

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 943

January Session, 2023



AN ACT CONCERNING THE RETURN OF SECURITY DEPOSITS UPON THE TERMINATION OF TENANCY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (d) of section 47a-21 of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
- 3 1, 2023):
- 4 (d) (1) Not later than the time specified in subdivision (2) of this 5 subsection, the person who is the landlord at the time a tenancy is
- 6 terminated, other than a rent receiver, shall pay to the tenant or former
- 7 tenant: (A) The amount of any security deposit that was deposited by
- 8 the tenant with the person who was landlord at the time such security
- 9 deposit was deposited less the value of any damages that any person
- who was a landlord of such premises at any time during the tenancy of
- 11 such tenant has suffered as a result of such tenant's failure to comply
- 12 with such tenant's obligations; and (B) any accrued interest. If the
- 13 landlord at the time of termination of a tenancy is a rent receiver, such
- 14 rent receiver shall return security deposits in accordance with the
- 15 provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- 16 (2) Upon termination of a tenancy, any tenant may notify the landlord
- in writing of such tenant's forwarding address. Not later than [thirty]
- 18 <u>fifteen business</u> days after termination of a tenancy or fifteen days after

receiving written notification of such tenant's forwarding address, whichever is later, each landlord other than a rent receiver shall deliver to the tenant or former tenant at such forwarding address either (A) the full amount of the security deposit paid by such tenant plus accrued interest, or (B) the balance of such security deposit and accrued interest after deduction for any damages suffered by such landlord by reason of such tenant's failure to comply with such tenant's obligations, together with a written statement itemizing the nature and amount of such damages. Any landlord who violates any provision of this subsection shall be liable for twice the amount of any security deposit paid by such tenant, except that, if the only violation is the failure to deliver the accrued interest, such landlord shall be liable for ten dollars or twice the amount of the accrued interest, whichever is greater.

- (3) (A) Any receiver who is authorized by a court to return security deposits and to inspect the premises of any tenant shall pay security deposits and accrued interest in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection from the operating income of such receivership to the extent that any such payments exceed the amount in any escrow accounts for such tenants. (B) Any rent receiver shall present any claim by any tenant for return of a security deposit to the court which authorized the rent receiver. Such court shall determine the validity of any such claim and shall direct such rent receiver to pay from the escrow account or from the operating income of such property the amount due such tenant as determined by such court.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (i) of section 47a-21 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 45 1, 2023):
 - (i) On and after July 1, 1993, each landlord other than a landlord of a residential unit in any building owned or controlled by any educational institution and used by such institution for the purpose of housing students of such institution and their families, and each landlord or owner of a mobile manufactured home or of a mobile manufactured home space or lot or park, as such terms are defined in subdivisions (1),

(2) and (3) of section 21-64, shall pay interest on each security deposit received by such landlord at a rate of not less than the average rate paid, as of December 30, 1992, on savings deposits by insured commercial banks as published in the Federal Reserve Board Bulletin rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percentage point, except in no event shall the rate be less than one and one-half per cent. On and after January 1, 1994, the rate for each calendar year shall be not less than the deposit index, determined under this section as it was in effect during such year. On and after January 1, 2012, the rate for each calendar year shall be not less than the deposit index, as defined in section 36a-26, for that year. On the anniversary date of the tenancy and annually thereafter, such interest shall be paid to the tenant or resident or credited toward the next rental payment due from the tenant or resident, as the landlord or owner shall determine. If the tenancy is terminated before the anniversary date of such tenancy, or if the landlord or owner returns all or part of a security deposit prior to termination of the tenancy, the landlord or owner shall pay the accrued interest to the tenant or resident not later than [thirty] fifteen business days after such termination or return. Interest shall not be paid to a tenant for any month in which the tenant has been delinquent for more than ten days in the payment of any monthly rent, unless the landlord imposes a late charge for such delinquency. No landlord shall increase the rent due from a tenant because of the requirement that the landlord pay on interest the security deposit.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2023	47a-21(d)
Sec. 2	October 1, 2023	47a-21(i)

HSG Joint Favorable Subst.

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