

General Assembly

January Session, 2023

Governor's Bill No. 979

LCO No. **4058**

Referred to Committee on ENVIRONMENT

Introduced by: Request of the Governor Pursuant to Joint Rule 9

AN ACT PROMOTING ENERGY AFFORDABILITY, ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND GREEN CITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) In order to secure cost-2 effective resources and provide more reliable electric service for the 3 benefit of the state's electric ratepayers, to make reasonable further 4 progress toward the greenhouse gas emissions reduction levels set out 5 in section 22a-200a of the general statutes and to meet the state's energy 6 and environmental goals and policies established in the Integrated 7 Resources Plan, pursuant to section 16a-3a of the general statutes and 8 the Comprehensive Energy Strategy, pursuant to section 16a-3d of the 9 general statutes, the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 10 Protection, in consultation with the procurement manager identified in 11 subsection (1) of section 16-2 of the general statutes, the Office of 12 Consumer Counsel and the Attorney General, may, in coordination 13 with other states in the control area of the regional independent system 14 operator, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, or on behalf 15 of Connecticut alone, issue multiple solicitations for long-term contracts

16 from providers of resources described in subsection (b) of this section.

17 (b) In any solicitation issued pursuant to this subsection, the 18 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection may seek 19 proposals from providers of transmission resources and associated transmission infrastructure, including, but not limited to, transmission 20 21 infrastructure for offshore wind resources, provided such transmission 22 resources are located in or interconnect to the control area of the regional 23 independent system operator or the control area of an adjacent regional 24 independent system operator. Proposals under this subsection shall not 25 have a contract term exceeding forty years.

26 (c) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, in 27 consultation with the procurement manager identified in subsection (l) 28 of section 16-2 of the general statutes, the Office of Consumer Counsel 29 and the Attorney General shall evaluate project proposals received 30 under any solicitation issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section 31 based on factors, including, but not limited to, (1) improvements to the 32 reliability of the electric system, including during winter peak demand; 33 (2) fuel diversity; (3) the extent to which the proposal contributes to 34 meeting the requirements to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and 35 improve air quality in accordance with sections 16-245a, 22a-174 and 36 22a-200a of the general statutes; (4) whether the proposal is in the best 37 interest of ratepayers because it obviates the need for future reliability 38 upgrades; and (5) whether the proposal is aligned with the policy goals 39 outlined in the Integrated Resources Plan, pursuant to section 16a-3a of 40 the general statutes, and the Comprehensive Energy Strategy, pursuant 41 to section 16a-3d of the general statutes, including, but not limited to, 42 environmental impacts. In conducting such evaluation, the 43 commissioner, in coordination with the Commissioner of Economic 44 Development, may consider the extent to which project proposals 45 provide economic benefits for the state.

(d) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection may
 direct the electric distribution companies to enter into agreements with
 transmission resources and associated transmission infrastructure, from

49 proposals selected pursuant to this section, for periods of not more than
50 forty years on behalf of all customers of the state's electric distribution
51 companies.

52 (e) Any agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall be 53 subject to review and approval by the Public Utilities Regulatory 54 Authority, provided such review shall be completed not later than one 55 hundred twenty days after the authority receives the agreement. The 56 authority shall approve agreements if it determines (1) the agreement 57 provides for the delivery of adequate and reliable products and services, 58 for which there is a clear public need, at a just and reasonable price, (2) 59 the agreement is prudent and cost effective, and (3) any provider of 60 transmission resources under the agreement has the technical, financial 61 and managerial capabilities to perform pursuant to such agreement. The 62 net costs of any such agreement, including costs incurred by the electric 63 distribution companies under the agreement and reasonable costs 64 incurred by the electric distribution companies in connection with the 65 agreement, shall be recovered through a fully reconciling component of 66 electric rates for all customers of electric distribution companies. Any 67 net revenues from the sale of products purchased in accordance with 68 long-term contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall be 69 credited to customers through the same fully reconciling rate 70 component for all customers of the contracting electric distribution 71 company. The commissioner may hire consultants with expertise in 72 quantitative modeling of electric and gas markets to assist in 73 implementing this section, including, but not limited to, the evaluation 74 of proposals submitted pursuant to this section. All reasonable costs 75 associated with the commissioner's solicitation and review of proposals 76 pursuant to this section shall be recoverable through the same fully 77 reconciling rate component for all customers of the electric distribution 78 companies.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2024*) (a) As used in this section,
"Connecticut home energy label" or "label" means a label developed by
the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection that
provides a score regarding a residence's energy efficiency and is

consistent with all nationally recognized ratings, including the United
States Department of Energy Home Energy score, the Home Energy
Rating System Index score and the Energy Star score.

86 (b) (1) In developing the Connecticut home energy label, the 87 commissioner shall consider factors, including, but not limited to, (A) 88 the cost effectiveness of the labeling process, (B) the ability of a 89 residence's owner to conduct the labeling process and generate a label 90 for the residence without outside or professional assistance, (C) the 91 clarity of the information the label provides regarding the residence's 92 estimated energy efficiency, (D) the standardization of the label, (E) the 93 ability of the label to integrate information generated by existing 94 nationally recognized ratings, and (F) the accuracy and reliability of the 95 label.

96 (2) In developing the label, the commissioner shall provide an97 opportunity for public comment.

98 (c) (1) Any landlord, upon (A) listing any dwelling unit for rent 99 through a multiple listing service, real estate brokers' organization or 100 other service, organization or facility related to the business of selling or 101 renting dwelling units, including private listing services, or (B) offering 102 any dwelling unit for rent through a means other than those specified in 103 subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, shall provide a Connecticut home 104 energy label, with an electronic link to the Internet web site that contains 105 the report for such Connecticut home energy label for the dwelling unit, 106 to any prospective tenant at the tenant's request or prior to the tenant's 107 signing of a lease for the dwelling unit. For dwelling units listed 108 pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, the landlord shall 109 provide the Connecticut home energy label and electronic link through 110 the service, organization or facility through which the landlord lists the 111 dwelling unit.

(2) The provisions of this section shall apply: (A) On and after (i) July
1, 2024, or (ii) thirty days after the commissioner's public release of the
Connecticut home energy label, whichever is later, to any municipality

115 that contains a census tract in which the average percentage of gross 116 household income spent on home heating and electricity costs is not less 117 than ten per cent; (B) on or after July 1, 2025, to any municipality that 118 contains a census tract in which the average percentage of gross 119 household income spent on home heating and electricity costs is not less than six per cent; (C) on or after July 1, 2026, to any municipality 120 121 containing a census tract in which the average percentage of gross 122 household income spent on home heating and electricity costs is not less 123 than four per cent; and (D) on or after July 1, 2027, to all municipalities.

(3) The Commissioners of Housing and Energy and Environmental
Protection shall, not later than March first of each year, publish on the
Departments of Housing's and Energy and Environmental Protection's
Internet web sites a list of municipalities that meet the criteria set forth
in subdivision (2) of this subsection according to the Low-Income
Energy Affordability Data Tool maintained by the United States
Department of Energy, or a successor tool.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to: (A) The rental of
any dwelling unit for which rent payments include a fixed amount for
all charges for electricity, natural gas or heating fuel, as defined in
section 16a-23m of the general statutes; (B) any dwelling unit in a
building that was constructed on or after January 1, 2000; or (C) on or
before July 1, 2027, any dwelling unit in any building occupied by the
landlord of such building as a residence.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 51-164p of the
general statutes, any municipality subject to the provisions of this
section may, by ordinance, establish a civil penalty payable to such
municipality for a violation of this section, provided such civil penalty
shall not exceed five hundred dollars for a first violation and one
thousand dollars for any subsequent violation.

(2) Any person assessed any civil penalty under subdivision (1) of
this subsection may appeal such assessment to the Superior Court not
later than thirty days after the mailing date of the notice of such

147 assessment by filing a petition to reopen the assessment, together with 148 an entry fee equal to the entry fee for a small claims case under section 149 52-259 of the general statutes, at the Superior Court facility designated 150 by the Chief Court Administrator. Such petition shall entitle such person 151 to a hearing under the rules of the judges of the Superior Court. 152 (3) The remedies in this subsection shall be in addition to any other 153 remedies available at law, or in equity, to any person. This section shall 154 not be construed to limit or restrict the authority of any state or local 155 housing or health code enforcement agency. 156 Sec. 3. Section 47a-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the 157 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2024*): 158 As used in this chapter and sections 47a-21, 47a-23 to 47a-23c, 159 inclusive, 47a-26a to 47a-26g, inclusive, 47a-35 to 47a-35b, inclusive, 47a-160 41a, 47a-43, [and] 47a-46 and [section] 47a-7b and section 2 of this act: 161 (a) "Action" includes recoupment, counterclaim, set-off, cause of action and any other proceeding in which rights are determined, 162 163 including an action for possession. 164 (b) "Building and housing codes" include any law, ordinance or 165 governmental regulation concerning fitness for habitation or the 166 construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use or appearance of 167 any premises or dwelling unit. 168 (c) "Dwelling unit" means any house or building, or portion thereof, 169 which is occupied, is designed to be occupied, or is rented, leased or 170 hired out to be occupied, as a home or residence of one or more persons. 171 (d) "Landlord" means the owner, lessor or sublessor of the dwelling 172 unit, the building of which it is a part or the premises. 173 (e) "Owner" means one or more persons, jointly or severally, in whom 174 is vested (1) all or part of the legal title to property, or (2) all or part of 175 the beneficial ownership and a right to present use and enjoyment of the 176 premises and includes a mortgagee in possession.

(f) "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited liability
company, the state or any political subdivision thereof, or agency,
business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, two or more
persons having a joint or common interest, and any other legal or
commercial entity.

(g) "Premises" means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is
a part and facilities and appurtenances therein and grounds, areas and
facilities held out for the use of tenants generally or whose use is
promised to the tenant.

(h) "Rent" means all periodic payments to be made to the landlordunder the rental agreement.

(i) "Rental agreement" means all agreements, written or oral, and
valid rules and regulations adopted under section 47a-9 or subsection
(d) of section 21-70 embodying the terms and conditions concerning the
use and occupancy of a dwelling unit or premises.

(j) "Roomer" means a person occupying a dwelling unit, which unit
does not include a refrigerator, stove, kitchen sink, toilet and shower or
bathtub and one or more of these facilities are used in common by other
occupants in the structure.

(k) "Single-family residence" means a structure maintained and used
as a single dwelling unit. Notwithstanding that a dwelling unit shares
one or more walls with another dwelling unit or has a common parking
facility, it is a single-family residence if it has direct access to a street or
thoroughfare and does not share heating facilities, hot water equipment
or any other essential facility or service with any other dwelling unit.

(l) "Tenant" means the lessee, sublessee or person entitled under a
rental agreement to occupy a dwelling unit or premises to the exclusion
of others or as is otherwise defined by law.

205 (m) "Tenement house" means any house or building, or portion 206 thereof, which is rented, leased or hired out to be occupied, or is arranged or designed to be occupied, or is occupied, as the home or
residence of three or more families, living independently of each other,
and doing their cooking upon the premises, and having a common right
in the halls, stairways or yards.

Sec. 4. Section 29-253 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

(a) The State Building Code, including any amendment to said code
adopted by the State Building Inspector and Codes and Standards
Committee, shall be the building code for all towns, cities and boroughs,
<u>except as provided in subsection (c) of this section</u>.

(b) Nothing in this section shall prevent any town, city or borough
from adopting an ordinance governing the demolition of buildings
deemed to be unsafe. As used in this subsection, "unsafe building"
means a building that constitutes a fire hazard or is otherwise
dangerous to human life or the public welfare.

(c) (1) Any town, city or borough may, through its legislative body,
 adopt a building code for residential or commercial buildings that
 requires compliance with the zero energy residential or commercial
 building provisions of the International Energy Conservation Code, or
 a successor code.

(2) Any town, city or borough that adopts or revises a building code
 pursuant to this subsection shall inform the State Building Inspector and
 the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection of such

- 230 <u>adoption or revision.</u>
- Sec. 5. Section 20-334d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):
- 233 (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Accredited continuing professional education" means any
education of an electrician or plumber that is: (A) [designed] <u>Designed</u>
to maintain professional competence in the practice, pursuit and

237 standards of electrical work or plumbing and piping work; [,] (B) 238 approved by the commissioner; [,] and (C) provided (i) by an agency, 239 institution or organization that has been approved by the commissioner, 240 and (ii) in-person or through an online technology platform that 241 includes real-time video with audio, requires participants to 242 periodically confirm their active engagement during the educational 243 training session and enables participants to interact with instructors in 244 real time during the entire educational training session;

245 (2) "Certificate of continuing education" means a document that: (A) 246 [an] <u>An</u> agency, institution or organization that has been approved by 247 the commissioner and offers accredited continuing professional 248 education issues to an electrician or plumber; [,] (B) certifies that an 249 electrician or plumber has satisfactorily completed a specified number 250 of continuing education hours; [,] and (C) bears the (i) name of such 251 agency, institution or organization, (ii) title of the program, (iii) dates 252 during which the program was conducted, (iv) number of continuing 253 education hours satisfactorily completed, and (v) signature of the 254 director of such agency, institution or organization or of such director's 255 authorized agent; and

(3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of ConsumerProtection.

258 (b) (1) The commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the 259 Electrical Work Board established pursuant to subsection (b) of section 260 20-331, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to: [(1)] 261 (A) Establish additional requirements for accredited continuing 262 professional education for electricians licensed pursuant to sections 20-263 330 to 20-341, inclusive; [(2)] (B) establish qualifying criteria for 264 accredited continuing professional education programs and establish 265 qualifying criteria for acceptable certificates of continuing professional 266 education; and [(3)] (C) provide for the waiver of required accredited 267 continuing professional education for electricians for good cause. Such 268 regulations shall require not less than four hours per year of accredited 269 continuing professional education for such electricians, except upon 270 request of the Electrical Work Board, the commissioner may increase271 such hours to a maximum of seven hours.

272 (2) The commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the Electrical 273 Work Board established pursuant to subsection (b) of section 20-331, 274 shall amend the regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this 275 subsection to provide that: (A) Accredited continuing professional 276 education programs for electricians shall include, but need not be 277 limited to, training in the mechanics and application of thermal space 278 and water heating systems other than electric resistance and fossil fuel 279 combustion systems; and (B) an electrician shall be required to complete 280 the continuing professional education described in subparagraph (A) of 281 this subdivision not later than (i) two years after the electrician obtains 282 a license pursuant to sections 20-330 to 20-341, inclusive, or (ii) not later 283 than two years after the regulations amended pursuant to this 284 subdivision are finalized, if the electrician obtains a license pursuant to 285 sections 20-330 to 20-341, inclusive, on or before September 30, 2023. The 286 commissioner shall maintain on the Department of Consumer 287 Protection's web site a list of manufacturer-sponsored certification 288 programs for thermal space and water heating systems other than electric resistance and fossil fuel combustion systems, which shall be 289 considered accredited continuing professional education programs 290 291 pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this subdivision.

292 (c) (1) (A) The commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the 293 Plumbing and Piping Work Board established pursuant to subsection 294 (d) of section 20-331, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 295 54, to: [(1)] (i) Establish additional requirements for accredited 296 continuing professional education programs for plumbers licensed 297 pursuant to sections 20-330 to 20-341, inclusive, which regulations shall 298 require not more than a total of seven hours of accredited continuing 299 professional education every two years, except in the event of significant 300 changes to the building code, as approved by the International Code 301 Council, that relate to plumbing, the commissioner, at such 302 commissioner's discretion, may require more than a total of seven hours 303 of accredited continuing professional education every two years; [(2)]

(ii) establish qualifying criteria for accredited continuing professional
 education programs and establish qualifying criteria for acceptable
 certificates of continuing <u>professional</u> education; and [(3)] (iii) provide
 for the waiver of required accredited continuing professional education
 for plumbers for good cause.

309 (B) The commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the Plumbing 310 and Piping Work Board established pursuant to subsection (d) of section 311 20-331, shall amend the regulations adopted pursuant to subparagraph 312 (A) of this subdivision to provide that: (i) Accredited continuing 313 professional education programs for plumbers shall include, but need not be limited to, training in the mechanics and application of thermal 314 315 space and water heating systems other than electric resistance and fossil fuel combustion systems; and (ii) a plumber shall be required to 316 317 complete the continuing professional education described in 318 subparagraph (B)(i) of this subdivision not later than (I) two years after 319 the plumber obtains a license pursuant to sections 20-330 to 20-341, 320 inclusive, or (II) not later than two years after the regulations amended 321 pursuant to this subparagraph are finalized, if the plumber obtains a 322 license pursuant to sections 20-330 to 20-341, inclusive, on or before 323 September 30, 2023. The commissioner shall maintain on the 324 Department of Consumer Protection's web site a list of manufacturer-325 sponsored certification programs for thermal space and water heating systems other than electric resistance and fossil fuel combustion 326 327 systems, which shall be considered accredited continuing professional 328 education programs pursuant to subparagraph (B)(i) of this subdivision.

[(d)] (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of [subsection (c) of this section] <u>this subsection</u>, any person who has been issued a P-6, P-7, W-8 or W-9 license pursuant to section 20-334a and the regulations of Connecticut state agencies shall not be required to meet the continuing education requirements established pursuant to [subsection (c) of this section] <u>this subsection</u>.

[(e)] (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to [(d)] (c),
 inclusive, of this section, all accredited continuing professional

337 education offered under the provisions of this section shall: (1) Limit 338 class size to (A) fifty attendees if such accredited continuing professional education is offered in-person, or (B) twenty-five attendees if such 339 accredited continuing professional education is offered through an 340 341 online technology platform; (2) not be offered or held at the place of 342 business of a licensed plumbing contractor if such accredited continuing 343 professional education is for plumbers and offered in-person; and (3) 344 not be offered or held at the place of business of a licensed electrical contractor if such accredited continuing professional education is for 345 electricians and offered in-person. A provider of an accredited 346 347 continuing professional education course shall retain an audio-visual 348 recording of such course for a period of not less than thirty days after 349 completion of such course. Recordings shall be made available to the 350 department upon the department's request for such recordings.

351 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2023) (a) The commissioner, with 352 the advice and assistance of the Heating, Piping, Cooling and Sheet 353 Metal Work Board established pursuant to subsection (c) of section 20-354 331 of the general statutes, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with 355 chapter 54 of the general statutes, to: (1) Establish a one-time 356 requirement for heating and cooling professionals licensed pursuant to 357 sections 20-330 to 20-341, inclusive, of the general statutes to participate 358 in an accredited education program; (2) establish qualifying criteria for 359 such accredited education programs and establish qualifying criteria for 360 acceptable certificates of education; and (3) provide for the waiver of 361 such requirement for such licensed heating and cooling professionals 362 for good cause. The commissioner shall maintain on the Department of 363 Consumer Protection's web site a list of manufacturer-sponsored 364 certification programs for thermal space and water heating systems 365 other than electric resistance and fossil fuel combustion systems, which 366 shall be considered accredited education programs pursuant to 367 subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(b) The regulations established pursuant to subsection (a) of this
section shall include, but need not be limited to, training in the
mechanics and application of thermal space and water heating systems

371 other than electric resistance and fossil fuel combustion systems, which 372 a heating and cooling professional licensed pursuant to sections 20-330 373 to 20-341, inclusive, of the general statutes shall be required to complete 374 (1) not later than two years after the heating and cooling professional 375 obtains a license pursuant to sections 20-330 to 20-341, inclusive, of the 376 general statutes, or (2) not later than two years after the regulations 377 adopted pursuant to this section are finalized, if the heating and cooling 378 professional obtains a license pursuant to sections 20-330 to 20-341, 379 inclusive, of the general statutes on or before September 30, 2023.

Sec. 7. Section 23-8 of the general statutes is amended by adding subsection (f) as follows (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

(NEW) (f) In order to ensure the benefits of open space and tree cover are enjoyed equitably by residents of the state, it shall be the goal of the state to increase the percentage of urban areas covered by tree canopy, not later than January 1, 2024, to a level of five per cent of the total area of such urban areas. For purposes of this subsection, "urban areas" means the total area of environmental justice communities, as defined in section 22a-20a, in the state.

| sections: | | |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| Section 1 | from passage | New section |
| Sec. 2 | January 1, 2024 | New section |
| Sec. 3 | January 1, 2024 | 47a-1 |
| Sec. 4 | October 1, 2023 | 29-253 |
| Sec. 5 | October 1, 2023 | 20-334d |
| Sec. 6 | October 1, 2023 | New section |
| Sec. 7 | October 1, 2023 | 23-8(f) |

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following

Statement of Purpose:

To implement the Governor's budget recommendations.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]