

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 6443

January Session, 2021



AN ACT CONCERNING REVENUE ITEMS TO IMPLEMENT THE BIENNIAL BUDGET.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Employer" means an employer required to deduct and withhold 3 tax from wages pursuant to section 12-705 of the general statutes; and
- (2) "Electing employee" means an employee of an employer, who (A) is required to have amounts withheld from wages pursuant to section 12-705 of the general statutes, (B) receives an annual gross income for wages from such employer of more than forty thousand dollars, and (C)
- 8 elects to participate in the wage compensation tax program established
- 9 under subsection (b) of this section.
- 10 (b) (1) There is established, for taxable years commencing on or after
 11 January 1, 2022, a wage compensation tax program in which any
 12 employee may elect to participate and the employer of such electing
 13 employee shall pay a tax on the wages of such employee.
- 14 (2) There is imposed a tax on each employer that employs an electing 15 employee, in an amount equal to five per cent of such electing 16 employee's wages. Each such employer shall remit the tax to the

- 17 Department of Revenue Services in accordance with the provisions of
- 18 subsection (f) of this section. All revenue collected pursuant to this
- 19 section and any interest and penalty related thereto shall be deposited
- 20 in the Connecticut Equitable Investment Fund established under section
- 21 13 of this act.

- (3) Each electing employee shall be allowed (A) a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, as provided in subsection (g) of this section, and (B) a deduction from such electing employee's federal adjusted gross income, as provided in subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of section 12-701 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, for contributions made to a Roth individual retirement account under 26 USC 408A, as amended from time to time.
- (c) (1) Each employer shall inform its current and newly hired employees of the wage compensation tax program and provide to each employee (A) information about how such employee may elect to participate in such program, and (B) an estimated tax table that provides projections of what such employee's wages and tax liability under chapter 229 of the general statutes might be if such employee participates in the program and what such wages and tax liability might be if such employee does not participate in the program.
- (2) No employer may prohibit an employee from participating in such program, except that each employer may establish a reasonable minimum period of time that an electing employee is required to maintain participation in such program.
- (d) (1) Each employer shall offer to pay, for any individual to whom such employer will be required to issue an Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 for any taxable year commencing on or after January 1, 2022, the tax set forth in subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section as if the amount reportable on said form were wages paid by such employer to the individual. Each employer shall provide to each such individual an estimated tax table that provides projections of what such individual's tax liability under chapter 229 of the general statutes might

- be if the employer paid such tax and what such tax liability might be if such tax is not paid. Each employer that pays the tax under this subdivision shall remit such tax to the Department of Revenue Services in accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) of this section.
 - (2) Each individual for whom an employer has paid the tax under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, as provided in subsection (g) of this section.
 - (e) The Department of Revenue Services shall assist employers in the preparation of the estimated tax tables required under subsections (c) and (d) of this section.
 - (f) Any employer that is subject to the tax imposed under subsection (b) of this section or the payment of the tax under subsection (d) of this section shall remit such tax to the Department of Revenue Services at the same time and in the same manner such employer would be required to pay the tax under section 12-705 of the general statutes, and shall file a return in such form and manner as the Commissioner of Revenue Services prescribes. Any individual who is under a duty to act on behalf of an employer to comply with the provisions of this section shall be jointly and severally liable with the employer for any tax, amount, interest or penalty owed under this section.
 - (g) For taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, each electing employee, and each individual for whom an employer has paid the tax under subsection (d) of this section, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, in the amount of ninety-five per cent of (1) the taxes paid by the employer of such electing employee on such employee's wages, or (2) the taxes paid on behalf of such individual pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, as applicable. If the amount of the credit allowed pursuant to this subsection exceeds the electing employee's or individual's liability for the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Revenue Services shall treat such excess as an

- overpayment and, except as provided under section 12-739 or 12-742 of the general statutes, shall refund the amount of such excess, without interest, to such electing employee or individual.
- (h) The provisions of sections 12-550 to 12-554, inclusive, and section 12-555a of the general statutes shall apply to the provisions of this section in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of said sections had been incorporated in full into this section and had expressly referred to the tax imposed under this section, except to the extent that any such provision is inconsistent with a provision of this section.
- Sec. 2. Subparagraph (B) of subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of section 12-701 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2022, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2022*):
 - (B) There shall be subtracted therefrom:
- 96 (i) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 97 income tax purposes, any income with respect to which taxation by any 98 state is prohibited by federal law;
 - (ii) To the extent allowable under section 12-718, exempt dividends paid by a regulated investment company;
- (iii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, the amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any other state of the United States or a political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia;
 - (iv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes and not otherwise subtracted from federal adjusted gross income pursuant to clause (x) of this subparagraph in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, any tier 1 railroad retirement benefits;

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- (v) To the extent any additional allowance for depreciation under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for property placed in service after September 27, 2017, was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ix) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, twenty-five per cent of such additional allowance for depreciation in each of the four succeeding taxable years;
- (vi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, any interest income from obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof, or public instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar public entity created under the laws of the state of Connecticut;
- (vii) To the extent properly includable in determining the net gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of capital assets for federal income tax purposes, any gain from the sale or exchange of obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof, or public instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar public entity created under the laws of the state of Connecticut, in the income year such gain was recognized;
- (viii) Any interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities the interest on which is subject to tax under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that such interest on indebtedness is not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and is attributable to a trade or business carried on by such individual;
- (ix) Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year for the production or collection of income which is subject to taxation under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, or the management, conservation or maintenance of property held for the production of such income, and the amortizable bond premium for the taxable year on any bond the interest on which is subject to tax under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that such

expenses and premiums are not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and are attributable to a trade or business carried on by such individual;

- (x) (I) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 2019, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than fifty thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than fifty thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than sixty thousand dollars or a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than sixty thousand dollars, an amount equal to the Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes;
- (II) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 2019, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is fifty thousand dollars or more, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is fifty thousand dollars or more, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income from such taxable year is sixty thousand dollars or more or for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is sixty thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five per cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (III) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2019, and each

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taxable year thereafter, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars or a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, an amount equal to the Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes; and

(IV) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2019, and each taxable year thereafter, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is seventy-five thousand dollars or more, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is seventy-five thousand dollars or more, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income from such taxable year is one hundred thousand dollars or more or for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is one hundred thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five per cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;

- (xi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, any amount rebated to a taxpayer pursuant to section 12-746;
- (xii) To the extent properly includable in the gross income for federal

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- 209 income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary, any distribution to 210 such beneficiary from any qualified state tuition program, as defined in 211 Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, established and 212 maintained by this state or any official, agency or instrumentality of the 213 state; 214 (xiii) To the extent allowable under section 12-701a, contributions to 215 accounts established pursuant to any qualified state tuition program, as 216 defined in Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, established and 217 maintained by this state or any official, agency or instrumentality of the 218 state; 219 (xiv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 220 income tax purposes, the amount of any Holocaust victims' settlement 221 payment received in the taxable year by a Holocaust victim; 222 (xv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 223 income tax purposes of an account holder, as defined in section 31-224 51ww, interest earned on funds deposited in the individual 225 development account, as defined in section 31-51ww, of such account 226 holder; 227 (xvi) To the extent properly includable in the gross income for federal 228 income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary, as defined in section 229 3-123aa, interest, dividends or capital gains earned on contributions to 230 accounts established for the designated beneficiary pursuant to the 231 Connecticut Homecare Option Program for the Elderly established by 232 sections 3-123aa to 3-123ff, inclusive; 233 (xvii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 234
- income tax purposes, any income received from the United States 235 government as retirement pay for a retired member of (I) the Armed Forces of the United States, as defined in Section 101 of Title 10 of the 237 United States Code, or (II) the National Guard, as defined in Section 101 238 of Title 10 of the United States Code;
- 239 (xviii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal

- income tax purposes for the taxable year, any income from the discharge of indebtedness in connection with any reacquisition, after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument or instruments, as those terms are defined in Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, to the extent any such income was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(xi) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income for a preceding taxable year;
 - (xix) To the extent not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income, the amount of any contribution to a manufacturing reinvestment account established pursuant to section 32-9zz in the taxable year that such contribution is made;
 - (xx) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, (I) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2015, ten per cent of the income received from the state teachers' retirement system, (II) for the taxable years commencing January 1, 2016, to January 1, 2020, inclusive, twenty-five per cent of the income received from the state teachers' retirement system, and (III) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2021, and each taxable year thereafter, fifty per cent of the income received from the state teachers' retirement system or the percentage, if applicable, pursuant to clause (xxi) of this subparagraph;
 - (xxi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, except for retirement benefits under clause (iv) of this subparagraph and retirement pay under clause (xvii) of this subparagraph, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or for a husband

273 and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married 274 individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such 275 taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, (I) for the taxable 276 year commencing January 1, 2019, fourteen per cent of any pension or 277 annuity income, (II) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2020, 278 twenty-eight per cent of any pension or annuity income, (III) for the 279 taxable year commencing January 1, 2021, forty-two per cent of any 280 pension or annuity income, (IV) for the taxable year commencing 281 January 1, 2022, fifty-six per cent of any pension or annuity income, (V) 282 for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2023, seventy per cent of any 283 pension or annuity income, (VI) for the taxable year commencing 284 January 1, 2024, eighty-four per cent of any pension or annuity income, 285 and (VII) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2025, and each 286 taxable year thereafter, any pension or annuity income;

(xxii) The amount of lost wages and medical, travel and housing expenses, not to exceed ten thousand dollars in the aggregate, incurred by a taxpayer during the taxable year in connection with the donation to another person of an organ for organ transplantation occurring on or after January 1, 2017;

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- (xxiii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, the amount of any financial assistance received from the Crumbling Foundations Assistance Fund or paid to or on behalf of the owner of a residential building pursuant to sections 8-442 and 8-443;
- (xxiv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, the amount calculated pursuant to subsection (b) of section 12-704g for income received by a general partner of a venture capital fund, as defined in 17 CFR 275.203(l)-1, as amended from time to time; [and]
 - (xxv) To the extent any portion of a deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(xiv) of this subdivision in computing

- Connecticut adjusted gross income, twenty-five per cent of such disallowed portion of the deduction in each of the four succeeding taxable years; and
- 308 (xxvi) The amount of contributions made during the applicable
 309 taxable year by an electing employee, as defined in section 1 of this act,
 310 to a Roth individual retirement account under 26 USC 408A, as
 311 amended from time to time, provided such electing employee was a
 312 participant in the wage compensation tax program established under
 313 section 1 of this act during at least six months of the applicable taxable
 314 year.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2022, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2022) (a) As used in this section, "resident of the state" has the same meaning as provided in section 12-701 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
 - (b) (1) Each resident of this state whose federal adjusted gross income is five hundred thousand dollars or more shall be subject to a consumption tax calculated as set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - (2) Each such resident shall multiply the amount of such resident's federal adjusted gross income for the preceding taxable year by the adjustment rate provided herein and shall owe such tax in the resulting amount:

T1	Federal adjusted gross income	Adjustment rate
T2	\$500,000 to less than \$2,000,000	0.7%
T3	\$2,000,000 to less than \$13,000,000	1.4%
T4	\$13,000,000 or more	1.5%

(c) (1) Each taxpayer subject to the tax under subsection (b) of this section shall file a report with the Commissioner of Revenue Services, in such form and containing such information as the commissioner prescribes, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the taxpayer's taxable year. Such return shall accurately set

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- forth the amount of the tax calculated pursuant to subsection (b) of this section for the preceding taxable year. A taxpayer required to file a report for the tax under this subsection shall, without assessment, notice or demand, pay the tax due to the commissioner on or before the date specified in this subsection, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the report.
- 338 (2) All revenue collected pursuant to this section and any interest and 339 penalty related thereto shall be deposited in the Connecticut Equitable 340 Investment Fund established under section 13 of this act.
 - (d) If any person fails to pay the amount of the tax reported due on a report within the time specified, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to ten per cent of such amount due and unpaid, or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. Such amount shall bear interest at the rate of one per cent per month or fraction thereof, from the due date of such tax until the date of payment. Subject to the provisions of section 12-3a of the general statutes, the commissioner may waive all or part of the penalties provided under this section when it is proven to the commissioner's satisfaction that the failure to pay any tax was due to reasonable cause and was not intentional or due to neglect.
 - (e) The provisions of sections 12-550 to 12-554, inclusive, and section 12-555a of the general statutes shall apply to the provisions of this section in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of said sections had been incorporated in full into this section and had expressly referred to the tax imposed under this section, except to the extent that any such provision is inconsistent with a provision of this section.
 - (f) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2022*) (a) As used in this section:
- 362 (1) "Annual gross revenues" means income or revenue from all

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363 364	sources, prior to any expenses or taxes, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
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366	(2) "Assessable base" means the annual gross revenues derived from digital advertising services in the state;
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367	(3) "Digital advertising services" means advertisement services on a
368	digital interface, including banner advertising, search engine
369	advertising, interstitial advertising and other comparable advertising
370	services; and
371	(4) "Digital interface" means any type of software, including an
372	Internet web site or a part thereof or an application, that a person is able
373	to access with a device.
374	(b) (1) There is imposed a tax on the annual gross revenue of a person
375	derived from digital advertising services in the state as follows:
376	(A) Two and one-half per cent of the assessable base for a person with
377	global annual gross revenues of one hundred million dollars up to and
378	including one billion dollars;
379	(B) Five per cent of the assessable base for a person with global annual
380	gross revenues of more than one billion dollars up to and including five
381	billion dollars;
382	(C) Seven and one-half per cent of the assessable base for a person
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	with global annual gross revenues of more than five billion dollars up
384	to and including fifteen billion dollars; and
385	(D) Ten per cent of the assessable base for a person with global annual
386	gross revenues of more than fifteen billion dollars.
387	(2) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall adopt regulations, in
388	accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to
389	establish the methodology to determine the portion of the annual gross

revenue of a person derived from digital advertising in the United States

- to be apportioned to the state for purposes of determining the assessable base under this section.
- 393 (c) (1) Each taxpayer subject to the tax under this section shall file a 394 report with the Commissioner of Revenue Services, in such form and 395 manner and containing such information as the commissioner 396 prescribes. Such return shall accurately set forth the amount of the tax 397 calculated pursuant to subsection (b) of this section for the preceding 398 income year.
- (2) All revenue collected pursuant to this section and any interest and
 penalty related thereto shall be deposited in the Connecticut Equitable
 Investment Fund established under section 13 of this act.
 - (d) If any person fails to pay the amount of the tax reported due on a report within the time specified, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to ten per cent of such amount due and unpaid, or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. Such amount shall bear interest at the rate of one per cent per month or fraction thereof, from the due date of such tax until the date of payment. Subject to the provisions of section 12-3a of the general statutes, the commissioner may waive all or part of the penalties provided under this section when it is proven to the commissioner's satisfaction that the failure to pay any tax was due to reasonable cause and was not intentional or due to neglect.
 - (e) The provisions of sections 12-550 to 12-554, inclusive, and section 12-555a of the general statutes shall apply to the provisions of this section in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of said sections had been incorporated in full into this section and had expressly referred to the tax imposed under this section, except to the extent that any such provision is inconsistent with a provision of this section.
- Sec. 5. Section 12-704e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2021*):

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- (a) (1) Any resident of this state, as defined in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 12-701, who is subject to the tax imposed under this chapter for any taxable year shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to the applicable percentage [, as defined in subsection (e) of this section,] of the earned income credit claimed and allowed for the same taxable year under Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in subsection (a) of section 12-701, as amended by this act. As used in this section, "applicable percentage" means forty per cent.
 - (2) The Connecticut Equitable Investment Council established under section 13 of this act shall transfer or disburse from the Connecticut Equitable Investment Fund established under section 13 of this act moneys sufficient to provide the credit under this section at the applicable percentage rate specified.
 - (b) If the amount of the credit allowed pursuant to this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed under this chapter, the Commissioner of Revenue Services shall treat such excess as an overpayment and, except as provided under section 12-739 or 12-742, shall refund the amount of such excess, without interest, to the taxpayer.
 - (c) If a married individual who is otherwise eligible for the credit allowed hereunder has filed a joint federal income tax return for the taxable year, but is required to file a separate return under this chapter for such taxable year, the credit for which such individual is eligible under this section shall be an amount equal to the applicable percentage [, as defined in subsection (e) of this section,] of the earned income credit claimed and allowed for such taxable year under [said] Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is such individual's federal adjusted gross income, as reported on such individual's separate return under this chapter, and the denominator of which is the federal adjusted gross income, as reported on the joint federal income tax return.
- (d) To the extent permitted under federal law, any state or federal

- earned income tax credit shall not be counted as income when received by an individual who is an applicant for, or recipient of, benefits or services under any state or federal program that provides such benefits or services based on need, nor shall any such earned income tax credit be counted as resources, for the purpose of determining the individual's or any other individual's eligibility for such benefits or services, or the amount of such benefits or services.
- [(e) For purposes of this section, "applicable percentage" means twenty-three per cent.]
- Sec. 6. Subsection (i) of section 12-391 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2021, and applicable to the estates of decedents dying on or after January 1, 2021):
 - (i) [The] With respect to the estates of decedents dying on or after January 1, 2021, the tax calculated pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be reduced in an amount equal to half of the amount invested by a decedent in a private investment fund or fund of funds pursuant to [subdivision (43) of section 32-39] section 13 of this act, provided (1) any such reduction shall not exceed five million dollars for any such decedent, and (2) any such amount invested by the decedent shall have been invested in such fund or fund of funds for ten years or more. [, and (3) the aggregate amount of all taxes reduced under this subsection shall not exceed thirty million dollars.]
 - Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) As used in this section, "lottery draw game" means any game in which one or more numbers, letters or symbols are randomly drawn at predetermined times, not to exceed four times per day, from a range of numbers, letters or symbols, and prizes are paid to players possessing winning plays, as set forth in each game's official game rules. "Lottery draw game" does not include keno, as defined in section 12-801 of the general statutes.
 - (b) The Connecticut Lottery Corporation shall establish a program to

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- Substitute Bill No. 6443 485 sell lottery tickets for lottery draw games through the corporation's 486 Internet web site, online service or mobile application. The program 487 shall, at a minimum: 488 (1) Verify that a person who establishes an online lottery account to 489 purchase a lottery ticket through such program is eighteen years of age 490 or older and is located in the state; 491 (2) Restrict the sale of lottery tickets to transactions initiated and 492 received within the state; 493 (3) Allow a person to establish an online lottery account and use a 494 credit card, debit card or verified bank account to purchase lottery 495 tickets through such account; 496 (4) Limit a person with an online lottery account to using only one 497 debit card or credit card; 498 (5) Provide that any money in an online lottery account belongs solely 499 to the owner of the account and may be withdrawn by the owner; 500 (6) Establish a voluntary self-exclusion process to allow a person to
- 500 (6) Establish a voluntary self-exclusion process to allow a person to 501 exclude himself or herself from establishing an online lottery account or 502 purchasing a lottery ticket through such program;
- 503 (7) At least every five years, be the subject of an independent review 504 for responsible play as assessed by industry standards;
- 505 (8) Provide responsible gambling and problem gambling 506 information;
- 507 (9) Limit the amount of money a person may (A) deposit into an online lottery account, and (B) spend per day through such program; 509 and
- 510 (10) Display the results of lottery draw game drawings on the 511 corporation's Internet web site, online service or mobile application but 512 the lottery draw game drawings may not take place on the corporation's

- 513 Internet web site, online service or mobile application.
- (c) (1) The Connecticut Lottery Corporation may not establish a program pursuant to this section until the Commissioner of Consumer Protection adopts regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes to implement the provisions of this section and assure the integrity of such program.
- 519 (2) The corporation shall submit to the commissioner official game 520 rules for each lottery draw game the corporation seeks to offer through 521 the program. The corporation may not offer a lottery draw game 522 through the program until the commissioner approves, in writing, the 523 official rules for such game.
- 524 (d) After establishing the program pursuant to this section, the 525 corporation: (1) May implement initiatives to promote the purchase of 526 lottery tickets through lottery sales agents; (2) may implement initiatives 527 to promote the purchase of both online lottery draw games and the 528 purchase of lottery tickets through lottery sales agents; and (3) shall 529 conduct a public awareness campaign to educate the public regarding 530 responsible gambling and to inform the public of the programs available 531 for the prevention, treatment and rehabilitation of compulsive gamblers 532 in the state.
- (e) All revenue collected from the sale of lottery tickets under the program established pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Connecticut Equitable Investment Fund established under section 13 of this act.
- Sec. 8. Subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of section 12-806 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (4) (A) To introduce new lottery games, modify existing lottery games, utilize existing and new technologies, determine distribution channels for the sale of lottery tickets, introduce keno pursuant to signed agreements with the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe and the Mohegan

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Tribe of Indians of Connecticut, in accordance with section 12-806c, and, to the extent specifically authorized by regulations adopted by the Department of Consumer Protection pursuant to chapter 54, introduce instant ticket vending machines, kiosks and automated wagering systems or machines, with all such rights being subject to regulatory oversight by the Department of Consumer Protection; [, except that the corporation shall not offer any interactive on-line lottery games, including on-line video lottery games for promotional purposes;] and

(B) (1) To sell lottery draw games through the corporation's Internet web site, online service or mobile application in accordance with section 7 of this act and to advertise lottery games on the corporation's Internet web site, online service or mobile application; and (2) to offer interactive lottery games for promotional purposes through the corporation's Internet web site, online service or mobile application, provided (A) there is no cost to play such interactive lottery games for promotional purposes, (B) no prizes or rewards of any monetary value are awarded for playing such interactive lottery games for promotional purposes, and (C) no lottery ticket purchase is required to play such interactive lottery games for promotional purposes. The corporation shall not offer any interactive lottery game, including for promotional purposes, except as expressly permitted pursuant to this subdivision;

- Sec. 9. Subdivision (13) of subsection (b) of section 12-806 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (13) To pay the Office of Policy and Management to reimburse the Department of Consumer Protection for the reasonable and necessary costs arising from the department's regulatory oversight of the corporation, in accordance with the assessment made pursuant to section 12-806b, including costs arising directly or indirectly from the licensing of lottery agents, performance of state police background investigations, and the implementation of subsection (b) of section 12-562 and sections 12-563a, 12-568a, 12-569, 12-570, 12-570a and 12-800 to 12-818, inclusive, as amended by this act, and section 7 of this act;

- Sec. 10. Section 12-810 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) The Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200, shall apply to all actions, meetings and records of the corporation, except (1) where otherwise limited by subsection (c) of this section as to new lottery games and serial numbers of unclaimed lottery tickets, [and] (2) with respect to financial, credit and proprietary information submitted by any person to the corporation in connection with any proposal to provide goods, services or professional advice to the corporation as provided in section 12-815, and (3) where otherwise limited by subsection (d) of this section as to information submitted by any person to the corporation regarding such person's participation in the corporation's voluntary self-exclusion process established pursuant to subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of section 7 of this act.
 - (b) The records of proceedings as provided in subsection (a) of section 12-805 shall be subject to disclosure pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of section 1-210.
 - (c) Any new lottery game and the procedures for such game, until the game is publicly announced by the corporation, and any serial number of an unclaimed lottery ticket shall not be deemed public records, as defined in section 1-200, and shall not be available to the public under the provisions of section 1-210. The president shall submit a fiscal note prepared by the corporation with respect to the procedures for a new lottery game to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to finance, revenue, bonding and public safety after approval of such game by the board.
 - (d) The name and any personally identifying information of a person who is participating or has participated in the corporation's voluntary self-exclusion process shall not be deemed public records, as defined in section 1-200, and shall not be available to the public under the provisions of section 1-210. The president may disclose the name and any records of such person if such person claims a winning lottery ticket

- 609 <u>from the use of the online lottery program established pursuant to</u> 610 section 7 of this act.
- Sec. 11. Section 52-553 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 613 All wagers, and all contracts and securities of which the whole or any 614 part of the consideration is money or other valuable thing won, laid or 615 bet, at any game, horse race, sport or pastime, and all contracts to repay 616 any money knowingly lent at the time and place of such game, race, 617 sport or pastime, to any person so gaming, betting or wagering, or to 618 repay any money lent to any person who, at such time and place, so 619 pays, bets or wagers, shall be void, provided nothing in this section shall 620 (1) affect the validity of any negotiable instrument held by any person 621 who acquired the same for value and in good faith without notice of 622 illegality in the consideration, (2) apply to the sale of a raffle ticket 623 pursuant to section 7-172, (3) apply to the participation in the program 624 established by the Connecticut Lottery Corporation pursuant to section 625 7 of this act, or [(3)] (4) apply to any wager or contract otherwise 626 authorized by law.
- Sec. 12. Section 52-554 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - Any person who, by playing at any game, or betting on the sides or hands of such as play at any game, excluding any game permitted under chapter 226 or any activity not prohibited under the provisions of sections 53-278a to 53-278g, inclusive, loses the sum or value of one dollar in the whole and pays or delivers the same or any part thereof, may, within three months next following, recover from the winner the money or the value of the goods so lost and paid or delivered, with costs of suit in a civil action, without setting forth the special matter in his complaint. If the defendant refuses to testify, if called upon in such action, relative to the discovery of the property so won, he shall be defaulted; but no evidence so given by him shall be offered against him in any criminal prosecution. Nothing in this section shall preclude any

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- 641 person from using a credit card to participate in the program established 642 by the Connecticut Lottery Corporation pursuant to section 7 of this act.
- 643 Sec. 13. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2021) (a) There is established a fund 644 to be known as the "Connecticut Equitable Investment Fund". The fund 645 shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the fund 646 and shall be held in trust separate and apart from all other moneys, 647 funds and accounts. Investment earnings credited to the assets of the 648 fund shall become part of the assets of the fund. Any balance remaining 649 in the fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the 650 fund for the fiscal year next succeeding. Moneys in the fund shall be 651 expended by the Connecticut Equitable Investment Council established 652 pursuant to subsection (c) of this section to be used for the purposes set 653 forth in this section. The Connecticut Equitable Investment Fund shall 654 be a permanent investment fund to receive, invest and distribute 655 dedicated tax revenues as provided in this section.
 - (b) The following moneys shall be deposited in the fund:
- 657 (1) The revenues from (A) the wage compensation tax under section 658 1 of this act, (B) the consumption tax under section 3 of this act, and (C) 659 the digital advertising tax under section 4 of this act;
- 660 (2) The amounts of any private investment received pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection (c) of this section, to be invested in 662 accordance with the provisions of said subdivision; and
- 663 (3) (A) The taxes collected and retained by the state on or after July 1, 664 2021, on recreational cannabis and cannabis products, and (B) the 665 revenues generated and retained by the state from any form of online 666 wagering authorized on or after July 1, 2021.
 - (c) (1) There is established the Connecticut Equitable Investment Council, which shall manage and oversee the Connecticut Equitable Investment Fund. The council shall consist of the following members: (A) The Governor, who shall serve as the chairperson of the council; (B) the Treasurer; (C) the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management;

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- and (D) six members of the public, two of whom shall be appointed by 672 673 the Governor, two of whom shall be appointed by the president pro 674 tempore of the Senate and two of whom shall be appointed by the 675 speaker of the House of Representatives.
 - (2) The chairperson shall schedule meetings as necessary to implement and accomplish the programs and strategies described in subdivision (3) of this subsection, provided such meetings shall be held not less than once every calendar quarter.
 - (3) The council shall protect and grow the moneys in the fund for current and future generations through prudent, professional investment management and support the growth of the state's economy through investments-in-place programs and strategies that include, but are not limited to:
 - (A) Building wealth in traditionally underserved communities by (i) attracting and retaining neighborhood wealth, (ii) providing financial, educational or related services to support initiatives that concentrate investments in human capital and infrastructure, (iii) rebuilding community assets through the construction, renovation or repair of neighborhood structures or assets, (iv) providing programs, services and assistance to support community reinvestment, (v) increasing owner-occupancy of residential buildings and supporting pathways to home ownership, and (vi) creating pipelines to employment;
 - (B) Reducing income inequality in the state by (i) transferring or disbursing moneys sufficient to provide the credit under section 12-704e of the general statutes, as amended by this act, at the applicable percentage specified in said section, (ii) compensating worker value over productivity, and (iii) expanding skill development and vocational and technical training opportunities;
- 700 (C) Retaining and attracting talent to the state by increasing the availability of venture capital; and
 - (D) Working with the state to reduce municipal reliance on property

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- taxes through the establishment of a statewide commercial property tax credit and initiatives to prioritize municipal need and capacity, provide full funding for the grants in lieu of taxes program under section 12-18b of the general statutes, reduce or eliminate intertown tax rate advantages and monetize land use.
- (4) The council shall establish a review process and standards to evaluate the programs and strategies that will help it and the state achieve the goals described in subdivision (3) of this subsection and shall annually distribute not less than fifty per cent of the moneys in the fund, excluding the amount of any private investment received pursuant to subdivision (5) of this subsection, that are generated through revenue streams that are less volatile, as determined by the council.
- (5) The council shall establish a program to solicit private investment from state residents that the council will invest in a private investment fund or funds of funds, provided any such private investment shall be invested in venture capital firms (A) having offices located in the state, and (B) that support the growth of business operations of companies in the state in a manner that support the goals described in subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- Sec. 14. Subdivision (8) of subsection (b) of section 12-214 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (8) (A) With respect to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2018, [and prior to January 1, 2021,] any company subject to the tax imposed in accordance with subsection (a) of this section shall pay, for such income year, except when the tax so calculated is equal to two hundred fifty dollars, an additional tax in an amount equal to ten per cent of the tax calculated under said subsection (a) for such income year, without reduction of the tax so calculated by the amount of any credit against such tax. The additional amount of tax determined under this subsection for any income year shall constitute a part of the tax imposed

- by the provisions of said subsection (a) and shall become due and be paid, collected and enforced as provided in this chapter.
- (B) Any company whose gross income for the income year was less than one hundred million dollars shall not be subject to the additional tax imposed under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision. This exception shall not apply to taxable members of a combined group that files a combined unitary tax return.
- Sec. 15. Subdivision (8) of subsection (b) of section 12-219 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (8) (A) With respect to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2018, [and prior to January 1, 2021,] the additional tax imposed on any company and calculated in accordance with subsection (a) of this section shall, for such income year, except when the tax so calculated is equal to two hundred fifty dollars, be increased by adding thereto an amount equal to ten per cent of the additional tax so calculated for such income year, without reduction of the tax so calculated by the amount of any credit against such tax. The increased amount of tax payable by any company under this section, as determined in accordance with this subsection, shall become due and be paid, collected and enforced as provided in this chapter.
 - (B) Any company whose gross income for the income year was less than one hundred million dollars shall not be subject to the additional tax imposed under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision. This exception shall not apply to taxable members of a combined group that files a combined unitary tax return.
 - Sec. 16. (*Effective from passage*) The provisions of section 12-242d of the general statutes shall not apply to any additional tax due as a result of the changes made to subdivision (8) of subsection (b) of section 12-214 of the general statutes pursuant to section 14 of this act or to section 12-219 of the general statutes pursuant to section 15 of this act, for income

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- years commencing on or after January 1, 2021, but prior to the effective date of this section and sections 14 and 15 of this act.
- Sec. 17. Subsection (a) of section 12-217zz of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from* passage and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2021):
 - (a) [Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except] Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section and sections 12-217aaa and 12-217bbb, the amount of tax credit or credits otherwise allowable against the tax imposed under this chapter shall be as follows:
 - (1) For any income year commencing on or after January 1, 2002, and prior to January 1, 2015, the amount of tax credit or credits otherwise allowable shall not exceed seventy per cent of the amount of tax due from such taxpayer under this chapter with respect to any such income year of the taxpayer prior to the application of such credit or credits;
 - (2) For any income year commencing on or after January 1, 2015, the amount of tax credit or credits otherwise allowable shall not exceed fifty and one one-hundredths per cent of the amount of tax due from such taxpayer under this chapter with respect to any such income year of the taxpayer prior to the application of such credit or credits;
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, any taxpayer that possesses excess credits may utilize the excess credits as follows:
 - (A) For income years commencing on or after January 1, 2016, and prior to January 1, 2017, the aggregate amount of tax credits and excess credits allowable shall not exceed fifty-five per cent of the amount of tax due from such taxpayer under this chapter with respect to any such income year of the taxpayer prior to the application of such credit or credits;
- 795 (B) For income years commencing on or after January 1, 2017, and

- prior to January 1, 2018, the aggregate amount of tax credits and excess credits allowable shall not exceed sixty per cent of the amount of tax due from such taxpayer under this chapter with respect to any such income year of the taxpayer prior to the application of such credit or credits; [and]
- (C) For income years commencing on or after January 1, 2018, and prior to January 1, 2019, the aggregate amount of tax credits and excess credits allowable shall not exceed sixty-five per cent of the amount of tax due from such taxpayer under this chapter with respect to any such income year of the taxpayer prior to the application of such credit or credits;
- [(4)] (D) For purposes of this [subsection] <u>subdivision</u>, "excess credits" means any remaining credits available under section 12-217j, 12-217n or 32-9t after tax credits are utilized in accordance with subdivision (2) of this subsection;
 - (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2021, the aggregate amount allowable of tax credits and any remaining credits available under section 12-217j or 12-217n after tax credits are utilized in accordance with subdivision (2) of this section shall not exceed seventy per cent of the amount of tax due from such taxpayer under this chapter with respect to any such income year of the taxpayer prior to the application of such credit or credits.
- Sec. 18. Subsections (d) and (e) of section 38a-88a of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):
 - (d) (1) The tax [credit] credits allowed by this section shall only be available for investments [(1)] (A) in funds that are not open to additional investments or investors beyond the amount subscribed at the formation of the fund, or [(2)] (B) under subsection (c) of this section, in invest CT funds that are not open to additional investments or

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- investors after submission of the invest CT fund's application to the commissioner pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.
- 829 (2) On and after June 30, 2010, no eligibility certificate shall be 830 provided under subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of this section for 831 investments made in an insurance business.
 - (3) On [or] and after July 1, 2011, no credit shall be allowed under subdivision (2) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section for an investment of less than one million dollars for which the commissioner has issued an eligibility certificate. A fund manager who has received an eligibility certificate but is not yet eligible to receive a certificate of continued eligibility shall provide documentation satisfactory to the commissioner not later than June 30, 2011, of its investment of one million dollars or more. Such documentation shall include, but is not limited to, cancelled checks, wire transfers, investment agreements or other documentation as the commissioner may request. On and after July 1, 2011, the commissioner shall revoke the certificate of eligibility for any insurance business for which its fund manager failed to provide sufficient documentation of said investment of not less than one million dollars.
 - (4) Any credit allowed under subsection (b) or subsection (g) of this section that has not been claimed prior to January 1, 2010, may be carried forward pursuant to subsection (i) of this section.
 - (e) The maximum amount of credit allowed under subsection (c) of this section shall be [three] <u>five</u> hundred fifty million dollars in aggregate and forty million dollars per year.
- Sec. 19. Section 12-217jj of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1*, 2022):
- 853 (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue Services.
- 855 (2) "Department" means the Department of Economic and

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Community Development.

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(3) (A) "Qualified production" means entertainment content created in whole or in part within the state, including motion pictures, except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph; documentaries; long-form, specials, mini-series, series, sound recordings, videos and music videos and interstitials television programming; interactive television; relocated television production; interactive games; videogames; commercials; any format of digital media, including an interactive web site, created for distribution or exhibition to the general public; and any trailer, pilot, video teaser or demo created primarily to stimulate the sale, marketing, promotion or exploitation of future investment in either a product or a qualified production via any means and media in any digital media format, film or videotape, provided such program meets all the underlying criteria of a qualified production. For state fiscal years ending on or after June 30, 2014, "qualified production" shall not include a motion picture that has not been designated as a state-certified qualified production prior to July 1, 2013, and no tax credit voucher for such motion picture may be issued for such motion picture, except, for state fiscal years ending on or after June 30, 2015, "qualified production" shall include a motion picture for which twenty-five per cent or more of the principal photography shooting days are in this state at a facility that receives not less than twenty-five million dollars in private investment and opens for business on or after July 1, 2013, and a tax credit voucher may be issued for such motion picture.

(B) "Qualified production" shall not include any ongoing television program created primarily as news, weather or financial market reports; a production featuring current events, other than a relocated television production, sporting events, an awards show or other gala event; a production whose sole purpose is fundraising; a long-form production that primarily markets a product or service; a production used for corporate training or in-house corporate advertising or other similar productions; or any production for which records are required to be maintained under 18 USC 2257, as amended from time to time, with

889 respect to sexually explicit content.

- (4) "Eligible production company" means a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other business entity engaged in the business of producing qualified productions on a one-time or ongoing basis, and qualified by the Secretary of the State to engage in business in the state.
 - (5) "Production expenses or costs" means all expenditures clearly and demonstrably incurred in the state in the preproduction, production or postproduction costs of a qualified production, including:
 - (A) Expenditures incurred in the state in the form of either compensation or purchases including production work, production equipment not eligible for the infrastructure tax credit provided in section 12-217kk, production software, postproduction work, postproduction equipment, postproduction software, set design, set construction, props, lighting, wardrobe, makeup, makeup accessories, special effects, visual effects, audio effects, film processing, music, sound mixing, editing, location fees, soundstages and any and all other costs or services directly incurred in connection with a state-certified qualified production;
 - (B) Expenditures for distribution, including preproduction, production or postproduction costs relating to the creation of trailers, marketing videos, commercials, point-of-purchase videos and any and all content created on film or digital media, including the duplication of films, videos, CDs, DVDs and any and all digital files now in existence and those yet to be created for mass consumer consumption; the purchase, by a company in the state, of any and all equipment relating to the duplication or mass market distribution of any content created or produced in the state by any digital media format which is now in use and those formats yet to be created for mass consumer consumption; and
 - (C) "Production expenses or costs" does not include the following: (i)

On and after January 1, 2008, compensation in excess of fifteen million dollars paid to any individual or entity representing an individual, for services provided in the production of a qualified production and on or after January 1, 2010, compensation subject to Connecticut personal income tax in excess of twenty million dollars paid in the aggregate to any individuals or entities representing individuals, for star talent provided in the production of a qualified production; (ii) media buys, promotional events or gifts or public relations associated with the promotion or marketing of any qualified production; (iii) deferred, leveraged or profit participation costs relating to any and all personnel associated with any and all aspects of the production, including, but not limited to, producer fees, director fees, talent fees and writer fees; (iv) costs relating to the transfer of the production tax credits; (v) any amounts paid to persons or businesses as a result of their participation in profits from the exploitation of the qualified production; and (vi) any expenses or costs relating to an independent certification, as required by subsection [(g)] (h) of this section, or as the department may otherwise require, pertaining to the amount of production expenses or costs set forth by an eligible production company in its application for a production tax credit.

- (6) "Sound recording" means a recording of music, poetry or spokenword performance, but does not include the audio portions of dialogue or words spoken and recorded as part of a motion picture, video, theatrical production, television news coverage or athletic event.
- (7) "State-certified qualified production" means a qualified production produced by an eligible production company that (A) is in compliance with regulations adopted pursuant to subsection [(k)] (I) of this section, (B) is authorized to conduct business in this state, and (C) has been approved by the department as qualifying for a production tax credit under this section.
- (8) "Interactive web site" means a web site, the production costs of which (A) exceed five hundred thousand dollars per income year, and (B) is primarily (i) interactive games or end user applications, or (ii)

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- animation, simulation, sound, graphics, story lines or video created or repurposed for distribution over the Internet. An interactive web site does not include a web site primarily used for institutional, private, industrial, retail or wholesale marketing or promotional purposes, or which contains obscene content.
- (9) "Post-certification remedy" means the recapture, disallowance, recovery, reduction, repayment, forfeiture, decertification or any other remedy that would have the effect of reducing or otherwise limiting the use of a tax credit provided by this section.
- (10) "Compensation" means base salary or wages and does not include bonus pay, stock options, restricted stock units or similar arrangements.
 - (11) "Relocated television production" means:
 - (A) An ongoing television program all of the prior seasons of which were filmed outside this state, and may include current events shows, except those referenced in subparagraph (B)(i) of this subdivision.
 - (B) An eligible production company's television programming in this state that (i) is not a general news program, sporting event or game broadcast, and (ii) is created at a qualified production facility that has had a minimum investment of twenty-five million dollars made by such eligible production company on or after January 1, 2012, at which facility the eligible production company creates ongoing television programming as defined in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, and creates at least two hundred new jobs in Connecticut on or after January 1, 2012. For purposes of this subdivision, "new job" means a full-time job, as defined in section 12-217ii, that did not exist in this state prior to January 1, 2012, and is filled by a new employee, and "new employee" includes a person who was employed outside this state by the eligible production company prior to January 1, 2012, but does not include a person who was employed in this state by the eligible production company or a related person, as defined in section 12-217ii, with respect

to the eligible production company during the prior twelve months.

- (C) A relocated television production may be a state-certified qualified production for not more than ten successive income years, after which period the eligible production company shall be ineligible to resubmit an application for certification.
- (b) (1) The Department of Economic and Community Development shall administer a system of tax credit vouchers within the resources, requirements and purposes of this section for eligible production companies producing a state-certified qualified production in the state.
- (2) Any eligible production company incurring production expenses or costs shall be eligible for a credit (A) for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2010, but prior to January 1, 2018, against the tax imposed under chapter 207 or this chapter, [and] (B) for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2018, but prior to January 1, 2022, against the tax imposed under chapter 207 or 211 or this chapter, and (C) for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, against the tax imposed under chapter 207, 211, 219 or this chapter, as follows: (i) For any such company incurring such expenses or costs of not less than one hundred thousand dollars, but not more than five hundred thousand dollars, a credit equal to ten per cent of such expenses or costs, (ii) for any such company incurring such expenses or costs of more than five hundred thousand dollars, but not more than one million dollars, a credit equal to fifteen per cent of such expenses or costs, and (iii) for any such company incurring such expenses or costs of more than one million dollars, a credit equal to thirty per cent of such expenses or costs.
- (c) No eligible production company incurring an amount of production expenses or costs that qualifies for such credit shall be eligible for such credit unless on or after January 1, 2010, such company conducts (1) not less than fifty per cent of principal photography days within the state, or (2) expends not less than fifty per cent of postproduction costs within the state, or (3) expends not less than one million dollars of postproduction costs within the state.

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- (d) For income years commencing on or after January 1, 2010, no expenses or costs incurred outside the state and used within the state shall be eligible for a credit, and one hundred per cent of such expenses or costs shall be counted toward such credit when incurred within the state and used within the state.
- (e) (1) On and after July 1, 2006, and for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2006, any credit allowed pursuant to this section may be sold, assigned or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, to one or more taxpayers, provided (A) no credit, after issuance, may be sold, assigned or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, more than three times, (B) in the case of a credit allowed for the income year commencing on or after January 1, 2011, and prior to January 1, 2012, any entity that is not subject to tax under chapter 207 or this chapter may transfer not more than fifty per cent of such credit in any one income year, and (C) in the case of a credit allowed for an income year commencing on or after January 1, 2012, any entity that is not subject to tax under chapter 207 or this chapter may transfer not more than twenty-five per cent of such credit in any one income year.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, any entity that is not subject to tax under this chapter or chapter 207 shall not be subject to the limitations on the transfer of credits provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of said subdivision (1), provided such entity owns not less than fifty per cent, directly or indirectly, of a business entity, as defined in section 12-284b.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, any qualified production that is created in whole or in significant part, as determined by the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, at a qualified production facility shall not be subject to the limitations of subparagraph (B) or (C) of said subdivision (1). For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified production facility" means a facility (A) located in this state, (B) intended for film, television or digital media production, and (C) that has had a minimum investment of three million dollars, or less if the Commissioner of

- 1049 Economic and Community Development determines such facility 1050 otherwise qualifies.
- 1051 (4) (A) For the income year commencing January 1, 2018, any credit 1052 that is sold, assigned or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, to one 1053 or more taxpayers pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection may be 1054 claimed against the tax imposed under chapter 211 only if there is 1055 common ownership of at least fifty per cent between such taxpayer and 1056 the eligible production company that sold, assigned or otherwise 1057 transferred such credit. Such taxpayer may only claim ninety-two per 1058 cent of the amount of such credit entered by the department on the 1059 production tax credit voucher.
- (B) For income years commencing on or after January 1, 2019, any credit that is sold, assigned or otherwise transferred, in whole or in part, to one or more taxpayers pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, which credit is claimed against the tax imposed under chapter 211, shall be subject to the following limits:
 - (i) The taxpayer may only claim ninety-five per cent of the amount of such credit entered by the department on the production tax credit voucher; and
 - (ii) If there is common ownership of at least fifty per cent between such taxpayer and the eligible production company that sold, assigned or otherwise transferred such credit, such taxpayer may only claim ninety-two per cent of the amount of such credit entered by the department on the production tax credit voucher.
- 1073 (5) For income years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, any credit that is claimed against the tax imposed under chapter 219 shall be subject to the following limits:
- (A) Any credit that is sold, assigned or otherwise transferred, in
 whole or in part, to one or more taxpayers pursuant to subdivision (1)
 of this subsection may be claimed against the tax imposed under chapter
 219 only if there is common ownership of at least fifty per cent between

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1080	such taxpayer and the eligible production company that sold, assigned
1081	or otherwise transferred such credit; and
1082	(B) The eligible production company or taxpayer claiming the credit
1083	against the tax imposed under chapter 219 may only claim ninety-two
1084	per cent of the amount of such credit entered by the department on the
1085	production tax credit voucher.
1086	(f) (1) On and after July 1, 2006, and for income years commencing on
1087	or after January 1, 2006, but prior to January 1, 2015, all or part of any
1088	such credit allowed under this section may be claimed against the tax
1089	imposed under chapter 207 or this chapter for the income year in which
1090	the production expenses or costs were incurred, or in the three
1091	immediately succeeding income years.
1092	(2) For production tax credit vouchers issued on or after July 1, 2015,
1093	but prior to January 1, 2018, all or part of any such credit may be claimed
1094	against [(A)] the tax imposed under chapter 207 or this chapter, [or (B)
1095	for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2018,] for the
1096	income year in which the production expenses or costs were incurred,
1097	or in the five immediately succeeding income years.
1098	(3) For production tax credit vouchers issued on or after July 1, 2018,
1099	but prior to January 1, 2022, all or part of any such credit may be claimed
1100	against the tax imposed under chapter 207 or 211 or this chapter, for the
1101	income year in which the production expenses or costs were incurred,
1102	or in the five immediately succeeding income years.
1103	(4) For production tax credit vouchers issued on or after January 1,
1104	2022, all or part of any such credit may be claimed against the tax
1105	imposed under chapter 207, 211, 219 or this chapter, for the income year
1106	in which the production expenses or costs were incurred, or in the five
1107	immediately succeeding income years.
1108	[(3)] (g) Any production tax credit allowed under this [subsection]
1109	section shall be nonrefundable.

[(g)] (h) (1) An eligible production company shall apply to the department for a tax credit voucher on an annual basis, but not later than ninety days after the first production expenses or costs are incurred in the production of a qualified production, and shall provide with such application such information as the department may require to determine such company's eligibility to claim a credit under this section. No production expenses or costs may be listed more than once for purposes of the tax credit voucher pursuant to this section, or pursuant to section 12-217kk or 12-217ll, and if a production expense or cost has been included in a claim for a credit, such production expense or cost may not be included in any subsequent claim for a credit.

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- (2) Not later than ninety days after the end of the annual period, or after the last production expenses or costs are incurred in the production of a qualified production, an eligible production company shall apply to the department for a production tax credit voucher, and shall provide with such application such information and independent certification as the department may require pertaining to the amount of such company's production expenses or costs. Such independent certification shall be provided by an audit professional chosen from a list compiled by the department. If the department determines that such company is eligible to be issued a production tax credit voucher, the department shall enter on the voucher the amount of production expenses or costs that has been established to the satisfaction of the department and the amount of such company's credit under this section. The department shall provide a copy of such voucher to the commissioner, upon request.
- (3) The department shall charge a reasonable administrative fee sufficient to cover the department's costs to analyze applications submitted under this section.
- [(h)] (i) If an eligible production company sells, assigns or otherwise transfers a credit under this section to another taxpayer, the transferor and transferee shall jointly submit written notification of such transfer to the department not later than thirty days after such transfer. If such transferee sells, assigns or otherwise transfers a credit under this section

to a subsequent transferee, such transferee and such subsequent transferee shall jointly submit written notification of such transfer to the department not later than thirty days after such transfer. The notification after each transfer shall include the credit voucher number, the date of transfer, the amount of such credit transferred, the tax credit balance before and after the transfer, the tax identification numbers for both the transferor and the transferee, and any other information required by the department. Failure to comply with this subsection will result in a disallowance of the tax credit until there is full compliance on the part of the transferor and the transferee, and for a second or third transfer, on the part of all subsequent transferors and transferees. The department shall provide a copy of the notification of assignment to the commissioner upon request.

- [(i)] (j) Any eligible production company that submits information to the department that it knows to be fraudulent or false shall, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, be liable for a penalty equal to the amount of such company's credit entered on the production tax credit youcher issued under this section.
- [(j)] (k) No tax credits transferred pursuant to this section shall be subject to a post-certification remedy, and the department and the commissioner shall have no right, except in the case of possible material misrepresentation or fraud, to conduct any further or additional review, examination or audit of the expenditures or costs for which such tax credits were issued. The sole and exclusive remedy of the department and the commissioner shall be to seek collection of the amount of such tax credits from the entity that committed the fraud or misrepresentation.
- [(k)] (l) The department, in consultation with the commissioner, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, as may be necessary for the administration of this section.
- Sec. 20. Section 12-541 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective June 30, 2021*):

1175 (a) The provisions of this section shall apply to sales occurring prior 1176 to July 1, 2021. 1177 (b) Except as provided in subsection [(b)] (c) of this section, there is 1178 hereby imposed a tax of ten per cent of the admission charge to any 1179 place of amusement, entertainment or recreation. No tax shall be 1180 imposed with respect to any admission charge: 1181 (1) When the admission charge is less than one dollar or, in the case 1182 of any motion picture show, when the admission charge is not more 1183 than five dollars; 1184 (2) When a daily admission charge is imposed that entitles the patron 1185 to participate in an athletic or sporting activity; 1186 (3) To any event, other than events held at the stadium facility, as defined in section 32-651, if all of the proceeds from the event inure 1187 1188 exclusively to an entity that is exempt from federal income tax under the 1189 Internal Revenue Code, provided such entity actively engages in and 1190 assumes the financial risk associated with the presentation of such 1191 event; 1192 (4) To any event, other than events held at the stadium facility, as 1193 defined in section 32-651, that, in the opinion of the commissioner, is 1194 conducted primarily to raise funds for an entity that is exempt from 1195 federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code, provided the 1196 commissioner is satisfied that the net profit that inures to such entity 1197 from such event will exceed the amount of the admissions tax that, but 1198 for this subdivision, would be imposed upon the person making such 1199 charge to such event; 1200 (5) Other than for events held at the stadium facility, as defined in 1201 section 32-651, paid by centers of service for elderly persons, as 1202 described in section 17a-310;

(6) To any production featuring live performances by actors or

musicians presented at Gateway's Candlewood Playhouse, Ocean Beach

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1205	Park or any nonprofit theater or playhouse in the state, provided such
1206	theater or playhouse possesses evidence confirming exemption from
1207	federal tax under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code;
1208	(7) To any carnival or amusement ride;
1209	(8) To any interscholastic athletic event held at the stadium facility,
1210	as defined in section 32-651;
1211	(9) If the admission charge would have been subject to tax under the
1212	provisions of section 12-542 of the general statutes, revision of 1958,
1213	revised to January 1, 1999; or
1214	(10) On and after July 1, 2020, to any event at the Dunkin' Donuts Park
	in Hartford.
1215	in Hartiord.
1216	[(b)] (c) (1) For the following venues and events, for sales occurring
1217	on or after July 1, 2019, but prior to July 1, 2020, the tax imposed under
1218	this section shall be seven and one-half per cent of the admission charge
1219	to:
1220	(A) Any event at the XL Center in Hartford;
1221	(B) Any event at Dillon Stadium in Hartford;
1222	(C) Any athletic event presented by a member team of the Atlantic
1223	League of Professional Baseball at the New Britain Stadium;
1224	(D) Any event at the Webster Bank Arena in Bridgeport;
1225	(E) Any event at the Harbor Yard Amphitheater in Bridgeport;
1226	(F) Any event at Dodd Stadium in Norwich;
1227	(G) Any event at the Oakdale Theatre in Wallingford; and
1228	(H) Any event other than an interscholastic athletic event at the
1229	stadium facility, as defined in section 32-651.

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- (2) For sales occurring on or after July 1, 2019, but prior to July 1, 2020,
 for any event at the Dunkin' Donuts Park in Hartford, the tax imposed
 under this section shall be five per cent of the admission charge.
 - (3) For the venues and events specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for sales occurring on or after July 1, 2020, the tax imposed under this section shall be five per cent of the admission charge.
 - (4) On and after July 1, 2001, the tax imposed under this section on any motion picture show shall be six per cent of the admission charge.
- 1238 [(c)] (d) The tax shall be imposed upon the person making such 1239 charge and reimbursement for the tax shall be collected by such person 1240 from the purchase. Such reimbursement, termed "tax", shall be paid by 1241 the purchaser to the person making the admission charge. Such tax, 1242 when added to the admission charge, shall be a debt from the purchaser 1243 to the person making the admission charge and shall be recoverable at 1244 law. The amount of tax reimbursement, when so collected, shall be 1245 deemed to be a special fund in trust for the state of Connecticut.
- Sec. 21. Subsection (a) of section 12-7b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2021):
 - (a) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall, annually on or before the thirty-first day of December, submit to the legislative Office of Fiscal Analysis a report concerning certain state tax data, applicable with respect to the state fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June immediately preceding, as follows:
 - (1) Sales and use tax data, including (A) gross receipts subject to sales tax, stated separately in relation to sales of (i) any tangible personal property, (ii) the leasing or rental of tangible personal property, and (iii) the rendering of any services subject to said tax, (B) total revenue loss related to each of the separate provisions for exemption under chapter 219, and (C) total amount of tax collected with respect to each of the industrial classifications included in the Standard Industrial

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- 1261 Classification Code in current use for purposes of certain statistical data 1262 by the Commissioner of Revenue Services;
- 1263 (2) Corporation business tax data, including (A) total net income and 1264 total net income apportioned to Connecticut for the most current income 1265 years with respect to which final data is available at the time of each 1266 such report, (B) amount of depreciation not allowed as a deduction in 1267 determining net income for purposes of said tax, (C) operating loss 1268 (D) credits and refunds, separately stated, 1269 overpayments of taxes due in prior years and to be applicable to the 1270 most current income years with respect to which final data is available 1271 at the time of each such report, (E) number of accounts and total 1272 corporation tax attributable to determination in accordance with (i) net 1273 income tax base, and (ii) the minimum tax base provisions under section 1274 12-219, as amended by this act, and (F) total corporation tax attributable 1275 to each of the industrial classifications included in the Standard 1276 Industrial Classification Code in current use for purposes of certain 1277 statistical data by the Commissioner of Revenue Services;
- 1278 (3) Estate and gift tax data, including total taxes collected and the 1279 number of taxpayers, separately stated with respect to the estate tax and 1280 the gift tax;
 - (4) Personal income tax data, including (A) all components of and adjustments to federal gross income, federal adjusted gross income and federal taxable income, separately stated, of Connecticut taxpayers, sorted into ten-thousand-dollar increments of federal adjusted gross income up to and including one hundred thousand dollars, into twenty-five-thousand-dollar increments of federal adjusted gross income from over one hundred thousand dollars up to and including two hundred thousand dollars and into one increment over two hundred thousand dollars of federal adjusted gross income, as derived from federal income tax returns, and (B) all components of and adjustments to Connecticut adjusted gross income and Connecticut taxable income, separately stated, of Connecticut taxpayers, sorted into ten-thousand-dollar increments of Connecticut adjusted gross income up to and including

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- one hundred thousand dollars, into twenty-five-thousand-dollar increments of Connecticut adjusted gross income from over one hundred thousand dollars up to and including two hundred thousand dollars and into one increment over two hundred thousand dollars of Connecticut adjusted gross income, as derived from state personal income tax returns;
- (5) [Admissions] (A) Prior to July 1, 2021, admissions and dues tax data, including the number of taxpayers and the total amount of tax collected, stated separately with respect to each of the taxes imposed under chapter 225, and (B) on and after July 1, 2021, dues tax data, including the number of taxpayers and the total amount of tax collected under chapter 225;
 - (6) Real estate conveyance tax data, including (A) the number of taxable transfers and the total amount of revenue, and (B) the amount of revenue attributable to categories of purchase price for such transfers of real estate, as follows: (i) Under thirty thousand dollars, (ii) brackets of ten thousand dollars each from thirty thousand dollars up to two hundred thousand dollars, and (iii) two hundred thousand dollars and over; and
 - (7) Data applicable to any state tax not included in subdivisions (1) to (6), inclusive, of this subsection, including totals applicable to each such tax for (A) number of taxpayers, (B) payments in accordance with applicable penalty provisions for delinquency, and (C) taxes collected which became due in the preceding fiscal year.
- Sec. 22. Subsection (a) of section 32-285 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2021):
- (a) (1) There is hereby established a tax incremental financing program, under which the incremental hotel taxes collected under subparagraph (H) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-407, [which] that are generated by a project approved by the corporation

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- under this section may be used to pay the debt service on bonds issued by the corporation to help finance, on a self-sustaining basis, significant economic projects and encourage their location in the state.
- 1328 (2) The incremental sales taxes collected under chapter 219, other 1329 than the sales tax referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, and 1330 [admissions, cabaret and] dues taxes collected under chapter 225 1331 [which] that are generated by a project may, subject to approval 1332 pursuant to this section by the joint standing committees of the General 1333 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the Department of 1334 Economic and Community Development and finance, revenue and 1335 bonding, and the corporation, be used to pay the debt service on bonds 1336 issued by the corporation to help finance, on a self-sustaining basis, 1337 significant economic projects and encourage their location in the state.
- Sec. 23. Subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of section 32-285 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):
 - (2) The corporation may approve a project only if it concludes that:

 (A) The project is an eligible project; (B) the incremental hotel taxes or, if applicable, the incremental sales taxes collected under chapter 219 and the incremental [admissions, cabaret and] dues taxes collected under chapter 225 that are generated by the project, together with other dedicated sources of financing available to pay debt service on the bonds, will be sufficient to pay interest and principal on the bonds as they come due; (C) the project will be economically viable and will contribute significantly to economic development and employment opportunity in the state; and (D) the direct and indirect economic benefits of the project to the state and the municipality in which it shall be located will be greater than the costs to the state and such municipality.
- Sec. 24. Subsection (i) of section 32-656 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2021):

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- 1357 (i) The secretary and the authority shall jointly select and appoint an 1358 independent construction contract compliance officer or agent, which 1359 may be an officer or agency of a political subdivision of the state, other 1360 than the authority, or a private consultant experienced in similar public 1361 contract compliance matters, to monitor compliance by the secretary, 1362 the authority, the project manager and each prime construction 1363 contractor with the provisions of applicable state law, including 1364 subdivision (1) of section 12-412, subsection (a) of section 12-498, 1365 [sections 12-541 and] section 13a-25, subdivision (1) of section 22a-134, 1366 section 32-600, subsection (d) of section 32-602, subsection (c) of section 1367 32-605, section 32-610, subsections (a) and (b) of section 32-614, sections 1368 32-617, 32-617a, 32-650, 32-651 to 32-658, inclusive, 32-660 and 32-661, 1369 subsection (b) of section 32-662, section 32-663, subsections (j) to (l), 1370 inclusive, of section 32-664, sections 32-665 to 32-666a, inclusive, sections 1371 32-668 and 48-21 and sections 29 and 30 of public act 00-140*, and with 1372 applicable requirements of contracts with the secretary or the authority, 1373 relating to set-asides for small contractors and minority business 1374 enterprises and required efforts to hire available and qualified members 1375 of minorities and available and qualified residents of the city of Hartford 1376 and the town of East Hartford for construction jobs with respect to the overall project and the on-site related private development. Such 1377 independent contract compliance officer or agent shall file a written 1378 1379 report of his or her findings and recommendations with the secretary 1380 and the authority each quarter during the period of project 1381 development.
- 1382 Sec. 25. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2022) (a) As used in this section:
- 1383 (1) "Child" means an individual who is under seventeen years of age;
- 1384 (2) "Eligible taxpayer" means a resident of this state who is subject to 1385 the tax under chapter 229 of the general statutes; and
 - (3) "Resident of this state" has the same meaning as provided in subsection (a) of section 12-701 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

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- (b) Any eligible taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, other than the liability imposed under section 12-707 of the general statutes, for each child, up to a maximum of three children, that the eligible taxpayer validly claims as a dependent on such taxpayer's return filed under the federal income tax for the applicable taxable year.
- (1) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2022, an eligible taxpayer may claim one of the options set forth in this subdivision:
- (A) Three hundred dollars per child, provided such amount shall be reduced ten per cent for every one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, of federal adjusted gross income over (i) one hundred thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual or a married individual filing separately, (ii) one hundred sixty thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household, and (iii) two hundred thousand dollars for individuals who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly or as a surviving spouse, as defined in Section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit allowed under this subparagraph shall not be used to reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero; or
- (B) Two hundred ten dollars per child, provided such amount shall be reduced ten per cent for every one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, of federal adjusted gross income over (i) one hundred thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual or a married individual filing separately, (ii) one hundred sixty thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household, and (iii) two hundred thousand dollars for individuals who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly or as a surviving spouse. The credit allowed under this subparagraph shall not exceed two and one-quarter per cent of the eligible taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. If the amount of the credit allowed pursuant to this subparagraph exceeds the eligible taxpayer's liability for the tax

- imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Revenue Services shall treat such excess as an overpayment and, except as provided under section 12-739 or 12-742 of the general statutes, shall refund the amount of such excess, without interest, to the eligible taxpayer.
- 1427 (2) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2023, and each taxable 1428 year thereafter, an eligible taxpayer may claim one of the options set 1429 forth in this subdivision:
 - (A) Six hundred dollars per child, provided such amount shall be reduced ten per cent for every one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, of federal adjusted gross income over (i) one hundred thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual or a married individual filing separately, (ii) one hundred sixty thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household, and (iii) two hundred thousand dollars for individuals who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly or as a surviving spouse, as defined in Section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit allowed under this subparagraph shall not be used to reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero; or
 - (B) Four hundred twenty dollars per child, provided such amount shall be reduced ten per cent for every one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, of federal adjusted gross income over (i) one hundred thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual or a married individual filing separately, (ii) one hundred sixty thousand dollars for an individual who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household, and (iii) two hundred thousand dollars for individuals who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly or as a surviving spouse. The credit allowed under this subparagraph shall not exceed four and one-half per cent of the eligible taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. If the amount of the credit allowed pursuant to this subparagraph exceeds the eligible taxpayer's liability for the tax

1455 imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes, the Commissioner of 1456 Revenue Services shall treat such excess as an overpayment and, except 1457 as provided under section 12-739 or 12-742 of the general statutes, shall 1458 refund the amount of such excess, without interest, to the eligible 1459 taxpayer. 1460 (c) For the purposes of this section, the tax liability of an eligible 1461 taxpayer shall be calculated without regard to the credit allowed under 1462 section 12-704e of the general statutes, as amended by this act. 1463 Sec. 26. Subparagraph (B) of subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of 1464 section 12-701 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is 1465 substituted in lieu thereof (Effective January 1, 2022): 1466 (B) There shall be subtracted therefrom: 1467 (i) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1468 income tax purposes, any income with respect to which taxation by any 1469 state is prohibited by federal law; 1470 (ii) To the extent allowable under section 12-718, exempt dividends 1471 paid by a regulated investment company; 1472 (iii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1473 income tax purposes, the amount of any refund or credit for 1474 overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any other state 1475 of the United States or a political subdivision thereof, or the District of 1476 Columbia; 1477 (iv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1478 income tax purposes and not otherwise subtracted from federal 1479 adjusted gross income pursuant to clause (x) of this subparagraph in

computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, any tier 1 railroad

(v) To the extent any additional allowance for depreciation under

Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for property placed in

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retirement benefits;

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- service after September 27, 2017, was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ix) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, twenty-five per cent of such additional allowance for depreciation in each of the four succeeding taxable years;
- (vi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, any interest income from obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof, or public instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar public entity created under the laws of the state of Connecticut;
- (vii) To the extent properly includable in determining the net gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of capital assets for federal income tax purposes, any gain from the sale or exchange of obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof, or public instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar public entity created under the laws of the state of Connecticut, in the income year such gain was recognized;
- (viii) Any interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities the interest on which is subject to tax under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that such interest on indebtedness is not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and is attributable to a trade or business carried on by such individual;
- (ix) Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year for the production or collection of income which is subject to taxation under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, or the management, conservation or maintenance of property held for the production of such income, and the amortizable bond premium for the taxable year on any bond the interest on which is subject to tax under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that such expenses and premiums are not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and are attributable to a trade or business carried

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- (x) (I) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 2019, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than fifty thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than fifty thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than sixty thousand dollars or a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than sixty thousand dollars, an amount equal to the Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes;
- (II) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 2019, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is fifty thousand dollars or more, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is fifty thousand dollars or more, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income from such taxable year is sixty thousand dollars or more or for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is sixty thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five per cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (III) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2019, and each taxable year thereafter, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross

income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars or a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, an amount equal to the Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes; and

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(IV) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2019, and each taxable year thereafter, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is seventy-five thousand dollars or more, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is seventy-five thousand dollars or more, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income from such taxable year is one hundred thousand dollars or more or for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is one hundred thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five per cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;

- (xi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, any amount rebated to a taxpayer pursuant to section 12-746;
- (xii) To the extent properly includable in the gross income for federal income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary, any distribution to such beneficiary from any qualified state tuition program, as defined in

1582 Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, established and 1583 maintained by this state or any official, agency or instrumentality of the 1584 state; 1585 (xiii) To the extent allowable under section 12-701a, contributions to 1586 accounts established pursuant to any qualified state tuition program, as 1587 defined in Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, established and 1588 maintained by this state or any official, agency or instrumentality of the 1589 state; 1590 (xiv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1591 income tax purposes, the amount of any Holocaust victims' settlement 1592 payment received in the taxable year by a Holocaust victim; 1593 (xv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1594 income tax purposes of an account holder, as defined in section 31-1595 51ww, interest earned on funds deposited in the individual 1596 development account, as defined in section 31-51ww, of such account 1597 holder; 1598 (xvi) To the extent properly includable in the gross income for federal 1599 income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary, as defined in section 1600 3-123aa, interest, dividends or capital gains earned on contributions to 1601 accounts established for the designated beneficiary pursuant to the 1602 Connecticut Homecare Option Program for the Elderly established by 1603 sections 3-123aa to 3-123ff, inclusive; 1604 (xvii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1605 income tax purposes, any income received from the United States 1606 government as retirement pay for a retired member of (I) the Armed 1607 Forces of the United States, as defined in Section 101 of Title 10 of the 1608 United States Code, or (II) the National Guard, as defined in Section 101 1609 of Title 10 of the United States Code; 1610 (xviii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 1611 income tax purposes for the taxable year, any income from the discharge 1612 of indebtedness in connection with any reacquisition, after December

- 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument or instruments, as those terms are defined in Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, to the extent any such income was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(xi) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income for a preceding taxable year;
 - (xix) To the extent not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income, the amount of any contribution to a manufacturing reinvestment account established pursuant to section 32-9zz in the taxable year that such contribution is made;
 - (xx) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, (I) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2015, ten per cent of the income received from the state teachers' retirement system, (II) for the taxable years commencing January 1, 2016, to January 1, 2020, inclusive, twenty-five per cent of the income received from the state teachers' retirement system, and (III) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2021, and each taxable year thereafter, fifty per cent of the income received from the state teachers' retirement system or the percentage, if applicable, pursuant to clause (xxi) of this subparagraph;
 - (xxi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, except for retirement benefits under clause (iv) of this subparagraph and retirement pay under clause (xvii) of this subparagraph, for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such

1646 taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, (I) for the taxable 1647 year commencing January 1, 2019, fourteen per cent of any pension or 1648 annuity income, (II) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2020, 1649 twenty-eight per cent of any pension or annuity income, (III) for the 1650 taxable year commencing January 1, 2021, forty-two per cent of any 1651 pension or annuity income, (IV) for the taxable year commencing 1652 January 1, 2022, fifty-six per cent of any pension or annuity income and 1653 of any distributions from an individual retirement account other than a 1654 Roth individual retirement account, (V) for the taxable year 1655 commencing January 1, 2023, seventy per cent of any pension or annuity 1656 income and of any distributions from an individual retirement account 1657 other than a Roth individual retirement account, (VI) for the taxable year 1658 commencing January 1, 2024, eighty-four per cent of any pension or 1659 annuity income and of any distributions from an individual retirement 1660 account other than a Roth individual retirement account, and (VII) for 1661 the taxable year commencing January 1, 2025, and each taxable year thereafter, any pension or annuity income and of any distributions from 1662 1663 an individual retirement account other than a Roth individual 1664 retirement account;

(xxii) The amount of lost wages and medical, travel and housing expenses, not to exceed ten thousand dollars in the aggregate, incurred by a taxpayer during the taxable year in connection with the donation to another person of an organ for organ transplantation occurring on or after January 1, 2017;

(xxiii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, the amount of any financial assistance received from the Crumbling Foundations Assistance Fund or paid to or on behalf of the owner of a residential building pursuant to sections 8-442 and 8-443;

(xxiv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, the amount calculated pursuant to subsection (b) of section 12-704g for income received by a general partner of a venture capital fund, as defined in 17 CFR 275.203(l)-1, as amended from time to

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(xxv) To the extent any portion of a deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code was added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(xiv) of this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, twenty-five per cent of such disallowed portion of the deduction in each of the four succeeding taxable years.

Sec. 27. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2022) (a) For taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, there is imposed a surcharge on a taxpayer, excluding trusts or estates, whose Connecticut adjusted gross income is equal to or greater than the threshold amount specified in section 12-700 of the general statutes for imposition of the highest marginal rate on such taxpayer. Such surcharge shall be at the rate of two per cent of the net gain from the sale or exchange of capital assets, as determined for federal income tax purposes. The surcharge shall be in addition to any other tax, fee or surcharge for which the taxpayer is liable.

- (b) Each taxpayer subject to the surcharge shall file a report with the Commissioner of Revenue Services, in such form and containing such information as the commissioner prescribes, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the taxpayer's taxable year. Such return shall accurately set forth the amount of the net gain calculated pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for the preceding taxable year and the amount of the taxpayer's surcharge liability for such year. A taxpayer required to file a report shall, without assessment, notice or demand, pay any surcharge due thereon to the commissioner on or before the date specified in this subsection, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the report.
- (c) If any person fails to pay the amount of the surcharge reported due on a report within the time specified, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to ten per cent of such amount due and unpaid, or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. Such amount shall bear interest at the rate

- of one per cent per month or fraction thereof, from the due date of such surcharge until the date of payment. Subject to the provisions of section 12-3a of the general statutes, the commissioner may waive all or part of the penalties provided under this section when it is proven to the commissioner's satisfaction that the failure to pay any surcharge was due to reasonable cause and was not intentional or due to neglect.
 - (d) The provisions of sections 12-550 to 12-554, inclusive, and section 12-555a of the general statutes shall apply to the provisions of this section in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of said sections had been incorporated in full into this section and had expressly referred to the surcharge under this section, except to the extent that any provision is inconsistent with a provision in this section.
- (e) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 28. Subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 12-704c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2021*):
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, for the taxable years commencing January 1, 2017, to January 1, [2020] 2022, inclusive, the credit under this section shall be allowed only for a resident of this state (A) who has attained age sixty-five before the close of the applicable taxable year, or (B) who files a return under the federal income tax for the applicable taxable year validly claiming one or more dependents.
- Sec. 29. Section 12-412 of the general statutes is amended by adding subdivision (125) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021*):
- 1741 (NEW) (125) (A) Sales of and the storage, use or other consumption

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- of breast pumps and breast pump collection and storage supplies, when sold to an individual for home use, and repair or replacement parts for and repair services rendered to such breast pumps.
- (B) (i) Sales of and the storage, use or other consumption of breast pump kits prepackaged by the breast pump manufacturer, when sold to an individual for home use, provided the breast pump kit is composed entirely of (I) a breast pump and breast pump collection and storage supplies, that are exempt under this subdivision, or (II) breast pump collection and storage supplies that are exempt under this subdivision.
- (ii) If a breast pump kit includes other taxable items of tangible personal property, the sale of and the storage, use or other consumption of such breast pump kit is subject to the tax imposed under this chapter unless the sales price of the other taxable items of tangible personal property packaged and sold with the breast pump kit at the time of sale is ten per cent or less of the total sale price of the breast pump kit.
 - (C) As used in this subdivision:
- (i) "Breast pump" means an electrically or manually controlled pump device used to express milk from a human breast during lactation, including any external power supply unit packaged and sold with the pump device at the time of sale to power the pump device;
- (ii) (I) "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" means items of tangible personal property such as breast shields and breast shield connectors, breast pump tubes and tubing adapters; breast pump valves and membranes; backflow protectors and backflow protector adapters; bottles and bottle caps specific to the operation of the breast pump, breast milk storage bags; and related items sold as part of a breast pump kit prepackaged by the breast pump manufacturer; that are used in conjunction with a breast pump to collect milk expressed from a human breast and to store collected milk until it is ready for consumption;
- (II) "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" does not include bottles and bottle caps not specific to the operation of the breast pump;

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- 1773 breast pump travel bags or other similar carrying accessories, including 1774 ice packs, labels and other similar products, unless sold as part of a 1775 breast pump kit prepackaged by the breast pump manufacturer; breast 1776 pump cleaning supplies, unless sold as part of a breast pump kit 1777 prepackaged by the breast pump manufacturer; nursing bras, bra pads, 1778 breast shells or other similar products; or creams, ointments and other 1779 similar products that relieve breastfeeding-related symptoms or 1780 conditions of the breasts or nipples; and
 - (III) "Breast pump kit" means a prepackaged set that contains one or more of the following items: A breast pump; breast pump collection and storage supplies; and other items of tangible personal property that may be useful to initiate, support or sustain breastfeeding using a breast pump during lactation.
 - Sec. 30. (Effective July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021) For the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2021, any establishment that (1) sells meals, as defined in subdivision (13) of section 12-412 of the general statutes, subject to the tax under subparagraph (I) of subdivision (1) of section 12-408 of the general statutes, and (2) is included in Sector 72 of the North American Industrial Classification System, United States Manual, United States Office of Management and Budget, 2017 edition, may retain thirteen and six-tenths per cent of the tax collected by such establishment that is attributable to the sale of meals. Each such establishment shall include in each return required to be filed with the Department of Revenue Services the total amount of the tax collected from such sales for the period reported, the amount retained by such establishment and any other information or documentation the Commissioner of Revenue Services may require.
- Sec. 31. Section 12-263i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective June 1, 2021, and applicable to calendar quarters commencing on or after July 1, 2020*):
- 1804 (a) As used in this section:

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- Substitute Bill No. 6443 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means an entity included within the definition of said term that is set forth in 42 CFR 416.2 and that is licensed by the Department of Public Health as an outpatient surgical facility, and any other ambulatory surgical center that is Medicare certified; (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue Services; (3) "Department" means the Department of Revenue Services. (b) (1) For each calendar quarter commencing on or after October 1, 2015, but prior to July 1, 2021, there is hereby imposed a tax on each ambulatory surgical center in this state to be paid each calendar quarter. The tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of six per cent of the gross receipts of each ambulatory surgical center, except that: (A) Prior to July 1, 2019, such tax shall not be imposed on any amount
 - (A) Prior to July 1, 2019, such tax shall not be imposed on any amount of such gross receipts that constitutes either (i) the first million dollars of gross receipts of the ambulatory surgical center in the applicable fiscal year, or (ii) net revenue of a hospital that is subject to the tax imposed under section 12-263q; [and]
 - (B) On and after July 1, 2019, <u>but prior to July 1, 2021</u>, such tax shall not be imposed on any amount of such gross receipts that constitutes any of the following: (i) The first million dollars of gross receipts of the ambulatory surgical center in the applicable fiscal year, excluding Medicaid and Medicare payments, (ii) net revenue of a hospital that is subject to the tax imposed under section 12-263q, (iii) Medicaid payments received by the ambulatory surgical center, and (iv) Medicare payments received by the ambulatory surgical center; and
 - (C) For the calendar quarters commencing on or after July 1, 2020, but prior to July 1, 2021, COVID-19 expenses may be deducted from the gross receipts of the ambulatory surgical center prior to the imposition of such tax. As used in this subparagraph, (i) "COVID-19 expenses" means all amounts incurred by or on behalf of an ambulatory surgical

- center directly or indirectly as a result of COVID-19, including, but not limited to, amounts for the purchase, lease, licensing or use of tangible or intangible property in connection with tests for, protection or prevention against or treatment of COVID-19 or its symptoms, for the ambulatory surgical center's personnel, patients, service providers, visitors, facilities or tangible personal property, and (ii) "COVID-19" means the respiratory disease designated by the World Health Organization on February 11, 2020, as coronavirus 2019, and any related mutation thereof recognized by said organization as a communicable respiratory disease.
 - (2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an ambulatory surgical center from seeking remuneration for the tax imposed by this section.
- (3) Each ambulatory surgical center shall, on or before January 31, 2016, and thereafter on or before the last day of January, April, July and October of each year until and including July 31, 2021, render to the commissioner a return, on forms prescribed or furnished by the commissioner, reporting the name and location of such ambulatory surgical center, the entire amount of gross receipts generated by such ambulatory surgical center during the calendar quarter ending on the last day of the preceding month and such other information as the commissioner deems necessary for the proper administration of this section. The tax imposed under this section shall be due and payable on the due date of such return. Each ambulatory surgical center shall be required to file such return electronically with the department and to make payment of such tax by electronic funds transfer in the manner provided by chapter 228g, regardless of whether such ambulatory surgical center would have otherwise been required to file such return electronically or to make such tax payment by electronic funds transfer under the provisions of chapter 228g.
- (c) Whenever the tax imposed under this section is not paid when due, a penalty of ten per cent of the amount due and unpaid or fifty dollars, whichever is greater, shall be imposed and interest at the rate of one per cent per month or fraction thereof shall accrue on such tax from

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- the due date of such tax until the date of payment.
- (d) The provisions of sections 12-548, 12-550 to 12-554, inclusive, and 12-555a shall apply to the provisions of this section in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of said sections had been incorporated in full into this section and had expressly referred to the tax imposed under this section, except to the extent that any provision is inconsistent with a provision in this section.
 - (e) For the fiscal [year] <u>years</u> ending June 30, 2016, [and each fiscal year thereafter] <u>to June 30, 2021, inclusive</u>, the Comptroller is authorized to record as revenue for each fiscal year the amount of tax imposed under the provisions of this section prior to the end of each fiscal year and which tax is received by the Commissioner of Revenue Services not later than five business days after the last day of July immediately following the end of each fiscal year.
- Sec. 32. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-407 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021*):
- 1887 (2) "Sale" and "selling" mean and include:
- 1888 (A) Any transfer of title, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, 1889 in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal 1890 property for a consideration;
- (B) Any withdrawal, except a withdrawal pursuant to a transaction in foreign or interstate commerce, of tangible personal property from the place where it is located for delivery to a point in this state for the purpose of the transfer of title, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of the property for a consideration;
- 1897 (C) The producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting of 1898 tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who

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- furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting, including, but not limited to, sign construction, photofinishing, duplicating and photocopying;
- 1903 (D) The furnishing and distributing of tangible personal property for 1904 a consideration by social clubs and fraternal organizations to their 1905 members or others;
- 1906 (E) The furnishing, preparing, or serving for a consideration of food, 1907 meals or drinks;
 - (F) A transaction whereby the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for the payment of the price;
- 1910 (G) A transfer for a consideration of the title of tangible personal 1911 property which has been produced, fabricated or printed to the special 1912 order of the customer, or of any publication, including, but not limited 1913 to, sign construction, photofinishing, duplicating and photocopying;
- 1914 (H) A transfer for a consideration of the occupancy of any room or 1915 rooms in a hotel, lodging house or bed and breakfast establishment for 1916 a period of thirty consecutive calendar days or less;
- 1917 (I) The rendering of certain services, as defined in subdivision (37) of 1918 this subsection, for a consideration, exclusive of such services rendered 1919 by an employee for the employer;
 - (J) The leasing or rental of tangible personal property of any kind whatsoever, including, but not limited to, motor vehicles, linen or towels, machinery or apparatus, office equipment and data processing equipment, provided for purposes of this subdivision and the application of sales and use tax to contracts of lease or rental of tangible personal property, the leasing or rental of any motion picture film by the owner or operator of a motion picture theater for purposes of display at such theater shall not constitute a sale within the meaning of this subsection;

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- (K) The rendering of telecommunications service, as defined in subdivision (26) of this subsection, for a consideration on or after January 1, 1990, exclusive of any such service rendered by an employee for the employer of such employee, subject to the provisions related to telecommunications service in accordance with section 12-407a;
- (L) (i) The rendering of community antenna television service, as defined in subdivision (27) of this subsection, for a consideration on or after January 1, 1990, exclusive of any such service rendered by an employee for the employer of such employee. For purposes of this chapter, "community antenna television service" includes service provided by a holder of a certificate of cable franchise authority pursuant to section 16-331p, and service provided by a community antenna television company issued a certificate of video franchise authority pursuant to section 16-331e for any service area in which it was not certified to provide community antenna television service pursuant to section 16-331 on or before October 1, 2007;
- (ii) The rendering of certified competitive video service, as defined in subdivision (38) of this subsection, for consideration on or after October 1, 2007, exclusive of any such service rendered by an employee for the employer of such employee;
- (M) The transfer for consideration of space or the right to use any space for the purpose of storage or mooring of any noncommercial vessel, exclusive of dry or wet storage or mooring of such vessel during the period commencing on the first day of October in any year to and including the thirty-first day of May of the next succeeding year;
- 1954 (N) The sale for consideration of naming rights to any place of 1955 amusement, entertainment or recreation within the meaning of 1956 subdivision (3) of section 12-540;
 - (O) The transfer for consideration of a prepaid telephone calling service, as defined in subdivision (34) of this subsection, and the recharge of a prepaid telephone calling service, provided, if the sale or

recharge of a prepaid telephone calling service does not take place at the retailer's place of business and an item is shipped by the retailer to the customer, the sale or recharge shall be deemed to take place at the customer's shipping address, but, if such sale or recharge does not take place at the retailer's place of business and no item is shipped by the retailer to the customer, the sale or recharge shall be deemed to take place at the customer's billing address or the location associated with the customer's mobile telephone number; [and]

(P) The furnishing by any person, for a consideration, of space for storage of tangible personal property when such person is engaged in the business of furnishing such space, but "sale" and "selling" do not mean or include the furnishing of space which is used by a person for residential purposes. As used in this subparagraph, "space for storage" means secure areas, such as rooms, units, compartments or containers, whether accessible from outside or from within a building, that are designated for the use of a customer, where the customer can store and retrieve property, including self-storage units, mini-storage units and areas by any other name to which the customer has either unlimited free access or free access within reasonable business hours or upon reasonable notice to the service provider to add or remove property, but does not mean the rental of an entire building, such as a warehouse. For purposes of this subparagraph, furnishing space for storage shall not include general warehousing and storage, where the warehouse typically handles, stores and retrieves a customer's property using the warehouse's staff and equipment and does not allow the customer free access to the storage space and shall not include accepting specific items of property for storage, such as clothing at a dry cleaning establishment or golf bags at a golf club; and

(Q) The rendering of an ambulatory surgical center service, as defined in subdivision (45) of this subsection, by an ambulatory surgical center, as defined in subdivision (44) of this subsection, for a consideration, exclusive of such service rendered by an employee for the employer of such employee, subject to the provisions related to

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- ambulatory surgical center services in accordance with this section and
 section 12-408, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 33. Subsection (a) of section 12-407 of the general statutes is amended by adding subdivisions (44) and (45) as follows (*Effective July* 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021):
 - (NEW) (44) "Ambulatory surgical center" means any distinct entity that (A) operates exclusively for the purpose of providing surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and in which the expected duration of services would not exceed twenty-four hours following an admission, (B) has an agreement with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to participate in Medicare as an ambulatory surgical center, and (C) meets the general and specific conditions for participation in Medicare set forth in 42 CFR Part 416, Subparts B and C, as amended from time to time.
 - (NEW) (45) (A) "Ambulatory surgical center service" means only those procedures or services included in a facility fee payment to an ambulatory surgical center facility associated with each surgical procedure and that are not reimbursable ancillary or professional procedures or services. "Ambulatory surgical center service" includes facility services only and does not include surgical procedures, physicians' services, anesthetists' services, radiology services, diagnostic services or ambulance services, if such procedures or services would be reimbursed as a separate line item from the facility fee payment to an ambulatory surgical center facility.
 - (B) For the purposes of the tax imposed under this chapter, "gross receipts" means the amounts received, in cash or in kind, from patients, third-party payers and others, including retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payers, for the rendering of ambulatory surgical center services by an ambulatory surgical center. "Gross receipts" does not include (i) amounts received by an ambulatory surgical center that were or are subject to the tax imposed under section 12-263i of the general statutes, as amended by this act, (ii) the first one

million five hundred thousand dollars of gross receipts received during each twelve-month period commencing July first, excluding Medicaid and Medicare payments, by an ambulatory surgical center for the provision of ambulatory surgical center services, (iii) Medicaid or Medicare payments received by the ambulatory surgical center for the provision of ambulatory surgical center services, (iv) payer discounts, charity care and bad debts, or (v) amounts received by an ambulatory surgical center for tangible personal property used in connection with the rendering of an ambulatory surgical center service, including implants, devices, drugs and biologicals, regardless of the identity of the payer for such ambulatory surgical center.

(C) As used in this subdivision: (i) "Medicaid" means the program operated by the Department of Social Services pursuant to section 17b-260 and authorized by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended from time to time; (ii) "Medicare" means the program operated by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services in accordance with Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended from time to time, including, but not limited to, programs established pursuant to Parts A, B and C of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended from time to time; (iii) "payer discount" means the difference between an ambulatory surgical center's published charges and payments received by such center from one or more third-party payers for a method of payment that is different than or a rate that is reduced from the published charges. "Payer discount" does not include charity care or bad debts; and (iv) "charity care" means free or discounted health care services rendered by an ambulatory surgical center to an individual who cannot afford to pay for such services and includes, but is not limited to, health care services provided to an uninsured patient who is not expected to pay all or part of an ambulatory surgical center's bill based on income guidelines and other financial criteria set forth in the general statutes or in an ambulatory surgical center's charity care policies on file at the office of such center. "Charity care" does not include bad debts or payer discounts.

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- Sec. 34. Subparagraph (J) of subdivision (1) of section 12-408 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021*):
 - (J) (i) The rate of tax imposed by this chapter shall be applicable to all retail sales upon the effective date of such rate, except that a new rate that represents an increase in the rate applicable to the sale shall not apply to any sales transaction wherein a binding sales contract without an escalator clause has been entered into prior to the effective date of the new rate and delivery is made within ninety days after the effective date of the new rate.
 - (ii) For the purposes of payment of the tax imposed under this section, any retailer of services (I) taxable under subdivision (37) of subsection (a) of section 12-407, who computes taxable income, for purposes of taxation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, on an accounting basis that recognizes only cash or other valuable consideration actually received as income and who is liable for such tax only due to the rendering of such services, and (II) taxable under subparagraph (Q) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-407, as amended this act, may make payments related to such tax for the period during which such income is or gross receipts are received, without penalty or interest, without regard to when such service is rendered;
- Sec. 35. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021) (a) As used in this section:
- 2084 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" has the same meaning as provided 2085 in subsection (a) of section 12-407 of the general statutes, as amended by 2086 this act;
- 2087 (2) "Ambulatory surgical center service" has the same meaning as provided in subsection (a) of section 12-407 of the general statutes, as

amended by this act;

- (3) "Medicaid" has the same meaning as provided in subdivision (45) of subsection (a) of section 12-407, as amended by this act;
- (4) "Medicaid investment" means an amount equal to the greater of (A) fifty per cent of the aggregate amount of Medicaid payments received during the applicable reporting period by an ambulatory surgical center for the provision of ambulatory surgical center services, or (B) fifty per cent of the aggregate amount of Medicaid payments that would have been due and owing had services similar to the ambulatory surgical center services provided by the ambulatory surgical center during the applicable reporting period been performed by and at a hospital instead; and
 - (5) "State health plan investment" means an amount equal to twenty-five per cent of the aggregate payments received from or on behalf of each individual who is covered under a health plan pursuant to section 5-259 of the general statutes, during the applicable reporting period by an ambulatory surgical center for the provision of ambulatory surgical center services.
 - (b) Each ambulatory surgical center shall be allowed, for each reporting period, a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 219 of the general statutes in the amount of the Medicaid investment plus the state health plan investment. If the amount of the credit allowed pursuant to this subsection exceeds the ambulatory surgical center's tax liability for the tax imposed under chapter 219 of the general statutes for the reporting period, the ambulatory surgical center shall file a claim for refund, in such form and manner as prescribed by the Commissioner of Revenue Services. Upon verification of the claim, the commissioner shall treat such excess as an overpayment and shall refund the amount of such excess to the ambulatory surgical center. There shall be added to the amount of such refund interest at the rate of two-thirds of one per cent for each month or fraction thereof that elapses between the ninetieth day following receipt of such claim for refund by the

- commissioner and the date of notice by the commissioner that such refund is due. An ambulatory surgical center that claims a credit or receives a refund under this subsection is entitled to retain such credit or refund for its own account and is not required to refund or pay the amount of such credit or refund to any user of or payer for ambulatory surgical center services.
- Sec. 36. Section 1-1j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):
 - (a) Each state agency, as defined in section 4-166, shall accept payment in cash or by check, draft or money order for any license issued by such agency pursuant to the provisions of the general statutes.
 - (b) Except as [otherwise] provided by <u>any other provision of</u> the general statutes, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management may authorize any state agency [(1)] to accept payment of any fee, cost or fine payable to such agency by means of a credit card, charge card or debit card [,] or an electronic payment service, [and (2) to charge a service fee for any such payment made by credit card, charge card or debit card or an electronic payment service] <u>provided each state agency that accepts payment by means of a credit card, charge card or debit card shall charge the payor using such card a service fee, except that such service fee may be waived by such state agency for a category of fee, cost or fine, if such waiver has been approved by said secretary. [Such]</u>
 - (c) (1) Any service fee imposed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall [be (A) related to] (A) be for the purpose of defraying the cost of service, (B) [uniform for all credit cards, charge cards and debit cards accepted] not exceed any charge by the credit card, charge card or debit card issuer or processor, including any discount rate, and (C) be applied only when allowed by the operating rules and regulations of the credit card, charge card or debit card issuer or processor involved or when authorized in writing by such issuer or processor.

- 2152 (2) Each state agency that charges a service fee pursuant to this
 2153 section or any other provision of the general statutes shall disclose such
 2154 service fee to a payor prior to the imposition of such service fee. Such
 2155 disclosure shall be made in accordance with any requirements for
 2156 disclosure set forth by the card issuer or processor.
- 2157 (d) Payments by credit card, charge card, debit card or an electronic 2158 payment service shall be made at such times and under such conditions 2159 as the secretary may prescribe in regulations adopted in accordance 2160 with the provisions of chapter 54.
- (e) Payment of a fee, cost or fine, and any applicable service fee, by credit card, charge card, debit card or an electronic payment service shall constitute full payment of such fee, cost, fine or service fee, regardless of any discount applied by a credit card company.
- Sec. 37. Subsection (g) of section 3-99a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2022):
- 2168 (g) The Secretary of the State may allow remittances to be in the form 2169 of a credit card account number and an authorization to draw upon a 2170 specified credit card account, at such time and under such conditions as 2171 the Secretary may prescribe. Remittances in the form of an authorization 2172 to draw upon a specified credit card account shall include an amount 2173 for purposes of paying the discount rate associated with drawing upon 2174 the credit card account, unless the remittances are drawn on an account 2175 with a financial institution that agrees to add the number to the credit 2176 card holder's billing, in which event the remittances drawn shall not 2177 include an amount for purposes of paying the discount rate associated 2178 with the drawing upon the credit card account.
- Sec. 38. Section 14-11i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):
- The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may allow the payment of any fee specified in this chapter or chapter 247 by means of a credit card and

2183 [may] shall charge each payor a service fee for any payment made by 2184 means of a credit card. The fee shall not exceed any charge by the credit 2185 card issuer or by its authorized agent, including any discount rate. 2186 Payments by credit card shall be made under such conditions as the 2187 commissioner may prescribe, except that the commissioner shall 2188 determine the rate or amount of the service fee for any such credit card 2189 in accordance with subsection (c) of section 1-1j, as amended by this act. 2190 Such service fee may be waived by the commissioner for a category of 2191 fee if such waiver has been approved by the Secretary of the Office of 2192 Policy and Management pursuant to subsection (b) of section 1-1j, as 2193 amended by this act. If any charge with respect to payment of a fee by 2194 means of a credit card is not authorized by such issuer or its authorized 2195 agent, the commissioner shall assess the payor the fee specified in 2196 subsection (f) of section 14-50.

Sec. 39. Subsection (g) of section 19a-88 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2022):

(g) (1) The Department of Public Health shall administer a secure online license renewal system for persons holding a license to practice medicine or surgery under chapter 370, dentistry under chapter 379, nursing under chapter 378 or nurse-midwifery under chapter 377. The department shall require such persons to renew their licenses using the on-line renewal system and to pay professional services fees on-line by means of a credit card or electronic transfer of funds from a bank or credit union account, except in extenuating circumstances, including, but not limited to, circumstances in which a licensee does not have access to a credit card and submits a notarized affidavit affirming that fact, the department may allow the licensee to renew his or her license using a paper form prescribed by the department and pay professional service fees by check or money order.

(2) The department shall charge a service fee for each payment made by means of a credit card. The Commissioner of Public Health shall determine the rate or amount of the service fee for any such credit card

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- in accordance with subsection (c) of section 1-1j, as amended by this act.
- 2217 Such service fee may be waived by the commissioner for a category of
- 2218 <u>fee if such waiver has been approved by the Secretary of the Office of</u>
- 2219 Policy and Management pursuant to subsection (b) of section 1-1j, as
- amended by this act.
- Sec. 40. Section 45a-113b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):
- Each [court of probate] Probate Court may allow the payment of any
- 2224 fees charged by such court by means of a credit card, charge card or
- debit card. [and may] Such court shall charge the person making such
- payment a service fee for any such payment made by means of any such
- 2227 card. The fee shall not exceed any charge by the card issuer, including
- 2228 any discount rate. The Probate Court Administrator shall determine the
- 2229 rate or amount of the service fee for any such card in accordance with
- 2230 <u>subsection (c) of section 1-1j, as amended by this act.</u>
- Sec. 41. Section 51-193b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2232 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):
- 2233 Payment of any fees, costs, fines or other charges to the Judicial
- 2234 Branch may be made by means of a credit card [,] and the payor [may]
- 2235 <u>shall</u> be charged a service fee for any <u>such</u> payment made by <u>means of</u>
- \underline{a} credit card. The service fee shall not exceed any charge by the credit
- 2237 card issuer, including any discount rate. Payments by credit card shall
- 2238 be made at such time and under such conditions as the Office of the
- 2239 Chief Court Administrator may prescribe, except that the Chief Court
- 2240 Administrator shall determine the rate or amount of the service fee for
- 2241 any such card in accordance with subsection (c) of section 1-1j, as
- 2242 amended by this act.
- Sec. 42. (NEW) (Effective from passage and applicable to calendar months
- 2244 commencing on or after January 1, 2023) (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Carrier" means any person that operates or causes to be operated
- 2246 on any highway in this state any eligible motor vehicle. "Carrier" does

2247 2248	not include the state, any political subdivision of the state, the United States or the federal government;		
2249	(2) "Commissioner" means	the Commissioner of Revenue Services;	
2250	(3) "Department" means the	e Department of Revenue Services;	
2251 2252 2253 2254 2255	section 14-1 of the general state six thousand pounds or more	" means a motor vehicle, as defined in ates, that (A) has a gross weight of twentye, and (B) carries a classification between clusive, under the Federal Highway ication system;	
2256 2257	(5) "Gross weight" has the softhe general statutes; and	ame meaning as provided in section 14-1	
2258 2259	(6) "Highway" has the sam the general statutes.	e meaning as provided in section 14-1 of	
2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267	(b) (1) For each calendar month commencing on or after January 1, 2023, a tax is imposed on every carrier for the privilege of operating or causing to be operated an eligible motor vehicle on any highway of the state. Use of any such highway shall be measured by the number of miles traveled within the state by each eligible motor vehicle operated or caused to be operated by such carrier during each month. The amount of tax due from each carrier shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection.		
2268 2269 2270 2271 2272	(2) Each carrier shall calculate the number of miles traveled by each eligible motor vehicle operated or caused to be operated by such carrier within the state during each month. The miles traveled within the state by each eligible motor vehicle shall be multiplied by the tax rate as follows, such rate to be based on the gross weight of each such vehicle:		
T5 T6	Gross Weight in Pounds 26,000-28,000	Rate in Dollars 0.0250	

T7	28,001-30,000	0.0279	
Т8	30,001-32,000	0.0308	
T9	32,001-34,000	0.0337	
T10	34,001-36,000	0.0365	
T11	36,001-38,000	0.0394	
T12	38,001-40,000	0.0423	
T13	40,001-42,000	0.0452	
T14	42,001-44,000	0.0481	
T15	44,001-46,000	0.0510	
T16	46,001-48,000	0.0538	
T17	48,001-50,000	0.0567	
T18	50,001-52,000	0.0596	
T19	52,001-54,000	0.0625	
T20	54,001-56,000	0.0654	
T21	56,001-58,000	0.0683	
T22	58,001-60,000	0.0712	
T23	60,001-62,000	0.0740	
T24	62,001-64,000	0.0769	
T25	64,001-66,000	0.0798	
T26	66,001-68,000	0.0827	

T27	68,001-70,000	0.0856
T28	70,001-72,000	0.0885
T29	72,001-74,000	0.0913
T30	74,001-76,000	0.0942
T31	76,001-78,000	0.0971
T32	78,001-80,000	0.1000
T33	80,001 and over	0.1750

- (c) (1) Each carrier shall file with the commissioner, on or before the last day of each month, a return for the calendar month immediately preceding, in such form and containing such information as the commissioner may prescribe. The return shall be accompanied by payment of the amount of the tax shown to be due thereon. Each carrier shall be required to file such return electronically with the department and to make such payment by electronic funds transfer in the manner provided by chapter 228g of the general statutes, irrespective of whether the carrier would have otherwise been required to file such return electronically or to make such payment by electronic funds transfer under the provisions of said chapter.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 13b-61 of the general statutes, the commissioner shall deposit into the Special Transportation Fund established under section 13b-68 of the general statutes the amounts received by the state from the tax imposed under this section.
- (d) (1) Each carrier desiring to use any highway of the state on or after January 1, 2023, shall file an application for a permit with the commissioner, in such form and containing such information as the commissioner may prescribe. No carrier may lawfully operate or cause to be operated an eligible motor vehicle in the state on or after January

- 2294 1, 2023, without obtaining a permit from the commissioner.
- (2) Upon receipt of a fully completed application from a carrier, the commissioner shall grant and issue a permit to such carrier. Such permit shall be valid only for the carrier to which it is issued and the eligible motor vehicles such carrier operates or causes to be operated on the highways of the state and shall not be assignable. The carrier shall maintain a copy of the permit within each eligible motor vehicle that such carrier operates or causes to be operated in the state.
 - (e) (1) Whenever a carrier fails to comply with any provision of this section, the commissioner shall order a hearing to be held, requiring such carrier to show cause why such carrier's permit should not be revoked or suspended. The commissioner shall provide at least ten days' notice, in writing, to such carrier of the date, time and place of such hearing and may serve such notice personally or by registered or certified mail. If, after such hearing, the commissioner revokes or suspends a permit, the commissioner shall not restore such permit to or issue a new permit for such carrier unless the commissioner is satisfied that the carrier will comply with the provisions of this section.
 - (2) Whenever a carrier files returns for four successive monthly periods showing that none of the eligible motor vehicles operated or caused to be operated by such carrier used any highway of the state, the commissioner shall order a hearing to be held, requiring such carrier to show cause why such carrier's permit should not be cancelled. The commissioner shall provide at least thirty days' notice, in writing, to such carrier of the date, time and place of such hearing and may serve such notice personally or by registered or certified mail. If, after such hearing, the commissioner cancels a permit, the commissioner shall not issue a new permit for such carrier unless the commissioner is satisfied that the carrier will make use of the highways of the state.
 - (f) Each person, other than a carrier, who is required, on behalf of such carrier, to collect, truthfully account for and pay over a tax imposed on such carrier under this section and who wilfully fails to collect,

truthfully account for and pay over such tax or who wilfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat the tax or the payment thereof, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be liable for a penalty equal to the total amount of the tax evaded, or not collected, or not accounted for and paid over, including any penalty or interest attributable to such wilful failure to collect or truthfully account for and pay over such tax or such wilful attempt to evade or defeat such tax, provided such penalty shall only be imposed against such person in the event that such tax, penalty or interest cannot otherwise be collected from such carrier. The amount of such penalty with respect to which a person may be personally liable under this section shall be collected in accordance with the provisions of subsection (n) of this section and any amount so collected shall be allowed as a credit against the amount of such tax, penalty or interest due and owing from the carrier. The dissolution of the carrier shall not discharge any person in relation to any personal liability under this section for wilful failure to collect or truthfully account for and pay over such tax or for a wilful attempt to evade or defeat such tax prior to dissolution, except as otherwise provided in this section. For purposes of this subsection, "person" includes any individual, corporation, limited liability company or partnership and any officer or employee of any corporation, including a dissolved corporation, and a member of or employee of any partnership or limited liability company who, as such officer, employee or member, is under a duty to file a tax return under this section on behalf of a carrier or to collect or truthfully account for and pay over a tax imposed under this section on behalf of such carrier.

(g) (1) The commissioner may examine the records of any carrier subject to a tax imposed under the provisions of this section as the commissioner deems necessary. If the commissioner determines that there is a deficiency with respect to the payment of any such tax due under the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall assess or reassess the deficiency in tax, give notice of such deficiency assessment or reassessment to the taxpayer and make demand upon the taxpayer for payment. Such amount shall bear interest at the rate of one per cent

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per month or fraction thereof from the date when the original tax was due and payable. When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency assessment is made is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this section or regulations promulgated thereunder, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to ten per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment, or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency assessment is made is due to fraud or intent to evade the provisions of this section or regulations promulgated thereunder, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to twenty-five per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment. No taxpayer shall be subject to more than one penalty under this subsection in relation to the same tax period. Subject to the provisions of section 12-3a of the general statutes, the commissioner may waive all or part of the penalties provided under this section when it is proven to the commissioner's satisfaction that the failure to pay any tax was due to reasonable cause and was not intentional or due to neglect. Any decision rendered by any federal court holding that a taxpayer has filed a fraudulent return with the Director of Internal Revenue shall subject the taxpayer to the penalty imposed by this section without the necessity of further proof thereof, except when it can be shown that the return to the state so differed from the return to the federal government as to afford a reasonable presumption that the attempt to defraud did not extend to the return filed with the state. Within thirty days of the mailing of such notice, the taxpayer shall pay to the commissioner, in cash, or by check, draft or money order drawn to the order of the Commissioner of Revenue Services, any additional amount of tax, penalty and interest shown to be due.

(2) Except in the case of a wilfully false or fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filing of a return or from the original due date of a return, whichever is later. If no return has been filed as provided under the provisions of this section, the commissioner may make such return at any time thereafter,

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according to the best information obtainable and according to the form prescribed. To the tax imposed upon the basis of such return, there shall be added an amount equal to ten per cent of such tax, or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. The tax shall bear interest at the rate of one per cent per month or fraction thereof from the due date of such tax to the date of payment. Where, before the expiration of the period prescribed herein for the assessment of an additional tax, a taxpayer has consented in writing that such period may be extended, the amount of such additional tax due may be determined at any time within such extended period. The period so extended may be further extended by subsequent consents in writing before the expiration of the extended period.

(h) (1) Any carrier believing that it has overpaid any taxes due under the provisions of this section may file a claim for refund in writing with the commissioner within three years from the due date for which such overpayment was made, stating the specific grounds upon which the claim is founded. Failure to file a claim within the time prescribed in this section constitutes a waiver of any demand against the state on account of overpayment. The commissioner shall review such claim within a reasonable time and, if the commissioner determines that a refund is due, the commissioner shall credit the overpayment against any amount then due and payable from the carrier under this section or any provision of the general statutes and shall refund any balance remaining. The commissioner shall notify the Comptroller of the amount of such refund and the Comptroller shall draw an order on the Treasurer in the amount thereof for payment to such carrier. If the commissioner determines that such claim is not valid, either in whole or in part, the commissioner shall mail notice of the proposed disallowance to the claimant, which notice shall set forth briefly the commissioner's findings of fact and the basis of disallowance in each case decided in whole or in part adversely to the claimant. Sixty days after the date on which it is mailed, a notice of proposed disallowance shall constitute a final disallowance except only for such amounts as to which the taxpayer filed, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a written protest with the commissioner.

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- (2) On or before the sixtieth day after the mailing of the proposed disallowance, the claimant may file with the commissioner a written protest against the proposed disallowance in which the claimant shall set forth the grounds on which the protest is based. If a protest is filed, the commissioner shall reconsider the proposed disallowance and, if the claimant has so requested, may grant or deny the claimant or the claimant's authorized representatives an oral hearing.
 - (3) The commissioner shall mail notice of the commissioner's determination to the claimant, which notice shall set forth briefly the commissioner's findings of fact and the basis of decision in each case decided in whole or in part adversely to the claimant.
 - (4) The action of the commissioner on the claimant's protest shall be final upon the expiration of thirty days from the date on which the commissioner mails notice of the commissioner's action to the claimant unless within such period the claimant seeks judicial review of the commissioner's determination pursuant to subsection (l) of this section.
 - (i) (1) Any person required under this section or regulations adopted thereunder to pay any tax, make a return, keep any record or supply any information, who wilfully fails to pay such tax, make such return, keep such records or supply such information, at the time required by law, shall, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 54-193 of the general statutes, no person shall be prosecuted for a violation of the provisions of this subsection committed on or after January 1, 2023, except within three years next after such violation has been committed. As used in this subsection, "person" includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership under a duty to pay such tax, make such return, keep such records or supply such information.
 - (2) Any person who wilfully delivers or discloses to the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized agent any list, return, account,

statement or other document, known by such person to be fraudulent or false in any material matter, shall, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be guilty of a class D felony. No person shall be charged with an offense under both subdivision (1) of this subsection and this subdivision in relation to the same tax period but such person may be charged and prosecuted for both such offenses upon the same information.

- (j) (1) Each carrier shall keep such records, receipts, invoices and other pertinent papers in such form as the commissioner requires.
- (2) In addition to the requirements set forth under subdivision (1) of this subsection, each carrier shall maintain, on a monthly basis, a list of all the eligible motor vehicles that such carrier operates or causes to operate on a highway in the state during such month. All such lists shall be maintained by the carrier for not less than four years after the date of each such month and shall be made available to the commissioner upon request.
- (3) The commissioner or the commissioner's authorized agent may examine the records, receipts, invoices, other pertinent papers and equipment of any person liable under the provisions of this section and may investigate the character of the business of such person to verify the accuracy of any return made or, if no return is made by such person, to ascertain and determine the amount required to be paid.
- (k) Any carrier that is aggrieved by the action of the commissioner or an authorized agent of the commissioner in fixing the amount of any tax, penalty or interest under this section may apply to the commissioner, in writing, not later than sixty days after the notice of such action is delivered or mailed to such carrier, for a hearing and a correction of the amount of such tax, penalty or interest, setting forth the reasons why such hearing should be granted and the amount by which such tax, penalty or interest should be reduced. The commissioner shall promptly consider each such application and may grant or deny the hearing requested. If the hearing request is denied, the carrier shall be

notified forthwith. If the hearing request is granted, the commissioner shall notify the carrier of the date, time and place for such hearing. After such hearing, the commissioner may make such order as appears just and lawful to the commissioner and shall furnish a copy of such order to the carrier. The commissioner may, by notice in writing, order a hearing on the commissioner's own initiative and require a carrier or any other individual who the commissioner believes to be in possession of relevant information concerning such carrier to appear before the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized agent with any specified books of account, papers or other documents, for examination under oath.

(l) Any carrier that is aggrieved because of any order, decision, determination or disallowance the commissioner made under subsection (h) or (k) of this section may, not later than thirty days after service of notice of such order, decision, determination or disallowance, take an appeal therefrom to the superior court for the judicial district of New Britain, which appeal shall be accompanied by a citation to the commissioner to appear before said court. Such citation shall be signed by the same authority and such appeal shall be returnable at the same time and served and returned in the same manner as is required in the case of a summons in a civil action. The authority issuing the citation shall take from the appellant a bond or recognizance to the state of Connecticut, with surety, to prosecute the appeal to effect and to comply with the orders and decrees of the court in the premises. Such appeals shall be preferred cases, to be heard, unless cause appears to the contrary, at the first session, by the court or by a committee appointed by the court. Said court may grant such relief as may be equitable and, if such tax has been paid prior to the granting of such relief, may order the Treasurer to pay the amount of such relief. If the appeal has been taken without probable cause, the court may tax double or triple costs, as the case demands and, upon all such appeals that are denied, costs may be taxed against such carrier at the discretion of the court but no costs shall be taxed against the state.

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(m) The commissioner and any agent of the commissioner duly authorized to conduct any inquiry, investigation or hearing pursuant to this section shall have power to administer oaths and take testimony under oath relative to the matter of inquiry or investigation. At any hearing ordered by the commissioner, the commissioner or the commissioner's agent authorized to conduct such hearing and having authority by law to issue such process may subpoena witnesses and require the production of books, papers and documents pertinent to such inquiry or investigation. No witness under subpoena authorized to be issued under the provisions of this section shall be excused from testifying or from producing books, papers or documentary evidence on the ground that such testimony or the production of such books, papers or documentary evidence would tend to incriminate such witness, but such books, papers or documentary evidence so produced shall not be used in any criminal proceeding against such witness. If any person disobeys such process or, having appeared in obedience thereto, refuses to answer any pertinent question put to such person by the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized agent, or to produce any books, papers or other documentary evidence pursuant thereto, the commissioner or such agent may apply to the superior court of the judicial district wherein the carrier has a business address or wherein the carrier's business has been conducted, or to any judge of such court if the same is not in session, setting forth such disobedience to process or refusal to answer, and such court or such judge shall cite such person to appear before such court or such judge to answer such question or to produce such books, papers or other documentary evidence and, upon such person's refusal so to do, shall commit such person to a community correctional center until such person testifies, but not for a period longer than sixty days. Notwithstanding the serving of the term of such commitment by any person, the commissioner may proceed in all respects with such inquiry and examination as if the witness had not previously been called upon to testify. Officers who serve subpoenas issued by the commissioner or under the commissioner's authority and witnesses attending hearings conducted by the commissioner pursuant to this section shall receive fees and compensation at the same rates as

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officers and witnesses in the courts of this state, to be paid on vouchers of the commissioner on order of the Comptroller from the proper appropriation for the administration of this section.

- (n) The amount of any tax, penalty or interest due and unpaid under the provisions of this section may be collected under the provisions of section 12-35 of the general statutes. The warrant provided under said section shall be signed by the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized agent. The amount of any such tax, penalty and interest shall be a lien on the real estate of the carrier from the last day of the month next preceding the due date of such civil penalty until such civil penalty is paid. The commissioner may record such lien in the records of any town in which the real estate of such carrier is situated but no such lien shall be enforceable against a bona fide purchaser or qualified encumbrancer of such real estate. When any tax with respect to which a lien has been recorded under the provisions of this subsection has been satisfied, the commissioner shall, upon request of any interested party, issue a certificate discharging such lien, which certificate shall be recorded in the same office in which the lien was recorded. Any action for the foreclosure of such lien shall be brought by the Attorney General in the name of the state in the superior court for the judicial district in which the real estate subject to such lien is situated, or, if such real estate is located in two or more judicial districts, in the superior court for any one such judicial district, and the court may limit the time for redemption or order the sale of such real estate or pass such other or further decree as it judges equitable.
- (o) No tax credit or credits shall be allowable against the tax imposed under this section.
- (p) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this section for which no other penalty is provided shall be fined one thousand dollars.
- (q) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the

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2592	provisions of this section.
2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599	(r) At the close of each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, in which the tax imposed under the provisions of this section is received by the commissioner, the Comptroller is authorized to record as revenue for such fiscal year the amount of such tax that is received by the commissioner not later than five business days from the July thirty-first immediately following the end of such fiscal year.
2600	Sec. 43. (Effective from passage) (a) As used in this section:
2601 2602	(1) "Person" has the same meaning as provided in section 12-1 of the general statutes;
2603 2604	(2) "Affected taxable period" means any taxable period ending on or before December 30, 2020;
2605 2606	(3) "Affected person" means a person owing any tax for an affected taxable period;
2607 2608 2609 2610	(4) "Tax" means any tax imposed by any law of this state and required to be collected by the department, other than the tax imposed under chapter 222 of the general statutes on any licensee, as defined in subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 12-486 of the general statutes;
2611 2612	(5) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue Services; and
2613	(6) "Department" means the Department of Revenue Services.
2614 2615 2616	(b) (1) The commissioner shall establish a tax amnesty program for persons owing any tax for any affected taxable period. The tax amnesty program shall be conducted during the period from November 1, 2021,

(2) An amnesty application shall be prepared by the commissioner

that shall provide for specification by the affected person of the tax and

to January 31, 2022, inclusive.

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- the affected taxable period for which amnesty is being sought under the tax amnesty program. The commissioner may require that such amnesty applications be filed electronically and that the amounts associated with such applications be paid electronically.
- (3) Any affected person who files an amnesty application shall, subject to review of such application by the commissioner, be eligible for a reduction of interest due on the amount of tax owed by such person for an affected taxable period. Upon compliance with all requirements of the tax amnesty program under this section, an affected person whose application is granted by the commissioner shall be entitled to a seventy-five per cent reduction in interest that would otherwise be owed on the tax such person owes for the affected taxable period.
- (4) The tax amnesty program shall provide that, upon the filing of an amnesty application by an affected person and payment by such person of the tax and interest determined to be due by the commissioner from such person for an affected taxable period, the commissioner shall not seek to collect any civil penalties that may be applicable and shall not seek criminal prosecution for any affected person for an affected taxable period for which amnesty has been granted.
- (5) An amnesty application, if filed by an affected person and if granted by the commissioner, shall constitute an express and absolute relinquishment by the affected person of all of the affected person's administrative and judicial rights of appeal that have not run or otherwise expired as of the date payment is made for an affected taxable period, and no payment made by an affected person pursuant to this section for an affected taxable period shall be refunded or credited to such person. The commissioner shall not consider any request to exercise the authority granted to the commissioner under section 12-39s of the general statutes in connection with any amnesty application granted by the commissioner under this section.
- (6) Each affected person who files an amnesty application during the period the tax amnesty program under this section is conducted shall

- pay all amounts due to the state under such program with such application. Any person who fails to pay all such amounts due shall be ineligible for amnesty under such program.
- (7) No amnesty application shall be accepted for an affected taxable period in which the liability for such period has already been paid, unless such application is filed to report an additional amount of tax for such period. In no event shall an amnesty application result in a refund or credit of any amount of tax, penalty or interest previously paid.
- (c) Amnesty shall not be granted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section to any affected person who (1) is a party to any criminal investigation or to any criminal litigation that is pending on July 1, 2021, in any court of the United States or this state, (2) is a party to a closing agreement with the commissioner, (3) has made an offer of compromise that has been accepted by the commissioner, or (4) is a party to a managed audit agreement.
- (d) The provisions of subsection (d) of section 12-35i of the general statutes shall not apply to an affected taxable period that ends on or before November 30, 2012, for which no return has been previously filed, if such period is the subject of or included in any amnesty application granted by the commissioner under this section, provided the affected person pays all amounts due to the state in connection with such application in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of this section.
- (e) Any person who wilfully delivers or discloses to the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized agent any application, list return, account, statement or other document, known by such person to be fraudulent or false in any material matter, shall be ineligible for the tax amnesty program under this section and may, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years nor less than one year, or both.
- 2682 (f) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the

commissioner may do all things necessary to provide for the timely implementation of this section.

Sec. 44. (*Effective from passage*) The Comptroller shall transfer from the General Fund to the Tourism Fund established under section 10-395b of the general statutes: (1) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, nine million eight hundred thousand dollars; and (2) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, three million one hundred thousand dollars.

Sec. 45. (*Effective from passage*) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2023, the amount deemed appropriated pursuant to sections 3-20i and 3-115b of the general statutes in each of said fiscal years shall be one dollar.

Sec. 46. (*Effective from passage*) Not later than June 30, 2021, the Comptroller shall designate two hundred thirty-five million dollars of the resources of the General Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, to be accounted for as revenue of the General Fund as follows: One hundred seventeen million five hundred thousand dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, and one hundred seventeen million five hundred thousand dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Sec. 47. (*Effective from passage*) The Comptroller shall transfer from the Budget Reserve Fund: (1) On July 1, 2021, eight hundred ninety million dollars, to be credited to the resources of the General Fund and used as revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022; and (2) on July 1, 2022, nine hundred ninety-five million dollars, to be credited to the resources of the General Fund and used as revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The amount of a transfer set forth in this section shall be reduced by the amount of any federal aid received by the state that is used to reduce state budgetary requirements for such fiscal year.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	from passage	New section

Sec. 2	January 1, 2022, and	12-701(a)(20)(B)
	applicable to taxable years	
	commencing on or after	
	January 1, 2022	
Sec. 3	January 1, 2022, and	New section
	applicable to taxable years	
	commencing on or after	
	January 1, 2022	
Sec. 4	January 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 5	July 1, 2021, and	12-704e
	applicable to taxable years	
	commencing on or after	
	January 1, 2021	
Sec. 6	July 1, 2021, and	12-391(i)
	applicable to the estates of	
	decedents dying on or after	
C 7	January 1, 2021	NT.
Sec. 7	from passage	New section
Sec. 8	from passage	12-806(b)(4)
Sec. 9	from passage	12-806(b)(13)
Sec. 10	from passage	12-810
Sec. 11	from passage	52-553
Sec. 12	from passage	52-554
Sec. 13	July 1, 2021	New section
Sec. 14	from passage	12-214(b)(8)
Sec. 15	from passage	12-219(b)(8)
Sec. 16	from passage	New section
Sec. 17	from passage and	12-217zz(a)
	applicable to income years	
	commencing on or after	
	January 1, 2021	20 00 (1)
Sec. 18	July 1, 2021	38a-88a(d) and (e)
Sec. 19	January 1, 2022	12-217jj
Sec. 20	June 30, 2021	12-541
Sec. 21	July 1, 2021	12-7b(a)
Sec. 22	July 1, 2021	32-285(a)
Sec. 23	July 1, 2021	32-285(f)(2)
Sec. 24	July 1, 2021	32-656(i)
Sec. 25	January 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 26	January 1, 2022	12-701(a)(20)(B)
Sec. 27	January 1, 2022	New section

Sec. 28	from passage and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2021	12-704c(b)(2)
Sec. 29	July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021	12-412
Sec. 30	July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021	New section
Sec. 31	June 1, 2021, and applicable to calendar quarters commencing on or after July 1, 2020	12-263i
Sec. 32	July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021	12-407(a)(2)
Sec. 33	July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021	12-407(a)
Sec. 34	July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021	12-408(1)(J)
Sec. 35	July 1, 2021, and applicable to sales occurring on or after July 1, 2021	New section
Sec. 36	July 1, 2022	1-1j
Sec. 37	July 1, 2022	3-99a(g)
Sec. 38	July 1, 2022	14-11i
Sec. 39	July 1, 2022	19a-88(g)
Sec. 40	July 1, 2022	45a-113b
Sec. 41 Sec. 42	July 1, 2022	51-193b New section
Jec. 42	from passage and applicable to calendar months commencing on or after January 1, 2023	THEW SECTION

Sec. 43	from passage	New section
Sec. 44	from passage	New section
Sec. 45	from passage	New section
Sec. 46	from passage	New section
Sec. 47	from passage	New section

FIN Joint Favorable Subst.