

## General Assembly

## Raised Bill No. 105

February Session, 2022

LCO No. 1200



Referred to Committee on HIGHER EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT ADVANCEMENT

Introduced by: (HED)

## AN ACT CONCERNING RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 4-5 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes,
- as amended by section 6 of public act 17-237, section 279 of public act
- 3 17-2 of the June special session, section 20 of public act 18-182, section
- 4 283 of public act 19-117 and section 254 of public act 21-2 of the June
- 5 special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 6 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):
- As used in sections 4-6, 4-7 and 4-8, the term "department head"
- 8 means Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, Commissioner
- 9 of Administrative Services, Commissioner of Revenue Services,
- 10 Banking Commissioner, Commissioner of Children and Families,
- 11 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, Commissioner of Correction,
- 12 Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, State Board
- 13 of Education, Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public
- 14 Protection, Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection,

- 15 Commissioner of Agriculture, Commissioner of Public Health,
- 16 Insurance Commissioner, Labor Commissioner, Commissioner of
- 17 Mental Health and Addiction Services, Commissioner of Social Services,
- 18 Commissioner of Developmental Services, Commissioner of Motor
- 19 Vehicles, Commissioner of Transportation, Commissioner of Veterans
- 20 Affairs, Commissioner of Housing, Commissioner of Rehabilitation
- 21 Services, the Commissioner of Early Childhood, the executive director
- 22 of the Office of Military Affairs, the executive director of the Technical
- 23 Education and Career System, [and] the Chief Workforce Officer and the
- 24 <u>executive director of the Office of Higher Education</u>. As used in sections
- 25 4-6 and 4-7, "department head" also means the Commissioner of
- 26 Education.
- 27 Sec. 2. Section 10a-1d of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 29 (a) There is established an Office of Higher Education. The Office of
- 30 Higher Education shall administer the programs set forth in sections 10-
- 31 155d, 10a-10a, 10a-11, 10a-11a, 10a-17d, 10a-19g, 10a-34 to 10a-34f,
- 32 inclusive, as amended by this act, 10a-35, 10a-166, 10a-168a, 10a-169a,
- 33 10a-169b and 10a-173. The Office of Higher Education shall be
- 34 responsible for approving any action taken pursuant to sections 10a-34
- 35 to 10a-34f, inclusive, as amended by this act, and for providing
- 36 <u>information to prospective students regarding postsecondary education</u>
- 37 <u>opportunities in the state</u>.
- 38 (b) The Governor shall appoint an executive director of the Office of
- 39 Higher Education in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-5 to 4-
- 40 8, inclusive, as amended by this act. The executive director shall have
- 41 the responsibility for implementing the policies and directives of the
- 42 office and shall have additional responsibilities as the board may
- 43 prescribe.
- Sec. 3. Section 10a-34 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes
- 45 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 46 *October* 1, 2022):

(a) For the purposes of this section, (1) "program of higher learning" means any course of instruction for which it is stated or implied that college or university-level credit may be given or may be received by transfer, including any course offered by dual enrollment; (2) "degree" means any letters or words, diploma, certificate or other symbol or document which signifies satisfactory completion of the requirements of a program of higher learning; (3) "institution of higher education" means any person, school, board, association, limited liability company or corporation which is [licensed or accredited] authorized to offer one or more programs of higher learning leading to one or more degrees; (4) ["license" means the authorization by the Office of Higher Education to operate a program of higher learning or institution of higher education for a specified initial period] "authorized institution of higher education" means any proposed new institution of higher education, any institution of higher education authorized by another state and any institution of higher education located in this state, but does not mean any public institution of higher education governed by the Board of Regents for Higher Education and the Board of Trustees of The University of Connecticut or any institution of higher education authorized to award degrees prior to July 1, 1965; (5) ["accreditation"] "authorization" means the [authorization by said office to] approval by the Office of Higher Education to operate or continue operating a program of higher learning or institution of higher education for subsequent periods, and in such periods to confer specified degrees; (6) "program modification" means (A) a change in a program of higher learning that does not clearly qualify as a new program of higher learning or a nonsubstantive change, including, but not limited to, a new program of higher learning consisting primarily of course work for a previously approved program of higher learning, (B) an approved program of higher learning to be offered at an off-campus location, (C) a change in the title of a degree, or (D) a change in the title of a program of higher learning; and (7) "nonsubstantive change" means (A) a new undergraduate certificate program, within an existing program of higher learning, of not more than thirty semester credit hours that falls under an approved program of higher learning, (B) a new baccalaureate

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minor of not more than eighteen semester credit hours, (C) a new undergraduate option or certificate program of not more than fifteen semester credit hours, or (D) a new graduate option or certificate program of not more than twelve semester credit hours.

(b) The Office of Higher Education shall establish regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, concerning the requirements for [licensure and accreditation, such regulations to concern] authorization, administration, finance, faculty, curricula, library, student admission and graduation, plant and equipment, records, catalogs, program announcements and any other criteria pertinent thereto, as well as the periods for which [licensure and accreditation] authorization may be granted, and the costs and procedures of evaluations as provided in subsections (c), (d) and (i) of this section. [Said office shall establish academic review commissions to hear each appeal of a denial by said office of an application by an institution of higher education for licensure or accreditation of a program of higher learning or institution of higher education. For each individual appeal, the executive director of said office, or the executive director's designee, shall select a commission that is comprised of four higher education representatives and five business and industry representatives chosen from a panel of thirty-five members, who shall be appointed as follows: (1) The Governor shall appoint five members; (2) the speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint five members; (3) the president pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint five members; (4) the majority leader of the House of Representatives shall appoint five members; (5) the majority leader of the Senate shall appoint five members; (6) the minority leader of the House of Representatives shall appoint five members; and (7) the minority leader of the Senate shall appoint five members. The executive director of said office, or the executive director's designee, shall ensure that each commission contains at least one member appointed by each of the appointing authorities. Each appointing authority shall select both higher education representatives and business and industry representatives, but not more than three from either category of representatives.] The office may establish an advisory

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- council for the purpose of advising on issues related to the authorization of institutions of higher education pursuant to the provisions of this section and private career schools pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-220, inclusive, as amended by this act. The members of the advisory council shall be appointed by the executive director and consist of representatives with (1) expertise in the quality assurance and relevance of programs of higher learning, (2) knowledge of and experience in the business operations and financing of institutions of higher education, (3) knowledge of the laws and regulations applicable to institutions of higher education, and (4) expertise in consumer protection for students and prospective students of institutions of higher education.
  - (c) No person, school, board, association or corporation shall confer any degree unless authorized by act of the General Assembly. No application for authority to confer any such degree shall be approved by the General Assembly or any committee thereof, nor shall any such authority be included in any charter of incorporation until such application has been evaluated and approved by the Office of Higher Education in accordance with regulations established by the Office of Higher Education.
  - (d) The Office of Higher Education shall review all requests and applications for program modifications, nonsubstantive changes [, licensure and accreditation] and authorizations. The office shall review each application in consideration of the academic standards set forth in the regulations for [licensure and accreditation] program approval adopted by said office in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 10a-34e, as amended by this act, any application that is determined by the office to be for (1) a program modification that meets all such academic standards, (2) a nonsubstantive change, [(3) licensure, or (4) accreditation] or (3) authorization shall be deemed approved, and the office shall notify the institution of such approval, not later than forty-five days from the date the office receives such application without requiring any further action from the applicant.

- (e) If the executive director of the Office of Higher Education, or the executive director's designee, determines that further review of an application is needed due at least in part to the applicant offering instruction in a new program of higher learning or new degree level or the financial condition of the institution of higher education, then the executive director or the executive director's designee shall conduct a focused or on-site review. Such applicant shall have an opportunity to state any objection regarding any individual selected to review an application on behalf of the executive director. For purposes of this subsection and subsection (f) of this section, "focused review" means a review by an out-of-state curriculum expert; and "on-site review" means a full team evaluation by the office at the institution of higher education.
- (f) The executive director of the Office of Higher Education, or the executive director's designee, may require (1) a focused or on-site review of any program application in a field requiring a license to practice in Connecticut, and (2) evidence that a program application in a field requiring a license to practice in Connecticut meets the state or federal licensing requirements for such license.
- (g) Any application for [licensure] authorization of a new institution in this state shall be subject to an on-site review upon a determination by the Office of Higher Education that the application is complete and shall be reviewed at the institutional level for each program as described in subsection (b) of this section. Such process shall be completed not later than nine months from the date said office receives the application.
- (h) If the Office of Higher Education denies an application for [licensure or accreditation] authorization of a program or institution of higher education, the applicant may appeal the denial not later than ten days from the date of denial. [The academic review commission shall review the appeal and make a decision on such appeal not later than thirty days from the date the applicant submits the appeal to said office.]
- (i) No person, school, board, association or corporation shall operate a program of higher learning or an institution of higher education unless

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it has been [licensed or accredited] <u>authorized</u> by the Office of Higher Education, nor shall it confer any degree unless it has been [accredited] <u>authorized</u> in accordance with this section. The office shall accept [regional] accreditation, in satisfaction of the requirements of this subsection unless the office finds cause not to rely upon such accreditation. [If any institution of higher education provides evidence of programmatic accreditation, the office may consider such accreditation in satisfaction of the requirements of this subsection and deem the program at issue in the application for accreditation to be accredited in accordance with this section. National accreditation for Connecticut institutions of higher education accredited prior to July 1, 2013, shall be accepted as being in satisfaction of the requirements of this subsection unless the office finds cause not to rely on such national accreditation.]

- (j) No person, school, board, association or corporation shall use in any way the term "junior college" or "college" or "university" or use any other name, title, literature, catalogs, pamphlets or descriptive matter tending to designate that it is an institution of higher education, or that it may grant academic or professional degrees, unless the institution [possesses a license from, or] has been [accredited] <u>authorized</u> by [,] the office, nor shall it offer any program of higher learning without [approval] <u>authorization</u> of the Office of Higher Education.
- (k) Accreditation of any program or institution or authority to award degrees granted in accordance with law prior to July 1, 1965, shall continue in effect unless the Office of Higher Education finds the institution is in an unsound financial condition or exhibiting financial indicators that such institution is in danger of closure.
- (l) On and after July 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, each authorized institution of higher education shall submit to the Office of Higher Education, at such time and in such manner as the office prescribes, a report that includes, but need not be limited to, (1) a list of the programs of higher learning offered by such institution, (2) a single point of contact at such institution for student complaints, (3) the schedule of

tuition, fees and all other charges and expenses necessary for the completion of a program of higher learning, (4) any decisions by such institution's accreditation agency or the federal government that adversely affects the status of such institution, (5) any change in ownership, (6) a copy of the most recent audited financial statements detailing the financial status of such institution, (7) any other information necessary to determine whether such institution is in an unsound financial condition or exhibiting financial indicators that such institution is in danger of closure, and (8) the retention and graduation rates of students, information concerning the employment outcomes of graduates and any other information, as determined by the office in consultation with such institution, to determine whether such institution is maintaining quality programs of higher learning. Any information submitted pursuant to subdivision (7) of this subsection shall not be deemed to be a public record for purposes of the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200, and shall not be subject to disclosure under the provisions of section 1-210.

[(l)] (m) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) to (j), inclusive, of this section and subject to the authority of the State Board of Education to regulate teacher education programs, an independent institution of higher education, as defined in section 10a-173, shall not require approval by the Office of Higher Education for any new programs of higher learning or any program modifications proposed by such institution until June 30, 2023, and for up to fifteen new programs of higher learning in any academic year or any program modifications proposed by such institution on and after July 1, 2023, provided (1) the institution maintains eligibility to participate in financial aid programs governed by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended from time to time, (2) the United States Department of Education has not determined that the institution has a financial responsibility score that is less than 1.5 for the most recent fiscal year for which the data necessary for determining the score is available, and (3) the institution has been located in the state and accredited as a degreegranting institution in good standing for ten years or more by a regional

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248 accrediting association recognized by the Secretary of the United States 249 Department of Education and maintains such accreditation status. Each 250 institution that is exempt from program approval by the Office of 251 Higher Education under this subsection shall file with the office (A) on 252 and after July 1, 2023, an application for approval of any new program 253 of higher learning in excess of fifteen new programs in any academic 254 year, (B) a program actions form, as created by the office, prior to 255 students enrolling in any new program of higher learning or any 256 existing program subject to a program modification, and (C) not later 257 than July first, and annually thereafter, (i) until June 30, 2024, a list and 258 brief description of any new programs of higher learning introduced by 259 the institution in the preceding academic year and any existing 260 programs of higher learning discontinued by the institution in the 261 preceding academic year, (ii) the institution's current program approval 262 process and all actions of the governing board concerning approval of 263 any new program of higher learning, and (iii) the institution's financial 264 responsibility composite score, as determined by the United States 265 Department of Education, for the most recent fiscal year for which the 266 data necessary for determining the score is available.

Sec. 4. Section 10a-34c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

The executive director of the Office of Higher Education may conduct an investigation and, through the Attorney General, maintain an action in the name of the state against any person, school, board, association or corporation to restrain or prevent the establishment or operation of an institution that is not [licensed, accredited or] authorized to award degrees by the Office of Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of section 10a-34, as amended by this act.

- Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 10a-34e of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 279 (a) The Office of Higher Education may conduct any necessary

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280 review, inspection or investigation regarding applications for [licensure 281 or accreditation authorization or possible violations of this section, 282 sections 10a-34 to 10a-34d, inclusive, as amended by this act, section 10a-283 34g, as amended by this act, or any applicable regulations of 284 Connecticut state agencies. In connection with any investigation, the 285 executive director or the executive director's designee, may administer 286 oaths, issue subpoenas, compel testimony and order the production of 287 any record or document. If any person refuses to appear, testify or 288 produce any record or document when so ordered, the executive 289 director may seek relief pursuant to section 10a-34d.

Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 10a-34g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2022):

(a) On and after January 1, 2020, any for-profit institution of higher education licensed to operate in the state that requires any student, as a condition of enrollment, to enter into an agreement that (1) limits participation in a class action against such institution, (2) limits any claim the student may have against such institution or the damages for such claim, or (3) requires the student to assert any claim against such institution in a forum that is less convenient, more costly or more dilatory for the resolution of a dispute than a judicial forum established in the state where the student may otherwise properly bring a claim, shall include in its application to the Office of Higher Education for [initial or renewed institutional licensure or accreditation] authorization pursuant to section 10a-34, as amended by this act, a statement (A) disclosing the number of claims made against the institution, including claims made against a parent organization or subsidiary of the institution, by a student currently or formerly enrolled at the institution, (B) a description of the nature of the rights asserted, and (C) the status of such claims. The institution shall submit additional details regarding such claims as the executive director of the Office of Higher Education may require.

Sec. 7. Subdivision (4) of section 10-67 of the general statutes is

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- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2022):
- 315 (4) "Cooperating eligible entity" means any corporation or other 316 business entity, nonprofit organization, private [occupational] career 317 school authorized pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as 318 amended by this act, institution of higher education [licensed or 319 accredited pursuant to the provisions of authorized pursuant to section 320 10a-34, as amended by this act, technical education and career school or 321 library [which] that provides classes or services specified under 322 subparagraph (A) of subsection (a) of section 10-69, in conformance with 323 the program standards applicable to boards of education, through a 324 written cooperative arrangement with a local or regional board of 325 education or regional educational service center;
- Sec. 8. Subparagraph (J) of subdivision (37) of subsection (a) of section 12-407 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (J) Business analysis, management, management consulting and public relations services, excluding (i) any environmental consulting services, (ii) any training services provided by an institution of higher education licensed or accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education or authorized by the Office of Higher Education pursuant to sections 10a-35a and 10a-34, as amended by this act, respectively, and (iii) on and after January 1, 1994, any business analysis, management, management consulting and public relations services when such services are rendered in connection with an aircraft leased or owned by a certificated air carrier or in connection with an aircraft which has a maximum certificated take-off weight of six thousand pounds or more;
  - Sec. 9. Subsection (k) of section 30-22a of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 343 (k) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes: (1)

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- 344 A room or building that is subject to the care, custody and control of The 345 University of Connecticut Board of Trustees; (2) land and buildings 346 which are subject to the care, custody and control of an institution 347 offering a program of higher learning, as defined in section 10a-34, as 348 amended by this act, which has been accredited by the Board of Regents 349 for Higher Education or [Office of Higher Education or otherwise] is 350 authorized by the Office of Higher Education to award a degree 351 pursuant to section 10a-34, as amended by this act; or (3) on land or in a 352 building situated on or abutting a golf course which is subject to the 353 care, custody and control of an institution offering a program of higher 354 learning, as defined in section 10a-34, as amended by this act, which has 355 been accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education or [Office 356 of Higher Education or otherwise] is authorized by the Office of Higher 357 Education to award a degree pursuant to section 10a-34, as amended by 358 this act.
- Sec. 10. Section 10a-22a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- As used in <u>this section and</u> sections [10a-22a to 10a-22y] <u>10a-22b to</u> 10a-22x, inclusive, as amended by this act:
  - (1) ["Private occupational school"] "Private career school" means a postsecondary career school operated by a person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity offering or advertising vocational instruction in any form or manner in any trade, industrial, commercial, service, professional or other occupation for any remuneration, consideration, reward or fee of whatever nature, including, but not limited to, a hospital-based occupational school, or any program, school or entity offering postsecondary instruction in barbering, hairdressing and cosmetology or the occupation of esthetician, nail technician or eyelash technician, as such terms are defined in section 20-265a. ["Private occupational school"] "Private career school" does not include (A) instruction offered under public supervision and control, (B) instruction conducted by a firm or organization solely for the training of its own employees or

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- 377 members, (C) instruction offered by a school authorized by the General
- 378 Assembly to confer degrees, or (D) instruction offered in the arts or
- 379 recreation, including, but not limited to, the training of students to
- 380 provide such instruction;
- 381 (2) "Additional classroom site" means a facility that (A) is geographically located close to the school or branch that oversees the
- geographically located close to the school or branch that oversees the site, such that students must utilize services provided at such school or
- 384 branch, (B) conducts permanent or temporary educational activities,
- and (C) offers courses or full programs of study;
- 386 (3) "Branch" means a subdivision of a school (A) located at a different
- 387 facility and geographical site from the school, except for a site that is an
- 388 additional classroom site as determined by the executive director, or the
- 389 executive director's designee, and (B) that (i) offers one or more
- 390 complete programs leading to a diploma or certificate; (ii) operates
- 391 under the school's certificate of operation; (iii) meets the same
- 392 conditions of authorization as the school; and (iv) exercises
- 393 administrative control and is responsible for its own academic affairs;
- 394 (4) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Office of
- 395 Higher Education; and
- 396 (5) "Postsecondary career school" means an institution authorized to
- operate educational programs beyond secondary education.
- Sec. 11. Section 10a-22b of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes
- 399 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 400 October 1, 2022):
- 401 (a) No person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited
- 402 liability company or other entity shall offer instruction in any form or
- 403 manner in any trade or in any industrial, commercial, service,
- 404 professional or other occupation unless such person, board, association,
- 405 partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity first
- 406 receives from the executive director a certificate authorizing the
- 407 occupational instruction to be offered.

(b) Except for initial authorizations, the executive director may accept institutional accreditation by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education, in satisfaction of the requirements of this section and section 10a-22d, as amended by this act, including the evaluation and attendance requirement. Except for initial authorizations, the executive director may accept programmatic accreditation in satisfaction of the requirements of this section and section 10a-22d, as amended by this act, with regard to instruction offered by a hospital [pursuant to subsection (h) of this section] unless the executive director finds reasonable cause not to rely upon such accreditation.

(c) Each person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity which seeks to offer occupational instruction shall submit to the executive director, or the executive director's designee, in such manner and on such forms as the executive director, or the executive director's designee, prescribes, an application for a certificate of authorization. [which includes, but need not be limited to, (1) the proposed name of the school; (2) ownership and organization of the school including the names and addresses of all principals, officers, members and directors; (3) names and addresses of all stockholders of the school, except for applicants which are listed on a national securities exchange; (4) addresses of any building or premises on which the school will be located; (5) description of the occupational instruction to be offered; (6) the proposed student enrollment agreement, which includes for each program of occupational instruction offered a description, in plain language, of any requirements for employment in such occupation or barriers to such employment pursuant to state law or regulations; (7) the proposed school catalog, which includes for each program of occupational instruction offered a description of any requirements for employment in such occupation or barriers to such employment pursuant to state law or regulations; (8) financial statements detailing the financial condition of the school pursuant to subsection (d) of this section and subsection (g) of section 10a-22d prepared by management and reviewed or audited, or, for a

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nonaccredited school annually receiving less than fifty thousand dollars in tuition revenue, compiled, by an independent licensed certified public accountant or independent licensed public accountant; and (9) an agent for service of process.] Each application for initial authorization shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee made payable to the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account. <u>Such application fee shall be</u> in the amount of two thousand dollars for the private occupational school and two hundred dollars for each branch of a private occupational school in this state, except that, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section <u>10a-22k</u>, such application fee shall be in the amount specified in such regulations. Any application for initial authorization that remains incomplete six months after the date such application was first submitted to the [Office of Higher Education] <u>office</u> shall expire and the office shall not approve such expired application for authorization.

- (d) Each person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity seeking to offer occupational instruction shall have a net worth consisting of sufficient liquid assets or produce other evidence of fiscal soundness to demonstrate the ability of the proposed private [occupational] <u>career</u> school to operate, achieve all of its objectives and meet all of its obligations, including those concerning staff and students, during the period of time for which the authorization is sought.
- (e) Upon receipt of a complete application pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the executive director shall cause to be conducted an evaluation of the applicant school. Not later than sixty days (1) after receipt of a complete application for initial authorization, or (2) prior to expiration of the authorization of a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school applying to renew its certificate of authorization pursuant to section 10a-22d, <u>as amended by this act</u>, the executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall appoint an evaluation team, pursuant to [subsection (f) of this section] <u>regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k</u>, to conduct such evaluation of the applicant school. <u>The</u>

evaluation team shall submit a written report to the executive director recommending authorization or nonauthorization after an on-site inspection. Not later than one hundred twenty days following the completed appointment of the evaluation team, the executive director shall notify the applicant school of authorization or nonauthorization. The executive director may consult with the Labor Department and may request the advice of any other state agency which may be of assistance in making a determination. In the event of nonauthorization, the executive director shall set forth the reasons therefor in writing and the applicant school may request in writing a hearing before the executive director. Such hearing shall be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

[(f) For purposes of an evaluation of an applicant school, the executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall appoint an evaluation team which shall include (1) at least two members representing the Office of Higher Education, and (2) at least one member for each of the areas of occupational instruction for which authorization is sought who shall be experienced in such occupation. The applicant school shall have the right to challenge any proposed member of the evaluation team for good cause shown. A written challenge shall be filed with the executive director within ten business days following the appointment of such evaluation team. In the event of a challenge, a decision shall be made thereon by the executive director within ten business days from the date such challenge is filed, and if the challenge is upheld the executive director shall appoint a replacement. Employees of the state or any political subdivision of the state may be members of evaluation teams. The executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall not appoint any person to an evaluation team unless the executive director, or such designee, has received from such person a statement that the person has no interest which is in conflict with the proper discharge of the duties of evaluation team members as described in this section. The statement shall be on a form prescribed by the executive director and shall be signed under penalty of false statement. Except for any member of the evaluation team who is a state employee,

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members may be compensated for their service at the discretion of the executive director and shall be reimbursed for actual expenses, which expenses shall be charged to and paid by the applicant school.

(g) The evaluation team appointed pursuant to subsection (f) of this section shall: (1) Conduct an on-site inspection; (2) submit a written report outlining any evidence of noncompliance; (3) give the school thirty days from the date of the report to provide evidence of compliance; and (4) submit to the executive director a written report recommending authorization or nonauthorization not later than one hundred twenty days after the on-site inspection. The evaluation team shall determine whether (A) the quality and content of each course or program of instruction, including, but not limited to, residential, online, home study and correspondence, training or study shall reasonably and adequately achieve the stated objective for which such course or program is offered; (B) the school has adequate space, equipment, instructional materials and personnel for the instruction offered; (C) the qualifications of directors, administrators, supervisors and instructors shall reasonably and adequately assure that students receive education consistent with the stated objectives for which a course or program is offered; (D) students and other interested persons shall be provided with a catalog or similar publication describing the courses and programs offered, course and program objectives, length of courses and programs, schedule of tuition, fees and all other charges and expenses necessary for completion of the course or program, and termination, withdrawal and refund policies; (E) upon satisfactory completion of the course or program, each student shall be provided appropriate educational credentials by the school; (F) adequate records shall be maintained by the school to show attendance and grades, or other indicators of student progress, and standards shall be enforced relating to attendance and student performance; (G) the applicant school shall be financially sound and capable of fulfilling its commitments to students; (H) any student housing owned, leased, rented or otherwise maintained by the applicant school shall be safe and adequate; and (I) the school and any branch of the school in this state has a director

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- located at the school or branch who is responsible for daily oversight of the school's or branch's operations. The evaluation team may also indicate in its report such recommendations as may improve the operation of the applicant school.
- (h) Any hospital offering postsecondary career instruction in any form or manner in any trade, industrial, commercial, service, professional or other occupation for any remuneration, consideration, reward or promise, except to hospital employees, members of the medical staff and training for contracted workers, shall obtain a certificate of authorization from the executive director for the occupational instruction offered. Each hospital-based occupational school submitting an application for initial authorization shall pay an application fee of two hundred dollars made payable to the private occupational school student protection account. The executive director shall develop a process for prioritizing the authorization of hospital-based occupational schools based on size and scope of occupational instruction offered. Such schools shall be in compliance with this section when required pursuant to the executive director's process, or by 2012, whichever is earlier.
- (i) Any program, school or other entity offering postsecondary career instruction in any form or manner in barbering or hairdressing for any remuneration, consideration, reward or fee shall obtain a certificate of authorization from the executive director of the Office of Higher Education for the occupational instruction offered. Each program, school or entity approved on or before July 1, 2013, by the Connecticut Examining Board for Barbers, Hairdressers and Cosmeticians pursuant to chapter 368 or 387 that submits an application for initial authorization shall pay an application fee of five hundred dollars made payable to the private occupational school student protection account. The executive director of the Office of Higher Education shall develop a process for prioritizing the authorization of such barber and hairdressing programs, schools and entities. Such programs, schools and entities shall be in compliance with this section on or before July 1, 2015, or when

576 required pursuant to the executive director's process, whichever is 577 earlier. No person, board, association, partnership corporation, limited 578 liability company or other entity shall establish a new program, school 579 or other entity that offers instruction in any form or manner in barbering 580 or hairdressing on or after July 1, 2013, unless such person, board, 581 association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other 582 entity first receives from the executive director of the Office of Higher 583 Education a certificate authorizing the barbering or hairdressing 584 occupational instruction to be offered in accordance with the provisions 585 of this section.]

- Sec. 12. Section 10a-22c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- (a) No certificate to operate a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall be authorized by the executive director, or the executive director's designee, if (1) any principal, officer, member or director of the applicant school has acted in a similar capacity for a private [occupational] career school which has had its authorization revoked pursuant to section 10a-22f, as amended by this act; (2) the applicant school does not have a net worth consisting of sufficient liquid assets or other evidence of fiscal soundness to operate for the period of time for which authorization is sought; (3) the applicant school or any of its agents engages in advertising, sales, collection, credit or other practices which are false, deceptive, misleading or unfair; (4) the applicant school has any policy which discourages or prohibits the filing of inquiries or complaints regarding the school's operation with the executive director; (5) the applicant school fails to satisfactorily meet the criteria set forth in [subsection (g) of section 10a-22b] regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k; (6) a private [occupational] career school that has previously closed fails to follow the procedures for school closure under section 10a-22m, as amended by this act; or (7) the applicant school does not have a director located at the school and at each of its branches in this state.
- (b) The executive director may deny a certificate of authorization if

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the person who owns or intends to operate a private [occupational] career school has been convicted in this state, or any other state, of larceny in violation of section 53a-122 or 53a-123; identity theft in violation of section 53a-129b or 53a-129c; forgery in violation of section 53a-138 or 53a-139; or has a criminal record in this state, or any other state, that the executive director reasonably believes renders the person unsuitable to own and operate a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school. A refusal of a certificate of authorization under this subsection shall be made in accordance with the provisions of sections 46a-79 to 46a-81, inclusive.

- (c) No certificate to operate a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall be issued by the executive director pursuant to section 10a-22d, <u>as amended by this act</u>, until such private [occupational] <u>career</u> school seeking authorization files with the executive director certificates indicating that the buildings and premises for such school meet all applicable state and local fire and zoning requirements. Such certificates shall be attested to by the fire marshal and zoning enforcement officer within the municipality in which such school is located.
- (d) No certificate to operate a new private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall be issued by the executive director pursuant to section 10a-22d, <u>as amended by this act</u>, until such private [occupational] <u>career</u> school seeking authorization files with the executive director an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank with its main office or branch located within this state in the penal amount of forty thousand dollars guaranteeing the payments required of the school to the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account in accordance with the provisions of section 10a-22u, <u>as amended by this act</u>, except that, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such penal amount shall be in the amount specified <u>in such regulations</u>. The letter of credit shall be payable to the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account in the event that such school fails to make payments to the account as provided in subsection (a) of section 10a-22u, as amended by this act, or in the event

- 642 the state takes action to reimburse the account for a tuition refund paid 643 to a student pursuant to the provisions of section 10a-22v, as amended 644 by this act, provided the amount of the letter of credit to be paid into the 645 private [occupational] career school student protection account shall not 646 exceed the amounts owed to the account. In the event a private 647 [occupational] <u>career</u> school fails to close in accordance with the 648 provisions of section 10a-22m, as amended by this act, the executive 649 director may seize the letter of credit, which shall be made payable to 650 the private [occupational] career school protection account. [The letter 651 of credit required by this subsection shall be released twelve years after 652 the date of initial approval, provided evidence of fiscal soundness has 653 been verified.]
- (e) The executive director shall notify the applicant private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, by certified mail, return receipt requested of the decision to grant or deny a certificate of authorization not later than sixty days after receiving the written report of the evaluation team appointed pursuant to subsection [(f)] (e) of section 10a-22b, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 13. Section 10a-22d of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2022):
  - (a) After the initial year of approval and for the next three years of operation as a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, renewal of the certificate of authorization shall be required annually.
    - (b) Following the fourth year of continuous authorization, a renewal of the certificate of authorization, if granted, shall be for a period not to exceed five years and may be subject to an evaluation pursuant to [subsections (f) and (g)] <u>subsection (e)</u> of section 10a-22b, <u>as amended by this act</u>, provided no private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall operate for more than five additional years from the date of any renewal without the completion of an evaluation pursuant to [subsections (f) and (g)] <u>subsection (e)</u> of section 10a-22b, <u>as amended by this act</u>.

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(c) Renewal of the certificate of authorization shall be granted only upon (1) payment of a nonrefundable renewal fee to the Office of Higher Education in the amount of two hundred dollars for the private occupational school and two hundred dollars for each branch of a private occupational school, except that, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such renewal fee shall be in the amount specified in such regulations, (2) submission of any reports or audits, as prescribed by the executive director or the executive director's designee, concerning the fiscal condition of the private [occupational] career school or its continuing eligibility to participate in federal student financial aid programs, (3) the filing with the executive director of a complete application for a renewed certificate of authorization not less than one hundred twenty days prior to the termination date of the most recent certificate of authorization, and (4) a determination that the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school meets all the conditions of its recent authorization, including, but not limited to, at the discretion of the executive director, evidence that such school is current on its [rent or mortgage] financial obligations and has adequate financial resources to serve its current students, and the filing of documentation with the executive director that the [occupational] career school has a passing financial ratio score as required by 34 CFR 668, as amended from time to time.

(d) If the executive director, or the executive director's designee, determines, at any time during a school's authorization period, that such school is out of compliance with the conditions of authorization under sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act, and any applicable regulations of Connecticut state agencies, the school may be placed on probation for a period not to exceed one year. If, after the period of one year of probationary status, the school remains out of compliance with the conditions of authorization, the executive director may revoke such school's certificate of authorization to operate as a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school pursuant to section 10a-22f, <u>as amended by this act</u>. During the school's period of probation, the school shall post its probationary certificate of authorization in public view.

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- The Office of Higher Education may publish the school's probationary certificate of authorization status.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, the executive director may authorize the extension of the most recent certificate of authorization for a period not to exceed sixty days for good cause shown, provided such extension shall not change the date of the original certificate's issuance or the date for each renewal.
  - (f) After the first year of authorization, each private [occupational] career school shall pay a nonrefundable annual fee to the private [occupational] career school student protection account in the amount of two hundred dollars for the private occupational school and two hundred dollars for each branch of a private occupational school, except that, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such penal amount shall be in the amount specified in such regulations. The annual fee shall be due and payable for each year after the first year of authorization that the private [occupational] career school and any branch of a private [occupational] career school is authorized by the executive director to offer [occupational] career instruction. Such annual fee shall be in addition to any renewal fee assessed under this section.
  - (g) Each private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall keep financial records in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual financial statement detailing the financial status of the school shall be prepared by school management and reviewed or audited, or, for a nonaccredited school annually receiving less than fifty thousand dollars in tuition revenue, compiled, by a licensed certified public accountant or licensed public accountant in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A copy of such financial statement shall be filed with the executive director on or before the last day of the fourth month following the end of the school's fiscal year, except in the case of a nationally accredited school recognized by the United States Department of Education, in

- which case such financial statement shall be due on or before the last day of the sixth month following the end of the school's fiscal year. Only audited financial statements shall be accepted from a nationally accredited school. Upon a nonaccredited school's written request, the executive director may authorize, for good cause shown, a filing extension for a period not to exceed sixty days. No filing extensions shall be granted to a nationally accredited school.
  - (h) The failure of any private [occupational] <u>career</u> school to submit an application to the Office of Higher Education for the renewal of a certificate of authorization on or before the date on which it is due may result in the loss of authorization under section 10a-22f, <u>as amended by this act</u>. The executive director of said office may deny the renewal of such certificate of authorization if there exists a failure to file such renewal application by the date on which it is due, or the end of any period of extension authorized pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.
  - Sec. 14. Section 10a-22e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (a) During any period of authorization by the executive director to operate as a private [occupational] career school pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act, and sections 10a-22u to 10a-22w, as amended by this act, inclusive, such private [occupational] career school may request revision of the conditions of its authorization. Such school shall make such request to the executive director, in the manner and on such forms prescribed by the executive director sixty days prior to the proposed implementation date of any intended revision. Such revision shall include, but not be limited to, changes in (1) courses or programs; (2) ownership of the school; (3) name of the school; (4) location of the school's main campus; or (5) location of any of the school's additional classroom sites or branch campuses. A private [occupational] career school requesting revision of the conditions of its authorization based on a change in ownership of the school shall submit an application and letter of credit pursuant to sections 10a-22b, as amended by this act, and 10a-22c, as amended by

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- 774 this act, accompanied by a nonrefundable change of ownership fee 775 made payable to the private [occupational] career school student 776 protection account under section 10a-22u, as amended by this act, in the 777 amount of two thousand dollars for the private occupational school and 778 two hundred dollars for each branch of a private occupational school in 779 this state, except that, on and after the effective date of the regulations 780 adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such change of ownership fee shall be in the amount specified in such regulations. 781
  - (b) The executive director, or the executive director's designee, may, not later than thirty days after receipt of a request to revise the conditions of authorization, issue an order prohibiting any such change if it would constitute a material or substantial deviation from the conditions of authorization.
- (c) If the executive director, or the executive director's designee, fails to take action upon a request for revision by the thirtieth day following the proposed implementation date of the intended revision, such request shall be deemed approved, and the private [occupational] career school's certificate of authorization shall be so revised for the same period as its current authorization.
- Sec. 15. Section 10a-22f of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (a) A certificate of authorization issued to a private [occupational] career school pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act, and sections 10a-22u to 10a-22w, inclusive, as amended by this act, may be revoked by the executive director if such school (1) ceases to meet the conditions of its authorization; (2) commits a material or substantial violation of sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act, or sections 10a-22u to 10a-22w, inclusive, as amended by this act, or the regulations prescribed thereunder; (3) makes a false statement about a material fact in application for authorization or renewal; (4) fails to make a required

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- payment to the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account pursuant to section 10a-22u, <u>as amended by this act</u>; or (5) fails to submit a complete application for a renewed certificate of authorization pursuant to section 10a-22d, as amended by this act.
  - (b) The executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall serve written notice, by certified mail, return receipt requested upon a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school indicating that revocation of the school's authorization is under consideration and the executive director shall set forth the reasons such revocation is being considered. Not later than forty-five days after mailing such written notice, the executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall hold a compliance conference with the private [occupational] career school.
  - (c) If, after the compliance conference, the executive director determines that revocation of the certificate of authorization is appropriate, the executive director shall issue an order and serve written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested upon the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, which notice shall include, but not be limited to, the date of the revocation.
  - (d) A private [occupational] <u>career</u> school aggrieved by the order of the executive director revoking its certificate of authorization pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall, not later than fifteen days after such order is mailed, request in writing a hearing before the executive director. Such hearing shall be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.
- Sec. 16. Section 10a-22g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (a) A private [occupational] <u>career</u> school which is authorized by the executive director pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, and sections 10a-22u to 10a-22w, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, may request authorization to establish and operate additional classroom sites or branch schools, <u>or to offer existing or new</u>

programs through a distance learning program, as defined in section 10a-22h, as amended by this act, for the purpose of offering the occupational instruction authorized by the executive director, provided the additional classroom site or branch school complies with the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. Such school shall make such request for authorization to operate an additional classroom site or branch school or to offer existing or new programs through a distance learning program, in the manner and on such forms as prescribed by the executive director, at least sixty days prior to the proposed establishment of such additional classroom site or branch school or such distance learning program.

- (b) The buildings and premises for such additional classroom site or branch school shall meet all applicable state and local fire and zoning requirements, and certificates attesting the same signed by the local fire marshal and zoning enforcement officer shall be filed with the executive director prior to offering such occupational instruction. The additional classroom site or branch school shall be in compliance with the relevant requirements set forth in [subsection (g) of section 10a-22b] regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k.
- (c) The executive director, or the executive director's designee, not later than thirty days after the proposed date for establishment of a branch school, may issue an order prohibiting any such establishment of a branch school if it would constitute a material or substantial deviation from the conditions of authorization or if the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school fails to meet the requirements set forth in subsection (b) of this section.
- (d) If the executive director, or the executive director's designee, fails to take action upon the request for revision by the thirtieth day after the proposed date for establishment of such additional classroom site or branch school <u>or such distance learning program</u>, such request shall be deemed approved.
- Sec. 17. Section 10a-22h of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes

869 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 870 October 1, 2022):

Any out-of-state private [occupational] career school that seeks to operate a distance learning program in the state shall submit an application to the Office of Higher Education in the form and manner prescribed by the office. Each such private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall agree to abide by standards established by the office. The office shall approve or reject such private [occupational] career school's application in accordance with the standards established by the office. Authorization by the office to operate a distance learning program in the state shall be valid for a period of one year and may be renewed by the office for additional one-year periods. The office shall establish a schedule of application and renewal fees for all out-of-state private [occupational] <u>career</u> schools that are approved by the office. As used in this [subsection] section, "distance learning program" means a program of study in which lectures are broadcast or classes are conducted by correspondence or over the Internet, without requiring a student to attend in person.

- Sec. 18. Section 10a-22i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 889 (a) The executive director may assess any person, board, partnership, 890 association, corporation, limited liability company or other entity which 891 violates any provision of sections 10a-22a to 10a-22p, inclusive, as 892 amended by this act, sections 10a-22u to 10a-22w, inclusive, as amended 893 by this act, or regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, an 894 administrative penalty in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars 895 for each day of such violation, except that, on and after the effective date 896 of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such 897 administrative penalty shall be in the amount specified in such 898 regulations.
- 899 (b) The executive director shall serve written notice upon a private 900 [occupational] career school when the assessment of such an

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- administrative penalty is under consideration. The notice shall set forth the reasons for the assessment of the penalty. Not later than forty-five days after mailing such notice to the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, the executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall hold a compliance conference with the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school.
  - (c) If, after the compliance conference, the executive director determines that imposition of an administrative penalty is appropriate, the executive director shall issue an order and serve written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested upon the private [occupational] career school.
- (d) A private [occupational] <u>career</u> school aggrieved by the order of the executive director imposing an administrative penalty pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall, not later than fifteen days after such order is mailed, request in writing a hearing before the executive director. Such hearing shall be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.
- 918 Sec. 19. Section 10a-22*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (a) Any private [occupational] <u>career</u> school operating without a certificate of authorization required under section 10a-22b, <u>as amended by this act</u>, or operating an additional classroom site or branch school in violation of section 10a-22g, <u>as amended by this act</u>, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars for each day of unauthorized operation, to be paid into the private [occupational] <u>career</u> student protection account, <u>except that</u>, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such fine shall be in the amount <u>specified in such regulations</u>.
  - (b) The executive director, or the executive director's designee, may conduct an investigation and, through the Attorney General, maintain an action in the name of the state against any person to restrain or

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- 932 prevent the establishment or operation of an institution that does not 933 have a certificate of authorization.
- 934 Sec. 20. Section 10a-22m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (a) A private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall notify the executive director, in writing, at least sixty days prior to closure of such school. The private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall provide evidence prior to closing that: (1) All course work is or will be completed by current students at the school; (2) there are no refunds due any students; (3) all student records will be maintained as prescribed in section 10a-22n, <u>as amended by this act</u>; (4) final payment has been made to the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account; (5) a designation of service form has been filed with the executive director; and (6) the certificate of authorization has been returned to the executive director.
    - (b) Any private [occupational] <u>career</u> school that fails to meet the requirements outlined in subsection (a) of this section shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars per day for each day of noncompliance, <u>except that, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such fine shall be in the amount specified <u>in such regulations</u>, and [,] pursuant to subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 10a-22c, <u>as amended by this act</u>, shall be ineligible to be issued a certificate of authorization upon application to operate a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school. Funds collected pursuant to this subsection shall be placed in the private [occupational] <u>career</u> student protection account established pursuant to section 10a-22u, <u>as amended by this act</u>.</u>
    - (c) If the executive director revokes a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school's certificate of authorization, such school shall comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section. Failure to comply shall result in further penalties at the discretion of the executive director.

- (d) In the event a private [occupational] career school fails to meet the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section and closes prior to graduating all current students, the executive director may seize the letter of credit filed by the private [occupational] career school pursuant to subsection (d) of section 10a-22c, as amended by this act, and such letter of credit shall be made payable to the private [occupational] career school student protection account. The executive director may expend funds from the private [occupational] career school student protection account up to the amount necessary to facilitate a teach-out of any remaining students up to and including the issuance of a certificate of completion pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. For purposes of this subsection and subsection (e) of this section, (1) "teach-out" means the completion of instruction of a course or program of study in which a student was enrolled, provided the teach-out includes instruction of the entire program of study when a course is a part of such program of study, and (2) "certificate of completion" means the credential, documented in writing, that is issued to a student who completes a course or program of study offered by a private [occupational] career school.
- (e) In the event of a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school closure that fails to meet the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the executive director may issue a certificate of completion to each student that, in the executive director's determination, has successfully completed the student's course or program of study in which the student was enrolled at the private [occupational] career school.
- Sec. 21. Section 10a-22n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- (a) A private [occupational] <u>career</u> school shall maintain, preserve and protect, in a manner approved by the executive director, or the executive director's designee, all school records including, but not limited to: (1) Student or academic transcripts, including, in a separate file, a duplicate copy of the academic transcript of each student who graduated from such school, and a duplicate copy of the academic

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- transcript of each student enrolled at such school that contains the student's name, address, program of study, length of such program of study, grade point average and courses completed; (2) attendance records or other indicators of student progress; (3) copies of individual enrollment agreements or contracts; (4) evidence of tuition payments; and (5) any other documentation as prescribed by the executive director.
- (b) The executive director, or the executive director's designee, may at any time during regular business or school hours, with or without notice, visit a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school. During such visitation, the executive director, or the executive director's designee, may request an officer or director of the school to produce, and shall be provided with immediate access to, such records or information as are required to verify that the school continues to meet the conditions of authorization. If the executive director determines that such private [occupational] <u>career</u> school has not maintained, preserved or protected school records in accordance with this section, the executive director may assess an administrative penalty on such private [occupational] career school pursuant to section 10a-22i, as amended by this act.
- (c) If a school ceases to operate as a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, it shall (1) immediately transmit all student or academic transcripts, described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, to the executive director, and (2) keep the executive director advised in writing as to the location and availability of all other student records or shall file all such other student records with the executive director.
- (d) The executive director shall maintain all records, files and other documents associated with private [occupational] <u>career</u> schools in a manner consistent with the mission and responsibilities of the Office of Higher Education.
- Sec. 22. Section 10a-22p of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2022):
- 1026 (a) On and after January 1, [2020, any] 2023, no private [occupational]

career school, as defined in section 10a-22a, [that requires] as amended by this act, shall require any student, as a condition of enrollment, to enter into an agreement that (1) limits participation in a class action against such school, (2) limits any claim the student may have against such school or the damages for such claim, or (3) requires the student to assert any claim against such school in a forum that is less convenient, more costly or more dilatory for the resolution of a dispute than a judicial forum established in the state where the student may otherwise properly bring a claim. [,] A private career school shall include in its application to the Office of Higher Education for initial or renewed certificate of authorization pursuant to sections 10a-22b, as amended by this act, and 10a-22d, as amended by this act, a statement (A) disclosing the number of claims made against the school, including claims made against a parent organization or subsidiary of the school, by a student currently or formerly enrolled at the school, (B) describing the nature of the rights asserted, and (C) updating the status of such claims. The school shall submit additional details regarding such claims as the executive director of the Office of Higher Education may require.

- (b) The executive director of the Office of Higher Education may deny the application for initial or renewed certificate of authorization of a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school or consider a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school ineligible to receive any public funds, including, but not limited to, federal funds administered by the office pursuant to section 10a-45 if (1) such school fails to include the statement required under subsection (a) of this section in its application, or (2) upon review of such statement, the executive director determines that the public policy of protecting the interests of students in the state requires such denial.
- (c) The executive director of the Office of Higher Education shall have the authority granted under sections 10a-22i, <u>as amended by this act</u>, 10a-22j and 10a-22o to investigate and enforce the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section.
- Sec. 23. Section 10a-22q of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

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After each annual determination of the balance of the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account required by section 10a-22w, if the balance of the account is more than two million five hundred thousand dollars, the State Treasurer shall transfer to a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund, to be known as the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student benefit account, three-fourths of the annually accrued interest of said student protection account.

Sec. 24. Section 10a-22r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

[There is] When there are funds available to award financial aid grants from the private career school student benefit account, there shall be established an advisory committee to the executive director consisting of seven members appointed by the executive director, including a representative of the private [occupational] career schools, a representative from the Office of Higher Education and five members chosen from business or industry, state legislators, private [occupational] career school alumni and the general public. Three of the members first appointed to the committee shall be appointed for a term of three years and four of the members first appointed shall be appointed for a term of two years. Thereafter, all members shall be appointed for a term of two years. The executive director shall administer the private [occupational] career school student benefit account, established pursuant to section 10a-22u, as amended by this act, with the advice of the advisory committee in accordance with the provisions of this section and sections 10a-22s and 10a-22t and may assess the account for all direct expenses incurred in the implementation of this section. The account shall be used to award financial aid grants for the benefit of private [occupational] career school students. The grants shall be paid to the private [occupational] career school designated by the grant recipient to be applied against the tuition expenses of such recipient. If the balance of the student protection account is five per cent or less of the annual net tuition income of the

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- schools which make payments to the account pursuant to section 10a-22u, as amended by this act, any unallocated funds in the student benefit account shall be transferred to the <u>private career school</u> student protection account.
- Sec. 25. Section 10a-22u of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 1100 (a) There shall be an account to be known as the private 1101 [occupational] career school student protection account within the 1102 General Fund. Each private [occupational] career school authorized in 1103 accordance with the provisions of sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, 1104 as amended by this act, shall pay to the State Treasurer an amount equal 1105 to four-tenths of one per cent of the tuition received by such school per 1106 calendar quarter exclusive of any refunds paid, except that distance 1107 learning and correspondence schools authorized in accordance with the 1108 provisions of section 10a-22h, as amended by this act, shall contribute to 1109 said account only for Connecticut residents enrolled in such schools. 1110 Payments shall be made by January thirtieth, April thirtieth, July 1111 thirtieth and October thirtieth in each year for tuition received during 1112 the three months next preceding the month of payment. In addition to 1113 amounts received based on tuition, the account shall also contain any 1114 amount required to be deposited into the account pursuant to sections 1115 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act. Said account shall be used for the purposes of section 10a-22v, as amended by this act. Any 1116 1117 interest, income and dividends derived from the investment of the 1118 account shall be credited to the account. All direct expenses for the 1119 maintenance of the account may be charged to the account upon the 1120 order of the State Comptroller. The executive director may assess the 1121 account for all direct expenses incurred in the implementation of the 1122 purposes of this section which are in excess of the normal expenditures 1123 of the Office of Higher Education.
- 1124 (b) Payments required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall 1125 be a condition of doing business in the state and failure to make any

- such payment within thirty days following the date on which it is due shall result in the loss of authorization under section 10a-22f, as amended by this act. Such authorization shall not be issued or renewed if there exists a failure to make any such payment in excess of thirty days following the date on which it is due.
  - (c) If an audit conducted by the Office of Higher Education determines that a school has paid into the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account an amount less than was required, the school shall pay such amount plus a penalty of ten per cent of the amount required to the State Treasurer within thirty days of receipt of notice from the executive director or [his] <u>the executive director's</u> designee of the amount of the underpayment and penalty, <u>except that</u>, on and after the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to section 10a-22k, such penalty shall be in the amount specified in such regulations.
  - (d) If an audit conducted by the Office of Higher Education determines that a school has paid into the private [occupational] <u>career</u> school student protection account an amount more than was required, subsequent payment or payments by the school shall be appropriately credited until such credited payment or payments equal the amount of the overpayment.
- Sec. 26. Section 10a-22v of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2022):
  - Any student enrolled in a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school authorized in accordance with the provisions of sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, who is unable to complete an approved course or unit of instruction at such school because of the insolvency or cessation of operation of the school and who has paid tuition for such course or unit of instruction, may, not later than two years after the date on which such school became insolvent or ceased operations, make application to the executive director for a refund of

tuition from the account established pursuant to section 10a-22u, as amended by this act, to the extent that such account exists or has reached the level necessary to pay outstanding approved claims, except that in the case of distance learning and correspondence schools authorized in accordance with the provisions of section 10a-22h, as amended by this act, only Connecticut residents enrolled in such schools may be eligible for such refund. Upon such application, the executive director shall determine whether the applicant is unable to complete a course or unit of instruction because of the insolvency or cessation of operation of the school to which tuition has been paid. The executive director may summon by subpoena any person, records or documents pertinent to the making of a determination regarding insolvency or cessation of operation. For the purpose of making any tuition refund pursuant to this section, a school shall be deemed to have ceased operation whenever it has failed to complete a course or unit of instruction for which the student has paid a tuition fee and, as a result, the school's authorization has been revoked pursuant to section 10a-22f, as amended by this act. If the executive director finds that the applicant is entitled to a refund of tuition because of the insolvency or cessation of operation of the school, the executive director shall determine the amount of an appropriate refund which shall be equal to the tuition paid for the uncompleted course or unit of instruction. Thereafter the executive director shall direct the State Treasurer to pay, per order of the Comptroller, the refund to the applicant or persons, agencies or organizations indicated by the applicant who have paid tuition on the student's behalf. If the student is a minor, payment shall be made to the student's parent, parents or legal guardian. In no event shall a refund be made from the student protection account for any financial aid provided to or on behalf of any student in accordance with the provisions of Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended from time to time. Each recipient of a tuition refund made in accordance with the provisions of this section shall assign all rights to the state of any action against the school or its owner or owners for tuition amounts reimbursed pursuant to this section. Upon such assignment, the state may take appropriate action against the school or its owner or owners

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- in order to reimburse the student protection account for any expenses or claims that are paid from the account and to reimburse the state for the reasonable and necessary expenses in undertaking such action. Any student who falsifies information on an application for tuition reimbursement shall lose his or her right to any refund from the account.
- Sec. 27. Subsection (c) of section 10-95r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2022):
- (c) The executive director may enter into cooperative arrangements with local and regional boards of education, private [occupational] career schools, institutions of higher education, job training agencies and employers in order to provide (1) general education, (2) vocational, technical, technological or postsecondary education, and (3) work experience.
- Sec. 28. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 10a-11b of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 1210 (1) The commission shall consist of the following voting members: 1211 (A) The president of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities, the 1212 president of The University of Connecticut, or their designees from the 1213 Board of Regents and Board of Trustees; (B) the provost of the 1214 Connecticut State Colleges and Universities and the provost of The 1215 University of Connecticut; (C) the chair of the Board of Regents for the 1216 Connecticut State Colleges and Universities, and the Board of Trustees 1217 for The University of Connecticut, or the chairs' designees; (D) the 1218 president, vice president or chair of the board of a large independent 1219 institution of higher education in the state, to be selected by the 1220 president of the Connecticut Conference of Independent Colleges; (E) 1221 the president, vice president or chair of the board of a small independent 1222 institution of higher education in the state, to be selected by the 1223 president of the Connecticut Conference of Independent Colleges; (F) a 1224 representative from a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, to be selected

by the Commissioner of Education; (G) a teaching faculty representative 1225 1226 from the Connecticut State Universities, to be selected by the president 1227 of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities; (H) a teaching faculty 1228 representative from the regional community-technical colleges, to be 1229 selected by the president of the Connecticut State Colleges and 1230 Universities; (I) a teaching faculty representative from The University of 1231 Connecticut, to be selected by the president of The University of 1232 Connecticut; (I) a teaching faculty representative from a private 1233 [occupational] career school in the state, to be selected by the 1234 Commissioner of Education; (K) one member appointed by the 1235 president pro tempore of the Senate, who shall be a representative of a 1236 large manufacturing employer in the state; (L) one member appointed 1237 by the speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall be a 1238 representative of a large financial or insurance services employer in the 1239 state; (M) one member appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, 1240 who shall be a representative of an information technology or digital 1241 media employer in the state; (N) one member appointed by the minority 1242 leader of the Senate, who shall be a representative of a small business 1243 employer in the state; (O) one member appointed by the majority leader 1244 of the House of Representatives, who shall be a representative of a 1245 health care employer in the state; and (P) one member appointed by the 1246 minority leader of the House of Representatives, who shall be a 1247 representative of a small business employer in the state. The 1248 commission membership shall, where feasible, reflect the state's 1249 geographic, racial and ethnic diversity.

- 1250 Sec. 29. Section 10a-34h of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes 1251 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 1252 October 1, 2022):
- 1253 (a) As used in this section:
- 1254 (1) "Credential" means a documented award issued by an authorized 1255 body, including, but not limited to, a (A) degree or certificate awarded 1256 by an institution of higher education, private [occupational] career 1257 school or provider of an alternate route to certification program

approved by the State Board of Education for teachers, (B) certification awarded through an examination process designed to demonstrate acquisition of designated knowledge, skill and ability to perform a specific job, (C) license issued by a governmental agency which permits an individual to practice a specific occupation upon verification that such individual meets a predetermined list of qualifications, and (D) documented completion of an apprenticeship or job training program; and

- (2) "Credential status type" means the official status of a credential which is either active, deprecated, probationary or superseded.
- (b) Not later than January 1, 2023, the executive director of the Office of Higher Education, in consultation with the advisory council established pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, shall create a database of credentials offered in the state for the purpose of explaining the skills and competencies earned through a credential in uniform terms and plain language. In creating the database, the executive director shall utilize the minimum data policy of the New England Board of Higher Education's High Value Credentials for New England initiative, the uniform terms and descriptions of Credentials Engine's Credential Transparency Description Language and the uniform standards for comparing and linking credentials in Credential Engine's Credential Transparency Description Language-Achievement Standards Network. At a minimum, the database shall include the following information for each credential: (1) Credential status type, (2) the entity that owns or offers the credential, (3) the type of credential being offered, (4) a short description of the credential, (5) the name of the credential, (6) the Internet web site that provides information relating to the credential, (7) the language in which the credential is offered, (8) the estimated duration for completion, (9) the industry related to the credential which may include its code under the North American Industry Classification System, (10) the occupation related to the credential which may include its code under the standard occupational classification system of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the

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- United States Department of Labor or under The Occupational 1291 1292 Information Network, (11) the estimated cost for earning the credential, 1293 and (12) a listing of online or physical locations where the credential is 1294 offered.
  - (c) There is established an advisory council for the purpose of advising the executive director of the Office of Higher Education on the implementation of the database created pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The advisory council shall consist of (1) representatives from the Office of Workforce Strategy, Office of Higher Education, Office of Policy and Management, Labor Department, Department of Education, Connecticut State Colleges and Universities, The University of Connecticut and independent institutions of higher education, and (2) the Chief Data Officer, or such officer's designee. The Chief Workforce Officer, the Chief Data Officer and the executive director of the Office of Higher Education, or their designees, shall be cochairpersons of the advisory council and shall schedule the meetings of the advisory council.
    - (d) Not later than July 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, each regional workforce development board, community action agency, as defined in section 17b-885, institution of higher education, private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, provider of an alternate route to certification program approved by the State Board of Education, and provider of a training program listed on the Labor Department's Eligible Training Provider List shall submit information, in the form and manner prescribed by the executive director of the Office of Higher Education, about any credential offered by such institution, school or provider for inclusion in the database created pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. Such information shall include, but need not be limited to, the data described in subdivisions (1) to (12), inclusive, of subsection (b) of this section, except an institution of higher education may omit the data required pursuant to subdivisions (6), (9) and (10) of subsection (b) of this section if such data is not applicable to a credential offered by such institution.
    - (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any state

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- agency or department to submit credential information to the database created pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- (f) The Labor Department may, in consultation with the advisory council established pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, require any program sponsor of a preapprenticeship or apprenticeship program registered with the department to submit information about such program to the Office of Higher Education for inclusion in such database.
- Sec. 30. Subsection (c) of section 10a-55a of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 1335 (c) On or before October 1, 2007, each institution of higher education 1336 and private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, as defined in section 10a-22a, 1337 as amended by this act, shall have an emergency response plan. On or 1338 before October 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, each institution of higher education and private [occupational] career school shall submit 1339 1340 a copy of its emergency response plan to (1) the Commissioner of 1341 Emergency Services and Public Protection, and (2) local first responders. 1342 Such plan shall be developed in consultation with such first responders 1343 and shall include a strategy for notifying students and employees of the 1344 institution or school and visitors to such institution or school of 1345 emergency information.
  - Sec. 31. Section 10a-161a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
    - The president of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities and the Office of Higher Education shall report, biennially, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to higher education on state, northeast regional and national trends in (1) the cost of attendance at public and independent institutions of higher education and private [occupational] <u>career</u> schools, and (2) the availability and

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- utilization of all forms of student financial aid for academic and 1355 1356 noncredit vocational courses and programs relative to economic 1357 conditions and personal income.
- 1358 Sec. 32. Subdivisions (21) and (22) of section 10a-223 of the 2022 1359 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by section 273 of public 1360 act 21-2 of the June special session, are repealed and the following is 1361 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 1362 (21) "High-value certificate program" means a noncredit sub-1363 baccalaureate certificate program offered by an institution of higher 1364 education or a private [occupational] career school that the Chief 1365 Workforce Officer determines to meet the needs of employers in the 1366 state; and
- 1367 (22) "Connecticut high-value certificate program" means a high-value 1368 certificate program offered by an institution of higher education or a 1369 private [occupational] <u>career</u> school in the state.
- 1370 Sec. 33. Subdivision (109) of section 12-412 of the 2022 supplement to 1371 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1372 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (109) Sales of college textbooks to full and part-time students enrolled at institutions of higher education or private [occupational] career schools authorized pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act, provided the student presents a valid student identification card. For purposes of this subdivision, "college textbooks" means new or used books and related workbooks required or recommended for a course at an institution of higher education or a private [occupational] career school authorized pursuant to sections 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 1382 Sec. 34. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 13b-38ee of the 1383 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is 1384 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

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- (1) "Eligible organization" means any provider of a training program including, but not limited to, a provider of a training program listed on the Labor Department's Eligible Training Provider List, an apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program sponsor, a provider of an alternate route to certification program approved by the State Board of Education, an institution of higher education, a private [occupational] career school, an employer, a state or municipal agency and a public or nonprofit social service provider in the state; and
- Sec. 35. Subsection (a) of section 14-37a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1395 1, 2022):
  - (a) Any person whose operator's license has been suspended pursuant to any provision of this chapter or chapter 248, except pursuant to section 14-215 for operating under suspension or pursuant to section 14-140 for failure to appear for any scheduled court appearance, and any person identified in subsection (g) of this section may make application to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles for (1) a special "work" permit to operate a motor vehicle to and from such person's place of employment or, if such person is not employed at a fixed location, to operate a motor vehicle only in connection with, and to the extent necessary, to properly perform such person's business or profession, (2) a special "education" permit to operate a motor vehicle to and from an institution of higher education or a private [occupational] career school, as defined in section 10a-22a, as amended by this act, in which such person is enrolled, provided no such special "education" permit shall be issued to any student enrolled in a high school under the jurisdiction of a local or regional board of education, a high school under the jurisdiction of a regional educational service center, a charter school, a regional agricultural science and technology education center or a technical education and career school, or (3) a special "medical" permit to operate a motor vehicle to and from any ongoing medically necessary treatment, available upon adoption by the commissioner of regulations pursuant to chapter 54, that describe qualifications for such permit. Such

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- application shall be accompanied by an application fee of one hundred dollars.
- Sec. 36. Subsection (a) of section 17b-749 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- 1423 (a) The Commissioner of Early Childhood shall establish and operate 1424 a child care subsidy program to increase the availability, affordability 1425 and quality of child care services for families with a parent or caretaker 1426 who (1) is (A) working or attending high school, or (B) subject to the 1427 provisions of subsection (d) of this section, is enrolled or participating 1428 in (i) a public or independent institution of higher education, (ii) a 1429 private [occupational] career school authorized pursuant to sections 1430 10a-22a to 10a-22o, inclusive, as amended by this act, (iii) a job training 1431 or employment program administered by a regional workforce 1432 development board, (iv) an apprenticeship program administered by 1433 the Labor Department's office of apprenticeship training, (v) an 1434 alternate route to certification program approved by the State Board of 1435 Education, (vi) an adult education program pursuant to section 10-69 or 1436 other high school equivalency program, or (vii) a local Even Start 1437 program or other adult education program approved by the 1438 Commissioner of Early Childhood; or (2) receives cash assistance under 1439 the temporary family assistance program from the Department of Social 1440 Services and is participating in an education, training or other job 1441 preparation activity approved pursuant to subsection (b) of section 17b-1442 688i or subsection (b) of section 17b-689d. Services available under the 1443 child care subsidy program shall include the provision of child care 1444 subsidies for children under the age of thirteen or children under the 1445 age of nineteen with special needs. The Office of Early Childhood shall 1446 open and maintain enrollment for the child care subsidy program and 1447 shall administer such program within the existing budgetary resources 1448 available. The office shall issue a notice on the office's Internet web site 1449 any time the office closes the program to new applications, changes 1450 eligibility requirements, changes program benefits or makes any other

- 1451 change to the program's status or terms, except the office shall not be 1452 required to issue such notice when the office expands program 1453 eligibility. Any change in the office's acceptance of new applications, 1454 eligibility requirements, program benefits or any other change to the 1455 program's status or terms for which the office is required to give notice 1456 pursuant to this subsection, shall not be effective until thirty days after
- 1458 Sec. 37. Subsection (a) of section 31-11ss of the 2022 supplement to the 1459 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1460 thereof (Effective October 1, 2022):
  - (a) As used in this section:

the office issues such notice.

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- (1) "Advanced manufacturing" means a manufacturing process that 1462 1463 makes extensive use of computer, high-precision or information 1464 technologies integrated with a high-performance workforce in a 1465 production system capable of furnishing a heterogeneous mix of 1466 products in small or large volumes with either the efficiency of mass 1467 production or the flexibility of custom manufacturing in order to 1468 respond quickly to customer demands. "Advanced manufacturing" 1469 includes newly developed methods to manufacture existing products 1470 and the manufacture of new products emerging from new advanced 1471 technologies;
  - (2) "Eligible business" means a business that (A) has operations in Connecticut, (B) has been registered to conduct business for not less than twelve months, and (C) is in good standing with respect to the payment of all state and local taxes. "Eligible business" does not include the state or any political subdivision thereof;
  - (3) ["Private occupational school"] "Private career school" has the same meaning as provided in section 10a-22a, as amended by this act;
- 1479 (4) "Public institution of higher education" means any of the 1480 institutions of higher education identified in subdivision (2) of section 1481 10a-1;

- (5) "Qualifying advanced manufacturing certificate program" means a for-credit or noncredit sub-baccalaureate advanced manufacturing certificate program offered by a public institution of higher education or a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school in which at least seventy-five per cent of the graduates of such certificate program are employed in a field related to or requiring such certificate in the year following graduation; and
  - (6) "Veteran" has the same meaning as provided in section 27-103.
- Sec. 38. Section 46b-56c of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
  - (a) For purposes of this section, an educational support order is an order entered by a court requiring a parent to provide support for a child or children to attend for up to a total of four full academic years an institution of higher education or a private [occupational] <u>career</u> school for the purpose of attaining a bachelor's or other undergraduate degree, or other appropriate vocational instruction. An educational support order may be entered with respect to any child who has not attained twenty-three years of age and shall terminate not later than the date on which the child attains twenty-three years of age.
  - (b) (1) On motion or petition of a parent, the court may enter an educational support order at the time of entry of a decree of dissolution, legal separation or annulment, and no educational support order may be entered thereafter unless the decree explicitly provides that a motion or petition for an educational support order may be filed by either parent at a subsequent date. If no educational support order is entered at the time of entry of a decree of dissolution, legal separation or annulment, and the parents have a child who has not attained twenty-three years of age, the court shall inform the parents that no educational support order may be entered thereafter. The court may accept a parent's waiver of the right to file a motion or petition for an educational support order upon a finding that the parent fully understands the

1514 consequences of such waiver.

- (2) A waiver of the right to file a motion or petition for an educational support order may be made in writing by either parent and accepted by the court, provided the parent making the writing attests, under oath, that the parent fully understands the consequences of such waiver, and that no restraining order issued pursuant to section 46b-15 or protective order issued pursuant to section 46b-38c, between the parties is in effect or pending before the court. The provisions of this subdivision shall not preclude the court from requiring that the parties attend a hearing and that findings be made on the record.
  - (3) On motion or petition of a parent, the court may enter an educational support order at the time of entry of an order for support pendente lite pursuant to section 46b-83.
  - (4) On motion or petition of a parent, the court may enter an educational support order at the time of entering an order of support pursuant to section 46b-61 or 46b-171, or similar section of the general statutes, or at any time thereafter.
  - (5) On motion or petition of a parent, the court may enter an educational support order at the time of entering an order pursuant to any other provision of the general statutes authorizing the court to make an order of support for a child, subject to the provisions of sections 46b-301 to 46b-425, inclusive.
  - (c) The court may not enter an educational support order pursuant to this section unless the court finds as a matter of fact that it is more likely than not that the parents would have provided support to the child for higher education or private [occupational] <u>career</u> school if the family were intact. After making such finding, the court, in determining whether to enter an educational support order, shall consider all relevant circumstances, including: (1) The parents' income, assets and other obligations, including obligations to other dependents; (2) the child's need for support to attend an institution of higher education or

- private [occupational] <u>career</u> school considering the child's assets and the child's ability to earn income; (3) the availability of financial aid from other sources, including grants and loans; (4) the reasonableness of the higher education to be funded considering the child's academic record and the financial resources available; (5) the child's preparation for, aptitude for and commitment to higher education; and (6) evidence, if any, of the institution of higher education or private [occupational] career school the child would attend.
- (d) Any finding required to be made by the court, pursuant to this section may be made on the basis of an affidavit, made under oath, by either party, provided that the party making the affidavit attests that no restraining order issued pursuant to section 46b-15 or protective order, issued pursuant to section 46b-38c, between the parties is in effect or pending before the court. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the court from requiring that the parties attend a hearing and that findings be made on the record.
- (e) At the appropriate time, both parents shall participate in, and agree upon, the decision as to which institution of higher education or private [occupational] <u>career</u> school the child will attend. The court may make an order resolving the matter if the parents fail to reach an agreement.
- (f) To qualify for payments due under an educational support order, the child must (1) enroll in an accredited institution of higher education or private [occupational] <u>career</u> school, as defined in section 10a-22a, <u>as amended by this act</u>, (2) actively pursue a course of study commensurate with the child's vocational goals that constitutes at least one-half the course load determined by that institution or school to constitute full-time enrollment, (3) maintain good academic standing in accordance with the rules of the institution or school, and (4) make available all academic records to both parents during the term of the order. The order shall be suspended after any academic period during which the child fails to comply with these conditions.

- 1577 (g) The educational support order may include support for any 1578 necessary educational expense, including room, board, dues, tuition, 1579 fees, registration and application costs, but such expenses shall not be 1580 more than the amount charged by The University of Connecticut for a 1581 full-time in-state student at the time the child for whom educational 1582 support is being ordered matriculates, except this limit may be exceeded 1583 by agreement of the parents. An educational support order may also 1584 include the cost of books and medical insurance for such child.
  - (h) The court may direct that payments under an educational support order be made (1) to a parent to be forwarded to the institution of higher education or private [occupational] career school, (2) directly to the institution or school, or (3) otherwise as the court determines to be appropriate.
  - (i) On motion or petition of a parent, an educational support order may be modified or enforced in the same manner as is provided by law for any support order.
- 1593 (j) This section does not create a right of action by a child for parental 1594 support for higher education.
- 1595 (k) An educational support order under this section does not include 1596 support for graduate or postgraduate education beyond a bachelor's 1597 degree.
- 1598 (1) The provisions of this section shall apply only in cases when the 1599 initial order for parental support of the child is entered on or after 1600 October 1, 2002.
- 1601 Sec. 39. Subsection (a) of section 10a-55i of the 2022 supplement to the 1602 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1603 thereof (Effective October 1, 2022):
  - (a) There is established a Higher Education Consolidation Committee which shall be convened by the chairpersons of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters

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1607 relating to higher education or such chairpersons' designee, who shall 1608 be a member of such joint standing committee. The membership of the 1609 Higher Education Consolidation Committee shall consist of the higher education subcommittee on appropriations and the chairpersons, vice 1610 1611 chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing committees of 1612 the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to higher 1613 education and appropriations. The Higher Education Consolidation 1614 Committee shall establish a meeting and public hearing schedule for 1615 purposes of receiving updates from (1) the Board of Regents for Higher 1616 Education on the progress of the consolidation of the state system of 1617 higher education pursuant to this section, section 4-9c, subsection (g) of 1618 section 5-160, section 5-199d, subsection (a) of section 7-323k, subsection 1619 (a) of section 7-608, subsection (a) of section 10-9, section 10-155d, 1620 subdivision (14) of section 10-183b, sections 10a-1a to 10a-1d, inclusive, 1621 <u>as amended by this act,</u> 10a-3 and 10a-3a, 10a-8, 10a-10a to 10a-11a, 1622 inclusive, 10a-17d and 10a-22a, as amended by this act, [subsections (f) 1623 and (h) of section 10a-22b, as amended by this act, subsections (c) and 1624 (d) of section 10a-22d, as amended by this act, sections 10a-22h, as 1625 amended by this act, and 10a-22k, subsection (a) of section 10a-22n, as 1626 amended by this act, sections 10a-22r, as amended by this act, 10a-22s, 1627 10a-22u, as amended by this act, 10a-22v, as amended by this act, 10a-1628 22x and 10a-34 to 10a-35a, inclusive, as amended by this act, subsection 1629 (a) of section 10a-48a, sections 10a-71 and 10a-72, subsections (c) and (f) 1630 of section 10a-77, section 10a-88, subsection (a) of section 10a-89, 1631 subsection (c) of section 10a-99 and sections 10a-102, 10a-104, 10a-105, 1632 10a-109e, 10a-143 and 10a-168a, and (2) the Board of Regents for Higher 1633 Education and The University of Connecticut on the program approval 1634 process for the constituent units. The Higher Education Consolidation 1635 Committee shall convene its first meeting on or before September 15, 1636 2011, and meet not less than once every two months.

Sec. 40. Section 10a-22y of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective October 1, 2022*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	July 1, 2022	4-5		
Sec. 2	October 1, 2022	10a-1d		
Sec. 3	October 1, 2022	10a-34		
Sec. 4	October 1, 2022	10a-34c		
Sec. 5	October 1, 2022	10a-34e(a)		
Sec. 6	October 1, 2022	10a-34g(a)		
Sec. 7	October 1, 2022	10-67(4)		
Sec. 8	October 1, 2022	12-407(a)(37)(J)		
Sec. 9	October 1, 2022	30-22a(k)		
Sec. 10	October 1, 2022	10a-22a		
Sec. 11	October 1, 2022	10a-22b		
Sec. 12	October 1, 2022	10a-22c		
Sec. 13	October 1, 2022	10a-22d		
Sec. 14	October 1, 2022	10a-22e		
Sec. 15	October 1, 2022	10a-22f		
Sec. 16	October 1, 2022	10a-22g		
Sec. 17	October 1, 2022	10a-22h		
Sec. 18	October 1, 2022	10a-22i		
Sec. 19	October 1, 2022	10a-22 <i>l</i>		
Sec. 20	October 1, 2022	10a-22m		
Sec. 21	October 1, 2022	10a-22n		
Sec. 22	October 1, 2022	10a-22p		
Sec. 23	October 1, 2022	10a-22q		
Sec. 24	October 1, 2022	10a-22r		
Sec. 25	October 1, 2022	10a-22u		
Sec. 26	October 1, 2022	10a-22v		
Sec. 27	October 1, 2022	10-95r(c)		
Sec. 28	October 1, 2022	10a-11b(a)(1)		
Sec. 29	October 1, 2022	10a-34h		
Sec. 30	October 1, 2022	10a-55a(c)		
Sec. 31	October 1, 2022	10a-161a		
Sec. 32	October 1, 2022	10a-223(21) and (22)		
Sec. 33	October 1, 2022	12-412(109)		
Sec. 34	October 1, 2022	13b-38ee(a)(1)		
Sec. 35	October 1, 2022	14-37a(a)		
Sec. 36	October 1, 2022	17b-749(a)		
Sec. 37	October 1, 2022	31-11ss(a)		

Sec. 38	October 1, 2022	46b-56c
Sec. 39	October 1, 2022	10a-55i(a)
Sec. 40	October 1, 2022	Repealer section

## **HED** Joint Favorable