

General Assembly

February Session, 2022

Amendment

LCO No. 5431



Offered by: SEN. HASKELL, 26th Dist. REP. LEMAR, 96th Dist. SEN. COHEN, 12th Dist. REP. GRESKO, 121st Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 4

File No. 406

Cal. No. 278

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE CONNECTICUT CLEAN AIR ACT."

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the 2 following in lieu thereof:

"Section 1. Section 4a-67d of the 2022 supplement to the general
statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
(*Effective October 1, 2022*):

(a) As used in this section, (1) "emergency vehicle" means a vehicle
used by the Department of Motor Vehicles, Department of Emergency
Services and Public Protection, Department of Energy and
Environmental Protection, Department of Correction, Office of State
Capitol Police, Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services,
Department of Developmental Services, Department of Social Services,
Department of Children and Families, Department of Transportation,

13 Judicial Department, Board of Pardons and Paroles, Board of Regents

14 for Higher Education, The University of Connecticut or The University 15 of Connecticut Health Center for law enforcement or emergency 16 response purposes, (2) "hybrid" means a passenger car that draws 17 acceleration energy from two on-board sources of stored energy that 18 consists of either an internal combustion or heat engine which uses 19 combustible fuel and a rechargeable energy storage system and, for any 20 passenger car or light duty truck with a model year of 2004 or newer, 21 that is certified to meet or exceed the California Air Resources Board's 22 LEV (Low Emission Vehicle) II LEV Standard, (3) "zero-emission bus" 23 means any urban bus certified by the executive officer of the California 24 Air Resources Board to produce zero emissions of any criteria pollutant 25 under all operational modes and conditions, (4) "battery electric vehicle" 26 and "fuel cell electric vehicle" have the same meanings as provided in 27 section 16-19eee, and (5) "camp trailer" has the same meaning as 28 provided in section 14-1.

29 [(a)] (b) The fleet average for cars or light duty trucks purchased by 30 the state shall: (1) On and after October 1, 2001, have a United States 31 Environmental Protection Agency estimated highway gasoline mileage 32 rating of at least thirty-five miles per gallon and on and after January 1, 33 2003, have a United States Environmental Protection Agency estimated 34 highway gasoline mileage rating of at least forty miles per gallon, (2) 35 comply with the requirements set forth in 10 CFR 490 concerning the 36 percentage of alternative-fueled vehicles required in the state motor 37 vehicle fleet, and (3) obtain the best achievable mileage per pound of 38 carbon dioxide emitted in its class. The alternative-fueled vehicles 39 purchased by the state to comply with said requirements shall be 40 capable of operating on natural gas or electricity or any other system 41 acceptable to the United States Department of Energy that operates on 42 fuel that is available in the state.

[(b)] (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, (1) on and after January 1, 2008: (A) At least fifty per cent of all cars and light duty trucks purchased or leased by the state shall be alternative-fueled, hybrid electric or plug-in electric vehicles, (B) all alternative-fueled vehicles purchased or leased by the state shall be certified to the

 Emission Vehicle Standard, and (C) all gasoline-powered light duty and hybrid vehicles purchased or leased by the state shall, at a minimum, be certified to the California Air Resource Board's Low Emission Vehicle I Ultra Low Emission Vehicle Standard, (2) on and after January 1, 2012 one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be alternative-fueled, hybrid electric or plug-in electric vehicles, [and] (3 on and after January 1, [2030, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 certified to the California Air Resource Board's Low Emission Vehicle I Ultra Low Emission Vehicle Standard, (2) on and after January 1, 2012 one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be alternative-fueled, hybrid electric or plug-in electric vehicles, [and] (3 on and after January 1, [2030, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 Ultra Low Emission Vehicle Standard, (2) on and after January 1, 2012 one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be alternative-fueled, hybrid electric or plug-in electric vehicles, [and] (3 on and after January 1, [2030, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] <u>2026, at least fifty per cent</u> of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be alternative-fueled, hybrid electric or plug-in electric vehicles, [and] (3 on and after January 1, [2030, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 alternative-fueled, hybrid electric or plug-in electric vehicles, [and] (3 on and after January 1, [2030, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 on and after January 1, [2030, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 duty trucks shall be zero-emission vehicles] 2026, at least fifty per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, (4 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 on and after January 1, 2028, at least seventy-five per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles, and (5) on and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of such cars and light duty trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 trucks shall be battery electric vehicles. [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 [(c)] (d) (1) On and after January 1, 2030, at least thirty per cent of al buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 buses purchased or leased by the state shall be zero-emission buses. (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 (2) On and after January 1, 2024, the state shall cease to procure purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 purchase or lease any diesel-fueled transit bus. [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 [(d)] (e) The provisions of subsections [(a)] (b) to [(c)] (d), inclusive of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
 of this section shall not apply to any (1) emergency vehicle, (2) spor utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs
68 <u>utility vehicle, (3) bus or van that transports individuals in wheelchairs</u>
$(0, (4))$ are available confitted and the matrix (Γ) - (Γ) - (Γ)
69 (4) specialty upfitted motor vehicle, or (5) camp trailer.
70 [(e) As used in this section, (1) "emergency vehicle" means a vehicle
71 used by the Department of Motor Vehicles, Department of Emergency
72 Services and Public Protection, Department of Energy and
73 Environmental Protection, Department of Correction, Office of State
74 Capitol Police, Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services
75 Department of Developmental Services, Department of Social Services
76 Department of Children and Families, Department of Transportation
Judicial Department, Board of Pardons and Paroles, Board of Regents
 for Higher Education, The University of Connecticut or The University
79 of Connecticut Health Center for law enforcement or emergency

81 acceleration energy from two on-board sources of stored energy that 82 consists of either an internal combustion or heat engine which uses 83 combustible fuel and a rechargeable energy storage system, and, for any 84 passenger car or light duty truck with a model year of 2004 or newer, 85 that is certified to meet or exceed the California Air Resources Board's 86 LEV (Low Emission Vehicle) II LEV Standard, (3) "zero-emission 87 vehicle" means a battery electric vehicle, hybrid electric vehicle, range-88 extended electric vehicle and any vehicle that is certified by the 89 executive officer of the California Air Resources Board to produce zero 90 emissions of any criteria pollutant under all operational modes and 91 conditions, and (4) "zero-emission bus" means any urban bus certified 92 by the executive officer of the California Air Resources Board to produce 93 zero emissions of any criteria pollutant under all operational modes and 94 conditions.]

(f) In performing the requirements of this section, the Commissioners
of Administrative Services, Energy and Environmental Protection and
Transportation shall, whenever possible, consider the use of and impact
on Connecticut-based companies.

99 (g) The Commissioner of Administrative Services, in consultation 100 with the Commissioner of Transportation, shall (1) study the feasibility 101 of creating a competitive bid process for the aggregate procurement of 102 [zero-emission] light, medium and heavy duty battery electric vehicles, 103 fuel cell electric vehicles and zero-emission buses, [and] (2) determine whether such aggregate procurement would achieve a cost savings on 104 105 the purchase of such vehicles and buses and related administrative 106 costs, (3) develop a plan to implement zero-emission buses state-wide, 107 and (4) identify any barriers to such implementation. On or before 108 January 1, [2020] 2024, the Commissioner of Administrative Services 109 shall [report] submit, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, 110 [on] a report on the results of such study and a copy of the 111 implementation plan to the joint standing committees of the General 112 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to government 113 administration and The Commissioner of transportation.

80

-	sSB 4 Amendment
114	Administrative Services may proceed with such aggregate procurement
115	if the commissioner determines such aggregate procurement would
116	achieve a cost savings.
117	(h) The Commissioner of Administrative Services shall consider the
118	lower costs associated with the maintenance of a battery electric vehicle
119	when establishing the amount to lease such battery electric vehicle to
120	another state agency.
121	(i) Not later than January 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, if the fleet
122	average for cars or light duty trucks purchased by the state does not
123	meet the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, the commissioner
124	shall submit, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, a report
125	to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having
126	cognizance of matters relating to government administration,
127	transportation and the environment. Such report shall (1) explain why
128	such requirements were not met, and (2) propose an alternative
129	schedule to meet such requirements after considering available
130	appropriations and the market conditions for battery electric vehicles
131	and the associated charging infrastructure for battery electric vehicles.
132	Sec. 2. (NEW) (<i>Effective October 1, 2022</i>) (a) As used in this section:
133	(1) "Association of unit owners", "board of directors", "common
134	elements", "condominium instruments", "limited common elements",
135	"unit" and "unit owner" have the same meanings as provided in section
136	47-68a of the general statutes;
137	(2) "Electric vehicle charging station" has the same meaning as
138	provided in section 16-19f of the general statutes; and
139	(3) "Reasonable restrictions" means a restriction that does not
140	significantly increase the cost of the electric vehicle charging station or
141	significantly decrease its efficiency or specified performance.
142	(b) On and after October 1, 2022, any provision of the condominium
143	instruments that either prohibits or unreasonably restricts the

installation or use of an electric vehicle charging station in a unit parking
space or limited common element parking space, or is otherwise in
conflict with the provisions of this section, shall be void and
unenforceable.

(c) An electric vehicle charging station installed pursuant to this
section shall meet all applicable health and safety standards and
requirements under any state or federal law or municipal ordinance.

151 (d) A unit owner may submit an application to the board of directors 152 to install an electric vehicle charging station in a unit parking space, or 153 in a limited common element parking space with the written approval 154 of the unit owner of each unit to which use of the limited common 155 element parking space is reserved. The board of directors shall 156 acknowledge, in writing, the receipt of any such application not later 157 than thirty days after such receipt, and process such application in the 158 same manner as an application for an addition, alteration or 159 improvement pursuant to the declaration, as described in section 47-70 160 of the general statutes. The approval or denial of such application shall be in writing and shall be issued not later than sixty days after the date 161 162 of receipt of such application. If an application is not denied in writing 163 within such sixty-day period, the application shall be deemed 164 approved, unless the board of directors reasonably requests additional 165 information not later than sixty days from the date of receipt of such 166 application.

(e) If a unit owner seeks to install an electric vehicle charging stationin a unit parking space or limited common element parking space, thefollowing provisions shall apply:

(1) The unit owner shall obtain approval from the board of directors
to install the electric vehicle charging station and the board of directors
shall approve the installation if the owner agrees in writing to: (A)
Comply with the provisions of the declaration regarding an addition,
alteration or improvement; (B) engage a licensed and insured contractor
to install the electric vehicle charging station; (C) provide a certificate of

176 insurance, within fourteen days of approval, that demonstrates 177 insurance coverage in amounts deemed sufficient by the board of 178 directors; (D) pay for the costs associated with the installation of the 179 electric vehicle charging station, including, but not limited to, increased 180 master policy premiums, attorney's fees incurred by the association of 181 unit owners, engineering fees, professional fees, permit fees and 182 applicable zoning compliance costs; and (E) pay the electricity usage 183 costs associated with the electric vehicle charging station.

184 (2) The unit owner, and each successive owner, of the electric vehicle charging station shall be responsible for: (A) The costs for damage to the 185 186 electric vehicle charging station, common elements or units resulting 187 from the installation, use, maintenance, repair, removal or replacement 188 of the electric vehicle charging station; (B) the costs for the maintenance, 189 repair and replacement of the electric vehicle charging station until it 190 has been removed; (C) the costs for the restoration of the physical space 191 where the electric vehicle charging station was installed after it is 192 removed; (D) the costs of electricity associated with the electric vehicle 193 charging station; (E) the common expenses as a result of uninsured 194 losses pursuant to any master insurance policy held by the association 195 of unit owners; and (F) making disclosures to prospective buyers 196 regarding (i) the existence of the electric vehicle charging station, (ii) the 197 associated responsibilities of the unit owner under this section, and (iii) 198 the requirement that the purchaser accepts the electric vehicle charging 199 station unless it is removed prior to the transfer of the unit.

(3) A unit owner shall not be required to maintain a liability coverage
policy for an existing National Electrical Manufacturers Association
standard alternating current power plug.

(f) An association of unit owners may (1) install an electric vehicle
charging station in the common elements for the use of all unit owners
and develop appropriate rules for such use, (2) create a new parking
space where one did not previously exist to facilitate the installation of
an electric vehicle charging station, (3) require the unit owner to remove
the electric vehicle charging station prior to the unit owner's sale of the

209 property unless the purchaser of the property agrees to take ownership 210 of the electric vehicle charging station, and (4) assess the unit owner for 211 any uninsured portion of a loss associated with an electric vehicle 212 charging station, whether resulting from a deductible or otherwise, 213 regardless of whether the association submits an insurance claim.

(g) In any action by an association of unit owners seeking to enforce
compliance with this section, the prevailing party shall be awarded
reasonable attorney's fees.

(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to an association of
unit owners that imposes reasonable restrictions on electric vehicle
charging stations or has electric vehicle charging stations at a ratio that
is equal to or greater than fifteen per cent of the number of units.

221 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2022*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Association", "bylaws", "common elements", "declaration",
"executive board", "limited common element", "purchaser", "rule", "unit"
and "unit owner" have the same meanings as provided in section 47-202
of the general statutes;

(2) "Electric vehicle charging station" has the same meaning asprovided in section 16-19f of the general statutes; and

(3) "Reasonable restrictions" means a restriction that does not
significantly increase the cost of the electric vehicle charging station or
significantly decrease its efficiency or specified performance.

(b) On and after October 1, 2022, any provision of the declaration or
bylaws that either prohibits or unreasonably restricts the installation or
use of an electric vehicle charging station in a unit parking space or
limited common element parking space, or is otherwise in conflict with
the provisions of this section, shall be void and unenforceable.

(c) An electric vehicle charging station installed pursuant to this
section shall meet all applicable health and safety standards and
requirements under any state or federal law or municipal ordinance.

239 (d) A unit owner may submit an application to the executive board to 240 install an electric vehicle charging station in a unit parking space, or in 241 a limited common element parking space with the written approval of 242 the unit owner of each unit to which use of the limited common element 243 parking space is reserved. The executive board shall acknowledge, in 244 writing, the receipt of any such application not later than thirty days 245 after such receipt, and process such application in the same manner as 246 an application for an addition, alteration or improvement pursuant to 247 the declaration or bylaws. The approval or denial of such application 248 shall be in writing and shall be issued not later than sixty days after the 249 date of receipt of such application. If an application is not denied in 250 writing within such sixty-day period, the application shall be deemed 251 approved, unless the executive board reasonably requests additional 252 information not later than sixty days from the date of receipt of such 253 application.

(e) If a unit owner seeks to install an electric vehicle charging station
in a unit parking space or limited common element parking space, the
following provisions shall apply:

257 (1) The unit owner shall obtain approval from the executive board to 258 install the electric vehicle charging station and the executive board shall 259 approve the installation if the owner agrees in writing to: (A) Comply 260 with the provisions of the declaration or bylaws regarding an addition, 261 alteration or improvement; (B) engage a licensed and insured contractor 262 to install the electric vehicle charging station; (C) provide a certificate of 263 insurance, within fourteen days of approval, that demonstrates 264 insurance coverage in amounts deemed sufficient by the board of 265 directors; (D) pay for the costs associated with the installation of the 266 electric vehicle charging station, including, but not limited to, increased 267 master policy premiums, attorney's fees incurred by the association, 268 engineering fees, professional fees, permits and applicable zoning 269 compliance; and (E) pay the electricity usage costs associated with the 270 electric vehicle charging station.

271 (2) The unit owner, and each successive owner, of the electric vehicle

272 charging station shall be responsible for: (A) The costs for damage to the 273 electric vehicle charging station, common elements or units resulting 274 from the installation, use, maintenance, repair, removal or replacement 275 of the electric vehicle charging station; (B) the costs for the maintenance, 276 repair and replacement of the electric vehicle charging station until it 277 has been removed; (C) the costs for the restoration of the physical space 278 where the electric vehicle charging station was installed after it is 279 removed; (D) the costs of electricity associated with the electric vehicle 280 charging station; (E) the common expenses as a result of uninsured 281 losses pursuant to any master insurance policy held by the association 282 of unit owners; and (F) making disclosures to prospective buyers 283 regarding (i) the existence of the electric vehicle charging station, (ii) the 284 associated responsibilities of the unit owner under this section, and (iii) 285 the requirement that the purchaser accepts the electric vehicle charging 286 station unless it is removed prior to the transfer of the unit.

(3) A unit owner shall not be required to maintain a liability coverage
policy for an existing National Electrical Manufacturers Association
standard alternating current power plug.

290 (f) An association may (1) install an electric vehicle charging station 291 in the common elements for the use of all unit owners and develop 292 appropriate rules for such use, (2) create a new parking space where one 293 did not previously exist to facilitate the installation of an electric vehicle 294 charging station, (3) require the unit owner to remove the electric vehicle 295 charging station prior to the unit owner's sale of the property unless the 296 purchaser of the property agrees to take ownership of the electric vehicle 297 charging station, and (4) assess the unit owner for any uninsured 298 portion of a loss associated with an electric vehicle charging station, 299 whether resulting from a deductible or otherwise, regardless of whether 300 the association submits an insurance claim.

301 (g) In any action by an association seeking to enforce compliance with
302 this section, the prevailing party shall be awarded reasonable attorney's
303 fees.

sSB 4

(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to an association that
imposes reasonable restrictions on electric vehicle charging stations or
has electric vehicle charging stations at a ratio that is equal to or greater
than fifteen per cent of the number of units.

308 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2022*) (a) As used in this section (1) 309 "dedicated parking space" means a parking space located within a 310 tenant's separate interest or a parking spot that is in a common area, but 311 subject to exclusive use rights of an individual tenant, including, but not 312 limited to, a garage space, carport or parking space that is specifically 313 designated for use by a particular tenant; (2) "electric vehicle charging 314 station" has the same meaning as provided in section 16-19f of the 315 general statutes; and (3) "dwelling unit", "landlord", "rent", "rental 316 agreement" and "tenant" have the same meanings as provided in section 317 47a-1 of the general statutes.

(b) (1) For any rental agreement executed, extended or renewed on or
after October 1, 2022, a landlord of two hundred fifty dwelling units or
more shall approve a tenant's written request to install an electric
vehicle charging station at a dedicated parking space for the tenant that
meets the requirements of this section and complies with the landlord's
procedural approval process for modifications to the property.

(2) For any rental agreement executed, extended or renewed on or
after October 1, 2023, a landlord of more than fifty dwelling units but
less than two hundred fifty dwelling units shall approve a tenant's
written request to install an electric vehicle charging station at a
dedicated parking space for the tenant that meets the requirements of
this section and complies with the landlord's procedural approval
process for modifications to the property.

(3) For any rental agreement executed, extended or renewed on or
after October 1, 2024, a landlord of fifty dwelling units or less shall
approve a tenant's written request to install an electric vehicle charging
station at a dedicated parking space for the tenant that meets the
requirements of this section and complies with the landlord's

336 procedural approval process for modifications to the property.

(c) A landlord shall not be obligated to provide an additional parking
space to a tenant in order to accommodate an electric vehicle charging
station.

(d) An electric vehicle charging station installed pursuant to this
section, and all modifications and improvements to the property, shall
comply with any state or federal law or municipal ordinance, and all
applicable zoning requirements, land use requirements, and covenants,
conditions and restrictions.

(e) A tenant's written request to modify the rental property to install
an electric vehicle charging station shall indicate such tenant's consent
to enter into a written agreement with the landlord that includes, but is
not limited to, provisions regarding:

349 (1) The installation, use, maintenance and removal of the electric350 vehicle charging station and its infrastructure;

351 (2) A complete financial analysis and scope of work regarding the352 installation of the electric vehicle charging station and its infrastructure;

(3) Payment to the landlord of any costs associated with the landlord's installation of the electric vehicle charging station and its infrastructure prior to any modification or improvement to the rental property. The costs associated with modifications and improvements include, but are not limited to, the cost of permits, supervision, construction and, if required by the contractor and consistent with its past performance of work for the landlord, performance bonds;

(4) Payment of the landlord's incurred costs associated with the
electrical usage of the electric vehicle charging station, and costs for
damage, maintenance, repair, removal and replacement of the electric
vehicle charging station, including such modifications or improvements
made to the rental property associated with the electric vehicle charging
station;

366 (5) Where another tenant will use the electric vehicle charging station, 367 a requirement for the tenant who requested such electric vehicle 368 charging station to enter into a cooperative agreement with the landlord 369 and such other tenant regarding the electricity metering procedures and 370 the responsibilities and duties of each party to such agreement. Any 371 costs, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, electricity metering 372 costs and other fees related to the cooperative agreement, shall be the 373 responsibility of the tenants participating in the agreement;

(6) Maintenance of a general liability insurance policy that covers an
electric vehicle charging station at a tenant's dedicated parking space
and to name the landlord as a named additional insured under the
policy commencing with the date of approval for construction until the
tenant forfeits possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord;

379 (7) A requirement for the tenant to post a surety bond in an amount 380 equal to the cost of removing the electric vehicle charging station or 381 permit the landlord to withhold all or a portion of the security deposit 382 pursuant to section 47a-21 of the general statutes at the time the tenancy 383 is terminated for any damages suffered by the landlord due to the 384 tenant's failure to comply with the landlord's requirements regarding 385 removal of the electric vehicle charging station and its infrastructure; 386 and

(8) A requirement for the tenant to agree to designate the electric
vehicle charging station as a fixture of the rental property if the tenant
does not remove the electric vehicle charging station upon the
termination of the lease.

(f) This section shall not apply to a residential rental property where:
(1) The dwelling unit provides electric vehicle charging stations for use
by tenants in a ratio that is equal to or greater than ten per cent of the
designated parking spaces; (2) parking is not provided as part of the
rental agreement; (3) there are fewer than five parking spaces; (4) the
development of such property is assisted by an allocation of Low
Income Housing Tax Credits pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal
revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time; or (5)
such property is managed by a housing authority created under section
8-40 of the general statutes.

402 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2022) (a) As used in this section, (1) 403 "electric vehicle charging station" has the same meaning as provided in 404 section 16-19f of the general statutes, (2) "level two electric vehicle charging station" means an electric vehicle charging station that 405 406 supplies two hundred eight to two hundred forty volt alternating 407 current, and (3) "direct current fast charging station" means an electric 408 vehicle charging station that utilizes direct current electricity providing 409 forty kilowatts or greater.

(b) On and after January 1, 2023, the Commissioner of Administrative
Services shall require each new construction of a state facility, the total
project costs of which exceed one hundred thousand dollars, to be
installed with level two electric vehicle charging stations in at least
twenty per cent of the designated parking spaces for cars or light duty
trucks at such facility.

416 (c) On and after January 1, 2023, a municipality shall require each new 417 construction of a commercial building or multiunit residential building 418 with thirty or more designated parking spaces for cars or light duty 419 trucks to include electric vehicle charging infrastructure that is capable 420 of supporting level two electric vehicle charging stations or direct 421 current fast charging stations in at least ten per cent of such parking 422 spaces. A municipality may, through its legislative body, require any 423 such commercial building or multiunit residential building to include 424 such electric vehicle charging infrastructure in more than ten per cent of 425 such parking spaces.

Sec. 6. Section 12-81 of the 2022 supplement to the general statutes is amended by adding subdivisions (80) and (81) as follows (*Effective October 1, 2022, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after October 1, 2022*):

430	(NEW) (80) Level two electric vehicle charging stations, as defined in
431	section 5 of this act, that are located on commercial or industrial
432	properties, electric vehicle charging stations, as defined in section 16-
433	19f, that are located on residential properties, and any refueling
434	equipment for fuel cell electric vehicles, as defined in section 16-19eee;
435	and
436	(NEW) (81) Zero-emission school buses, as defined in 42 USC
437	16091(a)(8), as amended from time to time.
438	Sec. 7. Section 22a-202 of the general statutes is repealed and the
439	following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2022, and
440	applicable to appointments made on and after said date):
441	(a) As used in this section, (1) "environmental justice community" has
442	the same meaning as provided in subsection (a) of section 22a-20a, (2)
443	"battery electric vehicle", "electric vehicle", "fuel cell electric vehicle" and
444	"plug-in hybrid electric vehicle" have the same meanings as provided in
445	section 16-19eee, and (3) "electric bicycle" has the same meaning as
446	provided in section 14-1.
447	(b) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall
448	establish and administer a Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric
449	Automobile Purchase Rebate program.
450	[(a)] (c) There is established a Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric
451	Automobile Purchase Rebate Advisory Board, which shall be within the
452	Department of Energy and Environmental Protection for administrative
453	purposes only. The advisory board shall advise the Commissioner of
454	Energy and Environmental Protection concerning priorities for the
455	allocation, distribution and utilization of funds for the Connecticut
456	Hydrogen and Electric Automobile Purchase Rebate program. The
457	advisory board shall consist of the Commissioner of Energy and
458	Environmental Protection or the commissioner's designee, the
459	Commissioner of Consumer Protection or the commissioner's designee,
460	the president of the Connecticut Green Bank or the president's designee,
461	the chairperson of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority or the

462 chairperson's designee and [six] ten members appointed as follows: (1) 463 One representative of an environmental organization knowledgeable in 464 electric vehicle policy appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives; (2) one member who is an owner or manager of a 465 466 business engaged in the sale or repair of bicycles appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate; (3) one representative of an 467 468 organization that represents the interests of an environmental justice 469 community [, as defined in subsection (a) of section 22a-20a,] appointed 470 by the majority leader of the House of Representatives; (4) one 471 representative of an association representing automotive retailers in the 472 state appointed by the majority leader of the Senate; (5) one [member] 473 representative of an association representing electric vehicle consumers 474 appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives; [and] 475 (6) one member appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; (7) one 476 representative of an organization interested in the promotion of walking 477 or bicycling appointed by the House chairperson of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 478 479 relating to transportation; (8) one member appointed by the Senate 480 chairperson of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly 481 having cognizance of matters relating to transportation; (9) one 482 representative of an association representing electric vehicle 483 manufacturers appointed by the House ranking member of the joint 484 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to transportation; and (10) one member appointed by 485 486 the Senate ranking member of the joint standing committee of the 487 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to 488 transportation. The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 489 Protection may appoint to the advisory board not more than three 490 additional representatives from other industrial fleet or transportation 491 companies. Each member appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1) to (10), 492 inclusive, of this subsection or appointed by the Commissioner of 493 Energy and Environmental Protection shall serve for a term of two years 494 and may service until such member's successor is appointed. The 495 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, or the 496 commissioner's designee, shall serve as chairperson of the advisory

497 board. The <u>advisory</u> board shall meet at such times as it deems 498 necessary <u>and may establish rules governing its internal procedures.</u>

499 [(b)] (d) On and after [January 1, 2020, until December 31, 2025, 500 inclusive, the board] July 1, 2022, the Commissioner of Energy and 501 Environmental Protection shall establish and administer a program to 502 provide rebates [that total at least three million dollars annually] or 503 vouchers to residents, [of] municipalities, businesses, nonprofit 504 organizations and tribal entities located in this state [who (1)] when such 505 residents, municipalities, businesses, organizations or tribal entities purchase or lease a new or used battery electric vehicle, plug-in hybrid 506 507 electric vehicle or fuel cell electric vehicle. [, or (2) purchase a used 508 hydrogen vehicle or electric vehicle.] The [board] commissioner, in 509 consultation with the advisory board, shall establish and revise, as 510 necessary, appropriate rebate levels, voucher amounts and maximum income eligibility for such rebates [for used hydrogen vehicles or electric 511 512 vehicles.] or vouchers. The commissioner shall prioritize the granting of 513 rebates or vouchers to residents of environmental justice communities, residents having household incomes at or below three hundred per cent 514 515 of the federal poverty level and residents who participate in state and 516 federal assistance programs, including, but not limited to, the stateadministered federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, 517 518 state-administered federal Low Income Home Energy Assistance 519 Program, a Head Start program established pursuant to section 10-16n or assistance provided by Operation Fuel, Incorporated. Any such 520 521 rebate or voucher awarded to a resident of an environmental justice community shall be in an amount up to one hundred per cent more than 522 the standard rebate level or voucher amount. An eligible municipality, 523 524 business, nonprofit organization or tribal entity may receive not more 525 than ten rebates or vouchers a year, within available funds, and not 526 more than a total of twenty rebates or vouchers, except the 527 commissioner may issue additional rebates or vouchers to an eligible 528 business or nonprofit organization that operates a fleet of motor vehicles exclusively in an environmental justice community. On and after July 1, 529 530 2022, and until June 30, 2027, inclusive, a battery electric vehicle, plug-

_	sSB 4 Amendment
531	in hybrid electric vehicle or fuel cell electric vehicle that is eligible for a
532	rebate or voucher under the program shall have a base manufacturer's
533	suggested retail price of not more than fifty thousand dollars.
534	(a) As a part of the Connectionst Hydrogen and Electric Automobile
	(e) As a part of the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile
535 526	Purchase Rebate program, the Commissioner of Energy and
536	Environmental Protection shall also establish and administer a program
537	to provide rebates or vouchers to residents of the state who purchase an
538	electric bicycle. The commissioner, in consultation with the advisory
539	board, shall establish and revise, as necessary, maximum income
540	eligibility for such rebates or vouchers. Any such rebate or voucher
541	amount shall be in an amount not less than five hundred dollars. The
542	rebate or voucher program shall be designed to maximize the air quality
543	benefits associated with the deployment of electric bicycles and
544	prioritize providing vouchers to residents of environmental justice
545	communities, residents having household incomes at or below three
546	hundred per cent of the federal poverty level, and residents who
547	participate in state and federal assistance programs, including, but not
548	limited to, the state-administered federal Supplemental Nutrition
549	Assistance Program, state-administered federal Low Income Home
550	Energy Assistance Program, a Head Start program established pursuant
551	to section 10-16 or assistance provided by Operation Fuel, Incorporated.
552	<u>On and after July 1, 2022, and until June 30, 2027, inclusive, an electric</u>
553	bicycle that is eligible for a rebate or voucher under the program shall
554	have a base manufacturer's suggested retail price of not more than three
555	thousand dollars.
556	(f) The [board] <u>Commissioner of Energy and Environmental</u>
557	<u>Protection</u> shall evaluate [such] <u>the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric</u>

557 Protection shall evaluate [such] <u>the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric</u> 558 <u>Automobile Purchase Rebate</u> program on an annual basis. <u>Not later than</u> 559 <u>June 20, 2024, and annually thereafter, the commissioner shall submit a</u> 560 <u>report to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having</u> 561 <u>cognizance of matters relating to the environment and transportation</u> 562 <u>regarding the status and effectiveness of such program. Such report</u> 563 <u>shall include information on program participation and the</u> 564 environmental benefits accruing to environmental justice communities

_	sSB 4 Amendment
565	and communities overburdened by air pollution.
566	(g) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall
567	conduct outreach programs and implement a marketing campaign for
568	the promotion of the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile
569	Purchase Rebate program.
570	[(c)] <u>(h)</u> There is established an account to be known as the
571	"Connecticut hydrogen and electric automobile purchase rebate
F70	

program account" which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account within 572 573 the General Fund. The account shall contain any moneys required by 574 law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account shall be 575 expended by the [Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile 576 Purchase Rebate Board] Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 577 Protection for the purposes of (1) administering the Connecticut 578 Hydrogen and Electric Automobile Purchase Rebate program 579 [established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section] and the voucher 580 program established pursuant to section 14 of this act, and (2) paying 581 the staffing needs associated with administering the grant program for 582 zero-emission buses and providing administrative and technical 583 assistance for such grant program pursuant to section 13 of this act.

584 Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 14-49 of the 2022 supplement to the 585 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 586 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

587 (a) For the registration of each passenger motor vehicle, [other than 588 an electric motor vehicle,] the fee shall be one hundred twenty dollars 589 every three years, provided any individual who is sixty-five years of age 590 or older may, at such individual's discretion, renew the registration of 591 such passenger motor vehicle owned by such individual for either a one-592 year period or the registration period as determined by the 593 commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of section 14-22. The 594 registration fee shall be prorated accordingly for any such registration 595 that is renewed for a one-year period. The triennial fee for any motor 596 vehicle for which special license plates have been issued under the

597 provisions of section 14-20 shall be one hundred twenty dollars. The 598 provisions of this subsection relative to the triennial fee charged for the 599 registration of each antique, rare or special interest motor vehicle for 600 which special license plates have been issued under section 14-20 shall 601 not apply to an antique fire apparatus or transit bus owned by a 602 nonprofit organization and maintained primarily for use in parades, 603 exhibitions or other public events but not for purposes of general 604 transportation.

Sec. 9. Subsection (a) of section 14-49b of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2022):

608 (a) (1) For each new registration or renewal of registration of any 609 motor vehicle with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles pursuant to this 610 chapter, the person registering such vehicle shall pay to the commissioner a fee of fifteen dollars for registration for a triennial 611 612 period, ten dollars for registration for a biennial period and five dollars 613 for registration for an annual period, except that any individual who is sixty-five years of age or older on or after January 1, 1994, may, at the 614 615 discretion of such individual, pay the fee for a one-year period if such 616 individual obtains a one-year registration under subsection (a) of 617 section 14-49, as amended by this act. The provisions of this subsection 618 shall not apply to any motor vehicle that is not self-propelled, that is 619 electrically powered, or that is exempted from payment of a registration 620 fee. This fee may be identified as the "federal Clean Air Act fee" on any 621 registration form provided by the commissioner. Payments collected 622 pursuant to the provisions of this [section] subsection shall be deposited 623 as follows: [(1)] (A) Fifty-seven and one-half per cent of such payments 624 collected shall be deposited into the Special Transportation Fund 625 established pursuant to section 13b-68, and [(2)] (B) forty-two and one-626 half per cent of such payments collected shall be deposited into the 627 General Fund. The fee required by this subsection is in addition to any 628 other fees prescribed by any other provision of this title for the 629 registration of a motor vehicle. No part of the federal Clean Air Act fee 630 shall be subject to a refund under subsection (z) of section 14-49.

631	(2) Not later than January 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, the
632	Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with
633	the Commissioners of Energy and Environmental Protection,
634	Transportation and Motor Vehicles, shall submit a report, in accordance
635	with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of
636	the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to
637	appropriations and the budgets of state agencies, the environment and
638	transportation indicating (A) the amount of payments collected
639	pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection during the preceding fiscal
640	year, and (B) all state funds expended during the preceding fiscal year
641	associated with implementing the requirements of the federal Clean Air
642	Act, improving air quality and reducing transportation sector
643	greenhouse gas emissions.

644 Sec. 10. Section 22a-201c of the 2022 supplement to the general 645 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 646 (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

(a) For each registration of a new motor vehicle with the
Commissioner of Motor Vehicles pursuant to chapter 246, the person
registering such vehicle shall pay to the commissioner a fee of fifteen
dollars, in addition to any other fees required for registration, for the
following registration types: Passenger, motor home, combination or
antique.

653 (b) For each new registration or renewal of registration of any motor 654 vehicle, except a new motor vehicle, with the Commissioner of Motor 655 Vehicles pursuant to chapter 246, the person registering such vehicle 656 shall pay to the commissioner a fee of seven dollars and fifty cents for 657 registration for a triennial period and five dollars for registration for a 658 biennial period for the following registration types: Passenger, motor 659 home, combination or antique. Any person who is sixty-five years of age 660 or older and who obtains a one-year registration renewal for any motor 661 vehicle under section 14-49, as amended by this act, for such registration 662 type shall pay two dollars and fifty cents for the annual registration 663 period.

664 (c) The fee imposed by this [subsection] section may be identified as 665 the "greenhouse gas reduction fee" on any registration form, or 666 combined with the fee specified by subdivision (3) of subsection (k) of 667 section 14-164c on any registration form. [The first three million dollars 668 received from the payment of such fee] Payments collected pursuant to 669 the provisions of this section shall be deposited into the Connecticut 670 hydrogen and electric automobile purchase rebate program account, 671 established pursuant to subsection [(c)] (h) of section 22a-202, as 672 amended by this act. [Any revenue from such fee in excess of the first 673 three million dollars in each fiscal year shall be deposited into the 674 General Fund.] No part of the greenhouse gas reduction fee shall be 675 subject to a refund under subsection (z) of section 14-49.

676 Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2022) The Commissioner of Transportation shall establish a matching grant program for the purpose 677 678 of assisting municipalities to modernize existing traffic signal 679 equipment and operations to make such equipment and operations 680 capable of utilizing transit signal priority and responsive to congestion 681 and to reduce idling. Applications shall be submitted annually to the 682 commissioner at such times and in such manner as the commissioner 683 prescribes. The commissioner shall develop the eligibility criteria for 684 participation in the program and determine the amount a municipality 685 shall be required to provide to match any such grant. The commissioner 686 shall give preference to applications submitted by two or more 687 municipalities and establish incentives for projects undertaken by two 688 or more municipalities.

Sec. 12. Subsection (a) of section 10-220 of the 2022 supplement to the
general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

(a) Each local or regional board of education shall maintain good
public elementary and secondary schools, implement the educational
interests of the state, as defined in section 10-4a, and provide such other
educational activities as in its judgment will best serve the interests of
the school district; provided any board of education may secure such

697 opportunities in another school district in accordance with provisions of 698 the general statutes and shall give all the children of the school district, 699 including children receiving alternative education, as defined in section 700 10-74j, as nearly equal advantages as may be practicable; shall provide 701 an appropriate learning environment for all its students which includes 702 (1) adequate instructional books, supplies, materials, equipment, 703 staffing, facilities and technology, (2) equitable allocation of resources 704 among its schools, (3) proper maintenance of facilities, and (4) a safe 705 school setting; shall, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) 706 of this section, maintain records of allegations, investigations and 707 reports that a child has been abused or neglected by a school employee, 708 as defined in section 53a-65, employed by the local or regional board of 709 education; shall have charge of the schools of its respective school district; shall make a continuing study of the need for school facilities 710 711 and of a long-term school building program and from time to time make 712 recommendations based on such study to the town; shall adopt and 713 implement an indoor air quality program that provides for ongoing 714 maintenance and facility reviews necessary for the maintenance and 715 improvement of the indoor air quality of its facilities; shall adopt and 716 implement a green cleaning program, pursuant to section 10-231g, that 717 provides for the procurement and use of environmentally preferable 718 cleaning products in school buildings and facilities; on and after July 1, 719 2021, and every five years thereafter, shall report to the Commissioner 720 of Administrative Services on the condition of its facilities and the action 721 taken to implement its long-term school building program, indoor air 722 quality program and green cleaning program, which report the 723 Commissioner of Administrative Services shall use to prepare a report 724 every five years that said commissioner shall submit in accordance with 725 section 11-4a to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly 726 having cognizance of matters relating to education; shall advise the 727 Commissioner of Administrative Services of the relationship between 728 any individual school building project pursuant to chapter 173 and such 729 long-term school building program; shall have the care, maintenance 730 and operation of buildings, lands, apparatus and other property used 731 for school purposes and at all times shall insure all such buildings and

732 all capital equipment contained therein against loss in an amount not 733 less than eighty per cent of replacement cost; shall determine the 734 number, age and qualifications of the pupils to be admitted into each 735 school; shall develop and implement a written plan for minority 736 educator recruitment for purposes of subdivision (3) of section 10-4a; 737 shall employ and dismiss the teachers of the schools of such district 738 subject to the provisions of sections 10-151 and 10-158a; shall designate 739 the schools which shall be attended by the various children within the 740 school district; shall make such provisions as will enable each child of 741 school age residing in the district to attend some public day school for 742 the period required by law and provide for the transportation of 743 children wherever transportation is reasonable and desirable, and for 744 such purpose may make contracts covering periods of not more than (A)745 five years, or (B) ten years if such contract includes transportation 746 provided by at least one zero-emission school bus, as defined in 42 USC 747 16091(a)(8), as amended from time to time; may provide alternative education, in accordance with the provisions of section 10-74j, or place 748 749 in another suitable educational program a pupil enrolling in school who 750 is nineteen years of age or older and cannot acquire a sufficient number 751 of credits for graduation by age twenty-one; may arrange with the board 752 of education of an adjacent town for the instruction therein of such 753 children as can attend school in such adjacent town more conveniently; 754 shall cause each child five years of age and over and under eighteen 755 years of age who is not a high school graduate and is living in the school 756 district to attend school in accordance with the provisions of section 10-757 184, and shall perform all acts required of it by the town or necessary to 758 carry into effect the powers and duties imposed by law.

Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2022*) (a) As used in this section, (1) "zero-emission school bus" has the same meaning as provided in 42 USC 16091(a)(8), as amended from time to time, (2) "alternative fuel school bus" means a school bus that reduces emissions and is operated entirely or in part using liquefied natural gas, compressed natural gas, hydrogen, propane or biofuels, and (3) "environmental justice community" has the same meaning as provided in subsection (a) of 766 section 22a-20a of the general statutes.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, (1) on and after
January 1, 2035, one hundred per cent of the school buses that provide
transportation for all school districts in the state shall be zero-emission
school buses or alternative fuel school buses, and (2) on and after
January 1, 2040, one hundred per cent of the school buses that provide
transportation for all school districts in the state shall be zero-emission
school buses.

(c) On and after January 1, 2030, one hundred per cent of the school
buses that provide transportation for school districts entirely within an
environmental justice community as of July 1, 2022, or in an area that
encompasses at least one environmental justice community as of July 1,
2022, shall be zero-emission school buses.

779 (d) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall establish and administer a grant program for the purpose of providing 780 matching funds necessary for municipalities, school districts and school 781 782 bus operators to submit federal grant applications in order to maximize 783 federal funding for the purchase or lease of zero-emission school buses 784 and electric vehicle charging or fueling infrastructure. Applications for 785 such grants shall be filed with the commissioner at such time and in such 786 manner as the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner shall give 787 preference to applications concerning the purchase or lease of a zero-788 emission school bus that will be operated primarily in an environmental 789 justice community. The commissioner shall determine the amount a 790 municipality, school district or school bus operator shall be required to 791 provide to match such grant.

(e) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall,
within available funds and appropriations, provide administrative and
technical assistance to municipalities, school districts and school bus
operators that are transitioning to the use of zero-emission school buses,
applying for federal grants for such buses and installing electric vehicle
charging and fueling infrastructure.

798 Sec. 14. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2022) On and after January 1, 2023, 799 the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, in 800 consultation with the Commissioners of Motor Vehicles, Transportation 801 and Education, may establish, within available funding, a voucher 802 program to support the (1) deployment of any vehicle classified within 803 Class 5 to Class 13, inclusive, by the Federal Highway Administration's 804 vehicle category classification system, as amended from time to time, 805 and any school bus classified within Class 3 to Class 8, inclusive, by said 806 classification system, that is equipped with zero-emission technology, 807 including, but not limited to, battery electric and fuel cell systems, and (2) installation of electric vehicle charging infrastructure. Applications 808 809 for the voucher program shall be filed with the Commissioner of Energy 810 and Environmental Protection at such time and in such manner as the commissioner prescribes. In awarding any such voucher, the 811 812 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall consider 813 the amount of funding available and set aside forty per cent of such 814 funding to be used toward maximizing air pollution reductions in 815 environmental justice communities. Vouchers shall not be awarded for 816 vehicle classes where there is no commercially available zero-emission 817 technology.

Sec. 15. Section 22a-174g of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*):

820 (a) On or before December 31, 2004, the Commissioner of Energy and 821 Environmental Protection shall adopt regulations, in accordance with 822 the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the light duty motor vehicle 823 emission standards of the state of California, and shall amend such regulations from time to time, in accordance with changes in said 824 825 standards. Such regulations shall be applicable to motor vehicles with a 826 model year 2008 and later. Such regulations may incorporate by 827 reference the California motor vehicle emission standards set forth in 828 final regulations issued by the California Air Resources Board pursuant to Title 13 of the California Code of Regulations and promulgated under 829 830 the authority of Division 26 of the California Health and Safety Code, as 831 may be amended from time to time. Nothing in this section shall limit the commissioner's authority to regulate motor vehicle emissions forany other class of vehicle.

834 (b) As part of the state's implementation plan under the federal Clean 835 Air Act, the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection 836 may establish a program to allow the sale, purchase and use of motor 837 vehicles which comply with any regulations adopted by the 838 commissioner which implement the California motor vehicles emissions 839 standards for purposes of generating any emission reduction credits 840 under said act. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Commissioner 841 of Energy and Environmental Protection from establishing a program to 842 require the sale, purchase and use of motor vehicles which comply with 843 any regulations adopted by the commissioner which implement the 844 California motor vehicle emissions standards.

845 (c) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection may 846 adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to 847 implement the medium and heavy-duty motor vehicle standards of the 848 state of California. If the commissioner adopts such regulations, the commissioner shall amend such regulations from time to time, in 849 850 accordance with changes to such standards. Such regulations may 851 incorporate by reference the California motor vehicle standards 852 established in final regulations issued by the California Air Resources 853 Board pursuant to Title 13 of the California Code of Regulations and 854 promulgated under the authority of Division 26 of the California Health 855 and Safety Code, as may be amended from time to time.

Sec. 16. Section 47-261b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

(a) At least ten days before adopting, amending or repealing any rule,
the executive board shall give all unit owners notice of (1) The executive
board's intention to adopt, amend or repeal a rule and shall include with
such notice the text of the proposed rule or amendment, or the text of
the rule proposed to be repealed; and (2) the date on which the executive
board will act on the proposed rule, amendment or repeal after

864 considering comments from unit owners.

(b) Following adoption, amendment or repeal of a rule, the
association shall give all unit owners notice of its action and include
with such notice a copy of any new or amended rule.

(c) Subject to the provisions of the declaration, an association may
adopt rules to establish and enforce construction and design criteria and
aesthetic standards. If an association adopts such rules, the association
shall adopt procedures for enforcement of those rules and for approval
of construction applications, including a reasonable time within which
the association [must] <u>shall</u> act after an application is submitted and the
consequences of its failure to act.

(d) A rule regulating display of the flag of the United States [must]
<u>shall</u> be consistent with federal law. In addition, the association may not
prohibit display, on a unit or on a limited common element adjoining a
unit, of the flag of this state, or signs regarding candidates for public or
association office or ballot questions, but the association may adopt
rules governing the time, place, size, number and manner of those
displays.

(e) Unit owners may peacefully assemble on the common elements to
consider matters related to the common interest community, but the
association may adopt rules governing the time, place and manner of
those assemblies.

(f) An association may adopt rules that affect the use of or behaviorin units that may be used for residential purposes, only to:

888 (1) Implement a provision of the declaration;

(2) Regulate any behavior in or occupancy of a unit which violates the
declaration or adversely affects the use and enjoyment of other units or
the common elements by other unit owners; or

892 (3) Restrict the leasing of residential units to the extent those rules are893 reasonably designed to meet underwriting requirements of institutional

894 lenders that regularly make loans secured by first mortgages on units in 895 common interest communities or regularly purchase those mortgages, 896 provided no such restriction shall be enforceable unless notice thereof is 897 recorded on the land records of each town in which any part of the 898 common interest community is located. Such notice shall be indexed by 899 the town clerk in the grantor index of such land records in the name of 900 the association.

901 (g) In the case of a common interest community that is not a 902 condominium or a cooperative, an association may not adopt or enforce any rules that would have the effect of prohibiting any unit owner from 903 904 installing a solar power generating system on the roof of such owner's 905 unit, provided such roof is not shared with any other unit owner. An 906 association may adopt rules governing (1) the size and manner of 907 affixing, installing or removing a solar power generating system; (2) the unit owner's responsibilities for periodic upkeep and maintenance of 908 909 such solar power generating system; and (3) a prohibition on any unit 910 owner installing a solar power generating system upon any common 911 elements of the association.

912 [(g)] (h) An association's internal business operating procedures need 913 not be adopted as rules.

914 [(h)] (i) Each rule of the association [must] shall be reasonable.

915 Sec. 17. Subsection (b) of section 10-291 of the 2022 supplement to the 916 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 917 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2022*):

(b) The Department of Administrative Services shall not approve aschool building project plan or site, as applicable, if:

(1) The site is in an area of moderate or high radon potential, as
indicated in the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's
Radon Potential Map, or similar subsequent publications, except where
the school building project plan incorporates construction techniques to
mitigate radon levels in the air of the facility;

925 (2) The plans incorporate new roof construction or total replacement 926 of an existing roof and do not provide for the following: (A) A minimum 927 roof pitch that conforms with the requirements of the State Building 928 Code, (B) a minimum twenty-year unlimited manufacturer's guarantee 929 for water tightness covering material and workmanship on the entire 930 roofing system, (C) the inclusion of vapor retarders, insulation, bitumen, 931 felts, membranes, flashings, metals, decks and any other feature 932 required by the roof design, and (D) that all manufacturer's materials to 933 be used in the roofing system are specified to meet the latest standards 934 for individual components of the roofing systems of the American 935 Society for Testing and Materials;

(3) In the case of a major alteration, renovation or extension of a
building to be used for public school purposes, the plans do not
incorporate the guidelines set forth in the Sheet Metal and Air
Conditioning Contractors National Association's publication entitled
"Indoor Air Quality Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under
Construction" or similar subsequent publications;

(4) In the case of a new construction, extension, renovation or
replacement, the plans do not provide that the building maintenance
staff responsible for such facility are trained in or are receiving training
in, or that the applicant plans to provide training in, the appropriate
areas of plant operations including, but not limited to, heating,
ventilation and air conditioning systems pursuant to section 10-231e,
with specific training relative to indoor air quality;

(5) In the case of a project for new construction, extension, major
alteration, renovation or replacement involving a school entrance for
inclusion on any listing submitted to the General Assembly in
accordance with section 10-283 on or after July 1, 2008, the plans do not
provide for a security infrastructure for such entrance; [or]

(6) In the case of a project for new construction, extension, major
alteration, renovation or replacement on any listing submitted to the
General Assembly in accordance with section 10-283 on or after July 1,

957 2022, the plans do not provide for the installation of at least one water 958 bottle filling station (A) per one hundred students of the projected 959 enrollment for the school building, (B) on each new floor or wing of the school building, and (C) in any food service area of the school building; 960 961 or 962 (7) In the case of a project for new construction of a school building 963 on any listing submitted to the General Assembly in accordance with 964 section 10-283 on or after July 1, 2023, the plans do not provide for the 965 installation of level two electric vehicle charging stations, as defined in 966 section 5 of this act, in at least twenty per cent of the designated parking 967 spaces for cars or light duty trucks at the school building. 968 Sec. 18. Section 22a-200c of the general statutes is repealed and the 969 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2022*): 970 (a) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall 971 adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the 972 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative. 973 (b) The Department of Energy and Environmental Protection shall 974 auction all emissions allowances and invest the proceeds, which shall be 975 deposited into a Regional Greenhouse Gas account established by the 976 Comptroller as a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund, 977 on behalf of electric ratepayers in energy conservation, load 978 management, [and] Class I renewable energy programs and programs 979 that reduce transportation sector greenhouse gas emissions. In making 980 such investments, the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 981 Protection shall consider strategies that maximize cost effective 982 reductions in greenhouse gas emission. Allowances shall be auctioned 983 under the oversight of the Department of Energy and Environmental 984 Protection by a contractor or trustee on behalf of the electric ratepayers. 985 [On or before July 1, 2015, notwithstanding subparagraph (C) of subdivision (5) of subsection (f) of section 22a-174-31 of the regulations 986 987 of Connecticut state agencies, the commissioner may allocate to the 988 Connecticut Green Bank any portion of auction proceeds in excess of the amounts budgeted by electric distribution companies in the plan
submitted to the department on November 1, 2012, in accordance with
section 16-245m, to support energy efficiency programs, provided any
such excess proceeds may be calculated and allocated on a pro rata basis
at the conclusion of any auction.]

994 (c) The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section 995 may include provisions to cover the reasonable administrative costs 996 associated with the implementation of the Regional Greenhouse Gas 997 Initiative in Connecticut and to fund the assessment, [and] planning and 998 implementation of measures to reduce emissions, mitigate the impacts 999 of climate change and to cover the reasonable administrative costs of 1000 state agencies associated with the adoption of regulations, plans and 1001 policies in accordance with section 22a-200a. Such costs shall not exceed 1002 seven and one-half per cent of the total projected allowance value. Such 1003 regulations may also set aside a portion of the allowances to support the 1004 voluntary renewable energy provisions of the Regional Greenhouse Gas 1005 Initiative model rule and combined heat and power.

(d) Any allowances or allowance value allocated to the energy
conservation load management program on behalf of electric ratepayers
shall be incorporated into the planning and procurement process in
sections 16a-3a and 16a-3b.

1010 (e) Beginning with the first auction occurring on or after January 1, 1011 [2017] 2023, and notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 1012 section and subdivision (6) of subsection (f) of section 22a-174-31 of the 1013 regulations of Connecticut state agencies, auction proceeds [totaling 1014 three million three hundred thousand dollars shall be diverted to the 1015 General Fund in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, provided all 1016 proceeds in excess of said amount in the auction or auctions where such 1017 diversion occurs, and all proceeds in all subsequent auctions, shall be] 1018 annually calculated and allocated in accordance with subdivision (6) of 1019 subsection (f) of section 22a-174-31 of the regulations of Connecticut 1020 state agencies to the Connecticut Green Bank may be utilized by the 1021 Connecticut Green Bank, in consultation with the Department of Energy

1022	and Environmental Protection, for clean energy resources that do not
1023	emit greenhouse gas emissions, provided that any proceeds calculated
1024	and allocated to the Connecticut Green Bank in excess of five million
1025	two hundred thousand dollars in any fiscal year shall be diverted for the
1026	fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and each fiscal year thereafter, to the
1027	Connecticut hydrogen and electric automobile purchase rebate program
1028	account established pursuant to subsection (h) of section 22a-202, as
1029	amended by this act. For the purposes of this subsection, "clean energy"
1030	has the same meaning as provided in section 16-245n.

- 1031 Sec. 19. Subsection (f) of section 14-49 of the 2022 supplement to the
- 1032 general statutes is repealed. (*Effective July 1, 2022*)"

This act shall sections:	ll take effect as follows and	shall amend the following
Section 1	October 1, 2022	4a-67d
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 4	October 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2022</i>	New section
Sec. 6	October 1, 2022, and	12-81
	applicable to assessment	
	years commencing on or	
	after October 1, 2022	
Sec. 7	July 1, 2022, and	22a-202
	applicable to appointments	
	made on and after said date	
Sec. 8	July 1, 2022	14-49(a)
Sec. 9	July 1, 2022	14-49b(a)
Sec. 10	July 1, 2022	22a-201c
Sec. 11	July 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 12	October 1, 2022	10-220(a)
Sec. 13	July 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 14	October 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 15	July 1, 2022	22a-174g
Sec. 16	October 1, 2022	47-261b
Sec. 17	<i>October</i> 1, 2022	10-291(b)
Sec. 18	July 1, 2022	22a-200c

Sec. 19 July 1, 2022	Repealer section
----------------------	------------------