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Councilmember Brandon T. Todd	Councilmember Brooke Pinto
Burne K. Nadeau	Cane all
Councilmember Brianne K. Nadeau	Councilmember Charles Allen
	Vincent C. Chan
	Councilmember Vincent & Gray
A BILL	
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IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DIST	TRICT OF COLUMBIA
To provide an individual with a relevant and documer an employee toilet facility of a retail establishment the Department of Health to develop a standar individual with an eligible medical condition identification card available to the public on the clarify that a retail establishment shall not be remployee toilet facility or to provide general pand to provide civil penalties to be enforced by this act.	ment under certain conditions, to require didentification card to be used by an for toilet facility access and to make the ne website of the Department of Health, to required to make physical changes to an oublic access to an employee toilet facility,
BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF T	HE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this
act may be cited as the "Medical Necessity Restroom	Access Act of 2020".
Sec. 2. Definitions.	
For the purposes of this act, the term:	
(1) "Department" means the Departme	ent of Health.
(2) "Eligible medical condition" means	s Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, any

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other inflammatory bowel disease, irritable bowel syndrome, the use of an ostomy device, or any

23	other diagnosed medical condition, including pregnancy, that requires immediate access to a
24	toilet facility.
25	(3) "Employee toilet facility" means a toilet facility that is normally not available
26	for public access.
27	(4) "Medical professional" mean a physician, a nurse practitioner, or a physician
28	assistant.
29	(5) "Retail establishment" means a place of business open to the general public
30	for the sale of goods or services.
31	Sec. 3. Toilet facility access.
32	(a)(1) A retail establishment that has a public or employee toilet facility shall allow an
33	individual with an eligible medical condition reasonable access to a toilet facility upon request if:
34	(A) The individual provides an employee of the retail establishment the
35	identification card prepared by the Department pursuant to subsection (b) of this section,
36	documenting the eligible medical condition and signed by a medical professional;
37	(B) The individual is lawfully on the premises of the retail establishment;
38	(C) The request for toilet facility access is made during business hours;
39	(D) Three or more employees are working at the time the individual
40	requests toilet facility access; and
41	(E) An employee toilet facility is not located in an area where providing
42	access to the area would create an obvious health or safety risk to the requesting individual or
43	obvious security risk to the retail establishment.
44	(2) The retail establishment shall have the discretion as to which toilet facility to
45	provide access to the individual; provided, that if a public restroom is not immediately available

46	at the retail establishment, the individual shall be allowed reasonable access to the employee
47	toilet facility.
48	(b) Within 30 days of the effective date of this act, the Department shall:
49	(1) Develop a standard identification card to be used by an individual with an
50	eligible medical condition that:
51	(A) States that the holder of the identification card has an eligible medical
52	condition; and
53	(B) Has an expiration date of not more than one year that may be renewed
54	by a medical professional; and
55	(2) Make a copy of the identification card available to the public on the
56	Department's website.
57	(c) The identification card provided in subsection (b) of this section shall not be effective
58	until a medical professional documents the individual's eligible medical condition and signs the
59	identification card.
60	(d) A retail establishment shall not be required to make any physical changes to an
61	employee toilet facility or provide general public access to an employee toilet facility under this
62	act.
63	(e) Notwithstanding any provision of this act, an employee toilet facility shall not be
64	considered a public restroom.
65	Sec. 4. Liability, penalties, and enforcement.
66	(a) A retail establishment or an employee of a retail establishment shall not be liable for
67	any act or omission in allowing an individual with an eligible medical condition access to an
68	employee toilet facility unless the act or omission is willful or reckless

- (b) A retail establishment or an employee of a retail establishment that violates section 3 of this act shall receive a warning from the Department for the first violation and be subject to a civil penalty of \$100 for every subsequent violation, to be enforced by the Department.
- 72 Sec. 5. Applicability.

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- (a) Section 4(b) of this Act shall apply upon the date of inclusion of their fiscal effect in an approved budget and financial plan.
- 75 (b) The Chief Financial Officer shall certify the date of the inclusion of the fiscal effect in 76 an approved budget and financial plan and provide notice to the Budget Director of the Council 77 of the certification.
- 78 (c)(1) The Budget Director shall cause the notice of the certification to be published in 79 the District of Columbia Register.
 - (2) The date of publication of the notice of the certification shall not affect the applicability of this act.
- Sec. 6. Fiscal impact statement.
 - The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal impact statement required by section 602(c)(3) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code §1-206.02(c)(3)).
- Sec. 7. Effective date.
 - This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 30-day period of congressional review as provided in section 602(c)(l) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code§ 1-206.02(c)(l)), and publication in the District of Columbia Register.