

## General Assembly

## Substitute Bill No. 6829

January Session, 2023



## AN ACT MAKING CERTAIN TERMS IN ELECTRONIC BOOK AND DIGITAL AUDIOBOOK LICENSE AGREEMENTS OR CONTRACTS UNENFORCEABLE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Electronic literary material" means any digital audiobook or electronic book;
- 4 (2) "Digital audiobook" means a sound recording of a reading of any
- 5 literary production that has been converted into or published in a digital
- 6 audio file that may be listened to on a computer or portable electronic
- 7 device;
- 8 (3) "Electronic book" means a text document that has been converted
- 9 into or published in a digital format that may be read on a computer or
- 10 portable electronic device;
- 11 (4) "Portable electronic device" means any self-contained electronic
- device for personal use for communicating, reading, viewing, listening,
- 13 playing video games or computing, including, but not limited to, a
- 14 mobile telephone, tablet computer, electronic book reader and other
- 15 similar devices;

- 16 (5) "Library" includes any (A) public library; (B) public elementary 17 school or secondary school library; (C) tribal library; (D) academic 18 library; (E) research library; (F) public archive; and (G) the Connecticut 19 State Library;
- 20 (6) "Publisher" means any person in the business of the manufacture, 21 promulgation, license or sale of books, audiobooks, journals, magazines, 22 newspapers or other literary productions, including those in the form of 23 electronic literary materials, and includes any aggregator who enters 24 into a contract with any library for the purpose of providing materials 25 for purchase or license from any publisher;
- (7) "Aggregator" means any person in the business of licensing access
  to electronic literary material collections that include electronic literary
  material from multiple publishers;
- 29 (8) "Technological protection measure" means any technology that 30 enhances the security of loaning or circulating electronic literary 31 materials by a library;
- 32 (9) "Borrower" means any person or organization, including another 33 library, to whom a library loans media of any type;
- 34 (10) "Loan" means the creation and transmission by a library to a 35 borrower of a copy of any electronic library material and the deletion of 36 such copy by the library upon the expiration of the loan period; and
- 37 (11) "Loan period" means the period of time commencing with the 38 creation and transmission by a library to a borrower of a copy of any 39 electronic library material and concluding with the deletion of such 40 copy by the library, as determined by the library.
  - (b) The provisions of this section shall apply to any contract or license agreement entered into or renewed on and after October 1, 2023, by a library in the state with a publisher for the license of any electronic literary material.

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- (c) No contract or license agreement between any publisher and any library in this state shall be construed to preclude, limit or restrict the library from performing customary operational or lending functions, including any provision that:
- 49 (1) Prohibits the library from loaning any electronic literary material, 50 including through any interlibrary loan system;
- (2) Restricts the number of times the library may loan any electronic literary material over the course of the license agreement if such agreement also restricts the library's loan period for electronic literary material;
- 55 (3) Limits the number of electronic literary material licenses the 56 library may purchase on the same date such electronic literary material 57 is made available for purchase by the public;
- 58 (4) Prohibits the library from making nonpublic preservation copies 59 of any electronic literary material;
- 60 (5) Restricts the library from disclosing the terms of the contract or 61 license agreement to any other library in the state;
- (6) Restricts the duration of the contract or license agreement unless the library also has the option of a contract or license agreement (A) based on a pay-per-use model, or (B) that provides for the perpetual public use of the electronic literary material upon commercially reasonable terms in consideration of the library's mission; or
- 67 (7) Requires the library to violate the provisions of section 11-25 of 68 the general statutes.
- (d) A contract or license agreement between a publisher and a librarymay require:
- 71 (1) A limitation on the number of borrowers the library may allow to 72 have simultaneous access to any electronic literary material; or

- 73 (2) The library's reasonable use of any technological protection 74 measure that prevents a borrower from:
- 75 (A) Maintaining access to any electronic literary material beyond the 76 access period specified in the license; and
- 77 (B) Providing other borrowers with access to any electronic literary 78 material.
- (e) Any contract or license agreement concerning electronic literary material that includes provisions described in subdivisions (1) to (7), inclusive, of subsection (c) of this section shall be unenforceable as to those provisions.
  - (f) No person shall attempt to enforce a provision described in subdivisions (1) to (7), inclusive, of subsection (c) of this section against a library, including, but not limited to, by means of a technological protection measure, except that a person may seek resolution of a dispute concerning such provision in a judicial forum. Any violation of this subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty of five hundred dollars per violation imposed either under subsection (g) or (h) of this section, as applicable, provided such penalty shall not exceed four thousand five hundred dollars in the aggregate.
  - (g) Any municipality may, by ordinance, establish a civil penalty for a violation of subsection (f) of this section that concerns a public or public elementary or secondary school library of such municipality of not more than five hundred dollars per violation, provided such penalty shall not exceed four thousand five hundred dollars in the aggregate. Any person who is assessed a civil penalty pursuant to this subsection may appeal therefrom to the Superior Court in the manner provided in subsection (g) of section 7-152c of the general statutes.
  - (h) In the case of the Connecticut State Library or another library of a state agency, as defined in section 1-79 of the general statutes, the State Librarian or such state agency, as applicable, may request the Attorney General to institute a civil action in the superior court for the judicial

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district of Hartford for injunctive or other equitable relief or to recover a civil penalty pursuant to subsection (f) of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	October 1, 2023	New section

GAE Joint Favorable Subst.

JUD Joint Favorable