

General Assembly

February Session, 2022

## Raised Bill No. 5208

Referred to Committee on HOUSING

Introduced by: (HSG)

## AN ACT CONCERNING HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR JUSTICE-IMPACTED PERSONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 46a-64b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):
- As used in sections 46a-51 to 46a-99, inclusive, as amended by this
  <u>act</u>:
- 5 <u>(1) "Conviction" means a judgment entered by a court upon a plea of</u> 6 guilty, a plea of nolo contendere or a finding of guilty by a jury or the 7 <u>court</u>, notwithstanding any pending appeal or habeas corpus 8 proceeding arising from such judgment.
- 9 [(1)] (2) "Discriminatory housing practice" means any discriminatory 10 practice specified in section 46a-64c<u>, section 2 of this act</u> or section 46a-11 81e.
- 12 [(2)] (3) "Dwelling" means any building, structure, mobile 13 manufactured home park or portion thereof which is occupied as, or

14 designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more
15 families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the
16 construction or location thereon of any such building, structure, mobile
17 manufactured home park or portion thereof.

[(3)] (4) "Fair Housing Act" means Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of
1968, as amended, and known as the federal Fair Housing Act (42 USC
3600-3620).

21 [(4)] (5) "Family" includes a single individual.

[(5)] (6) "Familial status" means one or more individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen years being domiciled with a parent or another person having legal custody of such individual or individuals; or the designee of such parent or other person having such custody with the written permission of such parent or other person; or any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years.

29 [(6)] (7) "Housing for older persons" means housing: (A) Provided 30 under any state or federal program that the Secretary of the United 31 States Department of Housing and Urban Development determines is 32 specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons as defined 33 in the state or federal program; or (B) intended for, and solely occupied 34 by, persons sixty-two years of age or older; or (C) intended and operated 35 for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per 36 unit in accordance with the standards set forth in the Fair Housing Act 37 and regulations developed pursuant thereto by the Secretary of the 38 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(8) "Housing provider" means a landlord, an owner, an agent of such
 landlord or owner, a real estate agent, a property manager, a housing
 authority as created in section 8-40, a public housing agency or other
 entity that provides dwelling units to tenants or prospective tenants.

43 (9) "Landlord" means the owner, lessor or sublessor of the dwelling
44 unit, the building of which it is a part or the premises.

[(7)] (10) "Mobile manufactured home park" means a plot of land
upon which two or more mobile manufactured homes occupied for
residential purposes are located.

48 (<u>11) "Owner" means one or more persons, jointly or severally, in</u> 49 whom is vested (A) all or part of the legal title to a dwelling unit, the 50 building of which it is a part or the premises, or (B) all or part of the 51 beneficial ownership and a right to present use and enjoyment of the 52 premises, including a mortgagee in possession.

[(8)] (12) "Physical or mental disability" includes, but is not limited to,
intellectual disability, as defined in section 1-1g, and physical disability,
as defined in subdivision (15) of section 46a-51, and also includes, but is
not limited to, persons who have a handicap as that term is defined in
the Fair Housing Act.

[(9)] (13) "Residential-real-estate-related transaction" means (A) the making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling, or secured by residential real estate; or (B) the selling, brokering or appraising of residential real property.

63 [(10)] (<u>14</u>) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and to 64 otherwise grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises not 65 owned by the occupant.

66 Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2022) (a) Except as provided in 67 subsections (g) and (h) of this section, it shall be a discriminatory 68 practice in violation of this section for a housing provider to refuse to 69 rent after making a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the rental 70 of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny a dwelling unit or deny 71 occupancy in a dwelling unit, to any person based on such person's 72 criminal record, except for (1) a conviction for the commission of a 73 misdemeanor described in subsection (b) of this section during the three 74 years immediately preceding the rental application, or (2) a conviction 75 for the commission of a felony described in subsection (b) of this section 76 during the seven years immediately preceding the rental application.

(b) Within the three-year or seven-year period specified in subsection (a) of this section, before denying a rental application based on the criminal conviction of any applicant, a housing provider shall consider (1) the nature and severity of the crime, (2) the relationship, if any, the crime may have to the prospective tenancy of the convicted person, (3) information pertaining to the degree of rehabilitation of the convicted person, and (4) the time elapsed since the conviction.

84 (c) In ascertaining whether an applicant has committed a crime, a 85 housing provider shall comply with all applicable laws, including, but 86 not limited to, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 USC 1681 et seq., as 87 amended from time to time. An applicant's rental application may not 88 be denied based on (1) an official or unofficial record of an arrest or a 89 charge or other allegation of a criminal act not followed by a conviction, 90 (2) a violation of a condition of probation or parole resulting from 91 conduct that would not be criminal if it were not prohibited by such 92 condition, (3) a record of a conviction that has been erased, or (4) a 93 conviction for conduct that occurred when the applicant was a minor.

94 (d) Prior to denying a rental application under this section, a housing 95 provider shall provide written notice to the applicant that the 96 application requires further review due to the applicant's criminal 97 conviction. The housing provider shall provide the applicant at least five 98 business days in which to respond to such notice and present relevant 99 mitigating information regarding the conviction and evidence that the 100 applicant would be a suitable tenant. Such evidence may include, but is 101 not limited to, the following factors: (1) The nature and severity of the 102 criminal offense; (2) the facts or circumstances surrounding the criminal 103 conduct; (3) the age of the applicant at the time of the offense; (4) the 104 length of time elapsed since the offense; (5) evidence the applicant has 105 maintained a good tenant history before or after the offense; (6) the 106 applicant's employment status; (7) any volunteer or charitable activities 107 the applicant has engaged in; (8) any information produced by the 108 applicant, or produced on the applicant's behalf, in regard to the applicant's rehabilitation, good character or good conduct since the 109 110 offense; and (9) any other evidence that the offense is unlikely to

reoccur. If, after consideration of evidence relevant to the factors set 111 112 forth in this subsection, the housing provider rejects an applicant's 113 rental application based on the conviction of a crime, the housing 114 provider shall give a written explanation for such rejection and 115 specifically state the evidence presented and reasons for rejection. The 116 housing provider shall send a copy of such rejection by registered mail 117 to the applicant at the address provided in the rental application and 118 shall retain a copy of such rejection for at least two years from the time 119 such rejection was sent.

120 (e) If a dwelling unit becomes unavailable after the housing provider 121 has received an application but before the housing provider has 122 determined whether to deny the application pursuant to subsections (b) 123 to (d), inclusive, of this section, the housing provider shall evaluate the 124 application to determine whether the application would have been 125 denied pursuant to subsections (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section. If a 126 denial of the application would violate the provisions of this section, the housing provider shall consider the applicant for the housing provider's 127 128 next available dwelling unit. A housing provider shall retain any rental 129 application received and records concerning how each was dealt with 130 for not less than two years after receiving such application.

131 (f) Except as provided in subsections (g) and (h) of this section, it shall 132 be a discriminatory practice in violation of this section to (1) 133 discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of 134 the rental of a dwelling unit, or in the provision of services or facilities 135 in connection with the rental of such dwelling unit, because of such 136 person's criminal conviction status; (2) make, print or publish, or cause 137 to be made, printed or published, any notice, statement or 138 advertisement with respect to the rental of a dwelling unit that indicates 139 any preference, limitation or discrimination based on criminal 140 conviction status, or an intention to make any such preference, 141 limitation or discrimination; (3) represent to any person because of 142 criminal conviction status that any dwelling unit is not available for 143 inspection or rental if such dwelling unit is so available; and (4) inquire 144 about an applicant's prior arrests, criminal charges or convictions on an

initial application for rental of a dwelling unit unless required to do soby federal law.

147 (g) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a person who applies for public housing who has a conviction for manufacture or 148 149 production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted 150 housing, or to a person subject to a lifetime registration requirement 151 under a state registration program pursuant to 24 CFR 960.204 and 24 152 CFR 982.553. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the 153 applicability of 24 CFR 960.204 or 24 CFR 982.553 regarding a public 154 housing authority.

(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to (1) the rental of a room or rooms in a single-family dwelling if the owner maintains and occupies part of such unit as such owner's residence, or (2) a unit in a dwelling containing not more than four units if the owner maintains and occupies one of such other units as such owner's residence.

(i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the applicability
of any reasonable statute or municipal ordinance restricting the
maximum number of persons permitted to occupy a dwelling.

(j) Any person aggrieved by a violation of this section may file a
complaint not later than one hundred eighty days after the alleged act
of discrimination, pursuant to section 46a-82 of the general statutes, as
amended by this act.

167 (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of chapter 814c of the 168 general statutes, complaints alleging a violation of this section shall be 169 investigated not later than one hundred days after filing and a final 170 administrative disposition shall be made not later than one year after 171 filing unless it is impracticable to do so. If the Commission on Human 172 Rights and Opportunities is unable to complete its investigation or make 173 a final administrative determination within such time frames, it shall 174 notify the complainant and the respondent, in writing, of the reasons for 175 not doing so.

(l) Not later than November 1, 2022, the Commission on Human
Rights and Opportunities shall post, and thereafter update as necessary,
a model form on its Internet web site for housing providers to use in
evaluating evidence and other information received under subsection
(c) of this section.

181 Sec. 3. Section 8-45a of the general statutes is repealed and the 182 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

183 A housing authority, as defined in subsection (b) of section 8-39, in 184 determining eligibility for the rental of public housing units may 185 establish criteria and consider relevant information concerning (1) an 186 applicant's or any proposed occupant's history of criminal activity 187 involving: (A) Crimes of physical violence to persons or property, (B) 188 crimes involving the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution or use of, or 189 possession with intent to manufacture, sell, use or distribute, a 190 controlled substance, as defined in section 21a-240, or (C) other criminal 191 acts which would adversely affect the health, safety or welfare of other 192 tenants, (2) an applicant's or any proposed occupant's abuse, or pattern of abuse, of alcohol when the housing authority has reasonable cause to 193 194 believe that such applicant's or proposed occupant's abuse, or pattern of 195 abuse, of alcohol may interfere with the health, safety or right to 196 peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents, and (3) an 197 applicant or any proposed occupant who is subject to a lifetime 198 registration requirement under section 54-252 on account of being 199 convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a 200 sexually violent offense. In evaluating any such information, the 201 housing authority shall give consideration to the time, nature and extent 202 of the applicant's or proposed occupant's conduct and to factors which 203 might indicate a reasonable probability of favorable future conduct such 204 as evidence of rehabilitation and evidence of the willingness of the applicant, the applicant's family or the proposed occupant to participate 205 in social service or other appropriate counseling programs and the 206 207 availability of such programs. Except as otherwise provided by law, a housing authority shall limit its consideration of an applicant's or 208 209 proposed occupant's history of criminal activity to the applicable time

210 <u>periods established under subsection (a) of section 2 of this act.</u>

Sec. 4. Subdivision (8) of section 46a-51 of the 2022 supplement to the
general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

(8) "Discriminatory practice" means a violation of section 4a-60, 4a60a, 4a-60g, 31-40y, subparagraph (C) of subdivision (15) of section 46a54, subdivisions (16) and (17) of section 46a-54, section 46a-58, 46a-59,
46a-60, 46a-64, 46a-64c, section 2 of this act, section 46a-66, 46a-68, 46a68c to 46a-68f, inclusive, or 46a-70 to 46a-78, inclusive, subsection (a) of
section 46a-80 or sections 46a-81b to 46a-81o, inclusive;

Sec. 5. Subdivision (8) of section 46a-51 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by section 10 of public act 21-32, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January* 1, 2023):

224 (8) "Discriminatory practice" means a violation of section 4a-60, 4a-60a, 4a-60g, 31-40y, subsection (b), (d), (e) or (f) of section 31-51i, 225 226 subparagraph (C) of subdivision (15) of section 46a-54, subdivisions (16) 227 and (17) of section 46a-54, section 46a-58, 46a-59, 46a-60, 46a-64, 46a-64c, 228 section 2 of this act, section 46a-66, 46a-68, 46a-68c to 46a-68f, inclusive, 229 or 46a-70 to 46a-78, inclusive, subsection (a) of section 46a-80 or sections 230 46a-81b to 46a-81o, inclusive, and sections 46a-80b to 46a-80e, inclusive, 231 and sections 46a-80k to 46a-80m, inclusive;

Sec. 6. Subdivision (14) of section 46a-54 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

(14) To require the posting, by any respondent or other person subject
to the requirements of section 46a-64, 46a-64c, section 2 of this act,
section 46a-81d or 46a-81e, of such notices of statutory provisions as it
deems desirable;

239 Sec. 7. Section 46a-74 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes

is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*EffectiveOctober 1, 2022*):

No state department, board or agency may permit any
discriminatory practice in violation of section 46a-59, 46a-64, [or] 46a64c or section 2 of this act.

Sec. 8. Section 46a-74 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by section 29 of public act 21-32, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1*, 2023):

No state department, board or agency may permit any
discriminatory practice in violation of section 46a-59, 46a-64, 46a-64c,
<u>section 2 of this act, section</u> 46a-80b to 46a-80e, inclusive, or 46a-80k to
46a-80m, inclusive.

Sec. 9. Subsection (a) of section 46a-82 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

255 (a) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an alleged discriminatory 256 practice, except for an alleged violation of section 4a-60g or 46a-68 or the 257 provisions of sections 46a-68c to 46a-68f, inclusive, may, by himself or 258 herself or by such person's attorney, file with the commission a 259 complaint in writing under oath, except that a complaint that alleges a 260 violation of section 46a-64c or section 2 of this act need not be notarized. 261 The complaint shall state the name and address of the person alleged to 262 have committed the discriminatory practice, provide a short and plain 263 statement of the allegations upon which the claim is based and contain 264 such other information as may be required by the commission. After the 265 filing of a complaint, the commission shall provide the complainant 266 with a notice that: (1) Acknowledges receipt of the complaint; and (2) 267 advises of the time frames and choice of forums available under this 268 chapter.

269 Sec. 10. Subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 46a-83 of the 270 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

272 (a) Not later than fifteen days after the date of filing of any 273 discriminatory practice complaint pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of 274section 46a-82, as amended by this act, or an amendment to such 275 complaint adding an additional respondent, the commission shall serve 276 the respondent as provided in section 46a-86a with the complaint and a 277 notice advising of the procedural rights and obligations of a respondent 278 under this chapter. The respondent shall either (1) file a written answer 279 to the complaint as provided in subsection (b) of this section, or (2) not 280 later than ten days after the date of receipt of the complaint, provide 281 written notice to the complainant and the commission that the 282 respondent has elected to participate in pre-answer conciliation, except 283 that a discriminatory practice complaint alleging a violation of section 284 46a-64c or 46a-81e shall not be subject to pre-answer conciliation. A 285 complaint sent by first class mail shall be considered to be received not 286 later than two days after the date of mailing, unless the respondent 287 proves otherwise. The commission shall conduct a pre-answer 288 conciliation conference not later than thirty days after the date of 289 receiving the respondent's request for pre-answer conciliation.

290 (b) Except as provided in this subsection, not later than thirty days 291 after the date (1) of receipt of the complaint, or (2) on which the 292 commission determines that the pre-answer conciliation conference was 293 unsuccessful, the respondent shall file a written answer to the 294 complaint, under oath, with the commission. The respondent may 295 request, and the commission may grant, one extension of time of not 296 more than fifteen days within which to file a written answer to the 297 complaint. An answer to any amendment to a complaint shall be filed 298 within twenty days of the date of receipt to such amendment. The 299 answer to any complaint alleging a violation of section 46a-64c, section 300 <u>2 of this act</u> or <u>section</u> 46a-81e shall be filed not later than ten days after 301 the date of receipt of the complaint.

302 (c) Not later than sixty days after the date of the filing of the 303 respondent's answer, the executive director or the executive director's

304 designee shall conduct a case assessment review to determine whether 305 the complaint should be retained for further processing or dismissed 306 because (1) it fails to state a claim for relief or is frivolous on its face, (2) 307 the respondent is exempt from the provisions of this chapter, or (3) there 308 is no reasonable possibility that investigating the complaint will result 309 in a finding of reasonable cause. The case assessment review shall 310 include the complaint, the respondent's answer and the responses to the 311 commission's requests for information, and the complainant's 312 comments, if any, to the respondent's answer and information 313 responses. The executive director or the executive director's designee 314 shall send notice of any action taken pursuant to the case assessment 315 review in accordance with section 46a-86a. For any complaint dismissed 316 pursuant to this subsection, the executive director or the executive 317 director's designee shall issue a release of jurisdiction allowing the 318 complainant to bring a civil action under section 46a-100. This 319 subsection and subsection (e) of this section shall not apply to any 320 complaint alleging a violation of section 46a-64c, section 2 of this act or 321 section 46a-81e. The executive director shall report the results of the case 322 assessment reviews made pursuant to this subsection to the commission 323 quarterly during each year.

Sec. 11. Subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of section 46a-83 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

327 (2) If the investigator makes a finding that there is reasonable cause 328 to believe that a violation of section 46a-64c or section 2 of this act has 329 occurred, the complainant and the respondent shall have twenty days 330 from sending of the reasonable cause finding to elect a civil action in lieu 331 of an administrative hearing pursuant to section 46a-84. If either the 332 complainant or the respondent requests a civil action, the commission, 333 through the Attorney General or a commission legal counsel, shall 334 commence an action pursuant to subsection (b) of section 46a-89, as 335 amended by this act, not later than ninety days after the date of receipt 336 of the notice of election. If the Attorney General or a commission legal 337 counsel believes that injunctive relief, punitive damages or a civil

penalty would be appropriate, such relief, damages or penalty may also 338 339 be sought. The jurisdiction of the Superior Court in an action brought 340 under this subdivision shall be limited to such claims, counterclaims, 341 defenses or the like that could be presented at an administrative hearing 342 before the commission, had the complaint remained with the 343 commission for disposition. A complainant may intervene as a matter 344 of right in a civil action without permission of the court or the parties. If 345 the Attorney General or commission legal counsel, as the case may be, 346 determines that the interests of the state will not be adversely affected, 347 the complainant or attorney for the complainant shall present all or part 348 of the case in support of the complaint. If the Attorney General or a 349 commission legal counsel determines that a material mistake of law or 350 fact has been made in the finding of reasonable cause, the Attorney 351 General or a commission legal counsel may decline to bring a civil action 352 and shall remand the file to the investigator for further action. The 353 investigator shall complete any such action not later than ninety days 354 after receipt of such file.

Sec. 12. Subsection (c) of section 46a-86 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2022):

358 (c) In addition to any other action taken under this section, upon a 359 finding of a discriminatory practice prohibited by section 46a-58, 46a-360 59, 46a-64, 46a-64c, section 2 of this act, section 46a-81b, 46a-81d or 46a-361 81e, the presiding officer shall determine the damage suffered by the 362 complainant, which damage shall include, but not be limited to, the 363 expense incurred by the complainant for obtaining alternate housing or 364 space, storage of goods and effects, moving costs and other costs 365 actually incurred by the complainant as a result of such discriminatory 366 practice and shall allow reasonable attorney's fees and costs. The 367 amount of attorney's fees allowed shall not be contingent upon the 368 amount of damages requested by or awarded to the complainant.

369 Sec. 13. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 46a-89 of the 370 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 371 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

372 (b) (1) Whenever a complaint filed pursuant to section 46a-82, as 373 amended by this act, alleges a violation of section 46a-64, 46a-64c, 374 section 2 of this act, section 46a-81d or 46a-81e, and the commission 375 believes that injunctive relief is required or that the imposition of 376 punitive damages or a civil penalty would be appropriate, the 377 commission may bring a petition in the superior court for the judicial 378 district in which the discriminatory practice which is the subject of the 379 complaint occurred or the judicial district in which the respondent 380 resides.

Sec. 14. Subsection (b) of section 46a-90a of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2022):

(b) When the presiding officer finds that the respondent has engaged in any discriminatory practice prohibited by section 46a-60, 46a-64, 46a-64c, <u>section 2 of this act, section</u> 46a-81c, 46a-81d or 46a-81e and grants relief on the complaint, requiring that a temporary injunction remain in effect, the executive director may, through the procedure outlined in subsection (a) of section 46a-95, petition the court which granted the original temporary injunction to make the injunction permanent.

Sec. 15. Section 46a-98a of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

393 Any person claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of section 46a-394 64c, section 2 of this act or section 46a-81e or by a breach of a conciliation 395 agreement entered into pursuant to this chapter, may bring an action in 396 the Superior Court, or the housing session of said court if appropriate 397 within one year of the date of the alleged discriminatory practice or of a 398 breach of a conciliation agreement entered into pursuant to this chapter. 399 No action pursuant to this section may be brought in the Superior Court 400 regarding the alleged discriminatory practice after the commission has 401 obtained a conciliation agreement pursuant to section 46a-83, as 402 amended by this act, or commenced a hearing pursuant to section 46a-

84, except for an action to enforce the conciliation agreement. The court 403 404 shall have the power to grant relief, by injunction or otherwise, as it 405 deems just and suitable. The court may grant any relief which a 406 presiding officer may grant in a proceeding under section 46a-86, as 407 amended by this act, or which the court may grant in a proceeding 408 under section 46a-89, as amended by this act. The commission, through 409 commission legal counsel or the Attorney General, may intervene as a 410 matter of right in any action brought pursuant to this section without 411 permission of the court or the parties.

412 Sec. 16. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 47a-23c of the 413 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 414 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

415 (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, this 416 section applies to any tenant who resides in a building or complex 417 consisting of five or more separate dwelling units or who resides in a 418 mobile manufactured home park and who is either: (A) Sixty-two years 419 of age or older, or whose spouse, sibling, parent or grandparent is sixty-420 two years of age or older and permanently resides with that tenant, or 421 (B) a person with a physical or mental disability, as defined in 422 subdivision [(8)] (12) of section 46a-64b, as amended by this act, or 423 whose spouse, sibling, child, parent or grandparent is a person with a 424 physical or mental disability who permanently resides with that tenant, 425 but only if such disability can be expected to result in death or to last for 426 a continuous period of at least twelve months.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2022	46a-64b
Sec. 2	October 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2022	8-45a
Sec. 4	October 1, 2022	46a-51(8)
Sec. 5	January 1, 2023	46a-51(8)
Sec. 6	<i>October</i> 1, 2022	46a-54(14)
Sec. 7	<i>October</i> 1, 2022	46a-74
Sec. 8	January 1, 2023	46a-74

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Sec. 9	October 1, 2022	46a-82(a)
Sec. 10	October 1, 2022	46a-83(a) to (c)
Sec. 11	October 1, 2022	46a-83(g)(2)
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	46a-86(c)
Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	46a-89(b)(1)
Sec. 14	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	46a-90a(b)
Sec. 15	October 1, 2022	46a-98a
Sec. 16	October 1, 2022	47a-23c(a)(1)

## Statement of Purpose:

To prohibit housing providers from considering a prospective tenant's criminal conviction after certain time periods.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]