

## General Assembly

### Substitute Bill No. 8

February Session, 2024



#### AN ACT CONCERNING DRUG AFFORDABILITY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) For the purposes of this
- 2 section and sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act, unless the context
- 3 otherwise requires:
- 4 (1) "Canadian supplier" means a manufacturer or wholesale drug
- 5 distributor that is licensed or permitted under applicable Canadian law
- 6 to manufacture or distribute prescription drugs;
- 7 (2) "Canadian prescription drug importation program" or "program"
- 8 means the Canadian prescription drug importation program
- 9 established by the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy, in
- 10 consultation with the Commissioners of Social Services, Consumer
- 11 Protection and Public Health, pursuant to section 2 of this act;
- 12 (3) "Drug" means an article that is (A) recognized in the official United
- 13 States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the
- 14 United States or official National Formulary, or any supplement thereto,
- 15 (B) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or
- prevention of disease in humans, (C) not food and intended to affect the
- 17 structure or any function of the human body, and (D) not a device and
- 18 intended for use as a component of any article specified in

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- 19 subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of this subdivision;
- 20 (4) "Drug Quality and Security Act" means the federal Drug Quality 21 and Security Act, 21 USC 351, et seq., as amended from time to time;
- 22 (5) "Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act" means the federal Food, Drug and
- 23 Cosmetic Act, 21 USC 301, et seq., as amended by the Drug Quality and
- 24 Security Act, as both may be amended from time to time;
- 25 (6) "Laboratory" means an environmental laboratory as defined in
- section 19a-29a of the general statutes that is accredited as a testing
- 27 laboratory in accordance with International Organization for
- 28 Standardization (ISO) 17025 standards;
- 29 (7) "Laboratory testing" means a quantitative and qualitative analysis
- of a drug consistent with the applicable provisions of the official United
- 31 States Pharmacopoeia;
- 32 (8) "Medical assistance program" means the state's Medicaid program
- 33 established under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended from
- time to time, and the Children's Health Insurance Program established
- 35 under Title XXI of the Social Security Act, as amended from time to time;
- 36 (9) "Participating Canadian supplier" means a Canadian supplier that
- 37 is exporting prescription drugs, in the manufacturer's original
- 38 container, to a participating wholesaler for distribution in this state
- 39 under the program;
- 40 (10) "Participating wholesaler" means a wholesaler that is (A)
- 41 designated by the Department of Consumer Protection to distribute
- 42 prescription drugs, in the manufacturer's original container, obtained
- 43 from a participating Canadian supplier, and (B) participating in the
- 44 program;
- 45 (11) "Track-and-trace" means the product tracing process for the
- 46 components of the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain as
- 47 described in Title II of the Drug Quality and Security Act; and

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- 48 (12) "Wholesaler" means a wholesaler, as defined in section 21a-70 of 49 the general statutes, that has received a certificate of registration from 50 the Commissioner of Consumer Protection pursuant to said section.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) (a) The executive director of the
- 52 Office of Health Strategy, in consultation with the Commissioners of
- 53 Social Services, Consumer Protection and Public Health, shall establish
- 54 the "Canadian prescription drug importation program".
- Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the program
- shall provide for the importation of safe and effective prescription drugs
- 57 from Canada for the medical assistance program that have the highest
- 58 potential for cost savings in this state as determined by the executive
- 59 director in consultation with said commissioners.
- (b) (1) Not later than January 1, 2025, the executive director of the
- 61 Office of Health Strategy shall submit a request to the federal Food and
- 62 Drug Administration seeking approval for the program under Section
- 63 804 of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 USC 384(b) to 21
- 64 USC 384(h), inclusive, as amended from time to time. Such request shall,
- at a minimum:
- 66 (A) Describe the state's plans for operating the program;
- 67 (B) Demonstrate that any prescription drug that is imported and distributed in this state under the program:
- 69 (i) Meets all applicable federal and state standards for safety and 70 effectiveness; and
- 71 (ii) Complies with all federal tracing procedures; and
- 72 (C) Disclose the costs of implementing the program.
- 73 (2) (A) If the federal Food and Drug Administration approves the 74 request, the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy and the
- 75 Commissioners of Social Services and Consumer Protection shall:
- 76 (i) Submit to the Commissioner of Public Health a notice disclosing

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- 77 that the federal Food and Drug Administration approved such request;
- 78 (ii) Submit to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly
- 79 having cognizance of matters relating to appropriations and the budgets
- 80 of state agencies, general law, human services and public health a notice
- 81 disclosing that the federal Food and Drug Administration approved
- 82 such request; and
- 83 (iii) Begin operating the program in conjunction with the
- 84 Commissioners of Social Services, Consumer Protection and Public
- 85 Health not later than one hundred eighty days after the date of such
- 86 approval.
- 87 (B) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall not
- 88 operate the program unless the federal Food and Drug Administration
- 89 approved the request.
- 90 Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) Each participating wholesaler
- 91 may import and distribute a prescription drug in this state for use in the
- 92 medical assistance program from a participating Canadian supplier
- 93 under the program if:
- 94 (1) Such drug meets the United States Food and Drug
- 95 Administration's standards concerning drug safety, effectiveness,
- 96 misbranding and adulteration;
- 97 (2) Importing such drug would not violate federal patent laws; and
- 98 (3) Such drug is not:
- 99 (A) A controlled substance, as defined in 21 USC 802, as amended
- 100 from time to time:
- 101 (B) A biological product, as defined in 42 USC 262, as amended from
- time to time;
- 103 (C) An infused drug;
- 104 (D) An intravenously injected drug;

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105 (E) A drug that is inhaled during surgery; or

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- 106 (F) A drug that is a parenteral drug, the importation of which is 107 determined by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services to 108 pose a threat to the public health.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) Participating wholesalers may, subject to the provisions of sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act, import and distribute drugs in this state for use in the medical assistance program from a participating Canadian supplier under the program to:
- 113 (1) A pharmacy or institutional pharmacy, as defined in section 20-114 571 of the general statutes, solely for prescriptions covered under the 115 medical assistance program; and
- 116 (2) A laboratory registered with the Department of Public Health 117 under section 19a-29a of the general statutes to perform analytical 118 testing.
  - Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall require that each participating Canadian supplier and participating wholesaler (1) comply with all applicable track-and-trace requirements, and shall not distribute, dispense or sell outside of this state any prescription drug that is imported into this state under the program, and (2) make available to the executive director all track-and-trace records not later than forty-eight hours after the executive director requests such records.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) The participating wholesaler shall ensure the safety and quality of all drugs that are imported and distributed in this state under the program. The participating wholesaler shall:
  - (1) For each initial shipment of a drug that is imported into this state by a participating wholesaler, ensure that a laboratory engaged by the participating wholesaler tests a statistically valid sample size for each batch of each drug in such shipment for authenticity and degradation in

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- a manner that is consistent with the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
- 136 (2) For each shipment of a drug that is imported into this state by a
- participating wholesaler and has been sampled and tested pursuant to
- subdivision (1) of this subsection, ensure that a laboratory engaged by
- the participating wholesaler tests a statistically valid sample of such
- shipment for authenticity and degradation in a manner that is consistent
- 141 with the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
- 142 (3) Certify that each drug imported into this state under the program:
- 143 (A) Is approved for marketing in the United States and not
- 144 adulterated or misbranded; and
- (B) Meets all of the labeling requirements under 21 USC 352, as
- amended from time to time;

- 147 (4) Maintain laboratory records, including, but not limited to,
- 148 complete data derived from all tests necessary to ensure that each drug
- imported into this state under the program is in compliance with the
- 150 requirements of this section; and
- 151 (5) Maintain documentation demonstrating that the testing required
- by this section was conducted at a laboratory in accordance with the
- 153 Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and all other applicable federal and state
- laws and regulations concerning laboratory qualifications.
- (b) The participating wholesaler shall maintain all information and
- documentation that is submitted pursuant to this section for a period of
- not less than three years from the date of submission.
- 158 (c) Each participating wholesaler shall maintain all of the following
- information for each drug that such participating wholesaler imports
- and distributes in this state under the program, and submit such
- information to the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy
- 162 upon request by the executive director:
- 163 (1) The name and quantity of the active ingredient of such drug;

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164 (2) A description of the dosage form of such drug; 165 (3) The date on which such participating wholesaler received such 166 drug; 167 (4) The quantity of such drug that such participating wholesaler received; 168 169 (5) The point of origin and destination of such drug; 170 (6) The price paid by such participating wholesaler for such drug; 171 (7) A report for any drug that fails laboratory testing; and 172 (8) Such additional information and documentation that the 173 executive director of the Office of Health Strategy deems necessary to 174 ensure the protection of the public health. 175 (d) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall 176 require each participating Canadian supplier to maintain the following 177 information and documentation and, upon request by the executive 178 director, submit such information and documentation to the executive 179 director and the Commissioner of Consumer Protection for each drug 180 that such participating Canadian supplier exports into this state under 181 the program: 182 (1) The original source of such drug, including, but not limited to: 183 (A) The name of the manufacturer of such drug; 184 (B) The date on which such drug was manufactured; and 185 (C) The location where such drug was manufactured; 186 (2) The date on which such drug was shipped; 187 (3) The quantity of such drug that was shipped;

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(4) The quantity of each lot of such drug originally received and the

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source of such lot:

- 190 (5) The lot or control number and the batch number assigned to such 191 drug by the manufacturer; and
- 192 (6) Such additional information and documentation that the 193 executive director of the Office of Health Strategy, in consultation with 194 the Commissioners of Social Services, Consumer Protection and Public 195 Health, deems necessary to ensure the protection of the public health.
- 196 Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) The executive director of the 197 Office of Health Strategy shall issue a written order:

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- (1) Suspending importation and distribution of a drug under the program if the executive director discovers that such distribution or importation violates any provision of sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act or any other applicable state or federal law or regulation;
- 202 (2) Suspending all importation and distribution of drugs by a 203 participating wholesaler under the program if the executive director 204 discovers that the participating wholesaler has violated any provision 205 of sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act or any other applicable state or 206 federal law or regulation;
  - (3) Suspending all importation and distribution of drugs by a participating Canadian supplier under the program if the executive director discovers that the participating Canadian supplier has violated any provision of sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act or any other applicable state or federal law or regulation; or
  - (4) Requiring the recall or seizure of any drug that was imported and distributed under the program and has been identified as adulterated, within the meaning of section 21a-105 of the general statutes, or misbranded.
  - (b) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall send a notice to each participating Canadian supplier and participating wholesaler affected by an order issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section notifying such participating Canadian supplier or participating

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wholesaler that:

- (1) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy has issued such order, and provide the legal and factual basis for such order; and
- (2) Such participating Canadian supplier or participating wholesaler may request, in writing, a hearing before the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy, provided such request is received by the executive director not later than thirty days after the date of such notice.
  - (c) If a hearing is timely requested pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall, not later than thirty days after the receipt of the request, convene the hearing as a contested case in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes. Not later than sixty days after the receipt of such request, the executive director shall issue a final decision vacating, modifying or affirming the order. The participating Canadian supplier or participating wholesaler aggrieved by such final decision may appeal such decision in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183 of the general statutes.
  - Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy may, in consultation with the Commissioners of Social Services, Consumer Protection and Public Health, adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes to implement the provisions of sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act.
  - Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) Not later than one hundred eighty days after the program begins, and annually thereafter, the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy established under section 19a-754a of the general statutes shall submit a report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to appropriations and the budgets of state agencies, general law, human services and public health. Such report shall describe the operations of the program established pursuant to section 2 of this act

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and recommendations for expanding the program to other state-funded and privately funded health care programs.

Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) There is established the Prescription Drug Affordability Board to advise the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy on decisions regarding the affordability of prescription drugs. The board shall be within the Office of Health Strategy for administrative purposes only.

- (b) The purposes of the Prescription Drug Affordability Board shall be to (1) explore strategies to reduce out-of-pocket drug costs to consumers while supporting innovations in biotechnology and scientific discovery, (2) study the prescription drug supply chain and pharmaceutical pricing strategies to identify opportunities for consumer savings, (3) monitor prescription drug prices in the state, (4) promote innovative strategies for the use of more affordable drugs, (5) take into consideration recommendations of a stakeholder council established pursuant to section 11 of this act, and (6) recommend a range of options of prescription drug cost affordability tools to the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy.
- (c) The board shall consist of five members, each of whom shall have an advanced degree and experience or expertise in health care economics, health services research, pharmacoeconomics, pharmacology or clinical medicine. At least one such member shall have direct experience with consumer advocacy and health equity. The members shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor with the advice and consent of either house of the General Assembly. The Governor shall make all initial appointments not later than January 1, 2025. Any vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by the Governor.
- (d) Each member of the board shall serve a term of three years, except as to the terms of the members who are first appointed to the board. Two such members shall serve an initial term of three years, two such members shall serve an initial term of two years and one such member

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shall serve an initial term of one year, to be determined by the Governor. The Governor may remove any appointed member of the board for malfeasance in office, failure to regularly attend meetings or any cause that renders the member incapable or unfit to discharge the duties of the member's office. Any such removal is not subject to review.

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- (e) The Governor shall designate one member of the board to serve as the chairperson of the board. Such chairperson shall schedule the first meeting of the board, which shall be held not later than February 1, 2025.
- (f) The board shall meet not less than four times annually to carry out its purposes as set forth in subsection (b) of this section. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. The concurrence of a majority of the board in any matter within its powers and duties is required for any determination made by the board. Any conflict of interest involving a member of the board shall be disclosed at the next board meeting after the conflict is identified.
- (g) Not later than December 31, 2025, and annually thereafter, the board shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to aging, general law, human services, insurance and public health. The report shall include, but need not be limited to: (1) Strategies for identifying and eliminating pricing or business practices that do not support or enhance innovation in drug development, (2) price trends and affordability strategies for any drug identified pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of section 13 of this act, (3) any recommendations the board may have for legislation needed to make prescription drug products more affordable in the state while supporting and enhancing innovation in drug development, (4) purchasing strategies, cost effectiveness evaluations and development of new technologies and drugs that increase affordability, and (5) a summary and evaluation of state prescription drug advisory board activities and recommendations.
  - (h) Members of the board may engage in private employment, or in

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a profession or business, subject to any applicable laws, rules and regulations of the state regarding official ethics or conflict of interest. As used in this subsection, (1) "conflict of interest" means (A) an association of a board member, including a financial or personal association, that has the potential to bias or appear to bias a board member's decisions in matters related to the board, and (B) any instance in which a board member, a staff member, a contractor of the division on behalf of the board or an immediate family member of a board member has received or could receive (i) a financial benefit of any amount derived from the results or findings of a study or determination that is reached by or for the board, or (ii) a financial benefit from an individual or company that owns or manufacturers a prescription drug, service or item that is being or will be studied by the board; and (2) "financial benefit" means honoraria, fees, stock or any other form of compensation, including increases to the value of existing stock holdings.

(i) In carrying out its purposes, the board may:

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- 332 (1) Collect and review publicly available information and 333 information available via private subscriptions regarding prescription 334 drug pricing and business practices of health carriers, health 335 organizations, maintenance organizations, managed care 336 manufacturers, wholesale distributors and pharmacy benefit managers, 337 including, but not limited to, the annual report by pharmacy benefit 338 managers required pursuant to section 38a-479ppp of the general 339 statutes:
- 340 (2) Identify innovative strategies that may reduce the cost of prescription drugs to consumers, including importation of certain 342 prescription drugs from Canada and other foreign countries and 343 jurisdictions;
  - (3) Identify states with innovative programs to lower prescription drug costs and, if approved by the board, enter into memoranda of understanding with such states to aid in the collection of transparency data for prescription drug products or any other information needed to

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- 348 establish similar programs in this state; and
- 349 (4) Receive and accept aid or contributions from any source of money,
- property, labor or other things of value, to be held, used and applied to
- carry out the purposes of the board, provided acceptance of such aid or
- 352 contributions does not present a conflict of interest for any board
- 353 member or any purpose of the board.
- Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) (a) There is established a
- 355 Prescription Drug Affordability Stakeholder Council to advise the
- 356 Prescription Drug Affordability Board established pursuant to section
- 357 10 of this act on decisions regarding the affordability of prescription
- 358 drugs.
- (b) Members of the council shall serve for three years and shall consist
- 360 of:
- 361 (1) Three appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,
- 362 who shall be (A) a representative of a state-wide health care advocacy
- 363 coalition, (B) a representative of a state-wide advocacy organization for
- 364 elderly persons, and (C) a representative of a state-wide organization
- 365 for diverse communities;
- 366 (2) Three appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, who
- 367 shall be (A) a representative of a labor union, (B) a health services
- 368 researcher, and (C) a consumer who has experienced barriers to
- obtaining prescription drugs due to the cost of such drugs;
- 370 (3) Two appointed by the majority leader of the House of
- Representatives, who shall be (A) a representative of physicians, and (B)
- a representative of nurses;
- 373 (4) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of
- Representatives, who shall be (A) a representative of private insurers,
- and (B) a representative of brand-name drug corporations;
- 376 (5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, who shall be
- 377 (A) a representative of generic drug corporations, and (B) a

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- 378 representative of an academic institution with expertise in health care costs:
- 380 (6) Two appointed by the Governor, who shall be (A) a representative of pharmacists, and (B) a representative of pharmacy benefit managers;
- 382 (7) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the secretary's designee;
- 384 (8) The Commissioner of Social Services, or the commissioner's designee;
- 386 (9) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's designee;
- 388 (10) The Insurance Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee;
- 389 (11) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, or the 390 commissioner's designee;
- 391 (12) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy, or the executive director's designee; and
- 393 (13) The Healthcare Advocate, or the Healthcare Advocate's 394 designee.
- 395 (c) All initial appointments to the council shall be made not later than 396 November 1, 2024. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing 397 authority.
- (d) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president pro tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the council from among the members of the council. Such chairpersons shall schedule the first meeting of the council, which shall be held not later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.
- (e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to insurance shall serve as administrative staff of the council.

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- (f) Not later than September 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the council shall submit a report to the board, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, on its recommendations concerning prescription drug prices. The council shall also provide recommendations to the board at any time the board requests such recommendations.
- Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) As used in this section and section 13 of this act:
- 414 (1) "Biologic" means a drug licensed under 42 USC 262, as amended 415 from time to time;
- 416 (2) "Biosimilar" means a drug that is highly similar to a biologic and 417 is produced or distributed in accordance with a biologics license 418 application approved under 42 USC 262(k), as amended from time to 419 time;
- 420 (3) "Board" means the Prescription Drug Affordability Board 421 established pursuant to section 10 of this act;
- 422 (4) "Brand-name drug" means a drug that is produced or distributed 423 in accordance with an original new drug application approved under 21 424 USC 355, as amended from time to time, but does not include an 425 authorized generic drug as defined in 42 CFR 447.502, as amended from 426 time to time;
- (5) "FDA breakthrough drug" means a drug granted expedited review by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 USC 356, as amended from time to time;
- (6) "Generic drug" means (A) a prescription drug product that is marketed or distributed in accordance with an abbreviated new drug application approved under 21 USC 355, as amended from time to time, (B) an authorized generic drug as defined in 42 CFR 447.502, as amended from time to time, or (C) a drug that entered the market before calendar year 1962 that was not originally marketed under a new

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436 prescription drug product application;

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- (7) "Manufacturer" means an entity that (A) engages in the manufacture of a drug product, or (B) enters into a lease with another manufacturer to market and distribute a prescription drug product under the entity's own name and sets or changes the wholesale acquisition cost of the prescription drug product it manufactures or markets;
- 443 (8) "Orphan drug" has the same meaning as provided in 21 CFR 316.3, 444 as amended from time to time; and
- (9) "Prescription drug product" means a brand-name drug, a generic drug, a biologic or biosimilar.
- 447 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) To the extent practicable, the 448 Prescription Drug Affordability Board established pursuant to section 449 10 of this act may assess pricing information for prescription drug 450 products by: (1) Entering into a memorandum of understanding with 451 another state to which a manufacturer reports pricing information, (2) 452 assessing spending for the drug in the state, (3) utilizing data and 453 findings, including consumer affordability strategies, developed by 454 another state's board, (4) utilizing data and findings, including cost 455 containment strategies, developed by any other state or federal entity, 456 (5) utilizing the maximum fair price for a prescription drug for persons 457 eligible for Medicare established pursuant to the federal Inflation 458 Reduction Act of 2022, P.L. No. 117-169, as amended from time to time, 459 and (6) assessing any other available pricing information.
  - (b) On and after July 1, 2025, the board shall identify prescription drug products that, as adjusted annually for inflation in accordance with the consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, are:
- 464 (1) Brand-name drugs that have a launch wholesale acquisition cost 465 of thirty thousand dollars or more per year or course of treatment;

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- (2) Brand-name drugs that have a wholesale acquisition cost increaseof three thousand dollars or more in any twelve-month period;
  - (3) Biosimilars that have a launch wholesale acquisition cost that is not at least fifteen per cent lower than the referenced brand biologic at the time the biosimilars are launched; and
- 471 (4) Generic drugs that have:

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- 472 (A) A wholesale acquisition cost of one hundred dollars or more for 473 (i) a thirty-day supply lasting a patient for a period of thirty consecutive 474 days based on the recommended dosage approved for labeling by the 475 United States Food and Drug Administration, (ii) a supply lasting a 476 patient for fewer than thirty days based on the recommended dosage 477 approved for labeling by the United States Food and Drug 478 Administration, or (iii) one unit of the drug if the labeling approved by 479 the United States Food and Drug Administration does not recommend 480 a finite dosage; and
  - (B) A wholesale acquisition cost that increased by two hundred per cent or more during the immediately preceding twelve-month period, as determined by the difference between the resulting wholesale acquisition cost and the average of the wholesale acquisition cost reported over the immediately preceding twelve months.
  - (c) On and after July 1, 2025, the board shall identify any other prescription drug products or pricing practices that may create affordability challenges for the health care system in the state or patients, including, but not limited to, drugs needed to address significant public health priorities.
  - (d) After identifying prescription drug products as required by subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the board may conduct, within available appropriations, a review for any identified prescription drug product or pricing practice if, after (1) seeking input from relevant stakeholders, and (2) considering the average patient cost share of the prescription drug product, the board determines such review is in the

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- (e) In conducting a review of prescription drugs, the board shall examine any document and research related to the pricing of the prescription drug product, including, but not limited to, (1) net average price in the state, (2) market competition and context, (3) projected revenue to the manufacturer, (4) the estimated value or cost effectiveness, (5) whether and how the prescription drug product represents an innovative therapy or is likely to improve health or health outcomes for the target consumer, and (6) any rebates, discounts, patient access programs or other cost mitigation strategies relevant to the prescription drug product. As part of its review, the board may also examine the costs or potential costs of FDA breakthrough and orphan drugs.
- 510 (f) The board shall determine whether use of the prescription drug 511 product, consistent with the labeling approved by the federal Food and 512 Drug Administration or standard medical practice, has led or will lead 513 to affordability challenges for the health care system in the state or high 514 out-of-pocket costs for patients. In determining whether a prescription 515 drug product has led or will lead to an affordability challenge, the board 516 may consider the following factors:
- 517 (1) The wholesale acquisition cost for the prescription drug product 518 sold in the state;
- 519 (2) The average monetary price concession, discount or rebate 520 provided or expected to be provided to health plans in the state as reported by manufacturers and health plans, expressed as a percentage 522 of the wholesale acquisition cost for the prescription drug product 523 under review;
  - (3) The total amount of the price concession, discount or rebate the manufacturer provides to each pharmacy benefits manager operating in the state for the prescription drug product under review, as reported by manufacturers and pharmacy benefits managers, expressed as a percentage of the wholesale acquisition costs;

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- 529 (4) The price at which therapeutic alternatives have been sold in the 530 state;
- 531 (5) The average monetary concession, discount or rebate the 532 manufacturer provides or is expected to provide to health plan payors 533 and pharmacy benefits managers in the state for therapeutic 534 alternatives;
- 535 (6) The costs to health plans based on patient access consistent with 536 United States Food and Drug Administration labeled indications and 537 recognized standard medical practice;
- 538 (7) The impact on patient access resulting from the cost of the 539 prescription drug product relative to health plan benefit design;
- 540 (8) The current or expected dollar value of drug-specific patient 541 access programs that are supported by the manufacturer;
- 542 (9) The relative financial impacts to health, medical or social services 543 costs as may be quantified and compared to baseline effects of existing 544 therapeutic alternatives;
- 545 (10) The average patient copayment or other cost sharing for the 546 prescription drug product in the state;
- 547 (11) Any information a manufacturer chooses to provide; and
- 548 (12) Any other factors as determined by the board.

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(g) If the board finds that the spending on a prescription drug product reviewed under this section has led or will lead to an affordability challenge, the board shall recommend an upper payment limit to the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy and the Insurance Commissioner after considering: (1) The cost of administering the drug, (2) the cost of delivering the drug to patients, and (3) other relevant administrative costs related to the drug. In its recommendations, the board may utilize (A) upper payment limits set by similar boards in other states, provided the board finds that the other

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entity's price justification process is at least as rigorous as the process set forth in state law, (B) upper payment limits set by any other state or federal entity, provided the board finds that the other entity's price justification process is at least as rigorous as the process set forth in state law, and (C) the Medicare maximum fair price for a prescription drug.

Sec. 14. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2025) (a) As used in this section and section 15 of this act, (1) "ERISA plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time; (2) "health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in section 38a-472f of the general statutes; (3) "state entity" means any state agency, or any individual employed by or acting on the state's behalf that purchases a prescription drug for an individual with health insurance paid for by the state, including health insurance offered by local, state, or federal agencies or through organizations licensed in the state; and (4) "participating ERISA plan" means an ERISA plan that elects to participate in the requirements of this section.

- (b) It shall be a violation of this section for a state entity or health benefit plan or participating ERISA plan to purchase drugs with an established upper payment limit to be dispensed or delivered to a consumer in the state, whether directly or through a distributor, for a cost higher than the upper payment limit as determined in subsection (g) of section 13 of this act. Contracts entered into by a state entity, health benefit plan or participating ERISA plan and a third party for the purchase of prescription drugs shall expressly provide that rates paid for drugs may not exceed the upper payment limit.
- (c) It shall be a violation of this section for a retail pharmacy licensed in this state to purchase for sale or distribution to a person whose health care is provided by a state entity or health benefit plan or participating ERISA plan a drug for a cost that exceeds the upper payment limit as determined in subsection (g) of section 13 of this act.
- Sec. 15. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) Any savings generated by a state

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entity, health benefit plan, or participating ERISA plan that are attributable to the implementation of an upper payment limit established by the Prescription Drug Affordability Board shall be used to reduce health care costs to consumers, prioritizing the reduction of out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs. Not later than April 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, each state entity, health benefit plan and participating ERISA plan shall submit to the board and to the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy a report describing the savings achieved as a result of implementing upper payment limits and how those savings were used to reduce health care costs to consumers. Not later than July 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, the executive director, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, shall file a report with the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to appropriations and the budgets of state agencies, general law, human services, insurance and public health. The report shall include savings achieved and the executive director's recommendations concerning additional savings that may be achieved.

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Sec. 16. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2025) (a) As used in this section, "manufacturer" means an entity that (1) engages in the manufacture of a drug product, or (2) enters into a lease with another manufacturer to market and distribute a prescription drug product under the entity's own name and sets or changes the wholesale acquisition cost of the prescription drug product it manufactures or markets. Any manufacturer that intends to withdraw from sale or distribution within the state a prescription drug for which the Prescription Drug Affordability Board has established an upper payment limit shall provide a notice of withdrawal in writing at least six months before the date of the intended withdrawal of such prescription drug to the board, the Insurance Commissioner, the Attorney General and any entity in the state with which the manufacturer has a contract for the sale or distribution of the drug.

(b) The board shall assess a penalty not to exceed five hundred thousand dollars if the board determines that a manufacturer failed to

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- 624 provide the notice required by subsection (a) of this section before
- 625 withdrawing from sale or distribution within the state a prescription
- drug for which the board has established an upper payment limit as
- determined in subsection (g) of section 13 of this act.
- 628 (c) A representative of a manufacturer that reasonably foresees an
- 629 impending shortage of a prescription drug it sells or distributes in the
- state shall notify the board not later than thirty days after determining
- that a shortage of a prescription drug is imminent.
- 632 Sec. 17. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2025) (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in section
- 634 38a-472f of the general statutes;
- 635 (2) "Insulin" means an insulin product, including, but not limited to,
- an insulin pen or vial, that is licensed under 42 USC 262(a) or 42 USC
- 637 262(k), as amended from time to time;
- 638 (3) "Eligible insulin" means an insulin product for which at least two
- 639 licenses have been issued and continues to be marketed pursuant to
- 640 such licensure:
- (4) "Net cost" means the cost of an insulin product taking into account
- rebates or discounts for that specific product, excluding (A) rebates or
- 643 discounts required by state or federal law, including Medicaid,
- Medicare and section 340B of the Public Health Service Act, 42 USC
- 645 256b, as amended from time to time, and (B) rebates or discounts related
- 646 to portfolio agreements that relate to purchase of multiple insulin
- 647 products or other drugs;
- (5) "State entity" means any state agency, or any individual employed
- by or acting on behalf of the state, that purchases a prescription drug for
- an individual with health insurance paid for by the state, including
- health insurance offered by local, state, or federal agencies or through
- organizations licensed in the state; and
- (6) "Wholesale acquisition cost" means the price of a medication set

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by a pharmaceutical manufacturer in the United States when selling to a wholesaler.

- (b) A state entity and health benefit plan shall, except as otherwise required in any collective bargaining agreement affecting the state employee health plan established pursuant to section 5-259 of the general statutes, make available in a preferred tier with no copayment or out-of-pocket cost an eligible insulin product at the lowest wholesale acquisition cost to a beneficiary. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a state entity or health plan determines that another eligible insulin product has a lower net cost than the lowest wholesale acquisition cost, such entity or health plan may offer that product with no out-of-pocket payment to a beneficiary of such state entity or health benefit plan. Nothing in this section shall prevent such entity or health benefit plan from covering more than one eligible insulin product in a preferred tier with no copayment or out-of-pocket cost to a beneficiary of such entity or health benefit plan.
- Sec. 18. Section 38a-492d of the general statutes is amended by adding subsection (e) as follows (*Effective January 1, 2025*):
  - (NEW) (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, on and after January 1, 2025, any policy described in subsection (b) of this section shall make available in a preferred tier with no copayment or out-of-pocket cost an eligible insulin product at the lowest wholesale acquisition cost in accordance with section 17 of this act.
- Sec. 19. Section 38a-518d of the general statutes is amended by adding subsection (e) as follows (*Effective January 1, 2025*):
  - (NEW) (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, on and after January 1, 2025, any policy described in subsection (b) of this section shall make available in a preferred tier with no copayment or out-of-pocket cost an eligible insulin product at the lowest wholesale acquisition cost in accordance with section 17 of this act.
- Sec. 20. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) (a) As used in this section:

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- (1) "Eligible drug" means an injectable drug product approved under Section 505(j) or 505(b)(2) of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as amended from time to time, that is on the drug shortage list, or has been on such list during the prior five-year period, established under Section 506E of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 USC 356e, as amended from time to time, or which has otherwise been identified as being at risk of shortage;
- (2) "Drug purchasing agency" means the Departments of Correction,Social Services and Mental Health and Addiction Services;
- (3) "Long-term purchase contract" means an agreement of at least two
   years' duration that defines price and volume commitments; and
- 696 (4) "Hospital" means a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 368v of 697 the general statutes.

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- (b) Any hospital or drug purchasing agency shall have a drug shortage prevention strategy covering at least forty eligible drugs, corresponding to at least one-third of the hospital's or agency's expected utilization of each eligible drug. The hospital or agency shall ensure that any long-term purchase contract for prescription drugs requires the entity contracting with the hospital or agency to:
- (1) Hold physical reserve inventory in order to buffer supply disruption or demand surge equal to two quarters of contract volume, unless the drug is in shortage or otherwise subject to a supply disruption;
- 708 (2) Have a competent quality control unit and have in place processes 709 to evaluate supplier quality;
- 710 (3) Have a process to ensure that critical quality attributes have been 711 met and documentation of good manufacturing practices is complete; 712 and
- 713 (4) Participate, in accordance with federal law, in the program 714 administered under Section 340B of the Public Health Service Act, 42

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- 715 USC 256b, as amended from time to time.
- 716 (c) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, a hospital
- shall file a report with the Commissioner of Public Health documenting
- 718 compliance with the provisions of this section. Not later than February
- 719 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the Commissioners of Correction,
- 720 Mental Health and Addiction Services, Social Services and Public
- Health shall each file separate reports on compliance of hospitals, drug
- 722 purchasing agencies and their contractors, as applicable, with the
- 723 executive director of the Office of Health Strategy.
- 724 (d) The executive director of the Office of Health Strategy shall, not
- later than April 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, file a comprehensive
- report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general
- statutes, on compliance of hospitals, drug purchasing agencies and their
- 728 contractors with the provisions of this section with the joint standing
- 729 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
- relating to the judiciary, general law, human services and public health.
- 731 Sec. 21. (NEW) (Effective from passage) As used in this section and
- 732 section 22 of this act:
- 733 (1) "340B drug" means a drug that (A) is a covered outpatient drug
- 734 within the meaning of 42 USC 256b; (B) has been subject to any offer for
- reduced prices by a manufacturer under 42 USC 256b(a)(1); and (C) is
- purchased by a covered entity. "340B drug" includes a drug that would
- have been purchased but for the restriction or limitation described in
- 738 subsection (a) of section 22 of this act;
- 739 (2) "Biologic" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-70d of
- 740 the general statutes;
- 741 (3) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as provided in Section
- 742 340B of the Public Health Service Act, 42 USC 256b, as amended from
- 743 time to time;
- 744 (4) "Manufacturer" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-

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- 745 70 of the general statutes, except that such definition shall include 746 manufacturers of biologics;
- 747 (5) "Package" has the same meaning as provided in 21 USC 748 360eee(11)(A);
- 749 (6) "Pharmacy" has the same meaning as provided in section 20-571 of the general statutes;
- 751 (7) "Third-party logistics provider" has the same meaning as 752 provided in section 20-571 of the general statutes; and
- 753 (8) "Wholesaler" or "distributor" has the same meaning as provided 754 in section 21a-70 of the general statutes.
- Sec. 22. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) A manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, or an agent or affiliate of such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or
- 758 distributor, shall not, either directly or indirectly:

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- (1) Deny, restrict, prohibit, discriminate against or otherwise limit the acquisition of a 340B drug by, or delivery of a 340B drug to, a pharmacy that is under contract with, or otherwise authorized by, a covered entity to receive 340B drugs on behalf of the covered entity unless such receipt is prohibited by the United States Department of Health and Human Services; or
  - (2) Require a covered entity, or a pharmacy that is under contract with a covered entity, to submit any claims or utilization data as a condition for allowing the acquisition of a 340B drug by, or delivery of a 340B drug to, a covered entity, or a pharmacy that is under contract with a covered entity, unless the claims or utilization data sharing is required by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- (b) (1) On and after July 1, 2024, if the executive director of the Office of Health Strategy receives information and has a reasonable belief, after evaluating such information, that any manufacturer, third-party

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logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, or an agent or affiliate of such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, has acted in violation of any provision of this section, or rule or regulation adopted thereunder, such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, or an agent or affiliate of such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to fifty thousand dollars. The executive director may issue a notice of violation and civil penalty by first-class mail or personal service. Such notice shall include: (A) A reference to the section of the general statutes, rule or section of the regulations of Connecticut state agencies believed or alleged to have been violated; (B) a short and plain language statement of the matters asserted or charged; (C) a description of the activity to cease; (D) a statement of the amount of the civil penalty or penalties that may be imposed; (E) a statement concerning the right to a hearing; and (F) a statement that such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, or an agent or affiliate of such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, may, not later than ten business days after receipt of such notice, make a request for a hearing on the matters asserted.

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- (2) The manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, or an agent or affiliate of such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, to whom such notice is provided pursuant to subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection may, not later than ten business days after receipt of such notice, make written application to the Office of Health Strategy to request a hearing to demonstrate that such violation did not occur. The failure to make a timely request for a hearing shall result in the issuance of a cease and desist order or imposition of a civil penalty by the office. All hearings held under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes.
- (3) Following any hearing before the Office of Health Strategy pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, if the office finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that any manufacturer, third-party

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logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, or an agent or affiliate of such manufacturer, third-party logistics provider, wholesaler or distributor, violated or is violating any provision of this subsection, any rule or regulation adopted thereunder or any order issued by the office, the office shall issue a final cease and desist order in addition to any civil penalty the office imposes.

- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed or applied to be in conflict with or less restrictive than:
- (1) Applicable federal law and related regulations, including 21 USC
  355-1, as amended from time to time; or

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(2) Other laws of this state to the extent such laws are compatible withapplicable federal law.

| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following |                 |             |  |
|---|-----------------|-------------|--|
| sections:   |                 |             |  |
|   |                 |             |  |
| Section 1   | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 2  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 3  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 4  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 5  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 6  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 7  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 8  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 9  | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 10   | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 11   | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 12   | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 13   | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |
| Sec. 14   | July 1, 2025    | New section |  |
| Sec. 15   | July 1, 2025    | New section |  |
| Sec. 16   | July 1, 2025    | New section |  |
| Sec. 17   | January 1, 2025 | New section |  |
| Sec. 18   | January 1, 2025 | 38a-492d(e) |  |
| Sec. 19   | January 1, 2025 | 38a-518d(e) |  |
| Sec. 20   | July 1, 2024    | New section |  |

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#### Substitute Bill No. 8

| Sec. 21 | from passage | New section |
|---------|--------------|-------------|
| Sec. 22 | from passage | New section |

# **HS** Joint Favorable Subst.

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