# First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **ENGROSSED**

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 21-0924.01 Sarah Lozano x3858

**SENATE BILL 21-221** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hansen and Rankin, Moreno

# HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

McCluskie, Herod, Ransom

#### **Senate Committees**

**House Committees** 

Appropriations

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING PROJECTS UNDER THE FOREST RESTORATION AND WILDFIRE RISK MITIGATION GRANT PROGRAM.

### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov/">http://leg.colorado.gov/</a>.)

Joint Budget Committee. The bill removes the \$1 million limit for the grant share of individual projects under the forest restoration and wildfire risk mitigation grant program (program). The bill also adds a requirement that when the technical advisory panel (panel) considers hazardous fuel reduction projects for the program, the panel shows preference to applicants that are adopting local measures that reduce

wildfire risks to people, property, and infrastructure that complement funds provided through the program.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

**SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 23-31-310, **amend** (3) and (5) introductory portion as follows:

23-31-310. Forest restoration and wildfire risk mitigation grant program - technical advisory panel - legislative declaration definitions - repeal. (3) Grant projects. The forest service shall issue a statewide request for proposals for cost-share grants for projects that are designed through a collaborative community process. The projects may be entirely on, or on any combination of, private, state, county, or municipal forest lands. The grant share of an individual project cost must not exceed fifty percent of the total cost of the project. or exceed one million dollars per project. In the case of a project that is located in an area with fewer economic resources, the grant share of an individual project cost must not exceed seventy-five percent of the total cost of the project. or exceed one million dollars per project. The remaining portion of the project's funding may be in the form of cash, stumpage, or in-kind contribution. In meeting the match requirements under this subsection (3), a project may be funded, in whole or in part, from gifts, grants, or donations received from any organization, entity, or individual. In measuring an in-kind contribution for purposes of meeting the fifty percent and twenty-five percent matches required by this subsection (3), "in-kind contribution" may include volunteer hours provided by the staff of an entity or organization applying for grant funding and the time for which staff receives monetary compensation in the form of salary or other financial benefits. Such compensated time that counts toward the in-kind

-2-

221

contribution is limited to the estimated time of paid staff in planning and implementing the mitigation project. The forest service shall establish a policy that specifies the criteria by which a particular project will satisfy the requirement of this subsection (3) that it is located in an area with fewer economic resources, as applicable.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(5) **Technical advisory panel.** The director shall convene a technical advisory panel to evaluate the proposals for forest restoration and wildfire risk mitigation grants and provide recommendations regarding which proposals would best meet the objectives of this section. The panel shall consider eligibility criteria established in subsections (4) and (4.5) of this section, a project's effect on long-term forest management, and the number of acres treated for state dollars spent and seek to use a consensus-based decision-making process to develop such recommendations. FOR HAZARDOUS FUEL REDUCTION PROJECTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE PANEL SHALL SHOW PREFERENCE TO APPLICANTS THAT HAVE ADOPTED OR PLAN TO ADOPT LOCAL MEASURES THAT REDUCE WILDFIRE RISKS TO PEOPLE, PROPERTY, AND INFRASTRUCTURE THAT COMPLEMENT FUNDS PROVIDED THROUGH THE PROGRAM. STRONGER MEASURES SHALL RECEIVE GREATER PREFERENCE. A panel member shall recuse himself or herself if he or she has an actual or potential conflict of interest with respect to a grant applicant. The panel is composed of ten to eleven members, to be appointed by the director. The composition of the panel includes:

**SECTION 2. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-3-