

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 7396

January Session, 2019

AN ACT CONCERNING PARITY BETWEEN SEXUAL ASSAULT IN THE CASE OF A SPOUSAL OR COHABITATING RELATIONSHIP AND OTHER CRIMES OF SEXUAL ASSAULT AND CONCERNING THE INVESTIGATION OF A FAMILY VIOLENCE CRIME.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 10a-55a of the general statutes is
 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(a) On or before October 1, 1991, and annually thereafter, each 4 5 institution of higher education shall prepare in such manner as the 6 president of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities shall 7 prescribe a uniform campus crime report concerning crimes committed 8 in the immediately preceding calendar year within the geographical 9 limits of the property owned or under the control of such institution. 10 Such report shall be in accordance with the uniform crime reporting 11 system pursuant to section 29-1c, provided such report is limited to 12 those offenses included in part I of the most recently published edition 13 of the Uniform Crime Reports for the United States as authorized by 14 the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Department 15 of Justice, sexual assault under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, 16 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 17 <u>1, 2019, or</u> sections 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b

and 53a-73a, stalking under sections 53a-181c, 53a-181d and 53a-181e
and family violence as designated under section 46b-38h, as amended
by this act. The state police, local police departments and special police
forces established pursuant to section 10a-156b, as amended by this
act, shall cooperate with institutions of higher education in preparing
such reports. Institutions with more than one campus shall prepare
such reports for each campus.

25 Sec. 2. Subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 10a-55m of the 26 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 27 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

28 (5) "Intimate partner violence" means any physical or sexual harm 29 against an individual by a current or former spouse of or person in a 30 dating relationship with such individual that results from any action 31 by such spouse or such person that may be classified as a sexual 32 assault under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, 33 revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 34 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, 35 stalking under section 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e, or family 36 violence as designated under section 46b-38h, as amended by this act;

Sec. 3. Subsection (j) of section 17a-112 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

40 (j) The Superior Court, upon notice and hearing as provided in 41 sections 45a-716 and 45a-717, as amended by this act, may grant a 42 petition filed pursuant to this section if it finds by clear and convincing 43 evidence that (1) the Department of Children and Families has made 44 reasonable efforts to locate the parent and to reunify the child with the 45 parent in accordance with subsection (a) of section 17a-111b, unless the 46 court finds in this proceeding that the parent is unable or unwilling to 47 benefit from reunification efforts, except that such finding is not 48 required if the court has determined at a hearing pursuant to section 49 17a-111b, or determines at trial on the petition, that such efforts are not

50 required, (2) termination is in the best interest of the child, and (3) (A) 51 the child has been abandoned by the parent in the sense that the parent 52 has failed to maintain a reasonable degree of interest, concern or 53 responsibility as to the welfare of the child; (B) the child (i) has been 54 found by the Superior Court or the Probate Court to have been 55 neglected, abused or uncared for in a prior proceeding, or (ii) is found 56 to be neglected, abused or uncared for and has been in the custody of 57 the commissioner for at least fifteen months and the parent of such 58 child has been provided specific steps to take to facilitate the return of 59 the child to the parent pursuant to section 46b-129 and has failed to 60 achieve such degree of personal rehabilitation as would encourage the 61 belief that within a reasonable time, considering the age and needs of 62 the child, such parent could assume a responsible position in the life of 63 the child; (C) the child has been denied, by reason of an act or acts of 64 parental commission or omission including, but not limited to, sexual 65 molestation or exploitation, severe physical abuse or a pattern of 66 abuse, the care, guidance or control necessary for the child's physical, educational, moral or emotional well-being, except that nonaccidental 67 68 or inadequately explained serious physical injury to a child shall 69 constitute prima facie evidence of acts of parental commission or 70 omission sufficient for the termination of parental rights; (D) there is 71 no ongoing parent-child relationship, which means the relationship 72 that ordinarily develops as a result of a parent having met on a day-to-73 day basis the physical, emotional, moral and educational needs of the 74 child and to allow further time for the establishment or 75 of such parent-child relationship would reestablishment be 76 detrimental to the best interest of the child; (E) the parent of a child 77 under the age of seven years who is neglected, abused or uncared for, 78 has failed, is unable or is unwilling to achieve such degree of personal 79 rehabilitation as would encourage the belief that within a reasonable 80 period of time, considering the age and needs of the child, such parent 81 could assume a responsible position in the life of the child and such 82 parent's parental rights of another child were previously terminated 83 pursuant to a petition filed by the Commissioner of Children and 84 Families; (F) the parent has killed through deliberate, nonaccidental act

85 another child of the parent or has requested, commanded, importuned, 86 attempted, conspired or solicited such killing or has committed an 87 assault, through deliberate, nonaccidental act that resulted in serious 88 bodily injury of another child of the parent; or (G) the parent 89 committed an act that constitutes sexual assault as described in section 90 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a or 91 compelling a spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by 92 the use of force or by the threat of the use of force as described in 93 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 94 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, if such act resulted 95 in the conception of the child.

Sec. 4. Subsection (c) of section 17b-749k of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

99 (c) The commissioner shall have the discretion to refuse payments 100 for child care under any financial assistance program administered by 101 him or her if the person or relative providing such child care has been 102 convicted in this state or any other state of a felony, as defined in 103 section 53a-25, involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of 104 physical force against another person, of cruelty to persons under 105 section 53-20, injury or risk of injury to or impairing morals of children 106 under section 53-21, abandonment of children under the age of six 107 years under section 53-23 or any felony where the victim of the felony 108 is a child under eighteen years of age, or of a violation of section 53a-109 70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 110 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-111 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, or has a criminal record or 112 was the subject of a substantiated report of child abuse in this state or 113 any other state that the commissioner reasonably believes renders the 114 person or relative unsuitable to provide child care.

115 Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 19a-87a of the general statutes is 116 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 117 *October 1, 2019*):

4 of 37

(a) The Commissioner of Early Childhood shall have the discretion 118 119 to refuse to license under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, and 19a-120 82 to 19a-87, inclusive, a person to conduct, operate or maintain a child 121 care center or a group child care home, as described in section 19a-77, 122 or to suspend or revoke the license or take any other action set forth in 123 regulation that may be adopted pursuant to section 19a-79 if, the 124 person who owns, conducts, maintains or operates such center or 125 home or a person employed therein in a position connected with the 126 provision of care to a child receiving child care services, has been 127 convicted in this state or any other state of a felony as defined in 128 section 53a-25 involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of 129 physical force against another person, of cruelty to persons under 130 section 53-20, injury or risk of injury to or impairing morals of children 131 under section 53-21, abandonment of children under the age of six 132 years under section 53-23, or any felony where the victim of the felony 133 is a child under eighteen years of age, or of a violation of section 53a-134 70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 135 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-136 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, or has a criminal record in 137 this state or any other state that the commissioner reasonably believes 138 renders the person unsuitable to own, conduct, operate or maintain or 139 be employed by a child care center or group child care home. 140 However, no refusal of a license shall be rendered except in accordance 141 with the provisions of sections 46a-79 to 46a-81, inclusive.

Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 19a-87e of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(a) The Commissioner of Early Childhood may (1) refuse to license
under section 19a-87b, a person to own, conduct, operate or maintain a
family child care home, as defined in section 19a-77, (2) refuse to
approve under section 19a-87b, a person to act as an assistant or
substitute staff member in a family child care home, as defined in
section 19a-77, or (3) suspend or revoke the license or approval or take

151 any other action that may be set forth in regulation that may be 152 adopted pursuant to section 19a-79 if the person who owns, conducts, 153 maintains or operates the family child care home, the person who acts 154 as an assistant or substitute staff member in a family child care home, a person employed in such family child care home in a position 155 156 connected with the provision of care to a child receiving child care 157 services or a household member, as defined in subsection (c) of section 158 19a-87b, who is sixteen years of age or older and resides therein, has 159 been convicted, in this state or any other state of a felony, as defined in 160 section 53a-25, involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of 161 physical force against another person, or has a criminal record in this 162 state or any other state that the commissioner reasonably believes 163 renders the person unsuitable to own, conduct, operate or maintain or 164 be employed by a family child care home, or act as an assistant or 165 substitute staff member in a family child care home, or if such persons 166 or a household member has been convicted in this state or any other 167 state of cruelty to persons under section 53-20, injury or risk of injury 168 to or impairing morals of children under section 53-21, abandonment 169 of children under the age of six years under section 53-23, or any 170 felony where the victim of the felony is a child under eighteen years of 171 age, a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 172 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 173 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, 174 illegal manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing or 175 administration under section 21a-277 or 21a-278, or illegal possession 176 under section 21a-279, or if such person, a person who acts as assistant 177 or substitute staff member in a family child care home or a person 178 employed in such family child care home in a position connected with 179 the provision of care to a child receiving child care services, either fails to substantially comply with the regulations adopted pursuant to 180 181 section 19a-87b, or conducts, operates or maintains the home in a 182 manner which endangers the health, safety and welfare of the children 183 receiving child care services. Any refusal of a license or approval 184 pursuant to this section shall be rendered in accordance with the 185 provisions of sections 46a-79 to 46a-81, inclusive. Any person whose license or approval has been revoked pursuant to this section shall be
ineligible to apply for a license or approval for a period of one year
from the effective date of revocation.

189 Sec. 7. Section 19a-112b of the general statutes is repealed and the 190 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

191 The Department of Public Health shall provide to victims of a 192 sexual act constituting a violation of section 53a-70b of the general 193 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior 194 to October 1, 2019, or section 53-21, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 195 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a or 53a-192a, regardless of whether any 196 person is convicted or adjudicated delinquent for such violation, the 197 following services: (1)Counseling regarding human 198 immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome; 199 (2) HIV-related testing; and (3) referral service for appropriate health 200 care and support services. Such services shall be provided through 201 counseling and testing sites funded by the Department of Public 202 Health.

Sec. 8. Subdivision (5) of section 19a-112e of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(5) "Sexual offense" means a violation of <u>section 53a-70b of the</u> <u>general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019,</u> <u>committed prior to October 1, 2019, or</u> subsection (a) of section 53a-70 [,] <u>or</u> section 53a-70a_z [or 53a-70b,] subsection (a) of section 53a-71, section 53a-72a or 53a-72b, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-86, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-90a, 53a-196a or 53a-196b.

Sec. 9. Subdivision (8) of section 31-57r of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

216 (8) "Sexual assault" means any act that constitutes a violation of

217 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to

218 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70,

219 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a;

Sec. 10. Subsections (g) and (h) of section 45a-717 of the general
statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
(*Effective October 1, 2019*):

223 (g) At the adjourned hearing or at the initial hearing where no 224 investigation and report has been requested, the court may approve a 225 petition terminating the parental rights and may appoint a guardian of 226 the person of the child, or, if the petitioner requests, the court may 227 appoint a statutory parent, if it finds, upon clear and convincing 228 evidence, that (1) the termination is in the best interest of the child, and 229 (2) (A) the child has been abandoned by the parent in the sense that the 230 parent has failed to maintain a reasonable degree of interest, concern 231 or responsibility as to the welfare of the child; (B) the child has been 232 denied, by reason of an act or acts of parental commission or omission, 233 including, but not limited to, sexual molestation and exploitation, 234 severe physical abuse or a pattern of abuse, the care, guidance or 235 control necessary for the child's physical, educational, moral or 236 emotional well-being. Nonaccidental or inadequately explained 237 serious physical injury to a child shall constitute prima facie evidence 238 of acts of parental commission or omission sufficient for the 239 termination of parental rights; (C) there is no ongoing parent-child 240 relationship which is defined as the relationship that ordinarily 241 develops as a result of a parent having met on a continuing, day-to-242 day basis the physical, emotional, moral and educational needs of the 243 and to allow further time for the establishment child or 244 reestablishment of the parent-child relationship would be detrimental 245 to the best interests of the child; (D) a child of the parent (i) was found 246 by the Superior Court or the Probate Court to have been neglected, 247 abused or uncared for, as those terms are defined in section 46b-120, in 248 a prior proceeding, or (ii) is found to be neglected, abused or uncared 249 for and has been in the custody of the commissioner for at least fifteen

250 months and such parent has been provided specific steps to take to 251 facilitate the return of the child to the parent pursuant to section 46b-252 129 and has failed to achieve such degree of personal rehabilitation as 253 would encourage the belief that within a reasonable time, considering 254 the age and needs of the child, such parent could assume a responsible 255 position in the life of the child; (E) a child of the parent, who is under 256 the age of seven years is found to be neglected, abused or uncared for, 257 and the parent has failed, is unable or is unwilling to achieve such 258 degree of personal rehabilitation as would encourage the belief that 259 within a reasonable amount of time, considering the age and needs of 260 the child, such parent could assume a responsible position in the life of 261 the child and such parent's parental rights of another child were 262 previously terminated pursuant to a petition filed by the Commissioner of Children and Families; (F) the parent has killed 263 264 through deliberate, nonaccidental act another child of the parent or has 265 requested, commanded, importuned, attempted, conspired or solicited 266 such killing or has committed an assault, through deliberate, 267 nonaccidental act that resulted in serious bodily injury of another child 268 of the parent; (G) except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, 269 the parent committed an act that constitutes sexual assault as 270 described in section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b 271 or 53a-73a or compelling a spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual 272 intercourse by the use of force or by the threat of the use of force as 273 described in section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, 274 revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, if such 275 act resulted in the conception of the child; or (H) the parent was finally 276 adjudged guilty of sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-277 70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a or of compelling a spouse or 278 cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force or by the 279 threat of the use of force under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, 280 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 281 1, 2019, if such act resulted in the conception of the child.

(h) If the petition alleges an act described in subparagraph (G) of subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section that resulted in the 284 conception of the child as a basis for termination of parental rights and 285 the court determines that the respondent parent was finally adjudged 286 not guilty of such act of sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 287 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73 or of compelling a spouse or 288 cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force or by the 289 threat of the use of force under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, 290 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 291 1, 2019, the court shall transfer the case to the Superior Court and the 292 clerk of the Probate Court shall transmit to the clerk of the Superior 293 Court to which the case was transferred, the original files and papers 294 in the case. The Superior Court, upon hearing after notice as provided 295 in this section and section 45a-716, may grant the petition as provided 296 in this section.

297 Sec. 11. Section 46b-38h of the general statutes is repealed and the 298 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

299 If any person is convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the 300 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 301 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-59, 53a-59a, 53a-59c, 302 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-64, 53a-64aa, 53a-303 64bb, 53a-64cc, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-304 72b, 53a-181, 53a-181c, 53a-181d, 53a-181e, 53a-182, 53a-182b, 53a-183, 305 53a-223, 53a-223a or 53a-223b, against a family or household member, 306 as defined in section 46b-38a, the court shall include a designation that 307 such conviction involved family violence on the court record for the 308 purposes of criminal history record information, as defined in 309 subsection (a) of section 54-142g.

Sec. 12. Subsection (a) of section 47a-11e of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter and chapter 831,
for rental agreements entered into or renewed on or after January 1,
2011, any tenant who (1) is a victim of family violence, as defined in

316 section 46b-38a, and (2) reasonably believes it is necessary to vacate the 317 dwelling unit due to fear of imminent harm to the tenant or a 318 dependent of the tenant because of family violence, may terminate his 319 or her rental agreement with the landlord for the dwelling unit that the 320 tenant occupies without penalty or liability for the remaining term of 321 the rental agreement by giving written notice to the landlord at least 322 thirty days prior to the date the tenant intends to terminate the rental 323 agreement. Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter and chapter 324 831, for rental agreements entered into or renewed on or after January 325 1, 2014, any tenant who (A) is a victim of sexual assault under any 326 provision of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, 327 revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 328 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, 329 or is the parent or guardian with physical custody of a dependent who 330 is the victim of sexual assault under section 53a-70c, and (B) reasonably 331 believes it is necessary to vacate the dwelling unit due to fear of 332 imminent harm to the tenant or a dependent of the tenant because of 333 such sexual assault, may terminate his or her rental agreement with 334 the landlord for the dwelling unit that the tenant occupies without 335 penalty or liability for the remaining term of the rental agreement by 336 giving written notice to the landlord at least thirty days prior to the 337 date the tenant intends to terminate the rental agreement.

Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 52-161b of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

341 (a) A pro se litigant in any civil matter, including a habeas corpus 342 proceeding, shall notify the clerk of the court if such litigant has been 343 convicted of a family violence crime, as defined in section 53a-70b of 344 the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 345 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 46b-38a, or a violation of 346 section 53-21, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-347 73a, 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e and if the subject of a subpoena to 348 be issued by such litigant in such matter is the victim of the crime for

349 which such litigant was convicted.

Sec. 14. Subsection (f) of section 53a-29 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

353 (f) The period of probation, unless terminated sooner as provided in 354 section 53a-32, shall be not less than ten years or more than thirty-five 355 years for conviction of a violation of section 53a-70b of the general 356 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior 357 to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 358 [,] or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-359 90a or subdivision (2), (3) or (4) of subsection (a) of section 53a-189a, or 360 section 53a-196b, 53a-196c, 53a-196d, 53a-196e or 53a-196f.

361 Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 53a-30 of the general statutes is
362 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*363 October 1, 2019):

364 (a) When imposing sentence of probation or conditional discharge, 365 the court may, as a condition of the sentence, order that the defendant: 366 (1) Work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue a 367 course of study or of vocational training that will equip the defendant 368 for suitable employment; (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment 369 and remain in a specified institution, when required for that purpose; 370 (3) support the defendant's dependents and meet other family 371 obligations; (4) make restitution of the fruits of the defendant's offense 372 or make restitution, in an amount the defendant can afford to pay or 373 provide in a suitable manner, for the loss or damage caused thereby. 374 The court or the Court Support Services Division, if authorized by the 375 court, may fix the amount thereof and the manner of performance, and 376 the victim shall be advised by the court or the Court Support Services 377 Division that restitution ordered under this section may be enforced 378 pursuant to section 53a-28a; (5) if a minor, (A) reside with the minor's 379 parents or in a suitable foster home, (B) attend school, and (C) 380 contribute to the minor's own support in any home or foster home; (6)

381 post a bond or other security for the performance of any or all 382 conditions imposed; (7) refrain from violating any criminal law of the 383 United States, this state or any other state; (8) if convicted of a 384 misdemeanor or a felony, other than a capital felony under the 385 provisions of section 53a-54b in effect prior to April 25, 2012, a class A 386 felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision 387 of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, 388 or section 21a-278, 21a-278a, 53a-55, 53a-56, 53a-56b, 53a-57 [,] or 53a-389 58 [or 53a-70b] or any offense for which there is a mandatory 390 minimum sentence which may not be suspended or reduced by the 391 court, and any sentence of imprisonment is suspended, participate in 392 an alternate incarceration program; (9) reside in a residential 393 community center or halfway house approved by the Commissioner of 394 Correction, and contribute to the cost incident to such residence; (10) 395 participate in a program of community service labor in accordance 396 with section 53a-39c; (11) participate in a program of community 397 service in accordance with section 51-181c; (12) if convicted of a 398 violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 399 400 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 [,] or section 53a-70, 401 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, undergo specialized 402 sexual offender treatment; (13) if convicted of a criminal offense 403 against a victim who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or a 404 sexually violent offense, as defined in section 54-250, as amended by 405 this act, or of a felony that the court finds was committed for a sexual 406 purpose, as provided in section 54-254, register such person's 407 identifying factors, as defined in section 54-250, as amended by this 408 act, with the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public 409 Protection when required pursuant to section 54-251, 54-252 or 54-253, 410 as the case may be; (14) be subject to electronic monitoring, which may 411 include the use of a global positioning system; (15) if convicted of a 412 violation of section 46a-58, 53-37a, 53a-181j, 53a-181k or 53a-181l, 413 participate in an anti-bias or diversity awareness program or 414 participate in a program of community service designed to remedy 415 damage caused by the commission of a bias crime or otherwise related to the defendant's violation; (16) if convicted of a violation of section
53-247, undergo psychiatric or psychological counseling or participate
in an animal cruelty prevention and education program provided such
a program exists and is available to the defendant; or (17) satisfy any
other conditions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation.
The court shall cause a copy of any such order to be delivered to the
defendant and to the probation officer, if any.

423 Sec. 16. Section 53a-32a of the general statutes is repealed and the 424 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

425 If a defendant who entered a plea of nolo contendere or a guilty 426 plea under the Alford doctrine to a violation of subdivision (2) of 427 section 53-21 of the general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000, 428 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 429 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) 430 of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 431 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, and was ordered to undergo sexual 432 offender treatment as a condition of probation, becomes ineligible for 433 such treatment because of such defendant's refusal to acknowledge 434 that such defendant committed the act or acts charged, such defendant 435 shall be deemed to be in violation of the conditions of such defendant's 436 probation and be returned to court for proceedings in accordance with 437 section 53a-32.

438 Sec. 17. Section 53a-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the 439 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

440 The court or sentencing judge may at any time during the period of 441 probation or conditional discharge, after hearing and for good cause 442 shown, terminate a sentence of probation or conditional discharge 443 before the completion thereof, except a sentence of probation imposed 444 for conviction of a violation of subdivision (2) of section 53-21 of the 445 general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000, section 53a-70b of the 446 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 447 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of subsection (a)

448 of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 449 53a-72b.

450 Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 53a-39a of the general statutes is 451 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 452 *October* 1, 2019):

453 (a) In all cases where a defendant has been convicted of a 454 misdemeanor or a felony, other than a capital felony under the 455 provisions of section 53a-54b in effect prior to April 25, 2012, a class A 456 felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision 457 of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, 458 or section 21a-278, 21a-278a, 53a-55, 53a-56, 53a-56b, 53a-57 [,] or 53a-459 58 [or 53a-70b] or any other offense for which there is a mandatory 460 minimum sentence which may not be suspended or reduced by the 461 court, after trial or by a plea of guilty without trial, and a term of 462 imprisonment is part of a stated plea agreement or the statutory 463 penalty provides for a term of imprisonment, the court may, in its 464 discretion, order an assessment for placement in an alternate 465 incarceration program under contract with the Judicial Department. If 466 the Court Support Services Division recommends placement in an 467 alternate incarceration program, it shall also submit to the court a 468 proposed alternate incarceration plan. Upon completion of the 469 assessment, the court shall determine whether such defendant shall be 470 ordered to participate in such program as an alternative to 471 incarceration. If the court determines that the defendant shall 472 participate in such program, the court shall suspend any sentence of 473 imprisonment and shall make participation in the alternate 474 incarceration program a condition of probation as provided in section 475 53a-30, as amended by this act.

476 Sec. 19. Subsection (d) of section 53a-40 of the general statutes is 477 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 478 *October 1, 2019*):

479 (d) A persistent serious sexual offender is a person, other than a

480 person who qualifies as a persistent dangerous sexual offender under 481 subsection (b) of this section, who qualifies as a persistent serious 482 felony offender under subsection (c) of this section and the felony of 483 which such person presently stands convicted is a violation of section 484 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 485 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of 486 subsection (a) of section 53-21, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 487 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b and the prior conviction is for a violation of 488 section 53-21 of the general statutes, revised to January 1, 1995, 489 involving sexual contact, committed prior to October 1, 1995, a 490 violation of subdivision (2) of section 53-21 of the general statutes, 491 committed on or after October 1, 1995, and prior to October 1, 2000, a 492 violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, 493 revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or a 494 violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or a 495 violation of section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-496 72b.

497 Sec. 20. Subsection (a) of section 53a-40e of the general statutes is
498 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*499 October 1, 2019):

500 (a) If any person is convicted of (1) a violation of section 53a-70b of 501 the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 502 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (1) or (2) of 503 subsection (a) of section 53-21, section 53a-59, 53a-59a, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 504 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 505 53a-72b, 53a-73a, 53a-181c, 53a-181d, 53a-181e, 53a-182b or 53a-183, 506 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-192a, section 53a-223, 507 53a-223a or 53a-223b or attempt or conspiracy to violate any of said 508 sections or section 53a-54a, or (2) any crime that the court determines 509 constitutes a family violence crime, as defined in section 46b-38a, or 510 attempt or conspiracy to commit any such crime, the court may, in 511 addition to imposing the sentence authorized for the crime under 512 section 53a-35a or 53a-36, if the court is of the opinion that the history

513 and character and the nature and circumstances of the criminal 514 conduct of such offender indicate that a standing criminal protective 515 order will best serve the interest of the victim and the public, issue a 516 standing criminal protective order which shall remain in effect for a 517 duration specified by the court until modified or revoked by the court 518 for good cause shown. If any person is convicted of any crime not 519 specified in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, the court may, for good cause shown, issue a standing criminal protective order pursuant 520 521 to this subsection.

522 Sec. 21. Section 53a-65 of the general statutes is repealed and the 523 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

As used in this part, [except section 53a-70b,] the following terms have the following meanings:

526 (1) "Actor" means a person accused of sexual assault.

527 (2) "Sexual intercourse" means vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse, 528 fellatio or cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex. [Its meaning 529 is limited to persons not married to each other.] Penetration, however 530 slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse or 531 fellatio and does not require emission of semen. Penetration may be 532 committed by an object manipulated by the actor into the genital or 533 anal opening of the victim's body.

(3) "Sexual contact" means any contact with the intimate parts of a
person [not married to the actor] for the purpose of sexual gratification
of the actor or for the purpose of degrading or humiliating such person
or any contact of the intimate parts of the actor with a person [not
married to the actor] for the purpose of sexual gratification of the actor
or for the purpose of degrading or humiliating such person

(4) "Impaired because of mental disability or disease" means that a
person suffers from a mental disability or disease which renders such
person incapable of appraising the nature of such person's conduct.

543 (5) "Mentally incapacitated" means that a person is rendered 544 temporarily incapable of appraising or controlling such person's 545 conduct owing to the influence of a drug or intoxicating substance 546 administered to such person without such person's consent, or owing 547 to any other act committed upon such person without such person's 548 consent.

(6) "Physically helpless" means that a person is (A) unconscious, or
(B) for any other reason, is physically unable to resist an act of sexual
intercourse or sexual contact or to communicate unwillingness to an
act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact.

(7) "Use of force" means: (A) Use of a dangerous instrument; or (B)
use of actual physical force or violence or superior physical strength
against the victim.

(8) "Intimate parts" means the genital area or any substance emitted
therefrom, groin, anus or any substance emitted therefrom, inner
thighs, buttocks or breasts.

(9) "Psychotherapist" means a physician, psychologist, nurse,
substance abuse counselor, social worker, clergyman, marital and
family therapist, mental health service provider, hypnotist or other
person, whether or not licensed or certified by the state, who performs
or purports to perform psychotherapy.

564 (10) "Psychotherapy" means the professional treatment, assessment 565 or counseling of a mental or emotional illness, symptom or condition.

566 (11) "Emotionally dependent" means that the nature of the patient's 567 or former patient's emotional condition and the nature of the treatment 568 provided by the psychotherapist are such that the psychotherapist 569 knows or has reason to know that the patient or former patient is 570 unable to withhold consent to sexual contact by or sexual intercourse 571 with the psychotherapist.

572 (12) "Therapeutic deception" means a representation by a

573 psychotherapist that sexual contact by or sexual intercourse with the 574 psychotherapist is consistent with or part of the patient's treatment.

575 (13) "School employee" means: (A) A teacher, substitute teacher, 576 school administrator, school superintendent, guidance counselor, 577 school counselor, psychologist, social worker, nurse, physician, school 578 paraprofessional or coach employed by a local or regional board of 579 education or a private elementary, middle or high school or working in 580 a public or private elementary, middle or high school; or (B) any other 581 person who, in the performance of his or her duties, has regular 582 contact with students and who provides services to or on behalf of 583 students enrolled in (i) a public elementary, middle or high school, 584 pursuant to a contract with the local or regional board of education, or 585 (ii) a private elementary, middle or high school, pursuant to a contract 586 with the supervisory agent of such private school.

587 Sec. 22. Subsection (b) of section 53a-67 of the general statutes is 588 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 589 *October 1, 2019*):

590 (b) In any prosecution for an offense under this part, except an 591 offense under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, 592 revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 593 section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, it shall be 594 an affirmative defense that the defendant and the alleged victim were, 595 at the time of the alleged offense, living together by mutual consent in 596 a relationship of cohabitation, regardless of the legal status of their 597 relationship.

598 Sec. 23. Subsection (h) of section 54-56d of the general statutes is 599 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 600 *October 1, 2019*):

(h) (1) If, at the hearing, the court finds that there is a substantial
probability that the defendant, if provided with a course of treatment,
will regain competency within the period of any placement order

under this section, the court shall either (A) order placement of the
defendant for treatment for the purpose of rendering the defendant
competent, or (B) order placement of the defendant at a treatment
facility pending civil commitment proceedings pursuant to
subdivision (2) of this subsection.

609 (2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, if 610 the court makes a finding pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection 611 and does not order placement pursuant to subparagraph (A) of said 612 subdivision, the court shall, on its own motion or on motion of the 613 state or the defendant, order placement of the defendant in the custody 614 of the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services at a 615 treatment facility pending civil commitment proceedings. The 616 treatment facility shall be determined by the Commissioner of Mental 617 Health and Addiction Services. Such order shall: (i) Include an 618 authorization for the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction 619 Services to apply for civil commitment of such defendant pursuant to 620 sections 17a-495 to 17a-528, inclusive; (ii) permit the defendant to agree 621 to request voluntarily to be admitted under section 17a-506 and 622 participate voluntarily in a treatment plan prepared by the 623 Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, and require 624 that the defendant comply with such treatment plan; and (iii) provide 625 that if the application for civil commitment is denied or not pursued 626 by the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, or if 627 the defendant is unwilling or unable to comply with a treatment plan 628 despite reasonable efforts of the treatment facility to encourage the 629 defendant's compliance, the person in charge of the treatment facility, 630 or such person's designee, shall submit a written progress report to the 631 court and the defendant shall be returned to the court for a hearing 632 pursuant to subsection (k) of this section. Such written progress report 633 shall include the status of any civil commitment proceedings 634 concerning the defendant, the defendant's compliance with the 635 treatment plan, an opinion regarding the defendant's current 636 competency to stand trial, the clinical findings of the person 637 submitting the report and the facts upon which the findings are based,

638 and any other information concerning the defendant requested by the 639 court, including, but not limited to, the method of treatment or the 640 type, dosage and effect of any medication the defendant is receiving. 641 The Court Support Services Division shall monitor the defendant's 642 compliance with any applicable provisions of such order. The period 643 of placement and monitoring under such order shall not exceed the 644 period of the maximum sentence which the defendant could receive on 645 conviction of the charges against such defendant, or eighteen months, 646 whichever is less. If the defendant has complied with such treatment 647 plan and any applicable provisions of such order, at the end of the 648 period of placement and monitoring, the court shall approve the entry 649 of a nolle prosequi to the charges against the defendant or shall 650 dismiss such charges.

651 (B) This subdivision shall not apply: (i) To any person charged with 652 a class A felony, a class B felony, except a violation of section 53a-122 653 that does not involve the use, attempted use or threatened use of 654 physical force against another person, or a violation of <u>section 53a-70b</u> 655 of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 14-227a or 14-227m, 656 657 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision 658 (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-56b, 53a-60d, 53a-70, 659 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b; (ii) to any person 660 charged with a crime or motor vehicle violation who, as a result of the 661 commission of such crime or motor vehicle violation, causes the death 662 of another person; or (iii) unless good cause is shown, to any person 663 charged with a class C felony.

664 Sec. 24. Subdivision (3) of subsection (m) of section 54-56d of the 665 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 666 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(3) If the court orders the release of a defendant charged with the
commission of a crime that resulted in the death or serious physical
injury, as defined in section 53a-3, of another person, or with a
violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958,

671 revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 672 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, subdivision (2) of 673 subsection (a) of section 53a-60 or section 53a-60a, 53a-70a, 53a-70a, 674 [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, or orders the placement of such 675 defendant in the custody of the Commissioner of Mental Health and 676 Addiction Services or the Commissioner of Developmental Services, 677 the court may, on its own motion or on motion of the prosecuting 678 authority, order, as a condition of such release or placement, periodic 679 examinations of the defendant as to the defendant's competency at 680 intervals of not less than six months. If, at any time after the initial 681 periodic examination, the court finds again, based upon an examiner's 682 recommendation, that there is a substantial probability that the 683 defendant, if provided with a course of treatment, will never regain 684 competency, then any subsequent periodic examination of the 685 defendant as to the defendant's competency shall be at intervals of not 686 less than eighteen months. Such an examination shall be conducted in 687 accordance with subsection (d) of this section. Periodic examinations 688 ordered by the court under this subsection shall continue until the 689 court finds that the defendant has attained competency or until the 690 time within which the defendant may be prosecuted for the crime with 691 which the defendant is charged, as provided in section 54-193 or 54-692 193a, has expired, whichever occurs first.

Sec. 25. Subsection (c) of section 54-56e of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

696 (c) This section shall not be applicable: (1) To any person charged with (A) a class A felony, (B) a class B felony, except a violation of 697 698 subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 53a-122 that does 699 not involve the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force 700 against another person, or a violation of subdivision (4) of subsection 701 (a) of section 53a-122 that does not involve the use, attempted use or 702 threatened use of physical force against another person and does not 703 involve a violation by a person who is a public official, as defined in

704 section 1-110, or a state or municipal employee, as defined in section 1-705 110, or (C) a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, 706 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 707 1, 2019, or section 14-227a or 14-227m, subdivision (1) or (2) of 708 subsection (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of 709 section 53-21 or section 53a-56b, 53a-60d, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 710 53a-71, except as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection, 53a-711 72a, 53a-72b, 53a-90a, 53a-196e or 53a-196f, (2) to any person charged 712 with a crime or motor vehicle violation who, as a result of the 713 commission of such crime or motor vehicle violation, causes the death of another person, (3) to any person accused of a family violence crime 714 715 as defined in section 46b-38a who (A) is eligible for the pretrial family 716 violence education program established under section 46b-38c, or (B) 717 has previously had the pretrial family violence education program 718 invoked in such person's behalf, (4) to any person charged with a 719 violation of section 21a-267 or 21a-279 who (A) is eligible for the 720 pretrial drug education and community service program established 721 under section 54-56i, or (B) has previously had the pretrial drug 722 education program or the pretrial drug education and community 723 service program invoked on such person's behalf, (5) unless good 724 cause is shown, to (A) any person charged with a class C felony, or (B) 725 any person charged with committing a violation of subdivision (1) of 726 subsection (a) of section 53a-71 while such person was less than four 727 years older than the other person, (6) to any person charged with a violation of section 9-359 or 9-359a, (7) to any person charged with a 728 729 motor vehicle violation (A) while operating a commercial motor 730 vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, or (B) who holds a commercial 731 driver's license or commercial driver's instruction permit at the time of 732 the violation, (8) to any person charged with a violation of subdivision 733 (6) of subsection (a) of section 53a-60, or (9) to a health care provider or 734 vendor participating in the state's Medicaid program charged with a 735 violation of section 53a-122 or subdivision (4) of subsection (a) of 736 section 53a-123.

737

Sec. 26. Subdivision (2) of section 54-76b of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*EffectiveOctober 1, 2019*):

740 (2) "Youthful offender" means a youth who (A) is charged with the 741 commission of a crime which is not a class A felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 742 743 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 14-222a, 744 subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 14-224, 745 section 14-227a, 14-227g or 14-227m, subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 746 (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 747 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, except 748 a violation involving consensual sexual intercourse or sexual contact 749 between the youth and another person who is thirteen years of age or 750 older but under sixteen years of age, and (B) has not previously been 751 convicted of a felony in the regular criminal docket of the Superior 752 Court or been previously adjudged a serious juvenile offender or 753 serious juvenile repeat offender, as defined in section 46b-120.

Sec. 27. Subsection (a) of section 54-76c of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

757 (a) In any case where an information or complaint has been laid 758 charging a defendant with the commission of a crime, and where it 759 appears that the defendant is a youth, such defendant shall be 760 presumed to be eligible to be adjudged a youthful offender and the 761 court having jurisdiction shall, but only as to the public, order the 762 court file sealed, unless such defendant (1) is charged with the 763 commission of a crime which is a class A felony or a violation of 764 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 765 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 14-222a, 766 subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 14-224, 767 section 14-227a, 14-227g or 14-227m, subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 768 (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 769 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, except 770 a violation involving consensual sexual intercourse or sexual contact

771 between the youth and another person who is thirteen years of age or 772 older but under sixteen years of age, or (2) has been previously 773 convicted of a felony in the regular criminal docket of the Superior 774 Court or been previously adjudged a serious juvenile offender or 775 serious juvenile repeat offender, as defined in section 46b-120. Except 776 as provided in subsection (b) of this section, upon motion of the prosecuting official, the court may order that an investigation be made 777 778 of such defendant under section 54-76d, for the purpose of 779 determining whether such defendant is ineligible to be adjudged a 780 youthful offender, provided the court file shall remain sealed, but only 781 as to the public, during such investigation.

Sec. 28. Subsection (a) of section 54-76*l* of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

785 (a) The records or other information of a youth, other than a youth 786 arrested for or charged with the commission of a crime which is a class 787 A felony or a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, 788 revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 789 1, 2019, or section 14-222a, subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of 790 subsection (b) of section 14-224, section 14-227a, 14-227g or 14-227m, 791 subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227n, subdivision 792 (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-793 70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, except a violation involving 794 consensual sexual intercourse or sexual contact between the youth and 795 another person who is thirteen years of age or older but under sixteen 796 years of age, including fingerprints, photographs and physical 797 descriptions, shall be confidential and shall not be open to public 798 inspection or be disclosed except as provided in this section, but such 799 fingerprints, photographs and physical descriptions submitted to the 800 State Police Bureau of Identification of the Division of State Police 801 within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection at 802 the time of the arrest of a person subsequently adjudged, or 803 subsequently presumed or determined to be eligible to be adjudged, a

804 youthful offender shall be retained as confidential matter in the files of 805 the bureau and be opened to inspection only as provided in this 806 section. Other data ordinarily received by the bureau, with regard to 807 persons arrested for a crime, shall be forwarded to the bureau to be 808 filed, in addition to such fingerprints, photographs and physical 809 descriptions, and be retained in the division as confidential 810 information, open to inspection only as provided in this section.

811 Sec. 29. Section 54-86d of the general statutes is repealed and the 812 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

813 Any person who has been the victim of a sexual assault under 814 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 815 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, 816 817 voyeurism under section 53a-189a, or injury or risk of injury, or 818 impairing of morals under section 53-21, or of an attempt thereof, or 819 family violence, as defined in section 46b-38a, shall not be required to 820 divulge his or her address or telephone number during any trial or 821 pretrial evidentiary hearing arising from the sexual assault, voyeurism 822 or injury or risk of injury to, or impairing of morals of, a child, or 823 family violence; provided the judge presiding over such legal 824 proceeding finds: (1) Such information is not material to the 825 proceeding, (2) the identity of the victim has been satisfactorily 826 established, and (3) the current address of the victim will be made 827 available to the defense in the same manner and time as such 828 information is made available to the defense for other criminal 829 offenses.

Sec. 30. Section 54-86e of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

The name and address of the victim of a sexual assault under section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, 836 voyeurism under section 53a-189a, or injury or risk of injury, or 837 impairing of morals under section 53-21, or of an attempt thereof, or 838 family violence, as defined in section 46b-38a and such other 839 identifying information pertaining to such victim as determined by the 840 court, shall be confidential and shall be disclosed only upon order of 841 the Superior Court, except that (1) such information shall be available 842 to the accused in the same manner and time as such information is 843 available to persons accused of other criminal offenses, and (2) if a 844 protective order is issued in a prosecution under any of said sections, 845 the name and address of the victim, in addition to the information 846 contained in and concerning the issuance of such order, shall be 847 entered in the registry of protective orders pursuant to section 51-5c.

Sec. 31. Subsection (a) of section 54-86j of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(a) No member of any municipal police department, the state police
or the Division of Criminal Justice may request or require any victim of
a sexual assault under <u>section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision</u>
of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019,
or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a73a to submit to or take a polygraph examination.

Sec. 32. Subsection (a) of section 54-102b of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

860 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, except as 861 provided in subsection (b) of this section, a court entering a judgment 862 of conviction or conviction of a child as delinquent for a violation of 863 section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 864 865 53a-70a, [53a-70b] or 53a-71 or a violation of section 53-21, 53a-72a, 866 53a-72b or 53a-73a involving a sexual act, shall, at the request of the 867 victim of such crime, order that the offender be tested for the presence

868 of the etiologic agent for acquired immune deficiency syndrome or 869 human immunodeficiency virus and that the results be disclosed to the 870 victim and the offender. The test shall be performed by or at the 871 direction of the Department of Correction or, in the case of a child 872 convicted as delinquent, at the direction of the Court Support Services 873 Division of the Judicial Department or the Department of Children and 874 Families, in consultation with the Department of Public Health.

Sec. 33. Subsection (a) of section 54-102g of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

878 (a) Whenever any person is arrested on or after October 1, 2011, for 879 the commission of a serious felony and, prior to such arrest, has been 880 convicted of a felony but has not submitted to the taking of a blood or 881 other biological sample for DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis 882 pursuant to this section, the law enforcement agency that arrested such 883 person shall, as available resources allow, require such person to 884 submit to the taking of a blood or other biological sample for DNA 885 (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis to determine identification 886 characteristics specific to the person. If the law enforcement agency 887 requires such person to submit to the taking of such blood or other 888 biological sample, such person shall submit to the taking of such 889 sample prior to release from custody and at such time and place as the 890 agency may specify. For purposes of this subsection, "serious felony" 891 means a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or 892 893 section 53a-54a, 53a-54b, 53a-54c, 53a-54d, 53a-55, 53a-55a, 53a-56, 53a-894 56a, 53a-56b, 53a-57, 53a-59, 53a-59a, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 895 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-72b, 53a-92, 53a-92a, 53a-94, 53a-94a, 896 53a-95, 53a-100aa, 53a-101, 53a-102, 53a-102a, 53a-103a, 53a-111, 53a-897 112, 53a-134, 53a-135, 53a-136, 53a-167c, 53a-179b, 53a-179c or 53a-181c.

Sec. 34. Subsection (c) of section 54-125e of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

901 (c) The period of special parole shall be not less than one year or 902 more than ten years, except that such period may be for more than ten 903 years for a person convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the 904 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 905 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of section 53-21 906 of the general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000, subdivision (2) 907 of subsection (a) of section 53-21, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 908 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b or sentenced as a persistent dangerous 909 felony offender pursuant to subsection (i) of section 53a-40 or as a 910 persistent serious felony offender pursuant to subsection (k) of section 911 53a-40.

912 Sec. 35. Subsection (a) of section 54-125i of the general statutes is
913 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*914 October 1, 2019):

915 (a) An inmate (1) not convicted of a crime for which there is a 916 victim, as defined in section 54-201 or section 54-226, who is known by 917 the Board of Pardons and Paroles, (2) whose eligibility for parole release is not subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of section 54-918 919 125a, (3) who was not convicted of a violation of section 53a-70b of the 920 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 921 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-55, 53a-55a, 53a-56, 922 53a-56a, 53a-56b, 53a-57, 53a-58, 53a-59, 53a-59a, 53a-60, 53a-60a, 53a-923 60c, 53a-64aa, 53a-64bb, 53a-70, [53a-70b,] 53a-72b, 53a-92, 53a-92a, 53a-924 94a, 53a-95, 53a-100aa, 53a-101, 53a-102, 53a-102a, 53a-103a, 53a-111, 925 53a-112, 53a-134, 53a-135, 53a-136, 53a-167c, 53a-179b, 53a-179c or 53a-926 181c, and (4) who is not otherwise prohibited from being granted 927 parole for any reason, may be allowed to go at large on parole in 928 accordance with the provisions of section 54-125a or section 54-125g, 929 pursuant to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

930 Sec. 36. Section 54-143c of the general statutes is repealed and the931 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

In addition to any fine, fee or cost that may be imposed pursuant to

933 any provision of the general statutes, the court shall impose a fine of 934 one hundred fifty-one dollars on any person who, on or after July 1, 935 2004, is convicted of or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to a violation 936 of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 937 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) 938 of subsection (a) of section 53-21 or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 939 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a. Fines collected under this section 940 shall be deposited in the sexual assault victims account established under section 19a-112d. 941

942 Sec. 37. Section 54-193b of the general statutes is repealed and the 943 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

944 Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 54-193 and 54-193a, 945 there shall be no limitation of time within which a person may be 946 prosecuted for a violation of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 947 948 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, 949 provided (1) the victim notified any police officer or state's attorney 950 acting in such police officer's or state's attorney's official capacity of the 951 commission of the offense not later than five years after the 952 commission of the offense, and (2) the identity of the person who 953 allegedly committed the offense has been established through a DNA 954 (deoxyribonucleic acid) profile comparison using evidence collected at 955 the time of the commission of the offense.

Sec. 38. Subsections (d) and (e) of section 54-209 of the general
statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
(*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(d) In instances where a violation of <u>section 53a-70b of the general</u>
<u>statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior</u>
<u>to October 1, 2019, or</u> section 53-21, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c,
53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a, 53a-82 or 53a-192a has been alleged,
the Office of Victim Services or, on review, a victim compensation
commissioner, may order compensation be paid if (1) the personal

965 injury has been disclosed to: (A) A physician or surgeon licensed 966 under chapter 370; (B) a resident physician or intern in any hospital in 967 this state, whether or not licensed; (C) a physician assistant licensed under chapter 370; (D) an advanced practice registered nurse, 968 969 registered nurse or practical nurse licensed under chapter 378; (E) a 970 psychologist licensed under chapter 383; (F) a police officer; (G) a mental health professional; (H) an emergency medical services 971 972 provider licensed or certified under chapter 368d; (I) an alcohol and 973 drug counselor licensed or certified under chapter 376b; (J) a marital 974 and family therapist licensed under chapter 383a; (K) a domestic 975 violence counselor or a sexual assault counselor, as defined in section 976 52-146k; (L) a professional counselor licensed under chapter 383c; (M) 977 a clinical social worker licensed under chapter 383b; (N) an employee 978 of the Department of Children and Families; or (O) a school principal, 979 a school teacher, a school guidance counselor or a school counselor, 980 and (2) the office or commissioner, as the case may be, reasonably 981 concludes that a violation of any of said sections has occurred.

982 (e) In instances where a violation of section 53a-70b of the general 983 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior 984 to October 1, 2019, or section 53-21, 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-70c, 985 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a, 53a-82, 53a-192a or family violence, 986 as defined in section 46b-38a, has been alleged, the Office of Victim 987 Services or, on review, a victim compensation commissioner, may also 988 order the payment of compensation under sections 54-201 to 54-218, 989 inclusive, for personal injury suffered by a victim (1) as reported in an 990 application for a restraining order under section 46b-15 or an 991 application for a civil protection order under section 46b-16a, an 992 affidavit supporting an application under section 46b-15 or section 993 46b-16a, or on the record to the court, provided such restraining order 994 or civil protection order was granted in the Superior Court following a 995 hearing; or (2) as disclosed to a domestic violence counselor or a sexual 996 assault counselor, as such terms are defined in section 52-146k.

997 Sec. 39. Subdivision (14) of section 54-240 of the general statutes is

998 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*999 October 1, 2019):

(14) "Sexual assault" means any act that constitutes a violation of
section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to
January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70,
53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a; and

Sec. 40. Subdivision (11) of section 54-250 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(11) "Sexually violent offense" means (A) a violation of section 53a-1007 1008 70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 1009 committed prior to October 1, 2019, or section 53a-70, except 1010 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of said section, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,] 53a-1011 71, except subdivision (1), (4), (8) or (10) or subparagraph (B) of subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of said section or subparagraph (A) of 1012 1013 subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of said section if the court makes a 1014 finding that, at the time of the offense, the victim was under eighteen 1015 years of age, 53a-72a, except subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of said 1016 section, or 53a-72b, or of section 53a-92 or 53a-92a, provided the court 1017 makes a finding that the offense was committed with intent to sexually 1018 violate or abuse the victim, (B) a violation of any of the offenses 1019 specified in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision for which a person is 1020 criminally liable under section 53a-8, 53a-48 or 53a-49, or (C) a 1021 violation of any predecessor statute to any of the offenses specified in 1022 subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision the essential elements of 1023 which are substantially the same as said offense.

1024 Sec. 41. Subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 54-255 of the 1025 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1026 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):

(a) Upon the conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of mentaldisease or defect of any person for a violation of section 53a-70b <u>of the</u>

1029 general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, 1030 committed prior to October 1, 2019, the court may order the 1031 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to restrict the 1032 dissemination of the registration information to law enforcement 1033 purposes only and to not make such information available for public 1034 access, provided the court finds that dissemination of the registration 1035 information is not required for public safety and that publication of the 1036 registration information would be likely to reveal the identity of the 1037 victim within the community where the victim resides. The court shall 1038 remove the restriction on the dissemination of such registration 1039 information if, at any time, the court finds that public safety requires 1040 that such person's registration information be made available to the 1041 public or that a change of circumstances makes publication of such registration information no longer likely to reveal the identity of the 1042 1043 victim within the community where the victim resides. Prior to 1044 ordering or removing the restriction on the dissemination of such 1045 person's registration information, the court shall consider any 1046 information or statements provided by the victim.

1047 (b) Upon the conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of mental 1048 disease or defect of any person of a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or a sexually violent 1049 1050 offense, where the victim of such offense was, at the time of the 1051 offense, under eighteen years of age and related to such person within 1052 any of the degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21, the court may 1053 order the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to 1054 restrict the dissemination of the registration information to law 1055 enforcement purposes only and to not make such information 1056 available for public access, provided the court finds that dissemination 1057 of the registration information is not required for public safety and that 1058 publication of the registration information would be likely to reveal 1059 the identity of the victim within the community where the victim 1060 resides. The court shall remove the restriction on the dissemination of 1061 such registration information if, at any time, it finds that public safety 1062 requires that such person's registration information be made available to the public or that a change in circumstances makes publication of
the registration information no longer likely to reveal the identity of
the victim within the community where the victim resides.

1066 (c) Any person who: (1) Has been convicted or found not guilty by 1067 reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of subdivision (1) of 1068 subsection (a) of section 53a-71 between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1069 1999, and was under nineteen years of age at the time of the offense; (2) 1070 has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or 1071 defect of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-1072 73a between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999; (3) has been convicted 1073 or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a criminal 1074 offense against a victim who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or 1075 a sexually violent offense, between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999, 1076 where the victim of such offense was, at the time of the offense, under 1077 eighteen years of age and related to such person within any of the 1078 degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21; (4) has been convicted 1079 or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation 1080 of section 53a-70b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to 1081 January 1, 2019, committed prior to October 1, 2019, between October 1082 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999; or (5) has been convicted or found not guilty 1083 by reason of mental disease or defect of any crime between October 1, 1084 1988, and September 30, 1998, which requires registration under 1085 sections 54-250 to 54-258a, inclusive, as amended by this act, and (A) served no jail or prison time as a result of such conviction or finding of 1086 1087 not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, (B) has not been 1088 subsequently convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental 1089 disease or defect of any crime which would require registration under 1090 sections 54-250 to 54-258a, inclusive, as amended by this act, and (C) 1091 has registered with the Department of Emergency Services and Public 1092 Protection in accordance with sections 54-250 to 54-258a, inclusive, as 1093 amended by this act; may petition the court to order the Department of 1094 Emergency Services and Public Protection to restrict the dissemination 1095 of the registration information to law enforcement purposes only and 1096 to not make such information available for public access. Any person 1097 who files such a petition shall, pursuant to subsection (b) of section 54-1098 227, notify the Office of Victim Services and the Victim Services Unit 1099 within the Department of Correction of the filing of such petition. The 1100 Office of Victim Services or the Victim Services Unit within the 1101 Department of Correction, or both, shall, pursuant to section 54-230 or 1102 54-230a, notify any victim who has requested notification pursuant to 1103 subsection (b) of section 54-228 of the filing of such petition. Prior to 1104 granting or denying such petition, the court shall consider any 1105 information or statements provided by the victim. The court may order 1106 the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to restrict 1107 the dissemination of the registration information to law enforcement 1108 purposes only and to not make such information available for public 1109 access, provided the court finds that dissemination of the registration 1110 information is not required for public safety.

1111 Sec. 42. Subsection (a) of section 54-260 of the general statutes is 1112 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1113 *October 1, 2019*):

(a) For the purposes of this section, "sexual offender" means any
person convicted of a violation of <u>section 53a-70b of the general</u>
statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2019, committed prior
to October 1, 2019, or subdivision (2) of section 53-21 of the general
statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000, or subdivision (2) of
subsection (a) of section 53-21, or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, [53a-70b,]
53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b committed on or after October 1, 1995.

1121 Sec. 43. Subsection (j) of section 46b-38b of the general statutes is 1122 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1123 *1*, 2019):

(j) The provisions of this section shall not apply to persons who are
(1) attending an institution of higher education and presently residing
together in on-campus housing [, provided such persons are not in a
dating relationship, and] or in off-campus housing that is owned,
managed or operated by the institution of higher education or its

1129	agent, provided such persons are not family or household members as		
1130	defined in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (E) or (F) of subdivision (2) of		
1131	section 46b-38a, or (2) presently residing in a dwelling unit, as defined		
1132	in section 47a-1, and making payments pursuant to a rental agreement,		
1133	as defined in section 47a-1, provided such persons are not [in a dating		
1134	relationship] <u>family or household members as defined in</u>		
1135	subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (E) or (F) of subdivision (2) of section 46b-		
1136			

- 1137 Sec. 44. Section 53a-70b of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective*
- 1138 October 1, 2019)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	October 1, 2019	10a-55a(a)			
Sec. 2	October 1, 2019	10a-55m(a)(5)			
Sec. 3	October 1, 2019	17a-112(j)			
Sec. 4	October 1, 2019	17b-749k(c)			
Sec. 5	October 1, 2019	19a-87a(a)			
Sec. 6	October 1, 2019	19a-87e(a)			
Sec. 7	October 1, 2019	19a-112b			
Sec. 8	October 1, 2019	19a-112e(5)			
Sec. 9	October 1, 2019	31-57r(8)			
Sec. 10	October 1, 2019	45a-717(g) and (h)			
Sec. 11	October 1, 2019	46b-38h			
Sec. 12	October 1, 2019	47a-11e(a)			
Sec. 13	October 1, 2019	52-161b(a)			
Sec. 14	October 1, 2019	53a-29(f)			
Sec. 15	October 1, 2019	53a-30(a)			
Sec. 16	October 1, 2019	53a-32a			
Sec. 17	October 1, 2019	53a-33			
Sec. 18	October 1, 2019	53a-39a(a)			
Sec. 19	October 1, 2019	53a-40(d)			
Sec. 20	October 1, 2019	53a-40e(a)			
Sec. 21	October 1, 2019	53a-65			
Sec. 22	October 1, 2019	53a-67(b)			
Sec. 23	October 1, 2019	54-56d(h)			
Sec. 24	October 1, 2019	54-56d(m)(3)			

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Sec. 25	October 1, 2019	54-56e(c)
Sec. 26	October 1, 2019	54-76b(2)
Sec. 27	<i>October 1, 2019</i>	54-76c(a)
Sec. 28	October 1, 2019	54-76l(a)
Sec. 29	October 1, 2019	54-86d
Sec. 30	October 1, 2019	54-86e
Sec. 31	October 1, 2019	54-86j(a)
Sec. 32	October 1, 2019	54-102b(a)
Sec. 33	October 1, 2019	54-102g(a)
Sec. 34	October 1, 2019	54-125e(c)
Sec. 35	October 1, 2019	54-125i(a)
Sec. 36	October 1, 2019	54-143c
Sec. 37	October 1, 2019	54-193b
Sec. 38	October 1, 2019	54-209(d) and (e)
Sec. 39	October 1, 2019	54-240(14)
Sec. 40	October 1, 2019	54-250(11)
Sec. 41	October 1, 2019	54-255(a) to (c)
Sec. 42	October 1, 2019	54-260(a)
Sec. 43	July 1, 2019	46b-38b(j)
Sec. 44	October 1, 2019	Repealer section

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

Section 24 was added in order to bracket 53a-70b in conformity with the bill and sections 24 to 43, inclusive, were renumbered accordingly.

JUD Joint Favorable Subst.