

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 4

January Session, 2023

AN ACT CONCERNING CONNECTICUT'S PRESENT AND FUTURE HOUSING NEEDS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 47a-23 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

3 (a) [When] Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, when the owner or lessor, or the owner's or lessor's legal representative, or 4 5 the owner's or lessor's attorney-at-law, or in-fact, desires to obtain 6 possession or occupancy of any land or building, any apartment in any building, any dwelling unit, any trailer, or any land upon which a 7 8 trailer is used or stands, and (1) when a rental agreement or lease of 9 such property, whether in writing or by parol, terminates for any of 10 the following reasons: (A) By lapse of time; (B) by reason of any 11 expressed stipulation therein; (C) violation of the rental agreement or 12 lease or of any rules or regulations adopted in accordance with section 13 47a-9 or 21-70; (D) nonpayment of rent within the grace period 14 provided for residential property in section 47a-15a, as amended by 15 this act, or 21-83; (E) nonpayment of rent when due for commercial 16 property; (F) violation of section 47a-11 or subsection (b) of section 17 21-82; (G) nuisance, as defined in section 47a-32, or serious nuisance, as 18 defined in section 47a-15 or 21-80; or (2) when such premises, or any 19 part thereof, is occupied by one who never had a right or privilege to

20 occupy such premises; or (3) when one originally had the right or 21 privilege to occupy such premises but such right or privilege has 22 terminated; or (4) when an action of summary process or other action 23 to dispossess a tenant is authorized under subsection (b) of section 24 47a-23c for any of the following reasons: (A) Refusal to agree to a fair 25 and equitable rent increase, as defined in subsection (c) of section 26 47a-23c, (B) permanent removal by the landlord of the dwelling unit of 27 such tenant from the housing market, or (C) bona fide intention by the 28 landlord to use such dwelling unit as such landlord's principal 29 residence; or (5) when a farm employee, as described in section 47a-30, 30 or a domestic servant, caretaker, manager or other employee, as 31 described in subsection (b) of section 47a-36, occupies such premises 32 furnished by the employer and fails to vacate such premises after 33 employment is terminated by such employee or the employer or after 34 such employee fails to report for employment, such owner or lessor, or 35 such owner's or lessor's legal representative, or such owner's or lessor's 36 attorney-at-law, or in-fact, shall give notice to each lessee or occupant 37 to quit possession or occupancy of such land, building, apartment or 38 dwelling unit, at least three days before the termination of the rental 39 agreement or lease, if any, or before the time specified in the notice for 40 the lessee or occupant to quit possession or occupancy.

41 (b) The notice shall be in writing substantially in the following form: 42 "I (or we) hereby give you notice that you are to quit possession or 43 occupancy of the (land, building, apartment or dwelling unit, or of any 44 trailer or any land upon which a trailer is used or stands, as the case 45 may be), now occupied by you at (here insert the address, including 46 apartment number or other designation, as applicable), on or before 47 the (here insert the date) for the following reason (here insert the 48 reason or reasons for the notice to quit possession or occupancy using 49 the statutory language or words of similar import, also the date and 50 place of signing notice). A.B.". If the owner or lessor, or the owner's or 51 lessor's legal representative, attorney-at-law or attorney-in-fact knows 52 of the presence of an occupant but does not know the name of such 53 occupant, the notice for such occupant may be addressed to such 54 occupant as "John Doe", "Jane Doe" or some other alias which 55 reasonably characterizes the person to be served.

(c) A copy of such notice shall be delivered to each lessee or occupant or left at such lessee's or occupant's place of residence or, if the rental agreement or lease concerns commercial property, at the place of the commercial establishment by a proper officer or indifferent person. Delivery of such notice may be made on any day of the week.

61 (d) With respect to a month-to-month or a week-to-week tenancy of 62 a dwelling unit, a notice to quit possession based on nonpayment of 63 rent shall, upon delivery, terminate the rental agreement for the month 64 or week in which the notice is delivered, convert the month-to-month 65 or week-to-week tenancy to a tenancy at sufferance and provide 66 proper basis for a summary process action notwithstanding that such notice was delivered in the month or week after the month or week in 67 68 which the rent is alleged to be unpaid.

69 (e) A termination notice required pursuant to federal law and 70 regulations may be included in or combined with the notice required 71 pursuant to this section and such inclusion or combination does not 72 thereby render the notice required pursuant to this section equivocal, 73 provided the rental agreement or lease shall not terminate until after 74 the date specified in the notice for the lessee or occupant to quit 75 possession or occupancy or the date of completion of the 76 pretermination process, whichever is later. A use and occupancy 77 disclaimer may be included in or combined with such notice, provided 78 that such disclaimer does not take effect until after the date specified in 79 the notice for the lessee or occupant to quit possession or occupancy or 80 the date of the completion of the pretermination process, whichever is 81 later. Such inclusion or combination does not thereby render the notice 82 required pursuant to this section equivocal. Such disclaimer shall be in 83 substantially the following form: "Any payments tendered after the 84 date specified to quit possession or occupancy, or the date of the 85 completion of the pretermination process if that is later, will be 86 accepted for use and occupancy only and not for rent, with full

87 reservation of rights to continue with the eviction action."

(f) No owner or lessor, and no owner's or lessor's legal
representative, or the owner's or lessor's attorney-at-law or attorneyin-fact, shall, between December first and March first of any year,
deliver or cause to be delivered a notice to quit possession for any
reason set forth in this chapter or chapter 812, except for serious
nuisance, as defined in section 47a-15.

94 Sec. 2. Section 47a-42 of the general statutes is repealed and the 95 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

96 (a) Whenever a judgment is entered against a defendant pursuant to 97 section 47a-26, 47a-26a, 47a-26b or 47a-26d for the recovery of 98 possession or occupancy of residential property, such defendant and 99 any other occupant bound by the judgment by subsection (a) of section 100 47a-26h shall forthwith remove himself or herself, such defendant's or 101 occupant's possessions and all personal effects unless execution has 102 been stayed pursuant to sections 47a-35 to 47a-41, inclusive. If 103 execution has been stayed, such defendant or occupant shall forthwith 104 remove himself or herself, such defendant's or occupant's possessions 105 and all personal effects upon the expiration of any stay of execution. If 106 the defendant or occupant has not so removed himself or herself upon 107 entry of a judgment pursuant to section 47a-26, 47a-26a, 47a-26b or 108 47a-26d, and upon expiration of any stay of execution, the plaintiff 109 may obtain an execution upon such summary process judgment, and 110 the defendant or other occupant bound by the judgment by subsection 111 (a) of section 47a-26h and the possessions and personal effects of such 112 defendant or other occupant may be removed by a state marshal, 113 pursuant to such execution, and delivered to the place of storage 114 designated by the chief executive officer for such purposes.

(b) Before any such removal, the state marshal charged with
executing upon any such judgment of eviction shall give the chief
executive officer of the town twenty-four [hours] <u>hours'</u> notice of the
eviction, stating the date, time and location of such eviction as well as a

119 general description, if known, of the types and amount of property to 120 be removed from the premises and delivered to the designated place of 121 storage. Before giving such notice to the chief executive officer of the 122 town, the state marshal shall use reasonable efforts to locate and notify 123 the defendant of the date and time such eviction is to take place and of 124 the possibility of a sale pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Such notice shall include service upon each defendant and upon any other 125 126 person in occupancy, either personally or at the premises, of a true 127 copy of the summary process execution. Such execution shall be on a 128 form prescribed by the Judicial Department, shall be in clear and 129 simple language and in readable format, and shall contain, in addition 130 to other notices given to the defendant in the execution, a conspicuous 131 notice, in large boldface type, that a person who claims to have a right 132 to continue to occupy the premises should immediately contact an 133 attorney, and clear instructions as to how and where the defendant 134 may reclaim any possessions and personal effects removed and stored 135 pursuant to this section, including a telephone number that may be 136 called to arrange release of such possessions and personal effects.

137 (c) Whenever the possessions and personal effects of a defendant 138 are removed by a state marshal under this section, such possessions 139 and effects shall be delivered by such marshal to the designated place 140 of storage. The plaintiff shall pay the state marshal for such removal in 141 accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of section 52-261. 142 Such removal and delivery shall be at the expense of the defendant 143 and may be recovered by the plaintiff. If such possessions and effects 144 are not reclaimed by the defendant and the expense of such storage is 145 not paid to the chief executive officer [within] not later than fifteen 146 days after such eviction, the chief executive officer shall sell the same 147 at public auction, after using reasonable efforts to locate and notify the 148 defendant of such sale and after posting notice of such sale for one 149 week on the public signpost nearest to the place where the eviction 150 was made, if any, or at some exterior place near the office of the town 151 clerk. The chief executive officer shall deliver to the defendant the net 152 proceeds of such sale, if any, after deducting a reasonable charge for 153 storage of such possessions and effects. If the defendant does not 154 demand the net proceeds within thirty days after such sale, the chief 155 executive officer shall turn over the net proceeds of the sale to the town 156 treasury.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, no state marshal
may remove a defendant or occupant, or such defendant or occupant's
possessions and effects, between December first and March first of any
year unless the judgment of eviction binding upon such defendant or
occupant to be executed by such marshal was entered due to serious
nuisance, as defined in section 47a-15, by such defendant or occupant.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) As used in this section, "tenant screening report" means a credit report, a criminal background report, an employment history report or a rental history report, or any combination thereof, used by a landlord to determine the suitability of a prospective tenant.

(b) No landlord may demand from a prospective tenant any payment, fee or charge for the processing, review or acceptance of any rental application, or demand any other payment, fee or charge before or at the beginning of the tenancy, except a security deposit pursuant to section 47a-21 of the general statutes or a fee for a tenant screening report as provided by subsection (c) of this section.

174 (c) A landlord may charge a fee for a tenant screening report 175 concerning a prospective tenant if the fee for such tenant screening 176 report is not more than the actual cost paid by the landlord for such 177 report. The landlord shall waive any fee for such report if the 178 prospective tenant provides the landlord with a copy of a tenant 179 screening report concerning the prospective tenant that was conducted 180 not later than thirty days after the prospective tenant's rental 181 application and that is satisfactory to the landlord.

(d) A landlord may not collect a tenant screening report fee from aprospective tenant until the landlord provides the prospective tenant

184 with (1) a copy of the tenant screening report, and (2) a copy of the
185 receipt or invoice from the entity conducting the tenant screening
186 report concerning the prospective tenant.

187 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 47a-4 of the general statutes is
188 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*189 October 1, 2023):

190 (a) A rental agreement shall not provide that the tenant: (1) Agrees 191 to waive or forfeit rights or remedies under this chapter and sections 192 47a-21, 47a-23 to 47a-23b, inclusive, as amended by this act, 47a-26 to 193 47a-26g, inclusive, 47a-35 to 47a-35b, inclusive, 47a-41a, 47a-43 and 194 47a-46, or under any section of the general statutes or any municipal 195 ordinance unless such section or ordinance expressly states that such 196 rights may be waived; (2) authorizes the landlord to confess judgment 197 on a claim arising out of the rental agreement; (3) agrees to the 198 exculpation or limitation of any liability of the landlord arising under 199 law or to indemnify the landlord for that liability or the costs 200 connected therewith; (4) agrees to waive his right to the interest on the 201 security deposit pursuant to section 47a-21; (5) agrees to permit the 202 landlord to dispossess him without resort to court order; (6) consents 203 to the distraint of his property for rent; (7) agrees to pay the landlord's 204 attorney's fees in excess of fifteen per cent of any judgment against the 205 tenant in any action in which money damages are awarded; (8) agrees 206 to pay a late charge prior to the expiration of the grace period set forth 207 in section 47a-15a, as amended by this act, or to pay rent in a reduced amount if such rent is paid prior to the expiration of such grace period; 208 209 (9) agrees to pay a late charge on rent payments made subsequent to 210 such grace period in an amount exceeding the amounts set forth in 211 section 47a-15a, as amended by this act; or [(9)] (10) agrees to pay a 212 heat or utilities surcharge if heat or utilities is included in the rental 213 agreement.

Sec. 5. Section 47a-15a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*): (a) If rent is unpaid when due and the tenant fails to pay rent within
nine days thereafter or, in the case of a one-week tenancy, within four
days thereafter, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement in
accordance with the provisions of sections 47a-23 to 47a-23b, inclusive,
as amended by this act. For purposes of this section, "grace period"
means the nine-day or four-day time periods identified in this
subsection, as applicable.

223 (b) If a rental agreement contains a valid written agreement to pay a 224 late charge in accordance with subsection (a) of section 47a-4, as 225 amended by this act, a landlord may assess a tenant such a late charge 226 on a rent payment made subsequent to the grace period in accordance 227 with this section. Such late charge may not exceed the lesser of (1) five 228 dollars per day, up to a maximum of twenty-five dollars, or (2) five per 229 cent of the delinquent rent payment or, in the case of a rental 230 agreement paid in whole or in part by a governmental or charitable 231 entity, five per cent of the tenant's share of the delinquent rent 232 payment. The landlord may not assess more than one late charge upon 233 a delinquent rent payment, regardless of how long the rent remains 234 unpaid. Any rent payments received by the landlord shall be applied 235 first to the most recent rent payment due.

Sec. 6. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 47a-6a of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

239 (a) As used in this section, (1) "address" means a location as 240 described by the full street number, if any, the street name, the city or 241 town, and the state, and not a mailing address such as a post office 242 box, (2) "dwelling unit" means any house or building, or portion 243 thereof, which is rented, leased or hired out to be occupied, or is 244 arranged or designed to be occupied, or is occupied, as the home or 245 residence of one or more persons, living independently of each other, 246 and doing their cooking upon the premises, and having a common 247 right in the halls, stairways or yards, (3) "agent in charge" or "agent" 248 means one who manages real estate, including, but not limited to, the

249 collection of rents and supervision of property, (4) "controlling 250 participant" means [an individual or entity that exercises day-to-day 251 financial or operational control] a natural person who is not a minor 252 and who, directly or indirectly and through any contract, arrangement, 253 understanding or relationship, exercises substantial control of, or owns 254 greater than twenty-five per cent of, a corporation, partnership, trust 255 or other legally recognized entity owning rental real property in the 256 state, and (5) "project-based housing provider" means a property 257 owner who contracts with the United States Department of Housing 258 and Urban Development to provide housing to tenants under the 259 federal Housing Choice Voucher Program, 42 USC 1437f(o).

260 (b) Any municipality may require the nonresident owner or project-261 based housing provider of occupied or vacant rental real property to 262 [maintain on file in the office of] report to the tax assessor, or other 263 municipal office designated by the municipality, the current residential 264 address of the nonresident owner or project-based housing provider of 265 such property [,] if the nonresident owner or project-based housing 266 provider is an individual, or the current residential address of the 267 agent in charge of the building [,] if the nonresident owner or project-268 based housing provider is a corporation, partnership, trust or other 269 legally recognized entity owning rental real property in the state. [In 270 the case of a] If the nonresident owners or project-based housing 271 [provider, such information] providers are a corporation, partnership, 272 trust or other legally recognized entity owning rental real property in 273 the state, such report shall also include identifying information and the 274 current residential address of each controlling participant associated 275 with the property. [, except that, if such controlling participant is a 276 corporation, partnership, trust or other legally recognized entity, the 277 project-based housing provider shall include the identifying 278 information and the current residential address of an individual who 279 exercises day-to-day financial or operational control of such entity.] If 280 such residential address changes, notice of the new residential address 281 shall be provided by such nonresident owner, project-based housing 282 provider or agent in charge of the building to the office of the tax

283 assessor or other designated municipal office not more than twenty-284 one days after the date that the address change occurred. If the 285 nonresident owner, project-based housing provider or agent fails to 286 file an address under this section, the address to which the 287 municipality mails property tax bills for the rental real property shall 288 be deemed to be the nonresident owner, project-based housing 289 provider or agent's current address. Such address may be used for 290 compliance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.

291 Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2023) The Commissioner of 292 Housing shall, within existing appropriations, develop standardized 293 rental agreement forms that may be used by landlords and tenants in 294 the state. Such forms shall contain the essential terms of a rental 295 agreement between any landlord and any tenant, be designed to be 296 easily read and understood and include plain language explanations of 297 all terms and conditions of the agreement, including, but not limited 298 to, rent, fees, deposits and other charges. The commissioner shall make 299 such forms available in both English and Spanish and shall post such 300 forms on the Department of Housing's Internet web site not later than 301 July 1, 2024, and shall revise such forms from time to time, at the 302 commissioner's discretion.

Sec. 8. Section 47a-58 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

305 (a) Any enforcing agency may issue a notice of violation to any 306 person who violates any provision of this chapter or a provision of a 307 local housing code. If an enforcing agency issues an order to a 308 registrant, such order may be delivered in accordance with section 7-309 148ii, provided nothing in this section shall preclude an enforcing 310 agency from providing notice in another manner permitted by 311 applicable law. Such notice shall specify each violation and specify the 312 last day by which such violation shall be corrected. The date specified 313 shall not be less than three weeks from the date of mailing of such 314 notice, provided that in the case of a condition, which in the judgment 315 of the enforcing agency is or in its effect is dangerous or detrimental to

316 life or health, the date specified shall not be more than five days from 317 the date of mailing of such notice. The enforcing agency may postpone 318 the last day by which a violation shall be corrected upon a showing by 319 the owner or other responsible person that he has begun to correct the 320 violation but that full correction of the violation cannot be completed 321 within the time provided because of technical difficulties, inability to 322 obtain necessary materials or labor or inability to gain access to the 323 dwelling unit wherein the violation exists.

324 (b) When the owner or other responsible person has corrected such 325 violation, the owner or other responsible person shall promptly, but 326 not later than two weeks after such correction, report to the enforcing 327 agency in writing, indicating the date when each violation was 328 corrected. It shall be presumed that the violation was corrected on the 329 date so indicated, unless a subsequent inspection by the enforcing 330 agency again reveals the existence of the condition giving rise to the 331 earlier notice of violation.

332 (c) Any person who fails to correct any violation prior to the date set 333 forth in the notice of violation shall be subject to a cumulative civil 334 penalty of five dollars per day for each violation from the date set for 335 correction in the notice of violation to the date such violation is 336 corrected, except that in any case, the penalty shall not exceed one 337 hundred dollars per day and the total penalty shall not exceed seven 338 thousand five hundred dollars. The penalty may be collected by the 339 enforcing agency by action against the owner or other responsible 340 person or by an action against the real property. An action against the 341 owner may be joined with an action against the real property.

(d) In addition to the penalties specified in this section, the
enforcing agency may enforce the provisions of this chapter or a local
housing code by injunctive relief pursuant to chapter 916.

(e) (1) Any penalty imposed by an enforcing agency pursuant to the
provisions of subsection (c) of this section, and remaining unpaid for a
period of sixty days after its due date, shall constitute a lien upon the

348 real property against which the penalty was imposed, provided a 349 notice of violation is recorded in the land records and indexed in the 350 name of the property owner no later than thirty days after the penalty 351 was imposed.

352 (2) Each such notice of violation shall be effective from the time of
353 the recording on the land records. Each lien shall take precedence over
354 all transfers and encumbrances recorded after such time.

(3) Any municipal lien pursuant to the provisions of this sectionmay be foreclosed in the same manner as a mortgage.

(4) Any municipal lien pursuant to this section may be discharged
or dissolved in the manner provided in sections 49-35a to 49-37,
inclusive.

(f) Any enforcing agency imposing a penalty pursuant to subsection
(c) of this section shall maintain a current record of all properties with
respect to which such penalty remains unpaid in the office of such
agency. Such record shall be available for inspection by the public.

(g) Each enforcing agency empowered to enforce any provision of
 this chapter or any provision of a local housing code shall create and
 make available housing code violation complaint forms, written in
 both English and Spanish, for use by any occupant of a dwelling unit
 seeking to file a complaint against the owner of such unit, or other
 responsible party, concerning such violations.

370 Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) As used in this section:

371 (1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Housing.

(2) "Eligible workforce housing opportunity development project"
or "project" means a project for the construction or substantial
rehabilitation of rental housing (A) located within an opportunity zone
in this state, (B) designated under subsection (e) of this section for
certain professions that work within the municipality in which the

377 project is located and for low and moderate income families and
378 individuals, and (C) that may incorporate renewable energy
379 technology and be transit-oriented.

(3) "Substantial rehabilitation" means either (A) the costs of any
repair, replacement or improvement to a building that exceeds twentyfive per cent of the value of such building after the completion of all
such repairs, replacements or improvements, or (B) the replacement of
two or more of the following: (i) Roof structures, (ii) ceilings, (iii) wall
or floor structures, (iv) foundations, (v) plumbing systems, (vi) heating
and air conditioning systems, or (vii) electrical systems.

(4) "Opportunity zone" means an area designated as a qualified
opportunity zone pursuant to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, P.L.
115-97, as amended from time to time.

390 (5) "Eligible developer" or "developer" means (A) a nonprofit 391 corporation; (B) any business corporation incorporated pursuant to 392 chapter 601 of the general statutes, (i) that has as one of its purposes 393 the construction, rehabilitation, ownership or operation of housing, 394 and (ii) either certified under this section or that has articles of 395 incorporation approved by the commissioner in accordance with 396 regulations adopted pursuant to section 8-79a or 8-84 of the general 397 statutes; (C) any partnership, limited partnership, limited liability 398 partnership, joint venture, trust, limited liability company or 399 association, (i) that has as one of its purposes the construction, 400 rehabilitation, ownership or operation of housing, and (ii) either 401 certified under this section or that has basic documents of organization 402 approved by the commissioner in accordance with regulations adopted 403 pursuant to section 8-79a or 8-84 of the general statutes; (D) a housing 404 authority; or (E) a municipal developer.

(6) "Authority" or "housing authority" means any of the public
corporations created by section 8-40 of the general statutes, and the
Connecticut Housing Authority when exercising the rights, powers,
duties or privileges of, or subject to the immunities or limitations of,

409 housing authorities pursuant to section 8-121 of the general statutes.

(7) "Nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 602 of the general statutes or any predecessor statutes thereto, that has as one of its purposes the construction, rehabilitation, ownership or operation of housing and that has articles of incorporation approved by the Commissioner of Housing in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to section 8-79a or 8-84 of the general statutes or that is certified under this section.

(8) "Municipal developer" means a municipality that has not declared by resolution a need for a housing authority pursuant to section 8-40 of the general statutes, acting by and through its legislative body. "Municipal developer" means the board of selectmen if such board is authorized to act as the municipal developer by the town meeting or representative town meeting.

(9) "Low and moderate income families and individuals" means
families or individuals who lack the amount of income necessary, as
determined by the Commissioner of Housing, to enable such families
or individuals to rent mixed-income housing without financial
assistance.

(10) "Market rate" means the rental income that such property
would most probably command on the open market as indicated by
current rentals in the opportunity zone being paid for comparable
space.

432 There is established a workforce housing opportunity (b) 433 development program to be administered by the Department of 434 Housing under which individuals or entities who make cash 435 contributions to an eligible developer for an eligible workforce housing 436 opportunity development project located in a federally designated 437 opportunity zone may be allowed a credit against the tax due under 438 chapter 208 or 229 of the general statutes in an amount equal to the 439 amount specified by the commissioner under this section. Any

developer of a workforce housing opportunity development project
shall be allowed an exemption from any fees under section 29-263 of
the general statutes, as amended by this act, and any eligible workforce
housing opportunity development project shall be assessed using the
capitalization of net income method under subsection (b) of section 1263b of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

446 (c) The Commissioner of Housing shall determine eligibility criteria 447 for such program and establish an application process for the program. 448 The Department of Housing shall commence accepting applications for 449 such program not later than January 1, 2024. A developer may apply to 450 the Department of Housing for certification as a developer qualified to 451 receive cash investments eligible for a tax credit pursuant to this 452 section in a manner and form prescribed by the commissioner. To the 453 extent feasible, any eligible workforce housing opportunity 454 development project shall incorporate renewable energy or other 455 technology in order to lower utility costs for the tenants and be transit-456 oriented. Any eligible workforce housing opportunity development 457 project once constructed or substantially rehabilitated shall be rented 458 as follows: (1) Fifty per cent of the units shall be rented at the market 459 rate, (2) forty per cent of the units shall be rented to the workforce 460 population designated under subsection (e) of this section, where such 461 project is located at a rent not exceeding twenty per cent of the 462 prevailing rent of the opportunity zone where such development is 463 located, and (3) ten per cent of the units shall be rented to families or 464 individuals of low and moderate income receiving rental assistance 465 under chapter 128 or 319uu of the general statutes or 42 USC 1437f, as 466 amended from time to time. The program shall provide for a method 467 of selecting persons satisfying such income criteria to rent such units of 468 housing from among a pool of applicants, which method shall not 469 discriminate on the basis of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, 470 sex, gender identity or expression, age or physical or intellectual 471 disability.

472 (d) A workforce housing opportunity development project shall be

473 scheduled for completion not more than three years after the date of 474 approval by the Department of Housing. Each developer of a 475 workforce housing opportunity development project shall submit to 476 the commissioner quarterly progress reports and a final report upon 477 completion, in a manner and form prescribed by the commissioner. If a 478 workforce housing opportunity development project fails to be 479 completed on or before three years from the date of approval of such 480 project, or at any time the commissioner determines that a project is 481 unlikely to be completed, the commissioner may request the Attorney 482 General to reclaim any remaining funds contributed to the project by 483 individuals or entities under subsection (b) of this section and, upon 484 receipt of any such remaining funds, the commissioner shall reallocate 485 such funds to another eligible project.

486 (e) The developer shall obtain the approval of the zoning 487 commission, as defined in section 8-13m of the general statutes, of the 488 municipality and of any other applicable municipal agency for the 489 proposed workforce housing opportunity development project. After 490 all such approvals are granted, the municipality may, not later than 491 thirty days after such approval, by vote of its legislative body or, in a 492 municipality where the legislative body is a town meeting, by vote of 493 the board of selectmen, designate the workforce population that forty 494 per cent of the project shall be dedicated to. Such designation may 495 include volunteer firefighters, teachers, police officers, emergency 496 medical personnel or other professions of persons working in the 497 municipality. If the municipality does not vote within such time 498 period, the developer shall designate the workforce population.

(f) For taxable income years commencing on or after January 1, 2025,
the Commissioner of Revenue Services shall grant a credit against the
tax imposed under chapter 208 or 229 of the general statutes, other
than the liability imposed by section 12-707 of the general statutes, in
an amount equal to the amount specified by the Commissioner of
Housing in a tax credit voucher issued by the Commissioner of
Housing pursuant to subsection (g) of this section.

506 (g) (1) The Commissioner of Housing shall administer a system of 507 tax credit vouchers within the resources, requirements and purposes of 508 this section, for individuals and entities making cash contributions to 509 an eligible developer for an eligible workforce housing opportunity 510 development project. Such voucher may be used as a credit against the 511 tax to which such individual or entity is subject under chapter 208 or 512 229 of the general statutes, other than the liability imposed by section 513 12-707 of the general statutes.

(2) In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits allowed to all
individuals or entities pursuant to the provisions of this section exceed
five million dollars in any one fiscal year.

(3) No tax credit shall be granted to any individual or entity for anyindividual amount contributed of less than two hundred fifty dollars.

(4) Any tax credit not used in the taxable income year during which
the cash contribution was made may be carried forward or backward
for the five immediately succeeding or preceding taxable or income
years until the full credit has been allowed.

523 (5) If an entity claiming a credit under this section is an S 524 corporation or an entity treated as a partnership for federal income tax 525 purposes, the credit may be claimed by the entity's shareholders or 526 partners. If the entity is a single member limited liability company that 527 is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, the credit may be 528 claimed by such limited liability company's owner, provided such 529 owner is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 208 or 229 of the 530 general statutes.

(h) The Commissioner of Housing shall adopt regulations, in
accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to
implement the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to,
the conditions for certification of a developer applying for assistance
under this section.

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Sec. 10. Section 12-63b of the general statutes is repealed and the

following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after October 1, 2023*):

539 (a) The assessor or board of assessors in any town, at any time, 540 when determining the present true and actual value of real property as 541 provided in section 12-63, which property is used primarily for the 542 purpose of producing rental income, exclusive of such property used 543 solely for residential purposes, containing not more than six dwelling 544 units and in which the owner resides, shall determine such value on 545 the basis of an appraisal which shall include to the extent applicable 546 with respect to such property, consideration of each of the following 547 methods of appraisal: (1) Replacement cost less depreciation, plus the 548 market value of the land, (2) capitalization of net income based on 549 market rent for similar property, and (3) a sales comparison approach 550 based on current bona fide sales of comparable property. The 551 provisions of this section shall not be applicable with respect to any 552 housing assisted by the federal or state government except any such 553 housing for which the federal assistance directly related to rent for 554 each unit in such housing is no less than the difference between the fair 555 market rent for each such unit in the applicable area and the amount of 556 rent payable by the tenant in each such unit, as determined under the 557 federal program providing for such assistance.

558 (b) In the case of an eligible workforce housing opportunity 559 development project, as defined in section 9 of this act, the assessor 560 shall use the capitalization of net income method based on the actual 561 rent received for the property.

562 [(b)] (c) For purposes of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this 563 section and, generally, in its use as a factor in any appraisal with 564 respect to real property used primarily for the purpose of producing 565 rental income, the term "market rent" means the rental income that 566 such property would most probably command on the open market as 567 indicated by present rentals being paid for comparable space. In 568 determining market rent the assessor shall consider the actual rental 569 income applicable with respect to such real property under the terms

570 of an existing contract of lease at the time of such determination.

571 Sec. 11. Section 8-395 of the general statutes is repealed and the 572 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

573 (a) As used in this section, (1) "business firm" means any business 574 entity authorized to do business in the state and subject to the 575 corporation business tax imposed under chapter 208, or any company 576 subject to a tax imposed under chapter 207, or any air carrier subject to 577 the air carriers tax imposed under chapter 209, or any railroad 578 company subject to the railroad companies tax imposed under chapter 579 210, or any regulated telecommunications service, express, cable or 580 community antenna television company subject to the regulated 581 telecommunications service, express, cable and community antenna 582 television companies tax imposed under chapter 211, or any utility 583 company subject to the utility companies tax imposed under chapter 584 212, [and] (2) "nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit corporation 585 incorporated pursuant to chapter 602 or any predecessor statutes 586 thereto, having as one of its purposes the construction, rehabilitation, 587 ownership or operation of housing and having articles of incorporation 588 approved by the executive director of the Connecticut Housing 589 Finance Authority in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to 590 section 8-79a or 8-84, (3) "workforce housing development project" or 591 "project" means the construction or substantial rehabilitation of 592 dwelling units for rental housing where (A) ten per cent of the units 593 are affordable housing, (B) forty per cent of the units are rented to the 594 workforce population designated by the developer, in consultation 595 with the municipality where such project is located, at a rent not 596 exceeding twenty per cent of the prevailing rent of the area where such 597 development is located, and (C) fifty per cent of the units are rented at 598 a market rate and includes, but is not limited to, an eligible workforce 599 housing opportunity development project, as defined in section 9 of 600 this act, (4) "affordable housing" means rental housing for which 601 persons and families pay thirty per cent or less of their annual income, 602 where such income is less than or equal to the area median income for

603 the municipality in which such housing is located, as determined by 604 the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, (5) "substantial rehabilitation" means either (A) the costs of any repair, 605 606 replacement or improvement to a building that exceeds twenty-five 607 per cent of the value of such building after the completion of all such 608 repairs, replacements or improvements, or (B) the replacement of two 609 or more of the following: (i) Roof structures, (ii) ceilings, (iii) wall or floor structures, (iv) foundations, (v) plumbing systems, (vi) heating 610 and air conditioning systems, or (vii) electrical systems, and (6) 611 "market rate" means the rental income that such unit would most 612 613 probably command on the open market as indicated by present rentals 614 being paid for comparable space in the area where the unit is located.

(b) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall grant a credit against [any] <u>the</u> tax [due] <u>imposed</u> under [the provisions of] chapter 207, 208, 209, 210, 211 or 212 in an amount equal to the amount specified by the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority in any tax credit voucher issued by said authority pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

621 (c) The Connecticut Housing Finance Authority shall administer a 622 system of tax credit vouchers within the resources, requirements and 623 purposes of this section, for business firms making cash contributions 624 to housing programs developed, sponsored or managed by a nonprofit 625 corporation, as defined in subsection (a) of this section, which benefit 626 low and moderate income persons or families which have been 627 approved prior to the date of any such cash contribution by the 628 authority, including, but not limited to, contributions for a workforce 629 housing development project. Such vouchers may be used as a credit 630 against any of the taxes to which such business firm is subject and 631 which are enumerated in subsection (b) of this section. For taxable or 632 income years commencing on or after January 1, 1998, to be eligible for 633 approval a housing program shall be scheduled for completion not 634 more than three years from the date of approval. For taxable or income 635 years commencing on or after January 1, 2024, to be eligible for

636 approval, a workforce housing development project shall be scheduled 637 for completion not more than three years from the date of approval. 638 Each program or developer of a workforce housing development project shall submit to the authority quarterly progress reports and a 639 640 final report upon completion, in a manner and form prescribed by the 641 authority. If a program or workforce housing development project fails 642 to be completed [after] on or before three years from the date of 643 approval of the project, or at any time the authority determines that a 644 program or project is unlikely to be completed, the authority may 645 reclaim any remaining funds contributed by business firms and 646 reallocate such funds to another eligible program or project.

(d) No business firm shall receive a credit pursuant to both thissection and chapter 228a in relation to the same cash contribution.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent two or more
business firms from participating jointly in one or more programs or
<u>projects</u> under the provisions of this section. Such joint programs or
<u>projects</u> shall be submitted, and acted upon, as a single program or
<u>project</u> by the business firms involved.

(f) No tax credit shall be granted to any business firm for anyindividual amount contributed of less than two hundred fifty dollars.

(g) Any tax credit not used in the [period] taxable income year
during which the cash contribution was made may be carried forward
or backward for the five immediately succeeding or preceding taxable
or income years until the full credit has been allowed.

660 (h) In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits allowed to all 661 business firms pursuant to the provisions of this section exceed ten 662 million dollars in any one fiscal year, provided, each year until the date 663 sixty days after the date the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority 664 publishes the list of housing programs <u>or workforce housing</u> 665 <u>development projects</u> that will receive tax credit reservations, two 666 million dollars of the total amount of all tax credits under this section 667 shall be set aside for permanent supportive housing initiatives 668 established pursuant to section 17a-485c, and one million dollars of the 669 total amount of all tax credits under this section shall be set aside for workforce housing, as defined by the Connecticut Housing Finance 670 671 Authority through written procedures adopted pursuant to subsection 672 (k) of this section. Each year, on or after the date sixty days after the 673 date the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority publishes the list of 674 housing programs or projects that will receive tax credit reservations, 675 any unused portion of such tax credits shall become available for any 676 housing program or project eligible for tax credits pursuant to this 677 section.

(i) No organization conducting a housing program or [programs]
<u>project</u> eligible for funding with respect to which tax credits may be
allowed under this section shall be allowed to receive an aggregate
amount of such funding for any such program or [programs] <u>project</u> in
excess of five hundred thousand dollars for any fiscal year.

(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a business
firm from making any cash contribution to a housing program or
project to which tax credits may be applied which cash contribution
may result in the business firm having a limited equity interest in the
program or project.

688 (k) The Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, with the approval 689 of the Commissioner of Revenue Services, shall adopt written 690 procedures in accordance with section 1-121 to implement the 691 provisions of this section. Such procedures shall include provisions for 692 issuing tax credit vouchers for cash contributions to housing programs 693 or projects based on a system of ranking housing programs. In 694 establishing such ranking system, the authority shall consider the 695 following: (1) The readiness of the project to be built; (2) use of the 696 funds to build or rehabilitate a specific housing project or to capitalize 697 a revolving loan fund providing low-cost loans for housing 698 construction, repair or rehabilitation to benefit persons of very low, 699 low and moderate income; (3) the extent the project will benefit

700 families at or below twenty-five per cent of the area median income 701 and families with incomes between twenty-five per cent and fifty per 702 cent of the area median income, as defined by the United States 703 Department of Housing and Urban Development; (4) evidence of the 704 general administrative capability of the nonprofit corporation to build 705 or rehabilitate housing; (5) evidence that any funds received by the 706 nonprofit corporation for which a voucher was issued were used to 707 accomplish the goals set forth in the application; and (6) with respect 708 to any income year commencing on or after January 1, 1998: (A) Use of 709 the funds to provide housing opportunities in urban areas and the 710 impact of such funds on neighborhood revitalization; and (B) the 711 extent to which tax credit funds are leveraged by other funds.

(l) Vouchers issued or reserved by the Department of Housing
under the provisions of this section prior to July 1, 1995, shall be valid
on and after July 1, 1995, to the same extent as they would be valid
under the provisions of this section in effect on June 30, 1995.

(m) The credit which is sought by the business firm shall first be
claimed on the tax return for such business firm's <u>taxable</u> income <u>or</u>
year during which the cash contribution to which the tax credit
voucher relates was paid.

Sec. 12. Section 29-263 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

722 (a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of section 29-252a and the 723 State Building Code adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of section 29-724 252, after October 1, 1970, no building or structure shall be constructed 725 or altered until an application has been filed with the building official 726 and a permit issued. Such application shall be filed in person, by mail 727 or electronic mail, in a manner prescribed by the building official. Such 728 permit shall be issued or refused, in whole or in part, within thirty 729 days after the date of an application. No permit shall be issued except 730 upon application of the owner of the premises affected or the owner's 731 authorized agent. No permit shall be issued to a contractor who is

required to be registered pursuant to chapter 400, for work to be 732 733 performed by such contractor, unless the name, business address and 734 Department of Consumer Protection registration number of such 735 contractor is clearly marked on the application for the permit, and the 736 contractor has presented such contractor's certificate of registration as 737 a home improvement contractor. Prior to the issuance of a permit and 738 within said thirty-day period, the building official shall review the 739 plans of buildings or structures to be constructed or altered, including, 740 but not limited to, plans prepared by an architect licensed pursuant to 741 chapter 390, a professional engineer licensed pursuant to chapter 391 742 or an interior designer registered pursuant to chapter 396a acting 743 within the scope of such license or registration, to determine their 744 compliance with the requirements of the State Building Code and, 745 where applicable, the local fire marshal shall review such plans to 746 determine their compliance with the Fire Safety Code. Such plans 747 submitted for review shall be in substantial compliance with the 748 provisions of the State Building Code and, where applicable, with the 749 provisions of the Fire Safety Code.

750 (b) On and after July 1, 1999, the building official shall assess an 751 education fee on each building permit application. During the fiscal 752 year commencing July 1, 1999, the amount of such fee shall be sixteen 753 cents per one thousand dollars of construction value as declared on the 754 building permit application and the building official shall remit such 755 fees quarterly to the Department of Administrative Services, for 756 deposit in the General Fund. Upon deposit in the General Fund, the 757 amount of such fees shall be credited to the appropriation to the 758 Department of Administrative Services and shall be used for the code 759 training and educational programs established pursuant to section 29-760 251c and the educational programs required in subsections (a) and (b) 761 of section 29-262. On and after July 1, 2000, the assessment shall be 762 made in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 763 (d) of section 29-251c. All fees collected pursuant to this subsection 764 shall be maintained in a separate account by the local building 765 department. During the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1999, the local

building department may retain two per cent of such fees for 766 767 administrative costs incurred in collecting such fees and maintaining 768 such account. On and after July 1, 2000, the portion of such fees which 769 may be retained by a local building department shall be determined in 770 accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (d) of 771 section 29-251c. No building official shall assess such education fee on 772 a building permit application to repair or replace a concrete 773 foundation that has deteriorated due to the presence of pyrrhotite.

(c) Any municipality may, by ordinance adopted by its legislative
body, exempt Class I renewable energy source projects from payment
of building permit fees imposed by the municipality.

(d) Notwithstanding any municipal charter, home rule ordinance or
special act, no municipality shall collect an application fee on a
building permit application to repair or replace a concrete foundation
that has deteriorated due to the presence of pyrrhotite.

(e) Notwithstanding any municipal charter, home rule ordinance or
special act, no municipality shall collect any fee for a building permit
application for the construction or substantial rehabilitation of (1) an
eligible workforce housing opportunity development project, as
defined in section 9 of this act, or (2) a workforce housing development
project, as defined in section 8-395, as amended by this act.

787 Sec. 13. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2023, and applicable to assessment 788 years commencing on or after October 1, 2023) The legislative body of any 789 municipality or, in a municipality where the legislative body is a town 790 meeting, the board of selectmen may, by ordinance, exempt from real 791 property tax any workforce housing development project, as defined 792 in section 8-395 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, to the 793 extent of seventy per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in 794 each of the seven full assessment years following the assessment year 795 in which the construction or substantial rehabilitation, as defined in 796 section 8-395 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, is 797 completed.

798 Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) Beginning with the fiscal 799 year commencing July 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 800 Management shall pay a state grant in lieu of taxes to any municipality 801 that has opted to partially exempt from real property tax a workforce 802 housing development project under section 13 of this act and 803 submitted an application for such grant. A municipality shall apply for 804 such grant annually on a form and in a manner prescribed by the 805 secretary. On or before January first, annually, the Secretary of the 806 Office of Policy and Management shall determine the amount due to 807 such municipality, in accordance with this section.

808 (b) Any grant payable to any municipality that applies for a grant 809 under the provisions of this section shall be equal to seventy per cent 810 of the property taxes that, except for any exemption applicable to any 811 such housing authority property under the provisions of chapter 128 of 812 the general statutes, would have been paid with respect to such 813 exempt real property on the assessment list in such municipality for 814 the assessment date two years prior to the commencement of the state 815 fiscal year in which such grant is payable, for a maximum of seven 816 assessment years. The amount of the grant payable to each 817 municipality in any year in accordance with this section shall be 818 reduced proportionately in the event that the total of such grants in 819 such year exceeds the amount appropriated for the purposes of this 820 section with respect to such year.

821 Sec. 15. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2023) The Connecticut Housing 822 Finance Authority shall develop and administer a program of 823 mortgage assistance for (1) developers for the construction or substantial rehabilitation of eligible workforce housing opportunity 824 825 development projects, as defined in section 9 of this act, and (2) 826 developers for the construction or substantial rehabilitation of 827 workforce housing development projects, as defined in section 8-395 of 828 the general statutes, as amended by this act. In making mortgage 829 assistance available under the program, the authority shall utilize any 830 appropriate housing subsidies.

831 Sec. 16. (Effective from passage) The Department of Housing shall, 832 within available appropriations, conduct a study on methods to (1) 833 increase housing options for apprentices and other newly hired employees, and (2) enable such apprentices and other newly hired 834 835 employees to reside in the municipalities in which they work. Not later 836 than January 1, 2024, the Commissioner of Housing shall submit a 837 report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general 838 statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly 839 having cognizance of matters relating to housing. Such report shall 840 include recommendations on methods to increase such housing 841 any legislation necessary implement such options and to 842 recommendations.

843 Sec. 17. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Affordable housing deed restrictions" means deed restrictions
filed on the land records of the municipality, containing covenants or
restrictions that require the dwelling units in a multifamily building to
be sold or rented only to low-income residents;

848 (2) "Environmental justice community" has the same meaning as849 provided in section 22a-20a of the general statutes;

(3) "Family violence" has the same meaning as provided in section46b-38a of the general statutes; and

(4) "Low-income resident" means, after adjustments for family size,
individuals or families whose income is not greater than eighty per
cent of (A) the state median income, or (B) the area median income,
whichever is less, for the area in which the resident resides, as
determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban
Development.

(b) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, in
coordination with the Commissioner of Housing, shall establish a pilot
program to provide grants for retrofitting projects for multifamily
residences built before 1980 and located in environmental justice

communities that (1) improve the energy efficiency of such residences,
including, but not limited to, the installation of heat pumps, solar
power generating systems, improved roofing, storm doors and
windows and improved insulation, or (2) remediate health and safety
concerns, such as mold, vermiculite, asbestos, lead and radon.

867 (c) On and after January 1, 2024, the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall accept applications, in a form to be 868 869 specified by the commissioner, from any owner of a residential 870 dwelling unit for a grant under the program. Any such grant may be 871 awarded to an owner of a residential dwelling unit that is (1) subject to 872 binding affordable housing deed restrictions, (2) not owner-occupied, 873 and (3) occupied by a tenant, or if vacant, to be occupied by a tenant 874 not more than one hundred eighty days after the award of such grant. 875 If such dwelling unit is not occupied within one hundred eighty days 876 of the award of the grant, the owner shall return any funds received by 877 the owner under such grant to the commissioner.

(d) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection
shall prioritize the awarding of grants for projects that benefit any
resident or prospective resident who is (1) a low-income resident, (2) a
veteran, (3) a victim of family violence, or (4) experiencing
homelessness or who has experienced homelessness.

(e) The commissioner shall exclude from the program any owner of
a residential dwelling unit determined by the commissioner to be in
violation of chapter 830 of the general statutes.

(f) The commissioner shall seek to expend the funds appropriated to
the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection for the pilot
program equally on an annual basis for the term of the pilot program.

(g) On or before October 1, 2027, the commissioner shall file a
report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general
statutes, with the joint standing committee of the General Assembly
having cognizance of matters relating to housing (1) analyzing the

success of the pilot program, and (2) recommending whether a
permanent program should be established in the state and, if so, any
proposed legislation for such program.

(h) The pilot program established pursuant to this section shallterminate on September 30, 2028.

898 Sec. 18. (Effective from passage) The Commissioner of Housing shall, 899 within available appropriations, establish a pilot program to provide 900 temporary housing for (1) persons experiencing homelessness, or (2) 901 veterans who need respite care. Such program shall be implemented in 902 not fewer than three municipalities, each with a population of not less 903 than seventy-five thousand, and shall provide not fewer than twenty 904 housing units for eligible persons who need respite care because they 905 are recovering from injury or illness. The commissioner shall establish 906 eligibility criteria for persons eligible to participate in the pilot 907 program. The commissioner may contract with one or more nonprofit 908 organizations to administer the program. Not later than January 1, 909 2025, the commissioner shall submit a report on the pilot program, in 910 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, 911 to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 912 cognizance of matters relating to housing. The pilot program shall 913 terminate on January 1, 2025.

914 Sec. 19. (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a task force to 915 study the potential growth of affordable housing in the state through 916 the conversion of underutilized commercial and retail properties, 917 including, but not limited to, shopping malls, hotels and warehouses, 918 into such housing.

919 (b) The task force shall consist of the following members:

920 (1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,921 one of whom represents an affordable housing advocacy organization;

922 (2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one923 of whom represents a community development corporation;

924 925	(3) One appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives;		
926	(4) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;		
927 928	(5) One appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, who represents retail or commercial property owners;		
929 930	(6) One appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, who represents a local chamber of commerce;		
931 932	(7) The Commissioner of Housing, or the commissioner's designee; and		
933 934	(8) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, or the commissioner's designee.		
935 936 937	(c) Any member of the task force appointed under subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section may be a member of the General Assembly.		
938 939 940	(d) All initial appointments to the task force shall be made not later than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.		
941 942 943 944 945	(e) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president pro tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the task force from among the members of the task force. Such chairpersons shall schedule the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.		
946 947 948	(f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to housing shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.		
949 950 951	(g) Not later than January 1, 2024, the task force shall submit a report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters		

relating to housing, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a
of the general statutes. The task force shall terminate on the date that it
submits such report or January 1, 2024, whichever is later.

Sec. 20. (*Effective July 1, 2023*) The sum of six hundred million dollars is appropriated to the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection from the General Fund, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, for providing grants for retrofitting projects for multifamily residences pursuant to the pilot program established under section 17 of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	47a-23			
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	47a-42			
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	New section			
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	47a-4(a)			
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	47a-15a			
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	47a-6a(a) and (b)			
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	New section			
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	47a-58			
Sec. 9	October 1, 2023	New section			
Sec. 10	October 1, 2023, and	12-63b			
	applicable to assessment				
	years commencing on or				
	after October 1, 2023				
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	8-395			
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	29-263			
Sec. 13	October 1, 2023, and	New section			
	applicable to assessment				
	years commencing on or				
	after October 1, 2023				
Sec. 14	October 1, 2023	New section			
Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	New section			
Sec. 16	from passage	New section			
Sec. 17	October 1, 2023	New section			
Sec. 18	from passage	New section			
Sec. 19	from passage	New section			

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Sec. 20	July 1, 2023	New section

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 1(a) an exception was added and in Section 1(f) the notwithstanding phrase was deleted for consistency with standard drafting conventions; in Section 5(a), a definition of "grace period" was added for clarity; in Section 6(a)(3), "or "agent"" was added for clarity; in Section 9(a)(9), "them" was changed to "such families or individuals" for clarity; in Section 9(a)(10), "present" was changed to "current" for accuracy; in Section 17(c) "paid" was changed to "returned" and such sentence rephrased for clarity; in Section 17(d), "for projects" was added for clarity; and Section 20 was rewritten for consistency with standard drafting conventions.

HSG Joint Favorable Subst.