

General Assembly

February Session, 2020

Raised Bill No. 338

LCO No. **2212**

Referred to Committee on INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

Introduced by: (INS)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT'S RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 38a-85 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2020*):
- 3 (a) (1) Credit for reinsurance shall be allowed a domestic ceding 4 insurer as either an asset or a deduction from liability on account of 5 reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the requirements of:
- 6 [(1)] (<u>A</u>) Subsection (b) of this section;
- 7 [(2)] (B) Subsection (c) of this section;
- 8 [(3)] (C) Subsections (d) and (h) of this section;
- 9 [(4)] (D) Subsections (e), (h) and (i) of this section;
- 10 [(5)] (E) Subsections (f) and (i) of this section;
- 11 [(6)] (<u>F</u>) Subsection (g) of this section; [or]
- 12 (G) Subsection (h) of this section; or

[(7)] (<u>H</u>) Any regulation adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of section
38a-88, as amended by this act.

15 (2) Credit shall be allowed under subsection (b), (c) or (d) of this 16 section only as respects cessions of those kinds or classes of business 17 which the assuming insurer is licensed or otherwise permitted to write or assume in its state of domicile, or, in the case of a United States branch 18 19 of an alien assuming insurer, in the state through which it is entered and 20 licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance. Credit shall be allowed 21 under subsection (d) or (e) of this section only if the applicable 22 requirements of subsection (i) of this section have been satisfied.

(b) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to anassuming insurer that is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance inthis state.

26 (c) (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an 27 assuming insurer that is accredited by the commissioner as a reinsurer 28 in this state. To be eligible for accreditation, an insurer shall (A) file with 29 the commissioner evidence of its submission to this state's jurisdiction, 30 (B) submit to this state's authority to examine its books and records, (C) 31 be licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state, or 32 in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer is 33 entered through and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at 34 least one state, (D) file annually with the commissioner a copy of its 35 annual statement filed with the insurance department of its state of 36 domicile and a copy of its most recent audited financial statement, and 37 (E) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it has 38 adequate financial capacity to meet its reinsurance obligations and is 39 otherwise qualified to assume reinsurance from a domestic insurer. An 40 assuming insurer shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this 41 subparagraph if it maintains a surplus with regard to policyholders of 42 not less than twenty million dollars at the time of accreditation and its 43 accreditation has not been denied by the commissioner within ninety 44 days after the date the insurer submitted its application.

45 (2) Each accredited reinsurer doing business in this state shall, 46 annually, on or before the first day of March, submit to the 47 commissioner, by electronically filing with the National Association of 48 Insurance Commissioners, a true and complete report, signed and 49 sworn to by its president or a vice president, and secretary or an 50 assistant secretary, of its financial condition on the thirty-first day of 51 December next preceding, prepared in accordance with the National 52 Association of Insurance Commissioners annual statement instructions 53 handbook and following those accounting procedures and practices 54 prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners 55 accounting practices and procedures manual, subject to any deviations 56 in form and detail as may be prescribed by the commissioner. An 57 electronically filed report in accordance with section 38a-53a that is 58 timely submitted to the National Association of Insurance 59 Commissioners shall be deemed to have been submitted to the 60 commissioner in accordance with this subdivision.

61 (d) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an 62 assuming insurer that is domiciled and licensed in, or in the case of a 63 United States branch of an alien assuming insurer is entered through, a 64 state that employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance 65 substantially similar to those applicable in this state and the assuming 66 insurer or United States branch of an alien assuming insurer (1) 67 maintains a surplus with regard to policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars, and (2) submits to the authority of this state 68 69 to examine its books and records. The requirement of subdivision (1) of 70 this subsection shall not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed 71 pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding 72 company system.

(e) (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust that complies with the requirements of subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in section 38a-87, for the payment of the valid claims of its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, and their assigns and successors in interest. The 79 assuming insurer shall (A) report annually to the commissioner 80 information substantially the same as that required to be reported in the 81 National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Annual Statement 82 form by licensed insurers, to enable the commissioner to determine the 83 sufficiency of the trust fund, and (B) submit to, and pay the expenses of, 84 examination of its books and records by the commissioner.

(2) (A) No credit for reinsurance shall be allowed under subdivision(1) of this subsection unless:

(i) The form of the trust and any amendments to the trust have been
approved by (I) the insurance regulatory official of the state of domicile
of the trust, or (II) the insurance regulatory official of another state who
has, pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, accepted principal
regulatory oversight of the trust;

(ii) The form of the trust and any amendments to the trust have been
filed with the insurance regulatory officials of each state in which ceding
insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled; and

95 (iii) The trust instrument (I) provides that a contested claim shall be 96 valid and enforceable upon the entry of a final order of a court of 97 competent jurisdiction in the United States, and (II) vests legal title to its 98 assets in its trustees for the benefit of the assuming insurer's domestic 99 and foreign policyholders and ceding insurers, and their assigns and 100 successors in interest.

(B) (i) The trust shall be subject to examination by the commissioner
and shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer has
outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject
to the trust.

(ii) Not later than March first, annually, the trustee of the trust shall
(I) report to the commissioner, in writing, the balance and a list of the
investments of the trust at the end of the preceding calendar year, and
(II) certify to the commissioner the date of termination of the trust, if so
planned, or that the trust will not expire prior to the following December

110 thirty-first.

(3) (A) (i) In the case of a single assuming insurer, the trust shall consist of a trusteed account with funds in an amount not less than the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by domestic and foreign ceding insurers and, unless otherwise provided in subparagraph (A)(ii) of this subdivision, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than twenty million dollars.

(ii) (I) The insurance regulatory official with principal oversight of thetrust may authorize a reduction in the required trusteed surplus.

119 (II) For a trust over which the commissioner has principal regulatory 120 oversight, at any time after the assuming insurer has permanently 121 discontinued for at least three full years underwriting new business 122 secured by the trust, the commissioner may authorize a reduction in the 123 required trusteed surplus. Such reduction shall be made only after the 124 commissioner finds, based on a risk assessment, that the reduced 125 surplus level is adequate to protect domestic and foreign policyholders 126 and ceding insurers and claimants in light of reasonably foreseeable 127 adverse loss development. The risk assessment may involve an actuarial 128 review, including an independent analysis of reserves and cash flows, 129 and shall consider all material risk factors, including, when applicable, 130 the lines of business involved, the stability of the incurred loss estimates 131 and the effect of the surplus requirements on the assuming insurer's 132 liquidity or solvency. The minimum required surplus shall not be 133 reduced to an amount less than thirty per cent of the assuming insurer's 134 liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by domestic and foreign 135 ceding insurers covered by the trust.

(B) In the case of an assuming insurer that is a group includingincorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters:

(i) (I) For reinsurance ceded under a reinsurance agreement with an
inception date prior to January 1, 1993, and not amended or renewed
after said date, the trust shall consist of a trusteed account with funds in
an amount not less than such underwriters' several insurance and

reinsurance liabilities attributable to business written in the UnitedStates; or

(II) For reinsurance ceded under a reinsurance agreement with an
inception date on or after January 1, 1993, the trust shall consist of a
trusteed account with funds in an amount not less than such
underwriters' several liabilities attributable to business ceded by
domestic and foreign ceding insurers to any underwriter who is a
member of the group; and

(ii) In addition to a trust specified in subparagraph (B)(i)(I) or (B)(i)(II)
of this subdivision, the group shall maintain, for all years of account, a
trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars shall be held
jointly for the benefit of domestic and foreign ceding insurers of any
member of the group; and

(iii) The incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in
any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and
shall be subject to the same level of solvency regulation and solvency
control by the group's domiciliary insurance regulatory official as are
the unincorporated members; and

160 (iv) Not later than ninety days after its financial statements are due to 161 be filed with the group's domiciliary insurance regulatory official, the 162 group shall provide to the commissioner an annual certification by the 163 group's domiciliary insurance regulatory official of the solvency of each 164 underwriter who is a member of the group or, if such certification is not 165 provided by the group's domiciliary insurance regulatory official, 166 financial statements prepared by independent public accountants of each such underwriter. 167

168 (C) In the case of a group of incorporated underwriters under 169 common administration:

(i) The group shall be accredited and have continuously transacted
an insurance business outside the United States for at least three years
immediately prior to applying for accreditation;

(ii) The trust shall consist of a trusteed account with funds in an
amount not less than such underwriters' several liabilities attributable
to business ceded by domestic and foreign ceding insurers pursuant to
a reinsurance contract issued in the name of the group to any
underwriter who is a member of the group;

(iii) In addition to such trust, the group shall maintain (I) an aggregate
policyholders' surplus of not less than ten billion dollars, and (II) a joint
trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars shall be held
jointly for the benefit of domestic and foreign ceding insurers of any
member of the group as additional security for these liabilities; and

(iv) Not later than ninety days after its financial statements are due to
be filed with the group's domiciliary insurance regulatory official, the
group shall make available to the commissioner an annual certification
by the group's domiciliary insurance regulatory official of the solvency
of each underwriter who is a member of the group and financial
statements prepared by independent public accountants of each such
underwriter.

(f) (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is certified in accordance with section 38a-85a by the commissioner as a reinsurer in this state and such certified reinsurer maintains security in a form and amounts set forth in subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of this section or, for a multibeneficiary trust set forth in subdivision (2) of subsection (e) of section 38a-85a, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection (e) of section 38a-85a.

(2) If the security is not sufficient with respect to obligations incurred
by a certified reinsurer, the commissioner shall reduce the credit
allowed by an amount proportionate to the deficiency and may impose
further reductions in the credit allowed if the commissioner finds there
is a material risk that such obligations will not be paid in full when due.

202 (g) (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an
 203 assuming insurer meeting each of the conditions set forth below:

204 (A) The assuming insurer must have its head office or be domiciled 205 in, as applicable, and be licensed in a reciprocal jurisdiction. A "reciprocal jurisdiction" is a jurisdiction that meets one of the following: 206 207 (i) A non-United States jurisdiction that is subject to an in-force covered agreement with the United States, each within its legal 208 authority, or, in the case of a covered agreement between the United 209 210 States and European Union, is a member state of the European Union. For purposes of this subsection, a "covered agreement" is an agreement 211 212 entered into pursuant to Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer 213 Protection Act, 31 USC Sections 313 and 314, that is currently in effect or 214 in a period of provisional application and addresses the elimination, 215 under specified conditions, of collateral requirements as a condition for entering into any reinsurance agreement with a ceding insurer 216 217 domiciled in this state or for allowing the ceding insurer to recognize credit for reinsurance; 218 219 (ii) A United States jurisdiction that meets the requirements for 220 accreditation under the National Association of Insurance 221 Commissioners' financial standards and accreditation program; or 222 (iii) A gualified jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (c) of section 38a-85a, which is not otherwise 223 224 described in subparagraph (A)(i) or (A)(ii) of this subdivision and which 225 meets certain additional requirements, consistent with the terms and 226 conditions of in-force covered agreements, as specified by the 227 commissioner in regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions 228 of chapter 54. 229 (B) The assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, calculated 230 231 according to the methodology of its domiciliary jurisdiction, in an amount to be set forth in regulation. If the assuming insurer is an 232 233 association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated 234 underwriters, it must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, 235 minimum capital and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities, calculated

236 according to the methodology applicable in its domiciliary jurisdiction, 237 and a central fund containing a balance in amounts to be set forth in 238 regulation. 239 (C) The assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio, as applicable, which will be 240 set forth in regulation. If the assuming insurer is an association, 241 242 including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it 243 must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or 244 capital ratio in the reciprocal jurisdiction where the assuming insurer 245 has its head office or is domiciled, as applicable, and is also licensed. 246 (D) The assuming insurer must agree and provide adequate assurance to the commissioner, in a form specified by the commissioner 247 248 pursuant to regulation, as follows: 249 (i) The assuming insurer must provide prompt written notice and 250 explanation to the commissioner if it falls below the minimum 251 requirements set forth in subparagraph (B) or (C) of this subdivision, or 252 if any regulatory action is taken against it for serious noncompliance 253 with applicable law; 254 (ii) The assuming insurer must consent in writing to the jurisdiction

255 of the courts of this state and to the appointment of the commissioner as 256 agent for service of process. The commissioner may require that consent 257 for service of process be provided to the commissioner and included in 258 each reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this provision shall limit, or in 259 any way alter, the capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree 260 to alternative dispute resolution mechanisms, except to the extent such agreements are unenforceable under applicable insolvency or 261 262 delinguency laws; 263 (iii) The assuming insurer must consent in writing to pay all final

264 judgments, wherever enforcement is sought, obtained by a ceding 265 insurer or its legal successor, that have been declared enforceable in the

266 jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained;

267 (iv) Each reinsurance agreement must include a provision requiring 268 the assuming insurer to provide security in an amount equal to one 269 hundred per cent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to 270 reinsurance ceded pursuant to that agreement if the assuming insurer 271 resists enforcement of a final judgment that is enforceable under the law 272 of the jurisdiction in which it was obtained or a properly enforceable 273 arbitration award, whether obtained by the ceding insurer or by its legal 274 successor on behalf of its resolution estate; and

275 (v) The assuming insurer must confirm that it is not presently participating in any solvent scheme of arrangement that involves this 276 277 state's ceding insurers, and agree to notify the ceding insurer and the 278 commissioner and to provide security in an amount equal to one 279 hundred per cent of the assuming insurer's liabilities to the ceding 280 insurer, should the assuming insurer enter into such a solvent scheme of arrangement. Such security shall be in a form consistent with the 281 282 provisions of subsection (f) of this section, section 38a-85a and section 283 38a-86 and as specified in regulations adopted by the commissioner in 284 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

(E) The assuming insurer or its legal successor must provide, if
 requested by the commissioner, on behalf of itself and any legal
 predecessors, certain documentation to the commissioner, as specified
 by the commissioner in regulation.

(F) The assuming insurer must maintain a practice of prompt
 payment of claims under reinsurance agreements, pursuant to criteria
 set forth in regulation.

292 (G) The assuming insurer's supervisory authority must confirm to the

293 commissioner on an annual basis, as of the preceding December thirty-

- 294 <u>first or at the annual date otherwise statutorily reported to the reciprocal</u>
- 295 jurisdiction, that the assuming insurer complies with the requirements
- 296 set forth in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of this subdivision.

(H) Nothing in this provision precludes an assuming insurer from
 providing the commissioner with information on a voluntary basis.

299 (2) The commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of
 300 reciprocal jurisdictions.

301 (A) A list of reciprocal jurisdictions is published through the National 302 Association of Insurance Commissioners' committee process. The commissioner's list shall include any reciprocal jurisdiction as defined 303 under subparagraphs (A)(i) and (A)(ii) of subdivision (1) of this 304 305 subsection, and shall consider any other reciprocal jurisdiction included on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' list. The 306 307 commissioner may approve a jurisdiction that does not appear on the 308 National Association of Insurance Commissioners' list of reciprocal 309 jurisdictions in accordance with criteria to be developed under 310 regulations adopted by the commissioner in accordance with the 311 provisions of chapter 54.

312 (B) The commissioner may remove a jurisdiction from the list of 313 reciprocal jurisdictions upon a determination that the jurisdiction no 314 longer meets the requirements of a reciprocal jurisdiction, in accordance with a process set forth in regulations adopted by the commissioner 315 pursuant to chapter 54, except that the commissioner shall not remove 316 317 from the list a reciprocal jurisdiction as defined under subparagraphs (A)(i) and (A)(ii) of subdivision (1) of this subsection. Upon removal of 318 319 a reciprocal jurisdiction from this list credit for reinsurance ceded to an 320 assuming insurer which has its home office or is domiciled in that 321 jurisdiction shall be allowed, if otherwise allowed pursuant to sections 322 38a-85 to 38a-88, inclusive, as amended by this act.

323 (3) The commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of assuming insurers that have satisfied the conditions set forth in this 324 325 subsection and to which cessions shall be granted credit in accordance 326 with this subsection. The commissioner may add an assuming insurer 327 to such list if a National Association of Insurance Commissioners 328 accredited jurisdiction has added such assuming insurer to a list of such 329 assuming insurers or if, upon initial eligibility, the assuming insurer 330 submits the information to the commissioner as required under 331 subparagraph (D) of subdivision (1) of this subsection and complies

332 with any additional requirements that the commissioner may impose by 333 regulation, except to the extent that they conflict with an applicable 334 covered agreement. 335 (4) If the commissioner determines that an assuming insurer no longer meets one or more of the requirements under this subsection, the 336 commissioner may revoke or suspend the eligibility of the assuming 337 338 insurer for recognition under this subsection in accordance with 339 procedures set forth in regulation. 340 (A) While an assuming insurer's eligibility is suspended, no 341 reinsurance agreement issued, amended or renewed after the effective 342 date of the suspension qualifies for credit except to the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the contract are secured in 343 344 accordance with section 38a-86.

(B) If an assuming insurer's eligibility is revoked, no credit for
reinsurance may be granted after the effective date of the revocation
with respect to any reinsurance agreements entered into by the
assuming insurer, including reinsurance agreements entered into prior
to the date of revocation, except to the extent that the assuming insurer's
obligations under the contract are secured in a form acceptable to the
commissioner and consistent with the provisions of section 38a-86.

(5) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation, liquidation or
 conservation, as applicable, the ceding insurer, or its representative,
 may seek and, if determined appropriate by the court in which the
 proceedings are pending, may obtain an order requiring that the
 assuming insurer post security for all outstanding ceded liabilities.

(6) Nothing in this subsection shall limit or in any way alter the
 capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree on requirements
 for security or other terms in that reinsurance agreement, except as
 expressly prohibited by sections 38a-85 to 38a-88, inclusive, as amended
 by this act, or other applicable law or regulation.

362 (7) Credit may be taken under this subsection only for reinsurance

363 agreements entered into, amended or renewed on or after the effective 364 date of the statute adding this subsection, and only with respect to losses 365 incurred and reserves reported on or after the later of the date on which 366 the assuming insurer has met all eligibility requirements pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, and the effective date of the new 367 368 reinsurance agreement, amendment or renewal. 369 (A) This paragraph does not alter or impair a ceding insurer's right to 370 take credit for reinsurance, to the extent that credit is not available under 371 this subsection, as long as the reinsurance qualifies for credit under any 372 other applicable provision of sections 38a-85 to 38a-88, inclusive, as 373 amended by this act. 374 (B) Nothing in this subsection shall authorize an assuming insurer to 375 withdraw or reduce the security provided under any reinsurance 376 agreement except as permitted by the terms of the agreement. 377 (C) Nothing in this subsection shall limit, or in any way alter, the 378 capacity of parties to any reinsurance agreement to renegotiate the

379 <u>agreement.</u>

[(g)] (h) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), [or] (f) <u>or (g)</u> of this section but only with respect to the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions where such reinsurance is required by applicable law or regulation of that jurisdiction.

385 [(h)] (i) If the assuming insurer is not licensed, accredited or certified 386 to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by 387 subsection (d) or (e) of this section shall not be allowed unless the 388 assuming insurer agrees (1) that in the event of the failure of the 389 assuming insurer to perform its obligations under the terms of the 390 reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request of the 391 ceding insurer, shall (A) submit to the jurisdiction of any court of 392 competent jurisdiction in any state of the United States, (B) comply with 393 all requirements necessary to give such court jurisdiction, and (C) abide 394 by the final decision of such court or any appellate court in the event of an appeal, and (2) to designate the commissioner or a designated attorney as its true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding company. This provision is not intended to conflict with or override the obligation of the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if such an obligation is created in the agreement.

[(i)] (j) If the assuming insurer does not meet the requirements of subsection (b), (c), [or] (d) <u>or (g)</u> of this section, the credit permitted by subsection (e) or (f) of this section shall not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees to the following conditions in the trust instrument:

407 (1) Notwithstanding any provision of the trust instrument, if the trust 408 contains an amount less than the amount required under subdivision (3) 409 of subsection (e) of this section or if the grantor of the trust has been 410 declared insolvent or placed in receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation 411 or a similar proceeding under the laws of its state or country of domicile, 412 the trustee shall comply with an order of the insurance regulatory 413 official with principal regulatory oversight of the trust or with an order 414 of a court of competent jurisdiction that directs the trustee to transfer all 415 trust assets to the insurance regulatory official with principal regulatory 416 oversight of the trust;

(2) The trust assets shall be distributed by and claims filed with and
valued by the insurance regulatory official with principal regulatory
oversight of the trust in accordance with the laws of the trust's state of
domicile that are applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance
companies;

(3) The trustee shall distribute any trust assets or part thereof that are
returned by the insurance regulatory official with principal regulatory
oversight of the trust, based on such regulatory official's determination
that such assets or part thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of
domestic and foreign ceding insurers of the grantor of the trust, in

427 accordance with the trust instrument; and

(4) The grantor of the trust waives any right otherwise available to
the grantor under law that is inconsistent with subdivisions (1) to (3),
inclusive, of this subsection.

431 $[(j)](\underline{k})(1)(A)$ The commissioner may suspend or revoke a reinsurer's 432 accreditation or certification if, after notice and hearing, the 433 commissioner finds such reinsurer no longer meets the requirements for 434 accreditation or certification.

(B) If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a
qualified jurisdiction, as set forth in section 38a-85a, the commissioner
may suspend the reinsurer's certification indefinitely, in lieu of
revocation.

439 (2) The commissioner may suspend or revoke a reinsurer's440 accreditation or certification without notice and a hearing if:

441 (A) The reinsurer waives its right to a hearing;

(B) The commissioner's action is based on (i) regulatory action taken
by a regulatory official of the reinsurer's state of domicile, or (ii) the
voluntary surrender or termination of the reinsurer's eligibility to
transact the business of insurance or reinsurance in its state of domicile
or its primary certifying jurisdiction as described in subdivision (2) of
subsection (a) of section 38a-85a; or

(C) The commissioner finds that immediate action is required toprotect the public and a court of competent jurisdiction has not stayedthe commissioner's action.

(3) (A) While a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is suspended,
no credit shall be allowed under this section for a reinsurance contract
issued or renewed by the reinsurer on or after the effective date of such
suspension, except to the extent that such reinsurer's obligations under
such contract are secured in accordance with the provisions of section
38a-86.

(B) If a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is revoked, no credit shall be allowed under this section on and after the effective date of such revocation, except to the extent that such reinsurer's obligations under such contract are secured in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of section 38a-85a or section 38a-86.

(4) A reinsurer whose certification has been suspended, revoked or
voluntarily surrendered or is inactive shall be treated as a certified
reinsurer required to secure one hundred per cent of its obligations,
except that this requirement shall not apply to a reinsurer whose
certification has been suspended or is inactive if the commissioner
continues to assign a high rating to such reinsurer pursuant to section
38a-85a.

(5) Any person aggrieved by the action of the commissioner in
revoking or suspending an accreditation or a certification may appeal
therefrom in accordance with the provisions of section 38a-19.

472 [(k)] (1) A domestic ceding insurer shall manage its reinsurance 473 recoverables in proportion to its own book of business. Such insurer 474 shall notify the commissioner not later than thirty days after (A) 475 reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer or group of 476 affiliated assuming insurers exceed fifty per cent of the domestic ceding 477 insurer's last reported surplus to policyholders, or (B) the domestic 478 ceding insurer determines that reinsurance recoverables from any single 479 assuming insurer or group of affiliated assuming insurers are likely to 480 exceed such limit. Any such notice shall demonstrate that the exposure 481 is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer.

(2) A ceding insurer shall manage its reinsurance program to ensure
diversification. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner
not later than thirty days after (A) it has ceded to any single assuming
insurer or group of affiliated assuming insurers more than twenty per
cent of the domestic ceding insurer's gross written premiums in the
prior calendar year, or (B) the domestic ceding insurer or group of

affiliated assuming insurers is likely to exceed such limit. Any suchnotice shall demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by thedomestic ceding insurer.

Sec. 2. Subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of section 38a-25 of the general
statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
(*Effective October 1, 2020*):

(9) Insurance companies designating the Insurance Commissioner as
agent for receipt of service of process pursuant to subsection [(h)] (i) of
section 38a-85, as amended by this act.

Sec. 3. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section
38a-92m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is
substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2020*):

501 (C) An insurer not licensed in this state but that is licensed in, or in 502 the case of a United States branch of an alien insurer, is entered through, 503 a state that employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance 504 applicable to financial guaranty insurance corporations that are 505 substantially similar to those in this state and the assuming insurer or 506 United States branch of the alien insurer: (i) Otherwise complies with 507 the provisions of subparagraphs (B)(i) and (B)(ii) of this subdivision; (ii) 508 submits to the authority of this state to examine its books and records; 509 and (iii) meets the requirements of subsection [(h)] (i) of section 38a-85, 510 as amended by this act;

511 Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 38a-88 of the general statutes is 512 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 513 *1*, 2020):

(b) (1) The commissioner may adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 to establish, in addition to the requirements of sections 38a-85, as amended by this act, and 38a-86, requirements relating to or setting forth (A) the valuation of assets or reserve credits, (B) the circumstances under which credit will be reduced or eliminated, and (C) the amounts and forms of security supporting reinsurance

agreements relating to (i) life insurance policies with guaranteed 520 521 nonlevel gross premiums or guaranteed nonlevel benefits, (ii) universal 522 life insurance policies with provisions that permit a policyholder to keep 523 such policy in force over a secondary guarantee period, (iii) variable 524 annuities with guaranteed death or living benefits, (iv) long-term care 525 insurance policies, or (v) any other life insurance, health insurance or 526 annuity products for which the National Association of Insurance 527 Commissioners adopts model regulatory credit for reinsurance 528 requirements.

(2) Any regulation adopted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection that relates to policies described in subparagraph (C)(i) or (C)(ii) of subdivision (1) of this subsection may apply to reinsurance agreements that include such policies issued on or after January 1, 2015, and such policies issued prior to January 1, 2015, if risk pertaining to such policies is ceded, in whole or in part, in connection with such agreement on or after January 1, 2015.

(3) Any regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this
subsection [: (A) May] <u>may</u> require the ceding insurer, in calculating the
amounts or forms of security supporting reinsurance agreements, to use
the Valuation Manual, as defined in section 38a-78, in effect on the date
such calculation is made, to the extent applicable. [; and]

541 [(B)] (4) [Shall] Any regulation adopted pursuant to this subsection 542 shall not apply to cessions to an assuming insurer [(i)] that (A) meets the conditions set forth in subsection (g) of section 38a-85, as amended by 543 544 this act, (B) is certified as a reinsurer in accordance with the provisions 545 of section 38a-85a, or [(ii) (I) that] (C) maintains at least two hundred 546 fifty million dollars in capital and surplus, determined in accordance 547 with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Accounting 548 Practices and Procedures Manual, including all amendments adopted 549 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and excluding 550 the impact of any permitted or prescribed practices, and [(II)] (i) is 551 licensed in at least twenty-six states, or (ii) is licensed in at least ten states 552 and licensed or accredited in a total of at least thirty-five states.

553 (5) The authority to adopt regulations pursuant to this subsection

554 <u>does not limit the commissioner's general authority to adopt regulations</u>

555 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2020	38a-85
Sec. 2	October 1, 2020	38a-25(a)(9)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2020	38a-92m(a)(2)(C)
Sec. 4	October 1, 2020	38a-88(b)

Statement of Purpose:

To adopt the Insurance Department's recommendations regarding credit for reinsurance.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]