

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 266

February Session, 2022

LCO No. 2027



Referred to Committee on AGING

Introduced by: (AGE)

AN ACT CONCERNING A REGISTRY OF PERSONS CONVICTED OF FINANCIAL CRIMES AGAINST ELDERLY PERSONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective from passage) For purposes of this section 2 and sections 2 to 4, inclusive, of this act, (1) "convicted" and "found not 3 guilty by reason of mental disease or defect" have the same meanings as 4 provided in section 54-280 of the general statutes, (2) "elderly person" 5 means a person sixty years of age or older, (3) "financial crime against 6 an elderly person" means a crime involving an elderly person as a victim prosecuted under subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 53a-123 or 8 section 53a-125c, 53a-125d, 53a-125e, 53a-129b or 53a-129c of the general 9 statutes, and (4) "registrant" means a person required to register 10 pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of this act.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall, not later than January 1, 2023, establish and maintain a registry of all persons required to register under sections 3 and 4 of this act. The department shall, in cooperation with the Office of the Chief Court Administrator, the

Department of Correction and the Psychiatric Security Review Board, develop appropriate forms for use by persons to report registration information, including changes of address. Upon receipt of registration information, the department shall enter the information into the registry and notify the local police department or state police troop having jurisdiction where the registrant resides or plans to reside.

- (b) Upon receiving notification pursuant to section 3 of this act that a registrant has changed his or her address within the state, the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall enter the information into the registry and notify the local police departments or state police troops having jurisdiction where the registrant previously resided and the jurisdiction to which the registrant has relocated. The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall ensure that the name and residential address of each registrant is available through the Connecticut On-Line Law Enforcement Communications Teleprocessing system. If a registrant reports a residence in another state, the department may notify the state police agency of that state or such other agency in that state that maintains registry information, if known.
- (c) The Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection may suspend the registration of any person registered under sections 3 and 4 of this act while such person is incarcerated, under civil commitment or residing outside this state. During the period that such registration is under suspension, the department may withdraw the registration information. Upon the release of the registrant from incarceration or civil commitment or resumption of residency in this state by the registrant, the department shall reinstate the registration and redistribute the registration information in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. Suspension of registration shall not affect the date of expiration of the registration obligation of the registrant under section 3 of this act.
- (d) Whenever the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection receives notice from a superior court pursuant to section 52-

- 11 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or a Probate Court pursuant to section 45a-99 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, that such court has ordered the change of name of a person, and the department determines that such person is listed in the registry, the department shall revise such person's registration information accordingly.
 - (e) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall develop a protocol for the notification of other state agencies, the Judicial Department and the applicable local police department or state police troop whenever a person listed in the registry changes such person's name and notifies the commissioner of the new name pursuant to section 3 of this act or whenever the commissioner determines pursuant to subsection (d) of this section that a person listed in the registry has changed such person's name.
 - (f) The information in the registry shall be a public record or file for the purposes of section 1-200 of the general statutes.
 - (g) Not later than two business days after entering the information of a new offender in the registry, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall send the registry information to the Commissioner of Public Health for inclusion in a searchable data base established pursuant to section 19a-491c of the general statutes, as amended by this act, for persons seeking to hire individuals for positions assisting elderly persons.
 - Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) (1) Any person who has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a financial crime against an elderly person and is released into the community on or after January 1, 2023, shall, within fourteen calendar days following such release or, if such person is in the custody of the Commissioner of Correction, at such time prior to release as the Commissioner of Correction shall direct, whether or not such person's place of residence is in this state, register in accordance with section 4 of this section. A registrant shall maintain such registration for five years

81 from the initial date of registration.

- (2) Prior to accepting a plea of guilty or nolo contendere from a person with respect to a financial crime against an elderly person, a court shall (A) inform the person that the entry of a finding of guilty after acceptance of the plea will subject the person to the registration requirements of this section, and (B) determine that the person fully understands the consequences of the plea.
- (3) If any person who is subject to registration under this section changes such person's name, such person shall notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection in writing of the new name. If any person who is subject to registration under this section changes such person's address, such person shall notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection in writing of the new address. During such period of registration, each registrant shall complete and return any forms mailed to such registrant to verify such registrant's residential address and shall submit to the retaking of a photographic image upon request of the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection.
- (b) Any person required to register under this section shall, not later than twenty calendar days after each anniversary date of such initial registration, until the date such registration requirement expires under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, personally appear at the local police department or state police troop having jurisdiction where the registrant resides to verify and update, as appropriate, the contents of his or her registration. The local police department or state police troop, as the case may be, may defer such requirement to personally appear to a later date for good cause shown. Not later than thirty calendar days prior to such anniversary date, the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall mail written notice of the personal appearance requirement of this subsection to the registrant and the local police department or state police troop having jurisdiction where the registrant resides. Not later than thirty calendar days after the anniversary date of each registrant, the local police department or state

- 114 police troop having jurisdiction where the registrant resides shall notify
- the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, on such
- 116 form as the commissioner may prescribe, (1) whether the registrant
- complied with the personal appearance requirement of this subsection
- or whether such personal appearance requirement was deferred to a
- later date for good cause shown, and (2) if the personal appearance
- 120 requirement was deferred to a later date for good cause shown, the later
- date established for such personal appearance and a description of the
- 122 good cause shown.
- (c) Any person subject to registration under this section who violates
- any provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, except a violation
- 125 consisting of failure to notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services
- and Public Protection of a change of name or address, shall be guilty of
- a class D felony. Any person who is subject to registration under this
- section who fails to notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and
- 129 Public Protection of a change of name or address not later than five
- business days after such change of name or address shall be guilty of a
- 131 class D felony.
- 132 Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The registration information
- for each registrant required to register under section 3 of this act shall
- 134 include:
- 135 (1) The registrant's name, including any other name by which the
- offender has been legally known, and any aliases used by the registrant;
- 137 (2) Identifying information, including, but not limited to, a physical
- description of the registrant;
- 139 (3) The current residential address and electronic mail address of the
- 140 registrant;
- 141 (4) The date of conviction of the offense;
- 142 (5) A description of the offense; and

- 143 (6) If the registrant was sentenced to a term of incarceration for such 144 offense, a portion of which was not suspended, the date the registrant 145 was released from such incarceration.
- 146 (b) The registrant shall sign and date the registration.
- 147 (c) At the time that the registrant appears for the purpose of 148 registering, the Department of Emergency Services and Public 149 Protection shall photograph the registrant and arrange for the 150 fingerprinting of the registrant and include such photograph and a 151 complete set of fingerprints in the registry.
- 152 (d) The Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection 153 may require the registrant to provide documentation to verify the 154 contents of the registration.
- 155 Sec. 5. Section 19a-491c of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes 156 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from* 157 passage):
- 158 (a) As used in this section:
- 159 (1) "Criminal history and patient abuse background search" or 160 "background search" means (A) a review of the registry of nurse's aides 161 maintained by the Department of Public Health pursuant to section 20-162 102bb, (B) checks of state and national criminal history records 163 conducted in accordance with section 29-17a, (C) on and after January 164 1, 2023, a review of the registry established under section 2 of this act, 165 and [(C)] (D) a review of any other registry specified by the Department 166 of Public Health which the department deems necessary for the 167 administration of a background search program.
 - (2) "Direct access" means physical access to a patient or resident of a long-term care facility that affords an individual with the opportunity to commit abuse or neglect against or misappropriate the property of a patient or resident.

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- (3) "Disqualifying offense" means a conviction of (A) any crime described in 42 USC 1320a-7(a)(1), (2), (3) or (4), (B) a substantiated finding of neglect, abuse or misappropriation of property by a state or federal agency pursuant to an investigation conducted in accordance with 42 USC 1395i-3(g)(1)(C) or 42 USC 1396r(g)(1)(C), or (C) a conviction of a financial crime against an elderly person as defined in section 1 of this act or any crime described in section 53a-59a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-61a, 53a-321, 53a-322 or 53a-323.
- (4) "Long-term care facility" means any facility, agency or provider that is a nursing home, as defined in section 19a-521, a residential care home, as defined in section 19a-521, a home health care agency, hospice agency or home health aide agency, as defined in section 19a-490, an assisted living services agency, as defined in section 19a-490, an intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities, as defined in 42 USC 1396d(d), except any such facility operated by a Department of Developmental Services' program subject to background checks pursuant to section 17a-227a, a chronic disease hospital, as defined in section 19a-550, or an agency providing hospice care which is licensed to provide such care by the Department of Public Health or certified to provide such care pursuant to 42 USC 1395x.
- (b) The Department of Public Health shall create and implement a criminal history and patient abuse background search program, within available appropriations, in order to facilitate the performance, processing and analysis of the criminal history and patient abuse background search of individuals who have direct access.
- (c) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, each long-term care facility, prior to extending an offer of employment to, or entering into a contract for, the provision of long-term care services with any individual who will have direct access, or prior to allowing any individual to begin volunteering at such long-term care facility when the long-term care facility reasonably expects such volunteer will regularly perform duties that are substantially similar to those of an employee with direct access, shall require that such individual submit

to a background search. The Department of Public Health shall prescribe the manner by which (A) long-term care facilities perform the review of (i) the registry of nurse's aides maintained by the department pursuant to section 20-102bb, and (ii) any other registry specified by the department, including requiring long-term care facilities to report the results of such review to the department, and (B) individuals submit to state and national criminal history records checks, including requiring the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to report the results of such checks to the Department of Public Health.

- (2) No long-term care facility shall be required to comply with the provisions of this subsection if (A) the individual provides evidence to the long-term care facility that such individual submitted to a background search conducted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection not more than three years immediately preceding the date such individual applies for employment, seeks to enter into a contract or begins volunteering with the long-term care facility and that the prior background search confirmed that the individual did not have a disqualifying offense, or (B) the commissioner determines the need to temporarily suspend the requirements of this subsection in the event of an emergency or significant disruption. The commissioner shall inform the long-term care facility when the commissioner has suspended the requirements of this subsection pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this subdivision and when such suspension is rescinded.
- (d) (1) The Department of Public Health shall review all reports provided to the department pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. If any such report contains evidence indicating that an individual has a disqualifying offense, the department shall provide notice to the individual and the long-term care facility indicating the disqualifying offense and providing the individual with the opportunity to file a request for a waiver pursuant to subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.
- 236 (2) An individual may file a written request for a waiver with the 237 department not later than thirty days after the date the department

mails notice to the individual pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection. The department shall mail a written determination indicating whether the department shall grant a waiver pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection not later than fifteen business days after the department receives the written request from the individual, except that said time period shall not apply to any request for a waiver in which an individual challenges the accuracy of the information obtained from the background search.

- (3) The department may grant a waiver from the provisions of subsection (e) of this section to an individual who identifies mitigating circumstances surrounding the disqualifying offense, including (A) inaccuracy in the information obtained from the background search, (B) lack of a relationship between the disqualifying offense and the position for which the individual has applied, (C) evidence that the individual has pursued or achieved rehabilitation with regard to the disqualifying offense, or (D) that substantial time has elapsed since committing the disqualifying offense. The department and its employees shall be immune from liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed, for good faith conduct in granting waivers pursuant to this subdivision.
- (4) After completing a review pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, the department shall notify in writing the long-term care facility to which the individual has applied for employment or with which the individual seeks to enter into a contract or volunteer (A) of any disqualifying offense and any information the individual provided to the department regarding mitigating circumstances surrounding such offense, or of the lack of a disqualifying offense, and (B) whether the department granted a waiver pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 46a-80, no long-term care facility shall employ an individual required to submit to a background search, contract with any such individual to provide long-term care services or allow such individual to volunteer if the long-term

care facility receives notice from the department that the individual has a disqualifying offense in the individual's background search and the department has not granted a waiver pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of this section. A long-term care facility may, but is not obligated to, employ, enter into a contract with or allow to volunteer an individual who was granted a waiver pursuant to said subdivision (3).

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- (f) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a long-term care facility shall not employ, enter into a contract with or allow to volunteer any individual required to submit to a background search until the long-term care facility receives notice from the Department of Public Health pursuant to subdivision (4) of subsection (d) of this section.
- (2) A long-term care facility may employ, enter into a contract with or allow to volunteer an individual required to submit to a background search on a conditional basis before the long-term care facility receives notice from the department that such individual does not have a disqualifying offense, provided: (A) The employment or contractual or volunteer period on a conditional basis shall last not more than sixty days, except the sixty-day time period may be extended by the department to allow for the filing and consideration of written request for a waiver of a disqualifying offense filed by an individual pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, (B) the long-term care facility has begun the review required under subsection (c) of this section and the individual has submitted to checks pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, (C) the individual is subject to direct, on-site supervision during the course of such conditional employment or contractual or volunteer period, and (D) the individual, in a signed statement (i) affirms that the individual has not committed a disqualifying offense, and (ii) acknowledges that a disqualifying offense reported in the background search required by subsection (c) of this section shall constitute good cause for termination and a long-term care facility may terminate the individual if a disqualifying offense is reported in said background search.

- 304 (g) [Records] Except as provided in subsection (i) of this section, 305 records and information with respect to any individual that are obtained 306 by the department pursuant to this section shall not be subject to 307 disclosure under section 1-210.
- (h) On and after January 1, 2023, the Department of Public Health
 shall include in the background search program the names, last-known
 addresses and information on the offenses of persons who have
 registered with the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public
 Protection pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of this act.
 - (i) On and after February 1, 2023, the Department of Public Health shall include on the department's Internet web site a link to the background search program that allows the public to search the program by name of a person. The listing will show such person's last-known address, convictions or other disciplinary actions taken and a general description of offenses committed by the person.
 - [(h)] (j) The department shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this section. The department may implement policies and procedures consistent with the provisions of this section while in the process of adopting such policies and procedures as regulation, provided notice of intention to adopt regulations is [printed in the Connecticut Law Journal] posted on the eRegulations System not later than twenty days after the date of implementation. Such policies and procedures shall be valid until the time final regulations are effective.
- Sec. 6. Section 45a-99 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The courts of probate shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the Superior Court, as provided in section 52-11, as amended by this act, to grant a change of name, except a change of name granted in accordance with subsection (a) of section 46b-63, except that no court of probate may issue an order or otherwise allow for the change of name of a person

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who is required to register with the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection as a sexual offender, [or] as an offender convicted of committing a crime with a deadly weapon or as an offender convicted of committing a financial crime against an elderly person as defined in section 1 of this act unless such person complies with the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section.

- (b) (1) Any person who is required to register with the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection as a sexual offender, [or] as an offender convicted of committing a crime with a deadly weapon or as an offender convicted of committing a financial crime against an elderly person who files an application with the Court of Probate for a change of name shall (A) prior to filing such application, notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, on such form as the commissioner may prescribe, that the person intends to file an application for a change of name, indicating the change of name sought, and (B) include with such application a sworn statement that such change of name is not being sought for the purpose of avoiding the legal consequences of a criminal conviction, including, but not limited to, a criminal conviction that requires such person to register as a sexual offender, [or] as an offender convicted of committing a crime with a deadly weapon or as an offender convicted of committing a financial crime against an elderly person.
- (2) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall have standing to challenge such person's application for a change of name in the court of probate where such change of name is sought. The commissioner shall challenge the change of name through the Attorney General. The court of probate may deny such person's application for a change of name if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the person is applying for such change of name for the purpose of avoiding the legal consequences of a criminal conviction.
- (c) Whenever the court, pursuant to this section, orders a change of name of a person, the court shall notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection of the issuance of such order if the court

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- finds that such person is listed in the registry established and maintained pursuant to section 54-257, [or] in the registry established and maintained pursuant to section 54-280 or, on and after January 1, 2023, in the registry established and maintained pursuant to section 2 of this act.
- Sec. 7. Section 52-11 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The superior court in each judicial district shall have jurisdiction of complaints praying for a change of name, brought by any person residing in the judicial district, and may change the name of the complainant, who shall thereafter be known by the name prescribed by said court in its decree, except that no superior court may issue an order or otherwise allow for the change of name of a person who is required to register with the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection as a sexual offender, [or] as an offender convicted of committing a crime with a deadly weapon or as an offender convicted of committing a financial crime against an elderly person as defined in section 1 of this act unless such person complies with the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section.
 - (b) (1) Any person who is required to register with the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection as a sexual offender, [or] as an offender convicted of committing a crime with a deadly weapon or as an offender convicted of committing a financial crime against an elderly person who files an application with the [Superior Court] superior court for a change of name shall (A) prior to filing such application, notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, on such form as the commissioner may prescribe, that the person intends to file an application for a change of name, indicating the change of name sought, and (B) include with such application a sworn statement that such change of name is not being sought for the purpose of avoiding the legal consequences of a criminal conviction, including, but not limited to, a criminal conviction that requires such person to register as a sexual offender, [or] as an offender convicted of committing

a crime with a deadly weapon <u>or as an offender convicted of committing</u> <u>a financial crime against an elderly person</u>.

- (2) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall have standing to challenge such person's application for a change of name in the superior court where such change of name is sought. The commissioner shall challenge the change of name through the Attorney General. The superior court may deny such person's application for a change of name if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the person is applying for such change of name for the purpose of avoiding the legal consequences of a criminal conviction.
- (c) Whenever the court, pursuant to this section, orders a change of name of a person, the clerk of the court shall notify the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection of the issuance of such order if the clerk finds that such person is listed in the registry established and maintained pursuant to section 54-257, [or] in the registry established and maintained pursuant to section 54-280 or, on and after January 1, 2023, in the registry established and maintained pursuant to section 2 of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	from passage	New section
Sec. 2	from passage	New section
Sec. 3	from passage	New section
Sec. 4	from passage	New section
Sec. 5	from passage	19a-491c
Sec. 6	from passage	45a-99
Sec. 7	from passage	52-11

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