

General Assembly

January Session, 2023

Substitute Bill No. 6888

AN ACT CONCERNING JUVENILE JUSTICE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 46b-121s of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):
- (a) There shall be a community-based diversion system <u>that is based</u>
 <u>upon the plan</u> developed pursuant to subsection (k) of section 46b-121n_z
- 5 <u>as amended by this act</u>.
- 6 (b) In lieu of arresting a child for a violation of section 53a-110a, 53a-7 125b, 53a-181a or 53a-182, a law enforcement agency shall refer such 8 child to a juvenile review board in accordance with such community-9 based diversion system. The juvenile review board shall require the 10 child to receive prevention, intervention and treatment services 11 provided by a youth service bureau or community-based service 12 provider. If such child does not successfully fulfill the requirements 13 imposed by the youth service bureau or community-based service provider, the juvenile review board may refer the child to the court for 14 15 delinquency proceedings.
- Sec. 2. (*Effective from passage*) (a) An implementation team shall
 develop a plan for mandatory prearrest diversion of low-risk children.
 The implementation team shall include (1) the Commissioners of

19 Children and Families, Education and Correction, or their designees, (2) 20 the executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the 21 Judicial Branch, or the executive director's designee, and (3) 22 representatives of local and regional boards of education, appointed by 23 the chairpersons of the Juvenile Justice and Policy Committee, 24 established pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as 25 amended by this act. The implementation team shall consider 26 stakeholder input, including from children, families and law 27 enforcement officials in the development of such plan.

28 (b) Not later than July 1, 2024, the implementation team shall also 29 develop a plan for automatic prearrest diversion of children to the 30 community-based diversion system or other community-based 31 providers in lieu of arrest for first or second offenses, such as breach of 32 peace in the second degree under section 53a-181 of the general statutes 33 and larceny in the fifth degree under section 53a-125a of the general 34 statutes. The implementation team shall consider and include data 35 when developing such plan concerning prearrest diversionary 36 measures implemented pursuant to section 46b-121s of the general 37 statutes, as amended by this act. Additionally, the plan shall consider: 38 (1) The capacity of youth service bureaus and other local agencies who 39 will provide services to children diverted under the plan; (2) 40 accountability mechanisms to measure success of services provided; (3) 41 processes for victim input and involvement; (4) data collection for the 42 purpose of tracking referrals of diverted children to youth service 43 bureaus; (5) communication and outreach strategies to stakeholders for 44 the purpose of accessing local services; (6) dates for full implementation 45 of the plan; and (7) any other considerations the implementation team 46 finds necessary for a successful implementation of the plan.

(c) Not later than July 1, 2024, the implementation team shall submit
the plan for automatic prearrest diversion of children and report on its
findings and recommendations pursuant to subsection (b) of this
section, to the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee. The
implementation team shall terminate on the date that it submits such

52 report or January 1, 2025, whichever is later.

53 Sec. 3. Section 46b-121n of the general statutes is repealed and the 54 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) There is established a Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight
Committee. The committee shall evaluate policies related to the juvenile
justice system and the expansion of juvenile jurisdiction to include
persons sixteen and seventeen years of age.

59 (b) The committee shall consist of the following members:

(1) Two members of the General Assembly, one of whom shall be
appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of
whom shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate;

(2) The chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing
committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to the judiciary, children, human services and appropriations,
or their designees;

67 (3) The Chief Court Administrator, or the Chief Court68 Administrator's designee;

(4) A judge of the superior court for juvenile matters, appointed bythe Chief Justice;

(5) The executive director of the Court Support Services Division ofthe Judicial Department, or the executive director's designee;

(6) The executive director of the Superior Court Operations Division,or the executive director's designee;

(7) The Chief Public Defender, or the Chief Public Defender'sdesignee;

(8) The Chief State's Attorney, or the Chief State's Attorney'sdesignee;

79	(9) The Commissioner of Children and Families, or the		
80	commissioner's designee;		
81	(10) The Commissioner of Correction, or the commissioner's		
82	designee;		
83	(11) The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee;		
84	(12) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, or		
85	the commissioner's designee;		
86	(13) The Labor Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee;		
07			
87	(14) The Commissioner of Social Services, or the commissioner's		
88	designee;		
89	(15) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's		
90	designee;		
20			
91	(16) The president of the Connecticut Police Chiefs Association, or the		
92	president's designee;		
93	(17) The chief of police of a municipality with a population in excess		
94	of one hundred thousand, appointed by the president of the Connecticut		
95	Police Chiefs Association;		
96	(18) Two child or youth advocates, one of whom shall be appointed		
97	by one chairperson of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight		
98	Committee, and one of whom shall be appointed by the other		
99	chairperson of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee;		
100	(10) Two payonts or payont advagates at least and of whom is the		
100	(19) Two parents or parent advocates, at least one of whom is the		
	parent of a child who has been involved with the juvenile justice system,		
102	one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of		
103	Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the minority		
104	leader of the Senate;		

106	(21) The Child Advocate, or the Child Advocate's designee; [and]		
107	(22) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the		
108	secretary's designee;		
109 110 111 112	(23) Two children, youths or young adults under twenty-six years of age with lived experience in the juvenile justice system, nominated by the community expertise subcommittee, one of whom shall be appointed by each chairperson of this committee; and		
113	(24) One community member who may be a family member of a child		
114	who has been involved with the juvenile justice system or a credible		
115	messenger with lived experience in the juvenile justice system and who		
116	works with youth in the juvenile justice system, nominated by the		
117	community expertise subcommittee and appointed by the chairpersons		
118	of this committee.		
119	(c) Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.		

120 (d) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the 121 secretary's designee, and a member of the General Assembly selected 122 jointly by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president 123 pro tempore of the Senate from among the members serving pursuant 124 to subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of this section shall be 125 cochairpersons of the committee. Such cochairpersons shall schedule 126 the first meeting of the committee, which shall be held not later than 127 sixty days after June 13, 2014.

(e) Members of the committee shall serve without compensation,
except for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
duties.

(f) Not later than January 1, 2015, the committee shall report, in
accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the
General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to
appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children, and the
Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, regarding the

136 following:

137 (1) Any statutory changes concerning the juvenile justice system that 138 the committee recommends to (A) improve public safety; (B) promote 139 the best interests of children and youths who are under the supervision, 140 care or custody of the Commissioner of Children and Families or the 141 Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Department; (C) 142 improve transparency and accountability with respect to state-funded 143 services for children and youths in the juvenile justice system with an 144 emphasis on goals identified by the committee for community-based 145 programs and facility-based interventions; and (D) promote the efficient 146 sharing of information between the Department of Children and 147 Families and the Judicial Department to ensure the regular collection 148 and reporting of recidivism data and promote public welfare and public 149 safety outcomes related to the juvenile justice system;

(2) A definition of "recidivism" that the committee recommends to be
used by state agencies with responsibilities with respect to the juvenile
justice system, and recommendations to reduce recidivism for children
and youths in the juvenile justice system;

(3) Short-term goals to be met within six months, medium-term goals
to be met within twelve months and long-term goals to be met within
eighteen months, for the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight
Committee and state agencies with responsibilities with respect to the
juvenile justice system to meet, after considering existing relevant
reports related to the juvenile justice system and any related state
strategic plan;

(4) The impact of legislation that expanded the jurisdiction of the
juvenile court to include persons sixteen and seventeen years of age, as
measured by the following:

164 (A) Any change in the average age of children and youths involved165 in the juvenile justice system;

166 (B) The types of services used by designated age groups and the

167 outcomes of those services;

168 (C) The types of delinquent acts or criminal offenses that children and 169 youths have been charged with since the enactment and 170 implementation of such legislation; and

171 (D) The gaps in services identified by the committee with respect to 172 children and youths involved in the juvenile justice system, including, 173 but not limited to, children and youths who have attained the age of 174 eighteen after being involved in the juvenile justice system, and 175 recommendations to address such gaps in services; and

(5) Strengths and barriers identified by the committee that support or
impede the educational needs of children and youths in the juvenile
justice system, with specific recommendations for reforms.

(g) Not later than July 1, 2015, the committee shall report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children, and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, regarding the following:

(1) The quality and accessibility of diversionary programs available
to children and youths in this state, including juvenile review boards
and services for a child or youth who is a member of a family with
service needs;

(2) An assessment of the system of community-based services for
children and youths who are under the supervision, care or custody of
the Commissioner of Children and Families or the Court Support
Services Division of the Judicial Department;

(3) An assessment of the congregate care settings that are operated
privately or by the state and have housed children and youths involved
in the juvenile justice system in the past twelve months;

(4) An examination of how the state Department of Education and
local boards of education, the Department of Children and Families, the
Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, the Court
Support Services Division of the Judicial Department, and other
appropriate agencies can work collaboratively through school-based
efforts and other processes to reduce the number of children and youths
who enter the juvenile justice system;

(5) An examination of practices and procedures that result in
disproportionate minority contact, as defined in section 4-68y, within
the juvenile justice system;

(6) A plan to provide that all facilities and programs that are part of
the juvenile justice system and are operated privately or by the state
provide results-based accountability;

209 (7) An assessment of the number of children and youths who, after
210 being under the supervision of the Department of Children and
211 Families, are convicted as delinquent; and

(8) An assessment of the overlap between the juvenile justice systemand the mental health care system for children.

214 (h) The committee shall complete its duties under this section after 215 consultation with one or more organizations that focus on relevant 216 issues regarding children and youths, such as the University of New 217 Haven and any of the university's institutes. The committee may accept 218 administrative support and technical and research assistance from any 219 such organization. The committee shall work in collaboration with any 220 results first initiative implemented pursuant to section 2-111 or any 221 public or special act.

(i) The committee shall establish a time frame for review and reporting regarding the responsibilities outlined in subdivision (5) of subsection (f) of this section, and subdivisions (1) to (7), inclusive, of subsection (g) of this section. Each report submitted by the committee shall include specific recommendations to improve outcomes and a timeline by which specific tasks or outcomes must be achieved.

228 (j) The committee shall implement a strategic plan that integrates the 229 short-term, medium-term and long-term goals identified pursuant to 230 subdivision (3) of subsection (f) of this section. As part of the 231 implementation of such plan, the committee shall collaborate with any 232 state agency with responsibilities with respect to the juvenile justice 233 system, including, but not limited to, the Departments of Education, 234 Mental Health and Addiction Services, Correction and Children and 235 Families and the Labor Department and Judicial Department, and 236 municipal police departments. Not later than January 1, 2016, the 237 committee shall report such plan, in accordance with section 11-4a, to 238 the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having 239 cognizance of matters relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human 240 services and children, and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 241 Management, regarding progress toward the full implementation of 242 such plan and any recommendations concerning the implementation of 243 such identified goals by any state agency with responsibilities with 244 respect to the juvenile justice system or municipal police departments.

245 (k) Not later than January 1, 2017, the committee shall submit a 246 report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing 247 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 248 relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children 249 and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, regarding a 250 plan that includes cost options for the development of a community-251 based diversion system. Such plan shall include recommendations to 252 address issues concerning mental health and juvenile justice. The plan 253 shall include recommendations regarding the following:

(1) Diversion of children who commit crimes, excluding seriousjuvenile offenses, from the juvenile justice system;

(2) Identification of services that are evidence-based, trauma-informed and culturally and linguistically appropriate;

(3) Expansion of the capacity of juvenile review boards to accept
referrals from municipal police departments and schools and
implement restorative practices;

261 (4) Expansion of the provision of prevention, intervention and262 treatment services by youth service bureaus;

263 (5) Expansion of access to in-home and community-based services;

(6) Identification and expansion of services needed to support
children who are truant or exhibiting behaviors defiant of school rules
and enhance collaboration between school districts and community
providers in order to best serve such children;

(7) Expansion of the use of memoranda of understanding pursuant to
section 10-233m between local law enforcement agencies and local and
regional boards of education;

(8) Expansion of the use of memoranda of understanding between
local and regional boards of education and community providers for
provision of community-based services;

(9) Recommendations to ensure that children in the juvenile justice
system have access to a full range of community-based behavioral
health services;

(10) Reinvestment of cost savings associated with reduced
incarceration rates for children and increased accessibility to
community-based behavioral health services;

(11) Reimbursement policies that incentivize providers to deliverevidence-based practices to children in the juvenile justice system;

(12) Recommendations to promote the use of common behavioralhealth screening tools in schools and communities;

(13) Recommendations to ensure that secure facilities operated by theDepartment of Children and Families or the Court Support Services

286 Division of the Judicial Department and private service providers 287 contracting with said department or division to screen children in such 288 facilities for behavioral health issues; and

289 (14) Expansion of service capacities informed by an examination of 290 grant funds and federal Medicaid reimbursement rates.

291 (l) The committee shall establish a data working group to develop a 292 plan for a data integration process to link data related to children across 293 executive branch agencies, through the Office of Policy and 294 Management's integrated data system, and the Judicial Department 295 through the Court Support Services Division, for purposes of evaluation 296 and assessment of programs, services and outcomes in the juvenile 297 justice system. Membership of the working group shall include, but not 298 be limited to, the Commissioners of Children and Families, Correction, 299 Education and Mental Health and Addiction Services, or their 300 designees; the Chief State's Attorney, or the Chief State's Attorney's 301 designee; the Chief Public Defender, or the Chief Public Defender's 302 designee; the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the 303 secretary's designee; and the Chief Court Administrator of the Judicial 304 Branch, or the Chief Court Administrator's designee. Such working 305 group shall include persons with expertise in data development and 306 research design. The plan shall include cost options and provisions to:

307 (1) Access relevant data on juvenile justice populations;

308 (2) Coordinate the handling of data and research requests;

309 (3) Link the data maintained by executive branch agencies and the 310 Judicial Department for the purposes of facilitating the sharing and 311 analysis of data;

- 312 (4) Establish provisions for protecting confidential information and 313 enforcing state and federal confidentiality protections and ensure 314 compliance with related state and federal laws and regulations;
- 315 (5) Develop specific recommendations for the committee on the use

of limited releases of client specific data sharing across systems,
including with the Office of Policy and Management, the Division of
Criminal Justice, the Departments of Children and Families, Education
and Mental Health and Addiction Services, the Judicial Department and
other agencies; and

321 (6) Develop a standard template for memoranda of understanding for
322 data-sharing between executive branch agencies, the Judicial
323 Department, and when necessary, researchers outside of state
324 government.

(m) (1) The committee shall periodically request, receive and review
information regarding conditions of confinement, including services
available, for persons under eighteen years of age detained at the John
R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire.

329 (2) Not later than October 1, 2018, the committee shall submit a 330 report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing 331 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 332 relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children 333 and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management on current 334 conditions of confinement, including services available, for persons 335 under eighteen years of age who are detained or incarcerated in 336 correctional facilities, juvenile secure facilities and other out-of-home 337 placements in the juvenile and criminal justice systems. The report shall 338 include, but need not be limited to, a description of any gaps in services 339 and the continued availability and utilization of mental health, 340 education, rehabilitative and family engagement services.

(n) Not later than January 1, 2020, the committee shall submit a
report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing
committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children
and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management regarding a
juvenile justice reinvestment plan. The report shall include a study and
make recommendations for the reinvestment of savings realized from

the decreased use of incarceration and congregate care towards strategic
investments in home-based, school-based and community-based
behavioral health services and supports for children diverted from, or
involved with, the juvenile justice system.

352 (o) Not later than January 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, the 353 Department of Correction and the Court Support Services Division of 354 the Judicial Branch shall report to the committee on compliance with the provisions of section 46b-126a. Such reports shall present indicia of 355 356 compliance in both state facilities and those facilities managed by a 357 private provider under contract with the state, and shall include data on 358 all persons under eighteen years of age who have been removed or 359 excluded from educational settings as a result of alleged behavior occurring in those educational settings. 360

361 (p) Not later than January 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, all state 362 agencies that detain or otherwise hold in custody a person under 363 eighteen years of age involved with the juvenile justice or criminal 364 justice system, or that contract for the housing of any person involved 365 with the juvenile justice or criminal justice system under eighteen years 366 of age, shall report to the committee on compliance with the provisions 367 of section 46b-121p. Such reports shall include indicia of compliance in 368 both direct-run and contract facilities, and shall include data on all 369 rearrests and uses of confinements and restraints for youth in justice 370 system custody, as defined in section 10-253.

371 (q) [Not later than July 1, 2018, the] The committee shall convene [a] 372 an education subcommittee to fulfill tasks, as directed by the committee, 373 consult in the development of a plan pursuant to section 5 of this act, 374 and develop a detailed plan concerning the overall coordination, 375 oversight, supervision, and direction of all vocational and academic 376 education services and programs for children in justice system custody, 377 and the provision of education-related transitional support services for 378 children returning to the community from justice system custody. The 379 subcommittee shall consist of:

380 (1) One person designated by the Commissioner of Education;

(2) One person designated by the executive director of the CourtSupport Services Division of the Judicial Branch;

383 (3) One person designated by the Bridgeport School District;

384 (4) One person designated by the Hartford School District;

385 (5) One person designated by the Commissioner of Correction;

(6) One person who is an expert in state budgeting and who can assist
the subcommittee in obtaining data on relevant expenditures and
available resources, designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy
and Management;

(7) Three persons, who are experts with significant career experience
in providing and coordinating education in justice-system settings and
who are not employees of the state of Connecticut, designated by the
chairpersons of the Juvenile Justice Oversight and Planning Committee;
and

(8) Two persons representing the interests of students and families,
one designated by the executive director of an organization in this state
with the mission of stopping the criminalization of this state's children
and one designated by the executive director of an organization in this
state that advocates for legal rights for the most vulnerable children in
this state.

401 (A) The plan developed pursuant to this subsection shall include, but402 need not be limited to:

(i) Identification of a single state agency and designation of a program
manager within that agency who will be responsible for planning,
coordination, oversight, supervision, quality control, legal compliance
and allocation of relevant federal and state funds for children in justice
system custody;

(ii) A detailed description of how educational services will be
provided to children in justice system custody and how educationrelated supports will be provided to children during transition out of
justice system custody, either directly by the single state agency
identified by the plan pursuant to clause (i) of this subparagraph or
through a state-wide contract with a single nonprofit provider;

(iii) An analysis of resources expended for educating children in
justice system custody and for supporting educational success during
transitions out of justice system custody, and recommendations for
consolidating and reallocating resources towards the oversight,
accountability, services and supports provided for in the plan pursuant
to this subsection;

(iv) Provisions for ensuring that a range of pathways to educational
and economic opportunity are available for children in justice system
custody, including at a minimum a traditional high school diploma
program, an accelerated credit recovery program, vocational training
programs and access to post-secondary educational options;

(v) Specifications for a state-wide accountability and quality control
system for schools that serve children in justice system custody. The
accountability and quality control system shall include, but need not be
limited to:

429 (I) A specialized school profile and performance report, to be 430 produced annually for each school that serves children in justice system 431 custody. The profiles and performance reports shall be consistent with 432 other accountability systems required by law and shall include criteria 433 and metrics tailored to measuring the quality of schools that serve 434 children in justice system custody. Such metrics shall include, but need 435 not be limited to: Student growth in reading and math; credit 436 accumulation; modified graduation rates and high school equivalent 437 passage rates; school attendance, defined as the percentage of children who are actually physically present in classrooms for school and 438 439 educational programs; the percentage of students pursuing a high

440 school diploma, an industry-based certification, a recognized high 441 school diploma equivalent, credits for advanced courses and post-442 secondary education programs; performance in educating children with 443 exceptionalities, including identification of special education needs, the 444 development of best-practices for individualized education programs 445 and the provision of services and supports mandated by individualized 446 education programs; student reenrollment in school or other 447 educational or vocational training programs after leaving justice system 448 custody; student success in post-release high school, post-secondary 449 education, or job-training programs; and compliance with the protocols 450 for support of educational transitions delineated in clause (vi) of this 451 subparagraph;

(II) Identifying achievement benchmarks for each measurement ofschool quality;

(III) Written standards for educational quality for schools that servechildren in custody;

456 (IV) A program for quality control and evaluation of schools serving 457 children in custody. The program shall include, but need not be limited 458 to, in-person observation and monitoring of each school serving 459 children in justice system custody. The monitoring shall occur at least 460 annually, and shall be conducted by experts in special education and 461 education in justice-system settings;

462 (V) Provisions for ensuring that each school serving children in 463 justice system custody seeks and obtains external accreditation by a 464 recognized accrediting agency; and

(VI) A set of supports, interventions and remedies that shall be
implemented when a school serving children in justice system custody
falls consistently or significantly short of quality benchmarks;

(vi) Provisions for ensuring that the state-wide education system forchildren in justice system custody includes:

470	(I) The engagement of one or more curriculum development		
471	specialists to support learning in schools serving children in justice		
472	system custody and to develop a flexible, high-interest, modular		
473	curriculum that is aligned with state standards and adapted to the		
474	context of educating children in justice system custody;		
475	(II) The engagement of one or more professional development and		
476	teacher training specialists to support teachers in schools that serve		
477	children in justice system custody; and		
478	(III) The engagement of professional reentry coordinators to support		
479	educational success in children returning to the community from justice		
480	system custody;		
481	(vii) A protocol for educational support of children transitioning into,		
482	and out of, justice system custody. The protocol shall include, but need		
483	not be limited to:		
484	(I) Team-based reentry planning for every child in justice system		
485	custody;		
486	(II) Clear and ambitious timelines for transfer of educational records		
487	at intake and release from justice system custody; and		
488	(III) Timelines for reenrollment and credit transfer;		
489	(viii) Recommendations for any legislation that may be necessary or		
490	appropriate to implement the provisions of the plan developed		
491	pursuant to this subsection; and		
492	(ix) A timeline for implementation of the plan developed pursuant to		
493	this subsection.		
494	(B) The plan developed pursuant to this subsection shall be submitted		
495	on or before January 1, 2020, to the joint standing committee of the		
496	General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education,		
497	in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a.		

498 (C) For purposes of this subsection: "Justice system custody" means 499 justice system custody, as defined in section 10-253; "school" means any 500 program or institution, or any project or unit thereof, that provides any 501 academic or vocational education programming for any children in 502 justice system custody; and "child" means child, as defined in section 10-503 253.

504 (r) The committee shall review methods other states employ to (1) 505 transfer juvenile cases to the regular criminal docket, and (2) detain 506 persons fifteen, sixteen and seventeen years of age whose cases are 507 transferred to the regular criminal docket. Such review shall consider 508 (A) the transfer of juvenile cases to the regular criminal docket and 509 outcomes associated with such transfers, including the impact on public 510 safety and the effectiveness in changing the behavior of juveniles, and (B) preadjudication and postadjudication detention and include an 511 512 examination of organizational and programmatic alternatives. The 513 committee shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, not 514 later than January 1, 2020, report such review including a plan for 515 implementation not later than July 1, 2021, of any recommended 516 changes, including cost options where appropriate to the committee of 517 the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the 518 judiciary.

519 (s) The committee shall appoint persons to an incarceration 520 subcommittee for purposes that include developing plans pursuant to 521 sections 4 and 5 of this act, and to fulfill other tasks, as directed by the 522 committee.

523 (t) The committee shall appoint persons to a community expertise 524 subcommittee for purposes that include developing a plan pursuant to 525 section 5 of this act, and to fulfill other tasks, as directed by the 526 committee.

527 Sec. 4. (*Effective from passage*) (a) Not later than July 1, 2023, the 528 Department of Correction, in consultation with the incarceration 529 subcommittee, established pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall develop and submit the
commissary implementation plan described in subsection (b) of this
section, to the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee,
established pursuant to said section.

534 (b) The plan developed in accordance with this section shall provide 535 for the following in relation to youths in Department of Correction 536 facilities: (1) An integrated positive behavior motivation system to 537 engage and reinforce positive youth behaviors and expectations that can 538 be used as payment for commissary goods in place of a monetary system; (2) revised commissary policies and procedures to include the 539 development and implementation of positive behavior motivation 540 541 policies and procedures; (3) increased incentives to promote good health 542 and recognize a diverse range of ethnic groups, races, sexes and cultural 543 backgrounds; (4) (A) identification of youth within the institution that 544 do not have equitable access to commissary, including those who are 545 indigent, without family supports or with disabilities that contribute to 546 their lack of access to commissary, and (B) strategies to implement 547 equitable access to commissary; (5) provision of menstrual products in 548 a manner pursuant to sections 18-69e and 18-99b of the general statutes; 549 (6) transition of saved commissary allocations, including how associated 550 saved funds can be transitioned and accessed when a youth is 551 transferred to an adult facility; (7) ongoing training and assistance, such 552 as those provided through the Capitol Region Education Council's 553 Positive Behavioral Intervention and Supports; (8) continuous quality 554 improvement system for ongoing implementation of the plan pursuant 555 to this subsection; and (9) biannual surveys or focus groups to obtain 556 feedback from youth in Department of Correction facilities on ways to 557 improve its system and concerning the implementation of such plan.

(c) The Department of Correction shall immediately implement
procedures for more equitable commissary options for youth described
in subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section and shall fully
implement the plan not later than November 1, 2023.

562

Sec. 5. (Effective from passage) (a) Not later than November 1, 2023, the

563 executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial 564 Branch, or the executive director's designee, and the Commissioners of 565 Children and Families, Education and Correction, or their designees, 566 shall, in consultation with the incarceration, community expertise and 567 education subcommittees of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight 568 Committee, established pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general 569 statutes, as amended by this act, develop a reentry success plan for 570 youth released from the Department of Correction and facilities and 571 programs under the jurisdiction of the Judicial Department.

572 (b) (1) Such plan shall be for the purpose of successfully reintegrating 573 youth into their communities. In the development of such plan, the 574 executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial 575 Branch, or the executive director's designee, and the Commissioners of 576 Children and Families, Education and Correction, or their designees, in 577 consultation with the incarceration, community expertise and education 578 subcommittees of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee, 579 shall consider all aspects deemed necessary for successful 580 implementation of such plan, including, but not limited to: (A) Reentry 581 models and best practices around the country, including reentry hubs, 582 community-based enhanced reentry wraparound services and 583 transitional housing; and (B) expansion of community reentry 584 roundtables and welcome centers that focus on youth.

585 (2) Such plan shall incorporate restorative and transformative justice 586 principles, including, but not limited to, the (A) provision of individualized academic support and the role of school districts in 587 588 ensuring the provision of academic, vocational and transition support 589 services; (B) connection of youth to vocational and workforce 590 opportunities; (C) connection of youth to developmentally appropriate 591 housing; (D) delivery of trauma-informed mental health and substance 592 use treatments; (E) development of restorative justice reentry circles; (F) 593 use of credible messengers as mentors or transition support providers; 594 and (G) role of reentry coordinators.

595 (3) Such plan shall include (A) a proposed quality assurance

596 framework, including the collection of appropriate data, promulgation 597 of a public dashboard and monitoring framework to ensure the 598 successful discharge and reentry of incarcerated youth, and (B) 599 information concerning federal and state funding sources in support of 600 the comprehensive reentry model and identification of priorities and 601 appropriate timelines for implementation.

(c) Not later than January 1, 2024, the executive director of the Court
Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch, or the executive
director's designee, and the Commissioners of Children and Families,
Education and Correction, or their designees, shall report the plan
developed pursuant to this section to the Juvenile Justice Policy and
Oversight Committee.

608 Sec. 6. Section 13 of public act 21-174 is repealed and the following is 609 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) The Judicial Branch shall develop an implementation plan to
securely house in the custody of the Judicial Branch any person under
eighteen years of age who is arrested and detained prior to sentencing
or disposition on or after January 1, 2023. The plan shall include cost
estimates and recommendations for legislation as may be necessary or
appropriate for implementation of such plan.

(b) Not later than January 1, 2022, the Judicial Branch shall submit the
implementation plan <u>developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this</u>
<u>section</u>, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general
statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly
having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary and to the Juvenile
Justice Planning and Oversight Committee established pursuant to
section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

(c) Not later than July 1, 2023, the Judicial Branch shall begin a review
 and update of the implementation plan developed pursuant to
 subsection (a) of this section and include provisions for the full and final
 transition of all children from the care and custody of the Department

627 of Correction and into the care and custody of the Judicial Branch. Such
 628 updated plan shall include a phased-in timetable for full
 629 implementation and estimated costs for each phase of such
 630 implementation.

631 (d) Not later than December 15, 2023, the Judicial Branch shall submit the implementation plan updated pursuant to subsection (c) of this 632 633 section and any recommendations for legislation, funding or policy 634 changes, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General 635 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary and to 636 637 the Juvenile Justice Planning and Oversight Committee established 638 pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by this 639 act.

640 Sec. 7. Section 54-1*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the 641 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) This section and section 54-1m, as amended by this act, shall be
known as the "Alvin W. Penn Racial Profiling Prohibition Act".

644 (b) For [the] purposes of this section, "racial profiling" means the 645 detention, interdiction or other disparate treatment of an individual 646 [solely] <u>by a police officer</u> on the basis, <u>in whole or in part</u>, of the 647 <u>perceived</u> racial or ethnic status of such individual, <u>except when such</u> 648 <u>status is used in combination with other information when seeking to</u> 649 <u>apprehend a specific suspect whose racial or ethnic status is part of the</u> 650 description of the suspect.

651 (c) No member of the Division of State Police within the Department 652 of Emergency Services and Public Protection, a municipal police 653 department or any other law enforcement agency shall engage in racial 654 profiling. [The detention of an individual based on any noncriminal 655 factor or combination of noncriminal factors is inconsistent with this 656 policy.]

657 [(d) The race or ethnicity of an individual shall not be the sole factor

in determining the existence of probable cause to place in custody or
arrest an individual or in constituting a reasonable and articulable
suspicion that an offense has been or is being committed so as to justify
the detention of an individual or the investigatory stop of a motor
vehicle.]

663 Sec. 8. Section 54-1m of the general statutes is repealed and the 664 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

665 (a) Each municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 666 Services and Public Protection and any other department with authority 667 to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall adopt a written policy that prohibits the stopping, detention, interdiction or search of any person 668 669 when such action is [solely] motivated, in whole or in part, by 670 considerations of race, color, ethnicity, age, gender or sexual orientation, 671 [and such action would constitute a violation of the civil rights of the 672 person] except when such consideration of race, color, ethnicity, age, 673 gender or sexual orientation is used in combination with other 674 identifying factors in an effort to find and apprehend a specific suspect whose race, color, ethnicity, age or gender is part of the description of 675 the suspect. For the purposes of this section: (1) ["Department with 676 authority to conduct a traffic stop"] "Department with authority to 677 678 conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop" means any department that 679 includes, or has oversight of, a police officer, (2) "pedestrian stop" means a detention of a pedestrian by a police officer, not associated with a call 680 681 for service, when the detention results in a citation, an arrest, a frisking 682 or search of the pedestrian's body or property, but does not include a 683 detention for routine searches performed at a point of entry or exit from 684 a controlled area or an arrest or search pursuant to a warrant issued by 685 <u>a judge of the Superior Court</u>, and [(2)] (3) "police officer" means a police 686 officer within a municipal police department or the Department of 687 Emergency Services and Public Protection or a person with the same 688 authority pursuant to any provision of the general statutes to make 689 arrests or issue citations for violation of any statute or regulation 690 relating to motor vehicles and to enforce said statutes and regulations

691 as policemen or state policemen have in their respective jurisdictions, 692 including, but not limited to: (A) Special policemen or state policemen 693 acting under the provisions of section 29-18, 17a-24 or 17a-465; (B) policemen acting under the provisions of section 29-19; (C) the 694 695 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, each deputy commissioner of the 696 Department of Motor Vehicles and any salaried inspector of motor vehicles designated by the commissioner pursuant to section 14-8; (D) 697 698 State Capitol Police officers acting under the provisions of section 2-1f; 699 (E) special police forces acting under the provisions of section 10a-156b; 700 (F) state policemen acting under the provisions of section 27-107; and 701 (G) fire police officers acting under the provisions of section 7-313a.

(b) Not later than [July 1, 2013] <u>October 1, 2023</u>, the Office of Policy
and Management, in consultation with the Racial Profiling Prohibition
Project Advisory Board established in section 54-1s, and the Criminal
Justice Information System Governing Board shall, within available
resources, develop and implement a standardized method:

707 (1) To be used by police officers of municipal police departments, the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other 708 709 department with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop to 710 record traffic or pedestrian stop information unless the police officer is 711 required to leave the location of the stop prior to completing such form 712 in order to respond to an emergency or due to some other exigent 713 circumstance within the scope of such police officer's duties. The 714 standardized method and any form developed and implemented 715 pursuant to such standardized method shall allow the following 716 information to be recorded: (A) The date and time of the stop; (B) the 717 specific geographic location of the stop; (C) the unique identifying 718 number of the police officer making the stop, or the name and title of 719 the person making the stop if such person does not have a unique 720 identifying number; (D) the race, [color,] ethnicity, age and gender of 721 the operator of the motor vehicle [that] or pedestrian who is stopped, 722 provided the identification of such characteristics shall be based on the 723 observation and perception of the police officer responsible for

724 reporting the stop; (E) the nature of the alleged traffic violation or other 725 violation that caused the stop to be made and the statutory citation for 726 such violation; (F) the disposition of the stop including whether a 727 warning, citation or summons was issued, whether a search was 728 conducted, the authority for any search conducted, the result of any 729 search conducted, the statute or regulation citation for any warning, 730 citation or summons issued and whether a custodial arrest was made; 731 and (G) any other information deemed appropriate. The method shall 732 also provide for (i) notice to be given to the person stopped that if such 733 person believes that such person has been stopped, detained, interdicted 734 or subjected to a search [solely because of] on the basis, in whole or in 735 part, of such person's race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, sexual 736 orientation, religion or membership in any other protected class, such 737 person may file a complaint with the appropriate law enforcement 738 agency unless the police officer was required to leave the location of the 739 stop prior to providing such notice in order to respond to an emergency 740 or due to some other exigent circumstance within the scope of such 741 police officer's duties, and (ii) instructions to be given to the person 742 stopped on how to file such complaint unless the police officer was 743 required to leave the location of the stop prior to providing such 744 instructions in order to respond to an emergency or due to some other 745 exigent circumstance within the scope of such police officer's duties;

(2) To be used to report complaints pursuant to this section by any
person who believes such person has been subjected to a [motor vehicle]
<u>traffic or pedestrian</u> stop by a police officer [solely] on the basis, in whole
<u>or in part</u>, of race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, sexual orientation or
religion; and

(3) To be used by each municipal police department, the Department
of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department
with authority to conduct a traffic <u>or pedestrian</u> stop to report data to
the Office of Policy and Management pursuant to subsection (h) of this
section.

⁽c) Not later than [July 1, 2013] October 1, 2023, the Office of Policy

757 and Management, in consultation with the Racial Profiling Prohibition 758 Project Advisory Board, shall develop and implement guidelines to be 759 used by each municipal police department, the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department 760 with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop in (1) training 761 762 police officers of such agency in the completion of the form developed 763 and implemented pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this 764 section, and (2) evaluating the information collected by police officers of 765 such municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 766 Services and Public Protection or other department with authority to 767 conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop pursuant to subsection (e) of this 768 section for use in the counseling and training of such police officers.

769 [(d) (1) Prior to the date a standardized method and form have been developed and implemented pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 770 771 (b) of this section, each municipal police department, the Department of 772 Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department 773 with authority to conduct a traffic stop shall, using the form developed 774 and promulgated pursuant to the provisions of subsection (h) in effect 775 on January 1, 2012, record and retain the following information: (A) The 776 number of persons stopped for traffic violations; (B) characteristics of 777 race, color, ethnicity, gender and age of such persons, provided the 778 identification of such characteristics shall be based on the observation 779 and perception of the police officer responsible for reporting the stop 780 and the information shall not be required to be provided by the person 781 stopped; (C) the nature of the alleged traffic violation that resulted in 782 the stop; (D) whether a warning or citation was issued, an arrest made 783 or a search conducted as a result of the stop; and (E) any additional 784 information that such municipal police department, the Department of 785 Emergency Services and Public Protection or any other department with 786 authority to conduct a traffic stop, as the case may be, deems 787 appropriate, provided such information shall not include any other 788 identifying information about any person stopped for a traffic violation 789 such as the person's operator's license number, name or address.]

790 [(2)] (d) On and after the date a standardized method and form have 791 been developed and implemented pursuant to subdivision (1) of 792 subsection (b) of this section, each municipal police department, the 793 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other 794 department with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall 795 record and retain the information required to be recorded pursuant to 796 such standardized method and any additional information that such 797 municipal police department or the Department of Emergency Services 798 and Public Protection or other department with authority to conduct a 799 traffic or pedestrian stop, as the case may be, deems appropriate, 800 provided such information shall not include any other identifying 801 information about any person stopped for a traffic violation such as the person's operator's license number, name or address. 802

803 (e) Each municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 804 Services and Public Protection and any other department with authority 805 to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall provide to the Chief State's 806 Attorney and [the Office of Policy and Management] the Institute for 807 Municipal and Regional Policy at The University of Connecticut (1) a 808 copy of each complaint received pursuant to this section, and (2) written 809 notification of the review and disposition of such complaint. No copy of 810 such complaint shall include any other identifying information about 811 the complainant such as the complainant's operator's license number, 812 name or address.

(f) Any police officer who in good faith records traffic <u>or pedestrian</u>
stop information pursuant to the requirements of this section shall not
be held civilly liable for the act of recording such information unless the
officer's conduct was unreasonable or reckless.

(g) If a municipal police department, the Department of Emergency
Services and Public Protection or any other department with authority
to conduct a traffic <u>or pedestrian</u> stop fails to comply with the provisions
of this section, [the Office of Policy and Management shall recommend
and] the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management may order
an appropriate penalty in the form of the withholding of state funds

from such municipal police department, the Department of Emergency
Services and Public Protection or such other department with authority
to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop.

826 (h) [Not later than October 1, 2012, each municipal police department 827 and the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall 828 provide to the Office of Policy and Management a summary report of 829 the information recorded pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.] On 830 and after [October 1, 2013] January 1, 2025, each municipal police 831 department, the Department of Emergency Services and Public 832 Protection and any other department with authority to conduct a traffic 833 or pedestrian stop shall provide to the [Office of Policy and 834 Management] Institute for Municipal and Regional Policy at The 835 <u>University of Connecticut</u> a monthly report of the information recorded 836 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section for each traffic or pedestrian 837 stop conducted, in a format prescribed by the [Office of Policy and 838 Management] Institute for Municipal and Regional Policy at The 839 University of Connecticut, in consultation with the Racial Profiling 840 Project Advisory Board. On and after January 1, [2015] 2025, such 841 information shall be submitted in electronic form, and shall be 842 submitted in electronic form prior to said date to the extent practicable.

843 (i) The [Office of Policy and Management] Institute for Municipal and 844 Regional Policy at The University of Connecticut shall, within available 845 resources, review the prevalence and disposition of traffic and 846 pedestrian stops and complaints reported pursuant to this section, 847 including any traffic stops conducted on suspicion of a violation of 848 section 14-227a, 14-227g, 14-227m or 14-227n. Not later than July 1, 849 [2014] 2026, and annually thereafter, the office shall report the results of 850 any such review, including any recommendations, to the Governor, the 851 General Assembly and any other entity deemed appropriate. The Office 852 of Policy and Management] Institute for Municipal and Regional Policy 853 at The University of Connecticut shall make such report publicly 854 available on the [office's] institute's Internet web site.

855

Sec. 9. (*Effective July 1, 2023*) The sum of _____ dollars is appropriated

856 to the Office of Policy and Management to fund organizations for the 857 purpose of assisting members appointed to the Juvenile Justice Policy 858 and Oversight Committee pursuant to subdivisions (23) and (24) of 859 subsection (b) of section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by 860 this act, from the General Fund, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2024, 861 and June 30, 2025, through stipends for child care and transportation to 862 such members during their time of and in association with their service 863 on said committee.

Sec. 10. (*Effective July 1, 2023*) The sum of _____ dollars is appropriated to the Department of Correction from the General Fund, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2025, for the purpose of fully implementing the commissary implementation plan pursuant to section 4 of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:				
Section 1	July 1, 2023	46b-121s		
Sec. 2	from passage	New section		
Sec. 3	from passage	46b-121n		
Sec. 4	from passage	New section		
Sec. 5	from passage	New section		
Sec. 6	from passage	PA 21-174, Sec. 13		
Sec. 7	from passage	54-1 <i>l</i>		
Sec. 8	from passage	54-1m		
Sec. 9	July 1, 2023	New section		
Sec. 10	July 1, 2023	New section		

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 8, the definition in Subsec. (j) was moved to Subsec. (a) for clarity; and Subsec. (j) was deleted.

JUD Joint Favorable Subst.