analyses, conducted by the Board of Governors, of the state's job market demands and the outlook for jobs that require a baccalaureate or higher degree. Each state university must use the gap analyses to identify internship opportunities for students to benefit from mentorship by industry experts, earn industry certifications, and become employed in high-demand fields.
- Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (5), and subsection (8) of section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.-
- (2) ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH EXCELLENCE STANDARDS.—The following academic and research excellence standards are established for the preeminent state research universities program:
- (d) A <u>4-year</u> graduation rate of <u>50</u> <del>70</del> percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as <u>calculated by the Board of Governors</u> reported annually to the <u>IPEDS</u>.
- (5) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITIES PROGRAM SUPPORT.—
- (c) The award of funds under this subsection is contingent upon funding provided in the General Appropriations Act to support the preeminent state research universities program

Page 9 of 31

created under this section. Funding increases appropriated beyond the amounts funded in the previous fiscal year shall be distributed as follows:

- 1. Each designated preeminent state research university that meets the criteria in paragraph (a) shall receive an equal amount of funding.
- 2. Each designated emerging preeminent state research university that meets the criteria in paragraph (b) shall receive an amount of funding that is equal to <a href="half">one-fourth</a> one-fourth one-half of the total increased amount awarded to each designated preeminent state research university.
- (8) PROGRAMS OF EXCELLENCE THROUGHOUT THE STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM.—The Board of Governors shall is encouraged to establish standards and measures whereby individual undergraduate, graduate, and professional degree programs in state universities which that objectively reflect national excellence can be identified and make recommendations to the Legislature by September 1, 2017, as to how any such programs could be enhanced and promoted.
- Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 1001.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1001.92 State University System Performance-Based Incentive.—
- (1) A State University System Performance-Based Incentive shall be awarded to state universities using performance-based

Page 10 of 31

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metrics adopted by the Board of Governors of the State University System. The performance-based metrics must include graduation rates, including 4-year and 6-year rates with weighting provided for 4-year rates; retention rates; postgraduation education rates; degree production; affordability; postgraduation employment and salaries, including wage thresholds that reflect the added value of a baccalaureate degree; access, including both enrollment and graduation rates for low-income students; and other metrics approved by the board in a formally noticed meeting. The board shall adopt benchmarks to evaluate each state university's performance on the metrics to measure the state university's achievement of institutional excellence or need for improvement and minimum requirements for eligibility to receive performance funding. Benchmarks or metrics in place for any given year may not be adjusted after university performance data has been received by the Board of Governors. Section 7. Section 1004.6497, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 1004.6497 World Class Faculty and Scholar Program.-(1) PURPOSE AND LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—The World Class Faculty and Scholar Program is established to fund and support the efforts of state universities to recruit and retain

Page 11 of 31

exemplary faculty and research scholars. It is the intent of the

Legislature to elevate the national competitiveness of Florida's

state universities through faculty and scholar recruitment and retention.

- (2) INVESTMENTS.—Retention, recruitment, and recognition efforts, activities, and investments may include investments in research—centric cluster hires, faculty research and research commercialization efforts, undergraduate student participation in research, professional development, awards for outstanding performance, and postdoctoral fellowships.
- (3) FUNDING AND USE.—Funding for the program shall be as provided in the General Appropriations Act. Each state university shall use the funds only for the purpose and investments authorized under this section.
- (4) ACCOUNTABILITY.—By March 15 of each year, the Board of Governors shall provide to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report summarizing information from the universities in the State University System, including, but not limited to:
- (a) Specific expenditure information as it relates to the investments identified in subsection (2).
- (b) The impact of those investments in elevating the national competitiveness of the universities, specifically relating to:
- 1. The success in recruiting research faculty and the resulting research funding;
  - 2. The 4-year graduation rate;

Page 12 of 31

	3.	The	number	of	undergraduate	courses	offered	with	fewer
than	50	stude	ents; a	nd					

- 4. The increased national academic standing of targeted programs, specifically advancement among top 50 universities in the targeted programs in well-known and highly respected national public university rankings, including, but not limited to, the U.S. News and World Report rankings, which reflect national preeminence, using the most recent rankings.
- Section 8. Subsection (7) is added to section 1007.23, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 1007.23 Statewide articulation agreement.-
- (7) To strengthen Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and improve student retention and on-time graduation, by the 2018-2019 academic year, each Florida College System institution shall execute at least one "2+2" targeted pathway articulation agreement with one or more state universities to establish "2+2" targeted pathway programs. The agreement must provide students who graduate with an associate in arts degree and who meet specified requirements guaranteed access to the state university and a degree program at that university, in accordance with the terms of the "2+2" targeted pathway articulation agreement.
- (a) To participate in a "2+2" targeted pathway program, a student must:
- 1. Enroll in the program before completing 30 credit hours, including, but not limited to, college credits earned

Page 13 of 31

326 through articulated acceleration mechanisms pursuant to s.
327 1007.27;

2. Complete an associate in arts degree; and

- 3. Meet the university's transfer requirements.
- (b) A state university that executes a "2+2" targeted pathway articulation agreement must meet the following requirements in order to implement a "2+2" targeted pathway program in collaboration with its partner Florida College System institution:
- 1. Establish a 4-year on-time graduation plan for a baccalaureate degree program, including, but not limited to, a plan for students to complete associate in arts degree programs, general education courses, common prerequisite courses, and elective courses;
- 2. Advise students enrolled in the program about the university's transfer and degree program requirements; and
- 3. Provide students who meet the requirements under this paragraph with access to academic advisors and campus events and with guaranteed admittance to the state university and a degree program of the state university, in accordance with the terms of the agreement.
- (c) To assist the state universities and Florida College
  System institutions with implementing the "2+2" targeted pathway
  programs effectively, the State Board of Education and the Board
  of Governors shall collaborate to eliminate barriers in

Page 14 of 31

351	executing "2+2" targeted pathway articulation agreements.						
352	Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 1007.27, Florida						
353	Statutes, is amended to read:						
354	1007.27 Articulated acceleration mechanisms						
355	(2) $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ The Department of Education shall annually identify						
356	and publish the minimum scores, maximum credit, and course or						
357	courses for which credit is to be awarded for each College Level						
358	Examination Program (CLEP) subject examination, College Board						
359	Advanced Placement Program examination, Advanced International						
360	Certificate of Education examination, International						
361	Baccalaureate examination, Excelsior College subject						
362	examination, Defense Activity for Non-Traditional Education						
363	Support (DANTES) subject standardized test, and Defense Language						
364	Proficiency Test (DLPT). The department shall use student						
365	performance data in subsequent postsecondary courses to						
366	determine the appropriate examination scores and courses for						
367	which credit is to be granted. Minimum scores may vary by						
368	subject area based on available performance data. In addition,						
369	the department shall identify such courses in the general						
370	education core curriculum of each state university and Florida						
371	College System institution.						
372	(b) Each district school board shall notify students who						
373	enroll in articulated acceleration mechanism courses or take						
374	examinations pursuant to this section of the credit-by-						
375	examination equivalency list adopted by rule by the State Board						

Page 15 of 31

of Education and the dual enrollment course and high school subject area equivalencies approved by the state board pursuant to s. 1007.271(9).

Section 10. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.—

- (3) By October 31, 2013, The State Board of Education shall establish by rule the test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate readiness to perform college-level work, and the rules must specify the following:
- (a) All degree-seeking students must A student who entered 9th grade in a Florida public school in the 2003-2004 school year, or any year thereafter, and earned a Florida standard high school diploma or a student who is serving as an active duty member of any branch of the United States Armed Services shall not be required to take the common placement test for diagnostic purposes, but may and shall not be required to enroll in developmental education instruction in a Florida College System institution. However, a student who is not required to take the common placement test and is not required to enroll in developmental education under this paragraph may opt to be assessed and to enroll in developmental education instruction, and the college shall provide such assessment and instruction upon the student's request.

Page 16 of 31

(b) A student who takes the common placement test and whose score on the test indicates a need for developmental education must be advised of all the developmental education options offered at the institution and, after advisement, shall be allowed to enroll in the developmental education option of his or her choice.

- (c) A student who demonstrates readiness by achieving or exceeding the test scores established by the state board and enrolls in a Florida College System institution within 2 years after achieving such scores shall not be required to retest or complete developmental education when admitted to any Florida College System institution.
- (4) By December 31, 2013, The State Board of Education, in consultation with the Board of Governors, shall approve a series of meta-majors and the academic pathways that identify the gateway courses associated with each meta-major. Florida College System institutions shall use placement test results to determine the extent to which each student demonstrates sufficient communication and computation skills to indicate readiness for his or her chosen meta-major. Florida College System institutions shall counsel students into college credit courses as quickly as possible, with developmental education limited to that content needed for success in the meta-major.
- (5) (a) Each Florida College System institution board of trustees shall develop a plan to implement the developmental

Page 17 of 31

education strategies defined in s. 1008.02 and rules established by the State Board of Education. The plan must be submitted to the Chancellor of the Florida College System for approval no later than March 1, 2014, for implementation no later than the fall semester 2014. Each plan must include, at a minimum, local policies that outline:

- 1. Documented student achievements such as grade point averages, work history, military experience, participation in juried competitions, career interests, degree major declaration, or any combination of such achievements that the institution may consider, in addition to common placement test scores, for advising students regarding enrollment options.
- 2. Developmental education strategies available to students.
- 3. A description of student costs and financial aid opportunities associated with each option.
  - 4. Provisions for the collection of student success data.
- 5. A comprehensive plan for advising students into appropriate developmental education strategies based on student success data.
- (b) Beginning October 31, 2015, Each Florida College System institution shall annually prepare an accountability report that includes student success data relating to each developmental education strategy implemented by the institution. The report shall be submitted to the Division of Florida

Page 18 of 31

Colleges by October 31 in a format determined by the Chancellor of the Florida College System. By December 31, the chancellor shall compile and submit the institutional reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the State Board of Education.

- (c) A university board of trustees may contract with a Florida College System institution board of trustees for the Florida College System institution to provide developmental education on the state university campus. Any state university in which the percentage of incoming students requiring developmental education equals or exceeds the average percentage of such students for the Florida College System may offer developmental education without contracting with a Florida College System institution; however, any state university offering college-preparatory instruction as of January 1, 1996, may continue to provide developmental education instruction pursuant to s. 1008.02(1) such services.
- Section 11. Subsection (5) is added to section 1008.39, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 1008.39 Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program.—
- (5) The Board of Governors shall have access to the reemployment assistance wage reports maintained by the Department of Economic Opportunity. The board must enter into an agreement with the Department of Economic Opportunity which

Page 19 of 31

ensures that privacy will be protected and that data will be used only for the purpose of auditing or evaluating state—supported higher education programs offered by state universities.

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Section 12. Subsection (7) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-

Each district school board and Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, not to exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and not to exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty and may shall not be included in an any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

Section 13. Subsection (10) of section 1009.23, Florida

Page 20 of 31

501 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.-

(10) Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, which may not exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and may not exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may apply to both college credit and developmental education and may shall not be included in an any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

Section 14. Subsection (13) and paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (21) is added to that section, to read:

1009.24 State university student fees.-

(13) Each university board of trustees may establish a

Page 21 of 31

technology fee of up to 5 percent of the tuition per credit hour. The revenue from this fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may not be included in an any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534.

- (16) Each university board of trustees may establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors. However, beginning July 1, 2014, the Board of Governors may only approve the establishment of or an increase in tuition differential for a state research university designated as a preeminent state research university pursuant to s. 1001.7065(3). The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.
- (b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following conditions:
- 1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state university.
- 2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses, by campus or center location, and by institution. Each university board of trustees shall strive to maintain and

Page 22 of 31

increase enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, high technology, and other state or regional high-need fields when establishing tuition differentials by course.

- 3. For each state university that is designated as a preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors, pursuant to s. 1001.7065, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition differential may be increased by no more than 6 percent of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the preceding fiscal year. The tuition differential may be increased if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets for that university established annually by the Board of Governors for the following performance standards, amounting to no more than a 2-percent increase in the tuition differential for each performance standard:
- a. An increase in the  $\underline{\text{4-year}}$   $\underline{\text{6-year}}$  graduation rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as  $\underline{\text{calculated by the}}$   $\underline{\text{Board of Governors}}$   $\underline{\text{reported annually to the Integrated}}$   $\underline{\text{Postsecondary Education Data System}}$ .
  - b. An increase in the total annual research expenditures.
- c. An increase in the total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years.
- 4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not exceed the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 4-year degree-granting public postsecondary educational institutions.

Page 23 of 31

5. The tuition differential shall not be included in <u>an</u> any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538, except as <u>authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s.</u> 1009.534.

- 6. Beneficiaries having prepaid tuition contracts pursuant to s. 1009.98(2)(b) which were in effect on July 1, 2007, and which remain in effect, are exempt from the payment of the tuition differential.
- 7. The tuition differential may not be charged to any student who was in attendance at the university before July 1, 2007, and who maintains continuous enrollment.
- 8. The tuition differential may be waived by the university for students who meet the eligibility requirements for the Florida public student assistance grant established in s. 1009.50.
- 9. Subject to approval by the Board of Governors, the tuition differential authorized pursuant to this subsection may take effect with the 2009 fall term.
- (21) Each state university board of trustees shall adopt a block tuition policy for implementation by the fall 2018 academic semester. At a minimum, the policy must include a provision that exempts resident undergraduate students from the payment of tuition and fees for any credits taken in excess of 15 credit hours per semester.

Page 24 of 31

Section 15. Subsection (9) of section 1009.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.53 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program.-

(9) A student may use an award for summer term enrollment if funds are available. <u>Funding provided for summer term</u> enrollment must be equitably distributed among all Bright Futures award levels.

Section 16. Subsection (6) of section 1009.531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for initial awards.—

- (6)(a) The State Board of Education shall publicize the examination score required for a student to be eligible for a Florida Academic Scholars award, pursuant to s. 1009.534(1)(a) or (b). High school students must earn an SAT or ACT score of 1290 which corresponds to the 89th SAT percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of 29.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall publicize the examination score required for a student to be eligible for a Florida Medallion Scholars award, pursuant to s. 1009.535(1) (a) or (b). High school students must earn an SAT or ACT score of  $\frac{1170}{1170}$  which corresponds to the 75th SAT percentile  $\frac{1170}{1170}$  concordant ACT score of  $\frac{1170}{1170}$ .
- (c) The SAT percentile ranks and corresponding SAT scores specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) are based on the SAT

Page 25 of 31

626 percentile ranks for 2010 college-bound seniors in critical 627 reading and mathematics as reported by the College Board. The 628 next highest SAT score is used when the percentile ranks do not 629 directly correspond. Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 1009.534, Florida 630 631 Statutes, is amended to read: 1009.534 Florida Academic Scholars award. 632 633 (2) A Florida Academic Scholar who is enrolled in a certificate, diploma, associate, or baccalaureate degree program 634 635 at a public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution is 636 eligible, beginning in the fall 2017 academic semester, for an 637 award equal to the amount required to pay 100 percent of tuition and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3), (5), (6), and (7); 638 639 1009.23(3), (4), (7), (8), (10), and (11); and 1009.24(4), (7)-640 (13), (14) (r), and (16), as applicable, and is eligible for an 641 additional \$300 each fall and spring academic semester or the 642 equivalent for textbooks and college-related specified in the 643 General Appropriations Act to assist with the payment of 644 educational expenses. 645 Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 1009.701, Florida 646 Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.701 First Generation Matching Grant Program.-

(2) Funds appropriated by the Legislature for the program shall be allocated by the Office of Student Financial Assistance to match private contributions on a dollar-for-dollar-basis.

Page 26 of 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the ratio shall be \$2 of state funds to \$1 of private contributions to provide additional funding to increase the number of eligible students receiving the scholarship. After all eligible students are funded, remaining funds may be used to increase award amounts based on financial need. Contributions made to a state university and pledged for the purposes of this section are eligible for state matching funds appropriated for this program and are not eligible for any other state matching grant program. Pledged contributions are not eligible for matching prior to the actual collection of the total funds. The Office of Student Financial Assistance shall reserve a proportionate allocation of the total appropriated funds for each state university on the basis of full-time equivalent enrollment. Funds that remain unmatched as of December 1 shall be reallocated to state universities that have remaining unmatched private contributions for the program on the basis of full-time equivalent enrollment.

Section 19. Section 1009.89, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.89 The William L. Boyd, IV, <u>Effective Access to</u>

<u>Student Education</u> <del>Florida resident access</del> grants.—

(1) The Legislature finds and declares that independent nonprofit colleges and universities eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, <u>Effective Access to Student Education</u> Florida Resident Access Grant Program are an integral part of

Page 27 of 31

the higher education system in this state and that a significant number of state residents choose this form of higher education. The Legislature further finds that a strong and viable system of independent nonprofit colleges and universities reduces the tax burden on the citizens of the state. Because the William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida Resident Access Grant Program is not related to a student's financial need or other criteria upon which financial aid programs are based, it is the intent of the Legislature that the William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida Resident Access Grant Program not be considered a financial aid program but rather a tuition assistance program for its citizens.

- (2) The William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida Resident Access Grant Program shall be administered by the Department of Education. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the administration of the program.
- (3) The department shall issue through the program a William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida resident access grant to any full-time degree-seeking undergraduate student registered at an independent nonprofit college or university which is located in and chartered by the state; which is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which grants baccalaureate degrees; which is not a state university or

Florida College System institution; and which has a secular purpose, so long as the receipt of state aid by students at the institution would not have the primary effect of advancing or impeding religion or result in an excessive entanglement between the state and any religious sect. Any independent college or university that was eligible to receive tuition vouchers on January 1, 1989, and which continues to meet the criteria under which its eligibility was established, shall remain eligible to receive William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida resident access grant payments.

- (4) A person is eligible to receive such William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida resident access grant if:
- (a) He or she meets the general requirements, including residency, for student eligibility as provided in s. 1009.40, except as otherwise provided in this section; and
- (b)1. He or she is enrolled as a full-time undergraduate student at an eligible college or university;
- 2. He or she is not enrolled in a program of study leading to a degree in theology or divinity; and
- 3. He or she is making satisfactory academic progress as defined by the college or university in which he or she is enrolled.
- (5) (a) Funding for the William L. Boyd, IV, <u>Effective</u>

  <u>Access to Student Education</u> <del>Florida Resident Access</del> Grant

Page 29 of 31

Program for eligible institutions shall be as provided in the General Appropriations Act. The William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida resident access grant may be paid on a prorated basis in advance of the registration period. The department shall make such payments to the college or university in which the student is enrolled for credit to the student's account for payment of tuition and fees. Institutions shall certify to the department the amount of funds disbursed to each student and shall remit to the department any undisbursed advances or refunds within 60 days of the end of regular registration. A student is not eligible to receive the award for more than 9 semesters or 14 quarters, except as otherwise provided in s. 1009.40(3).

- (b) If the combined amount of the William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida resident access grant issued pursuant to this act and all other scholarships and grants for tuition or fees exceeds the amount charged to the student for tuition and fees, the department shall reduce the William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Florida resident access grant issued pursuant to this act by an amount equal to such excess.
- (6) If the number of eligible students exceeds the total authorized in the General Appropriations Act, an institution may use its own resources to assure that each eligible student receives the full benefit of the grant amount authorized.

Page 30 of 31

Section 20. The Division of Law Revision and Information
is directed to prepare a reviser's bill for the 2018 Regular
Session to substitute the term "Effective Access to Student
Education Grant Program" for "Florida Resident Access Grant
Program" and the term "Effective Access to Student Education
grant" for "Florida resident access grant" wherever those terms
appear in the Florida Statutes.

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Section 21. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.