

General Assembly

February Session, 2024

Raised Bill No. 5419

Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE AUTHORITY OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO INITIATE LEGAL ACTIONS IN RESPONSE TO ALLEGED DISCRIMINATORY HOUSING PRACTICES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 46a-89 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

3 (a) (1) Whenever a complaint filed pursuant to section 46a-82 alleges 4 a violation of section 46a-60 or 46a-81c, and the executive director 5 believes that equitable relief is required to prevent irreparable harm to 6 the complainant, the commission may bring a petition in the superior 7 court for the judicial district of Hartford, the judicial district in which 8 the discriminatory practice which is the subject of the complaint 9 occurred or the judicial district in which the respondent resides, 10 provided this subdivision shall not apply to complaints against 11 employers with less than fifty employees.

(2) The petition shall seek appropriate temporary injunctive relief
against the respondent pending final disposition of the complaint
pursuant to the procedures set forth in this chapter. The injunctive relief

may include an order temporarily restraining the respondent from
doing any act that would render ineffectual any order a presiding officer
may render with respect to the complaint.

(3) Upon service on the respondent of notice pursuant to section 46a-89a, the respondent shall be temporarily restrained from taking any action that would render ineffectual the temporary injunctive relief requested in the petition, provided nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the respondent from having any employment duties enjoined under this section and section 46a-89a, from being carried out by another employee and the notice shall so provide.

25 (b) (1) Whenever a complaint filed pursuant to section 46a-82 alleges 26 a violation of section 46a-64, 46a-64c, 46a-81d or 46a-81e, [and the 27 commission] or, as a result of an investigation conducted pursuant to 28 section 3-129, of a potential violation of section 46a-64, 46a-64c, 46a-81d 29 or 46a-81e, and the commission or the Attorney General believes that 30 injunctive relief is required or that the imposition of punitive damages 31 or a civil penalty would be appropriate, the commission or Attorney 32 General may bring a petition in the superior court for the judicial district 33 in which the discriminatory practice which is the subject of the 34 complaint or investigation occurred or the judicial district in which the 35 respondent resides.

36 (2) The petition shall seek: (A) Appropriate injunctive relief, 37 including temporary or permanent orders or decrees restraining and 38 enjoining the respondent from selling or renting to anyone other than 39 the complainant or injured person or otherwise making unavailable to 40 the complainant or injured person any dwelling or commercial property 41 with respect to which the [complaint is made] petition is brought, 42 pending the final determination of such complaint by the commission 43 or such petition by the court; (B) an award of damages to the 44 complainant or injured person based on the remedies available under 45 subsection (c) of section 46a-86; (C) an award of punitive damages 46 payable to the complainant or the state in the case of a petition brought 47 by the Attorney General, not to exceed fifty thousand dollars; (D) a civil

48 penalty payable to the state against the respondent to vindicate the 49 public interest: (i) In an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars if 50 the respondent has not been adjudged to have committed any prior 51 discriminatory housing practice; (ii) in an amount not exceeding 52 twenty-five thousand dollars if the respondent has been adjudged to 53 have committed one other discriminatory housing practice during the 54 five-year period prior to the date of the filing of this [complaint] petition; 55 and (iii) in an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars if the 56 respondent has been adjudged to have committed two or more 57 discriminatory housing practices during the seven-year period prior to 58 the date of the filing of the [complaint] petition; except that if the acts 59 constituting the discriminatory housing practice that is the object of the 60 [complaint] petition are committed by the same natural person who has 61 been previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting a 62 discriminatory housing practice, then the civil penalties set forth in 63 clauses (ii) and (iii) of this subparagraph may be imposed without regard to the period of time within which any subsequent 64 65 discriminatory housing practice occurred; or (E) two or more of such 66 remedies.

67 (3) Upon service on the respondent of notice pursuant to section 46a-68 89a, the respondent shall be temporarily restrained from selling or 69 renting the dwelling or commercial property which is the subject of the 70 [complaint] petition to anyone other than the complainant or injured 71 person, or from otherwise making such dwelling or commercial 72 property unavailable to the complainant or injured person, until the 73 court or judge has decided the petition for temporary injunctive relief 74 and the notice shall so provide.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	October 1, 2024	46a-89

Statement of Purpose:

To permit the Attorney General to bring legal actions in response to alleged discriminatory housing practices.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]