

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF FINAL BILL ANALYSIS

**BILL #:** CS/HB 1219 State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund

**SPONSOR(S):** Justice Appropriations Subcommittee, Smith and others

**TIED BILLS:**           **IDEN./SIM. BILLS:** SB 7018

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**FINAL HOUSE FLOOR ACTION:** 112 Y's      0 N's            **GOVERNOR'S ACTION:** Approved

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### SUMMARY ANALYSIS

CS/HB 1219 passed the House on May 5, 2023, as SB 7018, as amended by the conference committee.

In 1979, the Florida Legislature established the State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund within the Florida Department of Corrections (FDC) for the deposit of proceeds from the sale of inmate canteen items and inmate collect telephone calls to fund programs for the benefit of inmates, including educational, vocational, and substance abuse programs. This trust fund was repealed in 2003 and all proceeds, which were previously deposited into the trust fund, were diverted to the General Revenue Fund.

In 1998, the Legislature established the Privately-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund (Private Trust Fund). The Private Trust Fund was created for the benefit and welfare of inmates incarcerated in private correctional facilities under contract with FDC or the Department of Management Services (DMS). The net proceeds derived from inmate canteens, vending machines, telephone commissions, and similar sources at private correctional facilities are deposited into the Private Trust Fund. The Private Trust Fund is currently active.

During the 2020 Legislative Session, the Legislature re-established the State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund (Trust Fund) within the FDC. The Trust Fund was created for the benefit and welfare of inmates in state-operated correctional institutions. Proceeds generated from certain inmate purchases, commissions, and donations are deposited into the Trust Fund, up to \$2.5 million annually. Any revenues generated over \$2.5 million are deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

The bill authorizes the collection of revenue from additional sources for deposit into the Trust Fund. Additional sources include proceeds obtained through the collection of damages pursuant to s. 960.293(2), F.S., cost of incarceration liens pursuant to s. 960.292(2), F.S., and copayments made by inmates for nonemergency visits to a healthcare provider.

The bill amends s. 945.215(1)(f), F.S., to eliminate the current \$100 statutory cap on the weekly amount that inmates can spend on canteen and vending items. Without the statutory cap, the weekly amount would be established by the FDC.

The bill increases the authorized amount of deposits into the Trust Fund, from \$2.5 million up to \$32 million per fiscal year, maintaining that all excess revenue above \$32 million must be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. The bill also allows for the funds in the Trust Fund to be utilized for fixed capital outlay for educational facilities and to provide environmental wellness upgrades to facilities, including fixed capital outlay maintenance and repairs that could improve environmental conditions.

To the extent that additional deposits into the Trust Fund would be redirected from deposit into the General Revenue Fund, there is a negative fiscal impact to General Revenue receipts.

The bill was approved by the Governor on June 15, 2023, ch. 2023-244, L.O.F., and will become effective on July 1, 2023.

## I. SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION

### A. EFFECT OF CHANGES:

#### **Background**

##### Inmate Welfare

Chapter 1979-78, Laws of Fla., created s. 945.215, F.S., establishing an Inmate Welfare Trust Fund within the Florida Department of Corrections (FDC). Proceeds from the sale of inmate canteen<sup>1</sup> items and collect telephone calls made by inmates were used to fund programs for the benefit of inmates, including educational, vocational, and substance abuse programs. This trust fund was repealed in 2003<sup>2</sup> and all proceeds, which were previously deposited into the trust fund, were diverted to the General Revenue Fund.

##### Privately Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund

Chapter 1998-386, Laws of Fla., created s. 944.72, F.S., establishing the Privately Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund (Private Trust Fund) within FDC.<sup>3</sup> The Private Trust Fund was created for the benefit and welfare of inmates incarcerated in private correctional facilities under contract with the FDC or the Department of Management Services (DMS).<sup>4</sup>

The net proceeds derived from inmate canteens, vending machines, telephone commissions, and similar sources at private correctional facilities must be deposited into the Private Trust Fund.<sup>5</sup> The funds in the Private Trust Fund may be expended only through legislative appropriation.<sup>6</sup> The DMS is required to annually compile a report that documents Private Trust Fund receipts and expenditures at each private correctional facility by September 1 of each year and submit the report to the chairs of the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of the Senate and House of Representatives, and to the Executive Office of the Governor.<sup>7</sup>

##### State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund

During the 2020 Legislative Session, the Legislature established the State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund (Trust Fund) within the FDC. The Trust Fund was created for the benefit and welfare of inmates in state-operated correctional institutions.<sup>8</sup> Proceeds generated up to \$2.5 million per fiscal year in specified revenue streams or donations must be deposited into the Trust Fund, including:

- Proceeds from operating inmate canteens, vending machines used primarily by inmates and visitors, hobby shops, and other such facilities.<sup>9</sup>
- Proceeds from contracted telephone commissions.<sup>10</sup>
- Any funds that may be assigned by inmates or donated to FDC by the general public or an inmate service organization.<sup>11</sup>
- All proceeds from the following sources:

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<sup>1</sup> A canteen is a store within the correctional institution which sells a variety of items including food and toiletries. Inmates are permitted to purchase up to \$100 of items from the canteen per week. S. 945.215(1)(f), F.S.

<sup>2</sup> Ch. 03-179, Laws of Fla.

<sup>3</sup> S. 944.72, F.S.

<sup>4</sup> S. 944.72(1), F.S.

<sup>5</sup> S. 945.215(3)(b)1., F.S.

<sup>6</sup> S. 945.215(3)(b)2., F.S.

<sup>7</sup> S. 945.215(3)(c), F.S.

<sup>8</sup> S. 944.73(1), F.S.

<sup>9</sup> S. 945.215(1)(a), F.S.

<sup>10</sup> S. 945.215(a)(b), F.S.

<sup>11</sup> S. 945.215(a)(c), F.S.

- The confiscation and liquidation of any contraband found upon, or in the possession of, any inmate;
- Disciplinary fines imposed against inmates;<sup>12</sup>
- Forfeitures of inmate earnings;<sup>13</sup> and
- Unexpended balances in individual inmate trust fund accounts<sup>14</sup> of less than \$1.<sup>15</sup>

Revenues in excess of \$2.5 million per fiscal year must be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.<sup>16</sup>

The Trust Fund must be used exclusively to fund the following at state-operated FDC institutions upon legislative appropriation:

- Literacy programs, vocational training programs, and educational programs.
- Inmate chapels, faith-based programs, visiting pavilions, visiting services and programs, family services and programs, and libraries.
- Inmate substance abuse treatment programs and transition and life skills training programs.
- The purchase, rental, maintenance, or repair of:
  - Electronic or audiovisual equipment, media, services, and programming used by inmates;
  - Recreation and wellness equipment; or
  - Bicycles used by inmates traveling to and from employment in a work-release program authorized under s. 945.091(1)(b), F.S.<sup>17</sup>

### Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill authorizes the collection of revenue from additional sources for deposit into the Trust Fund. Additional sources include proceeds obtained through the collection of damages pursuant to s. 960.293(2), F.S., cost of incarceration liens pursuant to s. 960.292(2), F.S., and copayments made by inmates for nonemergency visits to a healthcare provider.

The bill amends s. 945.215(1)(f), F.S., to eliminate the current \$100 statutory cap on the weekly amount that inmates can spend on canteen and vending items. Without the statutory cap, the weekly amount would be established by the FDC.

The bill increases the authorized amount of deposits into the State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund from \$2.5 million up to \$32 million per fiscal year, maintaining that all excess revenue above \$32 million must be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. The bill also allows for the funds in the Trust Fund to be utilized for fixed capital outlay for educational facilities and to provide environmental health upgrades to facilities, including fixed capital outlay repairs and maintenance that would improve environmental conditions of the correctional facilities.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2023.

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<sup>12</sup> If an inmate is found guilty at a FDC disciplinary hearing of damaging, destroying, or misappropriating property, FDC can fine the inmate in the amount of the replacement value of the property. R. 33-601.308, F.A.C.

<sup>13</sup> If an inmate escapes, FDC determines the amount of an inmate's earnings that should be forfeited to the Inmate Welfare Fund. S. 946.002(4)(b), F.S.

<sup>14</sup> An inmate's family or friends may donate money to the inmate, which is held in trust for the inmate by FDC. The inmate may use funds from his or her inmate trust fund to purchase items at the canteen. S. 944.516, F.S.

<sup>15</sup> S. 945.215(1)(d), F.S.

<sup>16</sup> S. 945.215(2), F.S.

<sup>17</sup> *Id.*

## II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

### A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

#### 1. Revenues:

The bill will have a fiscal impact of \$32,000,000 on the General Revenue Fund, to the extent that existing revenues are diverted from the General Revenue Fund to the State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund.

#### 2. Expenditures:

The bill authorizes \$32,000,000 in additional deposits into the State-Operated Institutions Inmate Welfare Trust Fund to be used for the benefit and welfare of inmates in state-operated correctional institutions. To the extent that additional budget authority is provided through the General Appropriations Act, expenditures from the Trust Fund could increase.

### B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

#### 1. Revenues:

None.

#### 2. Expenditures:

None.

### C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None.

### D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

The bill authorizes the collection of revenue from additional sources for deposit into the Trust Fund. Additional sources include proceeds obtained through the collection of damages pursuant to s. 960.293(2), F.S., cost of incarceration liens pursuant to s. 960.292(2), F.S., and copayments made by inmates for nonemergency visits to a healthcare provider. Revenue collections from the additional sources authorized by the bill are anticipated to average approximately \$501,807, based on a three year average of current collections.<sup>18</sup>

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<sup>18</sup> Email from Jake Felder, Director of Legislative Affairs, Department of Corrections, RE: SOIWTF Revenue Sources (Mar. 9, 2023)