

## AN ACT CONCERNING VARIOUS REVISIONS AND ADDITIONS TO THE EDUCATION STATUTES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 10-145 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(a) No teacher, supervisor, administrator, special service staff member or school superintendent, except as provided for in section 10157 , shall be employed in any of the schools of any local or regional board of education unless such person possesses an appropriate state certificate, nor shall any such person be entitled to any salary unless such person can produce such certificate dated prior to or on the first day of employment, except as provided for in section 10-157; provided nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the board of education from prescribing qualifications additional to those prescribed by the regulations of the State Board of Education and provided nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any local or regional board of education from contracting with a licensed drivers' school
approved by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles for the behind-thewheel instruction of a driver instruction course, to be given by driving instructors licensed by the Department of Motor Vehicles. No person shall be employed in any of the schools of any local or regional board of education as a substitute teacher unless such person (1) [holds a bachelor's degree, provided the Commissioner of Education may waive such requirement for good cause upon the request of a superintendent of schools] (A) holds at least an associate degree if such person will be in the same assignment for more than ten school days, or (B) has obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent if such person will be in the same assignment for ten or fewer school days, and (2) is on a list maintained by the local or regional board of education pursuant to subsection (f) of section 10-222c.

Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 10-221a of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(c) Commencing with classes graduating in 2023, and for each graduating class thereafter, no local or regional board of education shall permit any student to graduate from high school or grant a diploma to any student who has not satisfactorily completed a minimum of twentyfive credits, including not fewer than: (1) Nine credits in the humanities, including civics and the arts; (2) nine credits in science, technology, engineering and mathematics; (3) one credit in physical education; [and wellness;] (4) one credit in health [and safety] education, as described in section 10-16b; (5) one credit in world languages, subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section; and (6) a one credit masterybased diploma assessment.

Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 10-15c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(a) The public schools shall be open to all children five years of age and over who reach age five on or before the first day of January of any
school year, and each such child shall have, and shall be so advised by the appropriate school authorities, an equal opportunity to participate in the activities, programs and courses of study offered in such public schools, at such time as the child becomes eligible to participate in such activities, programs and courses of study, without discrimination on account of race, color, sex, gender identity or expression, religion, national origin [or] sexual orientation or disability; provided boards of education may, by vote at a meeting duly called, admit to any school children under five years of age.

Sec. 4. Subsection (f) of section 10-145d of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(f) An endorsement issued prior to July 1, [2013] 2020, to teach elementary education grades one to six, inclusive, shall be valid for grades kindergarten to six, inclusive, and for such an endorsement issued on or after July 1, [2013] 2020, the endorsement shall be valid for grades [one] kindergarten to six, inclusive. [, except such an endorsement issued between July 1, 2013, and July 1, 2017, to any student who was admitted to and successfully completes a teacher preparation program, as defined in section 10-10a, in the certification endorsement area of elementary education on or before June 30, 2017, shall be valid for grades kindergarten to six, inclusive. The Commissioner of Education may permit, upon the request of a superintendent, any person who holds such endorsement issued on or after July 1, 2017, to teach kindergarten for one school year. The commissioner shall not permit any such person who so taught kindergarten under such endorsement for one school year to teach kindergarten again, except the commissioner may permit such person to so teach kindergarten for one additional school year if such person can demonstrate that he or she is enrolled in a program to meet the requirements for the appropriate endorsement to teach kindergarten.] An endorsement to teach comprehensive special education grades one to twelve, inclusive, shall be valid for grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, provided, on and after September 1, 2013, any (1) certified
employee applying for a comprehensive special education endorsement, or (2) applicant for an initial, provisional or professional educator certificate and a comprehensive special education endorsement shall achieve a satisfactory score on the reading instruction examination approved by the State Board of Education on April 1, 2009, or a comparable reading instruction examination with minimum standards that are equivalent to the examination approved by the State Board of Education on April 1, 2009.

Sec. 5. Section 10-264q of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):

Notwithstanding subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 10-264l, an interdistrict magnet school program that (1) does not assist the state in meeting the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., as extended, or the goals of the 2013 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., as extended, as determined by the Commissioner of Education, and (2) is not in compliance with the enrollment requirements for students of racial minorities, pursuant to section 10-264l, following the submission of student information data of such interdistrict magnet school program to the state-wide public school information system, pursuant to section 10-10a, as amended by this act, on or before October 1, 2019, shall remain eligible for an interdistrict magnet school operating grant pursuant to section 10-264l for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, [and] to June 30, [2021] 2023, inclusive, if such interdistrict magnet school program submits a compliance plan to the Commissioner of Education and the commissioner approves such plan.

Sec. 6. Section $10-155 \mathrm{k}$ of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):

On and after July 1, 2013, the Commissioner of Education shall establish a School Paraprofessional Advisory Council which on and after July 1, 2020, shall be known as the School Paraeducator Advisory

Council, consisting of (1) one school [paraprofessional] paraeducator from each state-wide bargaining representative organization that represents school [paraprofessionals] paraeducators with instructional responsibilities, (2) one representative from each of the exclusive bargaining units for certified employees, chosen pursuant to section 10153b, (3) the most recent recipient of the Connecticut [Paraprofessional] Paraeducator of the Year Award, (4) two representatives from the regional educational service centers, appointed by the Commissioner of Education, and (5) a school administrator, appointed by the Connecticut Federation of School Administrators. The council shall hold quarterly meetings and advise, at least quarterly, the Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee, of the needs for (A) professional development and the training of [paraprofessionals] paraeducators and the effectiveness of the content and the delivery of existing training for such [paraprofessionals] paraeducators, (B) appropriate staffing strategies for [paraprofessionals] paraeducators, and (C) other relevant issues relating to [paraprofessionals] paraeducators. The council shall report, annually, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, on the recommendations given to the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, pursuant to the provisions of this section, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education.

Sec. 7. (Effective from passage) (a) Not later than January 1, 2021, the School Paraeducator Advisory Council, established pursuant to section $10-155 \mathrm{k}$ of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall conduct a study concerning the following: (1) Appropriate minimum employment standards, including pay rates, health care coverage, retirement benefits and professional development opportunities for paraeducators that focus on maximizing the success of paraeducators in the classroom; (2) safety issues relating to paraeducators who work with students who have behavioral issues, including the availability of appropriate safety equipment for paraeducators at each school; (3) issues relating to the assignment of substitute teaching duties to paraeducators, including emergency situations when a paraeducator is asked to serve as a
substitute teacher; and (4) issues relating to the duties of paraeducators who work with students who have individualized education programs.
(b) Not later than January 1, 2021, the council shall develop proposals for the creation of a pathway for continued career and professional development, including, but not limited to, (1) paraeducator certificate and apprenticeship programs that offer course credits that apply to transferrable associate degree programs; (2) associate degree programs that (A) build upon and do not duplicate the courses and competencies of paraeducator certificate programs, (B) incorporate field experiences, (C) are aligned with the standards and competencies for teachers, and (D) are transferrable to a bachelor's degree in education and teacher certification programs; and (3) bachelor's degree programs that lead to teacher certification that build upon and do not duplicate the courses and competencies of transferrable associate degrees.
(c) The council shall submit the study described in subsection (a) of this section and the proposals described in subsection (b) of this section, and any recommendations for legislation to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.

Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 10-220a of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(a) Each local or regional board of education shall provide an inservice training program for its teachers, administrators and pupil personnel who hold the initial educator, provisional educator or professional educator certificate. Such program shall provide such teachers, administrators and pupil personnel with information on (1) the nature and the relationship of alcohol and drugs, as defined in subdivision (17) of section 21a-240, to health and personality development, and procedures for discouraging their abuse, (2) health and mental health risk reduction education that includes, but need not
be limited to, the prevention of risk-taking behavior by children and the relationship of such behavior to substance abuse, pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV-infection and AIDS, as defined in section 19a-581, violence, teen dating violence, domestic violence and child abuse, (3) school violence prevention, conflict resolution, the prevention of and response to youth suicide and the identification and prevention of and response to bullying, as defined in subsection (a) of section 10-222d, except that those boards of education that implement any evidence-based model approach that is approved by the Department of Education and is consistent with subsection (c) of section $10-145 \mathrm{a}$, sections $10-222 \mathrm{~d}, 10-222 \mathrm{~g}$ and $10-222 \mathrm{~h}$, subsection (g) of section $10-233 \mathrm{c}$ and sections 1 and 3 of public act $08-160$, shall not be required to provide in-service training on the identification and prevention of and response to bullying, (4) cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other emergency life saving procedures, (5) the requirements and obligations of a mandated reporter, (6) the detection and recognition of, and evidence-based structured literacy interventions for, students with dyslexia, as defined in section 10-3d, and (7) culturally responsive pedagogy and practice. Each local or regional board of education [may] shall allow any [paraprofessional] paraeducator or noncertified employee to participate, on a voluntary basis, in any in-service training program provided pursuant to this section.

Sec. 9. Subsection (a) of section 10-214 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(a) Each local or regional board of education shall provide annually to each pupil in kindergarten and grades one and three to five, inclusive, a vision screening. [,] Such vision screening may be performed using a Snellen chart [, or equivalent screening device, such as] or an automated vision screening device. The superintendent of schools shall give written notice to the parent or guardian of each pupil (1) who is found to have any defect of vision or disease of the eyes, with a brief statement describing such defect or disease and a recommendation for the pupil to be examined by an optometrist licensed under chapter 380 or an
ophthalmologist licensed under chapter 370, and (2) who did not receive such vision screening, with a brief statement explaining why such pupil did not receive such vision screening.

Sec. 10. Subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of section 10-51 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(2) On and after June 7, 2006, a regional board of education, by a majority vote of its members, may create a reserve fund for capital and nonrecurring expenditures. Such fund shall thereafter be termed "reserve fund for capital and nonrecurring expenditures". The aggregate amount of annual and supplemental appropriations by a district to such fund shall not exceed [one] two per cent of the annual district budget for such fiscal year. Annual appropriations to such fund shall be included in the share of net expenses to be paid by each member town. Supplemental appropriations to such fund may be made from estimated fiscal year end surplus in operating funds. Interest and investment earnings received with respect to amounts held in the fund shall be credited to such fund. The board shall annually submit a complete and detailed report of the condition of such fund to the member towns. Upon the recommendation and approval by the regional board of education, any part or the whole of such fund may be used for capital and nonrecurring expenditures, but such use shall be restricted to the funding of all or part of the planning, construction, reconstruction or acquisition of any specific capital improvement or the acquisition of any specific item of equipment. Upon the approval of any such expenditure an appropriation shall be set up, plainly designated for the project or acquisition for which it has been authorized, and such unexpended appropriation may be continued until such project or acquisition is completed. Any unexpended portion of such appropriation remaining after such completion shall revert to said fund. If any authorized appropriation is set up pursuant to the provisions of this subsection and through unforeseen circumstances the completion of the project or acquisition for which such appropriation has been designated is impossible to attain the board, by a majority vote of its members, may
terminate such appropriation which then shall no longer be in effect. Such fund may be discontinued, after the recommendation and approval by the regional board of education, and any amounts held in the fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district.

Sec. 11. Section 10-15i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(a) There is established the Connecticut Achievement and Resource Equity in Schools Commission to provide analysis and recommendations concerning state funding for education and resources needed to ensure that all public school students in the state have an opportunity to succeed. The commission shall develop a strategic plan that includes recommendations for implementing a system for distributing state public education funding, that (1) includes a funding formula that (A) makes use of an appropriate foundation level, (B) addresses the issue of unequal local tax burdens and reduces the reliance on unequal local property taxation to fund services, (C) increases equity and fairness, and (D) reduces segregation; (2) depends on a stable, fair, reliable and identifiable funding source; (3) addresses students' educational needs from preschool through grade twelve, and (4) provides predictability and sustainability in grant allocations to towns and school districts.
(b) The commission shall consist of the following members who shall reflect the state's geographic, population, socio-economic, racial and ethnic diversity:
(1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Association of Boards of Education and one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Education Association;
(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom is a representative of the RESC Alliance and one of whom is an economist with expertise in measures of poverty;
(3) Two appointed by the Senate Republican president pro tempore, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Federation of School Administrators and one of whom is a representative of a regional agricultural science and technology education center;
(4) Two appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Association of Public School Superintendents and one of whom is a representative of the American Federation of Teachers-Connecticut;
(5) Two appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities and one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Council of Administrators of Special Education;
(6) Two appointed by the deputy Senate Republican president pro tempore, one of whom is an employee of the bureau of choice programs within the Department of Education and one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut PTA;
(7) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Association of Schools and one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Administrators of Programs for English Language Learners;
(8) One appointed jointly by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the House of Representatives who shall be a representative of the Connecticut Association of School Business Officials; and
(9) One appointed jointly by the president pro tempore of the Senate and the Senate Republican president pro tempore who shall be a representative of the State Education Resource Center.
(c) All appointments to the commission shall be made not later than thirty days after October 31, [2017] 2020. Except as otherwise provided
in subsection (d) of this section, any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.
(d) There shall be two chairpersons of the commission appointed as follows: (1) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall select a chairperson of the commission from among the members of the commission, and (2) the president pro tempore of the Senate and the Senate Republican president pro tempore shall jointly select the other chairperson of the commission from among the members of the commission. If the chairperson appointed pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection becomes vacant, the president pro tempore of the Senate and the Senate Republican president pro tempore, or the president pro tempore of the Senate, as the case may be, shall fill such vacancy. The chairpersons shall schedule the first meeting of the commission, which shall be held not later than sixty days after October 31, [2017] 2020.
(e) Not later than April 1, [2018] 2021, the commission shall submit a report on its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education and appropriations and the budgets of state agencies, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a.

Sec. 12. (Effective from passage) The Commissioner of Education shall establish a working group to study issues relating to the provision of world language instruction in public elementary schools. The working group shall examine the benefits associated with the early introduction of world language instruction to students and the feasibility of implementing a world languages requirement at the elementary school level. The commissioner shall select the members of the working group, provided such working group includes educators of world languages and members who represent boards of education, superintendents and parents of students. Not later than January 1, 2021, the commissioner shall submit a report on the working group's findings and any recommendations for legislation to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education,
in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.
Sec. 13. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 10-10a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(C) Data relating to schools and districts shall include, but not be limited to, (i) school population, (ii) annual student graduation rates, (iii) annual teacher retention rates, (iv) school disciplinary records, such as data relating to (I) suspensions, (II) expulsions, including the number of expulsion hearings conducted and the number of expulsions, and (III) other disciplinary actions, (v) the percentage of students whose primary language is not English, (vi) the number of and professional credentials of support personnel, (vii) information relating to instructional technology, such as access to computers, and (viii) disaggregated measures of school-based arrests pursuant to section $10-233 n$, as amended by this act.

Sec. 14. Subsection (c) of section 10-220 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(c) Annually, each local and regional board of education shall submit to the Commissioner of Education a strategic school profile report for each school and school or program of alternative education, as defined in section 10-74j, under its jurisdiction and for the school district as a whole. The superintendent of each local and regional school district shall present the profile report at the next regularly scheduled public meeting of the board of education after each November first. The profile report shall provide information on measures of (1) student needs, (2) school resources, including technological resources and utilization of such resources and infrastructure, (3) student and school performance, including in-school suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, [and] expulsions, including the number of expulsion hearings conducted and the number of expulsions, and the number of truants, as defined in section 10-198a, and chronically absent children, as defined in section

10-198c, (4) the number of students enrolled in an adult high school credit diploma program, pursuant to section 10-69, operated by a local or regional board of education or a regional educational service center, (5) equitable allocation of resources among its schools, (6) reduction of racial, ethnic and economic isolation, (7) special education, and (8) school-based arrests, as defined in section $10-233 \mathrm{n}$, as amended by this act. For purposes of this subsection, measures of special education include (A) special education identification rates by disability, (B) rates at which special education students are exempted from mastery testing pursuant to section $10-14 \mathrm{q}$, (C) expenditures for special education, including such expenditures as a percentage of total expenditures, (D) achievement data for special education students, (E) rates at which students identified as requiring special education are no longer identified as requiring special education, (F) the availability of supplemental educational services for students lacking basic educational skills, (G) the amount of special education student instructional time with nondisabled peers, (H) the number of students placed out-of-district, and (I) the actions taken by the school district to improve special education programs, as indicated by analyses of the local data provided in subparagraphs (A) to (H), inclusive, of this subdivision. The superintendent shall include in the narrative portion of the report information about parental involvement and any measures the district has taken to improve parental involvement, including, but not limited to, employment of methods to engage parents in the planning and improvement of school programs and methods to increase support to parents working at home with their children on learning activities. For purposes of this subsection, measures of truancy include the type of data that is required to be collected by the Department of Education regarding attendance and unexcused absences in order for the department to comply with federal reporting requirements and the actions taken by the local or regional board of education to reduce truancy in the school district. Such truancy data shall be considered a public record, as defined in section 1-200.

Sec. 15. Subsection (b) of section 10-233n of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2020):
(b) The Department of Education shall annually examine data relating to in-school suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, including the number of expulsion hearings conducted and the number of expulsions, and school-based arrests that has been submitted as part of the strategic school profile report pursuant to section 10-220, as amended by this act, and shall disaggregate such data by school, race, ethnicity, gender, age, students with disabilities, English language learners, as defined in section $10-76 \mathrm{kk}$, students who are eligible for free or reduced priced lunch pursuant to federal law and regulations, and type of offense for which the school-based arrests were made and the number of arrests made annually at each school within the school district. The department shall annually submit a report to the State Board of Education regarding the examination and disaggregation of such data and make the report available on the department's Internet web site.

Sec. 16. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2020) (a) For the school year commencing July 1, 2020, and each school year thereafter, each local and regional board of education and supervisory agent of a nonpublic school, in consultation with local emergency medical services providers and allied health professionals, shall develop and implement an emergency action plan for responding to serious and life-threatening sports-related injuries that occur during interscholastic and intramural athletic events.
(b) Such emergency action plan shall establish the procedures to be followed in the event that a student sustains a serious injury or illness while participating in an interscholastic or intramural athletic event, and shall include, but need not be limited to, the following components:
(1) A list of the school employees, coaches or licensed athletic trainers in each school who will be responsible for implementing the emergency action plan and a description of each person's responsibilities under the
plan;
(2) An identification of the location or venue where the interscholastic or intramural athletic event is taking place;
(3) A description of the equipment and supplies that may be available at the site of the interscholastic or intramural athletic event that will assist in responding to an emergency, including the location of where such equipment and supplies may be found at such site;
(4) A description of the procedures to be followed when a student sustains a serious sports-related injury, including, but not limited to, responding to the injured student, summoning emergency medical care, assisting local first responders in getting to the injured student and documenting the actions taken during the emergency;
(5) A description of the protocols to be followed during cardiac or respiratory emergencies, including the operation of an automatic external defibrillator, use of cardiopulmonary resuscitation or the administration of medication, in accordance with the provisions of section 10-212a of the general statutes;
(6) A description of the protocols to be followed when a student is observed to exhibit signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion or is diagnosed with a concussion, in accordance with the provisions of section 10-149c of the general statutes;
(7) A description of the protocols to be followed when a student suffers from a traumatic brain injury or spinal cord injury, provided such protocols are designed to include instructions that are based on the level of training of the person implementing the emergency action plan and are in accordance with best practices and state law; and
(8) A description of the protocols to be followed in the event of heat or cold-related emergencies, provided such protocols are in accordance with current professional standards.
(c) The emergency action plan shall be reviewed and rehearsed
annually by the school employees, coaches and licensed athletic trainers identified in the emergency action plan pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section. Such plan shall be updated as necessary.
(d) Any school employee, coach or licensed athletic trainer identified in the emergency action plan pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section shall be certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and have completed a course in first aid offered by the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, the Department of Public Health, any director of health or an organization using guidelines for first aid published by the American Heart Association and the American Red Cross.
(e) Each local and regional board of education and supervisory agent of a nonpublic school shall (1) distribute the emergency action plan to all school employees, coaches and licensed athletic trainers identified in the emergency action plan pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section, (2) post such emergency action plan in all athletic facilities and at all sites where interscholastic and intramural athletic events will take place, and (3) make such emergency action plan available on the Internet web site for the school district or school.
(f) In developing and implementing the emergency action plan, a local or regional board of education or supervisory agent of a nonpublic school may utilize existing and appropriate public or private materials, models, personnel and other resources, and may accept gifts, grants and donations, including in-kind donations, designated for the development and implementation of the emergency action plan.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

| Section 1 | July 1, 2020 | $10-145(\mathrm{a})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sec. 2 | July 1, 2020 | $10-221 \mathrm{a}(\mathrm{c})$ |
| Sec. 3 | July 1, 2020 | $10-15 \mathrm{c}(\mathrm{a})$ |
| Sec. 4 | July 1, 2020 | $10-145 \mathrm{~d}(\mathrm{f})$ |
| Sec. 5 | July 1, 2020 | $10-264 \mathrm{q}$ |
| Sec. 6 | July 1, 2020 | $10-155 \mathrm{k}$ |


| Sec. 7 | from passage | New section |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sec. 8 | July 1, 2020 | $10-220 \mathrm{a}(\mathrm{a})$ |
| Sec. 9 | July 1, 2020 | $10-214(\mathrm{a})$ |
| Sec. 10 | July 1, 2020 | $10-51(\mathrm{~d})(2)$ |
| Sec. 11 | July 1, 2020 | $10-15 \mathrm{i}$ |
| Sec. 12 | from passage | New section |
| Sec. 13 | July 1, 2020 | $10-10 \mathrm{a}(\mathrm{c})(1)(\mathrm{C})$ |
| Sec. 14 | July 1, 2020 | $10-220(\mathrm{c})$ |
| Sec. 15 | July 1, 2020 | $10-233 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{b})$ |
| Sec. 16 | July 1, 2020 | New section |

## Statement of Purpose:

To make various revisions and additions to the education statutes.
[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

