

General Assembly

February Session, 2024

Offered by: SEN. HARDING, 30th Dist. SEN. SAMPSON, 16th Dist. SEN. CICARELLA, 34th Dist. SEN. SOMERS, 18th Dist. SEN. MARTIN, 31st Dist. SEN. FAZIO, 36th Dist. Amendment

LCO No. 4116



SEN. KELLY, 21st Dist. SEN. BERTHEL, 32nd Dist. SEN. KISSEL, 7th Dist. SEN. GORDON, 35th Dist. SEN. SEMINARA, 8th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 395

File No. 264

Cal. No. 190

(As Amended)

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE REPORTING OF MEDICAL DEBT."

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the 2 following in lieu thereof:

"Section 1. Section 38a-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

5 Terms used in this title, <u>and sections 2 and 3 of this act</u>, unless it 6 appears from the context to the contrary, shall have a scope and 7 meaning as set forth in this section.

8 (1) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means a person that directly, or indirectly 9 through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is 10 under common control with another person.

(2) "Alien insurer" means any insurer that has been chartered by or
organized or constituted within or under the laws of any jurisdiction or
country without the United States.

(3) "Annuities" means all agreements to make periodical payments where the making or continuance of all or some of the series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of human life or is for a specified term of years. This definition does not apply to payments made under a policy of life insurance.

20 (4) "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner.

(5) "Control", "controlled by" or "under common control with" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with the person.

(6) "Domestic insurer" means any insurer that has been chartered by,
incorporated, organized or constituted within or under the laws of this
state.

30 (7) "Domestic surplus lines insurer" means any domestic insurer that
31 has been authorized by the commissioner to write surplus lines
32 insurance.

(8) "Foreign country" means any jurisdiction not in any state, districtor territory of the United States.

(9) "Foreign insurer" means any insurer that has been chartered by or
organized or constituted within or under the laws of another state or a
territory of the United States.

38 (10) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means, for any insurer, that it is

39 unable to pay its obligations when they are due, or when its admitted 40 assets do not exceed its liabilities plus the greater of: (A) Capital and 41 surplus required by law for its organization and continued operation; 42 or (B) the total par or stated value of its authorized and issued capital 43 stock. For purposes of this subdivision "liabilities" shall include but not 44 be limited to reserves required by statute or by regulations adopted by 45 the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 or 46 specific requirements imposed by the commissioner upon a subject 47 company at the time of admission or subsequent thereto.

48 (11) "Insurance" means any agreement to pay a sum of money, provide services or any other thing of value on the happening of a 49 50 particular event or contingency or to provide indemnity for loss in 51 respect to a specified subject by specified perils in return for a 52 consideration. In any contract of insurance, an insured shall have an 53 interest which is subject to a risk of loss through destruction or 54 impairment of that interest, which risk is assumed by the insurer and 55 such assumption shall be part of a general scheme to distribute losses 56 among a large group of persons bearing similar risks in return for a 57 ratable contribution or other consideration.

(12) "Insurer" or "insurance company" includes any person or
combination of persons doing any kind or form of insurance business
other than a fraternal benefit society, and shall include a receiver of any
insurer when the context reasonably permits.

(13) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer makes a promise in an insurance policy. The term includes policyholders, subscribers, members and beneficiaries. This definition applies only to the provisions of this title and does not define the meaning of this word as used in insurance policies or certificates.

(14) "Life insurance" means insurance on human lives and insurances
pertaining to or connected with human life. The business of life
insurance includes granting endowment benefits, granting additional
benefits in the event of death by accident or accidental means, granting

71 additional benefits in the event of the total and permanent disability of 72 the insured, and providing optional methods of settlement of proceeds. 73 Life insurance includes burial contracts to the extent provided by 74 section 38a-464. 75 (15) "Mutual insurer" means any insurer without capital stock, the 76 managing directors or officers of which are elected by its members. 77 (16) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, a 78 limited liability company, an association, a joint stock company, a 79 business trust, an unincorporated organization or other legal entity. 80 (17) "Policy" means any document, including attached endorsements and riders, purporting to be an enforceable contract, which 81 82 memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance 83 contract. 84 (18) "State" means any state, district, or territory of the United States. 85 (19) "Subsidiary" of a specified person means an affiliate controlled 86 by the person directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries. 87 (20) "Unauthorized insurer" or "nonadmitted insurer" means an insurer that has not been granted a certificate of authority by the 88 89 commissioner to transact the business of insurance in this state or an 90 insurer transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate. 91 (21) "United States" means the United States of America, its territories 92 and possessions, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the District of 93 Columbia. 94 Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2024) For the purposes of this 95 section and section 3 of this act: 96 (1) "Actuarial value" means a level of coverage provided by a health 97 plan design that is offered as a percentage of the full value of the benefits

98 provided under such plan;

99 (2) "Commercial domicile" means the headquarters of a trade or
100 business that is the place from which such trade or business is
101 principally managed and directed;

(3) "Employer member" means an entity domiciled in this state or that
maintains such entity's commercial domicile in this state, is a member
of a sponsoring association and employs more than one individual in
this state. "Employer member" may include such employer member's
sponsoring association, provided such sponsoring association is
domiciled in this state and employs more than one individual in this
state;

(4) "ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of110 1974, as amended from time to time;

(5) "Health enhancement program" has the same meaning asprovided in section 38a-477*ll* of the general statutes;

113 (6) "Multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan" 114 means any contract, certificate or agreement offered, delivered, issued 115 for delivery, renewed, amended or continued in this state by a trust 116 established by a sponsoring association in accordance with subsection 117 (e) of section 3 of this act to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for or 118 reimburse any of the costs of the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a health condition, illness, injury or disease. "Multiple 119 120 employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan" does not include 121 insurance products;

(7) "Participating employee" means any employee of a participating
employer that enrolls in a multiple employer welfare arrangement
health benefit plan offered by a self-funded multiple employer welfare
arrangement trust;

(8) "Participating employer" means any employer member thatparticipates in a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement;

128 (9) "Preexisting conditions provision" has the same meaning as

129 provided in section 38a-476 of the general statutes;

(10) "Self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement" means a
program established or maintained on behalf of employer members and
offered by a trust established by a sponsoring association in accordance
with subsection (e) of section 3 of this act for the purpose of providing
one or more multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit
plans for such employer member's employees and such employees'
dependents;

(11) "Self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust"
means any trust established by a sponsoring association in accordance
with subsection (e) of section 3 of this act;

(12) "Sponsoring association" means any industry trade group or any
other trade group with employer members representing multiple trades
domiciled in this state that (A) is organized and has a written
constitution or bylaws, (B) has not less than five hundred employees of
not less than twenty-five employer members, and (C) has been
maintained in good faith for not less than the immediately preceding
five years for purposes other than obtaining or providing insurance; and

(13) "Value-based health benefit plan design" means any material
term in a multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan
that is designed to increase the quality of covered benefits or health care
services while reducing the cost of such multiple employer welfare
arrangement health benefit plan or health care services.

152 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) (a) No person, other than a 153 self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, shall 154 establish or operate a self-funded multiple employer welfare 155 arrangement in this state.

(b) Any self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust,
prior to establishing a self-funded multiple employer welfare
arrangement in this state, shall apply for and obtain a license from the
commissioner. The commissioner shall issue a license to such self-

160 funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, provided such 161 trust satisfies all licensing requirements applicable to a health insurance 162 company pursuant to chapter 698 of the general statutes. Upon the 163 issuance of a license by the commissioner to a self-funded multiple 164 employer welfare arrangement trust, in accordance with the provisions 165 of this subsection, such trust shall comply with all requirements 166 applicable to health insurance companies set forth in title 38a of the 167 general statutes, and any regulations adopted by the commissioner, in 168 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes.

(c) (1) The commissioner shall not issue a license to a self-funded
multiple employer welfare arrangement trust pursuant to subsection (b)
of this section, unless such trust has an initial combined capital and
surplus of not less than four million dollars.

(2) Beginning on April 1, 2025, any self-funded multiple employer
welfare arrangement trust that meets the licensing requirements
pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection and subsection (b) of this
section may offer a multiple employer welfare arrangement health
benefit plan to participating employees of one or more participating
employers.

(d) Any multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan
issued by a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
that covers participating employees of one or more participating
employers shall:

(1) Provide coverage for (A) essential health benefits as defined in the
Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, P.L. 111-148, as amended
from time to time, or regulations adopted thereunder, and (B) the group
state-mandated coverage requirements under chapter 700c of the
general statutes;

(2) Offer to each participating employer multiple employer welfare
arrangement health benefit plans with a minimum level of coverage
designed to provide health benefits that are actuarially equivalent,
respectively, to not less than sixty per cent, not less than sixty-eight per

192	cent and not less than seventy-eight per cent of the full actuarial value
193	of the benefits provided under each multiple employer welfare
194	arrangement health benefit plan;
195	(3) Not limit or exclude coverage for any individual by imposing a
196	preexisting conditions provision on such individual;
197	(4) Not establish discriminatory rules based on the health status of an
198	individual related to multiple employer welfare arrangement health
199	benefit plan eligibility, or rate or contribution requirements;
200	(5) Establish base rates formed on an actuarially sound, modified
201	community rating methodology that considers the pooling of all
202	participating employees' claims;
203	(6) Utilize each participating employer's risk profile to determine
204	rates by actuarially adjusting above or below established base rates, and
205	utilize pooling or reinsurance of individual large claims to reduce the
206	adverse impact on any specific participating employer's rates. The self-
207	funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust shall establish the
208	applicable pooling point, which shall consistently apply to all such
209	participating employers;
210	(7) Utilize actuarially sound underwriting methodologies for pricing
211	and renewing multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit
212	plans for participating employers;
213	(8) Adopt and maintain underwriting guidelines for evaluating
214	applicants and accepting such applicants as new participating
215	employers;
216	(9) Adopt and maintain renewal methodologies, which may be
217	reviewed by the commissioner;
218	(10) Use surplus in excess of an amount to be determined by the

(10) Use surplus in excess of an amount to be determined by the
commissioner on an annual basis, to reduce multiple employer welfare
arrangement health benefit plan contribution amounts paid by
participating employers and participating employees;

(11) Make any multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit
plan available to all participating employers regardless of any factor
relating to the health status of such participating employer or
individuals eligible for coverage through any participating employer;

226 (12) (A) Implement value-based health benefit plan design and value-227 based contracting by administering programs, which may include, but 228 need not be limited to, centers of excellence, wellness programs, health 229 enhancement programs, alternative payment models, chronic disease 230 navigation and patient-centered medical homes. (B) Beginning on 231 August 1, 2025, each self-funded multiple employer welfare 232 arrangement trust shall annually report, on a form provided by the 233 Insurance Commissioner, such implementation of value-based health 234 benefit plan design and value-based contracting pursuant to this 235 subdivision. Such report to the Insurance Commissioner shall include 236 the following: (i) A description of such value-based health benefit plan 237 design and value-based contracting programs; (ii) the number of 238 participating employees enrolled in such value-based health benefit 239 plan design and value-based contracting programs; (iii) the percentage 240 of dollars spent on such value-based health benefit plan design and 241 value-based contracting programs; and (iv) a description that explains 242 how such value-based health benefit plan design and value-based 243 contracting programs lower costs for participating employees enrolled 244 in such programs; and

(13) With regard to participating employees, comply with the
notification requirements set forth in sections 38a-591c to 38a-591g,
inclusive, of the general statutes with respect to utilization review and
benefit determinations of a benefit request or claim.

(e) A sponsoring association shall form a self-funded multiple
employer welfare arrangement trust that shall establish, maintain and
offer multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plans for
the self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement. Such trust
shall be authorized to sell multiple employer welfare arrangement
health benefit plans to participating employers exclusively through

insurance producers licensed in accordance with chapter 702 of thegeneral statutes, provided such trust meets the following conditions:

(1) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
shall be subject to ERISA and any regulations or standards prescribed
by the United States Department of Labor pertaining to multiple
employer welfare arrangements;

261 (2) A Form M-1 shall be filed each year by such trust with the United 262 States Department of Labor. For purposes of this subdivision, "Form M-263 1" means an annual report required by the United States Department of 264 Labor for multiple employer welfare arrangements that includes, but is 265 not limited to, the following: (A) Identification of the sponsoring 266 association and the self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement 267 trust; and (B) a description of the multiple employer welfare 268 arrangement health benefit plans offered through such self-funded 269 multiple employer welfare arrangement trust;

270 (3) Any organizational documents for a self-funded multiple271 employer welfare arrangement trust shall:

(A) State that such self-funded multiple employer welfarearrangement trust is sponsored by the sponsoring association;

(B) State that the purpose of such self-funded multiple employer
welfare arrangement trust is to provide multiple employer welfare
arrangement health benefit plans to eligible employers;

(C) Provide that self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement
trust funds shall be used for the benefit of eligible employers through (i)
self-funding of claims or the purchase of reinsurance, or any
combination thereof, and (ii) defraying the costs and expenses of
administering and operating such self-funded multiple employer
welfare arrangement trust and any multiple employer welfare
arrangement health benefit plan issued by such trust;

284 (D) Limit participation in any multiple employer welfare

285 arrangement health benefit plan to eligible employers;

286 (E) Establish and maintain a board of trustees, composed of not less 287 than five trustees, that shall have fiscal control over such self-funded 288 multiple employer welfare arrangement trust for the purpose of 289 managing all multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit 290 plans established, maintained and offered by such self-funded multiple 291 employer welfare arrangement trust. Any board of trustees shall have 292 the authority to contract with any licensed administrator or service 293 company to administer the daily operations of the multiple employer 294 welfare arrangement health benefit plans;

(F) Implement a process for the election of trustees to the board oftrustees; and

297 (G) Require each trustee to discharge such trustee's duties in298 accordance with generally accepted fiduciary standards;

(4) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
shall establish and maintain reserves in accordance with any financial
and solvency requirements applicable to health insurance companies set
forth in title 38a of the general statutes, and any regulations adopted by
the commissioner, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the
general statutes;

(5) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
shall purchase and maintain an insurance policy providing coverage for
stop-loss insurance for each multiple employer welfare arrangement
health benefit plan with retention levels determined in accordance with
actuarial principles from insurers licensed to transact the business of
insurance in this state;

(6) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust shall purchase and maintain an aggregate stop-loss insurance policy with an attachment point equal to one hundred twenty-five per cent of losses. The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust may submit a written request to the commissioner to modify the aggregate stop-loss policy. Not later than thirty calendar days after the
commissioner receives such request, the commissioner shall issue a
decision granting or denying such request;

(7) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
shall purchase and maintain commercially reasonable fiduciary liability
insurance from insurers licensed to transact the business of insurance in
this state;

(8) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
shall purchase and maintain commercially reasonable directors' and
officers' liability insurance from insurers licensed to transact the
business of insurance in this state;

327 (9) The self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust328 shall purchase and maintain a bond in an amount and form approved329 by the commissioner; and

(10) No self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust
shall include in its name the words "insurance", "insurer", "underwriter",
"mutual" or any other word or term or combination of words or terms
that is descriptive of an insurance company or insurance business,
unless the context of such words or terms indicates that such self-funded
multiple employer welfare arrangement trust is not an insurance
company and is not transacting the business of insurance.

(f) Any board of trustees established pursuant to subsection (e) of thissection shall:

(1) Operate any multiple employer welfare arrangement health
benefit plan in accordance with the fiduciary standards set forth in the
Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021, P.L. 116-260, as amended
from time to time, and all other generally accepted fiduciary standards;

343 (2) Pay all costs assessed by the commissioner in accordance with title
34a of the general statutes. Such board of trustees shall have the
345 authority to collect fees on a pro rata basis from the participating

employers. No self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement
trust shall be subject to (A) the health and welfare fee required under
section 19a-7j of the general statutes, (B) the public health fee required
under section 19a-7p of the general statutes, (C) any payment required
under section 38a-48 of the general statutes, or (D) the premium tax
required under section 12-202 of the general statutes.

352 (g) Each participating employer shall be (1) liable for such 353 participating employer's allocated share of the liabilities arising under a 354 multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan provided by 355 the self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, as determined by the board of trustees, and (2) jointly and severally liable 356 357 for additional amounts if the annual multiple employer welfare 358 arrangement health benefit plan subscription amounts paid by all 359 participating employers of such plan result in a deficit of funds for the 360 self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust. Each 361 participating employer's liability under this subsection shall not be 362 assessed to participating employees of such participating employer.

363 (h) Multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan 364 documents issued by any self-funded multiple employer welfare 365 arrangement trust to participating employers shall have the following 366 statement printed on the first page in fourteen-point boldface type: "This 367 multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan is provided 368 by a trust established to provide multiple employer welfare 369 arrangement health benefit plans to employees of employers 370 participating in a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement. 371 This multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan is not 372 insurance and is not offered through an insurance company. This 373 multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan is not 374 required to comply with certain federal market requirements for health 375 insurance, and is not required to comply with certain state laws for 376 health insurance. Each participating employer shall be liable for such 377 participating employer's allocated share of the liabilities of the trust 378 under all multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plans 379 offered by the trust, as determined by the board of trustees. Each 380 participating employer shall be jointly and severally liable for additional 381 amounts if the annual multiple employer welfare arrangement health 382 benefit plan subscription amounts paid by all participating employers 383 and participating employees of such participating employer result in a 384 deficit of funds for the trust and for any assessments by state regulators. 385 The trust's financial statements shall be made available upon request by 386 any participating employer in the self-funded multiple employer 387 welfare arrangement.".

388 (i) Multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan 389 documents issued by any self-funded multiple employer welfare 390 arrangement trust to participating employees shall have the following 391 statement printed on the first page in fourteen-point boldface type: "This 392 multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan is provided 393 by a trust established to provide multiple employer welfare 394 arrangement health benefit plans to employees of employees 395 participating in a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement, 396 including your employer. This multiple employer welfare arrangement 397 health benefit plan is not insurance and is not offered through an 398 insurance company. This multiple employer welfare arrangement 399 health benefit plan is not required to comply with certain federal market 400 requirements for health insurance, and is not required to comply with 401 certain state laws for health insurance. Your employer shall be liable for 402 such employer's allocated share of the liabilities of the trust under all 403 multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plans offered by 404the trust, as determined by the board of trustees. Your employer shall 405 be jointly and severally liable for additional amounts if the annual 406 multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit plan 407 subscription amounts paid by all participating employers and 408 participating employees of such participating employer result in a 409 deficit of funds for the trust and for any assessments by state regulators. 410 The trust's financial statements shall be made available to you upon 411 request. The Consumer Affairs Division within the Insurance 412 Department is available to assist you with questions that you may have 413 concerning this multiple employer welfare arrangement health benefit

414 415	plan.". The notice shall include the telephone number and electronic mail address for the Consumer Affairs Division.
416	(j) No self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement trust shall
417	be subject to the Connecticut Insurance Guaranty Association pursuant
418	to sections 38a-836 to 38a-853, inclusive, of the general statutes.
419	(k) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
420	provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the
421	provisions of this section.
422	Sec. 4. Section 38a-567 of the general statutes is repealed and the
423	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective April 1, 2025</i>):
424	Health insurance plans, associations of small employers and other
425	insurance arrangements covering small employers and insurers and
426	producers marketing such plans and arrangements shall be subject to
427	the following provisions:
428	(1) (A) Any such plan or arrangement shall be offered on a
429	guaranteed issue basis with respect to all eligible employees or
430	dependents of such employees, at the option of the small employer,
431	policyholder or contractholder, as the case may be.
432	(B) Any such plan or arrangement shall be renewable with respect to
433	all eligible employees or dependents at the option of the small employer,
434	policyholder or contractholder, as the case may be, except: (i) For
435	nonpayment of the required premiums by the small employer,
436	policyholder or contractholder; (ii) for fraud or misrepresentation of the
437	small employer, policyholder or contractholder or, with respect to
438	coverage of individual insured, the insureds or their representatives;
439	(iii) for noncompliance with plan or arrangement provisions; (iv) when
440	the number of insureds covered under the plan or arrangement is less
441	than the number of insureds or percentage of insureds required by
442	participation requirements under the plan or arrangement; or (v) when
443	the small employer, policyholder or contractholder is no longer actively
444	engaged in the business in which it was engaged on the effective date of

the plan or arrangement.

446 (C) Renewability of coverage may be effected by either continuing in 447 effect a plan or arrangement covering a small employer or by 448 substituting upon renewal for the prior plan or arrangement the plan or 449 arrangement then offered by the carrier that most closely corresponds 450 to the prior plan or arrangement and is available to other small 451 employers. Such substitution shall only be made under conditions 452 approved by the commissioner. A carrier may substitute a plan or 453 arrangement as set forth in this subparagraph only if the carrier effects 454 the same substitution upon renewal for all small employers previously 455 covered under the particular plan or arrangement, unless otherwise 456 approved by the commissioner. The substitute plan or arrangement 457 shall be subject to the rating restrictions specified in this section on the 458 same basis as if no substitution had occurred, except for an adjustment 459 based on coverage differences.

(D) Any such plan or arrangement shall provide special enrollment
periods (i) to all eligible employees or dependents as set forth in 45 CFR
147.104, as amended from time to time, and (ii) for coverage under such
plan or arrangement ordered by a court for a spouse or minor child of
an eligible employee where request for enrollment is made not later than
thirty days after the issuance of such court order.

(2) (A) As used in this subdivision, "grandfathered plan" has the same
meaning as "grandfathered health plan" as provided in the Patient
Protection and Affordable Care Act, P.L. 111-148, as amended from time
to time.

(B) With respect to grandfathered plans issued to small employers,
except as a member of an association of small employers, the premium
rates charged or offered shall be established on the basis of a single pool
of all grandfathered plans, adjusted to reflect one or more of the
following classifications:

475 (i) Age, provided age brackets of less than five years shall not be476 utilized;

477 (ii) Gender;

(iii) Geographic area, provided an area smaller than a county shallnot be utilized;

(iv) Industry, provided the rate factor associated with any industry
classification shall not vary from the arithmetic average of the highest
and lowest rate factors associated with all industry classifications by
greater than fifteen per cent of such average, and provided further, the
rate factors associated with any industry shall not be increased by more
than five per cent per year;

(v) Group size, provided the highest rate factor associated with group
size shall not vary from the lowest rate factor associated with group size
by a ratio of greater than 1.25 to 1.0;

(vi) Administrative cost savings resulting from the administration of
an association group plan or a plan written pursuant to section 5-259,
provided the savings reflect a reduction to the small employer carrier's
overall retention that is measurable and specifically realized on items
such as marketing, billing or claims paying functions taken on directly
by the plan administrator or association, except that such savings may
not reflect a reduction realized on commissions;

(vii) Savings resulting from a reduction in the profit of a carrier that
writes small business plans or arrangements for an association group
plan or a plan written pursuant to section 5-259, provided any loss in
overall revenue due to a reduction in profit is not shifted to other small
employers; and

(viii) Family composition, provided the small employer carrier shall
utilize only one or more of the following billing classifications: (I)
Employee; (II) employee plus family; (III) employee and spouse; (IV)
employee and child; (V) employee plus one dependent; and (VI)
employee plus two or more dependents.

506 (C) (i) With respect to nongrandfathered plans issued to small

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507	employers, except as a member of an association of small employers, the			
508	premium rates charged or offered shall be established on the basis of a			
509	single pool of all nongrandfathered plans, adjusted to reflect one or			
510	more of the following classifications:			
511	(I) Age, in accordance with a uniform age rating curve established by			
512	the commissioner; <u>or</u>			
513	(II) Geographic area, as defined by the commissioner.			
514	(ii) Total premium rates for family coverage for nongrandfathered			
515	plans shall be determined by adding the premiums for each individual			
516	family member, except that with respect to family members under			
517	twenty-one years of age, the premiums for only the three oldest covered			
518	children shall be taken into account in determining the total premium			
519	rate for such family.			
520	(iii) Premium rates for employees and dependents for			
521	nongrandfathered plans shall be calculated for each covered individual			
522	and premium rates for the small employer group shall be calculated by			
523	totaling the premiums attributable to each covered individual.			
524	(iv) Premium rates for any given plan may vary by (I) actuarially			
525	justified differences in plan design, and (II) actuarially justified amounts			
526	to reflect the policy's provider network and administrative expense			
527	differences that can be reasonably allocated to such policy.			
528	(3) No small employer carrier or producer shall, directly or indirectly,			
529	engage in the following activities:			
530	(A) Encouraging or directing small employers to refrain from filing			
531	an application for coverage with the small employer carrier because of			
532	the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation or geographic			
533	location of the small employer, except the provisions of this			
534	subparagraph shall not apply to information provided by a small			
535	employer carrier or producer to a small employer regarding the carrier's			
536	established geographic service area or a restricted network provision of			

537 a small employer carrier; or

(B) Encouraging or directing small employers to seek coverage from
another carrier because of the health status, claims experience, industry,
occupation or geographic location of the small employer.

541 (4) No small employer carrier shall, directly or indirectly, enter into 542 any contract, agreement or arrangement with a producer that provides 543 for or results in the compensation paid to a producer for the sale of a 544 health benefit plan to be varied because of the health status, claims 545 experience, industry, occupation or geographic area of the small 546 employer. A small employer carrier shall provide reasonable 547 compensation, as provided under the plan of operation of the program, 548 to a producer, if any, for the sale of a health care plan. No small 549 employer carrier shall terminate, fail to renew or limit its contract or 550 agreement of representation with a producer for any reason related to 551 the health status, claims experience, occupation, or geographic location 552 of the small employers placed by the producer with the small employer 553 carrier.

554 (5) No small employer carrier or producer shall induce or otherwise 555 encourage a small employer to separate or otherwise exclude an 556 employee from health coverage or benefits provided in connection with 557 the employee's employment.

(6) No small employer carrier or producer shall disclose (A) to a small
employer the fact that any or all of the eligible employees of such small
employer have been or will be reinsured with the pool, or (B) to any
eligible employee or dependent the fact that he has been or will be
reinsured with the pool.

563 (7) If a small employer carrier enters into a contract, agreement or 564 other arrangement with another party to provide administrative, 565 marketing or other services related to the offering of health benefit plans 566 to small employers in this state, the other party shall be subject to the 567 provisions of this section. (8) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54, setting forth additional standards to provide
for the fair marketing and broad availability of health benefit plans to
small employers.

(9) Any violation of subdivisions (3) to (7), inclusive, of this section
and of any regulations established under subdivision (8) of this section
shall be an unfair and prohibited practice under sections 38a-815 to 38a830, inclusive.

576 Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 38a-9 of the general statutes is 577 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 578 1, 2024):

579 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4-8, there shall be a 580 Division of Consumer Affairs within the Insurance Department, which 581 division shall act on the Insurance Commissioner's behalf and at his 582 direction in order to carry out his responsibilities under this title with 583 respect to such matters. The division shall receive and review complaints from residents of this state concerning their insurance 584 585 problems and problems arising out of multiple employer welfare 586 arrangement health benefit plans, as defined in section 2 of this act, 587 including claims disputes, and serve as a mediator in such disputes in 588 order to assist the commissioner in determining whether statutory 589 requirements and contractual obligations within the commissioner's 590 jurisdiction have been fulfilled. There shall be a director of said division, 591 who shall be provided with sufficient staff. The division shall serve to 592 coordinate all appropriate facilities in the department in addressing 593 such complaints, and conduct any outreach programs deemed 594 necessary to properly inform and educate the public on insurance 595 matters. The director shall submit quarterly reports to the 596 commissioner, which shall state the number of complaints received by 597 the division in such calendar quarter, the Connecticut premium or 598 premium equivalent volume of the appropriate line of each insurance 599 company or multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, as defined in 600 section 2 of this act, against which a complaint has been filed, the types

601 of complaints received, and the number of such complaints which have 602 been resolved. Such reports shall be published every six months and 603 copies shall be made available to any interested resident of this state 604 upon request. The commissioner shall report, in accordance with section 605 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 606 cognizance of matters relating to insurance on or before January 607 fifteenth annually, concerning the findings of such reports and 608 suggestions for legislative initiatives to address recurring problems.

609 Sec. 6. Section 38a-14 of the general statutes is repealed and the 610 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

611 (a) For the purposes of this section, "company" means any insurance 612 company, multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, as defined in 613 section 2 of this act, or health care center doing business in this state, any 614 corporation or association collecting data utilized by any such insurance 615 company in the underwriting of insurance policies and any corporation 616 organized under any law of this state or having an office in this state, 617 which corporation is engaged in, or claiming or advertising that it is 618 engaged in, organizing or receiving subscriptions for or disposing of 619 stock of, or in any manner aiding or taking part in the formation or 620 business of, an insurance company or companies, or that is holding the 621 capital stock of one or more insurance corporations for the purpose of 622 controlling the management thereof, as voting trustees or otherwise.

623 (b) The commissioner shall, as often as the commissioner deems it 624 expedient, examine into the affairs of any company. In scheduling and 625 determining the nature, scope and frequency of the examinations, the 626 commissioner shall consider such matters as the results of financial 627 statement analyses and ratios, changes in management or ownership, 628 actuarial opinions, reports of independent certified public accountants 629 and such other criteria as set forth in the examiners' handbook adopted 630 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and in effect 631 at the time the commissioner exercises discretion under this section.

632 (c) (1) To carry out examinations under this section, the commissioner

633 may appoint one or more competent persons as examiners, who shall 634 not be officers of, connected with or interested in any company, other 635 than as policyholders. The commissioner may engage the services of 636 attorneys, appraisers, independent actuaries, independent certified 637 public accountants or other professionals and specialists as examiners 638 to assist the commissioner in conducting the examinations under this 639 section, the cost of which shall be borne by the company that is the 640 subject of the examination.

641 (2) In conducting the examination, the commissioner, the 642 commissioner's actuary or any examiner authorized by the 643 commissioner may examine, under oath, the officers and agents of such 644 a company, and all persons deemed to have material information 645 regarding the company's property or business. Each such company or 646 its officers and agents shall produce the books and papers in its or their 647 possession, relating to its business or affairs, and any other person may 648 be required to produce any book or paper in such person's custody that 649 is deemed to be relevant to such examination, for inspection by the 650 commissioner, the commissioner's actuary or examiners. The officers 651 and agents of the company shall facilitate the examination and aid the 652 examiners in making the same so far as it is in their power to do so. The 653 refusal of any company, by its officers, directors, employees or agents, 654 to submit to examination or to comply with any reasonable written 655 request of the examiners shall be grounds for suspension of, refusal of 656 or nonrenewal of any license or authority held by the company to 657 engage in an insurance or other business subject to the commissioner's 658 jurisdiction. Any such proceedings for suspension, revocation or refusal 659 of any license or authority shall be conducted pursuant to subsection (c) 660 of section 38a-41.

(3) In conducting the examination, the examiner shall observe those
guidelines and procedures set forth in the examiners' handbook
adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. The
commissioner may also adopt such other guidelines or procedures as
the commissioner may deem appropriate.

666 (d) In lieu of an examination under this section of any foreign or alien 667 insurer licensed in this state, the commissioner may accept an 668 examination report on such insurer prepared by the insurance department for the insurer's state of domicile or port-of-entry state if (1) 669 670 such state's insurance department was, at the time of the examination, 671 accredited under the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' 672 financial regulation standards and accreditation program, or (2) the 673 examination is performed under the supervision of an accredited 674 insurance department or with the participation of one or more 675 examiners who are employed by such an accredited state insurance 676 department and who, after a review of the examination workpapers and 677 report, state under oath that the examination was performed in a 678 manner consistent with the standards and procedures required by their 679 insurance department.

(e) (1) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit the
commissioner's authority to terminate or suspend any examination in
order to pursue legal or regulatory action pursuant to the insurance
laws of this state. Findings of fact and conclusions made pursuant to any
examination shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or regulatory
action.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit the
commissioner's authority in such legal or regulatory action to use and,
if appropriate, to make public any final or preliminary examination
report, any examiner or company workpapers or other documents, or
any other information discovered or developed during the course of any
examination.

(3) Not later than sixty days following completion of the examination,
the examiner in charge shall file, under oath, with the Insurance
Department a verified written report of examination. Upon receipt of
the verified report, the Insurance Department shall transmit the report
to the company examined, together with a notice that shall afford the
company examined a reasonable opportunity, not to exceed thirty days,
to make a written submission or rebuttal with respect to any matters

699 contained in the examination report. Not later than thirty days after the 700 period allowed for the receipt of written submissions or rebuttals, the 701 commissioner shall fully consider and review the report, together with 702 any written submissions or rebuttals and any relevant portions of the 703 examiner's workpapers and enter an order: (A) Adopting the 704 examination report as filed or with modification or corrections. If the 705 examination report reveals that the company is operating in violation of 706 any law, regulation or prior order of the commissioner, the 707 commissioner may order the company to take any action the 708 commissioner considers necessary and appropriate to cure such 709 violation; (B) rejecting the examination report with directions to the 710 examiners to reopen the examination for purposes of obtaining 711 additional data, documentation or information, and refiling pursuant to 712 this subdivision; or (C) calling for an investigatory hearing with not less 713 than twenty days' notice to the company for purposes of obtaining 714 additional documentation, data, information and testimony.

715 (4) (A) The commissioner shall transmit the examination report 716 adopted pursuant to subparagraph (A) of subdivision (3) of this 717 subsection or a summary thereof to the company examined, together 718 any recommendations or written statements from the with 719 commissioner or the examiner. The secretary of the board of directors or 720 similar governing body of the company shall provide a copy of the 721 report or summary to each director and shall certify to the 722 commissioner, in writing, that a copy of the report or summary has been 723 provided to each director.

(B) Not later than one hundred twenty days after receiving the report
or summary, the chief executive officer or the chief financial officer of
the company examined shall present the report or summary to the
company's board of directors or similar governing body at a regular or
special meeting.

(f) (1) All orders entered pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (e)
of this section shall be accompanied by findings and conclusions
resulting from the commissioner's consideration and review of the

examination report, relevant examiner workpapers and any written
submissions or rebuttals. The findings and conclusions that form the
basis of any such order of the commissioner shall be subject to review as
provided in section 38a-19.

736 (2) Any investigatory hearing conducted under subparagraph (C) of 737 subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of this section by the commissioner or 738 the commissioner's authorized representative, shall be conducted as a 739 nonadversarial confidential investigatory proceeding as necessary for 740 the resolution of any inconsistencies, discrepancies or disputed issues 741 apparent (A) upon the filed examination report, (B) raised by or as a 742 result of the commissioner's review of relevant workpapers, or (C) by 743 the written submission or rebuttal of the company. Not later than 744 twenty days after the conclusion of any such hearing, the commissioner 745 shall enter an order pursuant to subparagraph (A) of subdivision (3) of 746 subsection (e) of this section. The commissioner shall not appoint an 747 examiner as an authorized representative to conduct the hearing. The 748 hearing shall proceed expeditiously with discovery by the company 749 limited to the examiner's workpapers that tend to substantiate any 750 assertions set forth in any written submission or rebuttal. The 751 commissioner or the commissioner's authorized representative may 752 issue subpoenas for the attendance of any witnesses or the production 753 of any documents deemed relevant to the investigation, whether under 754 the control of the department, the company or other persons. The 755 documents produced shall be included in the record and testimony 756 taken by the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized 757 representative shall be under oath and preserved for the record. 758 Nothing contained in this section shall require the department to 759 disclose any information or records that would indicate or show the 760 existence or content of any investigation or activity of a criminal justice 761 agency. The hearing shall proceed with the commissioner or the 762 commissioner's authorized representative posing questions to the 763 persons subpoenaed. Thereafter, the company and the Insurance 764 Department may present testimony relevant to the investigation. Cross-765 examination shall be conducted only by the commissioner or the 766 commissioner's authorized representative. The company and the767 Insurance Department shall be permitted to make closing statements768 and may be represented by counsel of their choice.

(g) The commissioner may, if the commissioner deems it in the public
interest, publish any such report, or the result of any such examination
contained therein, in one or more newspapers of the state.

772 (h) The commissioner shall, at least once in every five years, visit and 773 examine the affairs of each domestic insurer, domestic health care 774 center, domestic fraternal benefit society, multiple employer welfare 775 arrangement trust, as defined in section 2 of this act and foreign and 776 alien insurer doing business in this state. Notwithstanding subdivision 777 (1) of subsection (c) of this section, no domestic insurer or such other 778 domestic entity subject to examination under this section shall pay as 779 costs associated with the examination the salaries, fringe benefits or 780 travel and maintenance expenses of examining personnel of the 781 Insurance Department engaged in such examination if such domestic 782 insurer or domestic entity is otherwise liable to assessment levied under 783 section 38a-47, except that a domestic insurer or such other domestic 784 entity shall pay the travel and maintenance expenses of examining 785 personnel of the Insurance Department when such insurer or entity is 786 examined outside the state.

787 (i) Nothing contained in this section shall prevent or be construed as 788 prohibiting the commissioner from disclosing the content of an 789 examination report, preliminary examination report or results, or any 790 matter relating thereto, to the Insurance Department of this or any other 791 state or country, or to law enforcement officials of this or any other state 792 or to any agency of the federal government at any time, so long as such 793 agency or office receiving the report or matters relating thereto agrees, 794 in writing, to hold such report and matters relating thereto confidential.

(j) All workpapers, recorded information, documents and copies
thereof produced by, obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or
any other person in the course of an examination made under this

798 section shall be confidential, shall not be subject to subpoena and shall 799 not be made public by the commissioner or any other person, except to 800 the extent provided in subsection (i) of this section. The commissioner 801 may grant access to such workpapers, recorded information, documents 802 and copies thereof to the National Association of Insurance 803 Commissioners, provided said association agrees, in writing, to hold 804 such workpapers, recorded information, documents and copies thereof 805 confidential.

(k) (1) The commissioner may from time to time engage, on an
individual basis, the services of qualified actuaries, certified public
accountants or other similar individuals who are independently
practicing their professions, even though said persons may from time to
time be similarly employed or retained by persons subject to
examination under this section.

(2) No cause of action shall arise nor shall any liability be imposed
against the commissioner, the commissioner's authorized
representatives or any examiner appointed by the commissioner for any
statements made or conduct performed in good faith while carrying out
the provisions of this section.

(3) No cause of action shall arise, nor shall any liability be imposed
against any person for the act of communicating or delivering
information or data to the commissioner or the commissioner's
authorized representative examiner pursuant to an examination made
under this section, if such act of communication or delivery was
performed in good faith and without fraudulent intent or the intent to
deceive.

(4) This section shall not abrogate or modify in any way any common
law or statutory privilege or immunity heretofore enjoyed by any
person identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(5) A person identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be
entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs if such person is the
prevailing party in a civil action for libel, slander or any other relevant

tort arising out of activities in carrying out the provisions of this section
and the party bringing the action was not substantially justified in doing
so. For purposes of this section, a proceeding is "substantially justified"
if it had a reasonable basis in law or fact at the time that it was initiated.

834 Sec. 7. Section 38a-15 of the general statutes is repealed and the 835 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

836 (a) The commissioner shall, as often as the commissioner deems it 837 expedient, undertake a market conduct examination of the affairs of any 838 insurance company, health care center, <u>multiple employer welfare</u> 839 arrangement trust, as defined in section 2 of this act, third-party 840 administrator, as defined in section 38a-720, or fraternal benefit society 841 doing business in this state. Any such examination may be conducted in 842 accordance with the procedures and definitions set forth in the National 843 Association of Insurance Commissioners' Market Regulation 844 Handbook.

845 (b) To carry out the examinations under this section, the 846 commissioner may appoint, as market conduct examiners, one or more 847 competent persons, who shall not be officers of, or connected with or 848 interested in, any insurance company, health care center, multiple 849 employer welfare arrangement trust, third-party administrator or 850 fraternal benefit society, other than as a policyholder. In conducting the 851 examination, the commissioner, the commissioner's actuary or any 852 examiner authorized by the commissioner may examine, under oath, 853 the officers and agents of such insurance company, health care center, 854 multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, third-party administrator 855 or fraternal benefit society and all persons deemed to have material 856 information regarding the company's, center's, multiple employer 857 welfare arrangement trust's, administrator's or society's property or 858 business. Each such company, center, multiple employer welfare 859 arrangement trust, administrator or society, its officers and agents, shall 860 produce the books and papers, in its or their possession, relating to its 861 business or affairs, and any other person may be required to produce 862 any book or paper in such person's custody, deemed to be relevant to

the examination, for the inspection of the commissioner, the commissioner's actuary or examiners, when required. The officers and agents of the company, center, <u>multiple employer welfare arrangement</u> trust, administrator or society shall facilitate the examination and aid the examiners in making the same so far as it is in their power to do so.

868 (c) Each market conduct examiner shall make a full and true report 869 of each market conduct examination made by such examiner, which 870 shall comprise only facts appearing upon the books, papers, records or 871 documents of the examined company, center, multiple employer 872 welfare arrangement trust, administrator or society or ascertained from 873 the sworn testimony of its officers or agents or of other persons 874 examined under oath concerning its affairs. The examiner's report shall 875 be presumptive evidence of the facts therein stated in any action or 876 proceeding in the name of the state against the company, center, 877 multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, administrator or society, 878 its officers or agents. The commissioner shall grant a hearing to the 879 company, center, multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, 880 administrator or society examined before filing any such report and may 881 withhold any such report from public inspection for such time as the 882 commissioner deems proper. The commissioner may, if the 883 commissioner deems it in the public interest, publish any such report, 884 or the result of any such examination contained therein, in one or more 885 newspapers of the state.

(d) (1) All the expense of any examination made under the authority
of this section, other than examinations of domestic insurance
companies and domestic health care centers, shall be paid by the
company, center, multiple employer welfare arrangement trust,
administrator or society examined.

(2) No domestic insurance company or domestic health care center
subject to an examination under this section shall pay as costs associated
with the examination the salaries, fringe benefits or travel and
maintenance expenses of examining personnel of the Insurance
Department engaged in such examination if such domestic insurance

company or domestic health care center is otherwise liable to
assessment levied under section 38a-47, except that domestic insurance
companies and domestic health care centers examined outside the state
shall pay the travel and maintenance expenses of such examining
personnel.

(e) (1) No cause of action shall arise nor shall any liability be imposed
against the commissioner, the commissioner's authorized representative
or any examiner appointed or engaged by the commissioner for any
statements made or conduct performed in good faith while carrying out
the provisions of this section.

906 (2) No cause of action shall arise nor shall any liability be imposed 907 against any person for the act of communicating or delivering 908 information or data pursuant to an examination made under the 909 authority of this section to the commissioner, the commissioner's 910 authorized representative or an examiner if such communication or 911 delivery was performed in good faith and without fraudulent intent or 912 the intent to deceive.

(3) The provisions of this subsection shall not abrogate or modify any
common law or statutory privilege or immunity heretofore enjoyed by
any person identified in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

916 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or prohibit 917 the commissioner from disclosing at any time the content or results of 918 an examination report or a preliminary examination report or any 919 matter relating to such report, to (1) the insurance regulatory officials of 920 this state or any other state or country, (2) law enforcement officials of 921 this or any other state, or (3) any agency of this or any other state or of 922 the federal government, provided such officials or agency receiving the 923 report or matters relating to the report agrees, in writing, to hold such 924 report or matters confidential.

(g) All workpapers, recorded information, documents and copies
thereof produced by, obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or
any other person in the course of an examination made under the

928 authority of this section shall be confidential, shall not be subject to 929 subpoena and shall not be made public by the commissioner or any 930 other person, except to the extent provided in subsection (f) of this 931 section. The commissioner may grant access to such workpapers, 932 recorded information, documents and copies to the National 933 Association of Insurance Commissioners, provided said association 934 agrees, in writing, to hold such workpapers, recorded information, 935 documents and copies thereof confidential.

936 Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 19a-755a of the general statutes is
937 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*938 1, 2024):

939 (a) As used in this section:

940 (1) "All-payer claims database" means a database that receives and
941 stores data from a reporting entity relating to medical insurance claims,
942 dental insurance claims, pharmacy claims and other insurance claims
943 information from enrollment and eligibility files.

944 (2) (A) "Reporting entity" means:

945 (i) An insurer, as described in section 38a-1, <u>as amended by this act</u>,
946 licensed to do health insurance business in this state;

947 (ii) A health care center, as defined in section 38a-175;

948 (iii) An insurer or health care center that provides coverage under

Part C or Part D of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amendedfrom time to time, to residents of this state;

- 951 (iv) A third-party administrator, as defined in section 38a-720;
- 952 (v) A pharmacy benefits manager, as defined in section 38a-479aaa;
- 953 (vi) A hospital service corporation, as defined in section 38a-199;

954 (vii) A nonprofit medical service corporation, as defined in section955 38a-214;

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956 957	(viii) A fraternal benefit society, as described in section 38a-595, that transacts health insurance business in this state;					
958	(ix) A dental plan organization, as defined in section 38a-577;					
959 960	(x) A preferred provider network, as defined in section 38a-479aa; [and]					
961 962 963	(xi) Any other person that administers health care claims and payments pursuant to a contract or agreement or is required by statute to administer such claims and payments <u>; and</u>					
964 965	(xii) A multiple employer welfare arrangement trust, as defined in section 2 of this act.					
966 967 968 969 970 971	 (B) "Reporting entity" does not include an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, that is also a trust established pursuant to collective bargaining subject to the federal Labor Management Relations Act. (3) "Medicaid data" means the Medicaid provider registry, health 					
972 973	claims data and Medicaid recipient data maintained by the Department of Social Services.					
974 975 976	recipient da administer th	ta maintained by the ne Children's Health Ir	ider registry, health claims data and Department of Social Services to Insurance Program."			
	Section 1 Sec. 2 Sec. 3 Sec. 4 Sec. 5 Sec. 6 Sec. 7	October 1, 2024 October 1, 2024 October 1, 2024 April 1, 2025 October 1, 2024 October 1, 2024 October 1, 2024 October 1, 2024 October 1, 2024	38a-1 New section 38a-567 38a-9(a) 38a-14 38a-15			

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