# Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **ENGROSSED**

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 14-0975.01 Kristen Forrestal x4217

**SENATE BILL 14-173** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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**Senate Committees**Health & Human Services

**House Committees** 

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE RECOMMENDATION THAT CERTAIN PERSONS BE
102 OFFERED A TEST FOR THE HEPATITIS C VIRUS.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries">http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</a>.)

The bill states that the department of public health and environment (department) recommends that each treating primary health care provider, physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner who treats a patient born between 1945 and 1965 in an inpatient or outpatient setting offer the patient hepatitis C screening or hepatitis C diagnostic

testing unless the patient:

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- ! Is being treated for a life-threatening emergency;
- ! Has previously been offered the testing; or
- Lacks capacity to give consent.

If the offer is accepted and the test is reactive, the health care provider is required to offer the patient follow-up care or refer the patient for follow-up care.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

- SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly
   hereby finds and declares that:
- 4 (a) More than seventy-five percent of adults with hepatitis C are baby boomers born between 1945 and 1965;
  - (b) The number of hepatitis C infections is five times higher among persons born between 1945 and 1965 than among adults born in other years and most do not know that they are infected;
  - (c) As baby boomers age, there is a greater chance that they will develop serious, life-threatening liver disease from hepatitis C;
    - (d) Testing people will help them learn if they are infected and get them into lifesaving care and treatment;
    - (e) Early diagnosis and treatment of hepatitis C can help prevent liver damage, cirrhosis, and liver cancer; and
  - (f) The federal center for disease control and prevention recommends that anyone born from 1945 to 1965 get tested for hepatitis C.
  - (2) Therefore, it is the recommendation of the general assembly that health care providers offer hepatitis C screenings to people born between 1945 and 1965.
- SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-4-2005 as follows:

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1	25-4-2005. Hepatitis C testing - recommendations - definitions.
2	(1) THE DEPARTMENT RECOMMENDS THAT EACH PRIMARY HEALTH CARE
3	PROVIDER OR PHYSICIAN, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, OR NURSE PRACTITIONER
4	WHO TREATS A PATIENT IN AN INPATIENT OR OUTPATIENT SETTING MAY
5	OFFER A PERSON BORN BETWEEN THE YEARS OF 1945 AND 1965 A
6	HEPATITIS C SCREENING TEST OR HEPATITIS C DIAGNOSTIC TEST UNLESS
7	THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER PROVIDING SUCH SERVICES REASONABLY
8	BELIEVES THAT:
9	(a) The patient is being treated for a life-threatening
10	EMERGENCY;
11	(b) THE PATIENT HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN OFFERED OR HAS BEEN
12	THE SUBJECT OF A HEPATITIS C SCREENING; OR
13	(c) THE PATIENT LACKS CAPACITY TO CONSENT TO A HEPATITIS C
14	SCREENING TEST.
15	(2) IF A PATIENT ACCEPTS THE OFFER OF A HEPATITIS C SCREENING
16	TEST AND THE SCREENING TEST IS REACTIVE, THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER
17	MAY EITHER OFFER THE PATIENT FOLLOW-UP HEALTH CARE OR REFER THE
18	INDIVIDUAL TO A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO CAN PROVIDE FOLLOW-UP
19	HEALTH CARE, INCLUDING A HEPATITIS C DIAGNOSTIC TEST.
20	(3) THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER SHALL MAKE THE OFFER OF A
21	HEPATITIS C SCREENING TO THE PATIENT IN A LINGUISTICALLY AND
22	CULTURALLY APPROPRIATE MANNER, AS DETERMINED BY RULES
23	PROMULGATED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
24	(4) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION AFFECTS THE SCOPE OF PRACTICE OF
25	A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER OR DIMINISHES ANY AUTHORITY OR LEGAL OR
26	PROFESSIONAL OBLIGATION OF A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TO OFFER A
27	HEPATITIS C SCREENING TEST OR HEPATITIS C DIAGNOSTIC TEST OR TO

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1	PROVIDE	SERVICES	OR	CARE	FOR	THE	SUBJECT	OF	A	HEPATITIS	C
2	SCREENIN	IG TEST OR	HEP	ATITIS	C DIA	GNOS	STIC TEST.				

- 3 (5) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise 4 requires:
- 5 (a) "HEPATITIS C DIAGNOSTIC TEST" MEANS A LABORATORY TEST
  6 OR TESTS THAT DETECT THE PRESENCE OF HEPATITIS C VIRUS IN THE
  7 BLOOD AND PROVIDE CONFIRMATION OF WHETHER THE PATIENT HAS A
  8 HEPATITIS C INFECTION.

(b) "HEPATITIS C SCREENING TEST" MEANS A FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION-APPROVED RAPID POINT OF CARE TEST OR OTHER FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION-APPROVED TESTS THAT DETECT THE PRESENCE OF HEPATITIS C VIRUS ANTIBODIES IN THE BLOOD.

SECTION 3. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 6, 2014, if adjournment sine die is on May 7, 2014); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2014 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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