

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 5272

February Session, 2024



AN ACT CONCERNING THE EXPIRATION OF CERTAIN LAND USE APPROVALS AND THE NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION GUARANTY FUND.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (m) of section 8-3 of the 2024 supplement to the
- 2 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 3 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

site plan was approved.

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- 4 (m) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any site plan 5 approval made under this section [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 6 10, 2021, that has not expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, except 7 an approval made under subsection (j) of this section or as provided in 8 subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall expire not less than fourteen 9 years after the date of such approval and the commission may grant one 10 or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in 11 connection with such site plan, provided no approval, including all 12 extensions, shall be valid for more than nineteen years from the date the
- 14 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, <u>a commission that</u>
 15 <u>has granted</u> any site plan approval [made] under this section [on or after
 16 July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March
 17 10, 2020, except an approval made under subsection (j) of this section,

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18 shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval 19 and the commission may grant one or more extensions of time to 20 complete all or part of the work in connection with such site plan, 21 provided no approval, including all extensions, shall be valid for more 22 than nineteen years from the date the site plan was approved on or 23 before June 10, 2021, that has not expired on or before July 12, 2021, may, 24 by affirmative vote of the commission, set an earlier date upon which 25 such approval shall expire, provided the commission (A) holds a public 26 hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions 27 of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or 28 substandard work undertaken in connection with the site plan 29 approval, a condition exists that poses a significant hazard to the public, 30 or (ii) no work required in connection with the site plan approval has 31 been performed in the previous five years.

- Sec. 2. Subsection (e) of section 8-26c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 35 (e) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any 36 subdivision approval made under this section [prior to July 1, 2011] on 37 or before June 10, 2021, that has not expired [prior to] on or before July 38 12, 2021, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall 39 expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval and 40 the commission may grant one or more extensions of time to complete 41 all or part of the work in connection with such subdivision, provided no 42 subdivision approval, including all extensions, shall be valid for more 43 than nineteen years from the date the subdivision was approved.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a commission that has granted any subdivision approval [made] under this section [on or after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval and the commission may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in connection with such subdivision, provided no subdivision approval, including all

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extensions, shall be valid for more than nineteen years from the date the subdivision was approved] on or before June 10, 2021, that has not expired on or before July 12, 2021, may, by affirmative vote of the commission, set an earlier date upon which such approval shall expire, provided the commission (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or substandard work undertaken in connection with the approval, a condition exists that poses a significant hazard to the public, or (ii) no work required in connection with the approval has been performed in the previous five years.

Sec. 3. Subsection (c) of section 8-26g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (c) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for any subdivision of land for a project consisting of four hundred or more dwelling units and approved [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 10, 2021, that has not expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, any person, firm or corporation making such subdivision shall complete all work in connection with such subdivision not later than the date nineteen years after the date of approval of the plan for such subdivision. The commission's endorsement of approval on the plan shall state the date on which such nineteen-year period expires.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a commission that has granted approval for any subdivision of land for a project consisting of four hundred or more dwelling units [and approved on or after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, any person, firm or corporation making such subdivision shall complete all work in connection with such subdivision not later than the date nineteen years after the date of approval of the plan for such subdivision. The commission's endorsement of approval on the plan shall state the date on which such nineteen-year period expires] on or before June 10, 2021, that has not expired on or before July 12, 2021, may,

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- by affirmative vote of the commission, set an earlier date upon which such approval shall expire, provided the commission (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or substandard work undertaken in connection with the approval, a condition exists that poses a significant hazard to the public, or (ii) no work required in connection with the approval has been performed in the previous five years.
 - Sec. 4. Subsection (g) of section 22a-42a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (g) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section, any permit issued under this section [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 10, 2021, that has not expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval. Any such permit shall be renewed upon request of the permit holder unless the agency finds that there has been a substantial change in circumstances that requires a new permit application or an enforcement action has been undertaken with regard to the regulated activity for which the permit was issued, provided no such permit shall be valid for more than nineteen years.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section, an inland wetlands agency that has issued any permit [issued] under this section on or [after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval] before June 10, 2021, that has not expired on or before July 12, 2021, may, by affirmative vote of such agency, set an earlier date upon which such permit shall expire, provided the agency (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or substandard work undertaken in connection with the permit, a condition exists that poses a significant

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117 hazard to the public, or (ii) no work required in connection with the 118 permit has been performed in the previous five years. Any such permit 119 shall be renewed upon request of the permit holder unless the agency finds that there has been a substantial change in circumstances that 120 121 requires a new permit application or an enforcement action has been 122 undertaken with regard to the regulated activity for which the permit 123 was issued, provided no such permit shall be valid for more than 124 nineteen years.

Sec. 5. Subsection (c) of section 8-3c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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- 127 (c) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of 128 this section, any special permit or special exception approval made 129 under this section [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 10, 2021, that 130 has not expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, except as provided 131 in subdivision (2) of this subsection, and that specified a deadline by 132 which all work in connection with such approval is required to be 133 completed, shall expire not less than nineteen years after the date of such 134 approval and the commission may grant one or more extensions of time 135 to complete all or part of the work in connection with such special 136 permit or special exception.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a commission that has granted any special permit or special exception approval [made] under this section on or [after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, and that specified a deadline by which all work in connection with such approval is required to be completed, shall expire not less than nineteen years after the date of such approval and the commission may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in connection with such special permit or special exception] before June 10, 2021, that has not expired on or before July 12, 2021, may, by affirmative vote of the commission, set an earlier date upon which such permit or approval shall expire, provided the commission (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions

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- 150 of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or
- 151 <u>substandard work undertaken in connection with the permit or</u>
- 152 <u>approval</u>, a condition exists that poses a significant hazard to the public,
- or (ii) no work required in connection with the permit or approval has
- been performed in the previous five years.
- Sec. 6. Subsection (b) of section 8-26e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 157 passage):

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- 158 (b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 159 section, any special permit or special exception approval made under 160 this section [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 10, 2021, that has not 161 expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, and that specified a deadline 162 by which all work in connection with such approval is required to be 163 completed, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall 164 expire not less than nineteen years after the date of such approval and 165 the commission may grant one or more extensions of time to complete 166 all or part of the work in connection with such special permit or special 167 exception.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a commission that has granted any special permit or special exception approval [made] under this section on or [after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, and that specified a deadline by which all work in connection with such approval is required to be completed, shall expire not less than nineteen years after the date of such approval and the commission may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in connection with such special permit or special exception] before June 10, 2021, that has not expired on or before July 12, 2021, may, by affirmative vote of the commission, set an earlier date upon which such permit or approval shall expire, provided the commission (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or substandard work undertaken in connection with the permit or approval, a condition exists

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- that poses a significant hazard to the public, or (ii) no work required in connection with the permit or approval has been performed in the previous five years.
- Sec. 7. Section 8-3k of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (a) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act, any site plan, subdivision or permit approval by a zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency pursuant to the provisions of any such special act that occurred [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 10, 2021, and that has not expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval and such commission, board or agency, as applicable, may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in connection with such approval, provided no approval, including all extensions, shall be valid for more than nineteen years from the date the site plan, subdivision or permit was initially approved.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act, a zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency that has approved any site plan, subdivision or permit [approval by a zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency] pursuant to the provisions of any such special act [that] when such approval occurred on or [after July 1, 2011, but prior to July 10, 2021, and that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval and such commission, board or agency, as applicable, may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in connection with such approval, provided no approval, including all extensions, shall be valid for more than nineteen years from the date the site plan, subdivision or permit was initially approved] before June 10, 2021, and has not expired

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on or before July 12, 2021, may, by affirmative vote of the zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency, set an earlier date upon which such approval shall expire, provided such commission, board or agency (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of incomplete or substandard work undertaken in connection with the approval, a condition exists that poses a significant hazard to the public, or (ii) no work required in connection with the approval has been performed in the previous five years.

- (b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act, any special permit or special exception approval by a zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency pursuant to the provisions of any such special act that occurred [prior to July 1, 2011] on or before June 10, 2021, that has not expired [prior to] on or before July 12, 2021, and that specified a deadline by which all work in connection with such approval is required to be completed, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall expire not less than nineteen years after the date of such approval and such commission, board or agency, as applicable, may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the work in connection with such special permit or special exception approval.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act, <u>a zoning</u> commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency that <u>has approved</u> any special permit or special exception [approval by a zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands agency] pursuant to the provisions of any such special act [that] <u>when such approval</u> occurred on or [after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, and that specified a deadline by which all work in connection with such approval is required

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- 250 to be completed, shall expire not less than nineteen years after the date 251 of such approval and such commission, board or agency, as applicable, 252 may grant one or more extensions of time to complete all or part of the 253 work in connection with such special permit or special exception 254 approval] before June 10, 2021, and has not expired on or before July 12, 255 2021, may, by affirmative vote of the zoning commission, planning 256 commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board 257 of appeals or inland wetlands agency, set an earlier date upon which 258 such approval shall expire, provided such commission, board or agency 259 (A) holds a public hearing on such proposed earlier date in accordance 260 with the provisions of section 8-7d, and (B) finds that (i) because of 261 incomplete or substandard work undertaken in connection with the 262 approval, a condition exists that poses a significant hazard to the public, 263 or (ii) no work required in connection with the approval has been 264 performed in the previous five years.
- Sec. 8. Section 20-417a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):
- As used in this section and sections 20-417b to 20-417j, inclusive:
- 268 (1) "Certificate" means a certificate of registration issued under section 20-417b;
- 270 (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Consumer 271 Protection or any person designated by the commissioner to administer 272 and enforce this section and sections 20-417b to 20-417j, inclusive;
- 273 (3) "Contract" means any agreement between a new home 274 construction contractor and a consumer for the construction or sale of a 275 new home or any portion of a new home prior to occupancy;
- 276 (4) "Controlling participant" means an individual who exercises day-277 to-day financial or operational control of a business entity that is a new 278 home construction contractor;
- [(4)] (5) "Engage in the business" means that the person engages in

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- 280 the business for the purpose of compensation or profit;
- [(5)] (6) "New home construction contractor" means any person who contracts with a consumer to construct or sell a new home or any portion
- 283 of a new home prior to occupancy;
- [(6)] (7) "New home" means any newly constructed (A) single-family
- dwelling unit, (B) dwelling consisting of not more than two units, or (C)
- unit, common element or limited common element in a condominium,
- as defined in section 47-68a, or in a common interest community, as
- 288 defined in section 47-202;
- [(7)] (8) "Person" means one or more individuals, partnerships,
- associations, corporations, limited liability companies, business trusts,
- 291 legal representatives or any organized group of persons;
- [(8)] (9) "Consumer" means the buyer or prospective buyer, or the
- buyer's or prospective buyer's heirs or designated representatives, of
- any new home or the owner of property on which a new home is being
- or will be constructed regardless of whether such owner obtains a
- 296 building permit as the owner of the premises affected pursuant to
- 297 section 29-263; and
- [(9)] (10) "Completion" means the stage of construction of a new home
- 299 in which the new home construction contractor is in receipt of the
- 300 certificate of occupancy for such new home issued by the municipality
- in which such new home is constructed.
- Sec. 9. Subsections (c) to (n), inclusive, of section 20-417i of the general
- 303 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 304 (Effective July 1, 2024, and effective for fiscal years commencing on or after
- 305 *July 1, 2024*):
- 306 (c) (1) For fiscal years commencing on or after July 1, 2003, payments
- received under subsection (b) of this section shall be credited to the New
- 308 Home Construction Guaranty Fund until the balance in the fund equals
- 309 [seven] six hundred fifty thousand dollars. Annually, if the balance in

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the fund exceeds [seven] <u>six</u> hundred fifty thousand dollars, the first [three] <u>four</u> hundred thousand dollars of the excess shall be deposited in the consumer protection enforcement account established in section 21a-8a. On June 1, 2004, and each June first thereafter, if the balance in the fund exceeds [seven] <u>six</u> hundred fifty thousand dollars, the excess shall be deposited in the General Fund.

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- (2) Any money in the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund may be invested or reinvested in the same manner as funds of the state employees retirement system and the interest arising from such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- (d) Whenever a consumer obtains a binding arbitration decision, a court judgment, order or decree against or regarding any new home construction contractor holding a certificate or who has held a certificate under sections 20-417a to 20-417j, inclusive, as amended by this act, or against or regarding any controlling participant, within two years of the date [of entering] such contractor entered into the contract with the consumer, for loss or damages sustained by reason of any violation of the provisions of sections 20-417a to 20-417j, inclusive, as amended by this act, by a person holding a certificate under said sections, such consumer may, upon the final determination of, or expiration of time for taking, an appeal in connection with any such decision, judgment, order or decree, apply to the commissioner for an order directing payment out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund of the amount, not exceeding [thirty] fifty thousand dollars, unpaid upon the decision, judgment, order or decree for actual damages and costs taxed by the court against such contractor or controlling participant, exclusive of punitive damages. The application shall be made on forms provided by the commissioner and shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision, court judgment, order or decree obtained against the new home construction contractor or controlling participant together with a statement signed and sworn to by the consumer, affirming that the consumer has: (1) Complied with all the requirements of this subsection; (2) obtained a decision, judgment, order or decree stating the amount of the decision, judgment, order or decree and the amount owing on the

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decision, judgment, order or decree at the date of application; and (3) made a good faith effort to satisfy any such decision, judgment, order or decree in accordance with the provisions of chapter 906 which effort may include causing to be issued a writ of execution upon such decision, judgment, order or decree but the officer executing the same has made a return showing that no bank accounts or personal property of such contractor liable to be levied upon in satisfaction of the decision, judgment, order or decree could be found, or that the amount realized on the sale of them or of such of them as were found, under the execution, was insufficient to satisfy the actual damage portion of the decision, judgment, order or decree or stating the amount realized and the balance remaining due on the decision, judgment, order or decree after application on the decision, judgment, order or decree of the amount realized, except that the requirements of this subdivision shall not apply to a judgment, order or decree obtained by the consumer in small claims court. A true and attested copy of such executing officer's return, when required, shall be attached to such application. Whenever the consumer satisfies the commissioner or the commissioner's designee that it is not practicable to comply with the requirements of subdivision (3) of this subsection and that the consumer has taken all reasonable steps to collect the amount of the decision, judgment, order or decree or the unsatisfied part of the decision, judgment, order or decree and has been unable to collect the same, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee may, in the commissioner's or the commissioner's designee's discretion, dispense with the necessity for complying with such requirement. No application for an order directing payment out of the fund shall be made later than two years from the final determination of, or expiration of time for taking, an appeal of such decision, court judgment, order or decree and no such application shall be for an amount in excess of [thirty] <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars.

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(e) Upon receipt of such application together with such copy of the decision, court judgment, order or decree, statement and, except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section, <u>a</u> true and attested copy of the executing officer's return, the commissioner or the

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commissioner's designee shall inspect such documents for their veracity and upon a determination that such documents are complete and authentic and that the consumer has not been paid, the commissioner shall order payment out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund of the amount not exceeding [thirty] <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars unpaid upon the decision, judgment, order or decree for actual damages and costs taxed by the court against the contractor <u>or controlling participant</u>, exclusive of punitive damages.

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(f) Beginning October 1, 2000, whenever a consumer is awarded an order of restitution against any new home construction contractor, or a controlling participant, for loss or damages sustained as a result of any violation of the provisions of sections 20-417a to 20-417j, inclusive, as amended by this act, by a person holding a certificate or who has held a certificate under said sections within two years of the date [of entering] such contractor entered into the contract with the consumer, in (1) a proceeding brought by the commissioner pursuant to subsection [(h)] (i) of this section or subsection (d) of section 42-110d, (2) a proceeding brought by the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (a) of section 42-110m or subsection (d) of section 42-110d, or (3) a criminal proceeding pursuant to section 20-417e, such consumer may, upon the final determination of, or expiration of time for taking, an appeal in connection with any such order of restitution, apply to the commissioner for an order directing payment out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund of the amount not exceeding [thirty] fifty thousand dollars unpaid upon the order of restitution. The commissioner may issue such order upon a determination that the consumer has not been paid.

(g) Whenever the commissioner orders payment to a consumer out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund based upon a decision, judgment, order or decree of restitution against a controlling participant, both such controlling participant and the new home construction contractor who entered into a contract with such consumer shall be liable for the resulting debt to the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund.

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[(g)] (h) Before the commissioner may issue any order directing payment out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund to a consumer pursuant to subsection (e) or (f) of this section, the commissioner shall first notify the new home construction contractor or controlling participant of the consumer's application for an order directing payment out of the fund and of the new home construction contractor's or controlling participant's right to a hearing to contest the disbursement in the event that such contractor or controlling participant has already paid the consumer. Such notice shall be given to the new home construction contractor not later than fifteen days after receipt by the commissioner of the consumer's application for an order directing payment out of the fund. If the new home construction contractor requests a hearing, in writing, by certified mail not later than fifteen days after receiving the notice from the commissioner, the commissioner shall grant such request and shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. If the commissioner does not receive a written request for a hearing by certified mail from the new home construction contractor on or before the fifteenth day from the contractor's receipt of such notice, the commissioner shall conclude that the consumer has not been paid, and the commissioner shall issue an order directing payment out of the fund for the amount not exceeding [thirty] fifty thousand dollars unpaid upon the judgment, order or decree for actual damages and costs taxed by the court against the new home construction contractor or controlling participant, exclusive of punitive damages, or for the amount not exceeding [thirty] fifty thousand dollars unpaid upon the order of restitution.

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[(h)] (i) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may proceed against any new home construction contractor holding a certificate or who has held a certificate under sections 20-417a to 20-417j, inclusive, as amended by this act, within two years of the effective date of entering into the contract with the consumer, or a controlling participant, for an order of restitution arising from loss or damages sustained by any consumer as a result of any violation of the provisions of said sections 20-417a to 20-417j, inclusive, by the contractor or

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controlling participant. Any such proceeding shall be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. In the course of such proceeding, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall decide whether to (1) exercise the powers specified in section 20-417c, (2) order restitution arising from loss or damages sustained by any consumer as a result of any violation of the provisions of sections 20-417a to 20-417j, inclusive, as amended by this act, and (3) order payment out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 54, the decision of the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall be final with respect to any proceeding to order payment out of the fund and the commissioner and the commissioner's designee shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 54 as such requirements relate to an appeal from any such decision. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may hear complaints of all consumers submitting claims against a single new home construction contractor in one proceeding.

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- [(i)] (j) No application for an order directing payment out of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund shall be made later than two years from the final determination of [, or expiration of time for, an appeal in connection with] any judgment, order or decree of restitution, and no such application shall be for an amount in excess of [thirty] <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars.
- [(j)] (k) In order to preserve the integrity of the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund, the commissioner, in the commissioner's sole discretion, may order payment out of the fund of an amount less than the actual loss or damages incurred by the consumer or less than the order of restitution awarded by the commissioner or the Superior Court. In no event shall any payment out of the fund be in excess of [thirty] <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars for any single claim by a consumer.
- [(k)] (1) If the money deposited in the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund is insufficient to satisfy any duly authorized claim or portion of a claim, the commissioner shall, when sufficient money has been deposited in the fund, satisfy such unpaid claims or portions of

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claims not exceeding [thirty] <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars, in the order that such claims or portions of claims were originally determined.

[(l)] (m) Whenever the commissioner has caused any sum to be paid from the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund to a consumer, the commissioner shall be subrogated to all of the rights of the consumer up to the amount paid plus reasonable interest, and prior to receipt of any payment from the fund, the consumer shall assign all of the consumer's right, title and interest in the claim up to such amount to the commissioner, and any amount and interest recovered by the commissioner on the claim shall be deposited in the fund.

[(m)] (n) If the commissioner orders the payment of any amount as a result of a claim against a new home construction contractor, or a controlling participant, the commissioner shall determine if such contractor or controlling participant is possessed of assets liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the claim on the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund. If the commissioner discovers any such assets, the commissioner may request that the Attorney General take any action necessary for the reimbursement of the fund.

[(n)] (o) If the commissioner orders the payment of an amount as a result of a claim against a new home construction contractor, or a controlling participant, the commissioner may, after notice and hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, revoke the certificate of such contractor and such contractor shall not be eligible to receive a new or renewed certificate until such contractor has repaid such amount in full, plus interest from the time such payment is made from the New Home Construction Guaranty Fund, at a rate to be in accordance with section 37-3b, except that the commissioner may, in the commissioner's sole discretion, permit a new home construction contractor to receive a new or renewed certificate after such contractor has entered into an agreement with the commissioner whereby such contractor agrees to repay the fund in full in the form of periodic payments over a set period of time. Any such agreement shall include a provision providing for the summary suspension of any and all certificates held by the new home

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512 construction contractor if payment is not made in accordance with the 513 terms of the agreement.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	from passage	8-3(m)
Sec. 2	from passage	8-26c(e)
Sec. 3	from passage	8-26g(c)
Sec. 4	from passage	22a-42a(g)
Sec. 5	from passage	8-3c(c)
Sec. 6	from passage	8-26e(b)
Sec. 7	from passage	8-3k
Sec. 8	October 1, 2024	20-417a
Sec. 9	July 1, 2024, and effective	20-417i(c) to (n)
	for fiscal years	
	commencing on or after	
	July 1, 2024	

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