1	A BILL
2	<u>21-386</u>
3	IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
4	
5	
6	To designate an official fish of the District of Columbia, to designate an official amphipod of the
7	District of Columbia, to authorize the Mayor to designate and regulate critical areas for
8	environmental protection, to authorize the Mayor to issue regulations for shoreline
9	protection measures, to authorize the Mayor to identify and regulate invasive plants and
10	nonindigenous nuisance species, to authorize the Mayor to take action to address the
11	spread of invasive plants and nonindigenous nuisance species, to authorize recovery of
12	costs incurred by the District in controlling the spread of invasive plants and
13	nonindigenous nuisance species, to authorize the Mayor to issue fines for violations, to
14	provide inspection authority and right of entry to the Mayor, to provide for civil
15	enforcement, to authorize the Mayor to issue fishing licenses, to authorize properly
16	delegated private entities to sell fishing licenses, to provide for the denial, revocation, or
17	suspension of a private entity's authority to sell fishing licenses, to authorize emergency
18	suspension and voluntary surrender of a private entity's authorization to sell fishing
19	licenses, to authorize the Mayor to regulate the use of certain types of fishing gear, to
20	authorize the Mayor to issue a fish consumption advisory, to authorize the Mayor manage
21	fishing seasons by administrative order, to designate the Department of Energy and
22 23	Environment as the District's natural resources trustee, to amend the penalty for water
23 24	pollution control violations, to expand protection for amphibians and invertebrates, and to establish a Fishing License Fund.
24	establish a Fishing License Fund.
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this
27	act may be cited as the "Fisheries and Wildlife Omnibus Amendment Act of 2016".
28	TITLE I. NATURAL RESOURCES EDUCATION
29	Sec. 101. Official fish of the District of Columbia.
30	(a) The American shad (Alosa sapidissima) is an anadromous species of game fish native
31	to the eastern United States and Canada. Spending much of their lives at sea, American shad

32 leave the ocean to find river systems and migrate or "run" upstream into freshwater

33 environments to spawn in their birthplaces, including the Potomac River.

(b) Once abundant in the Potomac River watershed and considered one of the most
valuable commercial fisheries in the United States, the American shad has experienced speciesthreatening declines throughout the entirety of its native range. A combination of factors, such as
overfishing, degraded water quality, the recovery of shad predator species, the closing of historic
shad spawning waters, and the building of dams for hydroelectric power, have contributed to
these massive declines.

40 (c) In response to American shad population declines, the District and others, beginning
41 in 2005, undertook restoration activities, including education, reopening fish passages, manual
42 spawning, chemical marking, stocking, identification, and other efforts. Since restoration efforts
43 began, more than 10 miles of closed spawning surface waters have been opened and more than
44 10 million American shad hatchlings have been manually spawned and released.

(d) In 2011, the Potomac River Fisheries Commission reported that American shad
population targets for the Potomac River established by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries
Commission have been met and deemed that the American shad population for the Potomac
River had recovered. The District will continue its restoration efforts to ensure the future of the
species.

50 (e) The American shad (*Alosa sapidissima*) is designated as the official fish of the
51 District of Columbia.

52 Sec. 102. Official amphipod of the District of Columbia.

53	(a) The Hay's Spring amphipod (Stygobromus hayi) is a federally-endangered, globally-
54	rare species of crustacean that is native to and found only in a few springs within the District's
55	portion of the Rock Creek watershed.
56	(b) Spending most of its life underground, the Hay's Spring amphipod lives in
57	groundwater seeps.
58	(c) The Hay's Spring amphipod measures 5-10 millimeters in length, and is colorless and
59	blind because it lives underground.
60	(d) The species is highly sensitive to groundwater contaminants and is therefore a strong
61	indicator of the health of the District's natural ecosystems, especially Rock Creek and Rock
62	Creek Park.
63	(e) The Hay's Spring amphipod (Stygobromus hayi) is designated as the official
64	amphipod of the District of Columbia.
65	TITLE II. NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION
66	Sec. 201. Definitions.
67	For the purposes of this title, the term:
68	(1) "Critical aquifer recharge areas" means areas with a critical recharging effect
69	on aquifers, including areas where an aquifer that is a source of drinking water is vulnerable to
70	contamination that would affect the potability of water or is susceptible to reduced recharge.
71	(2) "Critical areas" include the following areas and ecosystems:
72	(A) Wetlands;
73	(B) Critical aquifer recharge areas;

74	(C) Fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas;
75	(D) Frequently-flooded areas; and
76	(E) Areas containing species of local importance.
77	(3)(A) "District waters" means flowing and still bodies of water in the District,
78	whether artificial or natural, whether underground or on land.
79	(B) "District waters" does not include:
80	(i) Water on private property that is prevented from reaching
81	underground or land watercourses; and
82	(ii) Water in closed collection or distribution systems.
83	(4) "Fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas" means areas that serve a critical
84	role in sustaining needed habitats and species for the functional integrity of the ecosystem and
85	which, if altered, may reduce the likelihood that species will persist over the long term
86	(5) "Frequently flooded areas" means lands either in the floodplain subject to a
87	1% or greater chance of flooding in any given year or within areas subject to flooding due to
88	high groundwater.
89	(6) "Invasive plant" means a terrestrial or aquatic plant species that:
90	(A) Is not indigenous to the District or District waters; and
91	(B) If introduced or allowed to spread within the District, will cause or is
92	likely to cause economic harm, ecological harm, environmental harm, or harm to human health.

93	(7) "Living shoreline project" means shoreline protection measures that use non-
94	structural stabilization practices to control shore erosion by trapping sediment, filtering pollution,
95	and providing important aquatic and terrestrial habitat.
96	(8) "Natural resources" means the land, air, water, minerals, flora, and fauna in
97	the District and District waters.
98	(9) "Nonindigenous nuisance species" means a terrestrial or aquatic animal
99	species that does not naturally occur in the District and whose presence in the District or in
100	District waters poses or is likely to pose a significant threat of harm to:
101	(A) The diversity or abundance of any species indigenous to the District or
102	District waters;
103	(B) The ecological stability of District lands or waters; or
104	(C) The commercial, industrial, public, recreational, aquacultural, or other
105	beneficial uses of the District or District waters.
106	(10) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation (including a
107	government corporation), trust association, firm, joint stock company, organization, commission,
108	the District or federal government, or any other entity.
109	(11) "Shoreline protection measures" means coastal engineering activities that
110	reduce the risk of flooding, erosion, or inundation of land and structures.
111	(12) "Species of local importance" means those plant and animal species that are
112	of concern in the District due to their population status, emerging threats to their population
113	status, or their sensitivity to habitat alteration, or that are game species.

114	(13) "Wetlands" means a marsh, swamp, or other area that is:
115	(A) Periodically inundated by tides or having saturated soil conditions for
116	prolonged periods of time; and
117	(B) Capable of supporting aquatic vegetation.
118	Sec. 202. Critical areas.
119	The Mayor, pursuant to Title I of the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act,
120	approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 et seq.), shall issue rules
121	to:
122	(1) Designate critical areas for protection within the District; and
123	(2) Protect, conserve, or enhance the environmental function and value of critical
124	areas.
125	Sec. 203. Shoreline protection.
126	The Mayor, pursuant to Title I of the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act,
127	approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 et seq.), shall issue rules
128	to require shoreline protection measures, which shall, to the maximum extent possible, promote
129	the use of living shoreline projects.
130	Sec. 204. Invasive plants and nonindigenous nuisance species.
131	(a) The Mayor, pursuant to Title I of the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure
132	Act, approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 et seq.), shall issue
133	rules to identify invasive plants and nonindigenous nuisance species.

134	(b) Except as provided in section 207, no person shall knowingly import, transport, offer
135	for sale, sell, purchase, give, receive, plant, spread, or introduce into the District or District
136	waters any invasive plant.
137	(c) Except as provided in section 207, no person shall knowingly possess, import,
138	transport, offer for sale, sell, purchase, give, receive, breed, or introduce into the District or
139	District waters any nonindigenous nuisance species.
140	(d) It shall not be a violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this section to import, transport,
141	offer for sale, sell, purchase, give, or receive an invasive plant or nonindigenous nuisance species
142	if it is dead and no longer capable of growth or reproduction.
143	(d) It shall not be a violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this section to possess, import,
144	transport, offer for sale, sell, purchase, give, receive, or introduce into the District:
145	(1) An invasive plant if it is dead and no longer capable of growth and
146	reproduction;
147	(2) An animal belonging to a nonindigenous nuisance species if it is dead or no
148	longer capable of reproduction; or
149	(3) An animal belonging to a nonindigenous nuisance species that is
150	domesticated.
151	(e)(1) The Mayor may conduct measures to eradicate or control the spread of any
152	invasive plant or nonindigenous nuisance species nonindigenous nuisance species, other than
153	domesticated animals.

154	(2) In exercising the authority granted by this section related to nonindigenous
155	nuisance species, the Mayor shall:
156	(A) Employ humane practices to the maximum extent feasible;
157	(B) Abide by the standards established for wildlife control service
158	providers in section 3 of the Wildlife Protection Act of 2010, effective February 26, 2015 (D.C.
159	Law 18-829; D.C. Official Code § 8-2202); and
160	(C) Coordinate and partner with the Animal Care and Control Agency
161	established by section 3 of the Animal Control Act of 1979, effective October 18, 1979 (D.C.
162	Law 3-30; D.C. Official Code § 8-1802).
163	(f)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Mayor shall not
164	purposefully kill a feral cat pursuant to authority granted in this section. The Mayor shall not
165	capture a feral cat pursuant to this section unless it threatens it presents a specific threat to the
166	life, habitat, or reproduction of a species of local importance. If the Mayor captures a feral cat
167	pursuant to this section, it shall promptly turn it over to the Animal Care and Control Agency."
168	(2) The Mayor shall not undertake any effort to control, remove, or eradicate a
169	population of feral cats pursuant to this section unless:
170	(A) It presents a specific threat to the life, habitat, or reproduction of a
171	species of local importance; and
172	(B) The Mayor's actions are pursuant to a plan that is based on the trap,
173	neuter, and release population control method and developed and approved by a working group
174	consisting of the following representatives:

175	(i) A representative of the Department of Energy and Environment;
176	(ii) A representative of the Animal Care and Control Agency;
177	(iii) Two community members appointed by the Mayor; and
178	(iv) One community member appointed by the Chairperson of the
179	Council Committee with oversight of the Department of Energy and Environment.
180	Sec. 205. Entry and inspection.
181	(a) To ensure compliance with this title, the Mayor may, at any reasonable time and upon
182	the presentation of appropriate credentials to, and with the consent of, the owner, operator, or
183	person in charge:
184	(1) Enter any place to determine a person's compliance with this title or a
185	regulation promulgated pursuant to this title; and
186	(2) Inspect and copy any record, report, or other document or information related
187	to compliance with this title and regulations promulgated pursuant to this title.
188	(b) If the Mayor is denied access to enter or inspect and copy records in accordance with
189	this section, the Mayor may apply to the Superior Court for the District of Columbia for a search
190	warrant.
191	Sec. 206. Enforcement and penalties.
192	(a) The Mayor may impose civil infraction penalties, fines, and fees as sanctions for any
193	violation of this title or a regulation issued pursuant to this title, pursuant to the Department of
194	Consumer and Regulatory Affairs Civil Infractions Act of 1985, effective October 5, 1985 (D.C.
195	Law 6-42; D.C. Official Code § 2-1801.01 et seq.).

(b) In addition to any penalties authorized by this section, the Mayor may require
reimbursement for the costs of investigation, control, and eradication incurred by the District as a
result of a violation of this title or a regulation issued pursuant to this title.

(c) The Attorney General for the District of Columbia may commence a civil action in
 the Superior Court of the District of Columbia or any other court of competent jurisdiction for
 damages, cost recovery, reasonable attorney and expert witness fees, and injunctive or other
 appropriate relief to enforce compliance with this title or the regulations adopted pursuant to this
 title.

204 Sec. 207. Exception for research.

(a) Notwithstanding section 204(b) and (c), the Mayor may issue a permit to allow the
importation, possession, purchase, gift, receipt, transportation, planting, or breeding of an
invasive plant or a nonindigenous nuisance species in the District for research by a recognized
institution or government agency upon determining that adequate safeguards will be
implemented and maintained to prevent the release, escape, or introduction of any such invasive
plant or nonindigenous nuisance species into the District or District waters.

(b) The Mayor may modify, suspend, revoke, or deny a permit issued under this section
for failure to comply with any conditions associated with the issuance of the permit, this title or a
regulation promulgated pursuant to this title.

(c) A person aggrieved by an action of the Mayor taken pursuant to this section may
appeal the action of the Mayor to the Office of Administrative Hearings pursuant to section 6(a)

216	of the Office of Administrative Hearings Establishment Act of 2001, effective March 6, 2002
217	(D.C. Law 14-76; D.C. Official Code § 2-1831.03(a)).
218	Sec. 208. Rules.
219	The Mayor, pursuant to the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act, approved
220	October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 et seq.), may issue rules to
221	implement the provisions of this title, including rules to establish fees.
222	TITLE III. FISHING
223	SUBTITLE A. AUTHORIZING FISHING LICENSURE BY PRIVATE ENTITIES
224	Sec. 301. Definitions.
225	For the purposes of this subtitle, the term:
226	(1) "Covered establishment" means a business, nonprofit enterprise, or nonprofit
227	institution that does not have as its primary or sole business the sale of licenses for recreational
228	fishing in District waters.
229	(2)(A) "District waters" means flowing and still bodies of water in the District,
230	whether artificial or natural, whether underground or on land.
231	(B) "District waters" shall not include:
232	(i) Water on private property prevented from reaching underground
233	or land watercourses; and
234	(ii) Water in closed collection or distribution systems.
235	(3) "Recreational fishing" means the non-commercial taking or attempted taking
236	of finfish for personal use, sport, or pleasure, and which are not for sale, trade, or barter.

237	(4) "Substantial change in ownership" means a transfer of 10% or more in the
238	equity of or financial interest in a covered establishment."
239	Sec. 302. Fishing licensure by private entities.
240	(a) The Mayor may sell licenses and licensure endorsements for recreational fishing in
241	District waters.
242	(b) The Mayor may authorize a covered establishment to sell licenses and licensure
243	endorsements for recreational fishing in District waters; provided, that the covered
244	establishment:
245	(1) Designates and provides contact information for an agent to receive
246	communication and notices from the Mayor;
247	(2) Operates a lawful establishment that is open to the public and maintains
248	regular business hours;
249	(3) Demonstrates the ability to efficiently maintain an operation to sell licenses
250	for recreational fishing in District waters;
251	(4) Demonstrates financial stability and responsibility;
252	(5) Provides a physically secure and readily accessible location in an area where
253	the public may obtain a license; and
254	(6) Employs sufficient personnel to accommodate license purchasers efficiently.
255	(c) In determining whether the covered establishment meets the requirements set forth in
256	subsection (b) of this section, the Mayor may consider business performance records, business

257	practices, financial resources, record of indebtedness, and other factors relating to financial
258	reliability of the covered establishment including:
259	(1) The location at which the covered establishment intends to sell licenses;
260	(2) The number of customers who frequent the location;
261	(3) The volume of sales at the location;
262	(4) The days and hours of operation;
263	(5) The proximity to other agents; and
264	(6) Other relevant factors as determined by the Mayor.
265	(d) The Mayor shall develop an application for a covered establishment to apply to
266	obtain authorization pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. An owner, partner, director, or
267	officer authorized to bind the covered establishment may complete and file the application on
268	behalf of the covered establishment.
269	(e) The Mayor may develop criteria for renewal of a covered establishment's
270	authorization under subsection (b) of this section, and an application for renewal. If a renewal
271	application is denied, the covered establishment may submit an application pursuant to
272	subsection (d) of this section.
273	(f) Authorizations to sell licenses issued by the Mayor:
274	(1) Shall be issued in the name of the covered establishment; and
275	(2) Shall be valid for a period determined by the Mayor and shall expire at
276	midnight of the last day of the designated period.
277	(g) Any covered establishment authorized under subsection (b) of this section shall:

278	(1) Accurately and promptly report transactions and sales as required by the
279	Mayor;
280	(2) Make all financial settlements and payments promptly; and
281	(3) Hold in trust all monies received from the sale of fishing licenses, until such
282	monies are transferred to the Mayor.
283	(h) The Mayor may, by regulation, require a covered entity which applies for
284	authorization or renewal of authorization pursuant to subsection (b) of this section to pay an
285	application fee, and may prorate such fees or costs based on the period of the authorization.
286	(i) Upon expiration of the authorization, the covered establishment shall cease selling
287	licenses unless and until the covered establishment's license is renewed or reissued.
288	Sec. 303. Denial, revocation, or suspension of authorization.
289	(a) The Mayor may deny, revoke, or suspend an authorization pursuant to section 302(b),
290	after notice and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to section 305, for the following reasons:
291	(1) An owner, partner, director, officer, or the agent designated pursuant to
292	section 302(b)(1) of the covered establishment has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty to, a
293	felony;
294	(2) The covered establishment included false or misleading information on its
295	application;
296	(3) The covered establishment is not authorized or licensed to operate or conduct
297	business in the District;

298	(4) The covered establishment fails to notify the Mayor within 45 days in advance
299	of a material change in information, including a substantial change in ownership, change of
300	address, or a significant change in operations;
301	(5) The covered establishment fails to take security precautions as required by the
302	Mayor in rules issued pursuant to section 306 regarding the handling of any licenses or licensure
303	equipment;
304	(6) The covered establishment fails to comply with the requirements of this
305	subtitle or any other laws or regulations applicable to the conduct of its operations; or
306	(7) The covered establishment becomes insolvent or dissolves.
307	(b) The Mayor, in the event of a denial, revocation, or suspension of authorization
308	pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, shall provide notice, which shall include the reason for
309	the denial, revocation, or suspension and shall notify the covered establishment of its right to
310	contest the denial, revocation, or suspension at a hearing pursuant to section 305.
311	(c) Upon notification of the denial, revocation, or suspension of its authorization
312	pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Mayor may require the covered establishment to:
313	(1) Cease the sale of licenses;
314	(2) Render an accounting by the date specified on the notice; or
315	(3) Surrender licensure equipment and any other District property to the District
316	by the date specified on the notice.
317	Sec. 304. Voluntary surrender of authorization.

318 (a) An authorized covered establishment shall notify the Mayor, in writing, at least 30 319 days in advance of the establishment's intent to voluntarily stop selling licenses pursuant to its 320 authorization under section 302(b). 321 (b) The covered establishment shall return any District property related to the 322 establishment's authorization pursuant to section 302(b) within 7 days of the date it voluntarily 323 stops selling licenses pursuant to its authorization under section 302(b). 324 Sec. 305. Administrative Appeals. 325 A covered establishment aggrieved by an action of the Mayor taken pursuant to this title, 326 or the regulations promulgated pursuant to this title, may appeal the action to the Office of 327 Administrative Hearings pursuant to section 6(a) of the Office of Administrative Hearings 328 Establishment Act of 2001, effective March 6, 2002 (D.C. Law 14-76; D.C. Official Code § 2-329 1831.03(a)). 330 Sec. 306. Rules; enforcement. 331 (a) The Mayor, pursuant to the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act, 332 approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 et seq.), may issue rules 333 to implement the provisions of this subtitle. 334 (b) The Attorney General for the District of Columbia may commence a civil action in 335 the Superior Court of the District of Columbia or any other court of competent jurisdiction for 336 damages, reasonable attorney and expert witness fees, and injunctive or other appropriate relief 337 to enforce compliance with this subtitle or the regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle. 338 SUBTITLE B. ESTABLISHING AND CLARIFYING FISHING AUTHORITIES

339 Sec. 311. Allowable fishing gear types.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Mayor may authorize and license
the possession, transport, and use of bows, arrows, spears, and other implements for the capture
or killing of any fish.

343 (b) No person shall possess, transport, or use an implement authorized under this section,
344 unless the license is in the licensee's physical possession when the licensee is possessing,
345 transporting, or using the implement.

346 (c) The Mayor may impose civil infraction penalties, fines, and fees for a violation of this
347 section or a regulation promulgated pursuant to this section, pursuant to the procedures of the
348 Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs Civil Infractions Act of 1985, effective October
349 5, 1985 (D.C. Law 6-42; D.C. Official Code § 2-1801.01 *et seq.*).

(d) The Department of Energy and Environment may enter into an agreement with any
 federal or District agency to work cooperatively on enforcement of this section or a regulation
 promulgated pursuant to this section.

(e) The Mayor, pursuant to the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act,
approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 *et seq.*),may issue rules to
implement the provisions of this subtitle.

356 Sec. 312. Fish consumption advisory.

The Mayor may publish, based on scientific analysis of the composition of fish tissue and other scientific indicators, an advisory recommending the safest means of consuming fish captured in the District's waterways and any recommended consumption limits.

360 SUBTITLE C. PROTECTING AQUATIC LIFE THROUGH FISHERIES

- 361 MANAGEMENT AND ENFORCEMENT
- 362 Sec. 321. The Water Pollution Control Act of 1984, effective March 16, 1985 (D.C. Law
- 363 (a) Section 4(b) (D.C. Official Code § 8-103.03(b)) is amended as follows:
- 364 (1) Paragraph (2) is amended to read as follows:

365 "(2) No person shall hunt, fish, capture, intentionally harm or attempt to hunt, 366 fish, capture, or intentionally harm fish in District waters, except while in physical possession of 367 a license issued by the Mayor. The Mayor may establish and modify through administrative 368 order the seasons, methods, species, and allowable volume of take for fishing; provided that, if 369 the Mayor issues an order pursuant to this paragraph, the Mayor shall first, pursuant to the 370 District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act, issue rules outlining how the administrative 371 orders will be made public, including on an online website where the public may access up-to-372 date information about seasons, methods, species, and volume of take authorized pursuant to this 373 section.".

374

(2) Paragraph (3) is repealed.

(b) Section 19(b)(2)(A) (D.C. Official Code §8-103.18(b)(2)(A)) is amended by striking
the phrase "\$50,000 for each violation" and inserting the phrase "\$50,000 for each violation,
provided that the Mayor may adjust this civil penalty by rulemaking to account for inflation" in
its place.

- 379 TITLE IV. ENVIRONMENT
- 380 SUBTITLE A. NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION

381	Sec. 401. The District Department of the Environment Establishment Act of 2005,
382	effective February 15, 2006 (D.C. Law 16-51; D.C. Official Code § 8-151.01 et seq.), is
383	amended as follows:
384	(a) Section 106(2) (D.C. Official Code § 8-151.06(2)) is amended by striking the phrase
385	"such as initiatives" and inserting the phrase "such as an aquatic resources education program,
386	experiential learning activities that promote understanding and conservation of natural resources,
387	and initiatives":
388	(b) Section 107 (D.C. Official Code § 8-151.07) is amended as follows:
389	(1) Paragraph (11) is amended by striking the phrase "; and" and inserting a
390	semicolon in its place.
391	(2) Paragraph (12) is amended by striking the period and inserting "; and" in its
392	place.
393	(3) New paragraph (13) is added to read as follows:
394	"(13) Plan, design, implement, construct, and maintain projects to protect, restore,
395	and enhance the environment.".
396	(c) Section 108 (D.C. Official Code § 8-151.08) is amended as follows:
397	(1) Paragraph (2) is amended by striking the phrase "natural resources policy and
398	make" and inserting the phrase "natural resources policy, planning, and implementation, and for
399	purposes of making" in its place
400	(2) Paragraph (5) is amended by striking the phrase "protect the environment and
401	to promote environmental awareness" and inserting the phrase "protect and enhance the

402	environment, natural resources, and promote environmental awareness, as well as to enforce the
403	District's environmental and natural resource laws" in its place.
404	(3) Paragraph (6) is amended by striking the phrase "; and" and inserting a
405	semicolon in its place.
406	(4) Paragraph (7) is amended by striking the period and inserting a semicolon in
407	its place.
408	(5) New paragraph (8) is added to read as follows:
409	"(8) Serve as the trustee for natural resources for the District."
410	SUBTITLE B. EXPANDING PROTECTION FOR AMPHIBIANS AND
411	INVERTEBRATES
412	Sec. 411. Section 1 of An Act To revise and modernize the fish and game laws of the
413	District of Columbia, and for other purposes, approved August 23, 1958 (72 Stat. 814; D.C.
414	Official Code § 22-4328), is amended by striking the phrase "As used in this section the term
415	"wild animals" includes, without limitation, mammals, birds, fish, and reptiles not ordinarily
416	domesticated." and inserting the phrase "As used in this section the term "wild animals" includes
417	not-ordinarily-domesticated mammals, birds, fish, amphibians, invertebrates, and reptiles." in its
418	place.
419	TITLE V. SPECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS
420	Sec. 501. Fishing License Fund.
421	(a) There is established as a special fund the Fishing License Fund ("Fund"), which shall
422	be administered by the Mayor in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.

423	(b) Proceeds from the sale of fishing licenses, or license endorsements, including
424	proceeds collected pursuant to Subtitle A of Title III of this act shall be deposited into the Fund.
425	(c) Monies deposited into the Fund shall be used solely for the administration and
426	management of the District's fish and wildlife resources by the agency responsible for protecting
427	and managing those resources.
428	(d)(1) The money deposited into the Fund shall not revert to the General Fund of the
429	District of Columbia at the end of a fiscal year, or at any other time.
430	(2) Subject to authorization in an approved budget and fiscal plan, any funds
431	appropriated in the Fund shall be continually available without regard to fiscal year limitation.
432	TITLE VI. CONFORMING AMENDMENT
433	Sec. 601. Section 6 of the Office of Administrative Hearings Establishment Act of 2001,
434	effective March 6, 2002 (D.C. Law 14-76; D.C. Official Code § 2-1831.03), is amended by
435	adding a new subsection (b-10) to read as follows:
436	"(b-10) In addition to those cases described in subsections (a), (b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-3), (b-
437	4), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), (b-8), (b-9), this act shall apply to all adjudicated cases involving the
438	modification, suspension, revocation, or denial of a permit issued under section 209 and all
439	adjudicated cases involving the denial, revocation, or suspension of an authorization under
440	Subtitle A of Title III of the Fisheries and Wildlife Omnibus Amendment Act of 2016, as
441	approved by the Committee on Transportation and the Environment on DATE, 2016 (Committee
442	print of Bill 21-386).".
443	TITLE VII. CONSTRUCTION, FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT, EFFECTIVE DATE.

444 Sec. 701. Construction.

445 Nothing in this act shall be construed to affect an action or proceeding commenced before446 the effective date of this act.

447 Sec. 702. Fiscal impact statement.

448 The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement contained in the committee report as the

449 fiscal impact statement required by section 4a of the General Legislative Procedures Act of 1975,

450 approved October 16, 2006 (120 Stat. 2038; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.47a).

451 Sec. 703. Effective date.

452 This act shall take effect after approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the

453 Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 60-day period of congressional review as

454 provided in section 602(c)(2) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December

455 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code §1-206.02(c)(2), and publication in the District of

456 Columbia Register.