

General Assembly

February Session, 2024

Raised Bill No. 5325

Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING PAYMENTS AND BENEFITS TO INDIVIDUALS WITH PARTIAL PERMANENT DISABILITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (b) of section 31-308 of the general statutes is
 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2024):

4 (b) With respect to the following injuries, the compensation, in 5 addition to the usual compensation for total incapacity but in lieu of all 6 other payments for compensation, shall be seventy-five per cent of the 7 average weekly earnings of the injured employee, calculated pursuant 8 to section 31-310, after such earnings have been reduced by any 9 deduction for federal or state taxes, or both, and for the federal 10 Insurance Contributions Act made from such employee's total wages 11 received during the period of calculation of the employee's average weekly wage pursuant to said section 31-310, but in no case more than 12 13 one hundred per cent, raised to the next even dollar, of the average 14 weekly earnings of production and related workers in manufacturing in 15 the state, as determined in accordance with the provisions of section 3116 309, or less than fifty dollars weekly. All of the following injuries include

- 17 the loss of the member or organ and the complete and permanent loss
- 18 of use of the member or organ referred to:

T1	MEMBER	INJURY	WEEKS OF
T2			COMPENSATION
T3	Arm		
T4	Master arm	Loss at or above elbow	208
Т5	Other arm	Loss at or above elbow	194
T6	Hand		
T7	Master hand	Loss at or above wrist	168
T8	Other hand	Loss at or above wrist	155
T9	One leg	Loss at or above knee	155
T10	One foot	Loss at or above ankle	125
T11	Hearing		
T12		Both ears	104
T13		One ear	35
T14	One eye		
T15		Complete and permanent	
T16		loss of sight in, or reductio	n
T17		of sight to one-tenth or less	5
T18		of normal vision	157
T19	Thumb*		
T20		On master hand	63
T21		On other hand	54
T22	Fingers**		
T23		First finger	36
T24		Second finger	29
T25		Third finger	21
T26		Fourth finger	17
T27	Toes***		
T28		Great toe	28
T29		Other toes	9

Back]	Number of weeks
	,	which the
	I	proportion of
	i	incapacity
	I	represents to a
	1	maximum of 374
		weeks
Heart		520
Brain		520
Carotid artery		520
Pancreas		416
Liver		347
Stomach		260
Loss of bladder		233
Speech		163
Lung		117
Cervical spine		[117] <u>208</u>
Kidney		117
Rib cage	Bilateral	69
Ovary		35
Testis		35
Mammary		35
Nose	Sense and respiratory function	on 35
Jaw	Mastication	35
Uterus		35-104
Vagina		35-104
Penis		35-104
Coccyx	Actual removal	35
Sense of smell		17
Sense of taste		17
Spleen	In addition to scar	13
Gall bladder		13
Tooth	Minimum	1
Loss of drainage du	act of eye	
(If corrected by p	-	17 for each

T65 Loss of drainage duct of eyeT66 (If uncorrected by prosthesis)T67 Pelvis

33 for each percentage of back

*The loss or loss of use of one phalanx of a thumb shall be construedas seventy-five per cent of the loss of the thumb.

**The loss or loss of use of one phalanx of a finger shall be construed
as fifty per cent of the loss of the finger. The loss of or loss of use of two
phalanges of a finger shall be construed as ninety per cent of the loss of
the finger.

***The loss or loss of use of one phalanx of a great toe shall be
construed as sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the loss of the great toe.
The loss of the greater part of any phalanx shall be construed as the loss
of a phalanx and shall be compensated accordingly.

29 If the injury consists of the loss of a substantial part of a member 30 resulting in a permanent partial loss of the use of a member, or if the 31 injury results in a permanent partial loss of function, the administrative 32 law judge may, in the administrative law judge's discretion, in lieu of 33 other compensation, award to the injured employee the proportion of 34 the sum provided in this subsection for the total loss of, or the loss of the 35 use of, the member or for incapacity or both that represents the 36 proportion of total loss or loss of use found to exist, and any voluntary 37 agreement submitted in which the basis of settlement is such 38 proportionate payment may, if otherwise conformable to the provisions 39 of this chapter, be approved by the administrative law judge in the administrative law judge's discretion. Notwithstanding the provisions 40 of this subsection, the complete loss or loss of use of an organ which 41 42 results in the death of an employee shall be compensable pursuant only 43 to section 31-306.

44 Sec. 2. Section 31-308a of the general statutes is repealed and the 45 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2024*):

(a) In addition to the compensation benefits provided by section 31-46 47 308, as amended by this act, for specific loss of a member or use of the 48 function of a member of the body, or any personal injury covered by this 49 chapter, the administrative law judge, after such payments provided by said section 31-308, as amended by this act, have been paid for the 50 51 period set forth in said section, may award additional compensation 52 benefits for such partial permanent disability equal to seventy-five per 53 cent of the difference between the wages currently earned by an 54 employee in a position comparable to the position held by such injured 55 employee prior to [his] the employee's injury, after such wages have 56 been reduced by any deduction for federal or state taxes, or both, and 57 for the federal Insurance Contributions Act in accordance with section 58 31-310, and the weekly amount which such employee will probably be 59 able to earn thereafter, after such amount has been reduced by any 60 deduction for federal or state taxes, or both, and for the federal 61 Insurance Contributions Act in accordance with section 31-310, to be 62 determined by the administrative law judge based upon the nature and 63 extent of the injury, the training, education and experience of the 64 employee, the availability of work for persons with such physical 65 condition and at the employee's age, but not more than one hundred per 66 cent, raised to the next even dollar, of the average weekly earnings of 67 production and related workers in manufacturing in the state, as 68 determined in accordance with the provisions of section 31-309. If 69 evidence of exact loss of earnings is not available, such loss may be 70 computed from the proportionate loss of physical ability or earning 71 power caused by the injury. The duration of such additional compensation shall be determined upon a similar basis by the 72 73 administrative law judge, but in no event shall the duration of such 74 additional compensation exceed the lesser of (1) the duration of the 75 employee's permanent partial disability benefits, or (2) five hundred 76 twenty weeks. Additional benefits provided under this section shall be 77 available only to employees who are willing and able to perform work 78 in this state. The administrative law judge may award an additional 79 compensation benefit of up to twice the duration of partial permanent 80 disability benefits awarded if the claimant has applied to participate in

81 <u>a vocational rehabilitation program established pursuant to section 31-</u>

82 <u>283a, as amended by this act, and has met with a vocational</u>
83 <u>rehabilitation counselor.</u>

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section,
additional benefits provided under this section shall be available only
when the nature of the injury and its effect on the earning capacity of an
employee warrant additional compensation.

88 Sec. 3. Section 31-283a of the general statutes is repealed and the 89 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2024*):

90 (a) The Department of Aging and Disability Services shall provide 91 rehabilitation programs for employees with compensable injuries 92 within the provisions of this chapter, which injuries [prevented] prevent 93 such employees from performing their customary or most recent work. 94 The Commissioner of Aging and Disability Services shall establish 95 rehabilitation programs [which shall] that best suit the needs of such 96 employees and shall make the programs available in convenient 97 locations throughout the state. After consultation with the Labor 98 Commissioner, the Commissioner of Aging and Disability Services may 99 establish fees for the programs, so as to provide the most effective 100 rehabilitation programs at a minimum rate. In order to carry out the 101 provisions of this section, the Commissioner of Aging and Disability 102 Services shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of 103 chapter 54, and, subject to the provisions of chapter 67, provide for the 104 employment of necessary assistants.

105 (b) The Commissioner of Aging and Disability Services [shall be 106 authorized to] may (1) enter into agreements with other state or federal 107 agencies to carry out the purposes of this section and expend money for 108 that purpose, [and] (2) on behalf of the state of Connecticut, develop 109 matching programs or activities to secure federal grants or funds for the 110 purposes of this section and may pledge or use funds supplied from the 111 administrative costs fund, as provided in section 31-345, to finance the 112 state's share of the programs or activities, and (3) within available

- 113 <u>appropriations, expand funding for rehabilitation programs to include</u>
- 114 stipends for individuals who attend such programs.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following
sections:Section 1July 1, 202431-308(b)Sec. 2July 1, 202431-308aSec. 3July 1, 202431-283a

Statement of Purpose:

To provide supplemental payments and benefits to individuals with partial permanent disabilities.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]