

General Assembly

January Session, 2023

Raised Bill No. 6888

LCO No. **5762**

Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING JUVENILE JUSTICE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 46b-121s of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

(a) There shall be a community-based diversion system developed
pursuant to subsection (k) of section 46b-121n, as amended by this act.

5 (b) In lieu of arresting a child for a violation of section 53a-110a, 53a-125b, 53a-181a or 53a-182, law enforcement agencies shall refer such 6 7 child to a juvenile review board in accordance with such community-8 based diversion system. The juvenile review board shall require the 9 child to receive prevention, intervention and treatment services 10 provided by a youth service bureau or community-based service 11 providers. If such child does not successfully fulfill the requirements 12 imposed by the youth service bureau or community-based service 13 provider, the juvenile review board may refer the child to the court for 14 delinquency proceedings.

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15 Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) An implementation team
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16 shall develop a plan for mandatory prearrest diversion of low-risk 17 children. The implementation team shall include (1) the Commissioners 18 of Children and Families, Education and Correction, or their designees, 19 (2) the executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the 20 Judicial Branch, or the executive director's designee, and (3) 21 representatives of local and regional boards of education, appointed by 22 the chairpersons of the Juvenile Justice and Policy Committee, 23 established pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as 24 amended by this act. The implementation team shall consider 25 stakeholder input, including from children, families and law 26 enforcement officials in the development of such plan.

27 (b) Not later than July 1, 2024, the implementation team shall develop 28 a plan for automatic prearrest diversion of children to the community-29 based diversion system or other community-based agencies in lieu of 30 arrest for first or second offenses, such as breach of peace in the second 31 degree under section 53a-181 of the general statutes and larceny in the 32 fifth degree under section 53a-125a of the general statutes. The 33 implementation team shall consider and include data when developing 34 such plan concerning prearrest diversionary measures implemented 35 pursuant to section 46b-121s of the general statutes, as amended by this 36 act. Additionally, the plan shall consider: (1) The capacity of youth 37 service bureaus and other local agencies who will provide services to 38 children diverted under the plan; (2) accountability mechanisms to 39 measure success of services provided; (3) processes for victim input and 40 involvement; (4) data collection for the purpose of tracking referrals of 41 diverted children to youth service bureaus; (5) communication and 42 outreach strategies to stakeholders for the purpose of accessing local 43 services; (6) dates for full implementation of the plan; and (7) any other 44 considerations the committee finds necessary for a successful 45 implementation of the plan.

(c) Not later than July 1, 2024, the implementation team shall submit
the plan for automatic prearrest diversion of children and report on its
findings and recommendations pursuant to subsection (b) of this
section, to the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee. The

implementation team shall terminate on the date that it submits suchreport or January 1, 2025, whichever is later.

52 Sec. 3. Section 46b-121n of the general statutes is repealed and the 53 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) There is established a Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight
Committee. The committee shall evaluate policies related to the juvenile
justice system and the expansion of juvenile jurisdiction to include
persons sixteen and seventeen years of age.

58 (b) The committee shall consist of the following members:

(1) Two members of the General Assembly, one of whom shall be
appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of
whom shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate;

(2) The chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing
committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to the judiciary, children, human services and appropriations,
or their designees;

66 (3) The Chief Court Administrator, or the Chief Court67 Administrator's designee;

(4) A judge of the superior court for juvenile matters, appointed bythe Chief Justice;

(5) The executive director of the Court Support Services Division of
the Judicial Department, or the executive director's designee;

(6) The executive director of the Superior Court Operations Division,or the executive director's designee;

74 (7) The Chief Public Defender, or the Chief Public Defender's75 designee;

76 (8) The Chief State's Attorney, or the Chief State's Attorney's77 designee;

78	(9) The Commissioner of Children and Families, or the			
79	commissioner's designee;			
80	(10) The Commissioner of Correction, or the commissioner's			
81	designee;			
82	(11) The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee;			
83	(12) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, or			
84	the commissioner's designee;			
85	(13) The Labor Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee;			
86				
87	designee;			
88	(15) The Commissioner of Public Health or the commissioner's			
	(15) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's			
89	designee;			
90	(16) The president of the Connecticut Police Chiefs Association, or the			
91	president's designee;			
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92	(17) The chief of police of a municipality with a population in excess			
93	of one hundred thousand, appointed by the president of the Connecticut			
94	Police Chiefs Association;			
95	(18) Two child or youth advocates, one of whom shall be appointed			
96	by one chairperson of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight			
97	Committee, and one of whom shall be appointed by the other			
98	chairperson of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee;			
99	(19) Two parents or parent advocates, at least one of whom is the			
100	parent of a child who has been involved with the juvenile justice system,			
101	one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of			
102	Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the minority			
103	leader of the Senate;			

104 (20) The Victim Advocate, or the Victim Advocate's designee;

(21) The Child Advocate, or the Child Advocate's designee; [and] 105 106 (22) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the 107 secretary's designee; 108 (23) Two children, youths or young adults under twenty-six years of 109 age with lived experience in the juvenile justice system, nominated by the community expertise subcommittee, one of whom shall be 110 111 appointed by each chairperson of this committee; and 112 (24) One community member who may be a family member of a child 113 who has been involved with the juvenile justice system or a credible 114 messenger with lived experience in the juvenile justice system and who 115 works with youth in the juvenile justice system, nominated by the community expertise subcommittee and appointed chairpersons of this 116 117 committee.

118 (c) Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.

119 (d) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the 120 secretary's designee, and a member of the General Assembly selected 121 jointly by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president 122 pro tempore of the Senate from among the members serving pursuant 123 to subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of this section shall be 124 cochairpersons of the committee. Such cochairpersons shall schedule 125 the first meeting of the committee, which shall be held not later than 126 sixty days after June 13, 2014.

(e) Members of the committee shall serve without compensation,except for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of theirduties.

(f) Not later than January 1, 2015, the committee shall report, in
accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the
General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to
appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children, and the
Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, regarding the

135 following:

136 (1) Any statutory changes concerning the juvenile justice system that 137 the committee recommends to (A) improve public safety; (B) promote 138 the best interests of children and youths who are under the supervision, 139 care or custody of the Commissioner of Children and Families or the 140 Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Department; (C) 141 improve transparency and accountability with respect to state-funded 142 services for children and youths in the juvenile justice system with an 143 emphasis on goals identified by the committee for community-based 144 programs and facility-based interventions; and (D) promote the efficient 145 sharing of information between the Department of Children and 146 Families and the Judicial Department to ensure the regular collection 147 and reporting of recidivism data and promote public welfare and public 148 safety outcomes related to the juvenile justice system;

(2) A definition of "recidivism" that the committee recommends to be
used by state agencies with responsibilities with respect to the juvenile
justice system, and recommendations to reduce recidivism for children
and youths in the juvenile justice system;

(3) Short-term goals to be met within six months, medium-term goals
to be met within twelve months and long-term goals to be met within
eighteen months, for the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight
Committee and state agencies with responsibilities with respect to the
juvenile justice system to meet, after considering existing relevant
reports related to the juvenile justice system and any related state
strategic plan;

(4) The impact of legislation that expanded the jurisdiction of the
juvenile court to include persons sixteen and seventeen years of age, as
measured by the following:

163 (A) Any change in the average age of children and youths involved164 in the juvenile justice system;

165 (B) The types of services used by designated age groups and the

166 outcomes of those services;

167 (C) The types of delinquent acts or criminal offenses that children and
168 youths have been charged with since the enactment and
169 implementation of such legislation; and

(D) The gaps in services identified by the committee with respect to
children and youths involved in the juvenile justice system, including,
but not limited to, children and youths who have attained the age of
eighteen after being involved in the juvenile justice system, and
recommendations to address such gaps in services; and

(5) Strengths and barriers identified by the committee that support or
impede the educational needs of children and youths in the juvenile
justice system, with specific recommendations for reforms.

(g) Not later than July 1, 2015, the committee shall report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children, and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, regarding the following:

(1) The quality and accessibility of diversionary programs available
to children and youths in this state, including juvenile review boards
and services for a child or youth who is a member of a family with
service needs;

(2) An assessment of the system of community-based services for
children and youths who are under the supervision, care or custody of
the Commissioner of Children and Families or the Court Support
Services Division of the Judicial Department;

(3) An assessment of the congregate care settings that are operated
privately or by the state and have housed children and youths involved
in the juvenile justice system in the past twelve months;

195 (4) An examination of how the state Department of Education and

local boards of education, the Department of Children and Families, the
Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, the Court
Support Services Division of the Judicial Department, and other
appropriate agencies can work collaboratively through school-based
efforts and other processes to reduce the number of children and youths
who enter the juvenile justice system;

(5) An examination of practices and procedures that result in
disproportionate minority contact, as defined in section 4-68y, within
the juvenile justice system;

(6) A plan to provide that all facilities and programs that are part of
the juvenile justice system and are operated privately or by the state
provide results-based accountability;

208 (7) An assessment of the number of children and youths who, after
209 being under the supervision of the Department of Children and
210 Families, are convicted as delinquent; and

(8) An assessment of the overlap between the juvenile justice systemand the mental health care system for children.

213 (h) The committee shall complete its duties under this section after 214 consultation with one or more organizations that focus on relevant 215 issues regarding children and youths, such as the University of New 216 Haven and any of the university's institutes. The committee may accept 217 administrative support and technical and research assistance from any 218 such organization. The committee shall work in collaboration with any 219 results first initiative implemented pursuant to section 2-111 or any 220 public or special act.

(i) The committee shall establish a time frame for review and reporting regarding the responsibilities outlined in subdivision (5) of subsection (f) of this section, and subdivisions (1) to (7), inclusive, of subsection (g) of this section. Each report submitted by the committee shall include specific recommendations to improve outcomes and a timeline by which specific tasks or outcomes must be achieved. 227 (j) The committee shall implement a strategic plan that integrates the 228 short-term, medium-term and long-term goals identified pursuant to 229 subdivision (3) of subsection (f) of this section. As part of the 230 implementation of such plan, the committee shall collaborate with any 231 state agency with responsibilities with respect to the juvenile justice 232 system, including, but not limited to, the Departments of Education, 233 Mental Health and Addiction Services, Correction and Children and 234 Families and the Labor Department and Judicial Department, and 235 municipal police departments. Not later than January 1, 2016, the 236 committee shall report such plan, in accordance with section 11-4a, to 237 the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having 238 cognizance of matters relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human 239 services and children, and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 240 Management, regarding progress toward the full implementation of 241 such plan and any recommendations concerning the implementation of 242 such identified goals by any state agency with responsibilities with 243 respect to the juvenile justice system or municipal police departments.

244 (k) Not later than January 1, 2017, the committee shall submit a 245 report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing 246 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 247 relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children 248 and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, regarding a plan that includes cost options for the development of a community-249 250 based diversion system. Such plan shall include recommendations to 251 address issues concerning mental health and juvenile justice. The plan 252 shall include recommendations regarding the following:

(1) Diversion of children who commit crimes, excluding seriousjuvenile offenses, from the juvenile justice system;

(2) Identification of services that are evidence-based, trauma-informed and culturally and linguistically appropriate;

257 (3) Expansion of the capacity of juvenile review boards to accept 258 referrals from municipal police departments and schools and 259 implement restorative practices;

260 (4) Expansion of the provision of prevention, intervention and261 treatment services by youth service bureaus;

262 (5) Expansion of access to in-home and community-based services;

(6) Identification and expansion of services needed to support
children who are truant or exhibiting behaviors defiant of school rules
and enhance collaboration between school districts and community
providers in order to best serve such children;

267 (7) Expansion of the use of memoranda of understanding pursuant to
268 section 10-233m between local law enforcement agencies and local and
269 regional boards of education;

(8) Expansion of the use of memoranda of understanding between
local and regional boards of education and community providers for
provision of community-based services;

(9) Recommendations to ensure that children in the juvenile justice
system have access to a full range of community-based behavioral
health services;

(10) Reinvestment of cost savings associated with reduced
incarceration rates for children and increased accessibility to
community-based behavioral health services;

(11) Reimbursement policies that incentivize providers to deliverevidence-based practices to children in the juvenile justice system;

(12) Recommendations to promote the use of common behavioralhealth screening tools in schools and communities;

(13) Recommendations to ensure that secure facilities operated by the
Department of Children and Families or the Court Support Services
Division of the Judicial Department and private service providers
contracting with said department or division to screen children in such

287 facilities for behavioral health issues; and

(14) Expansion of service capacities informed by an examination ofgrant funds and federal Medicaid reimbursement rates.

290 (l) The committee shall establish a data working group to develop a 291 plan for a data integration process to link data related to children across 292 executive branch agencies, through the Office of Policy and 293 Management's integrated data system, and the Judicial Department 294 through the Court Support Services Division, for purposes of evaluation 295 and assessment of programs, services and outcomes in the juvenile 296 justice system. Membership of the working group shall include, but not 297 be limited to, the Commissioners of Children and Families, Correction, 298 Education and Mental Health and Addiction Services, or their 299 designees; the Chief State's Attorney, or the Chief State's Attorney's 300 designee; the Chief Public Defender, or the Chief Public Defender's 301 designee; the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the 302 secretary's designee; and the Chief Court Administrator of the Judicial 303 Branch, or the Chief Court Administrator's designee. Such working 304 group shall include persons with expertise in data development and 305 research design. The plan shall include cost options and provisions to:

306 (1) Access relevant data on juvenile justice populations;

307 (2) Coordinate the handling of data and research requests;

308 (3) Link the data maintained by executive branch agencies and the
309 Judicial Department for the purposes of facilitating the sharing and
310 analysis of data;

311 (4) Establish provisions for protecting confidential information and
312 enforcing state and federal confidentiality protections and ensure
313 compliance with related state and federal laws and regulations;

(5) Develop specific recommendations for the committee on the use
of limited releases of client specific data sharing across systems,
including with the Office of Policy and Management, the Division of

317 Criminal Justice, the Departments of Children and Families, Education
318 and Mental Health and Addiction Services, the Judicial Department and
319 other agencies; and

(6) Develop a standard template for memoranda of understanding for
data-sharing between executive branch agencies, the Judicial
Department, and when necessary, researchers outside of state
government.

(m) (1) The committee shall periodically request, receive and review
information regarding conditions of confinement, including services
available, for persons under eighteen years of age detained at the John
R. Manson Youth Institution, Cheshire.

328 (2) Not later than October 1, 2018, the committee shall submit a report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing 329 330 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 331 relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children 332 and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management on current 333 conditions of confinement, including services available, for persons 334 under eighteen years of age who are detained or incarcerated in 335 correctional facilities, juvenile secure facilities and other out-of-home 336 placements in the juvenile and criminal justice systems. The report shall 337 include, but need not be limited to, a description of any gaps in services 338 and the continued availability and utilization of mental health, 339 education, rehabilitative and family engagement services.

340 (n) Not later than January 1, 2020, the committee shall submit a 341 report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the joint standing 342 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 343 relating to appropriations, the judiciary, human services and children 344 and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management regarding a 345 juvenile justice reinvestment plan. The report shall include a study and 346 make recommendations for the reinvestment of savings realized from 347 the decreased use of incarceration and congregate care towards strategic 348 investments in home-based, school-based and community-based behavioral health services and supports for children diverted from, orinvolved with, the juvenile justice system.

351 (o) Not later than January 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, the 352 Department of Correction and the Court Support Services Division of 353 the Judicial Branch shall report to the committee on compliance with the 354 provisions of section 46b-126a. Such reports shall present indicia of 355 compliance in both state facilities and those facilities managed by a 356 private provider under contract with the state, and shall include data on 357 all persons under eighteen years of age who have been removed or 358 excluded from educational settings as a result of alleged behavior 359 occurring in those educational settings.

360 (p) Not later than January 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, all state 361 agencies that detain or otherwise hold in custody a person under 362 eighteen years of age involved with the juvenile justice or criminal 363 justice system, or that contract for the housing of any person involved 364 with the juvenile justice or criminal justice system under eighteen years 365 of age, shall report to the committee on compliance with the provisions 366 of section 46b-121p. Such reports shall include indicia of compliance in 367 both direct-run and contract facilities, and shall include data on all 368 rearrests and uses of confinements and restraints for youth in justice 369 system custody, as defined in section 10-253.

370 (q) [Not later than July 1, 2018, the] <u>The</u> committee shall convene [a] 371 an education subcommittee to <u>fulfill tasks</u>, as directed by the committee, 372 consult in the development of a plan pursuant to section 5 of this act, 373 and develop a detailed plan concerning the overall coordination, 374 oversight, supervision, and direction of all vocational and academic 375 education services and programs for children in justice system custody, 376 and the provision of education-related transitional support services for 377 children returning to the community from justice system custody. The 378 subcommittee shall consist of:

379 (1) One person designated by the Commissioner of Education;

380 (2) One person designated by the executive director of the Court

381 Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch;

382 (3) One person designated by the Bridgeport School District;

383 (4) One person designated by the Hartford School District;

384 (5) One person designated by the Commissioner of Correction;

(6) One person who is an expert in state budgeting and who can assist
the subcommittee in obtaining data on relevant expenditures and
available resources, designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy
and Management;

(7) Three persons, who are experts with significant career experience
in providing and coordinating education in justice-system settings and
who are not employees of the state of Connecticut, designated by the
chairpersons of the Juvenile Justice Oversight and Planning Committee;
and

(8) Two persons representing the interests of students and families,
one designated by the executive director of an organization in this state
with the mission of stopping the criminalization of this state's children
and one designated by the executive director of an organization in this
state that advocates for legal rights for the most vulnerable children in
this state.

400 (A) The plan developed pursuant to this subsection shall include, but401 need not be limited to:

(i) Identification of a single state agency and designation of a program
manager within that agency who will be responsible for planning,
coordination, oversight, supervision, quality control, legal compliance
and allocation of relevant federal and state funds for children in justice
system custody;

(ii) A detailed description of how educational services will be
provided to children in justice system custody and how educationrelated supports will be provided to children during transition out of

justice system custody, either directly by the single state agency
identified by the plan pursuant to clause (i) of this subparagraph or
through a state-wide contract with a single nonprofit provider;

(iii) An analysis of resources expended for educating children in
justice system custody and for supporting educational success during
transitions out of justice system custody, and recommendations for
consolidating and reallocating resources towards the oversight,
accountability, services and supports provided for in the plan pursuant
to this subsection;

(iv) Provisions for ensuring that a range of pathways to educational
and economic opportunity are available for children in justice system
custody, including at a minimum a traditional high school diploma
program, an accelerated credit recovery program, vocational training
programs and access to post-secondary educational options;

(v) Specifications for a state-wide accountability and quality control
system for schools that serve children in justice system custody. The
accountability and quality control system shall include, but need not be
limited to:

428 (I) A specialized school profile and performance report, to be 429 produced annually for each school that serves children in justice system 430 custody. The profiles and performance reports shall be consistent with 431 other accountability systems required by law and shall include criteria 432 and metrics tailored to measuring the quality of schools that serve 433 children in justice system custody. Such metrics shall include, but need 434 not be limited to: Student growth in reading and math; credit 435 accumulation; modified graduation rates and high school equivalent 436 passage rates; school attendance, defined as the percentage of children who are actually physically present in classrooms for school and 437 438 educational programs; the percentage of students pursuing a high 439 school diploma, an industry-based certification, a recognized high 440 school diploma equivalent, credits for advanced courses and post-441 secondary education programs; performance in educating children with

442 exceptionalities, including identification of special education needs, the 443 development of best-practices for individualized education programs 444 and the provision of services and supports mandated by individualized 445 education programs; student reenrollment in school or other 446 educational or vocational training programs after leaving justice system 447 custody; student success in post-release high school, post-secondary 448 education, or job-training programs; and compliance with the protocols 449 for support of educational transitions delineated in clause (vi) of this 450 subparagraph;

(II) Identifying achievement benchmarks for each measurement ofschool quality;

(III) Written standards for educational quality for schools that servechildren in custody;

(IV) A program for quality control and evaluation of schools serving children in custody. The program shall include, but need not be limited to, in-person observation and monitoring of each school serving children in justice system custody. The monitoring shall occur at least annually, and shall be conducted by experts in special education and education in justice-system settings;

461 (V) Provisions for ensuring that each school serving children in
462 justice system custody seeks and obtains external accreditation by a
463 recognized accrediting agency; and

(VI) A set of supports, interventions and remedies that shall be
implemented when a school serving children in justice system custody
falls consistently or significantly short of quality benchmarks;

467 (vi) Provisions for ensuring that the state-wide education system for468 children in justice system custody includes:

(I) The engagement of one or more curriculum development
specialists to support learning in schools serving children in justice
system custody and to develop a flexible, high-interest, modular

472 curriculum that is aligned with state standards and adapted to the473 context of educating children in justice system custody;

(II) The engagement of one or more professional development and
teacher training specialists to support teachers in schools that serve
children in justice system custody; and

(III) The engagement of professional reentry coordinators to support
educational success in children returning to the community from justice
system custody;

(vii) A protocol for educational support of children transitioning into,
and out of, justice system custody. The protocol shall include, but need
not be limited to:

(I) Team-based reentry planning for every child in justice systemcustody;

(II) Clear and ambitious timelines for transfer of educational recordsat intake and release from justice system custody; and

487 (III) Timelines for reenrollment and credit transfer;

(viii) Recommendations for any legislation that may be necessary or
appropriate to implement the provisions of the plan developed
pursuant to this subsection; and

491 (ix) A timeline for implementation of the plan developed pursuant to492 this subsection.

(B) The plan developed pursuant to this subsection shall be submitted
on or before January 1, 2020, to the joint standing committee of the
General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education,
in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a.

497 (C) For purposes of this subsection: "Justice system custody" means
498 justice system custody, as defined in section 10-253; "school" means any
499 program or institution, or any project or unit thereof, that provides any

academic or vocational education programming for any children in
justice system custody; and "child" means child, as defined in section 10253.

503 (r) The committee shall review methods other states employ to (1) 504 transfer juvenile cases to the regular criminal docket, and (2) detain 505 persons fifteen, sixteen and seventeen years of age whose cases are 506 transferred to the regular criminal docket. Such review shall consider 507 (A) the transfer of juvenile cases to the regular criminal docket and 508 outcomes associated with such transfers, including the impact on public safety and the effectiveness in changing the behavior of juveniles, and 509 510 (B) preadjudication and postadjudication detention and include an 511 examination of organizational and programmatic alternatives. The 512 committee shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, not 513 later than January 1, 2020, report such review including a plan for 514 implementation not later than July 1, 2021, of any recommended 515 changes, including cost options where appropriate to the committee of 516 the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the 517 judiciary.

518 (s) The committee shall appoint persons to an incarceration 519 subcommittee for purposes that include developing plans pursuant to 520 sections 4 and 5 of this act, and other tasks, as directed by the committee.

521 (t) The committee shall appoint persons to a community expertise
 522 subcommittee for purposes that include developing a plan pursuant to
 523 section 5 of this act, and other tasks, as directed by the committee.

524 Sec. 4. (*Effective from passage*) (a) Not later than July 1, 2023, the 525 Department of Correction, in consultation with the incarceration 526 subcommittee, established pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general 527 statutes, as amended by this act, shall develop and submit the 528 commissary implementation plan described in subsection (b) of this 529 section, to the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee, 530 established pursuant to said section 46b-121n.

531 (b) The plan developed in accordance with this section shall provide

for the following in relation to youths in Department of Correction 532 533 facilities: (1) An integrated positive behavior motivation system to 534 engage and reinforce positive youth behaviors and expectations that can 535 be used as payment for commissary goods in place of a monetary 536 system; (2) revised commissary policies and procedures to include the 537 development and implementation of positive behavior motivation 538 policies and procedures; (3) increased incentives to promote good health 539 and recognize a diverse range of ethnic groups, races, sexes and cultural 540 backgrounds; (4) (A) identification of youth within the institution that 541 do not have equitable access to commissary, including those who are 542 indigent, without family supports or with disabilities that contribute to 543 their lack of access to commissary, and (B) strategies to implement 544 equitable access to commissary; (5) provision of menstrual products in 545 a manner pursuant to sections 18-69e and 18-99 of the general statutes; 546 (6) transition of saved commissary allocations, including how associated 547 saved funds can be transitioned and accessed when a youth is 548 transferred to an adult facility; (7) ongoing training and assistance, such 549 as those provided through the Capitol Region Education Council's 550 Positive Behavioral Intervention and Supports; (8) continuous quality 551 improvement system for ongoing implementation of the plan pursuant 552 to this subsection; and (9) biannual surveys or focus groups to obtain 553 feedback from youth in Department of Correction facilities on ways to 554 improve its system and concerning the implementation of such plan.

(c) The Department of Correction shall immediately implement
procedures for more equitable commissary options for youth described
in subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section and shall fully
implement the plan not later than November 1, 2023.

559 Sec. 5. (*Effective from passage*) (a) Not later than November 1, 2023, the 560 executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial 561 Branch, or the executive director's designee, and the Commissioners of 562 Children and Families, Education and Correction, or their designees, 563 shall, in consultation with the incarceration, community expertise and 564 education subcommittees of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight 565 Committee, established pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by this act, develop a reentry success plan for
youth released from the Department of Correction and facilities and
programs under the jurisdiction of the Judicial Department.

569 (b) (1) Such plan shall be for the purpose of successfully reintegrating 570 youth into their communities. In the development of such plan, the 571 executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial 572 Branch, or the executive director's designee, and the Commissioners of 573 Children and Families, Education and Correction, or their designees, in 574 consultation with the incarceration, community expertise and education 575 subcommittees of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee, 576 consider all aspects deemed necessary for successful shall 577 implementation of such plan, including, but not limited to: (A) Reentry 578 models and best practices around the country, including reentry hubs, 579 community-based enhanced reentry wraparound services and 580 transitional housing; and (B) expansion of community reentry 581 roundtables and welcome centers that focus on youth.

582 (2) Such plan shall incorporate restorative and transformative justice principles, including, but not limited to, the (A) provision of 583 584 individualized academic support and the role of school districts in 585 ensuring the provision of academic, vocational and transition support 586 services; (B) connection of youth to vocational and workforce 587 opportunities; (C) connection of youth to developmentally appropriate 588 housing; (D) delivery of trauma-informed mental health and substance 589 use treatments; (E) development of restorative justice reentry circles; (F) 590 use of credible messengers as mentors or transition support providers; 591 and (G) role of reentry coordinators.

(3) Such plan shall include (A) a proposed quality assurance
framework, including the collection of appropriate data, promulgation
of a public dashboard and monitoring framework to ensure the
successful discharge and reentry of incarcerated youth, and (B)
information concerning federal and state funding sources in support of
the comprehensive reentry model and identification of priorities and
appropriate timelines for implementation.

(c) Not later than January 1, 2024, the executive director of the Court
Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch, or the executive
director's designee, and the Commissioners of Children and Families,
Education and Correction, or their designees, shall report the plan
developed pursuant to this section to the Juvenile Justice Policy and
Oversight Committee.

605 Sec. 6. Section 13 of public act 21-174 is repealed and the following is 606 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) The Judicial Branch shall develop an implementation plan to
securely house in the custody of the Judicial Branch any person under
eighteen years of age who is arrested and detained prior to sentencing
or disposition on or after January 1, 2023. The plan shall include cost
estimates and recommendations for legislation as may be necessary or
appropriate for implementation of such plan.

(b) Not later than January 1, 2022, the Judicial Branch shall submit the
implementation plan <u>developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this</u>
<u>section</u>, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general
statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly
having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary and to the Juvenile
Justice Planning and Oversight Committee established pursuant to
section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

- 620 (c) Not later than July 1, 2023, the Judicial Branch shall begin a review and update of the implementation plan developed pursuant to 621 622 subsection (a) of this section and include provisions for the full and final 623 transition of all children from the care and custody of the Department 624 of Correction and into the care and custody of the Judicial Branch. Such updated plan shall include a phased-in timetable for full 625 626 implementation and estimated costs for each phase of such 627 implementation. 628 (d) Not later than December 15, 2023, the Judicial Branch shall submit
- 629 the implementation plan updated pursuant to subsection (c) of this
- 630 section and any recommendations for legislation, funding or policy

changes, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the
 general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General
 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary and to
 the Juvenile Justice Planning and Oversight Committee established
 pursuant to section 46b-121n of the general statutes, as amended by this
 act.

637 Sec. 7. Section 54-1*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the 638 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) This section and section 54-1m, as amended by this act, shall be
known as the "Alvin W. Penn Racial Profiling Prohibition Act".

641 (b) For the purposes of this section, "racial profiling" means the 642 detention, interdiction or other disparate treatment of an individual 643 [solely on the basis of the racial or ethnic status of such individual] by a 644 police officer on the basis, in whole or in part, of the perceived racial or 645 ethnic status of such individual, except when such status is used in 646 combination with other identifying factors in an effort to find and 647 apprehend a specific suspect whose racial or ethnic status is part of the 648 description of the suspect.

(c) No member of the Division of State Police within the Department
of Emergency Services and Public Protection, a municipal police
department or any other law enforcement agency shall engage in racial
profiling. [The detention of an individual based on any noncriminal
factor or combination of noncriminal factors is inconsistent with this
policy.

(d) The race or ethnicity of an individual shall not be the sole factor in determining the existence of probable cause to place in custody or arrest an individual or in constituting a reasonable and articulable suspicion that an offense has been or is being committed so as to justify the detention of an individual or the investigatory stop of a motor vehicle.]

661 Sec. 8. Section 54-1m of the general statutes is repealed and the

662 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

663 (a) Each municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 664 Services and Public Protection and any other department with authority 665 to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall adopt a written policy that 666 prohibits the stopping, detention, interdiction or search of any person 667 when such action is [solely] motivated, in whole or in part, by considerations of race, color, ethnicity, age, gender or sexual orientation, 668 669 [and such action would constitute a violation of the civil rights of the 670 person] except when such consideration of race, color, ethnicity, age, 671 gender or sexual orientation is used in combination with other identifying factors in an effort to find and apprehend a specific suspect 672 673 whose race, color, ethnicity, age or gender is part of the description of 674 the suspect. For the purposes of this section: (1) ["Department with 675 authority to conduct a traffic stop"] "Department with authority to 676 conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop" means any department that 677 includes, or has oversight of, a police officer, and (2) "police officer" 678 means a police officer within a municipal police department or the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection or a person 679 680 with the same authority pursuant to any provision of the general 681 statutes to make arrests or issue citations for violation of any statute or 682 regulation relating to motor vehicles and to enforce said statutes and 683 regulations as policemen or state policemen have in their respective 684 jurisdictions, including, but not limited to: (A) Special policemen or state 685 policemen acting under the provisions of section 29-18, 17a-24 or 17a-686 465; (B) policemen acting under the provisions of section 29-19; (C) the 687 Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, each deputy commissioner of the 688 Department of Motor Vehicles and any salaried inspector of motor 689 vehicles designated by the commissioner pursuant to section 14-8; (D) 690 State Capitol Police officers acting under the provisions of section 2-1f; 691 (E) special police forces acting under the provisions of section 10a-156b; (F) state policemen acting under the provisions of section 27-107; and 692 693 (G) fire police officers acting under the provisions of section 7-313a.



696 Project Advisory Board established in section 54-1s, and the Criminal
697 Justice Information System Governing Board shall, within available
698 resources, develop and implement a standardized method:

699 (1) To be used by police officers of municipal police departments, the 700 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other 701 department with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop to 702 record traffic or pedestrian stop information unless the police officer is 703 required to leave the location of the stop prior to completing such form 704 in order to respond to an emergency or due to some other exigent 705 circumstance within the scope of such police officer's duties. The 706 standardized method and any form developed and implemented 707 pursuant to such standardized method shall allow the following 708 information to be recorded: (A) The date and time of the stop; (B) the 709 specific geographic location of the stop; (C) the unique identifying 710 number of the police officer making the stop, or the name and title of 711 the person making the stop if such person does not have a unique 712 identifying number; (D) the race, color, ethnicity, age and gender of the 713 operator of the motor vehicle [that] or pedestrian who is stopped, 714 provided the identification of such characteristics shall be based on the 715 observation and perception of the police officer responsible for 716 reporting the stop; (E) the nature of the alleged traffic violation or other 717 violation that caused the stop to be made and the statutory citation for 718 such violation; (F) the disposition of the stop including whether a 719 warning, citation or summons was issued, whether a search was 720 conducted, the authority for any search conducted, the result of any 721 search conducted, the statute or regulation citation for any warning, 722 citation or summons issued and whether a custodial arrest was made; 723 and (G) any other information deemed appropriate. The method shall 724 also provide for (i) notice to be given to the person stopped that if such 725 person believes that such person has been stopped, detained or 726 subjected to a search [solely because of] on the basis, in whole or in part, 727 of such person's race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, sexual orientation, 728 religion or membership in any other protected class, such person may 729 file a complaint with the appropriate law enforcement agency unless the

730 police officer was required to leave the location of the stop prior to 731 providing such notice in order to respond to an emergency or due to some other exigent circumstance within the scope of such police officer's 732 733 duties, and (ii) instructions to be given to the person stopped on how to 734 file such complaint unless the police officer was required to leave the 735 location of the stop prior to providing such instructions in order to 736 respond to an emergency or due to some other exigent circumstance within the scope of such police officer's duties; 737

(2) To be used to report complaints pursuant to this section by any
person who believes such person has been subjected to a [motor vehicle]
<u>traffic or pedestrian</u> stop by a police officer [solely] on the basis, in whole
<u>or in part</u>, of race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, sexual orientation or
religion; and

(3) To be used by each municipal police department, the Department
of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department
with authority to conduct a traffic <u>or pedestrian</u> stop to report data to
the Office of Policy and Management pursuant to subsection (h) of this
section.

748 (c) Not later than [July 1, 2013] October 1, 2023, the Office of Policy 749 and Management, in consultation with the Racial Profiling Prohibition 750 Project Advisory Board, shall develop and implement guidelines to be 751 used by each municipal police department, the Department of 752 Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department 753 with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop in (1) training 754 police officers of such agency in the completion of the form developed 755 and implemented pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this 756 section, and (2) evaluating the information collected by police officers of 757 such municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 758 Services and Public Protection or other department with authority to 759 conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop pursuant to subsection (e) of this 760 section for use in the counseling and training of such police officers.

761 (d) (1) Prior to the date a standardized method and form have been

762 developed and implemented pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 763 (b) of this section, each municipal police department, the Department of 764 Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department 765 with authority to conduct a traffic stop shall [, using the form developed 766 and promulgated pursuant to the provisions of subsection (h) in effect 767 on January 1, 2012, record and retain the following information: (A) The 768 number of persons stopped for traffic violations; (B) characteristics of 769 race, color, ethnicity, gender and age of such persons, provided the 770 identification of such characteristics shall be based on the observation 771 and perception of the police officer responsible for reporting the stop 772 and the information shall not be required to be provided by the person 773 stopped; (C) the nature of the alleged traffic violation that resulted in 774 the stop; (D) whether a warning or citation was issued, an arrest made 775 or a search conducted as a result of the stop; and (E) any additional 776 information that such municipal police department, the Department of 777 Emergency Services and Public Protection or any other department with 778 authority to conduct a traffic stop, as the case may be, deems 779 appropriate, provided such information shall not include any other 780 identifying information about any person stopped for a traffic violation 781 such as the person's operator's license number, name or address] report 782 the date in accordance with the standard method in effect on October 1, 783 2013.

784 (2) On and after the date a standardized method and form have been 785 developed and implemented pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 786 (b) of this section, each municipal police department, the Department of 787 Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other department 788 with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall record and 789 retain the information required to be recorded pursuant to such 790 standardized method and any additional information that such 791 municipal police department or the Department of Emergency Services 792 and Public Protection or other department with authority to conduct a 793 traffic or pedestrian stop, as the case may be, deems appropriate, 794 provided such information shall not include any other identifying 795 information about any person stopped for a traffic violation such as the

796 person's operator's license number, name or address.

797 (e) Each municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 798 Services and Public Protection and any other department with authority 799 to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall provide to the Chief State's 800 Attorney and the Office of Policy and Management (1) a copy of each 801 complaint received pursuant to this section, and (2) written notification 802 of the review and disposition of such complaint. No copy of such 803 complaint shall include any other identifying information about the 804 complainant such as the complainant's operator's license number, name 805 or address.

(f) Any police officer who in good faith records traffic <u>or pedestrian</u>
stop information pursuant to the requirements of this section shall not
be held civilly liable for the act of recording such information unless the
officer's conduct was unreasonable or reckless.

810 (g) If a municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 811 Services and Public Protection or any other department with authority 812 to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop fails to comply with the provisions 813 of this section, the Office of Policy and Management shall recommend 814 and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management may order an 815 appropriate penalty in the form of the withholding of state funds from 816 such municipal police department, the Department of Emergency 817 Services and Public Protection or such other department with authority 818 to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop.

819 (h) [Not later than October 1, 2012, each municipal police department 820 and the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall 821 provide to the Office of Policy and Management a summary report of 822 the information recorded pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.] On 823 and after October 1, [2013] 2023, each municipal police department, the 824 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and any other 825 department with authority to conduct a traffic or pedestrian stop shall 826 provide to the Office of Policy and Management a monthly report of the 827 information recorded pursuant to subsection (d) of this section for each

traffic <u>or pedestrian</u> stop conducted, in a format prescribed by the Office
of Policy and Management. On and after [January 1, 2015] <u>October 1,</u>
<u>2023</u>, such information shall be submitted in electronic form, and shall
be submitted in electronic form prior to said date to the extent
practicable.

833 (i) The Office of Policy and Management shall, within available 834 resources, review the prevalence and disposition of traffic and 835 pedestrian stops and complaints reported pursuant to this section, 836 including any traffic stops conducted on suspicion of a violation of 837 section 14-227a, 14-227g, 14-227m or 14-227n. Not later than July 1, 838 [2014] 2023, and annually thereafter, the office shall report the results of 839 any such review, including any recommendations, to the Governor, the 840 General Assembly and any other entity deemed appropriate. The Office 841 of Policy and Management shall make such report publicly available on 842 the office's Internet web site.

(j) Not later than July 1, 2024, the Office of Policy and Management,
in consultation with the Racial Profiling Prohibition Project Advisory
Board, shall adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of
chapter 54 concerning the collection and reporting of data required
under subsection (b) of this section.

(k) For purposes of this section, "pedestrian stop" means a detention
of a pedestrian by a police officer, not associated with a call for service,
when the detention results in a citation, an arrest, a frisking or search of
the pedestrian's body or property, but does not include a detention for
routine searches performed at a point of entry or exit from a controlled
area or an arrest or search pursuant to a warrant issued by a judge of the
Superior Court.

Sec. 9. (*Effective July 1, 2023*) The sum of _____ dollars is appropriated to the Office of Policy and Management to fund organizations for the purpose of assisting members appointed to the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee pursuant to subdivisions (23) and (24) of subsection (b) of section 46b-121n, as amended by this act, from the 860 General Fund, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2025,

through stipends for childcare and transportation to such members during their time of and in association with their service on said committee.

Sec. 10. (*Effective July 1, 2023*) The sum of _____ dollars is appropriated to the Department of Correction from the General Fund, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2025, for the purpose of fully implementing the commissary implementation plan pursuant to section 4 of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2023	46b-121s	
Sec. 2	from passage	New section	
Sec. 3	from passage	46b-121n	
Sec. 4	from passage	New section	
Sec. 5	from passage	New section	
Sec. 6	from passage	PA 21-174, Sec. 13	
Sec. 7	from passage	54-1 <i>l</i>	
Sec. 8	from passage	54-1m	
Sec. 9	July 1, 2023	New section	
Sec. 10	July 1, 2023	New section	

Statement of Purpose:

To implement various juvenile justice policy changes, including (1) expansion of the community-based diversion system, (2) expansion of the use of automatic prearrest diversion of children, (3) expansion of the membership of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee to include new members and funding for stipends for such members for childcare and transportation costs incurred due to their service on the committee, (4) development, implementation and funding for a comprehensive commissary implementation plan, (5) development of a reentry success plan, (6) full implementation of the plan to transition any person under eighteen years of age from the care and custody of the Department of Correction to the care and custody of the Judicial Branch, and (7) expansion of the Alvin W. Penn Racial Profiling Prohibition Act to address pedestrian stops.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]