

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2024

LCO No. **5082**



Offered by:

SEN. MARONEY, 14th Dist. REP. D'AGOSTINO, 91st Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. **201**

File No. 156

Cal. No. 121

(As Amended by Senate Amendment Schedule "A")

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING PRICE DISCLOSURE, SERVICE AGREEMENTS, THE NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION GUARANTY FUND AND THE CONNECTICUT UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES ACT."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2024) For the purposes of this
- 4 section and sections 2 to 6, inclusive, of this act:
- 5 (1) "Person" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-79 of the
- 6 general statutes;
- 7 (2) "Record" means to present any instrument to a town clerk for
- 8 placement in the land records pursuant to section 7-24 of the general
- 9 statutes;

10 (3) "Rerecord" means to present any previously recorded instrument 11 to a town clerk for placement in the land records pursuant to section 7-12 24 of the general statutes;

- 13 (4) "Residential real property" means one-family to four-family 14 residential real estate located in this state;
 - (5) "Real estate listing agreement" means any contract under which a real estate listing provider agrees to provide any real estate listing to any person in connection with any sale of residential real property;
 - (6) "Real estate listing provider" means any person who (A) is a party to a real estate listing agreement, and (B) provides, or agrees to provide, any real estate listing under the real estate listing agreement; and
 - (7) "Unfair real estate listing agreement" means any real estate listing agreement that (A) is entered into on or after July 1, 2024, (B) does not require the real estate listing provider who is a party to such agreement to perform any part of the real estate listing pursuant to such agreement within the one-year period immediately following the date on which the parties to such agreement entered into such agreement, and (C) (i) purports to run with the land or bind future owners of interests in the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement, (ii) allows for any assignment of any right to provide the real estate listing under such agreement without first providing notice to, and obtaining consent from, the owner of the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement, or (iii) purports to create any lien or encumbrance upon, or other security interest in, the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement.
 - Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) No real estate listing provider shall enter into any unfair real estate listing agreement with any person who holds any interest in residential real property.
- 38 (b) No unfair real estate listing agreement shall be enforceable.
- 39 (c) A violation of subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed an

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unfair or deceptive trade practice under subsection (a) of section 42-110b
of the general statutes.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) No person shall record or rerecord, or cause to be recorded or rerecorded, any unfair real estate listing agreement or any notice or memorandum thereof. If any such agreement, notice or memorandum is recorded or rerecorded, such agreement, notice or memorandum shall not be deemed to provide actual or constructive notice to an otherwise bona fide purchaser or creditor of the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 7-24 of the general statutes, a town clerk may refuse to receive any unfair real estate listing agreement, or any notice or memorandum thereof, for recording or rerecording.

Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) Not later than July 31, 2024, each real estate listing provider who entered into a real estate listing agreement on or before June 30, 2024, shall rerecord such agreement, and record notice of such agreement, with the town clerk of the town in which the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement is located if such agreement (1) purports to run with the land or bind future holders of interests in such residential real property, (2) allows for any assignment of any right to provide the real estate listing under such agreement without first providing notice to, and obtaining consent from, the owner of such residential real property, or (3) purports to create any lien or encumbrance upon, or other security interest in, such residential real property.

(b) Each notice recorded pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include (1) the title "Notice of Real Estate Listing Agreement" printed in not less than fourteen-point bold type, (2) a legal description of the residential real property that is the subject of the real estate listing agreement, (3) the amount of the fee specified in the real estate listing agreement or the method by which such fee shall be calculated, (4) the date or circumstances under which the obligation set forth in the real estate listing agreement shall expire, (5) the name, address and

telephone number of the real estate listing provider, and (6) if the real estate listing provider is (A) an individual, the notarized signature of the individual, or (B) an entity, the notarized signature of an authorized officer or employee of the entity.

- (c) If a real estate listing provider fails to rerecord any real estate listing agreement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, and record a notice of such agreement pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section, on or before July 31, 2024, such agreement shall be void and unenforceable and any interest in the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement may be conveyed free and clear of such agreement.
- Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) If any unfair real estate listing agreement or notice or memorandum thereof is recorded or rerecorded, any person who holds an interest in the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement or the Attorney General may petition the Superior Court for an order declaring such agreement to be void and unenforceable. Such petition shall include (1) the address of such residential real property, (2) the name, address and telephone number of the real estate listing provider who is a party to such agreement, (3) the name and address of each person who is known to hold an interest in such residential real property, and (4) the name of the town, and the volume and page number of the land records, where such agreement, notice or memorandum is recorded or rerecorded.
- (b) Upon filing a petition under subsection (a) of this section, the petitioner shall provide reasonable notice to the Attorney General and all persons who hold an interest in the residential real property disclosing that the petitioner has filed such petition with the court. The petitioner shall append to the petitioner's complaint a statement certifying that the petitioner has provided such reasonable notice. Such statement shall include the names of such other persons, if known, the nature of their interests in such residential real property and the manner in which the petitioner provided such reasonable notice. If the petitioner fails to provide such reasonable notice, the court may direct the

petitioner to provide such reasonable notice and certify to the court that the petitioner has provided such reasonable notice.

- (c) In reviewing a petition filed under subsection (a) of this section, the court may only consider evidence as to whether the real estate listing provider recorded or rerecorded, or caused to be recorded or rerecorded, an unfair real estate listing agreement or a notice or memorandum thereof. The court may issue an order declaring such agreement, notice or memorandum to be void and unenforceable upon a showing that such agreement, notice or memorandum does not comply with the provisions of sections 1 to 6, inclusive, of this act. Such order shall include the volume and page number of the land records where such agreement, notice or memorandum is recorded or rerecorded, and shall direct the town clerk of the town in which the residential real property is located to discharge the recording or rerecording of such agreement, notice or memorandum as void and unenforceable.
- (d) If any unfair real estate listing agreement or notice or memorandum thereof is recorded or rerecorded, any person with an interest in the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement may recover such actual damages, costs and attorney's fees as may be proven against the real estate listing provider who recorded or rerecorded such agreement, notice or memorandum or caused such agreement, notice or memorandum to be recorded or rerecorded. Such actual damages, costs and attorney's fees shall be in lieu of any damages, costs and attorney's fees awarded in any action brought under chapter 735a of the general statutes for a violation of subsection (a) of section 2 of this act.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) Any real estate listing provider who records or rerecords, or causes to be recorded or rerecorded, any unfair real estate listing agreement or any notice or memorandum thereof, including, but not limited to, any such agreement, notice or memorandum recorded before July 1, 2024, and assigns such real estate listing provider's rights under such agreement shall, not later than thirty

days after the date of such assignment, provide notice of such assignment to (1) any person who holds any interest in the residential real property that is the subject of such agreement, (2) the town clerk of the town in which the residential real property that is the subject of such

agreement is located, and (3) the Attorney General.

Sec. 7. Section 42-110j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

In the administration of this chapter, the commissioner may accept an assurance of voluntary compliance with respect to any method, act or practice deemed in violation of this chapter from any person alleged to be engaged or to have been engaged in such method, act or practice. Such assurance may include an amount as restitution to aggrieved persons and for investigative costs. No such assurance of voluntary compliance shall be considered an admission of violation for any purpose. Matters thus closed may at any time be reopened by the commissioner for further proceedings in the public interest. In the event of any violation of the terms of an assurance of voluntary compliance accepted under this section, the commissioner may proceed as provided in sections 42-110d and 42-110e or may request that the Attorney General apply in the name of the state to the Superior Court for relief from such violation consistent with section 42-110m, as amended by this act.

- Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 42-110m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that any person has been engaged or is engaged in an alleged violation of any provision of this chapter said commissioner may proceed as provided in sections 42-110d and 42-110e or may request the Attorney General to apply in the name of the state of Connecticut to the Superior Court for an order temporarily or permanently restraining and enjoining the continuance of such act or acts or for an order directing restitution and the

appointment of a receiver in appropriate instances, or both. Proof of public interest or public injury shall not be required in any action brought pursuant to section 42-110d, section 42-110e or this section. Such action may include an application to enforce any term of an assurance of voluntary compliance accepted under section 42-110j, as amended by this act. The court may award the relief applied for or so much as it may deem proper including reasonable attorney's fees, accounting and such other relief as may be granted in equity. In such action the commissioner shall be responsible for all necessary investigative support.

Sec. 9. Subsection (b) of section 42-1100 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(b) In any action brought under section 42-110m, as amended by this act, if the court finds that a person is wilfully using or has wilfully used a method, act or practice prohibited by section 42-110b, the Attorney General, upon petition to the court, may recover, on behalf of the state, a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each violation. For purposes of this subsection, a wilful violation occurs when: [the] (1) The party committing the violation knew or should have known that his conduct was a violation of section 42-110b; or (2) a person violates the terms of an assurance of voluntary compliance accepted under section 42-110j, as amended by this act."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 2	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 3	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 4	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 5	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 6	July 1, 2024	New section	
Sec. 7	from passage	42-110j	
Sec. 8	from passage	42-110m(a)	

Sec. 9	from passage	42-110o(b)