First Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 17-0388.01 Duane Gall x4335

SENATE BILL 17-156

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Hill,

Wist and Saine,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Business, Labor, & Technology

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING PREREQUISITES TO THE AUTHORITY OF A UNIT OWNERS'

102 ASSOCIATION TO PURSUE RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES INVOLVING

103 CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

The bill states that when the governing documents of a common interest community require mediation or arbitration of a construction defect claim and the requirement is later amended or removed, mediation or arbitration is still required for a construction defect claim. These provisions are in **section 3** of the bill. Section 3 also specifies that the mediation or arbitration must take place in the judicial district in which the community is located and that the arbitrator must:

- Be a neutral third party;
- Į. Make certain disclosures before being selected; and
- I Be selected as specified in the common interest community's governing documents or, if not so specified, in accordance with applicable state or federal laws governing mediation or arbitration.

Section 1 of the bill specifies that, in the arbitration of a construction defect action, the arbitrator is required to follow the substantive law of Colorado with regard to any applicable claim or defense and any remedy granted, and a failure to do so is grounds for a district court to vacate or refuse to confirm the arbitrator's award.

Section 4 of the bill requires that, before a construction defect claim is filed on behalf of the association:

- The parties must submit the matter to mediation before a L neutral third party; and
- I The board must give advance notice to all unit owners, together with a disclosure of the projected costs, duration, and financial impact of the construction defect claim, and must obtain the written consent of the owners of units to which at least a majority of the votes in the association are allocated.

Section 5 of the bill adds to the disclosures required prior to the purchase and sale of property in a common interest community a notice that the community's governing documents may require binding arbitration of certain disputes.

2

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-22-223, amend

- 3 (1.5) as follows:
- 4

Vacating award. (1.5) Notwithstanding the 13-22-223. 5 provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the fact that the relief was 6 such that it could not or would not be granted by a court of law or equity 7 is not grounds for vacating or refusing to confirm the award; EXCEPT 8 THAT, IN THE ARBITRATION OF AN ACTION AS DEFINED IN SECTION 9 13-20-802.5(1), THE ARBITRATOR SHALL FOLLOW THE SUBSTANTIVE LAW

10 OF COLORADO WITH REGARD TO ANY APPLICABLE CLAIM OR DEFENSE AND

¹ Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

ANY REMEDY GRANTED, AND IF THE REMEDY IS SUBSTANTIALLY AFFECTED
 BY THE ARBITRATOR'S FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE SUBSTANTIVE LAW OF
 COLORADO, THE COURT SHALL VACATE OR REFUSE TO CONFIRM THE
 AWARD OR REMAND THE CASE TO THE ARBITRATOR WITH DIRECTIONS, ON
 THAT BASIS.

6 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-33.3-103, add
7 (9.4), (9.7), and (16.3) as follows:

38-33.3-103. Definitions. As used in the declaration and bylaws
of an association, unless specifically provided otherwise or unless the
context otherwise requires, and in this article:

11 (9.4) "CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM" MEANS A CIVIL ACTION OR 12 AN ARBITRATION PROCEEDING FOR DAMAGES, INDEMNITY, OR 13 CONTRIBUTION BROUGHT AGAINST A CONSTRUCTION PROFESSIONAL TO 14 ASSERT A CLAIM, COUNTERCLAIM, CROSS-CLAIM, OR THIRD-PARTY CLAIM 15 FOR DAMAGES OR LOSS TO, OR THE LOSS OF USE OF, REAL OR PERSONAL 16 PROPERTY OR PERSONAL INJURY CAUSED BY A DEFECT IN THE DESIGN OR 17 CONSTRUCTION OF AN IMPROVEMENT TO REAL PROPERTY, REGARDLESS OF 18 THE THEORY OF LIABILITY.

19 (9.7) "CONSTRUCTION PROFESSIONAL" HAS THE MEANING SET
20 FORTH IN SECTION 13-20-802.5 (4).

21

(16.3) "GOVERNING DOCUMENTS" MEANS:

(a) THE DECLARATION, ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION, BYLAWS,
RULES, REGULATIONS, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES OF A COMMON
INTEREST COMMUNITY; AND

(b) IF A COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY DOES NOT EXIST OR IF
ANOTHER FORM OF ORGANIZATION CONTROLS A BUILDING OR COMMON
ELEMENT, ANY PARTY WALL AGREEMENT, RECIPROCAL EASEMENT

-3-

AGREEMENT, OR OTHER AGREEMENT, HOWEVER DENOMINATED, THAT
 PURPORTS TO ALLOCATE RIGHTS OR DUTIES REGARDING THE
 CONSTRUCTION OR MAINTENANCE OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY
 AMONG PERSONS WHO OWN OR OCCUPY THE PROPERTY.

5 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-33.3-124, amend
6 (3); and add (1)(a)(III) as follows:

7 38-33.3-124. Legislative declaration - alternative dispute 8 resolution encouraged - policy statement required. (1) (a) (III) THE 9 GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS AND DECLARES THAT WHEN THE 10 GOVERNING DOCUMENTS CONTAIN A REQUIREMENT THAT CONSTRUCTION 11 DEFECT CLAIMS BE SUBMITTED TO MEDIATION OR ARBITRATION, THAT 12 REQUIREMENT REPRESENTS A COMMITMENT ON THE PART OF THE OWNERS 13 AND THE ASSOCIATION ON WHICH DEVELOPMENT PARTIES ARE ENTITLED 14 TO RELY. THEREFORE, A LATER AMENDMENT TO THE GOVERNING 15 DOCUMENTS THAT REMOVES OR AMENDS THE MEDIATION OR ARBITRATION 16 REQUIREMENT SHOULD NOT APPLY TO CLAIMS THAT WERE ORIGINALLY 17 DESCRIBED IN THE MEDIATION OR ARBITRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE 18 GOVERNING DOCUMENTS.

19 (3) (a) The declaration, bylaws, or rules of the association 20 GOVERNING DOCUMENTS may specify situations in which disputes shall 21 be resolved by binding arbitration under MUST BE SUBMITTED TO A 22 MUTUALLY AGREED-UPON MEDIATOR OR, IN THE CASE OF AN ARBITRATION 23 SERVICE PROVIDER, AN ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER QUALIFIED 24 PURSUANT TO the uniform arbitration act, part 2 of article 22 of title 13, 25 C.R.S., OR BY ANOTHER MEANS OF ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION 26 UNDER THE FEDERAL ARBITRATION ACT, 9 U.S.C. SEC. 1 ET SEQ., or by another means of alternative dispute resolution under the "Dispute 27

-4-

Resolution Act", part 3 of article 22 of title 13. C.R.S. IF THOSE
 SITUATIONS INCLUDE A CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM AGAINST A
 CONSTRUCTION PROFESSIONAL, A SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENT TO THE
 GOVERNING DOCUMENTS THAT REMOVES OR AMENDS THE MEDIATION
 REQUIREMENT IS NOT EFFECTIVE WITH REGARD TO A CONSTRUCTION
 DEFECT CLAIM.

7 (b) (I) A CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM AGAINST A CONSTRUCTION 8 PROFESSIONAL MUST BE RESOLVED BY A QUALIFIED MEDIATOR IF THE 9 DISPUTE IS MEDIATED OR, IN THE CASE OF AN ARBITRATION SERVICE 10 PROVIDER, AN ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER QUALIFIED PURSUANT TO 11 THE UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT, PART 2 OF ARTICLE 22 OF TITLE 13. THE 12 PARTIES SHALL COOPERATE TO SELECT A MUTUALLY AGREED-UPON 13 MEDIATOR OR, IN THE CASE OF AN ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER, AN 14 ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER QUALIFIED PURSUANT TO THE UNIFORM 15 ARBITRATION ACT, PART 2 OF ARTICLE 22 OF TITLE 13, WITH A PREFERENCE 16 GIVEN TO THE MEDIATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER SPECIFIED 17 IN THE DECLARATION IF THAT PROVIDER IS QUALIFIED PURSUANT TO THE 18 UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT, PART 2 OF ARTICLE 22 OF TITLE 13. IF NO 19 ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER IS SPECIFIED IN THE GOVERNING 20 DOCUMENTS OR IF THE PARTIES ARE UNABLE TO AGREE UPON A MEDIATION 21 OR ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER, THEN, WITH RESPECT TO MEDIATION, 22 THE PARTIES MAY PETITION THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE JUDICIAL 23 DISTRICT IN WHICH THE COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY IS LOCATED TO 24 APPOINT A MEDIATOR AND, WITH RESPECT TO ARBITRATION, THE 25 ARBITRATION SERVICE PROVIDER SHALL BE SELECTED IN ACCORDANCE 26 WITH THE UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT, PART 2 OF ARTICLE 22 OF TITLE 13. 27 (II) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THE GOVERNING

-5-

DOCUMENTS TO THE CONTRARY, A MEDIATOR OR ARBITRATOR SELECTED
 TO PRESIDE OVER THE CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM MUST BE A NEUTRAL
 THIRD PARTY AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 13-22-211 (2). BEFORE BEING
 SELECTED TO PRESIDE OVER THE CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM, A
 PROPOSED MEDIATOR OR ARBITRATOR SHALL MAKE THE DISCLOSURES
 REQUIRED BY SECTION 13-22-212.

7 (III) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THE GOVERNING
8 DOCUMENTS TO THE CONTRARY, UNLESS THE PARTIES OTHERWISE AGREE,
9 THE MEDIATION OR ARBITRATION MUST BE HELD AT A MUTUALLY
10 AGREEABLE LOCATION WITHIN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT IN WHICH THE
11 PROPERTY IS LOCATED.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-33.3-303.5,
amend (1) and (2); and add (1.5) as follows:

38-33.3-303.5. Commencement of construction defect action 14 15 by executive board - notice to unit owners - disclosure of projected 16 costs - consent. (1) (a) In the event BEFORE the executive board, 17 pursuant to section 38-33.3-302 (1)(d), institutes an action asserting 18 defects in the construction of five or more units, the provisions of this 19 section shall apply. For purposes of this section, "action" shall have the 20 same meaning as set forth in section 13-20-803 (1), C.R.S. ANY A LEGAL 21 ACTION OR ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEEDING THAT 22 ASSERTS A CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM,

(b) the executive board shall substantially comply with the
 provisions of this section.

25 (b) This section applies only to a common interest26 COMMUNITY.

27 (1.5) AS A CONDITION PRECEDENT TO ANY CONSTRUCTION DEFECT

-6-

1 CLAIM, THE PARTIES MUST SUBMIT THE MATTER TO MEDIATION BEFORE A 2 NEUTRAL THIRD PARTY MUTUALLY SELECTED BY THE PARTIES TO THE 3 CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM. IF THE PARTIES ARE NOT ABLE TO AGREE 4 UPON A MEDIATOR, THEY MAY USE AN ALTERNATIVE SELECTION METHOD 5 SPECIFIED IN THE GOVERNING DOCUMENTS OR, IF NO ALTERNATIVE 6 SELECTION METHOD IS SPECIFIED, MAY PETITION THE DISTRICT COURT IN 7 THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED TO APPOINT A 8 MEDIATOR FOR THE CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM.

9 (2) (a) Prior to the service of the summons and complaint on any 10 defendant with respect to an action governed by this section WITHIN THE 11 TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (2)(c) OR (2)(d) OF THIS SECTION, 12 the executive board shall mail or deliver written notice of the 13 commencement or anticipated commencement of such THE action to each 14 unit owner at the OWNER'S last-known address described in the 15 association's records.

(b) WITH RESPECT TO A CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM, the notice
required by paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) shall state a general
description of the following SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION MUST
CONTAIN, AT A MINIMUM:

20 (I) A DESCRIPTION OF the nature of the action CONSTRUCTION
21 DEFECT CLAIM and the relief sought; and

(II) A GOOD-FAITH ESTIMATE OF THE BENEFITS AND RISKS
 INVOLVED, INCLUDING the expenses and fees that the executive board
 anticipates will be incurred BY THE ASSOCIATION in prosecuting the action
 CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM, IN SUBSTANTIALLY THE FOLLOWING FORM:
 1. IF THE ASSOCIATION DOES NOT FILE A CLAIM BY

27 [DATE], THE CLAIM CANNOT BE FILED AT ALL

UNDER THE APPLICABLE STATUTE OF LIMITATION, STATUTE
 OF REPOSE, OR BOTH.

3 2. IF THE ASSOCIATION PREVAILS, THE EXECUTIVE
4 BOARD EXPECTS THAT THE ASSOCIATION MAY RECOVER
5 FROM THE DEFENDANT(S) AN AMOUNT BETWEEN \$______
6 AND \$______

7 3. IF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD INTENDS TO ENTER INTO 8 A CONTINGENCY FEE ARRANGEMENT WITH THE ATTORNEYS 9 REPRESENTING THE ASSOCIATION, THE ATTORNEYS WILL BE 10 PAID A CONTINGENCY FEE EQUAL TO PERCENT OF 11 THE (NET) (GROSS) RECOVERY. THE EXECUTIVE BOARD 12 ESTIMATES THAT, IN ADDITION TO ATTORNEY FEES, THE 13 ASSOCIATION WILL INCUR COSTS TOTALING APPROXIMATELY \$ FOR CONSULTANTS, EXPERT WITNESSES, 14 15 DEPOSITIONS, FILING FEES, AND OTHER EXPENSES OF 16 LITIGATION.

17 4. IF THE ASSOCIATION MAKES A CLAIM AND DOES 18 NOT WIN, THE EXECUTIVE BOARD EXPECTS THAT THE 19 ASSOCIATION WILL HAVE TO PAY FOR ITS OWN ATTORNEY 20 FEES, CONSULTANT FEES, EXPERT WITNESS FEES, AND OTHER 21 COSTS (THE AMOUNT LISTED IN PARAGRAPH 3 ABOVE) PLUS, 22 UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, THE DEFENDANT'S 23 CONSULTANT FEES, EXPERT WITNESS FEES, AND COURT 24 COSTS.

25 5. IF THE ASSOCIATION DOES NOT RECOVER FROM
26 THE DEFENDANT(S), IT MAY HAVE TO PAY TO REPAIR OR
27 REPLACE THE CLAIMED DEFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION WORK. IN

-8-

ADDITION, UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, THE
 ASSOCIATION MAY HAVE TO PAY THE DEFENDANTS'
 ATTORNEY FEES.

4 6. UNTIL THE CLAIMED DEFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION
5 WORK IS REPAIRED OR REPLACED, OR UNTIL THE
6 CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM IS CONCLUDED, THE MARKET
7 VALUE OF THE AFFECTED UNITS WILL BE ADVERSELY
8 AFFECTED.

9 7. UNTIL THE CLAIMED DEFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION 10 WORK IS REPAIRED OR REPLACED. OR UNTIL THE CLAIM IS 11 CONCLUDED, OWNERS OF THE AFFECTED UNITS WILL HAVE 12 DIFFICULTY REFINANCING AND PROSPECTIVE BUYERS OF THE 13 AFFECTED UNITS WILL HAVE DIFFICULTY OBTAINING 14 FINANCING. IN ADDITION, CERTAIN FEDERAL UNDERWRITING 15 STANDARDS OR REGULATIONS PREVENT REFINANCING OR 16 OBTAINING A NEW LOAN IN PROJECTS WHERE A 17 CONSTRUCTION DEFECT IS CLAIMED. IN ADDITION, CERTAIN 18 LENDERS AS A MATTER OF POLICY WILL NOT REFINANCE OR 19 PROVIDE A NEW LOAN IN PROJECTS WHERE A CONSTRUCTION 20 DEFECT IS CLAIMED.

21 (c) WITH RESPECT TO A CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM:

(I) THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS
SECTION MUST BE SENT AT LEAST SIXTY DAYS BEFORE SERVICE OF THE
NOTICE OF CLAIM UNDER SECTION 13-20-803.5; AND

(II) THE CONSTRUCTION DEFECT CLAIM IS NOT AUTHORIZED
UNLESS THE EXECUTIVE BOARD OBTAINS THE SIGNED, WRITTEN CONSENT
FROM OWNERS, OTHER THAN THE DECLARANT, OF UNITS TO WHICH AT

-9-

1 LEAST A MAJORITY OF THE TOTAL VOTES, EXCLUDING VOTES ALLOCATED 2 TO UNITS OWNED BY THE DECLARANT, IN THE ASSOCIATION ARE 3 ALLOCATED; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE GOVERNING DOCUMENTS SPECIFY A 4 GREATER MARGIN THAN A SIMPLE MAJORITY FOR APPROVAL OF THE 5 ACTION, THAT MARGIN APPLIES. THE SIGNED, WRITTEN CONSENT 6 ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE OWNER HAS RECEIVED THE NOTICE REQUIRED 7 UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (2) AND APPROVES OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD'S 8 PROPOSED ACTION.

9 SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-35.7-102, amend
10 (1) as follows:

38-35.7-102. Disclosure - common interest community obligation to pay assessments - requirement for architectural
approval. (1) On and after January 1, 2007 2018, every contract for the
purchase and sale of residential real property in a common interest
community shall contain a disclosure statement in bold-faced type that is
clearly legible and in substantially the following form:

17 THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN A COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY AND IS 18 19 **SUBJECT TO THE DECLARATION FOR SUCH** THE 20 **COMMUNITY. THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY** 21 WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE A MEMBER OF THE 22 **OWNER'S ASSOCIATION FOR THE COMMUNITY** 23 AND WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE BYLAWS AND 24 RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE 25 ASSOCIATION. THE DECLARATION, BYLAWS, 26 AND RULES AND REGULATIONS WILL IMPOSE 27 FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS UPON THE OWNER

1 OF THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING AN 2 **OBLIGATION TO PAY ASSESSMENTS OF THE** 3 **ASSOCIATION. IF THE OWNER DOES NOT PAY** 4 THESE ASSESSMENTS, THE ASSOCIATION 5 **COULD PLACE A LIEN ON THE PROPERTY AND** POSSIBLY SELL IT TO PAY THE DEBT. THE 6 DECLARATION. BYLAWS. AND RULES AND 7 8 **REGULATIONS OF THE COMMUNITY MAY** 9 PROHIBIT THE OWNER FROM MAKING CHANGES TO THE PROPERTY WITHOUT AN 10 ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW BY 11 THE 12 ASSOCIATION (OR A COMMITTEE OF THE 13 ASSOCIATION) AND THE APPROVAL OF THE **ASSOCIATION.** THE DECLARATION FOR THE 14 15 COMMUNITY OR THE BYLAWS OR RULES AND 16 **REGULATIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION MAY REOUIRE THAT** 17 CERTAIN DISPUTES BE RESOLVED BY MANDATORY, 18 BINDING ARBITRATION. PURCHASERS OF 19 **PROPERTY WITHIN THE COMMON INTEREST** 20 COMMUNITY SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS OF 21 THE ASSOCIATION. PURCHASERS SHOULD 22 23 CAREFULLY READ THE DECLARATION FOR THE COMMUNITY AND THE BYLAWS AND 24 25 RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE 26 **ASSOCIATION.**

27 SECTION 6. Effective date - applicability. (1) Except as

- otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, this act takes effect
 upon passage.
- 3 (2) Section 5 of this act takes effect January 1, 2018, and applies
 4 to contracts executed on or after that date.
- 5 SECTION 7. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
- 6 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 7 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.