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13	A BILL
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18	IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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23	To ensure that the individualized education program of each blind or visually impaired child
24	includes provisions for instruction in Braille and the use of Braille appropriate to the
25	child's current and future literacy needs, to establish standards of Braille proficiency and
26 27	Braille instruction, to provide materials in a computer-accessible format capable of Braille reproduction, and to require the certification and re-certification of teachers in
28	accordance with Braille literacy standards.
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30	BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this
31	act may be cited as the "Blind Students Literacy and Education Rights Act of 2019".
32	Sec. 2. Definitions.
33	(1) "Blind or visually impaired child" shall have the same meaning as that of
34	"blind person" as provided in section 8(1) of An Act to enable the blind and the otherwise
35	physically disabled to participate fully in the social and economic life of the District of
36	Columbia, approved October 21, 1972 (86 Stat. 970; D.C. Official Code § 7-1009(1)).
37	(2) "Braille" means the system of reading and writing through touch known as
38	standard English Braille.

3,9	(3) "IEP team" has the same meaning as provided in section 614(d)(1)(B) of the
40	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, approved December 3, 2004 (118 Stat. 2702; 20
41	U.S.C. § 1414(d)(1)(B)).
42	(4) "Individualized education program," has the same meaning as provided in
43	section 614(d)(1)(A)(i) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, approved December

3,

- (5) "Textbooks and other instructional materials" means any literary or nonliterary works obtained for use in a course of study.
 - Sec. 3. Individualized education program.

2004 (118 Stat. 2702; 20 U.S.C. § 1414(d)(1)(A)(i)).

- (a) In developing the individualized education program in the case of a child who is blind or visually impaired, provision shall be made for instruction in Braille and the use of Braille unless an IEP Team determines, after an evaluation of the child's reading and writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media (including an evaluation of the child's future needs for instruction in Braille or the use of Braille), that such instruction or use is not appropriate for the child; provided, that nothing in this section shall require the exclusive use of Braille if other special education services are appropriate to the child's educational needs, nor shall the provision of other appropriate services preclude Braille use or instruction.
- (b) Instruction in Braille reading and writing shall be sufficient to enable each blind or visually impaired child to communicate with the same level of proficiency expected of the child's peers of comparable ability and grade level. A blind or visually impaired child's individualized education program shall specify:
- (1) The results obtained from the evaluations required under subsection (a) of this section;

62	(2) How Braille will be implemented as the primary mode for learning through
63	integration with other classroom activities;
64	(3) The date on which Braille instruction will commence;
65	(4) The length of the period of instruction and the frequency and duration of each
66	instructional session;
67	(5) The level of competency in Braille reading and writing to be achieved by the
68	end of the period and the objective assessment measures to be used; and
69	(6) If a determination has been made, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section,
,	that Braille instruction or use is not required for the child:
71	(A) A statement that the decision was reached after a review of pertinent
72	literature describing the educational benefits of Braille instruction and use; and
73	(B) A specification of the evidence used to determine that the child's
74	ability to read and write effectively without special education services is not impaired.
75	(c) All publishers of textbooks, including texts in electronic media, sold to the District of
76	Columbia Public Schools or any public charter schools shall furnish an electronic version in
77	which the content:
78	(1) Is encoded in text suitable for conversion into Braille or synthesized speech;
79	and
80	(2) Has been prepared using a markup language which maintains the structural
81	integrity of the information and can be processed by Braille translation software.
82	(d) As part of the certification and renewal process, teachers certified in the education of
83	blind and visually impaired children, as required by the Office of the State Superintendent of
84	Education ("OSSE") pursuant to 5A DCMR § 1602.1, shall be required to demonstrate
85	competence in reading and writing Braille. OSSE shall not issue or renew a license to teach the

visually impaired unless the applicant demonstrates, based upon standards adopted by the 86 Library of Congress's National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, that 87 he or she is proficient in reading and writing Braille. 88 Sec. 4. Fiscal impact statement. 89 The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal 90 impact statement required by section 4a of the General Legislative Procedures Act of 1975, 91 approved October 16, 2006 (120 Stat. 2038; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.47a). 92 Sec. 5. Effective date. 93 This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the 94 Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 60-day period of Congressional review as 95 provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 96 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(1)), and publication in the District of 97 Columbia Register.

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