## First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## REENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the House of Introduction SENATE BILL 19-227

LLS NO. 19-0438.02 Yelana Love x2295

# SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Pettersen and Gonzales, Bridges, Fenberg, Garcia, Ginal, Lee, Moreno, Priola, Rodriguez, Story, Todd

### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Kennedy and Herod,

Senate Committees Health & Human Services Finance Appropriations **House Committees** 

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE REDUCTION OF HARM CAUSED BY SUBSTANCE USE
102	DISORDERS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, AUTHORIZING
103	SCHOOLS TO OBTAIN A SUPPLY OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS;
104	SPECIFYING THAT A LICENSED OR CERTIFIED HOSPITAL MAY BE
105	USED AS A CLEAN SYRINGE EXCHANGE SITE; CREATING THE
106	OPIATE ANTAGONIST PURCHASE FUND; EXPANDING THE
107	HOUSEHOLD MEDICATION TAKE-BACK PROGRAM IN THE
108	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT;
109	<u>AUTHORIZING</u> A PERSON THAT MAKES AN AUTOMATED
110	EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC TO ALSO
111	MAKE AN <u>OPIATE ANTAGONIST AVAILABLE;</u> <u>REQUIRING THE</u>
112	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO CREATE A POLICY
113	CONCERNING THE IDENTIFICATION OF CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS



SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 23, 2019

### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

The bill:

- ! Allows school districts and nonpublic schools to develop policies by which schools are authorized to obtain a supply of opiate antagonists and school employees are trained to administer opiate antagonists to individuals at risk of experiencing a drug overdose (sections 1 through 7 of the bill);
- ! Specifies that a licensed or certified hospital may be used as a clean syringe exchange site (section 8);
- ! Creates the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund to facilitate bulk purchasing of opiate antagonists at a discounted price (section 9);
- Expands the household medication take-back program in the department of public health and environment for the purpose of allowing the safe collection and disposal of needles, syringes, and other devices used to inject medication (section 10);
- ! Requires a person or entity that makes an automated external defibrilator available to the public to also make an opiate antagonist available to the public (sections 2 through 7 and 11);
- ! Requires the department of human services to make mobile response units available for the purpose of providing medication-assisted treatment in jails and department of corrections facilities and community-based opiate antagonist training (section 12);
- Prohibits the office of behavior health in the department of human services from penalizing a facility that initiates an individual into medication-assisted treatment who does not have documentation verifying identification. To continue treatment, the individual has 6 weeks to provide the required documentation (section 13); and
- ! Makes conforming amendments necessary to harmonize the

bill with the title 12 recodification bill, House Bill 19-1172 (sections 14 and 15).

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-119.1 as 3 follows: 4 22-1-119.1. Policy for employee and agent possession and 5 administration of opiate antagonists - definitions. (1) A SCHOOL 6 DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE CHARTER 7 SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE 8 GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL MAY ADOPT AND IMPLEMENT 9 A POLICY WHEREBY: 10 (a) A SCHOOL UNDER ITS JURISDICTION MAY ACQUIRE AND 11 MAINTAIN A STOCK SUPPLY OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS; AND 12 AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE SCHOOL MAY, AFTER (b) 13 RECEIVING APPROPRIATE TRAINING, ADMINISTER AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST 14 ON SCHOOL GROUNDS TO ASSIST AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS AT RISK OF 15 EXPERIENCING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT. THE 16 TRAINING PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(b) MUST INCLUDE 17 RISK FACTORS FOR OVERDOSE, RECOGNIZING AN OVERDOSE, CALLING 18 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES, RESCUE BREATHING, AND ADMINISTERING 19 AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST. 20 (2) AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL ACTING IN ACCORDANCE 21 WITH A POLICY ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS NOT SUBJECT TO 22 CIVIL LIABILITY OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTIONS 23 13-21-108.7 (3) AND 18-1-712 (2), RESPECTIVELY. 24 (3) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

25 (a) "OPIATE ANTAGONIST" MEANS NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR

ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
 AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG
 ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG OVERDOSE.

4 (b) "OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT" MEANS AN ACUTE
5 CONDITION, INCLUDING A DECREASED LEVEL OF CONSCIOUSNESS OR
6 RESPIRATORY DEPRESSION, THAT:

7 (I) RESULTS FROM THE CONSUMPTION OR USE OF A CONTROLLED
8 SUBSTANCE OR ANOTHER SUBSTANCE WITH WHICH A CONTROLLED
9 SUBSTANCE WAS COMBINED;

(II) A LAYPERSON WOULD REASONABLY BELIEVE TO BE CAUSED BY
 AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT; AND

12 (III) REQUIRES MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-36-117.7, amend
(1) introductory portion, (1)(c), (1)(d), and (3)(c); and add (1)(e), (1)(f),
and (6)(f.5) as follows:

16 12-36-117.7. Prescribing opiate antagonists - definitions. (1) A
17 physician or physician assistant licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE
18 36 may prescribe or dispense, directly or in accordance with standing
19 orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist to:

- 20 (c) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
  21 or
- 22 (d) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder;
- 23 (e) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
  24 SCHOOL; OR
- 25 (f) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.

26 (3) A licensed physician or physician assistant does not engage in
 27 unprofessional conduct pursuant to section 12-36-117 if the physician or

physician assistant issues standing orders and protocols regarding opiate
 antagonists or prescribes or dispenses an opiate antagonist in a good-faith
 effort to assist:

4 (c) A first responder or an employee or volunteer of a harm
5 reduction organization THE FOLLOWING PERSONS in responding to,
6 treating, or otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at
7 risk of experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend,
8 family member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk
9 individual:

10 (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR FIRST RESPONDER;

11 (II) AN EMPLOYEE OR VOLUNTEER OF A HARM REDUCTION12 ORGANIZATION;

13 (III) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
14 SCHOOL; OR

15 (IV) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.

16 (6) As used in this section:

17 (f.5) "SCHOOL" MEANS AN ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY PUBLIC
18 OR NONPUBLIC SCHOOL WHOSE GOVERNING AUTHORITY HAS ADOPTED AND
19 IMPLEMENTED A POLICY PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-1-119.1.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-38-125.5, amend
(1)(c), (1)(d), and (3)(c); and add (1)(e), (1)(f), and (6)(f.5) as follows:
12-38-125.5. Prescribing opiate antagonists - definitions.

(1) An advanced practice nurse with prescriptive authority pursuant to
section 12-38-111.6 may prescribe or dispense, directly or in accordance
with standing orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist to:

26 (c) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
27 or

- (d) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder;
- 2 (e) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
  3 SCHOOL; OR
- 4

- (f) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.
- 5 (3) An advanced practice nurse with prescriptive authority does 6 not engage in conduct that is grounds for discipline pursuant to section 7 12-38-117 if the advanced practice nurse issues standing orders and 8 protocols regarding opiate antagonists or prescribes or dispenses an opiate 9 antagonist in a good-faith effort to assist:
- 10 (c) A first responder or an employee or volunteer of a harm 11 reduction organization THE FOLLOWING PERSONS in responding to, 12 treating, or otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at 13 risk of experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend, 14 family member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk 15 individual:
- 16
- (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR FIRST RESPONDER;
- 17 (II) AN EMPLOYEE OR VOLUNTEER OF A HARM REDUCTION18 ORGANIZATION;
- 19 (III) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A20 SCHOOL; OR
- 21 (IV) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.
- 22 (6) As used in this section:
- (f.5) "SCHOOL" MEANS AN ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY PUBLIC
  OR NONPUBLIC SCHOOL WHOSE GOVERNING AUTHORITY HAS ADOPTED AND
  IMPLEMENTED A POLICY PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-1-119.1.
- 26 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-42.5-105, amend
  27 (2) as follows:

1	<b>12-42.5-105. Rules.</b> (2) On or before January 1, <del>2016</del> 2020, the
2	board shall adopt or amend rules as necessary to permit the dispensing of
3	an opiate antagonist in accordance with section 12-42.5-120 (3).
4	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-42.5-120, amend
5	(3)(a)(III), (3)(a)(IV), (3)(c)(I)(C), (3)(d)(I) introductory portion, and
6	(3)(d)(III); and <b>add</b> (3)(a)(V), (3)(a)(VI), and (3)(e)(VI.5) as follows:
7	12-42.5-120. Prescription required - exception - dispensing
8	opiate antagonists - definitions. (3) (a) A pharmacist may dispense,
9	pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist
10	to:
11	(III) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
12	or
13	(IV) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder;
14	(V) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
15	SCHOOL; OR
16	(VI) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.
17	(c) (I) A pharmacist does not engage in unprofessional conduct
18	pursuant to section 12-42.5-123 if the pharmacist dispenses, pursuant to
19	an order or standing orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist in a
20	good-faith effort to assist:
21	(C) A first responder or an employee or volunteer of a harm
22	reduction organization THE FOLLOWING PERSONS in responding to,
23	treating, or otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at
24	risk of experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend,
25	family member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk
26	individual: A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR FIRST RESPONDER; AN
27	EMPLOYEE OR VOLUNTEER OF A HARM REDUCTION ORGANIZATION; A

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SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL; OR A
 PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.

3 (d) (I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder; or an
4 employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; A SCHOOL
5 DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL; OR A PERSON
6 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901 may, pursuant to an order or standing
7 orders and protocols:

8 (III) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder; or an 9 employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; A SCHOOL 10 DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL; OR A PERSON 11 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901 acting in accordance with this 12 paragraph (d) SUBSECTION (3)(d) is not subject to civil liability or 13 criminal prosecution, as specified in sections 13-21-108.7 (3) and 14 18-1-712 (2), C.R.S., respectively.

15 (e) As used in this section:

(VI.5) "SCHOOL" MEANS AN ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY PUBLIC
 OR NONPUBLIC SCHOOL WHOSE GOVERNING AUTHORITY HAS ADOPTED AND

18 IMPLEMENTED A POLICY PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-1-119.1.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-108.7, amend
(3) as follows:

13-21-108.7. Persons rendering emergency assistance through
the administration of an opiate antagonist - limited immunity legislative declaration - definitions. (3) General immunity. (a) A
person, other than a health care provider or a health care facility, who acts
in good faith to furnish or administer an opiate antagonist to an individual
the person believes to be suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event
or to an individual who is in a position to assist the individual at risk of

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experiencing an opiate-related overdose event is not liable for any civil
 damages for acts or omissions made as a result of the act OR FOR ANY ACT
 OR OMISSION MADE IF THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST IS STOLEN.

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(b) This subsection (3) also applies to:

(I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder; or an
employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; OR A SCHOOL
DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL acting in
accordance with section 12-42.5-120 (3)(d) C.R.S. AND, AS APPLICABLE,
SECTION 22-1-119.1; AND

(II) A PERSON WHO ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH OR
ADMINISTER AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
25-20.5-901.

13 SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-712, amend (2)
14 as follows:

15 18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate 16 antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. 17 (2) General immunity. (a) A person, other than a health care provider 18 or a health care facility, who acts in good faith to furnish or administer an 19 opiate antagonist to an individual the person believes to be suffering an 20 opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who is in a position 21 to assist the individual at risk of experiencing an opiate-related overdose 22 event is immune from criminal prosecution for the act OR FOR ANY ACT OR 23 OMISSION MADE IF THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST IS STOLEN.

(b) This subsection (2) also applies to:

(I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder; or an
employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; OR A SCHOOL
DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL acting in

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1	accordance with section 12-42.5-120 (3)(d) C.R.S. AND, AS APPLICABLE,
2	SECTION 22-1-119.1; AND
3	(II) A PERSON WHO ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH OR
4	ADMINISTER AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
5	25-20.5-901.
6	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-426, amend
7	(1) introductory portion and (2); and repeal (1)(a) as follows:
8	18-18-426. Drug paraphernalia - definitions. As used in
9	sections 18-18-425 to 18-18-430, unless the context otherwise requires:
10	(1) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and
11	materials of any kind which THAT are used, intended for use, or designed
12	for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting,
13	manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing,
14	preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing,
15	concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into
16	the human body a controlled substance in violation of the laws of this
17	state. "Drug paraphernalia" includes, but is not limited to:
18	(a) Testing equipment used, intended for use, or designed for use
19	in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of
20	controlled substances under circumstances in violation of the laws of this
21	<u>state;</u>
22	(2) "Drug paraphernalia" does not include:
23	(a) Any marijuana accessories as defined in section 16 (2)(g) of
24	article XVIII of the state constitution; OR
25	(b) TESTING EQUIPMENT USED, INTENDED FOR USE, OR DESIGNED
26	FOR USE IN IDENTIFYING OR IN ANALYZING THE STRENGTH,
27	EFFECTIVENESS, OR PURITY OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

SECTION <u>9.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1-520, add (2.5)
 as follows:

25-1-520. Clean syringe exchange programs - approval reporting requirements. (2.5) A PROGRAM DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO
THIS SECTION MAY BE OPERATED IN A HOSPITAL LICENSED OR CERTIFIED
BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-103 (1)(a).

7 SECTION <u>10.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-114 as
8 follows:

9 **25-1.5-114.** Opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund - creation 10 - definition - rules - report. (1) (a) THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK 11 PURCHASE FUND, REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS THE "FUND", IS HEREBY 12 CREATED IN THE STATE TREASURY. THE FUND CONSISTS OF PAYMENTS 13 MADE TO THE DEPARTMENT BY PARTICIPATING ELIGIBLE ENTITIES FOR THE 14 PURCHASE OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS; GIFTS, GRANTS, AND DONATIONS 15 CREDITED TO THE FUND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS 16 SECTION; AND ANY MONEY THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MAY 17 APPROPRIATE OR TRANSFER TO THE FUND.

(b) THE DEPARTMENT MAY SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS,
GRANTS, OR DONATIONS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES FOR THE
PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL TRANSMIT ALL
MONEY RECEIVED THROUGH GIFTS, GRANTS, OR DONATIONS TO THE STATE
TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT THE MONEY TO THE FUND.

(c) THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT ALL INTEREST AND
INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF MONEY IN THE
FUND TO THE FUND.

26 (2) MONEY IN THE FUND IS CONTINUOUSLY APPROPRIATED TO THE
 27 DEPARTMENT FOR BULK PURCHASING OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS. ELIGIBLE

ENTITIES MAY PURCHASE OPIATE ANTAGONISTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT.
 THE DEPARTMENT MAY CONTRACT WITH A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET,
 AS DEFINED IN SECTION 12-42.5-102 (35), FOR THE BULK PURCHASING AND
 DISTRIBUTION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE
 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO PARTICIPATING ELIGIBLE ENTITIES TO ENSURE
 THAT ELIGIBLE ENTITIES COMPLETE ALL TRAINING AND REGISTRATION
 REQUIREMENTS.

8 (3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE RULES SPECIFYING THE
9 AMOUNT AN ELIGIBLE ENTITY MUST PAY TO PURCHASE OPIATE
10 ANTAGONISTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT.

(4) (a) NO LATER THAN OCTOBER 1, 2020, AND EVERY OCTOBER
1 THEREAFTER, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OR THE
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE SHALL REPORT TO THE HOUSE AND
SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEES, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR
COMMITTEES, ON THE FUND'S ACTIVITY. THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE:

16

(I) REVENUE RECEIVED BY THE FUND;

17 (II) REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE PROJECTIONS FOR THE
18 FORTHCOMING FISCAL YEAR AND DETAILS OF ALL EXPENDITURES FROM
19 THE FUND;

20 (III) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT PURCHASED OPIATE 21 ANTAGONISTS;

(IV) THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS PURCHASED BY EACH
 ELIGIBLE ENTITY; AND

24 (V) THE DISCOUNT PROCURED THROUGH BULK PURCHASING.

(b) NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 24-1-136 (11)(a)(I), THE REPORT
REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4) CONTINUES INDEFINITELY.

27 (5) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "ELIGIBLE ENTITY" MEANS:

(a) A UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
 29-3.5-101 (4);

3 (b) A PERSON <u>MAKING</u> AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST AVAILABLE
4 PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-20.5-901; OR

5 (c) THE FOLLOWING ENTITIES, IF THE ENTITY HAS ADOPTED A 6 POLICY ALLOWING THE ACQUISITION, MAINTENANCE, AND 7 ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 8 22-1-119.1:

9 (I) A SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC 10 SCHOOL;

11 (II) THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE12 CHARTER SCHOOL; OR

13 (III) A GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL.

SECTION <u>11.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-15-328, amend
(3) and (5) as follows:

16 25-15-328. Household medication take-back program -17 collection and disposal of medication injection devices - creation -18 **liability** - definitions - cash fund - rules. (3) (a) Subject to available 19 funds, the executive director of the department shall establish a household 20 medication take-back program to collect and dispose of unused household 21 medications. The program must allow for individuals to dispose of 22 unused household medications at approved collection sites and for 23 carriers to transport unused household medications from approved 24 collection sites to disposal locations.

(b) STARTING IN THE 2020-21 FISCAL YEAR, THE EXECUTIVE
DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT SHALL USE THE MONEY APPROPRIATED TO
THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(b) OF THIS SECTION TO

IMPLEMENT A PROCESS FOR THE SAFE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF
 NEEDLES, SYRINGES, AND OTHER DEVICES USED TO INJECT MEDICATION.
 THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE THE
 PROCESSES AND LOCATIONS FOR THE SAFE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF
 MEDICATION INJECTION DEVICES.

6 (5) (a) The household medication take-back cash fund is created 7 in the state treasury for the direct and indirect costs associated with the 8 implementation of this section. The fund consists of moneys MONEY 9 appropriated or transferred to the fund by the general assembly and any 10 gifts, grants, and donations from any public or private entity. The 11 department shall transmit gifts, grants, and donations collected by the 12 department to the state treasurer, who shall credit the moneys MONEY to 13 the fund. The moneys MONEY in the fund are IS subject to annual 14 appropriation by the general assembly.

(b) FOR THE 2020-21 FISCAL YEAR AND EACH YEAR THEREAFTER,
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE MONEY FROM THE GENERAL
FUND TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF EXPANDING THE
HOUSEHOLD MEDICATION TAKE-BACK PROGRAM TO INCLUDE THE SAFE
COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF MEDICATION INJECTION DEVICES PURSUANT
TO SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION.

21 SECTION <u>12.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 9 to article
22 20.5 of title 25 as follows:

PART 9
REQUIREMENT TO MAKE OPIATE
ANTAGONISTS AVAILABLE
25 25-20.5-901. <u>Making</u> opiate antagonists available - bulk
purchasing - immunity. (1) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PRIVATE ENTITY

<u>AND</u> THAT MAKES A DEFIBRILATOR OR AED, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
 13-21-108.1, AVAILABLE TO AID THE GENERAL PUBLIC <u>MAY</u> ALSO MAKE
 AVAILABLE AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST TO AID AN INDIVIDUAL BELIEVED TO
 BE SUFFERING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT OR TO AN
 INDIVIDUAL WHO IS IN A POSITION TO ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL AT RISK OF
 EXPERIENCING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT.

7 (2) A PERSON <u>MAKING</u> AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST AVAILABLE IN
8 ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION IS ELIGIBLE TO
9 PURCHASE OPIATE ANTAGONISTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT IN ACCORDANCE
10 WITH SECTION 25-1.5-114.

(3) A PERSON WHO ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH OR
ADMINISTER AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST TO AN INDIVIDUAL THE PERSON
BELIEVES TO BE SUFFERING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT
OR TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS IN A POSITION TO ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL AT
RISK OF EXPERIENCING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT IS
NOT SUBJECT TO CIVIL LIABILITY OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION, AS SPECIFIED
IN SECTIONS 13-21-108.7 (3) AND 18-1-712 (2), RESPECTIVELY.

18 (4) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO AN ELEMENTARY OR19 SECONDARY PUBLIC OR NONPUBLIC SCHOOL.

20 <u>SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-215 as</u>
 21 <u>follows:</u>
 22 **27-80-215. Policy verifying identity.** THE DEPARTMENT SHALL

23 ESTABLISH A POLICY ON HOW A SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT

24 PROGRAM MUST VERIFY THE IDENTITY OF INDIVIDUALS INITIATING INTO

25 DETOXIFICATION, WITHDRAWAL, OR MAINTENANCE TREATMENT FOR A

25 <u>DETOXIFICATION, WITHDRAWAL, OR MAINTENANCE TREATMENT FOR A</u>

26 <u>SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER. THE DEPARTMENT POLICY MUST INCLUDE</u>

27 VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITHOUT IDENTIFICATION

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#### AND INDIVIDUALS EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS.

SECTION <u>14.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-30-110, amend
as relocated by House Bill 19-1172 (1)(a)(III), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(b)
introductory portion, (2)(b), (3) introductory portion, (3)(c), and (4)(b);
and add (1)(a)(V), (1)(a)(VI), and (7)(i.5) as follows:

6 12-30-110. Prescribing or dispensing opiate antagonists authorized recipients - definitions. (1) (a) A prescriber may prescribe
or dispense, directly or in accordance with standing orders and protocols,
and a pharmacist may dispense, pursuant to an order or standing orders
and protocols, an opiate antagonist to:

(III) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
or

13 (IV) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder;

14 (V) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
15 SCHOOL; OR

16 (VI) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.

(b) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder; or an
employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; A SCHOOL
DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL; OR A PERSON
DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901 may, pursuant to an order or standing
orders and protocols:

(2) (b) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, first responder, or harm
 reduction organization, OR PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901 is
 strongly encouraged to educate its employees and volunteers, as well as
 persons receiving an opiate antagonist from the LAW ENFORCEMENT
 AGENCY, first responder, or harm reduction organization, OR PERSON
 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901 on the use of an opiate antagonist for

overdose, including instruction concerning risk factors for overdose,
 recognizing an overdose, calling emergency medical services, rescue
 breathing, and administering an opiate antagonist.

4 (3) NEITHER a prescriber described in subsection (7)(h)(I) of this 5 section or NOR A pharmacist does not engage ENGAGES in unprofessional 6 conduct pursuant to section 12-240-121 or 12-280-126, respectively, and 7 a prescriber described in subsection (7)(h)(II) of this section does not 8 engage in conduct that is grounds for discipline pursuant to section 9 12-255-120, if the prescriber issues standing orders and protocols 10 regarding opiate antagonists or prescribes or dispenses, or the pharmacist 11 dispenses, pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols, an opiate 12 antagonist in a good-faith effort to assist:

(c) A first responder or an employee or volunteer of a harm
reduction organization THE FOLLOWING PERSONS in responding to,
treating, or otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at
risk of experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend,
family member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk
individual:

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(I) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR FIRST RESPONDER;

20 (II) AN EMPLOYEE OR VOLUNTEER OF A HARM REDUCTION
21 ORGANIZATION;

22 (III) A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A23 SCHOOL; OR

(IV) A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901.

(4) (b) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR first responder; or an
employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; A SCHOOL
DISTRICT, SCHOOL, OR EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL; OR A PERSON

1	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 25-20.5-901 acting in accordance with this section
2	is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution, as specified in
3	sections 13-21-108.7 (3) and 18-1-712 (2), respectively.
4	(7) As used in this section:
5	(i.5) "School" means an elementary or secondary public or
6	NONPUBLIC SCHOOL WHOSE GOVERNING AUTHORITY HAS ADOPTED AND
7	IMPLEMENTED A POLICY PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-1-119.1.
8	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-280-107, amend
9	as relocated by House Bill 19-1172 (2) as follows:
10	<b>12-280-107. Rules.</b> (2) On or before January 1, <del>2016</del> 2020, the
11	board shall adopt or amend rules as necessary to permit the dispensing of
12	an opiate antagonist in accordance with sections 12-30-110 and
13	12-280-123 (3).
14	SECTION 16. Appropriation. For the 2019-20 state fiscal year.
15	\$659,472 is appropriated to the department of public health and
16	environment. This appropriation consists of \$434,472 from the general
17	fund and \$225,000 from the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund created
18	in section 25-1.5-114(1)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department
19	may use this appropriation as follows:
20	(a) \$621,070 which consists of \$396,070 from general fund and
21	\$225,000 from the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund, for use by the
22	prevention services division for administration, which amount is based on
23	an assumption that the department will require an additional 1.8 FTE; and
24	(b) \$38,402 from general fund for the household take-back
25	medication program, which amount is based on an assumption that the
26	department will require an additional 0.4 FTE.
27	<b>SECTION <u>17.</u></b> Effective date - applicability. (1) This act takes

- effect upon passage; except that sections 14 and 15 of this act take effect
   only if House Bill 19-1172 becomes law, in which case sections 14 and
   15 take effect October 1, 2019.
- 4 (2) This act applies to conduct occurring on or after the effective5 date of this act.
- 6 SECTION <u>18.</u> Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
  7 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
  8 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.