First Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 13-0094.01 Michael Dohr x4347

SENATE BILL 13-250

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Steadman and King, Aguilar, Guzman, Newell, Ulibarri

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Levy,

Senate Committees Judiciary

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING CHANGES TO SENTENCING OF PERSONS CONVICTED OF 102 DRUG CRIMES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Section 1. The bill creates a sentencing option for offenders convicted of certain drug felonies that allows the court to vacate the felony conviction and enter a misdemeanor conviction in its place if the offender successfully completes a community-based sentence.

Section 2. For level 4 drug felonies, the bill creates an exhaustion

of remedies requirement prior to the court sentencing the defendant to prison.

Section 3. If an offender who is convicted of a level 4 drug felony is terminated from a community corrections sentence, the court shall hold a resentencing hearing or make written findings regarding the sentence.

Sections 4 and 5. The bill creates new felony and misdemeanor drug sentencing grids.

Sections 6 and 7. The bill amends the drug sentencing article short title and legislative declaration.

Sections 8 through 30. The bill assigns each of the drug crimes a new drug penalty based on the new felony and misdemeanor drug sentencing grids.

Section 31. The bill prohibits a plea agreement that requires the defendant to waive his or her right to petition to have the conviction record sealed.

Section 32. When a defendant is sentenced to probation for a drug misdemeanor, the court may impose residential drug treatment as a condition of probation.

Section 33. The bill amends the intensive supervision probation program to allow defendants convicted of a misdemeanor to participate if they are assessed as higher risk.

Section 34. The bill adds all drug felonies to the habitual sentencing schemes.

Sections 35 through 54. The bill makes conforming amendments.

Section 55. The bill authorizes the statewide organization representing district attorneys the ability to receive, manage, and expend state funds in the manner prescribed by the general assembly on behalf of the district attorneys who are members of the organization.

Section 56. Under current law, drug offenders convicted after July 1, 2011, have the opportunity to have their conviction sealed. The bill conforms those provisions to the new drug offense classifications.

Section 57. The bill requires the division of criminal justice in the department of public safety to collect data on drug cases and issue a report by December 31, 2016.

Sections 58 through 62. The bill makes conforming amendments.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 18-1.3-103.5 as

3 follows:

5

4 18-1.3-103.5. Felony convictions - vacate and enter conviction

on misdemeanor after successful completion. (1) IN ORDER TO EXPAND

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1	OPPORTUNITIES FOR OFFENDERS TO AVOID A DRUG FELONY CONVICTION,
2	TO REDUCE THE SIGNIFICANT NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES OF THAT FELONY
3	CONVICTION, AND TO PROVIDE POSITIVE REINFORCEMENT FOR DRUG
4	OFFENDERS WHO WORK TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE ANY
5	COMMUNITY-BASED SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT, THE LEGISLATURE
6	HEREBY CREATES AN ADDITIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THOSE DRUG
7	OFFENDERS WHO MAY NOT OTHERWISE HAVE BEEN ELIGIBLE FOR OR
8	SUCCESSFUL IN OTHER STATUTORILY CREATED PROGRAMS THAT ALLOW
9	THE DRUG OFFENDER TO AVOID A FELONY CONVICTION, SUCH AS
10	DIVERSION OR DEFERRED JUDGMENT.
11	(2) (a) In a case in which the defendant enters a plea of
12	GUILTY OR IS FOUND GUILTY BY THE COURT OR A JURY FOR A CRIME LISTED
13	IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER, UPON
14	SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF ANY COMMUNITY-BASED SENTENCE TO
15	PROBATION OR TO A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM, THE FELONY
16	CONVICTION VACATED AND SHALL ENTER A CONVICTION FOR A LEVEL 1
17	MISDEMEANOR DRUG OFFENSE OF POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED
18	SUBSTANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-404.
19	(b) WHETHER A SENTENCE IS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED SHALL BE
20	DETERMINED BY THE COURT WITHOUT A JURY WITH NOTICE TO THE
21	DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND THE DEFENDANT OR THE DEFENDANT'S
22	ATTORNEY OF RECORD. A COMMUNITY-BASED SENTENCE IS NOT
23	SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED IF THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT SUCCESSFULLY
24	COMPLETED THE TREATMENT AS ORDERED BY THE COURT AND
25	DETERMINED APPROPRIATE TO ADDRESS THE DEFENDANT'S TREATMENT
26	NEEDS.

(3) This section applies to convictions for the following

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1	OFFENSES:
2	(a) Possession of a controlled substance; but only when
3	THE QUANTITY OF THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IS NOT MORE THAN FOUR
4	GRAMS OF A SCHEDULE I OR SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, NOT
5	MORE THAN TWO GRAMS OF METHAMPHETAMINE, HEROIN, KETAMINE, OR
6	CATHINONE, OR NOT MORE THAN FOUR MILLIGRAMS OF FLUNITRAZEPAM.
7	THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND DEFENDANT MAY STIPULATE TO THE
8	AMOUNT OF THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE POSSESSED BY THE DEFENDANT
9	AT THE TIME OF SENTENCING, OR THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE
10	AMOUNT AT THE TIME OF SENTENCING.
11	$(b) \ A \ LEVEL \ 4 \ DRUG \ FELONY \ FOR \ DISTRIBUTION \ PURSUANT \ TO \ THE$
12	PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-18-405 (2) (c) (II);
13	(c) Possession of twelve ounces or more of marijuana or
14	THREE OUNCES OR MORE OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE; OR
15	(d) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-415.
16	(4) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION TO THE
17	CONTRARY, A DEFENDANT IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR RELIEF UNDER THIS
18	SECTION IF:
19	(a) THE DEFENDANT HAS A PRIOR CONVICTION FOR A CRIME OF
20	VIOLENCE AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-1.3-406 OR A PRIOR CONVICTION
21	FOR AN OFFENSE THAT IS REQUIRED TO BE SENTENCED PURSUANT TO THE
22	PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-406 IN THIS STATE, OR A CRIME IN
23	ANOTHER STATE, THE UNITED STATES, OR ANY TERRITORY SUBJECT TO
24	THE JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES THAT WOULD BE A CRIME OF
25	VIOLENCE OR ANY OFFENSE REQUIRED TO BE SENTENCED PURSUANT TO
26	THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-406 IN THIS STATE;
27	(b) THE DEFENDANT IS INELIGIBLE FOR PROBATION PURSUANT TO

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1	SECTION 18-1.3-201; AND
2	(c) (I) The defendant has two or more prior felony
3	CONVICTIONS FOR A DRUG OFFENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, OR A
4	CRIME IN ANOTHER STATE, THE UNITED STATES, OR ANY TERRITORY
5	SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES THAT WOULD BE A
6	VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE.
7	(II) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c), A PRIOR DRUG FELONY
8	CONVICTION INCLUDES ANY PRIOR DIVERSION, DEFERRED PROSECUTION,
9	OR DEFERRED JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE FOR FELONY OR ANY FELONY
10	OFFENSE FOR WHICH RELIEF WAS PREVIOUSLY GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS
11	SECTION OR ANY MISDEMEANOR DRUG CONVICTION THAT WAS ORIGINALLY
12	CHARGED AS A DRUG FELONY OFFENSE.
13	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-104.5 as
14	follows:
15	18-1.3-104.5. Alternatives in imposition of sentence in drug
15 16	18-1.3-104.5. Alternatives in imposition of sentence in drug felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The GENERAL ASSEMBLY
	<u>-</u>
16	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly
16 17	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases
16 17 18	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that
16 17 18 19	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that the state's costly prison resources are used for those offenders
16 17 18 19 20	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that the state's costly prison resources are used for those offenders for whom another sentence is not appropriate or will not
16 17 18 19 20 21	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that the state's costly prison resources are used for those offenders for whom another sentence is not appropriate or will not properly meet the goals of community safety and rehabilitation
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that the state's costly prison resources are used for those offenders for whom another sentence is not appropriate or will not properly meet the goals of community safety and rehabilitation of the offender.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that the state's costly prison resources are used for those offenders for whom another sentence is not appropriate or will not properly meet the goals of community safety and rehabilitation of the offender. (2) (a) Prior to the imposition of any sentence to the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	felony cases - exhaustion of remedies. (1) The General assembly finds that it is essential in certain level 4 drug felony cases that the court consider all sentencing options to ensure that the state's costly prison resources are used for those offenders for whom another sentence is not appropriate or will not properly meet the goals of community safety and rehabilitation of the offender. (2) (a) Prior to the imposition of any sentence to the department of corrections for a level 4 drug felony offense at

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1	OFFENSE CONSIDERING ALL FACTORS OUTLINED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS
2	SUBSECTION (2).
3	(b) If the court sentences the defendant to the
4	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY OFFENSE, IT
5	MUST DETERMINE THAT INCARCERATION IS THE MOST SUITABLE OPTION
6	GIVEN THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE
7	DEFENDANT'S WILLINGNESS TO PARTICIPATE IN TREATMENT. FURTHER,
8	THE COURT MUST ALSO DETERMINE THAT ALL OTHER REASONABLE AND
9	APPROPRIATE SANCTIONS AND RESPONSES TO THE VIOLATION THAT ARE
10	AVAILABLE TO THE COURT HAVE BEEN TRIED AND FAILED, DO NOT APPEAR
11	LIKELY TO BE SUCCESSFUL IF TRIED, OR PRESENT AN UNACCEPTABLE RISK
12	TO PUBLIC SAFETY.
13	(c) IN MAKING THE DETERMINATION IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS
14	SUBSECTION (2), THE COURT SHALL REVIEW, TO THE EXTENT AVAILABLE,
15	THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE SUPERVISING AGENCY, WHICH
16	INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, A COMPLETE STATEMENT AS TO WHAT
17	TREATMENT AND SENTENCING OPTIONS HAVE BEEN TRIED AND HAVE
18	FAILED, WHAT OTHER COMMUNITY OPTIONS ARE AVAILABLE AND THE
19	REASONS WHY ANY OTHER AVAILABLE COMMUNITY OPTIONS APPEAR TO
20	BE UNLIKELY TO BE SUCCESSFUL. THE SUPERVISING AGENCY SHALL
21	PROVIDE TO THE COURT THE RISK LEVEL OF THE OFFENDER AS DETERMINED
22	BY AN EVIDENCE-BASED RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL EMPLOYED BY THE
23	SUPERVISING AGENCY AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE
24	DEFENDANT'S RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY.
25	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-301, amend
26	(4); and add (1) (g.5) as follows:
27	18-1.3-301. Authority to place offenders in community

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corrections programs. (1) (g.5) Notwithstanding any other provision of Law to the Contrary, if an offender is terminated or rejected from a community corrections program after having been sentenced to the program for a level 4 drug felony, the court shall conduct a resentencing hearing in order to comply with each exhaustion of remedy provision in section 18-1.3-405.5 or shall make written findings regarding resentencing after consideration of all the information provided to the court pursuant to section 18-1.3-104.5 (2) (c). Nothing in this section requires that a community corrections program accept or maintain an offender who has been terminated from a community corrections program.

(4) (a) District courts, county courts, and other local criminal justice officials may enter into agreements with community corrections programs which include the use of such programs to supervise offenders awaiting trial for felony or misdemeanor offenses, offenders convicted of misdemeanors, or offenders under deferred judgments. Such agreements are subject to review and approval by the community corrections board of the jurisdiction in which any community corrections program making such agreement is located. Any such use of a community corrections program may be supported with funding from local governments, public or private grants, offender fees, and other sources other than the state general fund.

(b) A DISTRICT COURT, COUNTY COURT, AND ANY OTHER CRIMINAL JUSTICE OFFICIAL MAY ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS WITH COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAMS THAT PROVIDE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT, FOR THE PLACEMENT AND SUPERVISION OF MISDEMEANOR DRUG OFFENDERS AS

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1	A TERM AND CONDITION OF PROBATION WHEN ASSESSED TREATMENT NEED			
2	LEVELS INDICATE THAT RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS NECESSARY AND			
3	APPROPRIATE. THE AGREEMENT IS SUBJECT TO REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY			
4	THE COM	MUNITY CORREC	TIONS BOARD IN T	HE JURISDICTION WHERE A
5	COMMUN	ITY CORRECTION	NS PROGRAM IS I	LOCATED. A COMMUNITY
6	CORRECT	IONS PROGRAM U	JSED PURSUANT TO	THIS PARAGRAPH (b) MAY
7	RECEIVE	FUNDS FROM THE	E CORRECTIONAL T	REATMENT CASH FUND, AS
8	WELL AS I	LOCAL FUNDING, I	PUBLIC OR PRIVATE O	GRANTS, OR OFFENDER FEES.
9	SI	ECTION 4. In C	olorado Revised St	atutes, add 18-1.3-401.5 as
10	follows:			
11	18	8-1.3-401.5. Dr	rug felonies class	ified - presumptive and
12	aggravat	ted penalties. (1)	THE PROVISIONS O	FTHIS SECTION ONLY APPLY
13	TO A CON	VICTION FOR A DR	RUG FELONY OFFENS	E DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 18
14	OF THIS TITLE COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2013. FOR PURPOSES OF			
15	THIS SECTION, "FELONY" MEANS ANY FELONY OR DRUG FELONY DEFINED			
16	IN THE STATE STATUTES.			
17	(2) (a) For offenses committed on or after July 1, 2013			
18	DRUG FEL	ONIES ARE DIVIDI	ED INTO FOUR LEVEL	S THAT ARE DISTINGUISHED
19	FROM ON	NE ANOTHER BY	THE RANGES OF	PENALTIES, WHICH ARE
20	AUTHORI	ZED UPON CONVI	CTION OF A DRUG F	ELONY:
21	LEVEL	PRESUMPTIVE	E RANGE	PERIOD
22				OF PAROLE
23	DF1	EIGHT YEARS	THIRTY-TWO	THREE YEARS
24			YEARS	
25	DF2	FOUR YEARS	EIGHT YEARS	TWO YEARS
26	DF3	TWO YEARS	FOUR YEARS	ONE YEAR
27	DF4	SIX MONTHS	ONE YEAR	ONE YEAR

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1	LEVEL	AGGRAVATED	RANGE	
2	DF2	EIGHT YEARS	SIXTEEN YEA	ARS TWO YEARS
3	DF3	Four years	SIX YEARS	ONE YEAR
4	DF4	ONE YEAR	Two years	ONE YEAR
5	(b) ((I) As to an	Y PERSON SEN	TENCED FOR A DRUG FELONY
6	COMMITTEL	ON OR AFTER	2013 JULY 1, 2013	3, AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN
7	SECTION 18	3-1.3-401 (1) (a	a) (III), IN ADI	DITION TO, OR IN LIEU OF, ANY
8	SENTENCE T	O IMPRISONME	NT, PROBATION	, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS, OR
9	WORK RELE	ASE, A FINE WIT	THIN THE FOLLO	WING RANGES MAY BE IMPOSED
10	FOR THE SPI	ECIFIED LEVEL (OF DRUG FELON	NIES:
11	LEVEL	MINIMUM		MAXIMUM
12		SENTENCE		SENTENCE
13	DF1	FIVE THOUS	AND	ONE MILLION DOLLARS
14		DOLLARS		
15	DF2	THREE THOU	JSAND	SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY
16		DOLLARS		THOUSAND DOLLARS
17	DF3	Two thous.	AND	FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND
18		DOLLARS		DOLLARS
19	DF4	ONE THOUSA	AND	ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND
20		DOLLARS		DOLLARS
21	(II)	FAILURE TO	PAY A FINE	IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS
22	PARAGRAPH	H (b) IS GRO	OUNDS FOR I	REVOCATION OF PROBATION,
23	COMMUNIT	Y CORRECTION	NS, OR A SU	SPENDED SENTENCE, IF THE
24	DEFENDANT	THAS THE ABIL	ITY TO PAY THI	E FINE.
25	(III)	IF A REVOCATI	ON OCCURS PU	RSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II)
26	OF THIS PAR	AGRAPH (b), TH	ECOURT MAY I	MPOSE ANY SENTENCE LEGALLY
27	AVAILABLE	, SUBJECT TO TI	HE PROVISIONS	OF SECTION 18-1.3-104.5 (2).

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1	(IV) ALL FINES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (D)
2	MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE FINES COLLECTION FUND CREATED IN SECTION
3	18-1.3-401(1)(a)(III)(D) and are subject to the provisions of that
4	SECTION.
5	(3) A PERSON WHO IS PAROLED PURSUANT TO SECTION
6	17-22.5-403, C.R.S., OR ANY PERSON WHO IS NOT PAROLED AND IS
7	DISCHARGED PURSUANT TO LAW, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE MANDATORY
8	PERIOD OF PAROLE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF
9	SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION. THE MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE
10	MAY NOT BE WAIVED BY THE OFFENDER OR WAIVED OR SUSPENDED BY THE
11	COURT AND IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 17-22.5-403 (8),
12	C.R.S., WHICH PERMITS THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE TO DISCHARGE THE
13	OFFENDER AT ANY TIME DURING THE TERM OF PAROLE UPON A
14	DETERMINATION THAT THE OFFENDER HAS BEEN SUFFICIENTLY
15	REHABILITATED AND REINTEGRATED INTO SOCIETY AND CAN NO LONGER
16	BENEFIT FROM PAROLE SUPERVISION.
17	(4) THE MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE IMPOSED PURSUANT TO
18	PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION COMMENCES
19	IMMEDIATELY UPON THE DISCHARGE OF AN OFFENDER FROM
20	IMPRISONMENT IN THE CUSTODY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.
21	IF THE OFFENDER HAS BEEN GRANTED RELEASE TO PAROLE SUPERVISION
22	BY THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE, THE OFFENDER IS DEEMED TO HAVE
23	DISCHARGED THE OFFENDER'S SENTENCE TO IMPRISONMENT PROVIDED FOR
24	IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION IN THE SAME MANNER AS IF SUCH
25	SENTENCE WERE DISCHARGED PURSUANT TO LAW. WHEN AN OFFENDER IS
26	RELEASED BY THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE OR RELEASED BECAUSE THE
27	OFFENDER'S SENTENCE WAS DISCHARGED PURSUANT TO LAW, THE

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MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE MUST BE SERVED BY THE OFFENDER. AN OFFENDER SENTENCED FOR A DRUG FELONY MAY RECEIVE EARNED TIME PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405, C.R.S., AND WHILE SERVING A MANDATORY PAROLE PERIOD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION.

- (5) IF AN OFFENDER IS SENTENCED CONSECUTIVELY FOR THE COMMISSION OF TWO OR MORE FELONY OFFENSES PURSUANT TO SENTENCING PROVISIONS IN THIS SECTION OR SECTION 18-1.3-401, THE MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE FOR THE OFFENDER MUST BE THE LONGEST MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE ESTABLISHED FOR A FELONY FOR WHICH THE OFFENDER WAS CONVICTED.
- (6) ANY PERSON SENTENCED FOR A LEVEL 1, 2, 3, OR 4 DRUG FELONY THAT IS THE OFFENDER'S SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT FELONY OR DRUG FELONY OFFENSE, REGARDLESS OF THE LENGTH OF THE PERSON'S SENTENCE TO INCARCERATION AND THE MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE, IS NOT DEEMED TO HAVE FULLY DISCHARGED HIS OR HER SENTENCE UNTIL THE PERSON EITHER COMPLETES, OR IS DISCHARGED BY THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE FROM, THE MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE IMPOSED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
- (7) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION TO THE CONTRARY, IF THE DEFENDANT IS CONVICTED A LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY, THE COURT SHALL SENTENCE THE DEFENDANT TO A PERIOD OF AT LEAST EIGHT YEARS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.
- (8) IN IMPOSING A SENTENCE TO INCARCERATION, THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE A DEFINITE SENTENCE THAT IS WITHIN THE PRESUMPTIVE RANGES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION; EXCEPT THAT, FOR LEVEL 2, LEVEL 3, AND LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONIES, THE COURT MAY SENTENCE THE DEFENDANT IN THE AGGRAVATED RANGE IF IT CONCLUDES

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1	AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST. THE AGGRAVATING
2	CIRCUMSTANCES MUST BE BASED ON EVIDENCE IN THE RECORD OF THE
3	SENTENCING HEARING, THE PRESENTENCE REPORT, AND ANY FACTORS
4	AGREED TO BY THE PARTIES AND MUST SUPPORT A DIFFERENT SENTENCE
5	THAT BETTER SERVES THE PURPOSES OF THIS CODE WITH RESPECT TO
6	SENTENCING, AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 18-1-102.5.
7	(9) In all cases, except as provided in subsection (10) of
8	THIS SECTION, IN WHICH A SENTENCE THAT IS NOT WITHIN THE
9	PRESUMPTIVE RANGE IS IMPOSED, THE COURT SHALL MAKE SPECIFIC
10	FINDINGS ON THE RECORD, DETAILING THE AGGRAVATING
11	CIRCUMSTANCES THAT CONSTITUTE THE REASONS FOR VARYING FROM THE
12	PRESUMPTIVE SENTENCE.
13	(10) (a) EXCEPT FOR A LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY, THE PRESENCE OF
14	ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES AT THE
15	TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF A DRUG FELONY OFFENSE REQUIRES THE
16	COURT, IF IT SENTENCES THE DEFENDANT TO INCARCERATION, TO
17	SENTENCE THE DEFENDANT TO A TERM OF AT LEAST THE MIDPOINT IN THE
18	PRESUMPTIVE RANGE BUT NOT MORE THAN THE MAXIMUM TERM OF THE
19	AGGRAVATED RANGE:
20	(I) THE DEFENDANT WAS ON PAROLE FOR ANOTHER FELONY;
21	(II) THE DEFENDANT WAS ON PROBATION OR WAS ON BOND WHILE
22	AWAITING SENTENCING FOLLOWING REVOCATION OF PROBATION FOR
23	ANOTHER FELONY;
24	(III) THE DEFENDANT WAS UNDER CONFINEMENT, IN PRISON, OR
25	IN ANY CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION AS A CONVICTED FELON, OR AN
26	ESCAPEE FROM ANY CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION FOR ANOTHER FELONY;
27	OR

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1	(IV) THE DEFENDANT WAS ON PROBATION FOR OR ON BOND WHILE			
2	AWAITING SENTENCING FOLLOWING REVOCATION OF PROBATION FOR A			
3	DELINQUENT ACT THAT WOULD HAVE CONSTITUTED A FELONY IF			
4	COMMITTED BY AN ADULT.			
5	(b) IN ANY CASE IN WHICH ONE OR MORE OF THE AGGRAVATING			
6	CIRCUMSTANCES PROVIDED FOR IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION			
7	(10) exist, the provisions of subsection (9) of this section do not			
8	APPLY.			
9	(c) Nothing in this subsection (10) precludes the court			
10	FROM CONSIDERING AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES OTHER THAN THOSE			
11	STATED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (10) AS THE BASIS FOR			
12	SENTENCING THE DEFENDANT TO A TERM GREATER THAN THE			
13	PRESUMPTIVE RANGE FOR THE DRUG FELONY.			
14	(11) EXCEPT FOR A LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY, THE PRESENCE OF ANY			
15	ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE-ENHANCING CIRCUMSTANCES			
16	AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF THE DRUG FELONY ALLOWS THE			
17	COURT, IF IT SENTENCES THE DEFENDANT TO INCARCERATION, TO			
18	SENTENCE THE DEFENDANT TO A TERM IN THE PRESUMPTIVE OR			
19	AGGRAVATED RANGE:			
20	(a) THE DEFENDANT WAS CHARGED WITH OR WAS ON BOND FOR A			
21	FELONY IN A PREVIOUS CASE AND THE DEFENDANT WAS CONVICTED OF			
22	ANY FELONY IN THE PREVIOUS CASE;			
23	(b) THE DEFENDANT WAS CHARGED WITH OR WAS ON BOND FOR A			
24	DELINQUENT ACT THAT WOULD HAVE CONSTITUTED A FELONY IF			
25	COMMITTED BY AN ADULT;			
26	(c) THE DEFENDANT WAS ON BOND FOR HAVING PLED GUILTY TO			
27	A LESSER OFFENSE WHEN THE ORIGINAL OFFENSE CHARGED WAS A			

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1	FELONY;
2	(d) THE DEFENDANT WAS ON BOND IN A JUVENILE PROSECUTION
3	UNDER TITLE 19, C.R.S., FOR HAVING PLED GUILTY TO A LESSER
4	DELINQUENT ACT WHEN THE ORIGINAL DELINQUENT ACT CHARGED WOULD
5	HAVE CONSTITUTED A FELONY IF COMMITTED BY AN ADULT;
6	(e) The defendant was under a deferred judgment and
7	SENTENCE FOR A DELINQUENT ACT THAT WOULD HAVE CONSTITUTED A
8	FELONY IF COMMITTED BY AN ADULT; OR
9	(f) The defendant was on parole for having been
10	ADJUDICATED A DELINQUENT CHILD FOR AN OFFENSE THAT WOULD
11	CONSTITUTE A FELONY IF COMMITTED BY AN ADULT.
12	(12) WHEN IT APPEARS TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT THAT
13	THE ENDS OF JUSTICE AND THE BEST INTEREST OF THE PUBLIC, AS WELL AS
14	THE DEFENDANT, WILL BE BEST SERVED THEREBY, THE COURT HAS THE
15	POWER TO SUSPEND THE IMPOSITION OR EXECUTION OF SENTENCE FOR
16	SUCH PERIOD AND UPON SUCH TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS IT MAY DEEM
17	BEST; EXCEPT THAT THE COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND A SENTENCE TO THE
18	MINIMUM TERM OF INCARCERATION WHEN THE DEFENDANT IS CONVICTED
19	OF A LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY. IN NO INSTANCE MAY A SENTENCE BE
20	SUSPENDED IF THE DEFENDANT IS INELIGIBLE FOR PROBATION PURSUANT
21	TO SECTION 18-1.3-201, EXCEPT UPON AN EXPRESS WAIVER BEING MADE
22	BY THE SENTENCING COURT REGARDING A PARTICULAR DEFENDANT UPON
23	RECOMMENDATION OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND APPROVAL OF SUCH
24	RECOMMENDATION BY AN ORDER OF THE SENTENCING COURT PURSUANT
25	TO SECTION 18-1.3-201 (4).
26	(13) EVERY SENTENCE ENTERED UNDER THIS SECTION MUST
27	INCLUDE CONSIDERATION OF RESTITUTION AS REQUIRED BY PART 6 OF

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1	THIS ARTICI	LE AND BY ARTICLE 18.5 OF TITLE	16, C.R.S.	
2	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-501, amend			
3	(1) (a) introductory portion; and add (1) (d) and (1) (e) as follows:			
4	18-1	.3-501. Misdemeanors classified	- drug misdemeanors and	
5	drug petty	offenses classified - penalties. (1	(a) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	
6	PROVIDED II	N PARAGRAPH (d) OF THIS SUBSEC	TION (1), misdemeanors are	
7	divided into	three classes which THAT are dist	inguished from one another	
8	by the following penalties which THAT are authorized upon conviction			
9	except as provided in subsection (1.5) of this section:			
10	(d)	FOR PURPOSES OF SENTENCING	A PERSON CONVICTED OF A	
11	MISDEMEANOR DRUG OFFENSE DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 18 OF THIS TITLE,			
12	COMMITTEI	O ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2013, I	DRUG MISDEMEANORS ARE	
13	DIVIDED INTO TWO LEVELS THAT ARE DISTINGUISHED FROM ONE ANOTHER			
14	BY THE FOLLOWING PENALTIES AND THAT ARE AUTHORIZED UPON			
15	CONVICTION	N:		
16	LEVEL	MINIMUM SENTENCE	MAXIMUM SENTENCE	
17	DM1	SIX MONTHS	EIGHTEEN MONTHS	
18		IMPRISONMENT,	IMPRISONMENT,	
19		FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS	FIVE THOUSAND	
20		FINE, OR BOTH	DOLLARS FINE, OR BOTH	
21	DM2	NO IMPRISONMENT,	TWELVE MONTHS	
22		FIFTY DOLLARS FINE	IMPRISONMENT,	
23			SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY	
24			DOLLARS FINE	
25	(e) F	FOR EACH DRUG PETTY OFFENSE,	THE SENTENCING RANGE IS	
26	STATED IN T	THE OFFENSE STATUTE.		
27	SEC	CTION 6. In Colorado Revised S	Statutes, amend 18-18-101	

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1	as follows:
2	18-18-101. Short title. This article shall be known and may be
3	cited as the "Uniform Controlled Substances Act of 1992 2013".
4	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-401, amend
5	(1) as follows:
6	18-18-401. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly
7	hereby finds, determines, and declares that:
8	(a) The regulation of controlled substances in this state is
9	important and necessary for the preservation of public safety and public
10	health;
11	(b) MEETING THE PUBLIC SAFETY AND PUBLIC HEALTH NEEDS OF
12	OUR COMMUNITIES DEMANDS A COLLABORATIVE EFFORT INVOLVING
13	PRIMARY HEALTH CARE, BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, CRIMINAL JUSTICE, AND
14	SOCIAL SERVICE SYSTEMS;
15	(b) (c) Successful, community-based substance abuse treatment
16	and education programs, in conjunction with mental health treatment as
17	necessary, provide effective tools in the effort to reduce drug usage and
18	criminal behavior in communities AND ENHANCE PUBLIC SAFETY BY
19	REDUCING THE LIKELIHOOD THAT DRUG USERS WILL HAVE FURTHER
20	CONTACT WITH THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM. Therapeutic intervention
21	and ongoing individualized treatment plans prepared through the use of
22	meaningful and proven assessment tools and evaluations offer a potential
23	AN EFFECTIVE alternative to incarceration in appropriate circumstances
24	and should be utilized accordingly.
25	(c) (d) Savings recognized from reductions in incarceration rates
26	should be dedicated toward funding community-based treatment options
27	and other mechanisms that are accessible to all of the state's counties for

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1	the implementation and continuation of such programs.
2	(e) THE COLORADO COMMISSION ON CRIMINAL AND JUVENILE
3	JUSTICE SUBMITTED A REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON DECEMBER
4	15, 2012, AFTER SIGNIFICANT STUDY OF EFFECTIVE APPROACHES TO
5	REDUCED DRUG ABUSE AND USE OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SANCTIONS THAT
6	RECOMMENDS MULTIPLE CHANGES TO THE CRIMINAL LAW RELATING TO
7	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. THE COMMISSION CONTINUES WORK TO
8	DEVELOP A MORE EFFECTIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM IN COLORADO AND
9	CONTINUES TO COLLECT DATA TO MEASURE THE IMPACT OF THE CHANGES
10	TO THIS PART 4 ENACTED IN 2013.
11	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-403.5, amend
12	(2) as follows:
13	18-18-403.5. Unlawful possession of a controlled substance.
14	(2) A person who violates subsection (1) of this section by possessing:
15	(a) (I) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation weighing
16	four grams or less that contains any quantity of flunitrazepam, ketamine,
17	or a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of part 2 of this article
18	except methamphetamine commits a class 6 felony LEVEL 4 DRUG
19	FELONY.
20	(II) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation weighing
21	more than four grams that contains any quantity of flunitrazepam,
22	ketamine, or a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of part 2 of
23	this article except methamphetamine commits a class 4 felony.
24	(b) (I) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation weighing
25	two grams or less that contains any quantity of methamphetamine
26	commits a class 6 felony.
27	(II) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation weighing

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1	more than two grains that contains any quantity of methamphetanime
2	commits a class 4 felony.
3	(c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains
4	any quantity of a controlled substance listed in schedule III, IV, or V of
5	part 2 of this article except flunitrazepam or ketamine commits a class 1
6	misdemeanor LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
7	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-404, amend
8	(1) (a) as follows:
9	18-18-404. Unlawful use of a controlled substance.
10	(1) (a) Except as is otherwise provided for offenses concerning
11	marijuana and marijuana concentrate in sections 18-18-406 and
12	18-18-406.5, any person who uses any controlled substance, except when
13	it is dispensed by or under the direction of a person licensed or authorized
14	by law to prescribe, administer, or dispense the controlled substance for
15	bona fide medical needs, commits a class 2 misdemeanor LEVEL 2 DRUG
16	MISDEMEANOR.
17	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-405, amend
18	(2) and (5); and repeal (2.5), (3), (3.5), and (7) as follows:
19	18-18-405. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing,
20	or sale. (2) (a) Except as is otherwise provided for offenses concerning
21	marijuana and marijuana concentrate in section 18-18-406 and for
22	offenses involving minors in section 18-18-407 (1) (g), any person who
23	violates any of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section:
24	(I) In the case of a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II
25	of part 2 of this article, commits:
26	(A) A class 3 felony; or
27	(B) A class 2 felony, if the violation is committed subsequent to

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1	a prior conviction in this or any other state, the United States, or any
2	territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of a violation to
3	which this subparagraph (I) applies or would apply if convicted in this
4	state;
5	(II) In the case of a controlled substance listed in schedule III of
6	part 2 of this article, commits:
7	(A) A class 4 felony; or
8	(B) A class 3 felony, if the violation is committed subsequent to
9	any prior conviction in this or any other state, the United States, or any
10	territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of a violation to
11	which subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a) or this subparagraph (II)
12	applies or would apply if convicted in this state;
13	(III) In the case of a controlled substance listed in schedule IV of
14	part 2 of this article, commits:
15	(A) A class 5 felony; or
16	(B) A class 4 felony, if the violation is committed subsequent to
17	a prior conviction in this or any other state, the United States, or any
18	territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of a violation to
19	which subparagraph (I) or (II) of this paragraph (a) or this subparagraph
20	(III) applies or would apply if convicted in this state;
21	(IV) In the case of a controlled substance listed in schedule V of
22	part 2 of this article, commits:
23	(A) A class 1 misdemeanor; or
24	(B) A class 5 felony, if the violation is committed subsequent to
25	any prior conviction in this or any other state, the United States, or any
26	territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of a violation to
27	which subparagraph (I), (II), or (III) of this paragraph (a) or this

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1	subparagraph (IV) applies or would apply if convicted in this state.
2	(2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED, FOR AN OFFENSE
3	CONCERNING MARIJUANA AND MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IN SECTION
4	18-18-406 AND FOR SPECIAL OFFENSES IN SECTION 18-18-407, ANY
5	PERSON WHO VIOLATES ANY OF THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1) OF
6	THIS SECTION:
7	(a) COMMITS A LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY IF:
8	(I) THE VIOLATION INVOLVES AN AMOUNT THAT IS:
9	(A) More than fourteen grams, but not more than two
10	HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE GRAMS, OF A SCHEDULE I OR SCHEDULE II
11	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE;
12	(B) More than seven grams, but not more one hundred
13	TWELVE GRAMS, OF METHAMPHETAMINE, HEROIN, KETAMINE, OR
14	CATHINONE; OR
15	(C) More than ten milligrams, but not more than fifty
16	MILLIGRAMS, OF FLUNITRAZEPAM;
17	(II) AN ADULT SELLS, DISPENSES, DISTRIBUTES, OR OTHERWISE
18	TRANSFERS ANY QUANTITY OF A SCHEDULE III OR SCHEDULE IV
19	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TO A MINOR AND THE ADULT IS AT LEAST TWO
20	YEARS OLDER THAN THE MINOR;
21	(b) Commits a level 3 drug felony if:
22	(I) THE VIOLATION INVOLVES AN AMOUNT THAT IS:
23	(A) Not more than fourteen grams of a schedule I or
24	SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE;
25	(B) NOT MORE THAN SEVEN GRAMS OF METHAMPHETAMINE,
26	HEROIN, KETAMINE, OR CATHINONE;
27	(C) NOT MORE THAN TEN MILLIGRAMS OF FLUNITRAZEPAM; OR

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1	(D) MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS OF A SCHEDULE III OR SCHEDULE IV
2	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.
3	(c) COMMITS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY IF:
4	(I) THE VIOLATION INVOLVES AN AMOUNT THAT IS NOT MORE
5	THAN FOUR GRAMS OF A SCHEDULE III OR SCHEDULE IV CONTROLLED
6	SUBSTANCE; OR
7	(II) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION TO THE
8	CONTRARY, THE DISTRIBUTION OR TRANSFER OF A SCHEDULE I OR
9	SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE INVOLVES NOT MORE THAN FOUR
10	GRAMS OR NOT MORE THAN TWO GRAMS OF METHAMPHETAMINE, HEROIN,
11	KETAMINE, OR CATHINONE AND WHEN THE PERSON TRANSFERRING ALL OR
12	PART OF THE ABOVE QUANTITY PERFORMS THE TRANSFER FOR THE
13	PURPOSE OF JOINTLY POSSESSING AND CONSUMING ALL OF THE
14	TRANSFERRED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AT A TIME SUBSTANTIALLY
15	CONTEMPORANEOUS WITH THE TRANSFER.
16	(d) COMMITS A LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR IF THE VIOLATION
17	INVOLVES:
18	(I) A SCHEDULE V CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE; OR
19	(II) A TRANSFER WITH NO REMUNERATION OF NOT MORE THAN
20	FOUR GRAMS OF A SCHEDULE III OR SCHEDULE IV CONTROLLED
21	SUBSTANCE.
22	(2.5) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (III) of
23	paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section, a person who violates the
24	provisions of subsection (1) of this section with regard to flunitrazepam
25	or ketamine commits a class 3 felony; except that the person commits a
26	class 2 felony if the violation is committed subsequent to a prior
27	conviction in this or any other state, the United States, or any territory

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subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of a violation involving flunitrazepam or ketamine or to which subparagraph (I) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section applies or would apply if convicted in this state.

- (b) Any person convicted of violating the provisions of subsection (1) of this section with regard to flunitrazepam or ketamine shall be subject to the mandatory sentencing provisions of subsection (3) of this section.
- (3) (a) Unless a greater sentence is required pursuant to the provisions of another statute, any person convicted pursuant to subparagraph (I) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section for knowingly manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, or inducing, attempting to induce, or conspiring with one or more other persons, to manufacture, dispense, sell, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute an amount that is or has been represented to be:
- (I) At least twenty-five grams or one ounce but less than four hundred fifty grams of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains a schedule I or schedule II controlled substance as listed in section 18-18-203 or 18-18-204 shall be sentenced to the department of corrections for at least the minimum term of incarceration in the presumptive range provided for such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) with regard to offenses other than manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, and for at least the minimum term of incarceration in the presumptive range provided for such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a)

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as modified pursuant to section 18-1.3-401 (10) with regard to manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute;

(II) At least four hundred fifty grams or one pound but less than one thousand grams of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains a schedule I or schedule II controlled substance as listed in section 18-18-203 or 18-18-204 shall be sentenced to the department of corrections for a term of at least the midpoint of the presumptive range but not more than twice the maximum presumptive range provided for such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) with regard to offenses other than manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, and for a term of at least the midpoint of the presumptive range but not more than twice the maximum presumptive range provided for such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) as modified pursuant to section 18-1.3-401 (10) with regard to manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute;

material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains a schedule I or schedule II controlled substance as listed in section 18-18-203 or 18-18-204 shall be sentenced to the department of corrections for a term greater than the maximum presumptive range but not more than twice the maximum presumptive range provided for such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) with regard to offenses other than manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute, and for a term greater than the maximum presumptive range but not more than twice the maximum presumptive

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range provided for such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) as modified pursuant to section 18-1.3-401 (10) with regard to manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute.

- (b) In addition to any other penalty imposed under this subsection (3), upon conviction, a person who violates this subsection (3) shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars but not more than five hundred thousand dollars. For offenses committed on or after July 1, 1985, the fine shall be in an amount within the presumptive range set out in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) (III).
- (3.5) The felony offense of unlawfully manufacturing, dispensing, selling, distributing, or possessing with intent to unlawfully manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute a controlled substance is an extraordinary risk crime that is subject to the modified presumptive sentencing range specified in section 18-1.3-401 (10).
- (5) When a person commits unlawful distribution, manufacture, dispensing, sale, or possession with intent to manufacture, dispense, sell, or distribute any schedule I or schedule II controlled substance, as listed in section 18-18-203 or 18-18-204, flunitrazepam, or ketamine, OR CONSPIRES WITH ONE OR MORE PERSONS TO COMMIT THE OFFENSE, pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, twice or more within a period of six months, without having been placed in jeopardy for the prior offense or offenses, and the aggregate amount of the schedule I or schedule II controlled substance, flunitrazepam, or ketamine involved equals or exceeds twenty-five grams, the defendant shall be sentenced pursuant to the mandatory sentencing requirements specified in subsection (3) of this section MAY BE USED TO DETERMINE THE LEVEL OF

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DRUG	OFFENSE.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2) of this
section, and except as otherwise provided in sub-subparagraph (B) of
subparagraph (I) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) or paragraph (a) of
subsection (2.5) of this section, a person who violates subsection (1) of
this section by selling, dispensing, or distributing a controlled substance
other than marijuana or marijuana concentrate to a minor under eighteen
years of age and who is at least eighteen years of age and at least two
years older than the minor commits a class 3 felony and, unless a greater
sentence is provided under any other statute, shall be sentenced to the
department of corrections for a term of at least the minimum, but not
more than twice the maximum, of the presumptive range provided for
such offense in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) as modified pursuant to section
18-1.3-401 (10).

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **repeal and reenact, with amendments,** 18-18-406 as follows:

18-18-406. Offenses relating to marijuana and marijuana concentrate. (1) (a) The sale, transfer, or dispensing of more than six ounces, but not more than two and one-half pounds of marijuana or more than three ounces, but not more than one pound of marijuana concentrate to a minor if the person is an adult and two years older than the minor is a level 2 drug felony.

(b) The sale, transfer, or dispensing of more than one ounce, but not more than six ounces of marijuana or more than one-half ounce, but not more than three ounces, of marijuana concentrate to a minor if the person is an adult and two years

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1	OLDER THAN THE MINOR IS A LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY.
2	(c) THE SALE, TRANSFER, OR DISPENSING OF NOT MORE THAN ONE
3	OUNCE OF MARIJUANA OR NOT MORE THAN ONE-HALF OUNCE OF
4	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE TO A MINOR IF THE PERSON IS AN ADULT AND
5	TWO YEARS OLDER THAN THE MINOR IS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
6	(2) (a) (I) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly process
7	OR MANUFACTURE ANY MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR
8	KNOWINGLY ALLOW TO BE PROCESSED OR MANUFACTURED ON LAND
9	OWNED, OCCUPIED, OR CONTROLLED BY HIM OR HER ANY MARIJUANA OR
10	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO PART
11	$1\ \text{of article}\ 42.5\ \text{of title}\ 12, C.R.S., \text{or part}\ 2\ \text{of article}\ 80\ \text{of title}$
12	27, C.R.S.
13	(II) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH
14	(I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a) COMMITS A LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY.
15	(b) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (7) OF
16	THIS SECTION AND EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY PART 1 OF ARTICLE $42.5\mathrm{OF}$
17	TITLE 12, C.R.S., PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OR
18	3 OF THIS ARTICLE, IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO KNOWINGLY
19	DISPENSE, SELL, DISTRIBUTE, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE,
20	DISPENSE, SELL, OR DISTRIBUTE MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA
21	CONCENTRATE; OR ATTEMPT, INDUCE, ATTEMPT TO INDUCE, OR CONSPIRE
22	WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER PERSONS, TO DISPENSE, SELL, DISTRIBUTE, OR
23	POSSESS WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISPENSE, SELL, OR DISTRIBUTE
24	MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.
25	(II) AS USED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b),
26	"DISPENSE" DOES NOT INCLUDE LABELING, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
27	12-42.5-102 (18), C.R.S.

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1	(III) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES ANY OF THE PROVISIONS OF
2	SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b) COMMITS:
3	(A) A LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY IF THE AMOUNT OF MARIJUANA IS
4	MORE THAN FIVE POUNDS BUT NOT MORE THAN FIFTY POUNDS OR THE
5	AMOUNT OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IS MORE THAN TWO AND
6	ONE-HALF POUNDS BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS;
7	(B) A LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY IF THE AMOUNT IS MORE THAN
8	TWELVE OUNCES BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE POUNDS OF MARIJUANA OR
9	MORE THAN SIX OUNCES BUT NOT MORE THAN TWO AND ONE-HALF
10	POUNDS OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE;
11	(C) A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY IF THE AMOUNT IS MORE THAN FOUR
12	OUNCES, BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE OUNCES OF MARIJUANA OR MORE
13	THAN TWO OUNCES BUT NOT MORE THAN SIX OUNCES OF MARIJUANA
14	CONCENTRATE; OR
15	(D) A LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR IF THE AMOUNT IS NOT MORE
16	THAN FOUR OUNCES OF MARIJUANA OR NOT MORE THAN TWO OUNCES OF
17	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.
18	(3) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 16 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF
19	THE STATE CONSTITUTION, IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO KNOWINGLY
20	CULTIVATE, GROW, OR PRODUCE A MARIJUANA PLANT OR KNOWINGLY
21	ALLOW A MARIJUANA PLANT TO BE CULTIVATED, GROWN, OR PRODUCED
22	ON LAND THAT THE PERSON OWNS, OCCUPIES, OR CONTROLS. A PERSON
23	WHO VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3) COMMITS:
24	(a) A LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY IF THE OFFENSE INVOLVES MORE
25	THAN THIRTY PLANTS;
26	(b) A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY IF THE OFFENSE INVOLVES MORE
27	THAN SIX BUT NOT MORE THAN THIRTY PLANTS; OR

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1	(c) A LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR IF THE OFFENSE INVOLVES NOT
2	MORE THAN SIX PLANTS.
3	(4) (a) A PERSON WHO POSSESSES MORE THAN TWELVE OUNCES OF
4	MARIJUANA OR MORE THAN THREE OUNCES OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE
5	COMMITS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
6	(b) A PERSON WHO POSSESSES MORE THAN SIX OUNCES OF
7	MARIJUANA BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE OUNCES OF MARIJUANA OR NOT
8	MORE THAN THREE OUNCES OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE COMMITS A
9	LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
10	(c) A PERSON WHO POSSESSES MORE THAN TWO OUNCES OF
11	MARIJUANA BUT NOT MORE THAN SIX OUNCES OF MARIJUANA COMMITS A
12	LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
13	(5) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 16 OF ARTICLE XVIII
14	OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-1-711, A
15	PERSON WHO POSSESSES NOT MORE THAN TWO OUNCES OF MARIJUANA
16	COMMITS A DRUG PETTY OFFENSE AND, UPON CONVICTION THEREOF,
17	SHALL BE PUNISHED BY A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED
18	DOLLARS.
19	(II) Whenever a person is arrested or detained for a
20	VIOLATION OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (a), THE
21	ARRESTING OR DETAINING OFFICER SHALL PREPARE A WRITTEN NOTICE OR
22	SUMMONS FOR THE PERSON TO APPEAR IN COURT. THE WRITTEN NOTICE OR
23	SUMMONS MUST CONTAIN THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE ARRESTED OR
24	DETAINED PERSON, THE DATE, TIME, AND PLACE WHERE SUCH PERSON
25	SHALL APPEAR, AND A PLACE FOR THE SIGNATURE OF THE PERSON
26	INDICATING THE PERSON'S WRITTEN PROMISE TO APPEAR ON THE DATE
27	AND AT THE TIME AND PLACE INDICATED ON THE NOTICE OR SUMMONS.

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1	ONE COPY OF THE NOTICE OR SUMMONS MUST BE GIVEN TO THE PERSON
2	ARRESTED OR DETAINED, ONE COPY MUST BE SENT TO THE COURT WHERE
3	THE ARRESTED OR DETAINED PERSON IS TO APPEAR, AND SUCH OTHER
4	COPIES AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
5	EMPLOYING THE ARRESTING OR DETAINING OFFICER MUST BE SENT TO THE
6	PLACES DESIGNATED BY SUCH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. THE DATE
7	SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE OR SUMMONS TO APPEAR MUST BE AT LEAST
8	SEVEN DAYS AFTER THE ARREST OR DETENTION UNLESS THE PERSON
9	ARRESTED OR DETAINED DEMANDS AN EARLIER HEARING. THE PLACE
10	SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE OR SUMMONS TO APPEAR MUST BE BEFORE A
11	JUDGE HAVING JURISDICTION OF THE DRUG PETTY OFFENSE WITHIN THE
12	COUNTY IN WHICH THE DRUG PETTY OFFENSE CHARGED IS ALLEGED TO
13	HAVE BEEN COMMITTED. THE ARRESTED OR DETAINED PERSON, IN ORDER
14	TO SECURE RELEASE FROM ARREST OR DETENTION, MUST PROMISE IN
15	WRITING TO APPEAR IN COURT BY SIGNING THE NOTICE OR SUMMONS
16	PREPARED BY THE ARRESTING OR DETAINING OFFICER. ANY PERSON WHO
17	DOES NOT HONOR THE WRITTEN PROMISE TO APPEAR COMMITS A CLASS 3
18	MISDEMEANOR.
19	(b) (I) EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-1-711, A PERSON WHO
20	OPENLY AND PUBLICLY DISPLAYS, CONSUMES, OR USES TWO OUNCES OR
21	LESS OF MARIJUANA COMMITS A DRUG PETTY OFFENSE AND, UPON
22	CONVICTION THEREOF, SHALL BE PUNISHED BY A FINE OF UP TO ONE
23	HUNDRED DOLLARS AND UP TO TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OF COMMUNITY
24	SERVICE.
25	(II) OPEN AND PUBLIC DISPLAY, CONSUMPTION, OR USE OF MORE
26	THAN TWO OUNCES OF MARIJUANA OR ANY AMOUNT OF MARIJUANA
27	CONCENTRATE IS DEEMED POSSESSION THEREOF, AND VIOLATIONS SHALL

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1	BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
2	(III) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I)
3	OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b), CONSUMPTION OR USE OF MARIJUANA OR
4	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IS DEEMED POSSESSION THEREOF, AND
5	VIOLATIONS MUST BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED FOR IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF
6	THIS SUBSECTION (5) AND SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
7	(c) TRANSFERRING OR DISPENSING NOT MORE THAN TWO OUNCES
8	OF MARIJUANA FROM ONE PERSON TO ANOTHER FOR NO CONSIDERATION
9	IS A DRUG PETTY OFFENSE AND IS NOT DEEMED DISPENSING OR SALE
10	THEREOF.
11	(6) The provisions of this section do not apply to any
12	PERSON WHO POSSESSES, USES, PRESCRIBES, DISPENSES, OR ADMINISTERS
13	ANY DRUG CLASSIFIED UNDER GROUP C GUIDELINES OF THE NATIONAL
14	CANCER INSTITUTE, AS AMENDED, APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL FOOD AND
15	DRUG ADMINISTRATION.
16	(7) The provisions of this section do not apply to any
17	PERSON WHO POSSESSES, USES, PRESCRIBES, DISPENSES, OR ADMINISTERS
18	DRONABINOL (SYNTHETIC) IN SESAME OIL AND ENCAPSULATED IN A SOFT
19	GELATIN CAPSULE IN A FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
20	APPROVED DRUG PRODUCT, PURSUANT TO PART 1 OF ARTICLE 42.5 OF
21	TITLE 12, C.R.S., OR PART 2 OF ARTICLE 80 OF TITLE 27, C.R.S.
22	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.1
23	amend (2) as follows:
24	18-18-406.1. Unlawful use or possession of synthetic
25	cannabinoids or salvia divinorum. (2) A person who violates any
26	provision of subsection (1) of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor
27	LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.

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1	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.2,
2	amend (2) and (3) as follows:
3	18-18-406.2. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing,
4	dispensing, sale, or cultivation of synthetic cannabinoids or salvia
5	divinorum. (2) A person who violates any provision of subsection (1)
6	of this section commits a class 5 felony LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY.
7	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2) of this
8	section, a person who violates any provision of subsection (1) of this
9	section by dispensing, selling, or distributing any amount of any synthetic
10	cannabinoid or salvia divinorum commits a class 4 felony LEVEL 2 DRUG
11	FELONY if the person:
12	(a) Dispenses, sells, or distributes the synthetic cannabinoid or
13	salvia divinorum to a minor who is less than eighteen years of age; and
14	(b) Is at least eighteen years of age and at least two years older
15	than said minor.
16	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.5,
17	amend (1) as follows:
18	18-18-406.5. Unlawful use of marijuana in a detention facility.
19	(1) Any A person confined in any A detention facility in this state who
20	possesses or uses up to eight ounces of marijuana commits a class 6
21	felony; except that, if the person commits a second or subsequent
22	violation where both the initial and subsequent violations involved more
23	than one ounce of marijuana, the person commits a class 5 felony LEVEL
24	1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
25	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 18-18-406.7
26	and 18-18-406.8.
27	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-18-407

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as follows:

18-18-407. Special offenses - definitions. (1) Upon a felony conviction under this part 4, the presence of any one or more of the following extraordinary aggravating circumstances designating the defendant a special offender shall require the court to sentence the defendant to the department of corrections for a term of at least the minimum term of years within the presumptive range for a class 2 felony but not more than twice the maximum term of years within the presumptive range for a class 2 felony:

- (a) The defendant was previously convicted in courts of the United States or a state or any political subdivision thereof for two or more offenses involving the manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distribution of controlled substances, which offenses did not arise from the same criminal episode or course of events and differ from the pending felony and which were punishable by imprisonment in excess of one year;
- (b) The defendant committed an offense as part of a pattern of manufacturing, sale, dispensing, or distributing controlled substances, which offense is a felony under applicable laws of Colorado, which constituted a substantial source of that person's income, and in which that person manifested special skill or expertise;
- (c) The defendant committed a felony which was, or was in furtherance of, a conspiracy with one or more persons to engage in a pattern of manufacturing, sale, dispensing, or distributing a controlled substance, which offense is a felony under applicable laws of Colorado, and the defendant did, or agreed that he would, initiate, organize, plan, finance, direct, manage, or supervise all or part of such conspiracy or manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distributing, or give or receive a bribe,

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1	or use force in connection with such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or
2	distribution;
3	(d) The defendant unlawfully introduced, distributed, or imported
4	into the state of Colorado more than four grams of any schedule I or II
5	controlled substance listed in part 2 of this article or more than two grams
6	of methamphetamine;
7	(e) The defendant unlawfully sold, dispensed, distributed,
8	possessed, or imported into the state of Colorado a quantity in excess of
9	one hundred pounds of marijuana or marijuana concentrate;
10	(f) (I) The defendant used, displayed, or possessed on his or her
11	person or within his or her immediate reach, a deadly weapon as defined
12	in section 18-1-901 (3) (e) at the time of the commission of a violation
13	of this part 4; or
14	(II) The defendant or a confederate of the defendant possessed a
15	firearm, as defined in section 18-1-901 (3) (h), to which the defendant or
16	confederate had access in a manner that posed a risk to others or in a
17	vehicle the defendant was occupying during the commission of a
18	violation of this part 4;
19	(g) The defendant solicited, induced, encouraged, intimidated,
20	employed, hired, or procured a child, as defined in section 19-1-103 (18),
21	C.R.S., to act as his agent to assist in the unlawful distribution,
22	manufacturing, dispensing, sale, or possession for the purposes of sale of
23	any controlled substance in violation of section 18-18-405. It shall not be
24	a defense under this paragraph (g) that the defendant did not know the
25	age of any such individual.
26	(h) (I) The defendant engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise
27	by violating any provision of this part 4 which is a felony; and

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(II) The violation is a part of a continuing series of two or more violations of this part 4 on separate occasions:

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- (A) Which are undertaken by that person in concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom that person occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or any other position of management; and
- (B) From which that person obtained substantial income or resources.

(2) (a) A defendant shall be a special offender if the defendant is convicted of selling, distributing, possessing with intent to distribute, manufacturing, or attempting to manufacture any controlled substance in violation of section 18-18-405 either within or upon the grounds of any public or private elementary, middle, junior high, or high school, vocational school, or public housing development, or within one thousand feet of the perimeter of any such school or public housing development grounds on any street, alley, parkway, sidewalk, public park, playground, or other area or premises that is accessible to the public, or within any private dwelling that is accessible to the public for the purpose of the sale, distribution, use, exchange, manufacture, or attempted manufacture of controlled substances in violation of this article, or in any school vehicle, as defined in section 42-1-102 (88.5), C.R.S., while such school vehicle is engaged in the transportation of persons who are students. The court is required in addition to imposing the sentence to imprisonment in the department of corrections required by subsection (1) of this section, to fine the defendant without suspension at least twice the minimum fine provided for in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) (III) if the defendant's offense is a felony or in section 18-1.3-501 (1) if the defendant's offense is a misdemeanor.

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(b) The department of education may cooperate with local boards of education and the officials of public housing developments, and make recommendations regarding the uniform implementation and furnishing of notice of the provisions of this subsection (2). Such recommendations may include, but shall not be limited to, the uniform use of signs and other methods of notification which may be used to implement this subsection (2).

- (c) For the purposes of this section, the term "public housing development" means any low-income housing project of any state, county, municipal, or other governmental entity or public body owned and operated by a public housing authority that has an on-site manager. "Public housing development" shall not include single-family dispersed housing or small or large clusters of dispersed housing having no on-site manager.
- (1) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON KNOWINGLY TO MANUFACTURE, DISPENSE, SELL, OR DISTRIBUTE, OR TO POSSESS WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISPENSE, SELL, OR DISTRIBUTE, A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE; OR INDUCE, ATTEMPT TO INDUCE, OR CONSPIRE WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER PERSONS, TO MANUFACTURE, DISPENSE, SELL, DISTRIBUTE, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISPENSE, SELL, OR DISTRIBUTE, A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE; OR POSSESS ONE OR MORE CHEMICALS OR SUPPLIES OR EQUIPMENT WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE UNDER THE SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPHS (a) THROUGH (i) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
- (2) ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES ANY OF THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION COMMITS A LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY AND

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1	IS SUBJECT TO THE MANDATORY SENTENCING PROVISION IN SECTION
2	18-1.3-401.5 (7) IF:
3	(a) THE VIOLATION INVOLVES AN AMOUNT THAT IS:
4	(I) MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE GRAMS OF A
5	SCHEDULE I OR SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE; OR
6	(II) MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED TWELVE GRAMS OF
7	METHAMPHETAMINE, HEROIN, KETAMINE, OR CATHINONE;
8	(III) MORE THAN FIFTY POUNDS OF MARIJUANA OR MORE THAN
9	TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE; OR
10	(IV) MORE THAN FIFTY MILLIGRAMS OF FLUNITRAZEPAM.
11	(b) An adult sells, dispenses, distributes, or otherwise
12	TRANSFERS ANY QUANTITY OF A SCHEDULE I OR SCHEDULE II
13	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OTHER THAN MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA
14	CONCENTRATE TO A MINOR AND THE ADULT IS AT LEAST TWO YEARS
15	OLDER THAN THE MINOR;
16	(c) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED THE VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION
17	(1) OF THIS SECTION AS PART OF A PATTERN OF MANUFACTURING, SALE,
18	DISPENSING, OR DISTRIBUTING CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, WHICH
19	VIOLATION IS A FELONY UNDER APPLICABLE LAWS OF COLORADO, WHICH
20	CONSTITUTED A SUBSTANTIAL SOURCE OF THAT PERSON'S INCOME, AND IN
21	WHICH THAT PERSON MANIFESTED SPECIAL SKILL OR EXPERTISE;
22	(d) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED THE VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION
23	(1) OF THIS SECTION IN THE COURSE OF, OR IN FURTHERANCE OF, A
24	CONSPIRACY WITH ONE OR MORE PERSONS TO ENGAGE IN A PATTERN OF
25	MANUFACTURING, SALE, DISPENSING, OR DISTRIBUTING A CONTROLLED
26	SUBSTANCE, WHICH OFFENSE IS A FELONY UNDER APPLICABLE LAWS OF
2.7	COLORADO AND THE DEFENDANT DID OR AGREED THAT HE OR SHE

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1	WOULD, INITIATE, ORGANIZE, PLAN, FINANCE, DIRECT, MANAGE, OR
2	SUPERVISE ALL OR PART OF SUCH CONSPIRACY OR MANUFACTURE, SALE,
3	DISPENSING, OR DISTRIBUTING, OR GIVE OR RECEIVE A BRIBE, OR USE
4	FORCE IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH MANUFACTURE, SALE, DISPENSING, OR
5	DISTRIBUTION;
6	(e) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED THE VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION
7	(1) OF THIS SECTION AND IN THE COURSE OF THAT VIOLATION IMPORTED
8	INTO THE STATE OF COLORADO MORE THAN FOURTEEN GRAMS OF ANY
9	SCHEDULE I OR II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE LISTED IN PART 2 OF THIS
10	ARTICLE OR MORE THAN SEVEN GRAMS OF METHAMPHETAMINE, HEROIN,
11	KETAMINE, OR CATHINONE, OR TEN MILLIGRAMS OF FLUNITRAZEPAM;
12	(f) (I) THE DEFENDANT USED, DISPLAYED, OR POSSESSED ON HIS
13	OR HER PERSON OR WITHIN HIS OR HER IMMEDIATE REACH, A DEADLY
14	WEAPON AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-901 (3) (e) AT THE TIME OF THE
15	COMMISSION OF A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION; OR
16	(II) THE DEFENDANT OR A CONFEDERATE OF THE DEFENDANT
17	POSSESSED A FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-901 (3) (h), TO
18	WHICH THE DEFENDANT OR CONFEDERATE HAD ACCESS IN A MANNER
19	THAT POSED A RISK TO OTHERS OR IN A VEHICLE THE DEFENDANT WAS
20	OCCUPYING AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF THE VIOLATION OF
21	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION;
22	(g) The defendant solicited, induced, encouraged,
23	INTIMIDATED, EMPLOYED, HIRED, OR PROCURED A CHILD, AS DEFINED IN
24	SECTION 19-1-103 (18), C.R.S., TO ACT AS HIS OR HER AGENT TO ASSIST
25	IN THE UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, SALE, OR
26	POSSESSION FOR THE PURPOSES OF SALE OF ANY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
27	AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF THE VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (1)

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1	OF THIS SECTION. IT SHALL NOT BE A DEFENSE UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH (g)
2	THAT THE DEFENDANT DID NOT KNOW THE AGE OF ANY SUCH CHILD.
3	(h) (I) THE DEFENDANT ENGAGED IN A CONTINUING CRIMINAL
4	${\tt ENTERPRISEBYVIOLATINGANYFELONYPROVISIONOFSUBSECTION(1)OF}$
5	THIS SECTION; AND
6	(II) THE VIOLATION IS A PART OF A CONTINUING SERIES OF TWO OR
7	MORE VIOLATIONS OF THIS PART 4 ON SEPARATE OCCASIONS:
8	(A) WHICH ARE UNDERTAKEN BY THAT PERSON IN CONCERT WITH
9	FIVE OR MORE OTHER PERSONS WITH RESPECT TO WHOM THAT PERSON
10	OCCUPIES A POSITION OF ORGANIZER, SUPERVISOR, OR ANY OTHER
11	POSITION OF MANAGEMENT; AND
12	(B) FROM WHICH THAT PERSON OBTAINED SUBSTANTIAL INCOME
13	OR RESOURCES.
14	(i) (I) The defendant is convicted of selling, distributing,
15	POSSESSING WITH INTENT TO DISTRIBUTE, MANUFACTURING, OR
16	ATTEMPTING TO MANUFACTURE ANY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IN
17	VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION EITHER WITHIN OR UPON
18	THE GROUNDS OF ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, MIDDLE
19	SCHOOL, JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL, OR HIGH SCHOOL, VOCATIONAL SCHOOL,
20	OR PUBLIC HOUSING DEVELOPMENT; WITHIN ONE THOUSAND FEET OF THE
21	PERIMETER OF ANY SUCH SCHOOL OR PUBLIC HOUSING DEVELOPMENT
22	GROUNDS ON ANY STREET, ALLEY, PARKWAY, SIDEWALK, PUBLIC PARK,
23	PLAYGROUND, OR OTHER AREA OR PREMISES THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO THE
24	PUBLIC; WITHIN ANY PRIVATE DWELLING THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO THE
25	PUBLIC FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE SALE, DISTRIBUTION, USE, EXCHANGE,
26	MANUFACTURE, OR ATTEMPTED MANUFACTURE OF CONTROLLED
27	SUBSTANCES IN VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE; OR IN ANY SCHOOL VEHICLE,

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1	AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-1-102 (88.5), C.R.S., WHILE SUCH SCHOOL
2	VEHICLE IS ENGAGED IN THE TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONS WHO ARE
3	STUDENTS.
4	(II) THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MAY COOPERATE WITH
5	LOCAL BOARDS OF EDUCATION AND THE OFFICIALS OF PUBLIC HOUSING
6	DEVELOPMENTS AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING THE UNIFORM
7	IMPLEMENTATION AND FURNISHING OF NOTICE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS
8	PARAGRAPH (i). SUCH RECOMMENDATIONS MAY INCLUDE, BUT NEED NOT
9	BE LIMITED TO, THE UNIFORM USE OF SIGNS AND OTHER METHODS OF
10	NOTIFICATION THAT MAY BE USED TO IMPLEMENT THIS PARAGRAPH (i).
11	(III) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "PUBLIC
12	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT" MEANS ANY LOW-INCOME HOUSING PROJECT OF
13	ANY STATE, COUNTY, MUNICIPAL, OR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR
14	PUBLIC BODY OWNED AND OPERATED BY A PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY
15	THAT HAS AN ON-SITE MANAGER. "PUBLIC HOUSING DEVELOPMENT" DOES
16	NOT INCLUDE SINGLE-FAMILY DISPERSED HOUSING OR SMALL OR LARGE
17	CLUSTERS OF DISPERSED HOUSING HAVING NO ON-SITE MANAGER.
18	$(j)\ The PERSON SELLS, TRANSFERS, OR DISPENSES MORE THAN TWO$
19	AND ONE-HALF POUNDS OF MARIJUANA OR MORE THAN ONE POUND OF
20	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE TO A MINOR IF THE PERSON IS AN ADULT AND
21	TWO YEARS OLDER THAN THE MINOR.
22	(3) (a) In support of the findings under paragraph (b) (c) of
23	subsection (1) of this section, it may be shown that the defendant has had
24	in his OR HER own name or under his OR HER control income or property
25	not explained as derived from a source other than such manufacture, sale,
26	dispensing, or distribution of controlled substances.
27	(b) For the purposes of paragraph (b) (c) of subsection (1) of this

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section only, a "substantial source of that person's income" means a source of income which, for any period of one year or more, exceeds the minimum wage, determined on the basis of a forty-hour week and fifty-week year, or which, for the same period, exceeds fifty percent of the defendant's declared adjusted gross income under Colorado or any other state law or under federal law, whichever adjusted gross income is less.

- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b) (c) of subsection (1) of this section, "special skill or expertise" in such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distribution includes any unusual knowledge, judgment, or ability, including manual dexterity, facilitating the initiation, organizing, planning, financing, directing, managing, supervising, executing, or concealing of such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distributing, the enlistment of accomplices in such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distribution, the escape from detection or apprehension for such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distribution, or the disposition of the fruits or proceeds of such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distribution.
- (d) For the purposes of paragraphs (b) and (c) AND (d) of subsection (1) of this section, such manufacture, sale, dispensing, or distribution forms a pattern if it embraces criminal acts which have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated events.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall preclude the court from considering aggravating circumstances other than those stated in subsection (1) of this section as a basis for sentencing the defendant to a term greater than the presumptive range for the felony.

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1	(5) If a defendant who is subject to the provisions of this section
2	is subject to a greater sentence pursuant to the provisions of another
3	statute, the court shall impose sentence pursuant to that statute. The
4	prosecution shall not be forced to elect under which statute to proceed.
5	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-411, amend
6	(4) as follows:
7	18-18-411. Keeping, maintaining, controlling, renting, or
8	making available property for unlawful distribution or manufacture
9	of controlled substances. (4) A person who violates this section
10	commits a class 1 misdemeanor LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
11	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-412, amend
12	(2) as follows:
13	18-18-412. Abusing toxic vapors - prohibited. (2) Any A
14	person who knowingly violates the provisions of subsection (1) of this
15	section commits the offense of abusing toxic vapors. Abusing toxic
16	vapors is a class 1 petty offense LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANOR; except that
17	no A person shall NOT receive a sentence to confinement in jail for being
18	convicted of a first offense pursuant to this subsection (2). Any A person
19	convicted of a second or any subsequent offense pursuant to this
20	subsection (2) may receive a sentence to confinement in jail.
21	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-412.5,
22	amend (3) as follows:
23	18-18-412.5. Unlawful possession of materials to make
24	methamphetamine and amphetamine - penalty. (3) A person who
25	violates the provisions of this section commits a class 3 felony LEVEL 2
26	DRUG FELONY.
27	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-412.7,

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1	amend (2) as follows:
2	18-18-412.7. Sale or distribution of materials to manufacture
3	controlled substances. (2) A violation of this section is a class 3 felony.
4	A violation of this section is an extraordinary risk crime that is subject to
5	the modified presumptive sentencing range specified in section
6	18-1.3-401 (10) LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY.
7	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-412.8,
8	amend (3) (a) as follows:
9	18-18-412.8. Retail sale of methamphetamine precursor drugs
10	- unlawful acts - penalty. (3) (a) A person who knowingly violates a
11	provision of this section commits a class 2 misdemeanor LEVEL 2 DRUG
12	MISDEMEANOR and, upon conviction, shall be punished as provided in
13	section 18-1.3-501.
14	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-18-413
15	as follows:
16	18-18-413. Authorized possession of controlled substances. A
17	person to whom or for whose use any controlled substance has been
18	prescribed or dispensed by a practitioner may lawfully possess it, but only
19	in the container in which it was delivered to him unless he is able to show
20	that he is the legal owner or a person acting at the direction of the legal
21	owner of the controlled substance. Any person convicted of violating this
22	section commits a class 1 DRUG petty offense, AND THE COURT SHALL
23	IMPOSE A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.
24	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-414, amend
25	(3), (4), and (5) as follows:
26	18-18-414. Unlawful acts - licenses - penalties. (3) Any A
27	person who violates paragraph (a), (b), (c), or (d) of subsection (1) of this

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1	section shall be punished as provided for in section 18-18-405 or
2	18-18-406 COMMITS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
3	(4) Any A person who violates paragraph (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j),
4	(k), (l), (m), or (n) of subsection (1) of this section or subsection (2) of
5	this section or any other provision of this part 4 for which a penalty is not
6	specified is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall
7	be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by
8	imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year, or by both
9	such fine and imprisonment LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
10	(5) Any A person who violates paragraph (o), (q), (r), or (t) of
11	subsection (1) of this section commits a class 4 felony LEVEL 3 DRUG
12	FELONY.
13	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-415, amend
14	(2) (a) as follows:
15	18-18-415. Fraud and deceit. (2) Any person who violates any
16	provision of this section commits:
17	(a) A class 6 felony LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY and shall be punished
18	as provided in section 18-1.3-401 18-1.3-401.5.
19	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-416, amend
20	(2) as follows:
21	18-18-416. Controlled substances - inducing consumption by
22	fraudulent means. (2) Any A person who violates the provisions of this
23	section commits a class 4 felony LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY.
24	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-422, amend
25	(1), (2), and (3) as follows:
26	18-18-422. Imitation controlled substances - violations -
27	penalties. (1) (a) Except as provided in section 18-18-424, it is unlawful

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1	for any A person to manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to
2	distribute an imitation controlled substance.
3	(b) Any A person who violates the provisions of paragraph (a) of
4	this subsection (1) commits:
5	(I) A class 5 felony; or LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
6	(II) A class 4 felony, if the violation is committed subsequent to
7	a prior conviction for a violation of this subsection (1).
8	(2) (a) It is unlawful for a person eighteen years of age or over to
9	distribute IF AN ADULT DISTRIBUTES an imitation controlled substance to
10	a person under eighteen years of age MINOR AND THE ADULT IS AT LEAST
11	TWO YEARS OLDER THAN THE MINOR, THE ADULT COMMITS A LEVEL 3
12	DRUG FELONY.
13	(b) Any person who violates the provisions of paragraph (a) of
14	this subsection (2) commits:
15	(I) A class 3 DRUG felony; or
16	(II) A class 3 felony, if the violation is committed subsequent to
17	a prior conviction for a violation of this subsection (2).
18	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any A person to place in a newspaper,
19	magazine, handbill, or other publication or to post or distribute in any A
20	public place any AN advertisement or solicitation which he THAT THE
21	PERSON knows will promote the distribution of imitation controlled
22	substances.
23	(b) Any A person who violates the provisions of paragraph (a) of
24	this subsection (3) commits a class 1 misdemeanor LEVEL 1 DRUG
25	MISDEMEANOR.
26	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-423, amend
27	(3) as follows:

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1	18-18-423. Counterfeit substances prohibited - penalty.
2	(3) Any A person who violates this section commits a class 5 felony
3	LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY.
4	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-428, amend
5	(2) as follows:
6	18-18-428. Possession of drug paraphernalia - penalty.
7	(2) Any person who commits possession of drug paraphernalia commits
8	a class 2 DRUG petty offense and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
9	punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars.
10	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-18-429
11	as follows:
12	18-18-429. Manufacture, sale, or delivery of drug
13	paraphernalia - penalty. Any person who sells or delivers, possesses
14	with intent to sell or deliver, or manufactures with intent to sell or deliver
15	equipment, products, or materials knowing, or under circumstances
16	where one reasonably should know, that such equipment, products, or
17	materials could be used as drug paraphernalia commits a class 2
18	misdemeanor LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
19	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-18-430
20	as follows:
21	18-18-430. Advertisement of drug paraphernalia -
22	penalty. Any person who places an advertisement in any A newspaper,
23	magazine, handbill, or other publication and who intends thereby to
24	promote the sale in this state of equipment, products, or materials
25	designed and intended for use as drug paraphernalia commits a class 2
26	misdemeanor LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANOR.
27	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-7-301, add (5)

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I	as follows:
2	16-7-301. Propriety of plea discussions and plea agreements.
3	(5) ANY PLEA AGREEMENT IN A CASE INVOLVING A PLEA TO A VIOLATION
4	OF ARTICLE 18 OF TITLE 18, C.R.S., MAY NOT REQUIRE A WAIVER BY THE
5	DEFENDANT OF THE RIGHT TO PETITION TO HAVE THE DEFENDANT'S
6	CRIMINAL CONVICTION RECORDS SEALED PURSUANT TO PART 3 OF ARTICLE
7	72 of title 24, C.R.S.
8	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-204, add
9	(2.2) as follows:
10	18-1.3-204. Conditions of probation - interstate compact
11	probation transfer cash fund - creation. (2.2) If A DEFENDANT IS
12	SENTENCED TO PROBATION FOR A DRUG MISDEMEANOR, THE COURT MAY
13	INCLUDE AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION A REQUIREMENT THAT THE
14	DEFENDANT PARTICIPATE IN DRUG TREATMENT. IF THE DEFENDANT'S
15	ASSESSED TREATMENT NEED IS FOR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT, THE COURT
16	MAY MAKE RESIDENTIAL DRUG TREATMENT A CONDITION OF PROBATION
17	AND MAY PLACE THE OFFENDER IN A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM
18	THAT CAN PROVIDE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF TREATMENT SUBJECT TO
19	THE PROVISION OF SECTION 18-1.3-301 (4).
20	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-1.3-208,
21	as follows:
22	18-1.3-208. Intensive supervision probation programs -
23	legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds and declares that
24	intensive supervision probation programs are an effective and desirable
25	alternative to sentences to imprisonment, or community corrections, OR
26	JAIL. It is the purpose of this section to encourage the judicial department
27	to establish programs for the intensive supervision of selected

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probationers. It is the intent of the general assembly that such programs be formulated so that they protect the safety and welfare of the public in the community where the programs are operating and throughout the state of Colorado.

- supervision probation program in any judicial district or combination of judicial districts in order to provide an alternative to the sentencing of selected offenders to the department of corrections, SUPERVISION TAILORED TO THE SPECIFIC CHARACTERISTICS THAT PRODUCE A RISK CLASSIFICATION REQUIRING INTENSIVE SERVICE FOR THE OFFENDER AND TO FACILITATE THE OFFENDER'S PARTICIPATION IN REHABILITATIVE PROGRAMS INTENDED TO ADDRESS THOSE CHARACTERISTICS. When establishing such programs, the judicial department shall seek the counsel of the chief judge of the district court, the office of the district attorney, the state public defender or his or her designee, the county sheriff, the chief probation officer in the judicial district, the department of corrections, the local community corrections board, and members of the public at-large.
- (3) The judicial department shall require that offenders in the program receive at least the highest level of supervision that is provided to probationers. Such programs are to include highly restricted activities, daily contact between the offender and the probation officer, monitored curfew, home visitation, employment visitation and monitoring, drug and alcohol screening, treatment referrals and monitoring, and restitution and community service and shall minimize any risk to the public.
- (4) The court may sentence WHEN THE COURT SENTENCES any offender who is otherwise eligible for TO probation, and who would

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1 otherwise be sentenced to the department of corrections, to THE 2 PROBATION DEPARTMENT SHALL COMPLETE AN INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF 3 THE OFFENDER'S RISK AND NEEDS, USING VALID ASSESSMENT TOOLS 4 APPROVED BY THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE. OFFENDERS 5 WHO ARE DETERMINED THROUGH ASSESSMENT TO BE HIGH RISK AND WHO 6 MEET THE ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA MAY BE PLACED IN an intensive 7 supervision probation program. if the court determines that such offender 8 is not a threat to society. Furthermore, intensive supervision 9 PROBATION MAY BE USED FOR A MISDEMEANOR OFFENDER WHO HAS BEEN 10 UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF PROBATION FOR A PERIOD OF TIME AND A 11 REASSESSMENT INDICATES THE OFFENDER'S RISK OF REOFFENSE HAS 12 INCREASED TO HIGH AND THE OFFENDER MEETS THE ACCEPTANCE 13 CRITERIA OF THE INTENSIVE PROGRAM. For purposes of this section, 14 "offender" shall have the same meaning as that set forth in section 15 17-27-102 (6), C.R.S., MEETS THE CRITERIA FOR THE PROGRAM, AND DOES 16 NOT PRESENT AN UNACCEPTABLE RISK TO THE COMMUNITY IF PLACED IN 17 THE PROGRAM. 18 (5) The judicial department shall have the power to establish and 19 enforce standards and criteria for the administration of intensive 20 supervision probation programs. 21 (6) (a) It is the intent of the general assembly in enacting this 22 subsection (6) to address a portion of the projected state inmate bedspace 23 requirements through expansion of intensive supervision probation 24 programs authorized by this section RECOGNIZE THAT HIGH-RISK 25 OFFENDERS CAN BE MANAGED IN THE COMMUNITY WITH THE APPROPRIATE 26 SUPERVISION AND THE USE OF EVIDENCE-BASED TREATMENT PROGRAMS

27

AND PRACTICES.

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1	(b) The judicial department is directed to CREATE AND implement
2	a three-phase expansion of intensive supervision probation programs in
3	fiscal years 1995-96 and 1996-97 to include an additional seven hundred
4	fifty participants over the number of participants in such programs on
5	July 1, 1995 Intensive supervision probation programs based on
6	THE CURRENT EVIDENCE FOR REDUCING RECIDIVISM BY JULY 1, 2015.
7	INTENSIVE SUPERVISION PROBATION PROGRAMS MUST REQUIRE THE USE
8	OF VALIDATED ASSESSMENTS TO DETERMINE THE OFFENDER'S RISK OF
9	REOFFENDING. THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP CRITERIA FOR
10	OFFENDERS TO TRANSITION FROM INTENSIVE SUPERVISION PROBATION
11	PROGRAMS TO REGULAR PROBATION, BASED ON ASSESSMENT OF RISK AND
12	NEED AND PROGRAM COMPLIANCE. AN OFFENDER MAY NOT BE PLACED IN
13	OR TRANSFERRED OUT OF AN INTENSIVE SUPERVISION PROBATION
14	PROGRAM WITHOUT MEETING ESTABLISHED CRITERIA.
15	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-801, amend
16	(1) (a) (I) (A), (1.5), (2), and (4) as follows:
17	18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (1) (a) A
18	person shall be adjudged an habitual criminal and shall be punished by
19	a term in the department of corrections of life imprisonment if the person:
20	(I) Is convicted of:
21	(A) Any class 1 or 2 felony OR LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY; or
22	(1.5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5) of this
23	section, every person convicted in this state of any class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5
24	felony OR LEVEL 1, 2, OR 3 DRUG FELONY who, within ten years of the
25	date of the commission of the said offense, has been twice previously
26	convicted upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of
27	separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in this state or elsewhere,

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of a felony or, under the laws of any other state, the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of a crime which, if committed within this state, would be a felony shall be adjudged an habitual criminal and shall be punished:

- (a) For the felony offense of which such person is convicted by imprisonment in the department of corrections for a term of three times the maximum of the presumptive range pursuant to section 18-1.3-401 for the class OR LEVEL of felony of which such person is convicted; OR
- (b) FOR THE LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY OFFENSE OF WHICH SUCH PERSON IS CONVICTED BY IMPRISONMENT IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR A TERM OF FORTY-EIGHT YEARS.
- (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state, the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of a crime which, if committed within this state, would be a felony, shall be adjudged an habitual criminal and shall be punished:
- (A) For the felony offense of which such person is convicted by imprisonment in the department of corrections for a term of four times the maximum of the presumptive range pursuant to section 18-1.3-401 for the class OR LEVEL of felony of which such person is convicted; OR
- (B) FOR THE LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY OFFENSE OF WHICH SUCH PERSON IS CONVICTED BY IMPRISONMENT IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR A TERM OF SIXTY-FOUR YEARS.

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1	(II) Such former conviction or convictions and judgment or
2	judgments shall be set forth in apt words in the indictment or information.
3	Nothing in this part 8 shall abrogate or affect the punishment by death in
4	any and all crimes punishable by death on or after July 1, 1972.
5	(b) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) shall not
6	apply to a conviction for a class 6 LEVEL 4 DRUG felony pursuant to
7	section 18-18-403.5 (2) (a) (I) or (2) (b) (I), or a conviction for a class 6
8	LEVEL 4 DRUG felony for attempt or conspiracy to commit unlawful
9	possession of a controlled substance, as described in section 18-18-403.5
10	(2) $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ $\frac{(I)}{(I)}$ or $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ $\frac{(I)}{(I)}$, if the amount of the schedule I or schedule
11	II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE POSSESSED IS NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS
12	OR NOT MORE THAN TWO GRAMS OF METHAMPHETAMINE, HEROIN,
13	CATHINONE, KETAMINE OR NOT MORE FOUR MILLIGRAMS OF
14	FLUNITRAZEPAM, even if the person has been previously convicted of
15	three or more qualifying felony convictions.
16	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-4-203, amend
17	(5) as follows:
18	16-4-203. Appeal bond hearing - order. (5) If the defendant has
19	been charged with committing another felony, LEVEL 1 DRUG
20	MISDEMEANOR, or class 1 misdemeanor while he OR SHE is at liberty on
21	an appeal bond, and probable cause has been found with respect to such
22	other felony, LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR, or class 1 misdemeanor or the
23	defendant has waived his OR HER right to a probable cause determination
24	as to the felony, LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR, or class 1 misdemeanor,
25	the court shall revoke his OR HER appeal bond on motion of the attorney
26	general or district attorney.
27	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-5-206, amend

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1	(1) as follows:
2	16-5-206. Summons in lieu of warrant. (1) Except in class 1,
3	class 2, and class 3 felonies, LEVEL 1 AND LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONIES, and
4	in unclassified felonies punishable by a maximum penalty of more than
5	ten years, if an indictment is returned or an information, felony
6	complaint, or complaint has been filed prior to the arrest of the person
7	named as defendant therein, the court has power to issue a summons
8	commanding the appearance of the defendant in lieu of a warrant for his
9	or her arrest unless a law enforcement officer presents in writing a basis
10	to believe there is a significant risk of flight or that the victim or public
11	safety may be compromised.
12	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-5-207, amend
13	(2) introductory portion as follows:
14	16-5-207. Standards and criteria relating to issuance of
15	summons in lieu of warrant. (2) Except in class 1, class 2, and class 3
16	felonies OR LEVEL 1 OR LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONIES, the general policy shall
17	favor issuance of a summons instead of a warrant for the arrest of the
18	defendant except where there is reasonable ground to believe that, unless
19	taken into custody, the defendant will flee to avoid prosecution or will
20	fail to respond to a summons. The court shall issue a summons instead of
21	an arrest warrant when the prosecuting attorney so requests. When an
22	application is made to a court for issuance of an arrest warrant or
23	summons, the court may require the applicant to provide such
24	information as reasonably is available concerning the following:
25	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-5-301, amend
26	(1) (a) and (1) (b) (II) as follows:
27	16-5-301. Preliminary hearing or waiver - dispositional

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hearing. (1) (a) Every person accused of a class 1, 2, or 3 felony OR LEVEL 1 OR LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY by direct information or felony complaint has the right to demand and receive a preliminary hearing within a reasonable time to determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the offense charged in the information or felony complaint was committed by the defendant. In addition, only those persons accused of a class 4, 5, or 6 felony by direct information or felony complaint which felony requires mandatory sentencing or is a crime of violence as defined in section 18-1.3-406, C.R.S., or is a sexual offense under part 4 of article 3 of title 18, C.R.S., shall have the right to demand and receive a preliminary hearing within a reasonable time to determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the offense charged in the information or felony complaint was committed by the defendant. The procedure to be followed in asserting the right to a preliminary hearing and the time within which demand therefor must be made, as well as the time within which the hearing, if demanded, shall be had, shall be as provided by applicable rule of the supreme court of Colorado. A failure to observe and substantially comply with such rule shall be deemed a waiver of this right to a preliminary hearing.

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(b) (II) Any defendant accused of a class 4, 5, or 6 felony OR LEVEL 3 OR LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY who is not otherwise entitled to a preliminary hearing pursuant to subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b), may demand and shall receive a preliminary hearing within a reasonable time pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (1), if the defendant is in custody for the offense for which the preliminary hearing is requested; except that, upon motion of either party, the court shall vacate the preliminary hearing if there is a reasonable showing that the defendant

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has been released from custody prior to the preliminary hearing.

SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-5-501 as follows:

16-5-501. Prosecuting attorney - incarceration - legal representation and supporting services at state expense. Except as

representation and supporting services at state expense. Except as otherwise provided, in any criminal prosecution for class 2 and class 3 misdemeanors, LEVEL 1 AND LEVEL 2 DRUG MISDEMEANORS, petty offenses, class 1 and class 2 misdemeanor traffic offenses, or municipal or county ordinance violations, the prosecuting attorney may, at any time during the prosecution, state in writing whether or not he or she will seek incarceration as part of the penalty upon conviction of an offense for which the defendant has been charged. If the prosecuting attorney does not seek incarceration as part of such penalty, legal representation and supporting services need not thereafter be provided for the defendant at state expense, and no such defendant shall be incarcerated if found guilty of the charges against him or her, but the defendant shall be subject to all alternatives available to the court under section 18-1.3-702, C.R.S., and to alternatives available to each municipality under its municipal ordinances for failure to pay fines and costs.

SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-7-202, **amend** (1) as follows:

16-7-202. Presence of defendant. (1) If the offense charged is a felony, A LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR, or a class 1 misdemeanor or if the maximum penalty for the offense charged is more than one year's imprisonment, the defendant must be personally present for arraignment; except that the court, for good cause shown, may accept a plea of not guilty made by an attorney representing the defendant without requiring

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2	offenses, the defendant may appear by his or her attorney who may enter
3	a plea on his or her behalf. If the defendant appears personally for a
4	charge that is not in title 42, C.R.S., the court may advise the defendant
5	of the possibility that restorative justice practices may be part of a
6	sentence, if available in the jurisdiction and requested by the victim who
7	has been informed about the restorative justice practices pursuant to
8	section 24-4.1-303 (11) (g), C.R.S.
9	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-7-206, amend
10	(1) (c) as follows:
11	16-7-206. Guilty pleas - procedure and effect. (1) Every person
12	charged with an offense shall be permitted to tender a plea of guilty to
13	that offense if the following conditions have been satisfied:
14	(c) In all felony, LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR, and class 1
15	misdemeanor cases, the defendant shall be represented by counsel or
16	waive his right thereto in open court, and the guilty plea shall be tendered
17	in open court by the defendant in the presence of counsel, if any.
18	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-10-105
19	as follows:
20	16-10-105. Alternate jurors. The court may direct that a
21	sufficient number of jurors in addition to the regular jury be called and
22	impaneled to sit as Alternate jurors. Alternate jurors in the order in which
23	they are called shall replace jurors who, prior to the time the jury retires
24	to consider its verdict, become unable or disqualified to perform their
25	duties. Alternate jurors shall be drawn in the same manner, shall have the
26	same qualifications, shall be subject to the same examination and
27	challenges, shall take the same oath, and shall have the same functions,

the defendant to be personally present. In all prosecutions for lesser

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powers, facilities, and privileges as the regular jurors. An alternate juror shall be discharged when the jury retires to consider its verdict or at such time as determined by the court. When alternate jurors are impaneled, each side is entitled to one peremptory challenge in addition to those otherwise allowed by law. In a case in which a class 1, 2, or 3 felony, as described in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) (IV) and (1) (a) (V), C.R.S., is charged, AND IN A CASE IN WHICH A LEVEL 1 OR LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-1.3-401.5, C.R.S., and in any case in which a felony listed in section 24-4.1-302 (1), C.R.S., is charged, the court shall impanel at least one juror to sit as an alternate if requested by any party. **SECTION 43.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-11-209, amend (1), (2) introductory portion, (2) (b), and (3) (c) as follows: **16-11-209.** Duties of probation officers. (1) It is the duty of a probation officer to investigate and report upon any case referred to him by the court for investigation. The probation officer shall furnish to each person released on probation under his supervision a written statement of the conditions of probation and shall instruct him regarding the same. The officer shall keep informed concerning the conduct and condition of each person on probation under his supervision and shall report thereon to the court at such times as it directs. Such officers shall use all suitable methods, not inconsistent with the conditions imposed by the court, to aid persons on probation and to bring about improvement in their conduct and condition. Each officer shall keep records of his OR HER work; shall keep accurate and complete accounts of all moneys collected from persons under his supervision; shall give receipts therefor and shall make at least monthly returns thereof into the registry of the court or as he may

be ordered; shall make such reports to the court as are required; and shall

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perform such other duties as the court may direct. (2) Any probationer, on probation as a result of a conviction, of any felony except a class 1 felony, who is under the supervision of a probation officer pursuant to this part 2 and who is initially tested for the illegal or unauthorized use of a controlled substance and the result of such test is positive shall be subject to any or all of the following actions: (b) An immediate increase in the level of supervision; including but not limited to intensive supervision; (3) If any probationer described in subsection (2) of this section is subjected to a second or subsequent test for the illegal or unauthorized use of a controlled substance and the result of such test is positive, the probation officer shall take one or more of the following actions: (c) Immediately increase the level of supervision; including but not limited to intensive supervision; **SECTION 44.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-103, amend (11) (b) (III) and (11) (b) (III.5) as follows: 17-2-103. Arrest of parolee - revocation proceedings. (11) (b) (III) If the board determines that the parolee has violated any condition of parole that does not involve the commission of a crime, the parolee has no active felony warrant, felony detainer, or pending felony criminal charge, and the parolee was on parole for an offense that was A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY OR class 5 or class 6 nonviolent felony as defined in section 17-22.5-405 (5) (b), except for menacing as defined in section 18-3-206, C.R.S., or any unlawful sexual behavior contained in section 16-22-102 (9), C.R.S., or unless the parolee was subject to article 6.5 of title 18, C.R.S., or section 18-6-801, C.R.S., the board may revoke parole

for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and request the sheriff

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1 of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to the 2 facility described in section 17-1-206.5 (3). 3 (III.5) If the board determines that the parolee has violated any 4 condition of parole that does not involve the commission of a crime, the 5 parolee has no active felony warrant, felony detainer, or pending felony 6 criminal charge, and the parolee was on parole for an offense that was A 7 LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY OR a class 4 nonviolent felony as defined in 8 section 17-22.5-405 (5) (b), except for stalking as described in section 9 18-9-111 (4), C.R.S., as it existed prior to August 11, 2010, or section 10 18-3-602, C.R.S., or any unlawful sexual behavior described in section 11 16-22-102 (9), C.R.S., or unless the parolee was subject to article 6.5 of 12 title 18, C.R.S., or section 18-6-801, C.R.S., and the board revokes 13 parole, the board may request the sheriff of the county in which the 14 hearing is held to transport the parolee to the facility described in section 15 17-1-206.5 (3) for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days. 16 **SECTION 45.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-201, amend 17 (3) (h.1) (I) as follows: 18 17-2-201. State board of parole. (3) The chairperson, in 19 addition to other provisions of law, has the following powers and duties: 20 (h.1) To contract with qualified individuals to serve as release 21 hearing officers: 22 (I) To conduct parole application hearings for inmates convicted 23 of class 4, class 5, or class 6 felonies OR LEVEL 3 OR LEVEL 4 DRUG 24 FELONIES who have been assessed to be less than high risk by the 25 Colorado risk assessment scale developed pursuant to section 26 17-22.5-404 (2) (a), C.R.S., pursuant to rules adopted by the parole 27 board; and

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1	SECTION 46. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 17-2-213
2	as follows:
3	17-2-213. Application of part. Effective July 1, 1979, the
4	provisions of this part 2 relating to the power of the state board of parole
5	to grant parole and to establish the duration of the term of parole shall
6	apply only to persons sentenced for conviction of a felony committed
7	prior to July 1, 1979, persons sentenced for conviction of a misdemeanor,
8	persons sentenced for conviction of a sex offense, as defined in section
9	18-1.3-903 (5), C.R.S., or a class 1 felony, and persons sentenced as
10	habitual criminals pursuant to section 18-1.3-801, C.R.S. Parole for
11	persons sentenced for conviction of a class 2, class 3, class 4, or class 5
12	felony committed on or after July 1, 1979, OR A LEVEL 1, LEVEL 2, LEVEL
13	3, or Level 4 Drug felony Committed on or After July 1, 2013, shall
14	be as provided in section SECTIONS 18-1.3-401 AND 18-1.3-401.5, C.R.S.,
15	and article 22.5 of this title.
16	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-403,
17	amend (1), (7) (a), and (8) (a) as follows:
18	17-22.5-403. Parole eligibility. (1) Any person sentenced for a
19	class 2, class 3, class 4, class 5, or class 6 felony, or a level 1, level 2,
20	LEVEL 3, OR LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY, or any unclassified felony, shall be
21	eligible for parole after such person has served fifty percent of the
22	sentence imposed upon such person, less any time authorized for earned
23	time granted pursuant to section 17-22.5-405. However, the date
24	established by this subsection (1) upon which any person shall be eligible
25	for parole may be extended by the executive director for misconduct
26	during incarceration. The executive director shall promulgate rules and
27	regulations concerning when and under what conditions any inmate's

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parole eligibility date may be extended. Such rules and regulations shall be promulgated in such a manner as to promote fairness and consistency in the treatment of all inmates.

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(7) (a) For any offender who is incarcerated for an offense committed on or after July 1, 1993, upon application for parole, the state board of parole, working in conjunction with the department and using the guidelines established pursuant to section 17-22.5-404, shall determine whether or not to grant parole. The state board of parole, if it determines that placing an offender on parole is appropriate, shall set the length of the period of parole at the mandatory period of parole established in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) (V) OR 18-1.3-401.5 (2) (a), C.R.S., except as otherwise provided for specified offenses in section 17-2-201 (5) (a), (5) (a.5), and (5) (a.7). If an application for parole is refused by the state board of parole, the state board of parole shall reconsider within one year thereafter whether such inmate should be granted parole. The state board of parole shall continue such reconsideration each year thereafter until such inmate is granted parole or until such inmate is discharged pursuant to law; except that, if the inmate applying for parole was convicted of any sex offense, as defined in section 18-1.3-1003 (5), C.R.S., a habitual criminal offense as defined in section 18-1.3-801 (2.5), C.R.S., or of any offense subject to the requirements of section 18-1.3-904, C.R.S., the board need only reconsider granting parole to such inmate once every three years, until the board grants such inmate parole or until such inmate is discharged pursuant to law, or if the person applying for parole was convicted of a class 2 felony that constitutes a crime of violence, as defined in section 18-1.3-406, C.R.S., the board need only reconsider granting parole to

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such person once every five years, until the board grants such person parole or until such person is discharged pursuant to law.

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(8) (a) For persons who are granted parole pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of this section, the division of adult parole shall provide parole supervision and assistance in securing employment, housing, and such other services as may affect the successful reintegration of such offender into the community while recognizing the need for public safety. The conditions for parole for any such offender under this paragraph (a) shall be established pursuant to section 17-22.5-404 by the state board of parole prior to such offender's release from incarceration. Upon a determination that the conditions of parole have been violated in a parole revocation proceeding, the state board of parole shall continue the parole in effect, modify the conditions of parole if circumstances then shown to exist require such modifications, which circumstances shall be set forth in writing, or revoke the parole and order the return of the offender to a place of confinement designated by the executive director for any period of time up to the period remaining on such person's mandatory period of parole established in section 18-1.3-401 (1) (a) (V) OR 18-1.3-401.5 (2) (a), C.R.S. Any offender who has been reincarcerated due to a parole revocation pursuant to this paragraph (a) shall be eligible for parole at any time during such reincarceration. The state board of parole may discharge an offender granted parole under this section at any time during the term of parole upon a determination that the offender has been sufficiently rehabilitated and reintegrated into society and can no longer benefit from parole supervision. In making any such determination, the state board of parole shall make written findings as to why such offender is no longer in need

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1	of parole supervision.
2	SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-404,
3	amend (3) as follows:
4	17-22.5-404. Parole guidelines. (3) For a person sentenced for
5	a class 2, class 3, class 4, class 5, or class 6 felony OR LEVEL 1, LEVEL 2,
6	LEVEL 3, OR LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY who is eligible for parole pursuant to
7	section 17-22.5-403, or a person who is eligible for parole pursuant to
8	section 17-22.5-403.7, the state board of parole may consider all
9	applications for parole, as well as all persons to be supervised under any
10	interstate compact. The state board of parole may parole any person who
11	is sentenced or committed to a correctional facility when the board
12	determines, by using, where available, evidence-based practices and the
13	guidelines established by this section, that there is a reasonable
14	probability that the person will not violate the law while on parole and
15	that the person's release from institutional custody is compatible with
16	public safety and the welfare of society. The state board of parole shall
17	first consider the risk of reoffense in every release decision it makes.
18	SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-405.
19	amend (1.5) (a) (I) and (6) introductory portion as follows:
20	17-22.5-405. Earned time - earned release time - achievement
21	earned time. (1.5) (a) Earned time, not to exceed twelve days for each
22	month of incarceration or parole, may be deducted from an inmate's
23	sentence if the inmate:
24	(I) Is serving a sentence for a class 4, class 5, or class 6 felony OR
25	LEVEL 3 OR LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY;
26	(6) Earned release time shall be scheduled by the state board of
27	parole and the time computation unit in the department of corrections for

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1	inmates convicted of class 4 and class 5 felonies OR A LEVEL 3 DRUG
2	FELONY up to sixty days prior to the mandatory release date and for
3	inmates convicted of class 6 felonies OR LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY up to
4	thirty days prior to the mandatory release date for inmates who meet the
5	following criteria:
6	SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-711, amend
7	(3) (c), (3) (d), and (3) (e) as follows:
8	18-1-711. Immunity for persons who suffer or report an
9	emergency drug or alcohol overdose event - definitions. (3) The
10	immunity described in subsection (1) of this section shall apply to the
11	following criminal offenses:
12	(c) Unlawful possession of two ounces or less of marijuana, as
13	described in section 18-18-406 (1) SECTION 18-18-406 (5) (a) (I); or more
14	than two ounces of marijuana but no more than six ounces of marijuana,
15	as described in section 18-18-406 (4) (a) SECTION 18-18-406 (4) (c); or
16	more than six ounces of marijuana but no more than twelve ounces of
17	marijuana or three ounces or less of marijuana concentrate as described
18	in section 18-18-406 (4) (b);
19	(d) Open and public display, consumption, or use of less than two
20	ounces of marijuana as described in section 18-18-406 (3) (a) (I) SECTION
21	18-18-406 (5) (b) (I);
22	(e) Transferring or dispensing two ounces or less of marijuana
23	from one person to another for no consideration, as described in section
24	18-18-406 (5) SECTION 18-18-406 (5) (c);
25	SECTION 51. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-104, amend
26	(1) (b); and repeal (2) (b) as follows:
27	18-1.3-104. Alternatives in imposition of sentence. (1) Within

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1	the limitations of the applicable statute pertaining to sentencing and
2	subject to the provisions of this title, the trial court has the following
3	alternatives in entering judgment imposing a sentence:
4	(b) Subject to the provisions of section 18-1.3-401, in class 2,
5	class 3, class 4, class 5, and class 6 felonies AND SECTION 18-1.3-401.5
6	FOR LEVEL 1, LEVEL 2, LEVEL 3, AND LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONIES, the
7	defendant may be sentenced to imprisonment for a definite period of
8	time.
9	(2) (b) A nonviolent offender may be granted probation pursuant
10	to paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section and, as a condition of
11	probation, be required to participate in an intensive supervision program
12	pursuant to section 18-1.3-208.
13	SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-201, amend
14	(3) as follows:
15	18-1.3-201. Application for probation. (3) An application for
16	probation shall be in writing upon forms furnished by the court, but,
17	when the defendant has been convicted of a misdemeanor or a class 1
18	ANY petty offense, the court, in its discretion, may waive the written
19	application for probation.
20	SECTION 53. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
21	(1) and (2) as follows:
22	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of moneys. (1) For
23	offenses committed on and after July 1, 1996, each drug offender who is
24	convicted, or receives a deferred sentence pursuant to section 18-1.3-102,
25	shall be required to pay a surcharge to the clerk of the court in the county
26	in which the conviction occurs or in which the deferred sentence is
27	entered. Such surcharge shall be in the following amounts:

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1	(a) For each class 2 felony OR LEVEL 1 DRUG FELONY of which a
2	person is convicted, four thousand five hundred dollars;
3	(b) For each class 3 felony OR LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY of which a
4	person is convicted, three thousand dollars;
5	(c) For each class 4 felony OR LEVEL 3 DRUG FELONY of which a
6	person is convicted, two thousand dollars;
7	(d) For each class 5 felony OR LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY of which a
8	person is convicted, one thousand five hundred dollars;
9	(e) For each class 6 felony of which a person is convicted, one
10	thousand two hundred fifty dollars;
11	(f) For each class 1 misdemeanor or LEVEL 1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR
12	of which a person is convicted, one thousand dollars;
13	(g) For each class 2 misdemeanor of which a person is convicted,
14	six hundred dollars;
15	(h) For each class 3 misdemeanor OR LEVEL 2 DRUG
16	MISDEMEANOR of which a person is convicted, three hundred dollars.
17	(2) Each drug offender convicted of a violation of section
18	18-18-406 (1) SECTION 18-18-406 (5) (a) (I), or who receives a deferred
19	sentence pursuant to section 18-1.3-102 for a violation of section
20	18-18-406 (1) SECTION 18-18-406 (5) (a) (I), shall be assessed a
21	surcharge of two hundred dollars.
22	SECTION 54. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-104, amend
23	(1) (a) (I) and (5) as follows:
24	19-2-104. Jurisdiction. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law,
25	the juvenile court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in
26	proceedings:
27	(a) Concerning any juvenile ten years of age or older who has

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1	violated:
2	(I) Any federal or state law, except nonfelony state traffic, game
3	and fish, and parks and recreation laws or rules, the offenses specified in
4	section 18-13-121, C.R.S., concerning tobacco products, the offense
5	specified in section 18-13-122, C.R.S., concerning the illegal possession
6	or consumption of ethyl alcohol by an underage person, and the offenses
7	specified in section 18-18-406 (1) (5) (a) (I), (5) (b) (I), and (5) (b) (II)
8	and (3), C.R.S., concerning marijuana and marijuana concentrate;
9	(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the
10	contrary, the juvenile court and the county court shall have concurrent
11	jurisdiction over a juvenile who is under eighteen years of age and who
12	is charged with a violation of section 18-13-122, 18-18-406 (1) (5) (a) (I),
13	(5) (b) (I), and (5) (b) (II) and (3), 18-18-428, 18-18-429, 18-18-430, or
14	42-4-1301, C.R.S.; except that, if the juvenile court accepts jurisdiction
15	over such a juvenile, the county court jurisdiction shall terminate.
16	SECTION 55. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 20-1-111, add (4)
17	as follows:
18	20-1-111. District attorneys may cooperate or contract -
19	contents. (4) The statewide organization representing district
20	ATTORNEYS OR ANY OTHER ORGANIZATION ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
21	THIS ARTICLE, MAY RECEIVE, MANAGE, AND EXPEND STATE FUNDS IN THE
22	MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON BEHALF OF THE
23	DISTRICT ATTORNEYS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE ORGANIZATION.
24	SECTION 56. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-308.6, add
25	(2) (a) (II.5) and (2) (a) (III.5) as follows:
26	24-72-308.6. Sealing of criminal conviction records
27	information for offenses involving controlled substances for

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1	convictions entered on or after July 1, 2011. (2) Sealing of conviction
2	records. (a) (II.5) (A) If the offense is a petty drug offense in
3	ARTICLE 18 OF TITLE 18, C.R.S., THE PETITION MAY BE FILED ONE YEAR
4	AFTER THE LATER OF THE DATE OF THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL
5	CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE DEFENDANT OR THE RELEASE OF
6	THE DEFENDANT FROM SUPERVISION CONCERNING A CRIMINAL
7	CONVICTION.
8	(B) If the offense is a level 2 or level 3 drug misdemeanor
9	IN ARTICLE 18 OF TITLE 18, C.R.S., THE PETITION MAY BE FILED THREE
10	YEARS AFTER THE LATER OF THE DATE OF THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL
11	CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE DEFENDANT OR THE RELEASE OF
12	THE DEFENDANT FROM SUPERVISION CONCERNING A CRIMINAL
13	CONVICTION.
14	(C) If the offense is a level 1 drug misdemeanor in article
15	18 of title 18, C.R.S., the petition may be filed five years after
16	THE LATER OF THE DATE OF THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL
17	PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE DEFENDANT OR THE RELEASE OF THE
18	DEFENDANT FROM SUPERVISION CONCERNING A CRIMINAL CONVICTION.
19	(D) If the offense is a level 4 drug felony, the petition may
20	BE FILED SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE LATER OF THE DATE OF THE FINAL
21	DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE DEFENDANT OR
22	THE RELEASE OF THE DEFENDANT FROM SUPERVISION CONCERNING A
23	CRIMINAL CONVICTION.
24	(E) FOR ALL OTHER FELONY DRUG OFFENSES IN ARTICLE 18 OF
25	TITLE 18, C.R.S., THE PETITION MAY BE FILED TEN YEARS AFTER THE
26	LATER OF THE DATE OF THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL
27	PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE DEFENDANT OR THE RELEASE OF THE

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1	DEFENDANT FROM SUPERVISION CONCERNING A CRIMINAL CONVICTION.
2	(III.5) (A) If a petition is filed for the sealing of a petty
3	DRUG OFFENSE IN ARTICLE 18 OF TITLE 18, C.R.S., THE COURT SHALL
4	ORDER THE RECORD SEALED AFTER THE PETITION IS FILED, THE FILING FEE
5	IS PAID, AND THE CRIMINAL HISTORY FILED WITH THE PETITION AS
6	REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) DOCUMENTS TO
7	THE COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT BEEN CHARGED OF
8	CONVICTED FOR A CRIMINAL OFFENSE SINCE THE DATE OF THE FINAL
9	DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HIM OR HER OF
10	SINCE THE DATE OF THE DEFENDANT'S RELEASE FROM SUPERVISION
11	WHICHEVER IS LATER.
12	(B) If a petition is filed for the sealing of a level 1, level
13	2, OR LEVEL 3 DRUG MISDEMEANOR IN ARTICLE 18 OF TITLE 18, C.R.S.
14	THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE FILING FEE AND PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE
15	PETITION TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY MAY
16	OBJECT TO THE PETITION AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION
17	24-72-308.5 (2) (c). If the district attorney does not object, the
18	COURT SHALL ORDER THAT THE RECORD BE SEALED AFTER THE
19	DEFENDANT DOCUMENTS TO THE COURT THAT HE OR SHE HAS NOT BEEN
20	CHARGED OR CONVICTED FOR A CRIMINAL OFFENSE SINCE THE DATE OF
21	THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HIM OF
22	HER OR THE DATE OF THE DEFENDANT'S RELEASE FROM SUPERVISION
23	WHICHEVER IS LATER. IF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OBJECTS TO THE
24	PETITION, THE COURT SHALL SET THE MATTER FOR HEARING. TO ORDER
25	THE RECORD SEALED, THE CRIMINAL HISTORY FILED WITH THE PETITION AS
26	REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) MUST DOCUMENT
27	TO THE COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT BEEN CHARGED WITH OF

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2 DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HIM OR HER OR 3 SINCE THE DATE OF THE DEFENDANT'S RELEASE FROM SUPERVISION, 4 WHICHEVER IS LATER. THE COURT SHALL DECIDE THE PETITION AFTER 5 CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-72-308.5 (2) (c). 6 (C) If a petition is filed for the sealing of a level 4 drug 7 FELONY POSSESSION OFFENSE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-403.5, C.R.S., 8 THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE FILING FEE AND PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE 9 PETITION TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY MAY 10 OBJECT TO THE PETITION AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 11 24-72-308.5 (2) (c). If the district attorney does not object, the 12 COURT MAY DECIDE THE PETITION WITH OR WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A 13 HEARING. IF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OBJECTS TO THE PETITION, THE 14 COURT SHALL SET THE MATTER FOR HEARING. TO ORDER THE RECORD 15 SEALED, THE CRIMINAL HISTORY FILED WITH THE PETITION AS REQUIRED 16 BY PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) MUST DOCUMENT TO THE 17 COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT BEEN CHARGED OR CONVICTED FOR 18 A CRIMINAL OFFENSE SINCE THE DATE OF THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL 19 CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HIM OR HER OR SINCE THE DATE OF THE 20 DEFENDANT'S RELEASE FROM SUPERVISION, WHICHEVER IS LATER. THE 21 COURT SHALL DECIDE THE PETITION AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN 22 SECTION 24-72-308.5 (2) (c). 23 (D) IF A PETITION IS FILED FOR ANY OTHER FELONY DRUG OFFENSE 24 IN ARTICLE 18 OF TITLE 18, C.R.S., THAT IS NOT COVERED BY 25 SUB-SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) TO (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (III.5), THE 26 DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE FILING FEE AND PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE 27 PETITION TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY MAY

CONVICTED OF A CRIMINAL OFFENSE SINCE THE DATE OF THE FINAL

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1	OBJECT TO THE PETITION AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION
2	24-72-308.5 (2) (c). If the district attorney objects to the
3	PETITION, THE COURT SHALL DISMISS THE PETITION. IF THE DISTRICT
4	ATTORNEY DOES NOT OBJECT, THE COURT SHALL SET THE PETITION FOR A
5	HEARING. TO ORDER THE RECORD SEALED, THE CRIMINAL HISTORY FILED
6	WITH THE PETITION AS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION
7	(2) MUST DOCUMENT TO THE COURT THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT BEEN
8	CHARGED OR CONVICTED FOR A CRIMINAL OFFENSE SINCE THE DATE OF
9	THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HIM OR
10	HER OR THE DATE OF THE DEFENDANT'S RELEASE FROM SUPERVISION,
11	WHICHEVER IS LATER. THE COURT SHALL DECIDE THE PETITION AFTER
12	Considering the factors in Section 24-72-308.5 (2) (c).
13	SECTION 57. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-18-606 as
	C-11
14	follows:
1415	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) THE DIVISION OF
15	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) THE DIVISION OF
15 16	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal justice in the department of public safety shall collect
15 16 17	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the Department of Public Safety shall collect the Data specified in Subsection (2) of this section for the Period
15 16 17 18	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the Department of Public Safety Shall collect the Data Specified in Subsection (2) of this Section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a
15 16 17 18 19	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the Department of Public Safety Shall collect the Data Specified in Subsection (2) of this Section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a Report by December 31, 2016, on the impact of Senate Bill
15 16 17 18 19 20	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the Department of Public Safety Shall collect the Data Specified in Subsection (2) of this Section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a report by December 31, 2016, on the impact of Senate Bill 13, enacted in 2013.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the department of Public Safety Shall collect the data specified in Subsection (2) of this section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a report by December 31, 2016, on the impact of Senate Bill 13, enacted in 2013. (2) The data must include, but is not limited to:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the department of Public Safety Shall collect the data specified in Subsection (2) of this section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a report by December 31, 2016, on the impact of Senate Bill 13, enacted in 2013. (2) The data must include, but is not limited to: (a) The nature of the charges filed by Jurisdiction;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the department of Public Safety Shall collect the data specified in Subsection (2) of this section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a report by December 31, 2016, on the impact of Senate Bill 13, enacted in 2013. (2) The data must include, but is not limited to: (a) The nature of the charges filed by Jurisdiction; (b) All demographic information on the defendants; and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	18-18-606. Drug case data collection. (1) The division of Criminal Justice in the department of Public Safety Shall collect the data specified in Subsection (2) of this section for the Period Between October 1, 2013, and September 30, 2016, and issue a report by December 31, 2016, on the impact of Senate Bill 13, enacted in 2013. (2) The data must include, but is not limited to: (a) The nature of the charges filed by Jurisdiction; (b) All demographic information on the defendants; and (c) Outcome data on the charges, including:

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1	(IV) MISDEMEANOR PLEA;
2	(V) FELONY PLEA;
3	(VI) TOTAL PLEA AGREEMENT;
4	(VII) COURT SENTENCE;
5	(VIII) SENTENCE AGREEMENT BY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, IF ANY;
6	(IX) OTHER CASES DISMISSED OR PLED TO IN A PLEA AGREEMENT;
7	(X) PRIOR CRIMINAL HISTORY FOR FELONIES;
8	(XI) REVOCATION OF PROBATION OR COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS;
9	(XII) COURT RESENTENCE; AND
10	(XIII) WHETHER THE CASE WAS CONVERTED TO A MISDEMEANOR
11	UPON SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-103.5 (2).
12	SECTION 58. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-64-111, amend
13	(1) (p) as follows:
14	12-64-111. Discipline of licensees. (1) Upon receipt of a signed
15	complaint by a complainant or upon its own motion, the board may
16	proceed to a hearing in conformity with section 12-64-112. After a
17	hearing, and by a concurrence of a majority of members, the board may
18	deny a license to an applicant or revoke or suspend the license of, place
19	on probation, or otherwise discipline or fine, a licensed veterinarian for
20	any of the following reasons:
21	(p) Conviction of a violation of the "Uniform Controlled
22	Substances Act of 1992 2013", article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., the federal
23	"Controlled Substances Act", or the federal "Controlled Substances
24	Import and Export Act", or any of them;
25	SECTION 59. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-18-602
26	as follows:
27	18-18-602. Continuation of rules - application to existing

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1	relationships. Any orders and rules adopted under any law affected by
2	this article and in effect on July 1, 1992, and not in conflict with this
3	article continue in effect until modified, superseded, or repealed. Rights
4	and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings
5	that were begun prior to July 1, 1992, are not affected by the enactment
6	of the "Uniform Controlled Substances Act of 1992 2013" or the
7	corresponding repeal of provisions in article 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., and
8	part 6 of article 5 of this title.
9	SECTION 60. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-18-604
10	as follows:
11	18-18-604. Uniformity of interpretation. To the extent that this
12	article is uniform, the judiciary may look to decisions regarding the
13	"Uniform Controlled Substances Act of 1990 2013" among states
14	enacting it, subject to rights and obligations provided under other
15	Colorado statutes and the state constitution.
16	SECTION 61. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-302, amend
17	(1) (b) as follows:
18	25-1.5-302. Administration of medications - powers and duties
19	of department - criminal history record checks. (1) The department
20	has, in addition to all other powers and duties imposed upon it by law, the
21	power and duty to establish and maintain by rule and regulation a
22	program for the administration of medications in facilities, which
23	program shall be developed and conducted by the department of human
24	services and the department of corrections, as provided in this part 3,
25	within the following guidelines:
26	(b) Any individual who is not otherwise authorized by law to
27	administer medication in a facility shall be allowed to perform such

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1 duties only after passing a competency evaluation. An individual who 2 administers medications in facilities in compliance with the provisions of 3 this part 3 shall be exempt from the licensing requirements of the 4 "Colorado Medical Practice Act", the "Nurse Practice Act", and the laws 5 of this state pertaining to possession of controlled substances as 6 contained in article 42.5 of title 12, C.R.S., part 2 of article 80 of title 27, 7 C.R.S., or the "Uniform Controlled Substances Act of 1992 2013", article 8 18 of title 18, C.R.S. 9 **SECTION 62.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-308.6, amend 10 (2) (a) (II) (C) and (2) (a) (III) (C) as follows: 11 24-72-308.6. Sealing of criminal conviction records 12 information for offenses involving controlled substances for 13 convictions entered on or after July 1, 2011. (2) Sealing of conviction 14 **records.** (a) (II) (C) If the offense is a class 5 felony or class 6 felony 15 drug possession offense described in section 18-18-403.5, C.R.S., AS IT 16 EXISTED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF SENATE BILL 13-, ENACTED 17 IN 2013, or 18-18-404, C.R.S., or section 18-18-405, C.R.S., as it existed 18 prior to August 11, 2010, the petition may be filed seven years after the 19 later of the date of the final disposition of all criminal proceedings 20 against the defendant or the release of the defendant from supervision 21 concerning a criminal conviction. 22 (III) (C) If a petition is filed for the sealing of a class 5 or class 6 23 felony possession offense described in section 18-18-403.5, C.R.S., AS IT 24 EXISTED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF SENATE BILL 13-____, ENACTED 25 IN 2013, or 18-18-404, C.R.S., or section 18-18-405, C.R.S., as it existed 26 prior to August 11, 2010, the defendant shall pay the filing fee and 27 provide notice of the petition to the district attorney. The district attorney

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shall determine whether to object to the petition after considering the factors in section 24-72-308.5 (2) (c). If the district attorney does not object, the court may decide the petition with or without the benefit of a hearing. If the district attorney objects to the petition, the court shall set the matter for hearing. To order the record sealed, the criminal history filed with the petition as required by paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) shall document to the court that the defendant has not been charged or convicted for a criminal offense since the date of the final disposition of all criminal proceedings against him or her or since the date of the defendant's release from supervision, whichever is later. The court shall decide the petition after considering the factors in section 24-72-308.5 (2) (c). **SECTION 63. Potential appropriation.** Pursuant to section 2-2-703, Colorado Revised Statutes, any bill that results in a net increase in periods of imprisonment in the state correctional facilities must include an appropriation of moneys that is sufficient to cover any increased capital construction and operational costs for the first five fiscal years in which there is a fiscal impact. Because this act may increase periods of imprisonment, this act may require a five-year appropriation. **SECTION 64.** Effective date - applicability. This act takes effect October 1, 2013, and applies to offenses committed on or after said date. **SECTION 65. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,

determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate

preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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