

General Assembly

February Session, 2024

Governor's Bill No. 9

Referred to Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH

Introduced by: Request of the Governor Pursuant to Joint Rule 9

AN ACT PROMOTING HOSPITAL FINANCIAL STABILITY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 19a-494 of the general statutes is
 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2024):

4 (a) The Commissioner of Public Health, after a hearing held in 5 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, may take any of the 6 following actions, singly or in combination, in any case in which the 7 commissioner finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply 8 with the requirements established under this chapter <u>or requirements</u> 9 <u>established under this title relating to institutions</u>, the Public Health 10 Code or licensing regulations:

- 11 (1) Revoke a license or certificate;
- 12 (2) Suspend a license or certificate;
- 13 (3) Censure a licensee or certificate holder;

14 (4) Issue a letter of reprimand to a licensee or certificate holder;

- (5) Place a licensee or certificate holder on probationary status and
 require [him] <u>the licensee or certificate holder</u> to report regularly to the
 department on the matters which are the basis of the probation;
- (6) Restrict the acquisition of other facilities for a period of time setby the commissioner;
- 20 (7) Issue an order compelling compliance with applicable statutes or21 regulations of the department; [or]
- 22 (8) Impose a directed plan of correction; or
- 23 (9)Assess a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.

24 Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) (a) For the purposes of this 25 section, (1) "emergency department diversion" means the status of a 26 hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 368v of the general statutes that 27 reroutes incoming ambulances to other hospitals due to the diverting 28 hospital's emergency department saturation or lack of medical 29 capability, and (2) "emergency department saturation" means a 30 hospital's emergency department resources are fully committed and are 31 not available for additional incoming ambulance patients.

32 (b) The Commissioner of Public Health shall establish (1) emergency 33 department diversion requirements for hospitals, including, but not 34 limited to, the requirement that each hospital adopt emergency 35 department diversion policies and the required content of such policies, 36 (2) the permissible grounds for, and procedures to be followed by, a 37 hospital to declare an emergency department diversion and the 38 procedures to be followed by the hospital after declaring such diversion, 39 (3) requirements for hospitals to receive diverted patients, and (4) 40 requirements for emergency medical service organizations licensed or 41 certified under chapter 368d of the general statutes in the event that a 42 hospital declares an emergency department diversion. Prior to declaring 43 an emergency department diversion, a hospital shall provide notice to

the Department of Public Health in the form and manner prescribed bythe Commissioner of Public Health.

46 (c) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with 47 chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this 48 section. The commissioner may implement policies and procedures 49 necessary to implement the provisions of this section while in the 50 process of adopting such policies and procedures as regulations, 51 provided notice of intent to adopt regulations is published on the 52 eRegulations System not later than twenty days after the date of 53 implementation. Policies and procedures implemented pursuant to this 54 section shall be valid until final regulations are adopted in accordance 55 with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes.

56 (d) The commissioner may assess a civil penalty not to exceed 57 twenty-five thousand dollars on a hospital that violates the 58 requirements established pursuant to the provisions of this section, in 59 accordance with the provisions of section 19a-494 of the general statutes, 60 as amended by this act. Failure of an emergency medical service 61 organization to comply with such requirements shall be grounds for 62 disciplinary action pursuant to subsection (c) of section 19a-180 of the 63 general statutes.

64 Sec. 3. Section 19a-630 of the general statutes is repealed and the 65 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

66 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Affiliate" means a person, entity or organization controlling,
controlled by or under common control with another person, entity or
organization. Affiliate does not include a medical foundation organized
under chapter 594b.

(2) "Applicant" means any person or health care facility that appliesfor a certificate of need pursuant to section 19a-639a.

73 (3) "Bed capacity" means the total number of inpatient beds in a

facility licensed by the Department of Public Health under sections 19a-490 to 19a-503, inclusive.

(4) "Capital expenditure" means an expenditure that under generally
accepted accounting principles consistently applied is not properly
chargeable as an expense of operation or maintenance and includes
acquisition by purchase, transfer, lease or comparable arrangement, or
through donation, if the expenditure would have been considered a
capital expenditure had the acquisition been by purchase.

82 (5) "Certificate of need" means a certificate issued by the unit.

83 (6) "Days" means calendar days.

84 (7) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Office of85 Health Strategy.

86 (8) "Free clinic" means a private, nonprofit community-based 87 organization that provides medical, dental, pharmaceutical or mental 88 health services at reduced cost or no cost to low-income, uninsured and 89 underinsured individuals.

90 (9) "Large group practice" means eight or more full-time equivalent physicians, legally organized in a partnership, professional corporation, 91 92 limited liability company formed to render professional services, 93 medical foundation, not-for-profit corporation, faculty practice plan or 94 other similar entity (A) in which each physician who is a member of the 95 group provides substantially the full range of services that the physician 96 routinely provides, including, but not limited to, medical care, 97 consultation, diagnosis or treatment, through the joint use of shared 98 office space, facilities, equipment or personnel; (B) for which 99 substantially all of the services of the physicians who are members of 100 the group are provided through the group and are billed in the name of 101 the group practice and amounts so received are treated as receipts of the 102 group; or (C) in which the overhead expenses of, and the income from, 103 the group are distributed in accordance with methods previously 104 determined by members of the group. An entity that otherwise meets

the definition of group practice under this section shall be considered a group practice although its shareholders, partners or owners of the group practice include single-physician professional corporations, limited liability companies formed to render professional services or other entities in which beneficial owners are individual physicians.

110 (10) "Health care facility" means (A) hospitals licensed by the 111 Department of Public Health under chapter 368v; (B) specialty hospitals; 112 (C) freestanding emergency departments; (D) outpatient surgical 113 facilities, as defined in section 19a-493b and licensed under chapter 114 368v; (E) a hospital or other facility or institution operated by the state 115 that provides services that are eligible for reimbursement under Title 116 XVIII or XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 42 USC 301, as amended; 117 (F) a central service facility; (G) mental health facilities; (H) substance 118 abuse treatment facilities; and (I) any other facility requiring certificate 119 of need review pursuant to subsection (a) of section 19a-638, as 120 amended by this act. "Health care facility" includes any parent company, 121 subsidiary, affiliate or joint venture, or any combination thereof, of any 122 such facility.

(11) "Nonhospital based" means located at a site other than the maincampus of the hospital.

125 (12) "Office" means the Office of Health Strategy.

(13) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, limited
liability company, association, <u>public company, entity, as defined in</u>
<u>section 33-602</u>, governmental subdivision, agency or public or private
organization of any character, but does not include the agency
conducting the proceeding.

131 (14) "Physician" has the same meaning as provided in section 20-13a.

(15) "Termination of services" means the cessation of any services fora period greater than one hundred eighty days.

134 (16) "Transfer of ownership" means (A) a transfer that impacts or

135 136 137 138 139 140 141	changes the governance or controlling body of a health care facility, institution or large group practice, including, but not limited to, all affiliations [,] <u>or</u> mergers, [or] (<u>B</u>) any sale or transfer of net assets of a health care facility, or (C) a transfer of a controlling interest in any entity, as defined in section 33-602, that possesses or controls, directly or indirectly, an interest of twenty per cent or more of a health care facility, institution, as defined in section 19a-490, or large group practice.		
142	(17) "Unit" means the Health Systems Planning Unit.		
143	Sec. 4. Section 19a-638 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes		
144	is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective		
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146	(a) A certificate of need issued by the unit shall be required for:		
147	(1) The establishment of a new health care facility;		
148	(2) A transfer of ownership of a health care facility;		
149	(3) A transfer of ownership of a large group practice to any entity		
150	other than a (A) physician, or (B) group of two or more physicians,		
151	legally organized in a partnership, professional corporation or limited		
152	liability company formed to render professional services and not		
153	employed by or an affiliate of any hospital, medical foundation,		
154	insurance company or other similar entity;		
155	(4) The establishment of a freestanding emergency department;		
156	(5) The termination of inpatient or outpatient services offered by a		
157	hospital, including, but not limited to, the termination by a short-term		
158	acute care general hospital or children's hospital of inpatient and		
159	outpatient mental health and substance abuse services;		
160	(6) The establishment of an outpatient surgical facility, as defined in		
161	section 19a-493b, or as established by a short-term acute care general		
162	hospital;		

(7) The termination of surgical services by an outpatient surgical
facility, as defined in section 19a-493b, or a facility that provides
outpatient surgical services as part of the outpatient surgery department
of a short-term acute care general hospital, provided termination of
outpatient surgical services due to (A) insufficient patient volume, or (B)
the termination of any subspecialty surgical service, shall not require
certificate of need approval;

170 (8) The termination of an emergency department by a short-term171 acute care general hospital;

(9) The establishment of cardiac services, including inpatient and
outpatient cardiac catheterization, interventional cardiology and
cardiovascular surgery;

175 (10) The acquisition of [computed tomography scanners,] magnetic 176 resonance imaging scanners, positron emission tomography scanners or 177 positron emission tomography-computed tomography scanners, by any 178 person, physician, provider, short-term acute care general hospital or 179 children's hospital, except (A) as provided for in subdivision (22) of 180 subsection (b) of this section, and (B) a certificate of need issued by the 181 unit shall not be required where such scanner is a replacement for a 182 scanner that was previously acquired through certificate of need 183 approval or a certificate of need determination, including a replacement 184 scanner that has dual modalities or functionalities if the applicant 185 already offers similar imaging services for each of the scanner's modalities or functionalities that will be utilized; 186

(11) The acquisition of nonhospital based linear accelerators, except a
certificate of need issued by the unit shall not be required where such
accelerator is a replacement for an accelerator that was previously
acquired through certificate of need approval or a certificate of need
determination;

(12) An increase in the licensed bed capacity of a health care facility,except as provided in subdivision (23) of subsection (b) of this section;

(13) The acquisition of equipment utilizing technology that has notpreviously been utilized in the state;

(14) An increase of two or more operating rooms within any threeyear period, commencing on and after October 1, 2010, by an outpatient
surgical facility, as defined in section 19a-493b, or by a short-term acute
care general hospital; [and]

(15) The termination of inpatient or outpatient services offered by a
hospital or other facility or institution operated by the state that
provides services that are eligible for reimbursement under Title XVIII
or XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 42 USC 301, as amended;

204 (16) A transfer of ten per cent or more of the assets owned by a
 205 hospital, including, but not limited to, a transfer of real estate; and

206 (17) The issuance of dividends over the course of any three-year
 207 period in excess of twenty per cent of the net worth of a hospital.

208 (b) A certificate of need shall not be required for:

209 (1) Health care facilities owned and operated by the federal210 government;

(2) The establishment of offices by a licensed private practitioner,
whether for individual or group practice, except when a certificate of
need is required in accordance with the requirements of section 19a493b or subdivision (3), (10) or (11) of subsection (a) of this section;

(3) A health care facility operated by a religious group thatexclusively relies upon spiritual means through prayer for healing;

(4) Residential care homes, as defined in subsection (c) of section 19a490, and nursing homes and rest homes, as defined in subsection (o) of
section 19a-490;

220 (5) An assisted living services agency, as defined in section 19a-490;

221 (6) Home health agencies, as defined in section 19a-490;

- 222 (7) Hospice services, as described in section 19a-122b;
- 223 (8) Outpatient rehabilitation facilities;
- 224 (9) Outpatient chronic dialysis services;
- 225 (10) Transplant services;

226 (11) Free clinics, as defined in section 19a-630, as amended by this act;

(12) School-based health centers and expanded school health sites, as
such terms are defined in section 19a-6r, community health centers, as
defined in section 19a-490a, not-for-profit outpatient clinics licensed in
accordance with the provisions of chapter 368v and federally qualified
health centers;

(13) A program licensed or funded by the Department of Children
and Families, provided such program is not a psychiatric residential
treatment facility;

235 (14) Any nonprofit facility, institution or provider that has a contract 236 with, or is certified or licensed to provide a service for, a state agency or 237 department for a service that would otherwise require a certificate of 238 need. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to a short-term 239 acute care general hospital or children's hospital, or a hospital or other 240 facility or institution operated by the state that provides services that are 241 eligible for reimbursement under Title XVIII or XIX of the federal Social 242 Security Act, 42 USC 301, as amended;

(15) A health care facility operated by a nonprofit educational
institution exclusively for students, faculty and staff of such institution
and their dependents;

(16) An outpatient clinic or program operated exclusively by or
contracted to be operated exclusively by a municipality, municipal
agency, municipal board of education or a health district, as described
in section 19a-241;

(17) A residential facility for persons with intellectual disability
licensed pursuant to section 17a-227 and certified to participate in the
Title XIX Medicaid program as an intermediate care facility for
individuals with intellectual disabilities;

254 (18) Replacement of existing computed tomography scanners, 255 magnetic resonance imaging scanners, positron emission tomography 256 scanners, positron emission tomography-computed tomography 257 scanners, or nonhospital based linear accelerators, if such equipment 258 was acquired through certificate of need approval or a certificate of need 259 determination, provided a health care facility, provider, physician or 260 person notifies the unit of the date on which the equipment is replaced 261 and the disposition of the replaced equipment, including if a 262 replacement scanner has dual modalities or functionalities and the 263 applicant already offers similar imaging services for each of the 264 equipment's modalities or functionalities that will be utilized;

(19) Acquisition of cone-beam dental imaging equipment that is to beused exclusively by a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 379;

(20) The partial or total elimination of services provided by an
outpatient surgical facility, as defined in section 19a-493b, except as
provided in subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of this section and section
19a-639e;

(21) The termination of services for which the Department of PublicHealth has requested the facility to relinquish its license;

(22) Acquisition of any equipment by any person that is to be usedexclusively for scientific research that is not conducted on humans;

(23) On or before June 30, 2026, an increase in the licensed bed capacity of a mental health facility, provided (A) the mental health facility demonstrates to the unit, in a form and manner prescribed by the unit, that it accepts reimbursement for any covered benefit provided to a covered individual under: (i) An individual or group health insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in 281 subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469; (ii) a self-282 insured employee welfare benefit plan established pursuant to the 283 federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended 284 from time to time; or (iii) HUSKY Health, as defined in section 17b-290, 285 and (B) if the mental health facility does not accept or stops accepting 286 reimbursement for any covered benefit provided to a covered 287 individual under a policy, plan or program described in clause (i), (ii) or 288 (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, a certificate of need for such 289 increase in the licensed bed capacity shall be required.

(24) The establishment at harm reduction centers through the pilotprogram established pursuant to section 17a-673c; or

(25) On or before June 30, 2028, a birth center, as defined in section
19a-490, that is enrolled as a provider in the Connecticut medical
assistance program, as defined in section 17b-245g.

295 (c) (1) Any person, health care facility or institution that is unsure 296 whether a certificate of need is required under this section, or (2) any 297 health care facility that proposes to relocate pursuant to section 19a-298 639c, shall send a letter to the unit that describes the project and requests 299 that the unit make a determination as to whether a certificate of need is 300 required. In the case of a relocation of a health care facility, the letter 301 shall include information described in section 19a-639c. A person, health 302 care facility or institution making such request shall provide the unit 303 with any information the unit requests as part of its determination 304 process. The unit shall provide a determination within thirty days of 305 receipt of such request.

(d) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy may
implement policies and procedures necessary to administer the
provisions of this section while in the process of adopting such policies
and procedures as regulation, provided the executive director holds a
public hearing prior to implementing the policies and procedures and
posts notice of intent to adopt regulations on the office's Internet web
site and the eRegulations System not later than twenty days after the

date of implementation. Policies and procedures implemented pursuantto this section shall be valid until the time final regulations are adopted.

315 (e) On or before June 30, 2026, a mental health facility seeking to 316 increase licensed bed capacity without applying for a certificate of need, 317 as permitted pursuant to subdivision (23) of subsection (b) of this 318 section, shall notify the Office of Health Strategy, in a form and manner 319 prescribed by the executive director of said office, regarding (1) such 320 facility's intent to increase licensed bed capacity, (2) the address of such 321 facility, and (3) a description of all services that are being or will be 322 provided at such facility.

323 (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and sections 19a-324 639, as amended by this act, and 19a-639a, on or before December 31, 325 2025, the unit shall automatically issue a certificate of need to any large 326 group practice or health care facility, except a hospital licensed pursuant 327 to chapter 368v, for a transfer of ownership, as defined in subparagraph 328 (C) of subdivision (16) of section 19a-630, as amended by this act, upon 329 such practice or facility's submission of a certificate of need request for determination to the unit. 330

[(f)] (g) Not later than January 1, 2025, the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall report to the Governor and, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health concerning the executive director's recommendations, if any, regarding the establishment of an expedited certificate of need process for mental health facilities.

338 Sec. 5. Section 19a-639 of the general statutes is repealed and the 339 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

(a) In any deliberations involving a certificate of need application
filed pursuant to section 19a-638, as amended by this act, the unit shall
take into consideration and make written findings concerning each of
the following guidelines and principles:

(1) Whether the proposed project is consistent with any applicable
policies and standards adopted in regulations by the Office of Health
Strategy;

347 (2) [The relationship of the] <u>Whether the</u> proposed project [to] <u>is</u>
348 <u>consistent with any applicable policies and standards as set forth in</u> the
349 state-wide health care facilities and services plan;

350 (3) Whether [there is a clear] the applicant has satisfactorily 351 demonstrated that the proposed project is consistent with a public need, 352 [for the health care facility or services proposed by the applicant] 353 including, but not limited to, a public health or community health need 354 identified in a community health needs assessment, community service plan, community health improvement plan, community profile, the 355 356 applicant's long-term plan or other similar report characterizing the 357 health needs of the community;

(4) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated [how] <u>that</u>
the proposal will <u>not negatively</u> impact the financial strength of the
health care system in the <u>region and</u> state; [or that the proposal is
financially feasible for the applicant;]

(5) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated how the
proposal will improve <u>the</u> quality [, accessibility and cost effectiveness]
of health care delivery in the region; [, including, but not limited to,
provision of or any change in the access to services for Medicaid
recipients and indigent persons;]

367 (6) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated how the
368 proposal will improve access to health care in the region, including the
369 provision of or any change in the access to services for Medicaid and
370 Medicare recipients and indigent persons;

- 371 (7) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated how the
- 372 proposal will increase cost effectiveness of health care delivery in the
- 373 <u>region;</u>

[(6) The] (8) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated
that the proposal will not negatively affect the applicant's [past and
proposed] provision of health care services to relevant patient
populations [and] or alter the applicant's payer mix, including, but not
limited to, [access to] a decrease in the provision of services [by] to
Medicaid and Medicare recipients and indigent persons;

- [(7) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily identified the population
 to be served by the proposed project and satisfactorily demonstrated
 that the identified population has a need for the proposed services;
- 383 (8) The utilization of existing health care facilities and health care384 services in the service area of the applicant;]

(9) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the
proposed project shall not result in an unnecessary duplication of
existing or approved health care services or facilities;

(10) Whether an applicant, who has failed to provide or reduced
access to services by Medicaid <u>or Medicare</u> recipients or indigent
persons, has demonstrated good cause for doing so, which shall not be
demonstrated solely on the basis of differences in reimbursement rates
between [Medicaid and other] <u>public and private</u> health care payers;

(11) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the
proposal will not negatively impact the diversity of health care
providers and patient choice in the geographic region; [and]

(12) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that any
consolidation resulting from the proposal will not adversely affect
health care costs or [accessibility] access to care;

- 399 (13) If the application is for the termination of services, whether and
 400 to what extent the applicant's actions or inactions caused or contributed
- 401 to the conditions that resulted in the filing of the application; and
- 402 <u>(14) Whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the</u> 403 proposal will not negatively impact the finances of the health care

404 <u>facility so as to jeopardize or substantially impair the facility's future</u>
 405 <u>operations</u>.

(b) In deliberations as described in subsection (a) of this section, there
shall be a presumption in favor of approving the certificate of need
application for a transfer of ownership of a large group practice, as
described in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 19a-638, as
<u>amended by this act</u>, when an offer was made in response to a request
for proposal or similar voluntary offer for sale.

412 (c) The unit, as it deems necessary, may revise or supplement the 413 guidelines and principles, set forth in subsection (a) of this section, 414 through regulation. The executive director may implement policies and procedures necessary to implement the provisions of this section while 415 416 in the process of adopting such policies and procedures as regulations, 417 provided the executive director holds a public hearing at least thirty 418 days prior to implementing such policies and procedures and publishes 419 notice of intent to adopt the regulations on the Office of Health 420 Strategy's Internet web site and the eRegulations System not later than 421 twenty days after implementing such policies and procedures. Policies 422 and procedures implemented pursuant to this subsection shall be valid 423 until final regulations are adopted in accordance with the provisions of 424 chapter 54.

425 (d) (1) For purposes of this subsection and subsection (e) of this 426 section:

(A) "Affected community" means a municipality where a hospital is
physically located or a municipality whose inhabitants are regularly
served by a hospital;

430 (B) "Hospital" has the same meaning as provided in section 19a-490;

431 (C) "New hospital" means a hospital as it exists after the approval of
432 an agreement pursuant to section 19a-486b_z or a certificate of need
433 application for a transfer of ownership of a hospital;

(D) "Purchaser" means a person who is acquiring, or has acquired,any assets of a hospital through a transfer of ownership of a hospital;

(E) "Transacting party" means a purchaser and any person who is aparty to a proposed agreement for transfer of ownership of a hospital;

(F) "Transfer" means to sell, transfer, lease, exchange, option, convey,
give or otherwise dispose of or transfer control over, including, but not
limited to, transfer by way of merger or joint venture not in the ordinary
course of business; and

(G) "Transfer of ownership of a hospital" means a transfer that
impacts or changes the governance or controlling body of a hospital,
including, but not limited to, all affiliations, mergers or any sale or
transfer of net assets of a hospital and for which a certificate of need
application or a certificate of need determination letter is filed on or after
December 1, 2015.

(2) In any deliberations involving a certificate of need application filed pursuant to section 19a-638, as amended by this act, that involves the transfer of ownership of a hospital, the unit shall, in addition to the guidelines and principles set forth in subsection (a) of this section and those prescribed through regulation pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, take into consideration and make written findings concerning each of the following guidelines and principles:

(A) Whether the applicant fairly considered alternative proposals or
offers in light of the purpose of maintaining health care provider
diversity and consumer choice in the health care market and access to
affordable quality health care for the affected community; and

(B) Whether the plan submitted pursuant to section 19a-639a demonstrates, in a manner consistent with this chapter, how health care services will be provided by the new hospital for the first three years following the transfer of ownership of the hospital, including any consolidation, reduction, elimination or expansion of existing services or introduction of new services. (3) The unit shall deny any certificate of need application involving a
transfer of ownership of a hospital unless the executive director finds
that the affected community will be assured of continued access to high
quality and affordable health care after accounting for any proposed
change impacting hospital staffing.

470 (4) The unit may deny any certificate of need application involving a 471 transfer of ownership of a hospital subject to a cost and market impact 472 review pursuant to section $19a-639f_{2}$ if the executive director finds that (A) the affected community will not be assured of continued access to 473 474 high quality and affordable health care after accounting for any 475 consolidation in the hospital and health care market that may lessen 476 health care provider diversity, consumer choice and access to care, and 477 (B) any likely increases in the prices for health care services or total 478 health care spending in the state may negatively impact the affordability 479 of care.

480 (5) The unit may place any conditions on the approval of a certificate 481 of need application involving a transfer of ownership of a hospital 482 consistent with the provisions of this chapter. Before placing any such 483 conditions, the unit shall weigh the value of such conditions in 484 promoting the purposes of this chapter against the individual and 485 cumulative burden of such conditions on the transacting parties and the 486 new hospital. For each condition imposed, the unit shall include a 487 concise statement of the legal and factual basis for such condition and the provision or provisions of this chapter that it is intended to promote. 488 Each condition shall be reasonably tailored in time and scope. The 489 490 transacting parties or the new hospital shall have the right to make a 491 request to the unit for an amendment to, or relief from, any condition 492 based on changed circumstances, hardship or for other good cause.

(6) In any deliberations involving a certificate of need application
filed pursuant to section 19a-638, as amended by this act, that involves
the transfer of ownership of a hospital and that is subject to a cost and
market impact review, the unit shall be permitted to consider the
preliminary report, response to the preliminary report, final report and

498 any written comments from the parties regarding the reports issued or 499 submitted as part of the review, provided the unit has determined that 500 the disclosure of any such reports is appropriate in light of the considerations set forth in subsection (c) of section 19a-639f and each 501 502 party in the certificate of need proceeding was provided an opportunity 503 of not less than fourteen days after the date of issuance of the final report 504 to provide written comments on the reports issued as part of the review 505 process.

506 (e) (1) If the certificate of need application (A) involves the transfer of 507 ownership of a hospital, (B) the purchaser is a hospital, as defined in section 19a-490, whether located within or outside the state, that had net 508 509 patient revenue for fiscal year 2013 in an amount greater than one billion 510 five hundred million dollars or a hospital system, as defined in section 511 19a-486i, whether located within or outside the state, that had net 512 patient revenue for fiscal year 2013 in an amount greater than one billion 513 five hundred million dollars, or any person that is organized or operated 514 for profit, and (C) such application is approved, the unit shall hire an 515 independent consultant to serve as a post-transfer compliance reporter 516 for a period of not less than three years after completion of the transfer 517 of ownership of the hospital. Such reporter shall, at a minimum: (i) Meet 518 with representatives of the purchaser, the new hospital and members of 519 the affected community served by the new hospital not less than 520 quarterly; and (ii) report to the unit not less than quarterly concerning 521 (I) efforts the purchaser and representatives of the new hospital have 522 taken to comply with any conditions the unit placed on the approval of 523 the certificate of need application and plans for future compliance, and 524 (II) community benefits and uncompensated care provided by the new 525 hospital. The purchaser shall give the reporter access to its records and 526 facilities for the purposes of carrying out the reporter's duties. The 527 purchaser shall hold a public hearing in the municipality in which the 528 new hospital is located not less than annually during the reporting 529 period to provide for public review and comment on the reporter's 530 reports and findings.

531 (2) If the reporter finds that the purchaser has breached a condition

of the approval of the certificate of need application, the unit may, in consultation with the purchaser, the reporter and any other interested parties it deems appropriate, implement a performance improvement plan designed to remedy the conditions identified by the reporter and continue the [reporting] <u>compliance monitoring</u> period for up to one year following a determination by the unit that [such] <u>all</u> conditions have been [resolved] <u>met</u>.

(3) The purchaser shall provide funds, in an amount determined by
the unit not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars annually, for the
hiring of the post-transfer compliance reporter.

(f) Nothing in subsection (d) or (e) of this section shall apply to a
transfer of ownership of a hospital in which either a certificate of need
application is filed on or before December 1, 2015, or where a certificate
of need determination letter is filed on or before December 1, 2015.

546 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) (a) On or before October 31, 2024, and quarterly thereafter, each hospital, as defined in section 12-263p of 547 548 the general statutes, shall submit a report to the executive director of the 549 Office of Health Strategy that identifies (1) any vendor invoices that 550 remained unpaid for more than ninety days after receipt, regardless of 551 whether the hospital disputes such invoice, at the end of the prior 552 calendar quarter, (2) the outstanding balances on such invoices at the 553 end of the prior calendar quarter, (3) the number of days of cash on hand 554 at the end of the prior calendar quarter, (4) the operating margin for the 555 prior calendar quarter, and (5) the total margin for the prior calendar 556 quarter. The executive director shall develop a uniform template, 557 including definitions of terms used in such template, to be used by 558 hospitals for the purposes of complying with the provisions of this 559 subsection and post such template on the Office of Health Strategy's 560 Internet web site. Such template shall allow for an explanation of any 561 disputed charges. A hospital may request an extension of not more than 562 fifteen days to comply with the requirements of this subsection in a form 563 and manner prescribed by the executive director. The executive director 564 may grant such request for good cause, as determined by the executive

565 director.

566 (b) Any hospital that violates or fails to comply with the provisions 567 of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten 568 thousand dollars for each incident of noncompliance. Prior to imposing 569 any penalty pursuant to this subsection, the executive director shall 570 notify the hospital of the alleged violation and the accompanying 571 penalty and shall permit such hospital to request that the office review 572 its findings. A hospital shall request such review not later than fifteen 573 days after the date of receipt of the notice of violation. The executive director shall stay the imposition of any penalty pending the outcome 574 575 of the review. Payments of penalties received pursuant to this 576 subsection shall be deposited in the General Fund.

577 (c) On or before November 30, 2024, and quarterly thereafter, the 578 executive director shall provide to the Secretary of the Office of Policy 579 and Management a summary of the reports received in accordance with 580 subsection (a) of this section for the prior calendar quarter.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2024	19a-494(a)	
Sec. 2	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 3	from passage	19a-630	
Sec. 4	October 1, 2024	19a-638	
Sec. 5	October 1, 2024	19a-639	
Sec. 6	July 1, 2024	New section	

Statement of Purpose:

To implement the Governor's budget recommendations.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]