First Regular Session Sixty-eighth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 11-0688.01 Richard Sweetman

SENATE BILL 11-107

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Morse,

Barker,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Judiciary **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE RECOVERY OF NONECONOMIC DAMAGES IN A CIVIL
 102 ACTION CONCERNING DAMAGES RESULTING FROM A DUI
 103 INCIDENT.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Current law imposes a \$250,000 limit on noneconomic damages that may be recovered in a civil action. The bill creates an exception to this limit for actions concerning damages resulting from alcohol-related or drug-related driving incidents.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** 13-21-102.5 (2), (3) (a), and (3) (b), Colorado 3 Revised Statutes, are amended to read: 4 13-21-102.5. Limitations on damages for noneconomic loss or 5 injury. (2) As used in this section: 6 (a) "ALCOHOL-RELATED OR DRUG-RELATED DRIVING INCIDENT" 7 MEANS AN INCIDENT IN WHICH A PERSON WHO IS DRIVING UNDER THE 8 INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR ONE OR MORE DRUGS, AS DESCRIBED IN 9 SECTION 42-4-1307 (2) (b), C.R.S., OR DRIVING WHILE HIS OR HER ABILITY 10 IS IMPAIRED, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-4-1307 (2) (c), C.R.S., CAUSES 11 A LOSS OR INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON. 12 (a) (b) "Derivative noneconomic loss or injury" means 13 nonpecuniary harm or emotional stress to persons other than the person 14 suffering the direct or primary loss or injury. 15 (b) (c) "Noneconomic loss or injury" means nonpecuniary harm 16 for which damages are recoverable by the person suffering the direct or 17 primary loss or injury, including pain and suffering, inconvenience, 18 emotional stress, and impairment of the quality of life. "Noneconomic 19 loss or injury" includes a damage recovery for nonpecuniary harm for 20 actions brought under section 13-21-201 or 13-21-202. 21 (3) (a) In any civil action other than EXCEPT FOR medical 22 malpractice actions AND ACTIONS CONCERNING DAMAGES RESULTING 23 FROM ALCOHOL-RELATED OR DRUG-RELATED DRIVING INCIDENTS, IN ANY 24 CIVIL ACTION in which damages for noneconomic loss or injury may be 25 awarded, the total of such damages shall not exceed the sum of two 26 hundred fifty thousand dollars, unless the court finds justification by clear and convincing evidence therefor. In no case shall the amount of
noneconomic loss or injury damages exceed five hundred thousand
dollars. The damages for noneconomic loss or injury in a medical
malpractice action shall not exceed the limitations on noneconomic loss
or injury specified in section 13-64-302.

6 (b) In any civil action OTHER THAN AN ACTION CONCERNING 7 DAMAGES RESULTING FROM AN ALCOHOL-RELATED OR DRUG-RELATED 8 DRIVING INCIDENT, no damages for derivative noneconomic loss or injury 9 may be awarded unless the court finds justification by clear and 10 convincing evidence therefor. In no case shall the amount of such 11 damages exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

SECTION 2. 13-20-806 (4) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
amended to read:

14 **13-20-806.** Limitation of damages. (4) (a) In an action asserting 15 personal injury or bodily injury as a result of a construction defect in which damages for noneconomic loss or injury or derivative noneconomic 16 17 loss or injury may be awarded, such damages shall not exceed the sum of 18 two hundred fifty thousand dollars. As used in this subsection (4), 19 "noneconomic loss or injury" has the same meaning as set forth in section 20 13-21-102.5 (2) (b) SECTION 13-21-102.5 (2) (c), and "derivative 21 noneconomic loss or injury" has the same meaning as set forth in section 22 13-21-102.5 (2) (a) SECTION 13-21-102.5 (2) (b).

23 SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
 24 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 25 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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