Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 24-0219.01 Nicole Myers x4326

SENATE BILL 24-210

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO LAWS REGARDING <u>ELECTIONS</u>, AND, 102 IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill modifies the "Uniform Election Code of 1992", the law regarding initiatives and referendums, and the "Fair Campaign Practices Act".

Elections generally. The bill specifies that the county clerk and recorder, as the chief election official for the county, sets the operational hours of the clerk and recorder's office.

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended May 6, 2024

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading

SENATE 3rd Reading Unamended May 1, 2024

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 30, 2024

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing law.

Dashes through the words or numbers indicate deletions from existing law.

Qualification and registration of electors. The bill changes the age at which an individual may preregister to vote from 16 to 15 years old; repeals the authorization for a 17-year-old who is preregistered to vote as an 18-year-old in a general election from voting as a 17-year-old in a primary election or presidential primary election that precedes that general election.

Political party organization. The bill specifies that when a state senatorial district or state representative district is comprised of one or more whole counties or of a part of one county and all or a part of one or more other counties, a state senatorial central committee or a state representative central committee consists of the elected precinct committee persons, as well as the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary of the several party county central committees, who reside within the state senatorial district or the state representative district.

Access to ballot by candidates. The bill specifies that the law prohibiting a candidate who was defeated in a primary election from participating in a general election does not apply to a candidate for president of the United States; makes the deadlines for a candidate to file a petition in a congressional vacancy election consistent with other deadlines; makes the general timeline for circulating petitions to get on the ballot applicable to presidential electors for unaffiliated presidential candidates; aligns the minor political party candidate petition calendar with the major political party candidate petition calendar; clarifies that an unaffiliated candidate for president of the United States is exempt from the requirement that a candidate be registered as unaffiliated with a political party in the statewide voter registration system prior to the general election; repeals the ability of a preregistrant to sign a petition to nominate a candidate for a primary election; requires a candidate or candidate committee, recall committee, or representative of a minority party petition to submit a paid circulator report, if applicable, to the secretary of state (secretary); and modifies the timing for a candidate to cure a nominating petition signature deficiency.

Notice and preparation of elections. The bill requires the secretary to administer a pilot program that allows the county clerk and recorder or designated election official (clerk) of a county with at least 10,000 but fewer than 37,500 active electors and with at least 3 cities or towns where the second and third largest cities or towns that are located entirely within the county both have less than 3% of the active electors in the county, to request a waiver of the requirement to designate 3 voter service and polling centers (VSPC) on election day and instead designate at least 2 VSPCs on election day; repeals an obsolete provision specifying data to be used to determine the number of students enrolled at an institution of higher education during the COVID-19 pandemic; specifies that for a general election, a county shall establish a drop box on each campus of an institution of higher education located within the county

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that has 1,000, rather than 2,000, or more enrolled students; clarifies that each clerk is required to ensure that primary election ballots are printed in accordance with existing law; repeals obsolete language regarding voting equipment and makes a necessary conforming amendment; updates several provisions regarding the use of voting systems to align with current practice; requires the secretary to approve or deny an application from a political subdivision to purchase a new electromechanical voting system within 30 days of receiving the application; modifies the standards for accessible voting systems to align with federal standards; and repeals obsolete language regarding direct recording electronic voting systems.

Election judges. The bill changes the deadline by which the county chairperson of each major political party in a county is required to certify to the clerk the names and addresses of registered electors recommended to serve as election judges in the county.

Conduct of elections. The bill allows a registered elector who will not have been a Colorado resident for at least 22 days immediately before a general election to cast a provisional ballot, which includes only a vote for president and vice president, in that election; extends the deadline for the secretary to adopt rules concerning the tabulation, reporting, and canvassing of results for a coordinated election using instant runoff voting conducted by multiple counties from January 1, 2025, to January 1, 2026; makes conforming amendments in connection with the repeal of a preregistrant's authorization to vote in a primary election; updates provisions regarding voting machines and the inspection of voting machines by election judges; repeals obsolete provisions regarding sample ballots, the seal on voting machines, the manner of voting by eligible electors, write-in ballots, and how voting system software is installed; clarifies that the secretary will conduct a random audit of voting devices only if a risk-limiting audit is not possible after an election; and extends the deadlines for the secretary to promulgate rules necessary to conduct risk limiting audits in an election using instant runoff voting and for a county to audit an election using instant runoff voting conducted as part of a coordinated election from January 1, 2025, to January 1, 2026.

Mail ballot elections. The bill allows a clerk to request a waiver from the secretary of state exempting the county from the remote location drop box ballot collection requirements and specifies alternative collection requirements if a waiver is granted; repeals obsolete provisions that direct clerks how to count ballots that are cast on electronic or electromechanical vote tabulating equipment; specifies the conditions under which an elector may request a replacement ballot from the clerk; and modifies the time by which an elector must request a replacement ballot from the clerk.

Recounts. The bill repeals obsolete provisions regarding recounts in nonpartisan local elections and clarifies who has standing to request a recount challenge.

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Certificates of election and election contests. The bill repeals obsolete language regarding the election of precinct officers and duplicative language regarding the resolution of tie votes and specifies that a contest concerning a presidential elector must be filed with the supreme court no later than 24 days after the general election and specifies the deadline for the supreme court to rule on such a contest.

Recall elections. The bill modifies the deadline for filing a nomination petition for a candidate to succeed an officer who is sought to be recalled.

Initiative and referendum. The bill repeals an obsolete provision regarding filing a paid circulator report with the secretary and repeals obsolete language regarding the effective date of the bills enacted during the 2020 legislative session that included an act subject to petition clause.

Fair campaign practices. The bill prohibits a natural person who is not a citizen of the United States, a foreign government, or a foreign corporation from making a direct ballot issue or ballot question expenditure in connection with an election on a ballot issue or ballot question in the state; specifies that a candidate seeking reelection does not have to file an additional disclosure statement filed pursuant to current law if the incumbent has filed the annual report required by law within the last 30 days from which the incumbent becomes a candidate for reelection; clarifies that any person may file a complaint with the secretary of state about a candidate not complying with the disclosure statement requirements; and requires a candidate for specified offices to amend the disclosure statement when there is a substantial change of interests in connection with which the disclosure is required.

The bill modifies the public official disclosure requirements specified in the "Colorado Sunshine Act of 1972" to require that specified public officials file an annual disclosure statement with the secretary and to amend the disclosure statement when there is a substantial change of interests in connection with which the disclosure is required; requires specified public officials who are serving in office in the 2024 calendar year, but who have not filed an annual disclosure statement in the 2024 calendar year, to file a disclosure statement within a specified amount of time; requires the disclosure statements to be available on the secretary's website; repeals a provision that allows a public official to file an income tax return with the secretary in lieu of filing certain information required in the disclosure statement; allows any person who believes that a public official is not complying with the public official's disclosure requirements to file a complaint with a specified individual or entity as determined based on the office held by the public official and requires the secretary to notify the appropriate individual or entity if an official does not timely file the required annual disclosure statement; and requires an individual who receives a complaint to investigate the complaint using existing procedures.

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In addition, the bill amends the "Colorado Open Records Act" to specify that if a clerk receives a request for records that are in active use, in storage, or otherwise not readily available, and the request is made during an election for which the clerk is the designated election official, the clerk may take additional time to fulfill the request under certain circumstances.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-1-110, add (3.5) 3 as follows: 4 1-1-110. Powers of county clerk and recorder and deputy -5 communication to electors - repeal. (3.5) (a) As the chief election 6 OFFICIAL FOR THE COUNTY, AND TO COMPLY WITH THIS CODE AND THE 7 RULES AND ORDERS PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE, THE 8 COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER SHALL SET OPERATIONAL HOURS FOR THE 9 CLERK AND RECORDER'S OFFICE. 10 (b) This subsection (3.5) is repealed, effective January 31, 11 2025. 12 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-101, amend 13 (2)(a)(I) as follows: 14 1-2-101. Qualifications for registration - preregistration. 15 (2) (a) (I) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, upon 16 satisfactory proof of age, every person who is otherwise qualified to 17 register and is sixteen FIFTEEN years of age or older but will not have 18 reached eighteen years of age by the date of the next election may 19 preregister and update his or her THE PERSON'S preregistered information 20 by any means authorized in this article for persons eighteen years of age 21 or older. Upon reaching eighteen years of age, the person is automatically 22 registered.

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2	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-202.5, amend
3	(3)(a)(I) as follows:
4	1-2-202.5. Online voter registration - online changes in elector
5	information. (3) The electronic voter registration form must include:
6	(a) (I) The questions "Are you a citizen of the United States of
7	America?", "Are you at least sixteen FIFTEEN years of age?", "Do you
8	understand that you must be at least seventeen years old and turning
9	eighteen years old on or before the date of the next general election to be
10	eligible to vote in a primary election, and at least eighteen years old to be
11	eligible to vote in any other election?", "Have you resided in Colorado for
12	at least twenty-two days immediately prior to the election?","Do you
13	reside in the precinct in which you intend to register?", "Is the address
14	you have listed your sole legal place of residence for purposes of
15	voting?", and "Do you affirm that you will not cast more than one ballot
16	in any election?" and places for the elector to input answers to the
17	questions.
18	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-205, amend (2)
19	as follows:
20	1-2-205. Self-affirmation made by elector. (2) Each elector
21	making application for registration or preregistration shall make the
22	following self-affirmation: "I,, affirm that I am a citizen of the United
23	States; I have been a resident of Colorado for at least twenty-two days
24	immediately before an election I intend to vote in; I am at least sixteen
25	FIFTEEN years old; and I understand that I must be at least eighteen to be
26	eligible to vote in any election. I further affirm that the residence address
27	I provided is my sole legal place of residence. I certify under penalty of

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2 the best of my knowledge and belief; and that I have not, nor will I, cast 3 more than one ballot in any election." 4 **SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-402, amend (3) as follows: 5 6 1-2-402. Registration by high school deputy registrars - rules. 7 (3) A high school deputy registrar may have available an official 8 application form for voter registration for each student who is eighteen 9 years of age or who will be eighteen years of age at the time of the next 10 election. A high school deputy registrar may have available an official 11 application form for preregistration for each student who is sixteen 12 FIFTEEN years of age. 13 **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-3-103, amend 14 (5)(a) and (6)(a) as follows: 15 **1-3-103.** Party committees. (5) (a) When a state senatorial 16 district is comprised of one or more whole counties or of a part of one 17 county and all or a part of one or more other counties, a state senatorial 18 central committee shall consist of THE ELECTED PRECINCT COMMITTEE 19 PERSONS, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary of the several 20 party county central committees, who reside within the state senatorial 21 district. If any of those officers do not reside in the state senatorial 22 district, replacements shall be provided who do reside in the district. The 23 state senatorial central committee shall also include the elected state 24 senator of the party for the state senatorial district, the state 25 representatives of the party who reside within the state senatorial district, 26 and a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and secretary of the state senatorial

central committee, who may or may not be elected from among, but shall

perjury that the information I have provided on this application is true to

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be elected by, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary, the state senator, and the state representatives.

(6) (a) When a state representative district is comprised of one or more whole counties or of a part of one county and all or a part of one or more other counties, a state representative central committee shall consist of THE ELECTED PRECINCT COMMITTEE PERSONS, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary of the several party county central committees, who reside within the state representative district. If any of those officers do not reside in the state representative district, replacements shall be provided who do reside in the district. The state representative central committee shall also include the elected state representative of the party for the state representative district, each state senator of the party who resides within that representative district, and a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and secretary of the state representative central committee, who may or may not be elected from among, but shall be elected by, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary, the state representative, and the state senators.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-4-105 as follows:

1-4-105. Defeated candidate ineligible. No person who has been defeated as a candidate in a primary election shall be eligible for election to the same office by ballot or as a write-in candidate in the next general election unless the party vacancy committee nominates that person; EXCEPT THAT THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-304, amend (1) and (2) as follows:

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1	1-4-304. Presidential electors. (1) The presidential electors shall
2	convene at the capital of the state, in the office of the governor at the
3	capitol building, on the first Tuesday after the second Wednesday in the
4	first December following their election at the hour of 12 noon and take
5	the oath required by law for presidential electors; EXCEPT THAT THE
6	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS MAY CONVENE AT A DIFFERENT LOCATION
7	DESIGNATED BY THE GOVERNOR IF THE GOVERNOR DETERMINES THAT IT
8	IS NOT FEASIBLE TO MEET IN THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR AT THE
9	CAPITOL BUILDING. If any vacancy occurs in the office of a presidential
10	elector because of death, refusal to act, absence, or other cause, the
11	presidential electors present shall immediately proceed to fill the vacancy
12	in the electoral college. When all vacancies have been filled, the
13	presidential electors shall proceed to perform the duties required of them
14	by the constitution and laws of the United States. The vote for president
15	and vice president shall be taken by open ballot.
16	(2) The secretary of state shall give notice in writing to each of the
17	presidential electors of the time and place of the meeting at least ten days
18	prior to the meeting; EXCEPT THAT IF THE GOVERNOR DETERMINES THAT
19	IT IS NOT FEASIBLE TO MEET IN THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR AT THE
20	CAPITOL BUILDING, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL GIVE NOTICE AS
21	EARLY AS POSSIBLE.
22	SECTION <u>9.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-403, amend (2)
23	as follows:
24	1-4-403. Nomination of unaffiliated candidates for
25	congressional vacancy election. (2) Petitions must be filed by 3 p.m. 5
26	P.M. on the twentieth day after the date of the order issued by the
27	governor.

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1	SECTION <u>10.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-802, amend
2	(1)(d), (1)(f), and (1)(g)(II) as follows:
3	1-4-802. Petitions for nominating minor political party and
4	unaffiliated candidates for a partisan office. (1) Candidates for
5	partisan public offices to be filled at a general or congressional vacancy
6	election who do not wish to affiliate with a major political party may be
7	nominated, other than by a primary election or a convention, in the
8	following manner:
9	(d) (I) No petition to nominate an unaffiliated candidate, except
10	petitions for candidates for vacancies to unexpired terms of
11	representatives in congress, and for presidential electors, shall be
12	circulated or any signatures obtained thereon earlier than one hundred
13	seventy-three days before the general election.
14	(II) No petition to nominate a minor political party candidate shall
15	be circulated nor any signatures obtained thereon earlier than the first
16	Monday in February BUSINESS DAY IN JANUARY in the general election
17	year.
18	(f) (I) Except as provided by subparagraph (II) of this paragraph
19	(f) IN SUBSECTION (1)(f)(II) OF THIS SECTION, petitions shall MUST be filed
20	no later than 3 p.m. 5 P.M. on the one hundred seventeenth day before the
21	general election or, for a congressional vacancy election, no later than 3
22	p.m. <u>5 P.M.</u> on the twentieth day after the date of the order issued by the
23	governor.
24	(II) Petitions to nominate candidates of minor political parties
25	must be filed no later than the close of business 5 P.M. on the eighty-fifth
26	day before the primary election as specified in section 1-4-101 THIRD
27	TUESDAY IN MARCH OR ON THE SEVENTY-FIFTH DAY AFTER THE FIRST

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BUSINESS DAY IN JANUARY, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

(g) (II) For general elections, no person shall be placed in nomination by petition unless the person is an eligible elector of the political subdivision or district in which the officer is to be elected and unless the person was registered as affiliated with a minor political party or as unaffiliated, as shown in the statewide voter registration system, no later than the first business day of the January immediately preceding the general election for which the person desires to be placed in nomination; except that, if such nomination is for a nonpartisan election, the person shall be an eligible elector of the political subdivision or district and be a registered elector, as shown in the statewide voter registration system, on the date of the earliest signature on the petition. This section does not apply to candidates seeking the office of president of the United States.

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 1-4-905.7 as follows:

1-4-905.7. Expenditures related to petition circulation - report
- penalty - definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "EXPENDITURE" MEANS A PAYMENT TO A CIRCULATOR.
- (b) "False address" means a street address, post office Box, city, state, or any other designation of place used in a circulator's affidavit that does not represent the circulator's correct address of permanent domicile at the time the circulator circulated petitions. "False address" does not include an address that merely omits the designation of

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- 1 "STREET", "AVENUE", "BOULEVARD", OR ANY COMPARABLE TERM BUT
- 2 DOES INCLUDE THE OMISSION OF THE APARTMENT OR UNIT NUMBER,
- 3 WHERE APPLICABLE, OF THE PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

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- 4 (c) "REPORT" MEANS THE REPORT REQUIRED TO BE FILED 5 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
- 6 (2) NO LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THAT A 7 CANDIDATE, RECALL, OR MINOR PARTY PETITION IS FILED WITH THE 8 SECRETARY OF STATE, THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, 9 RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION 10 MUST SUBMIT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE A REPORT THAT STATES THE 11 DATES OF CIRCULATION BY ALL CIRCULATORS WHO WERE PAID TO 12 CIRCULATE A SECTION OF THE PETITION, THE TOTAL HOURS FOR WHICH 13 EACH CIRCULATOR WAS PAID TO CIRCULATE A SECTION OF THE PETITION, 14 THE GROSS AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID FOR SUCH HOURS, AND ANY 15 ADDRESSES USED BY CIRCULATORS ON THEIR AFFIDAVITS THAT THE 16 CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR 17 REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION, OR THEIR AGENTS, 18 HAVE DETERMINED, PRIOR TO PETITION FILING, TO BE FALSE ADDRESSES.
 - (3) (a) WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE REPORT IS FILED, A REGISTERED ELECTOR MAY FILE A COMPLAINT ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE REPORT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION. THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION COMMITTEE MAY CURE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY ADDITIONALLY FILING A REPORT OR AN ADDENDUM TO THE ORIGINAL REPORT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE COMPLAINT IS FILED. IF THE VIOLATION IS NOT CURED, A HEARING OFFICER SHALL CONDUCT A HEARING ON THE

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1	COMPLAINT WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE ADDITIONAL
2	FILING OR THE DEADLINE FOR THE ADDITIONAL FILING, WHICHEVER IS
3	SOONER.
4	(b) (I) After a hearing is held, if the hearing officer
5	DETERMINES THAT THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL
6	COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION
7	INTENTIONALLY VIOLATED THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
8	SECTION, THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL
9	COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION SHALL
10	BE SUBJECT TO A PENALTY THAT IS EQUAL TO THREE TIMES THE AMOUNT
11	OF ANY EXPENDITURES THAT WERE OMITTED FROM OR ERRONEOUSLY
12	INCLUDED IN THE REPORT.
13	(II) IF THE HEARING OFFICER DETERMINES THAT THE CANDIDATE
14	OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF
15	THE MINOR PARTY PETITION INTENTIONALLY MISSTATED A MATERIAL FACT
16	IN THE REPORT OR OMITTED A MATERIAL FACT FROM THE REPORT, OR IF
17	THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR
18	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION NEVER FILED A REPORT,
19	THE REGISTERED ELECTOR WHO INSTITUTED THE PROCEEDINGS MAY
20	COMMENCE A CIVIL ACTION TO RECOVER REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES
21	AND COSTS FROM THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL
22	COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION.
23	(c) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, ANY
24	PROCEDURES RELATED TO A COMPLAINT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE
25	"STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT", ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24.
26	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-908, amend
27	(1.5)(b)(I) and (1.5)(b)(II) as follows:

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1-4-908. Review of petition - signature verification -
notification - cure - rules. (1.5) (b) (I) If it is determined that the
signature on the petition does not match the signature of the eligible
elector stored in the statewide voter registration database, or if a signature
verification device is unable to determine that the signatures match, a
second review shall be made by an employee of the secretary of state's
office or a designee trained in signature verification. If the employee or
designee agrees that the signatures do not match, the secretary of state
shall within three days of determining the signature deficiency,
COMPLETING REVIEW OF THE ENTIRE PETITION, notify the candidate of
such deficiency.
(II) To cure a signature that failed the signature verification
process described in subsection (1.5)(b)(I) of this section, a candidate
must provide the secretary of state with a statement, signed by the elector
whose signature failed the verification process, that states substantially
that the elector signed the petition. The statement must be accompanied
by a copy of the elector's identification, as defined in section 1-1-104
(19.5). The secretary of state shall prescribe the form for the statement.
To cure the signature deficiency, the candidate must return the statement
and a copy of the elector's identification to the secretary of state within
three FIVE days of the date the secretary notifies the candidate of the
signature deficiency.
SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-102.9, amend
(1)(a)(III) introductory portion and (5)(b); repeal (1)(b.5)(V)(B); and add

(1)(a)(V) as follows:

1-5-102.9. Voter service and polling centers - number required - services provided - drop-off locations - definition. (1) (a) For general

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elections, each county clerk and recorder shall designate a minimum number of voter service and polling centers, as follows:

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(III) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(V) OF THIS SECTION, for counties with at least ten thousand but fewer than thirty-seven thousand five hundred active electors:

(V) THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL DEVELOP AND ADMINISTER A PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTIONS CONDUCTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2024, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027, THAT ALLOWS THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL OF A COUNTY THAT HAS AT LEAST TEN THOUSAND BUT FEWER THAN THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED ACTIVE ELECTORS, THAT HAS AT LEAST THREE MUNICIPALITIES, AND IN WHICH THE SECOND AND THIRD LARGEST MUNICIPALITIES THAT ARE LOCATED ENTIRELY WITHIN THE COUNTY BOTH HAVE LESS THAN THREE PERCENT OF THE ACTIVE ELECTORS IN THE COUNTY, TO REQUEST A WAIVER OF THE REQUIREMENT TO DESIGNATE A MINIMUM OF THREE VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTERS ON ELECTION DAY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a)(III) OF THIS SECTION. IF THE SECRETARY OF STATE ALLOWS A WAIVER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(a)(V), THE COUNTY THAT REQUESTED THE WAIVER IS REQUIRED TO DESIGNATE A MINIMUM OF TWO VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTERS ON ELECTION DAY. THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY ALLOW A WAIVER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(a)(V) TO ONLY ONE COUNTY DURING THE PILOT PROGRAM.

(b.5) (V) (B) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(b.5)(V)(A) of this section, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, for any election for which the number of enrolled students would be based on data from the fall semester of 2020, the secretary of state shall use data for the fall

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1	semester of 2019 instead of data from the fall semester of 2020 to
2	determine the number of enrolled students for purposes of subsection
3	(1)(b.5)(I) of this section. The department of higher education shall
4	provide the data for the fall semester of 2019 to the secretary of state on
5	or before October 1, 2021.
6	(5) (b) For a general election, in addition to the requirements of
7	subsection (5)(a) of this section, a county shall establish a drop box on
8	each campus of a state AN institution of higher education, AS DEFINED IN
9	SECTION 23-3.1-102 (5), located within the county that has two ONE
10	thousand or more enrolled students as determined in accordance with
11	subsection (1)(b.5)(III) of this section.
12	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-402, amend (1)
13	introductory portion and (1)(a) as follows:
14	1-5-402. Primary election ballots. (1) No later than thirty-two
15	days before the primary election, the county clerk and recorder shall
16	prepare a separate ballot for each political party. The COUNTY CLERK AND
17	RECORDER SHALL ENSURE THAT THE ballots shall be ARE printed in the
18	following manner:
19	(a) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER SHALL ENSURE THAT all
20	official ballots shall be ARE printed according to the provisions of
21	sections 1-5-407 and 1-5-408 SECTION 1-5-407; except that across the top
22	of each ballot shall MUST be printed the name of the political party for
23	which the ballot is to be used.
24	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-5-408 as
25	follows:
26	1-5-408. Form of ballots - electronic voting. (1) Ballot cards
27	placed upon voting equipment shall, so far as practicable, be arranged as

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1	provided by sections 1-3-402, 1-3-403, and 1-3-404; except that they shall
2	be of the size and design required by the voting equipment and may be
3	printed on a number of separate ballot cards that are placed on the voting
4	equipment.
5	(2) If votes are recorded on a ballot card, a separate write-in ballot
6	may be provided, which may be in the form of a paper ballot or envelope
7	on which the elector may write in the title of the office and the name of
8	a qualified write-in candidate.
9	(3) Polling locations that use electromechanical voting systems
10	may use ballot cards of different colors to ensure that electors receive a
11	full ballot. Such polling locations may also use ballot cards of different
12	colors for each party at primary elections.
13	(4) Repealed.
14	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-610 as
15	follows:
16	1-5-610. Preparation for use - electromechanical voting.
17	(1) Prior to an election in which an electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL
18	voting system is to be used, the designated election official shall have all
19	system components prepared for voting and shall inspect and determine
20	that each vote recorder or voting device COMPONENT is in proper working
21	order. The designated election official shall cause a sufficient number of
22	recorders or devices SYSTEM COMPONENTS to be delivered to each
23	election precinct VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER in which are
24	electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting system is to be used.
25	(2) The designated election official shall supply each election
26	precinct VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER in which vote recorders of
27	voting devices ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEMS are to be used

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with a sufficient number of ballots, ballot cards, sample ballots, AND ballot boxes, and write-in ballots and with such other supplies and forms as may be required. Each ballot or ballot card shall have a serially numbered stub attached, which shall be removed by an election judge before the ballot or ballot card is deposited in the ballot box.

SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-617, amend (4) as follows:

1-5-617. Examination - testing - certification. (4) Within thirty

days after deciding to certify an electronic or electromechanical voting system, the secretary of state shall make a report on the system containing a description of the system and its operation. with drawings or photographs showing the system. The secretary of state shall send a notice of certification and a copy of the report to the voting system provider that submitted the system for certification. The secretary of state shall notify the governing bodies of the political subdivisions of the state of the certification and make the notice of certification and report available to them upon request.

SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **repeal** 1-5-620 as follows:

1-5-620. Electromechanical voting system information - software. When a political subdivision purchases or adopts an electronic or electromechanical voting system, the vendor of the system shall send to the secretary of state copies of the software user and operator manuals, and any other information, specifications, or documentation required by the secretary of state relating to a certified system and its equipment. Any such information or materials that are not on file with and approved by the secretary of state, including any updated or modified materials, shall

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1	not be used in an election.
2	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-623, amend (3);
3	and repeal (1) and (2) as follows:
4	1-5-623. Purchase of new electromechanical voting systems -
5	approval of secretary of state - rules. (1) (a) The general assembly
6	hereby finds and declares that, over the past decade, voting technology
7	used in the state has undergone dramatic changes, creating confusion and
8	difficulties for election administrators, state government, and the voting
9	public. Efforts to address this confusion have been complicated by the
10	timing of periodic substantial investments in voting technology by county
11	governments necessitated by changes in federal and state law.
12	(b) Now, therefore, by enacting this section, the general assembly
13	intends that:
14	(I) Between May 15, 2009, and the 2014 general election, any
15	voting system purchased by a political subdivision shall be a paper-based
16	voting system as defined in section 1-1-104 (23.5);
17	(II) The acquisition of electronic voting systems be suspended in
18	order to assess existing and emerging voting technologies; and
19	(III) Substantial investment by political subdivisions before the
20	2014 general election in alternate technologies that will frustrate the
21	intent of the general assembly as specified in paragraph (a) of this
22	subsection (1) is discouraged and disfavored.
23	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 6, any
24	existing electronic voting device or any related component of the device
25	that was used by a political subdivision in conducting the 2008 general
26	election may continue to be used by the political subdivision on and after
27	May 15, 2009, as long as the device or component is used in accordance

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with either the conditions of use under which the device or component was originally certified for the 2008 general election or in accordance with alternate conditions of use established by the secretary of state.

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- (3) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on and after May 15, 2009, No political subdivision may purchase a new electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting device or system or any related component of such device or system without obtaining the prior approval of the secretary of state for such purchase. in accordance with the requirements of this subsection (3).
- (b) Subject to the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, if a political subdivision desires to purchase a new electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting device or system or any related component of such device or AN ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING system, the political subdivision shall submit a written application to the secretary of state for approval of the purchase. The application POLITICAL SUBDIVISION shall be made APPLY by means of any forms or procedures established by the secretary. Within three business days of receiving the application, the secretary shall grant or deny the application. In reviewing the application, the secretary shall consider, among other relevant factors, the total effect of the purchase at issue in light of other purchases by the political subdivision on voting systems or components of such systems on or after May 15, 2009, and the needs of the political subdivision. In making the determination, the secretary shall prevent political subdivisions from making substantial investments in alternate technologies that will frustrate the intent of the general assembly as specified in subsection (1) of this section and shall consider, among other relevant factors: THE SECRETARY SHALL APPROVE

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1	OR DEN I THE APPLICATION IN WRITING WITHIN THIRT I DATS OF RECEIVING
2	THE APPLICATION.
3	(I) Whether the purchase is intended to replace damaged or
4	defective equipment or to accommodate an increase in population in the
5	political subdivision;
6	(II) Whether the purchase requires a new contract or agreement
7	that would be entered into by the political subdivision and one or more
8	vendors; and
9	(III) A comparison of the purchase under review with the average
10	capital expenditures by the political subdivision on the administration of
11	elections on an annual basis for the four consecutive years prior to the
12	year in which the application is submitted in order to discourage an
13	investment in technology with a limited useful life in accordance with the
14	intent of the general assembly as specified in subsection (1) of this
15	section.
16	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-704, amend (1)
17	introductory portion and (1)(h) as follows:
18	1-5-704. Standards for accessible voting systems.
19	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article ARTICLE 5, each
20	voting system certified by the secretary of state for use in local, state, and
21	federal elections shall MUST have the capability to accept accessible voter
22	interface devices in the voting system configuration to allow the voting
23	system to meet the following minimum standards:
24	(h) For voice signals transmitted to the elector, the voting system
25	shall provide a gain HAVE AN adjustable up to a minimum of twenty
26	decibels with at least one intermediate step of twelve decibels AUDIO
27	VOLUME THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS USED IN COLORADO FOR

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1	CERTIFICATION OF A VOTING SYSTEM.
2	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-705 as
3	follows:
4	1-5-705. Accessible voter interface devices - minimum
5	requirement. A voting system must include at least one direct recording
6	electronic voting system specially equipped for individuals with
7	disabilities or other accessible voter interface device installed at each
8	polling location that meets the requirements of this section PART 7.
9	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-6-103, amend
10	(1)(a) and (2) as follows:
11	1-6-103. Recommendations by county chairperson. (1) (a) No
12	later than the last FIRST Tuesday of April in even-numbered years, the
13	county chairperson of each major political party in the county shall certify
14	to the county clerk and recorder the names and addresses of registered
15	electors recommended to serve as election judges for FROM each precinct
16	in the county.
17	(2) The county chairperson, or, if there is no county chairperson,
18	the committeepersons who submitted the list of registered electors in
19	accordance with section 1-6-102 (2) shall designate the order of
20	preference of the names of the registered electors recommended to serve
21	as election judges. for each precinct The county clerk and recorder shall
22	select election judges from each precinct list in the county chairperson's,
23	or, if there is no county chairperson, the committeeperson's, order of
24	preference.
25	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-6-119, amend (1)
26	<u>as follows:</u>
27	1-6-119. Removal of election judge by designated election

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1	official. (1) (a) If a county chairperson of a major political party or the
2	county chairperson or other authorized official of a minor political party
3	believes that an election judge appointed to represent that party is not
4	faithfully or fairly representing the party or that an election judge has
5	moved from the county, the county chairperson or authorized official
6	may, SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION,
7	exercise a preemptive removal of the election judge. The county
8	chairperson or authorized official shall notify the county clerk and
9	recorder and the election judge of the preemptive removal in writing.
10	SUCH NOTICE MUST INCLUDE DOCUMENTATION REGARDING THE REASON
11	FOR REMOVAL OF THE ELECTION JUDGE AND MUST BE FILED WITH THE
12	COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER WITHIN THREE DAYS OF RECEIVING THE
13	ELECTION JUDGE LIST PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE
14	SECRETARY OF STATE.
15	(b) If an election judge is preemptively removed pursuant
16	TO SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE COUNTY CLERK AND
17	RECORDER SHALL ALLOW THE ELECTION JUDGE TWO DAYS TO APPEAL THE
18	ELECTION JUDGE'S REMOVAL. IF APPEALED, THE COUNTY CLERK AND
19	RECORDER SHALL REVIEW ALL DOCUMENTATION AND DETERMINE
20	WHETHER THE JUDGE MAY BE REMOVED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a)
21	OF THIS SECTION.
22	(c) The county clerk and recorder shall fill any vacancy created by
23	the preemptive removal as provided in section 1-6-113.
24	SECTION <u>24.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-110, add (6) as
25	follows:
26	1-7-110. Preparing to vote in person. (6) A REGISTERED
27	ELECTOR WHO WILL NOT HAVE BEEN A COLORADO RESIDENT FOR AT LEAST

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1	TWENTY-TWO DAYS IMMEDIATELY BEFORE A PRESIDENTIAL GENERAL
2	ELECTION MAY CAST A PROVISIONAL BALLOT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH
3	ARTICLE 8.5of this title 1 , that includes only a vote for president
4	AND VICE PRESIDENT IN THAT GENERAL ELECTION.
5	SECTION <u>25.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-118, amend (5)
6	as follows:
7	1-7-118. Ranked voting in a coordinated election - procedure
8	- costs - definition. (5) On or before April 1, 2023, the secretary of state
9	shall adopt rules concerning the tabulation, reporting, and canvassing of
10	results for a coordinated election using instant runoff voting conducted
11	by a single county. On or before January 1, 2025 JANUARY 1, 2026, the
12	rules must include provisions for an instant runoff voting election
13	conducted by multiple counties.
14	SECTION <u>26.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-201, amend (1)
15	as follows:
16	1-7-201. Voting at primary election. (1) Any registered elector
17	including a preregistrant who is eligible under section 1-2-101 (2)(c), who
18	has declared an affiliation with a political party that is participating in a
19	primary election and who desires to vote for candidates of that party at a
20	primary election shall show identification, as defined in section 1-1-104
21	(19.5), write his or her THE REGISTERED ELECTOR'S name and address on
22	a form available at the voter service and polling center, and give the form
23	to one of the election judges.
24	_
25	SECTION <u>27.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-7-401 as
26	follows:
27	1-7-401. Judges to inspect machines. In each polling location

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using voting machines VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER, the election
judges shall meet at the polling location before the time set for the
opening of the polls at each election. Before the polls are open for
election, each judge shall voter service and polling center on each
DAY OF VOTING AT THAT LOCATION. THE JUDGES SHALL carefully examine
each machine ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEM COMPONENT AND
BALLOT BOX used in the polling location VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING
CENTER to ensure that no vote SEAL has yet been cast BROKEN. and that
every counter, except the protective counter, registers zero.
SECTION <u>28.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-402 as
follows:
1-7-402. Sample ballots - ballot labels. (1) The designated
election official shall provide each polling location in which voting
machines are to be used with two sample ballots, which shall be arranged
in the form of a diagram showing the front of the voting machine as it
will appear after the official ballot labels are arranged thereon for voting
on election day. The sample ballots may be either in full or reduced size
and shall be delivered and submitted for public inspection in the same
manner as provided by law for sample ballots used in nonmachine voting.
(2) The designated election official shall also prepare the official
ballot for each voting machine and shall place the official ballot on each
voting machine to be used in polling locations under the election official's
supervision and shall deliver the required number of voting machines to
each polling location no later than the day before the polling locations
open.
SECTION 20 In Coloredo Davisad Statutas, managl 1 7 405 as
SECTION <u>29.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-405 as

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1-7-405. Seal on voting machine. The designated election official
shall supply each election precinct with a seal for each voting machine to
be used in the precinct for the purpose of sealing the machine after the
polls are closed. The designated election official shall also provide an
envelope for the return of the keys to each voting machine along with the
election returns.
SECTION <u>30.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-406 as
follows:
1-7-406. Close of polls and count - seals. As soon as the polls are
closed on election day, the election judges shall immediately lock and seal
each voting machine against further voting, and it shall so remain for a
period of thirty days unless otherwise ordered by the court and except as
provided in section 1-7-407. Immediately after each machine is locked
and sealed, the election judges shall open the counting compartment and
proceed to count the votes. After the total vote for each candidate and
ballot issue has been ascertained, the election judges shall record on a
certificate the number of votes cast, in numerical figures only, and return
it to the designated election official.
SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-407 as
follows:
1-7-407. Close of polls - primary. In the event no election contest
is filed by any candidate in a primary election within the time prescribed
by section 1-11-203, the county clerk and recorder may unlock and break
the seals of voting machines at any time after the fifteenth day following
the date of the primary election.
SECTION <u>32.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-503 as
follows:

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1-7-503. Manner of voting. (1) Each eligible elector, upon receiving a ballot, shall immediately proceed unaccompanied to one of the voting booths provided. To cast a vote, the eligible elector shall clearly fill the oval, connect the arrow, or otherwise appropriately mark the name of the candidate or the names of the joint candidates of the elector's choice for each office to be filled. In the case of a ballot issue, the elector shall clearly fill the oval, connect the arrow, or otherwise appropriately mark the appropriate place opposite the answer that the elector desires to give. Before leaving the voting booth, the eligible elector, without displaying the marks thereon, shall place the ballot in the privacy envelope so that the contents of the ballot or ballot card in the ballot box.

- (2) Each eligible elector who has prepared the ballot and is ready to vote shall then leave the voting booth and approach the election judges having charge of the ballot box. The eligible elector shall give his or her name to one of the election judges. The elector shall, in full view of the election judges, deposit the ballot or ballot card in the ballot box, with the official endorsement on the ballot or ballot card facing upward.
- (3) In precincts which use electronic voting equipment in which voting is by a method other than a ballot, each voter shall be listed by name in the pollbook and shall be given an entry card to the electronic voting device.
- (4) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1) or (2) of this section to the contrary, at a polling location at which a ballot marking device, as defined in section 1-5-702 (2.5), is available for accessible voting, the election judge in charge of the ballot box shall deposit every

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1	elector's ballot card in the ballot box.
2	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-505 as
3	follows:
4	1-7-505. Close of polls - security of voting machinery. (1) After
5	the polls have been closed, the election judges shall secure the vote
6	recorders or the voting devices, or both, against further use.
7	(2) and (3) Repealed.
8	SECTION <u>34.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-507, repeal (5)
9	as follows:
10	1-7-507. Electronic vote-counting - procedure. (5) Write-in
11	ballots may be counted by the election judges or at the counting centers
12	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-512, amend
13	(1)(a) and (1)(b) as follows:
14	1-7-512. Voting system providers - duties. (1) A voting system
15	provider under contract to provide a voting system to a political
16	subdivision in this state shall:
17	(a) Notify COORDINATE WITH the secretary of state of TO SUPPORT
18	the installation of any hardware, firmware, or software prior to the
19	installation or of any change in the election software or the IN ANY
20	COMPONENT OF THE voting system;
21	(b) Place in escrow with the secretary of state or an independent
22	escrow agent approved by the secretary of state immediately after the
23	installation of election software, one copy of the state certified election
24	software that was installed in each political subdivision, along with
25	supporting documentation;
26	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-514, amend
27	(1)(a)(I); and add (6) as follows:

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1-7-514. Random audit. (1) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION, following each primary, general, coordinated, or congressional district vacancy election, the secretary of state shall publicly initiate a manual random audit to be conducted by each county. Unless the secretary approves an alternative method for a particular county that is based on a proven statistical sampling plan and will achieve a higher level of statistical confidence, the secretary shall randomly select not less than five percent of the voting devices used in each county to be audited; except that, where a central count voting device is in use in the county, the rules promulgated by the secretary pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall require an audit of a specified percentage of ballots counted within the county.

- (6) This section applies only if the secretary of state determines that a risk-limiting audit, as described in section 1-7-515, cannot be performed.
- SECTION <u>37.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-515, **amend**(4)(b) as follows:
 - 1-7-515. Risk-limiting audits rules legislative declaration definitions. (4) (b) (I) On or before January 1, 2025 JANUARY 1, 2026, the secretary of state shall promulgate rules in accordance with article 4 of title 24 as necessary to conduct risk limiting audits in an election using instant runoff voting. In connection with the promulgation of the rules, the secretary shall consult recognized statistical experts, equipment vendors, and county clerk and recorders, and shall consider best practices for conducting risk-limiting audits. The secretary of state may consult with additional auditing experts.
 - (II) A county shall audit an election using instant runoff voting

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1	conducted as part of a coordinated election before January 1, 2025
2	JANUARY 1, 2026, in accordance with rules adopted by the secretary of
3	state related to ranked choice or instant runoff voting, or, if no such rules
4	are adopted, in accordance with procedures adopted by the county clerk
5	and recorder.
6	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-107, amend
7	(3)(a)(I); and add (4.3)(c)(III) as follows:
8	1-7.5-107. Procedures for conducting mail ballot election -
9	primary elections - first-time voters casting a mail ballot after having
10	registered by mail to vote - in-person request for ballot - return
11	envelope requirements - repeal. (3) (a) (I) Not sooner than twenty-two
12	days before a general, primary, or other mail ballot election, and no later
13	than eighteen days before the election, the county clerk and recorder or
14	designated election official shall mail to each active registered elector, at
15	the last mailing address appearing in the registration records and in
16	accordance with United States postal service regulations, a mail ballot
17	packet, which must be marked "DO NOT FORWARD. ADDRESS
18	CORRECTION REQUESTED.", or any other similar statement that is in
19	accordance with United States postal service regulations. For a primary
20	mail ballot election, active registered electors includes preregistrants
21	eligible to vote in that primary under section 1-2-101 (2)(c). Nothing in
22	this subsection (3) affects any provision of this code governing the
23	delivery of mail ballots to an absent uniformed services elector,
24	nonresident overseas elector, or resident overseas elector covered by the
25	federal "Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act", 52
26	U.S.C. sec. 20301 et seq.
2.7	(4.3) (c) (III) A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAY REQUEST A

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I	WAIVER FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE EXEMPTING THE COUNTY FROM
2	THE DROP BOX BALLOT COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS IN SUBSECTION
3	(4.3)(c)(I) of this section. If the secretary of state grants the
4	WAIVER, THE COUNTY CLERK SHALL ARRANGE FOR THE COLLECTION OF
5	BALLOTS BY BIPARTISAN TEAMS OF ELECTION JUDGES FROM ALL EXEMPT
6	DROP BOX LOCATIONS ONCE THEY ARE OPEN AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY, BUT
7	AT LEAST ONCE EACH WEEK AFTER THE INITIAL MAILING OF BALLOTS
8	$\hbox{under subsection (3)(a)(I) of this section, until the Friday before}\\$
9	ELECTION DAY. THE COUNTY CLERK MUST POST A NOTICE ON EACH
10	EXEMPT DROP BOX OF THE DATES AND APPROXIMATE TIMES BALLOTS WILL
11	BE COLLECTED.
12	SECTION <u>39.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-115, amend
13	(1)(b); and repeal and reenact, with amendments, (1)(a) as follows:
14	1-7.5-115. Emergency voting - replacement ballots - electronic
15	transfer - rules - definition. (1) (a) (I) AN ELECTOR MAY REQUEST A
16	REPLACEMENT BALLOT BY SUBMITTING A PERSONALLY SIGNED, WRITTEN
17	STATEMENT TO THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED
18	ELECTION OFFICIAL WHEN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
19	(A) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR IS CONFINED IN A
20	HOSPITAL OR PLACE OF RESIDENCE;
21	(B) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR'S IMMEDIATE
22	FAMILY RELATED TO THE SECOND DEGREE BY BLOOD, ADOPTION,
23	MARRIAGE, OR CIVIL UNION PARTNERSHIP IS CONFINED IN A HOSPITAL OR
24	PLACE OF RESIDENCE AND REQUIRES THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR'S CARE OR
25	CONSTANT PRESENCE;
26	(C) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELECTOR IS A MEMBER OF A RELIGION
27	THAT FORBIDS SECULAR ACTIVITY;

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1	(D) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELECTOR IS EMPLOYED AS A FIRST
2	RESPONDER, MEMBER OF LAW ENFORCEMENT, OR HEALTH CARE WORKER
3	AND IS UNABLE TO LEAVE THE STATION, POST, OR PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT
4	OR IS UNABLE TO RETURN TO THE ELECTOR'S HOME COUNTY; OR
5	(E) Eight or fewer days before the last day of the
6	ELECTION, THE ELECTOR IS UNABLE TO VOTE IN PERSON DUE TO
7	EMERGENCY CONDITIONS SUCH AS A NATURAL DISASTER.
8	(II) Upon receipt of a written statement pursuant to
9	SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, THE COUNTY CLERK AND
10	RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL SHALL PROVIDE THE
11	REPLACEMENT BALLOT AT THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK AND
12	RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL DURING THE REGULAR
13	BUSINESS HOURS OF THE OFFICE, TO ANY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF
14	THE ELECTOR.
15	(III) THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ELECTOR SHALL
16	ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE REPLACEMENT BALLOT WITH A
17	SIGNATURE, NAME, AND ADDRESS OF RESIDENCE.
18	(IV) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(a), UNLESS THE CONTEXT
19	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE" MEANS A PERSON
20	WHO POSSESSES A WRITTEN STATEMENT FROM THE ELECTOR CONTAINING
21	THE ELECTOR'S SIGNATURE, NAME, AND ADDRESS OF RESIDENCE,
22	INDICATING THAT THE ELECTOR IS UNABLE TO VOTE IN PERSON AFTER THE
23	LAST DAY TO MAIL A BALLOT, AND REQUESTING THAT THE REPLACEMENT
24	BALLOT BE GIVEN TO THE AUTHORIZED PERSON AS IDENTIFIED BY NAME
25	AND ADDRESS OF RESIDENCE.
26	(b) A request for a replacement ballot under this section shall be
27	made before 5 p.m. on the day of the election, and the ballot must be

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1	returned no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election.
2	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-205, repeal
3	(2)(c) as follows:
4	1-7.5-205. Counting mail ballots. (2) Mail ballots must be
5	counted in one of the following ways:
6	(c) Ballots that are east directly on electronic or electromechanical
7	vote-tabulating equipment at a voter service and polling center in lieu of
8	a mail ballot shall be counted in the same manner as provided for the
9	counting of ballots in part 6 of article 5 and parts 4 and 5 of article 7 of
10	this title.
11	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-10.5-104
12	as follows:
13	1-10.5-104. Recount for nonpartisan elections not coordinated
14	by county clerk and recorder. If it appears, as evidenced by the abstract
15	of votes cast that a recount is required for any office, ballot question, or
16	ballot issue, the designated election official shall order a recount of the
17	votes cast for the office, the ballot issue, or ballot question no later than
18	the twenty-fifth day after the election. Any recount under this section
19	shall be completed no later than the fortieth day after the election.
20	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-10.5-109, amend
21	(1) as follows:
22	1-10.5-109. Challenge of recount - definition. (1) (a) AS USED
23	IN THIS SECTION, "INTERESTED PARTY" MEANS:
24	(I) A CANDIDATE, POLITICAL PARTY, OR POLITICAL ORGANIZATION
25	OF A CANDIDATE;
26	(II) A PETITION REPRESENTATIVE IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO
27	SECTION 1-40-113 FOR A BALLOT ISSUE OR BALLOT QUESTION;

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(III) THE GOVERNING BODY THAT REFERRED A BALLOT QUESTION
OR BALLOT ISSUE TO THE ELECTORATE; OR

- (IV) THE AGENT OF AN ISSUE COMMITTEE THAT IS REQUIRED TO REPORT CONTRIBUTIONS PURSUANT TO THE "FAIR CAMPAIGN PRACTICES ACT", ARTICLE 45 OF THIS TITLE 1, THAT EITHER SUPPORTED OR OPPOSED A BALLOT QUESTION OR BALLOT ISSUE OF A RACE, QUESTION, OR ISSUE THAT IS BEING RECOUNTED.
- (a) (a.5) Any interested party that requested TO a REQUIRED OR REQUESTED recount of a county, state, national, or district office of state concern, or any party to such recount that has reasonable grounds to believe that the recount is not being conducted in a fair, impartial, and uniform manner may apply to the district court of the city and county of Denver for an order requiring the county clerk and recorder to stop the recount and to give the secretary of state access to all pertinent election records used in conducting the recount and requiring the secretary of state to conduct the recount. The SECRETARY OF STATE MAY EMPLOY ASSISTANTS AND CLERKS AS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE RECOUNT. The county clerk and recorder shall be an official observer during any recount conducted by the secretary of state.
- (b) Any interested party that requested TO a REQUIRED OR REQUESTED recount of any other local office, ballot question, or ballot issue or any party to such recount that has reasonable grounds to believe that the designated election official is not conducting the recount in a fair, impartial, and uniform manner may apply to the district court for the political subdivision for an order requiring the designated election official to stop the recount and to give the appropriate official who will take over conducting the recount access to all pertinent election records and

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requiring the appropriate official to conduct the recount. If the county clerk and recorder is not the designated election official, then the county clerk and recorder is the appropriate official to conduct the recount. If the county clerk and recorder is the designated election official, then the secretary of state is the appropriate official to conduct the recount. The SECRETARY OF STATE OR COUNTY CLERK MAY EMPLOY ASSISTANTS AND CLERKS AS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE RECOUNT. The designated election official shall be an official observer during any recount conducted pursuant to this subsection (1).

SECTION <u>43.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-11-104 as follows:

1-11-104. Certificates of election for county officers. Except in the case of offices for which a recount is required, immediately after the final abstract of votes cast for county and precinct officers has been prepared and certified, the county clerk and recorder shall make a certificate of election, or a certificate of nomination in the case of a primary election, for each person declared to be elected or nominated to each office and shall deliver the certificates to that person.

SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-11-106 as follows:

1-11-106. Delivery of certified list of results. Upon the organization of the house of representatives, the secretary of state shall deliver to the speaker of the house a certified list of candidates elected to each state office and of each member elected to the general assembly showing the member's district. If the secretary of state is unable to certify the candidate elected to state office or the member elected to the general assembly from a particular district, the secretary of state shall also deliver

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a list of the state offices or districts for which no certification may be made. The speaker, upon receipt of the certified list and, if delivered, the list of offices and districts for which no certification may be made and before proceeding to other business, shall open and announce the results in the presence of a majority of the members of both houses of the general assembly, who shall assemble for that purpose in the chamber of the house of representatives. The person having the highest number of votes for any of the offices shall be declared duly elected by the presiding officer of the joint assembly. The two houses on joint ballot shall then resolve any tie votes which are on the certified list of results. **SECTION 45.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-11-204 as

SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-11-204 as follows:

1-11-204. Contests for presidential elector. The supreme court OF THIS STATE has original jurisdiction for the adjudication of contests concerning presidential electors and shall prescribe rules for practice and proceedings for such contests. No justice of the court who is a contestor in the election contest shall be permitted to hear and determine the matter. A contest must be filed with the supreme court no later than twenty-four days after the general election notwithstanding the fact that a recount may be ongoing. The supreme court is required to rule on a contest before the deadline to issue and submit the certificate of ascertainment pursuant to the requirements of the federal "Electoral Count Reform and Presidential Transition Improvement act of 2022", 3 U.S.C. sec. 5. The supreme court shall prioritize election contests of presidential electors over all regular business of the court so that election results are determined as soon as practicable.

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1	SECTION <u>46.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-12-117, amend
2	(1) as follows:
3	1-12-117. Nomination of successor - ballot certification.
4	(1) For partisan elections, a candidate to succeed the officer sought to be
5	recalled must meet the qualifications of a party candidate or an
6	unaffiliated candidate as provided in part 8 of article 4 of this title 1 and
7	must be nominated by a political party petition or an unaffiliated petition
8	as provided in part 9 of article 4 of this title 1. Nomination petitions may
9	be circulated beginning the first date on which a protest may be filed and
10	must be filed no later than FIFTEEN CALENDAR DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE
11	FOR HOLDING THE ELECTION AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 1-12-111 FOR STATE
12	RECALL ELECTIONS AND twenty-five calendar days prior to the date for
13	holding the election as provided in section 1-12-111 FOR OTHER RECALL
14	ELECTIONS. If the election is to be held with a general election,
15	nomination petitions must be filed no later than five days prior to the date
16	to certify ballot content for the general election.
17	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-40-121, repeal
18	(2)(b) as follows:
19	1-40-121. Designated representatives - expenditures related to
20	petition circulation - report - penalty - definitions. (2) No later than
21	ten days after the date that the petition is filed with the secretary of state,
22	the designated representatives of the proponents must submit to the
23	secretary of state a report that:
24	(b) Includes any other expenditures made by any person or issue
25	committee related to the circulation of petitions for signatures. Such
26	information shall include the name of the person or issue committee and
27	the amount of the expenditure.

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1	SECTION <u>48.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-40-136 as
2	follows:
3	1-40-136. Bills enacted in the second regular session of the
4	seventy-second general assembly that include an act subject to
5	petition clause - legislative declaration. (1) (a) The general assembly
6	finds and declares that:
7	(I) The second regular session of the seventy-second general
8	assembly convened on January 8, 2020, and was scheduled to adjourn
9	sine die on May 6, 2020, pursuant to section 8 of article V of the state
10	constitution and Joint Rule 23 (d) of the joint rules of the senate and
11	house of representatives, which deems the constitutional maximum for
12	the legislative session of one hundred twenty calendar days to be one
13	hundred twenty consecutive calendar days;
14	(II) Joint Rule 44 (g) of the joint rules of the senate and house of
15	representatives states that the "maximum of one hundred twenty calendar
16	days shall be counted as one hundred twenty separate working
17	calendar days if the Governor has declared a state of disaster emergency";
18	(III) On March 10, 2020, the governor declared a disaster
19	emergency due to the presence of coronavirus disease 2019, known as
20	"COVID-19", and the public health crisis necessitated the temporary
21	adjournment of the second regular session of the seventy-second general
22	assembly;
23	(IV) On March 16, 2020, concerned that any legislation enacted
24	after May 6, 2020, could be subject to challenge if Joint Rule 44 (g) were
25	deemed unconstitutional, the general assembly submitted an interrogatory
26	to the Colorado supreme court;
27	(V) On April 1, 2020, the Colorado supreme court found in In re:

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Interrogatory on House Joint Resolution 20-1006, 2020 CO 23 (Colo. 2020), that Joint Rule 44 (g) was constitutional. Consequently, once it reconvenes, the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly may continue for the fifty-two remaining legislative days.

(VI) The governor has extended the declared disaster emergency several times, which will now expire thirty days from May 7, 2020, and it is likely that the governor's declared disaster emergency will be further extended; and

(VII) The second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly remained in temporary adjournment until it reconvened on May 26, 2020, which will be counted as the sixty-ninth legislative day. It is uncertain when the general assembly will adjourn sine die, but it could be as late as July 30, 2020, under Joint Rule 44 (g) or later if the body undertakes another temporary adjournment.

- (b) The general assembly further finds and declares that:
- (I) If a bill does not include a safety clause, it is subject to the people's referendum power under section 1 of article V of the state constitution, which provides that a person can file a referendum petition up to ninety days after a general assembly's adjournment sine die to place an act, or an item, section, or part of an act on the ballot at a general election;

(II) When the seventy-second general assembly commenced its second regular session on January 8, 2020, and until it reconvened on May 26, 2020, the act subject to petition clause specified that if a referendum petition were filed against an act, or an item, section, or part of an act, it would be placed on the ballot for the November 2020 general election;

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1	(III) The act subject to petition clause implicates two interlocking
2	issues, both of which have constitutional, statutory, and practical
3	dimensions;
4	(IV) If a petition is filed within the ninety days allowed by the
5	state constitution, the office of the secretary of state must validate the
6	petition to determine if it is sufficient. Before the election, the office of
7	the secretary of state must also certify the content of the ballot and county
8	clerk and recorders must print and mail ballots in accordance with
9	deadlines set forth in both state and federal law.
10	(V) At the same time, the constitution requires legislative council
11	staff to distribute the ballot information booklets, which includes an
12	analysis of each measure placed on the ballot, at least thirty days before
13	the election. This process also involves multiple steps.
14	(VI) Because of the delayed adjournment sine die due to
15	COVID-19, there will not be sufficient time after the constitutional
16	deadline to file petitions to meet the deadline in federal law for the
17	distribution of ballots to uniformed and overseas citizens or the deadline
18	in the state constitution for the distribution of the ballot information
19	booklets for the 2020 general election on November 3;
20	(VII) Section 1 (4)(a) of article V of the state constitution
21	specifies that "elections on measures initiated by or referred to the people
22	of the state shall be held at the biennial regular general election". While
23	under normal circumstances this is understood to mean the general
24	election that follows the session of the general assembly that passed the
25	bill, the constitution does not specify that the election be held at the next
26	general election.
27	(VIII) Because of the delayed adjournment sine die due to

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COVID-19, and the resulting inability to place bills referred by petition on the ballot for the 2020 general election, it is reasonable to interpret section 1 (4)(a) of article V of the state constitution to mean the November 2022 general election instead of the November 2020 general election;

(IX) Referencing the November 2022 general election instead of

the November 2020 general election preserves the right of referendum, affords the ability to comply with the other statutory and constitutional deadlines for the November 2020 election, and avoids the uncertainty that might come with the risk of legal challenges if this issue is not addressed;

(X) Amending the act subject to petition clause in each bill could require amending hundreds of pending bills and would require changing the act subject to petition clause in over seventy enacted bills; and

(XI) It is a more efficient solution to enact this section to address the issue for all bills enacted in the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly.

- (c) The general assembly further finds and declares that:
- (I) The act subject to petition clause in bills that were pending or enacted prior to the temporary adjournment of the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly on March 14, 2020, make reference to August 5, 2020, as the possible effective date of such bills if adjournment sine die was on May 6, 2020; and

(II) Because the adjournment sine die of the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly was delayed beyond May 6, 2020, this section is intended to reiterate that unless a later date is otherwise specified in the act, the effective date for any act, or an item, section or part of an act with an act subject to petition clause is 12:01 a.m.

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on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after adjournment sine die, not August 5, 2020.

- (2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for any act, item, section, or part of an act that is enacted by bill with an act subject to petition clause during the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly:
- (a) The act, item, section, or part of the act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after adjournment sine die of the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly, unless a later date is otherwise specified in the act; and
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a) of this section, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against such an act, item, section, or part of the act within the ninety-day period after adjournment sine die of the second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly, then the act, item, section, or part of the act will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.
- **SECTION <u>49.</u>** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-103.7, **add** (5.7) as follows:
- 1-45-103.7. Contribution limits county offices school district director treatment of independent expenditure committees contributions from limited liability companies voter instructions on spending limits definitions. (5.7) A NATURAL PERSON WHO IS NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, OR A FOREIGN CORPORATION SHALL NOT MAKE ANY DIRECT BALLOT ISSUE OR BALLOT

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1	QUESTION EXPENDITURE IN CONNECTION WITH AN ELECTION ON A BALLOT
2	ISSUE OR BALLOT QUESTION IN THE STATE.
3	SECTION <u>50.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-110, amend
4	(2.5), (3.5), and (4) as follows:
5	1-45-110. Candidate affidavit - disclosure statement. (2.5) A
6	candidate seeking reelection does not have to file another disclosure
7	statement required by subsection (2)(a) of this section if the incumbent
8	has filed the annual report required by section 24-6-202 (2) WITHIN
9	THIRTY DAYS OF THE DATE ON WHICH THE INCUMBENT BECAME A
10	CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION.
11	(3.5) Any complaints In addition to any other process
12	PROVIDED IN LAW OR RULE, ANY PERSON MAY FILE A COMPLAINT WITH THE
13	SECRETARY OF STATE about a candidate not complying with the
14	requirements of this section. shall be treated as a campaign finance
15	complaint pursuant to section 1-45-111.7 (2)(a).
16	(4) Any disclosure statement required by subsection (2) of this
17	section shall be amended no more than thirty days after any termination,
18	or acquisition, OR SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE of interests as to which
19	disclosure is required.
20	SECTION <u>51.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-6-202, amend
21	(1) introductory portion, (1.5) , $(2)(a)$, $(2)(f)$, (3) , (5) , and (7) ; repeal (1.7) ,
22	(4), and (6); and add (1.3), (8), (9), and (10) as follows:
23	24-6-202. Disclosure - contents - filing - false or incomplete
24	filing - penalty. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1.7) of
25	this section, Not later than the January 10 following his or her election,
26	reelection, appointment, or retention in office, written disclosure, OF EACH
27	CALENDAR YEAR, EACH OF THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS SHALL FILE AN

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1	ANNUAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF
2	COLORADO in such form as the secretary of state shall prescribe
3	PRESCRIBES, stating the interests named INFORMATION SPECIFIED in
4	subsection (2) of this section: shall be made to and filed with the secretary
5	of state of Colorado by
6	(1.3) If an individual begins serving in one of the positions
7	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION AFTER JANUARY 10 AND
8	HAS NOT FILED A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITHIN THE PREVIOUS THIRTY
9	DAYS, THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL FILE A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT NO LATER
10	THAN TEN DAYS AFTER ASSUMING THE POSITION.
11	(1.5) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to any
12	person INDIVIDUAL who is serving in any position noted in said SPECIFIED
13	IN subsection (1) on July 1, 1979 OF THIS SECTION ON OR AFTER JANUARY
14	1,2024. If an individual who is specified in subsection (1) of this
15	SECTION IS SERVING IN OFFICE IN THE 2024CALENDAR YEAR BUT HAS NOT
16	FILED AN ANNUAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IN THE $2024\mathrm{CALENDAR}$ YEAR,
17	THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL FILE A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT NO LATER THAN
18	July 1, 2024, or in accordance with the requirements specified in
19	SUBSECTION (1.3) of this section, whichever is sooner.
20	(1.7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any
21	person who has timely filed an amended statement with the secretary of
22	state pursuant to subsection (4) of this section is not required to

subsection (1) of this section by the January 10 following his or her
 election, reelection, appointment, or retention in office.
 (2) Disclosure must include the following for the previous

23

27

(2) Disclosure must include the following for the previous calendar year, unless otherwise specified:

additionally file a disclosure statement satisfying the requirements of

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(a) The names, and amounts, disclosed as a range included AS PROVIDED in the form prescribed by the secretary of state, of any source or sources of any income, including capital gains, whether or not taxable, of the person making disclosure, the person's spouse, and any minor children residing with the person making the disclosure;

- (f) The name of each creditor to whom the person making disclosure, the person's spouse, or the person's minor children owe money in excess of one thousand dollars, including the interest rate and the highest amount owed, disclosed as a range included AS PROVIDED in the form prescribed by the secretary of state, for the calendar year covered in the statement;
- (3) Any disclosure statement shall be amended no more than thirty days after any termination, or acquisition, OR SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE of interests as to which disclosure is required.
- (4) (a) Any person required by this section to file a disclosure statement shall, on or before January 10 of each calendar year, file an amended statement with the secretary of state or notify the secretary of state in writing that the person has had no change of condition since the previous filing of a disclosure statement.
- (b) Any incumbent seeking reelection is not required to file a separate disclosure statement required by section 1-45-110 if the incumbent has filed a disclosure statement as required by subsection (4)(a) of this section.
- (5) Each disclosure statement amended statement, or notification that no amendment is required shall be IS public information available to any person upon request during normal working hours AND SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE ON THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S WEBSITE.

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(6) Any person subject to the provisions of this section may elect
to file with the secretary of state annually a copy of his federal income tax
return and any separate federal income tax return filed by his spouse or
minor children residing with him together with a certified statement of
any investments held by him, his spouse, or minor children residing with
him which are not reflected by the income tax returns in lieu of
complying with the provisions of subsections (1) to (4) of this section,
which tax return and any statement filed under the provisions of this
subsection (6) shall be public information.

- (7) Any person who willfully files a false or incomplete disclosure statement, amendment, or notice that no amendment is required, or who willfully files a false or incomplete copy of any federal income tax return or a false or incomplete certified statement of investments, or who willfully fails to make any filing required by this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars.
- (8) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PROCESS PROVIDED IN LAW OR RULE, INCLUDING ARTICLE XXIX OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, ANY PERSON WHO BELIEVES AN OFFICIAL LISTED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION MAY FILE A COMPLAINT WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE; <u>AND</u>
- (b) THE CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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1	(9) UPON RECEIVING A COMPLAINT, THE PERSON OR PERSONS
2	RECEIVING THE COMPLAINT SHALL FOLLOW ANY EXISTING PROCEDURES
3	FOR INVESTIGATING ETHICS COMPLAINTS OR VIOLATIONS.
4	(10) IF AN OFFICIAL SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) \blacksquare of this
5	SECTION DOES NOT TIMELY FILE THE REQUIRED ANNUAL DISCLOSURE
6	STATEMENT, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL FORWARD NOTIFICATION TO
7	THE APPROPRIATE INDIVIDUAL $\underline{}$ SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS
8	SECTION.
9	SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-203, add
10	(3)(d) as follows:
11	24-72-203. Public records open to inspection.
12	(3) (d) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, IF
13	THE PUBLIC RECORDS REQUESTED ARE ELECTION-RELATED AND ARE IN THE
14	CUSTODY AND CONTROL OF A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER BUT ARE IN
15	ACTIVE USE, IN STORAGE, OR OTHERWISE NOT READILY AVAILABLE AT THE
16	TIME A REQUESTER ASKS TO EXAMINE THEM, AND THE REQUEST IS MADE
17	DURING AN ELECTION FOR WHICH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER IS
18	THE DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
19	MAY, AT THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER'S DISCRETION, TAKE
20	ADDITIONAL TIME TO FULFILL THE REQUEST AS SPECIFIED IN THIS
21	SUBSECTION (3)(d); EXCEPT THAT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION
22	(3)(d) DO NOT APPLY IF THE REQUESTER OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS IS A MASS
23	MEDIUM ORGANIZATION AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-90-119 (1)(a), OR A
24	NEWSPERSON, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-90-119 (1)(c). THE COUNTY
25	CLERK AND RECORDER MAY TAKE ADDITIONAL TIME TO FULFILL THE
26	REQUEST AS FOLLOWS:
7	(I) DUDING THE DEDIOD REGINNING ON THE SIXTIETH DAY REFORE

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1	ELECTION DAY AND CONCLUDING WITH THE DATE BY WHICH THE COUNTY
2	CLERK AND RECORDER CERTIFIES THE FINAL OFFICIAL ABSTRACT OF VOTES
3	CAST FOR THE APPLICABLE ELECTION, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
4	MAY EXTEND THE PERIOD FOR PRODUCTION OF RECORDS UP TO AN
5	ADDITIONAL TEN WORKING DAYS PAST THE SEVEN-DAY EXTENSION
6	ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION;
7	(II) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN
8	NOTICE OF THE EXTENSION TO THE REQUESTER WITHIN THREE WORKING
9	DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE REQUEST;
10	(III) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAY NOT EXTEND THE
11	PERIOD FOR PRODUCTION OF ANY RECORD THAT:
12	(A) IS A LIST OF VOTERS, A LIST OF VOTERS WHO HAVE RETURNED
13	THEIR BALLOTS, OR A LIST OF VOTERS WHO HAVE BALLOTS THAT NEED TO
14	BE CURED; OR
15	(B) IS NECESSARY FOR AN INTERESTED PARTY, AS DEFINED IN
16	SECTION 1-10.5-106 (1), TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT TO REQUEST A
17	RECOUNT UNDER SECTION 1-10.5-106, OR TO FACILITATE THE CONDUCT OF
18	A RECOUNT; AND
19	(IV) A REQUESTER WHOSE PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST IS SUBJECT
20	TO THE EXTENSION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(3)(d)(I)$ of this section
21	MAY APPLY TO THE DISTRICT COURT UNDER THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH
22	IN SECTION 1-1-113 FOR AN ORDER DIRECTING THE COUNTY CLERK AND
23	RECORDER TO PRODUCE THE REQUESTED RECORDS OR SHOW CAUSE WHY
24	THE ADDITIONAL EXTENSION PERIOD APPLIES.
25	SECTION 53. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-101, add (6) as
26	follows:
27	1-4-101. Primary elections - when - nominations - expenses -

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1	legislative declaration. (6) (a) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND
2	DECLARES THAT, FOR THIS SUBSECTION (6), IT INTENDS THAT A GENERAL
3	PROVISION WITH A LATER EFFECTIVE DATE PREVAILS OVER A SPECIFIC
4	PROVISION WITH AN EARLIER EFFECTIVE DATE.
5	(b) A DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL MAY CONDUCT AN
6	ALL-CANDIDATE PRIMARY ELECTION USING AN ALL-CANDIDATE PRIMARY
7	BALLOT ONLY AFTER THE REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION
8	1-7-1002 (2.5) HAVE BEEN SATISFIED.
9	SECTION 54. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-1002, amend
10	(1); and add (2.5) as follows:
11	1-7-1002. Ranked voting methods - report - legislative
12	declaration - definitions. (1) As used in this part 10, unless the context
13	otherwise requires:
14	(a) "FEDERAL OFFICE" MEANS UNITED STATES SENATOR,
15	REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, OR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
16	(b) "Local government" means a statutory city or town or a special
17	district created pursuant to article 1 of title 32. C.R.S.
18	(c) "STATE OFFICE" MEANS DISTRICT ATTORNEY, STATE
19	REPRESENTATIVE, STATE SENATOR, REGENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
20	COLORADO, STATE TREASURER, SECRETARY OF STATE, ATTORNEY
21	GENERAL, OR GOVERNOR.
22	(2.5) (a) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT FOR
23	THIS SUBSECTION (2.5) , IT INTENDS THAT A GENERAL PROVISION WITH A
24	LATER EFFECTIVE DATE PREVAILS OVER A SPECIFIC PROVISION WITH AN
25	EARLIER EFFECTIVE DATE.
26	(b) BEFORE A PRIMARY OR GENERAL ELECTION CAN USE A RANKED
27	VOTING METHOD FOR FEDERAL OR STATE OFFICES THE SECRETARY OF

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1	STATE MUST CERTIFY THAT:
2	(I) MUNICIPALITIES IN AT LEAST THREE COUNTIES WITH MORE
3	THAN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS, AT LEAST
4	THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED BUT FEWER THAN TWO HUNDRED
5	FIFTY THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS, AT LEAST TEN THOUSAND BUT FEWER
6	THAN THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED ACTIVE ELECTORS, AND
7	FEWER THAN TEN THOUSAND ACTIVE ELECTORS, HAVE COORDINATED WITH
8	THE MUNICIPALITY'S COUNTY CLERK TO CONDUCT AN ELECTION WITH A
9	RANKED VOTING METHOD;
10	(II) AT LEAST TWO COUNTIES SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(2.5)(b)(I)$
11	OF THIS SECTION HAVE A POPULATION OF AT LEAST TWO THOUSAND
12	CITIZENS OR AT LEAST TWO AND ONE-HALF PERCENT OF CITIZENS AGED
13	EIGHTEEN YEARS OR OLDER WHO SPEAK ENGLISH LESS THAN VERY WELL,
14	AS DEFINED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU "AMERICAN
15	COMMUNITY SURVEY" OR COMPARABLE CENSUS DATA, AND WHO SPEAK
16	A SHARED LANGUAGE IN THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE;
17	(III) AT LEAST TWO COUNTIES SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(2.5)(b)(I)$
18	OF THIS SECTION HAVE A POPULATION OF TWO THOUSAND NON-WHITE
19	ACTIVE ELECTORS OR AT LEAST TWO AND ONE-HALF PERCENT NON-WHITE
20	ACTIVE ELECTORS AS DEFINED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU
21	"AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY" OR COMPARABLE CENSUS DATA; AND
22	(IV) A RISK-LIMITING AUDIT HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED
23	FOR EACH MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN THE MUNICIPALITIES SPECIFIED IN
24	SUBSECTION $(2.5)(b)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION AND HAS DEMONSTRATED THAT
25	THE CERTIFIED OUTCOMES IN EACH RACE WERE CORRECT.
26	(c) When all of the requirements specified in subsection
27	(2.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION ARE SATISFIED AND REFORE A PRIMARY OR

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1	GENERAL ELECTION CAN USE A RANKED VOTING METHOD FOR FEDERAL OR
2	STATE OFFICES, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL PROVIDE A REPORT AS
3	PART OF THE SECRETARY'S PRESENTATION TO THE LEGISLATIVE
4	COMMITTEES OF REFERENCE AT THE COMMITTEES HEARINGS HELD
5	PURSUANT TO THE "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR ACCOUNTABLE,
6	RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART) GOVERNMENT ACT"
7	PURSUANT TO PART 2 OF ARTICLE 7 OF TITLE 2, REGARDING THE IMPACT OF
8	RANKED CHOICE VOTING METHODS AS COMPARED TO ELECTIONS
9	CONDUCTED THROUGH OTHER VOTING METHODS. AS AVAILABLE, THE
10	REPORT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING SPOILAGE OF BALLOTS,
11	UNDERVOTES, RECORD OF USE AND RESULTS OF RISK-LIMITING AUDITS,
12	AND THE IMPACT ON VOTER TURNOUT IN HISTORICALLY
13	UNDER-REPRESENTED COMMUNITIES, INCLUDING THE DISABLED
14	COMMUNITY, NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING VOTERS, AND NON-WHITE VOTERS.
15	SECTION 55. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 30-10-109
16	as follows:
17	30-10-109. Office hours. All county offices shall MUST be kept
18	open for the transaction of county business on the days and during the
19	hours designated by resolution of the board of county commissioners.
20	However, all clerks of court, CLERK AND RECORDERS, and sheriffs shall
21	be ARE subject, at all times, to the command of the people, and each
22	thereof shall at all hours, night and day, be prepared to attend such duties
23	as may reasonably be required of them.
24	SECTION 56. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-77-109, repeal
25	as added by Section 13 of Senate Bill 24-230 (2); and add (4) as
26	follows:
27	24-77-109. Definition of fee - scope - legislative declaration -

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1	definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, "fee" means any fee
2	charged for remediation services that positively impact the environment,
3	such as the production fee for clean transit imposed pursuant to section
4	43-4-1204, the production fee for wildlife and land remediation imposed
5	pursuant to section 33-61-103, and the congestion impact fee imposed
6	pursuant to section 43-4-806 (7.6).
7	(4) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT:
8	(a) THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
9	(1) OF THIS SECTION DIRECTLY AMENDS SECTION $\overline{20}$ OF ARTICLE \overline{X} OF THE
10	STATE CONSTITUTION, AND THAT SECTION $\overline{20}$ OF ARTICLE \overline{X} CONTAINS
11	PROVISIONS OF LAW GOVERNING ELECTION PROCESSES SPECIFIC TO STATE
12	FISCAL MATTERS, INCLUDING VOTER APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS AND
13	BALLOT LANGUAGE THAT MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE VOTERS FOR
14	CERTAIN MEASURES, AND CONTAINS SUBSECTIONS ENTITLED "ELECTION
15	PROVISIONS" AND "REQUIRED ELECTIONS";
16	(b) THE AMENDMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
17	SECTION WOULD AMEND SECTION $\overline{20}$ OF ARTICLE \overline{X} OF THE STATE
18	CONSTITUTION, AND THAT SUCH AMENDMENT, BY DEFINING A "FEE", IS
19	LIKELY TO IMPACT CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTION REQUIREMENTS AND MAY
20	RESULT IN ADDITIONAL REVENUE SOURCES BEING SUBMITTED TO THE
21	VOTERS PURSUANT TO ELECTION REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN SECTION
22	20 OF ARTICLE X; AND
23	(c) THEREFORE, THIS SECTION, BY CONSTRUING AND
24	EFFECTUATING SUCH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, IS A LAW REGARDING
25	ELECTIONS.
26	SECTION 57. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-77-109, repeal
27	as added by Section 14 of Senate Bill 24-230 (2); and add (4) as

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1	follows:
2	24-77-109. Definition of fee - scope - legislative declaration -
3	definitions - repeal. (2) As used in this section, "fee" means any fee
4	charged for remediation services that positively impact the environment,
5	such as the production fee for clean transit imposed pursuant to section
6	43-4-1204 and the production fee for wildlife and land remediation
7	imposed pursuant to section 33-61-103.
8	(4) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT:
9	(a) THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
10	(1) of this section directly amends section 20 of article \overline{X} of the
11	STATE CONSTITUTION, AND THAT SECTION 20 OF ARTICLE X CONTAINS
12	PROVISIONS OF LAW GOVERNING ELECTION PROCESSES SPECIFIC TO STATE
13	FISCAL MATTERS, INCLUDING VOTER APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS AND
14	BALLOT LANGUAGE THAT MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE VOTERS FOR
15	CERTAIN MEASURES, AND CONTAINS SUBSECTIONS ENTITLED "ELECTION
16	PROVISIONS" AND "REQUIRED ELECTIONS";
17	(b) The amendment described in subsection (1) of this
18	SECTION WOULD AMEND SECTION $\overline{20}$ OF ARTICLE \overline{X} OF THE STATE
19	CONSTITUTION, AND THAT SUCH AMENDMENT, BY DEFINING A "FEE", IS
20	LIKELY TO IMPACT CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTION REQUIREMENTS AND MAY
21	RESULT IN ADDITIONAL REVENUE SOURCES BEING SUBMITTED TO THE
22	VOTERS PURSUANT TO ELECTION REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN SECTION
23	20 OF ARTICLE X; AND
24	(c) THEREFORE, THIS SECTION, BY CONSTRUING AND
25	EFFECTUATING SUCH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, IS A LAW REGARDING
26	ELECTIONS.
27	SECTION 58. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 30-10-306.2,

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1	amend $(4)(b)(1)(B)$; and add $(4)(b)(1)(F)$ as follows:
2	30-10-306.2. Commission organization - procedures -
3	transparency - voting requirements. (4) (b) To ensure transparency in
4	the redistricting process:
5	(I) (B) Except as provided in subsection (4)(b)(I)(D) SUBSECTIONS
6	(4)(b)(I)(D) AND (4)(b)(I)(F) of this section, a member of the commission
7	shall not communicate with staff or any members of the advisory
8	committee on the mapping of county commissioner districts unless the
9	communication is during a public meeting or hearing of the commission.
10	(F) STAFF MAY MAKE A COMPLETED PROPOSED PLAN THAT STAFF
11	PREPARED AS A RESULT OF A REQUEST MADE IN A PUBLIC HEARING
12	AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC ON THE COMMISSION'S WEBSITE. IN ADDITION.
13	STAFF MAY COMMUNICATE WITH A MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION OR THE
14	ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO CLARIFY DIRECTIONS THAT WERE GIVEN TO
15	STAFF DURING A PUBLIC MEETING REGARDING THE CREATION OF A
16	PROPOSED PLAN, SO LONG AS STAFF MAKES A RECORD OF THE CONTENT OF
17	THE COMMUNICATION AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC ON THE COMMISSION'S
18	<u>WEBSITE.</u>
19	SECTION 59. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-1-111, amend (1)
20	introductory portion and (2) as follows:
21	1-1-111. Powers and duties of governing boards. (1) In
22	addition to any other duties prescribed by law, the governing board of a
23	political subdivision, OTHER THAN A COUNTY OR CITY AND COUNTY
24	entitled to call elections shall have the following duties:
25	(2) All powers and authority granted to the governing board of a
26	political subdivision, OTHER THAN A COUNTY OR CITY AND COUNTY, may
27	be exercised by an election official designated by the board. The

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1	governing body may also contract with the county clerk and recorder of
2	the county in which the political subdivision is organized to perform all
3	or part of the required duties in conducting the election.
4	SECTION 60. Appropriation. (1) For the 2024-25 state fiscal
5	year, \$10,444 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This
6	appropriation is from the Colorado DRIVES vehicle services account in
7	the highway users tax fund created in section 42-1-211 (2), C.R.S. To
8	implement this act, the department may use this appropriation as follows:
9	(a) \$576 for the division of motor vehicles for personal services
10	related to vehicle services;
11	(b) \$7,840 for DRIVES maintenance and support;
12	(c) \$840 for the executive director's office for personal services
13	related to administration and support; and
14	(d) \$1,188 for the purchase of information technology
15	services.
16	(2) For the 2024-25 state fiscal year, \$1,188 is appropriated to the
17	office of the governor for use by the office of information technology.
18	This appropriation is from reappropriated funds received from the
19	department of revenue under subsection (1)(d) of this section. To
20	implement this act, the office may use this appropriation to provide
21	information technology services for the department of revenue.
22	(3) For the 2024-25 state fiscal year, \$3,654 is appropriated to the
23	department of state for use by the elections division. This appropriation
24	is from the department of state cash fund created in section 24-21-104
25	(3)(b), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use this
26	appropriation for operating expenses related to elections.
2.7	SECTION 61. Effective date. (1) Except as otherwise provided

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1	in this section, this act takes effect upon passage.
2	(2) Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 11 of this act and section 1-4-802
3	(1)(d)(II) and (1)(f)(II), C.R.S., as amended in section 10 of this act, take
4	effect January 1, 2025.
5	(3) Sections 53 and 54 of this act take effect March 1, 2026.
6	(4) Sections 56 and 57 of this act take effect only if Senate Bill
7	24-230 becomes law, in which case, sections 56 and 57 take effect upon
8	the effective date of this act or Senate Bill 24-230, whichever is later.
9	SECTION 62. Safety clause. The general assembly finds
10	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
11	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
12	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
13	institutions.

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