First Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 13-0419.02 Ed DeCecco x4216

SENATE BILL 13-001

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Kefalas and Morse, Aguilar, Guzman, Ulibarri

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Kagan, Levy

House Committees

Senate Committees

State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING INCOME TAX CREDITS TO SUPPORT WORKING FAMILIES, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ENACTING THE "COLORADO WORKING FAMILIES ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY ACT OF 2013" AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Section 2 of the bill modifies the existing child care expenses income tax credit by:

- ! Allowing a taxpayer who is eligible for, but does not claim, the federal child care expenses income tax credit to claim the state credit;
- ! Basing the amount of the state credit on the eligible federal credit as opposed to the actual federal credit claimed; and
- ! Allowing the credit to be claimed for expenses related to caring for a dependent of the taxpayer who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for himself or herself and who lives with the taxpayer.

Section 3 of the bill creates a child tax credit against state income taxes for a resident individual who is eligible to claim the federal child tax credit. The amount of this credit is \$100 for each qualifying child who is 5 years of age or under at the end of the taxable year for which the credit is claimed. This credit is refundable.

The Colorado earned income tax credit, which is 10% of the federal earned income tax credit, is a refund mechanism under the taxpayer's bill of rights (TABOR). So, it only applies if the state revenues are in excess of the constitutional limitation on state fiscal year spending. **Section 4** of the bill removes this contingency so that an eligible taxpayer may claim the Colorado earned income tax credit for any tax year beginning in 2013.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Short title.** This act shall be known and may be 3 cited as the "Colorado Working Families Economic Opportunity Act of 4 2013". 5 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-123, add (6) 6 as follows: 7 39-22-123. Earned income tax credit - refund of state excess 8 revenues for fiscal years commencing on or after July 1, 1998. (6) NO 9 CREDIT IS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR AN INCOME TAX YEAR FOR 10 WHICH A CREDIT IS ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 39-22-123.5. 11 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-22-123.5 as 12 follows: 13 39-22-123.5. Earned income tax credit - not a refund of excess

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1	state revenues - trigger - legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL
2	ASSEMBLY HEREBY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
3	(a) THE FEDERAL EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT IS A REFUNDABLE
4	TAX CREDIT FOR LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME WORKING INDIVIDUALS AND
5	FAMILIES WHOSE EARNINGS ARE BELOW AN INCOME THRESHOLD;
6	(b) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT INCREASES WITH INCOME UNTIL
7	THE CREDIT REACHES A MAXIMUM LEVEL AND THEN PHASES OUT, AND THIS
8	STRUCTURE CREATES AN INCENTIVE FOR PEOPLE TO WORK AND EARN
9	MORE INCOME;
10	(c) SINCE ITS ESTABLISHMENT IN 1975, THE CREDIT HAS INCREASED
11	FAMILY INCOME, REDUCED CHILD POVERTY, AND PROMOTED EMPLOYMENT
12	BY SUPPLEMENTING THE EARNINGS OF LOW-WAGE WORKERS, INCLUDING
13	MILITARY FAMILIES;
14	(d) THE CREDIT HAS A POSITIVE IMPACT ON THE EDUCATION AND
15	HEALTH OF CHILDREN LIVING IN POVERTY;
16	(e) THE CREDIT HAS A POSITIVE ECONOMIC IMPACT ON LOCAL
17	ECONOMIES AND BUSINESSES BECAUSE IT PUTS MORE MONEY IN THE
18	HANDS OF LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME WORKING PEOPLE WHO SPEND THE
19	MONEY ON IMMEDIATE NEEDS, SUCH AS GROCERIES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES, CAR
20	REPAIRS, RENT, AND HEALTH CARE;
21	(f) The Colorado earned income tax credit, which is
22	CURRENTLY TEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT,
23	IS A MECHANISM TO REFUND EXCESS STATE REVENUES AS REQUIRED BY
24	SECTION 20 OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION;
25	(g) THE COLORADO EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT HAS NOT BEEN
26	IN EFFECT SINCE 2001 BECAUSE THE REFUND HAS NOT BEEN TRIGGERED;
27	AND

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1	(h) Now, therefore, it is the intent of the general
2	ASSEMBLY TO ESTABLISH A PERMANENT AND REFUNDABLE STATE EARNED
3	INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR ELIGIBLE COLORADO TAXPAYERS, WHICH IS
4	EQUAL TO A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT.
5	THE INTENDED PURPOSE OF THIS CREDIT IS TO HELP INDIVIDUALS AND
6	FAMILIES ACHIEVE GREATER FINANCIAL SECURITY AND TO HELP
7	COLORADO'S ECONOMY.
8	(2) FOR AN INCOME TAX YEAR SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF
9	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO CLAIMS AN
10	EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL TAX RETURN
11	IS ALLOWED AN EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES DUE
12	UNDER THIS ARTICLE. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS A PORTION OF THE
13	FEDERAL CREDIT CLAIMED ON THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL TAX
14	RETURN THAT DEPENDS ON THE YEAR IN WHICH IT IS CLAIMED. THE CREDIT
15	IS EQUAL TO SEVEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CREDIT FOR THE FIRST
16	INCOME TAX YEAR THAT THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED AS A RESULT OF THE
17	OPERATION OF SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, EIGHT AND ONE-HALF
18	PERCENT FOR THE NEXT INCOME TAX YEAR, AND TEN PERCENT OF THE
19	FEDERAL CREDIT FOR ALL INCOME TAX YEARS THEREAFTER.
20	(3) (a) If the estimate of gross general fund revenue for
21	THE FISCAL YEAR 2013-14, OR THE NEXT TWO FISCAL YEARS THEREAFTER,
22	INCREASES BY AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
23	MARCH ESTIMATE THAT PRECEDES THE FISCAL YEAR TO ANY OF THE NEXT
24	FOUR QUARTERLY ESTIMATES AFTER THE MARCH ESTIMATE, THE TAX
25	CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE CLAIMED FOR ANY INCOME
26	TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1 OF THE FISCAL YEAR
27	FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE INCREASED.

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1	(b) FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (3), ALL
2	OF THE ESTIMATES OF GROSS GENERAL FUND REVENUE FOR A GIVEN FISCAL
3	YEAR ARE SOLELY FROM LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF OR THE OFFICE OF
4	STATE PLANNING AND BUDGETING, WHICHEVER AGENCY HAS THE LOWER
5	MARCH ESTIMATE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR.
6	(c) If the estimate of gross general fund revenue has
7	INCREASED ENOUGH TO TRIGGER THE TAX CREDIT, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
8	STAFF OR THE OFFICE OF STATE PLANNING AND BUDGETING, DEPENDING ON
9	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (3), SHALL CERTIFY SUCH FACT IN THE
10	APPLICABLE QUARTERLY ESTIMATE.
11	(4) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION
12	THAT EXCEEDS THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL'S INCOME TAXES DUE IS
13	REFUNDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL.
14	(5) In the case of a part-year resident, the credit allowed
15	UNDER THIS SECTION IS APPORTIONED IN THE RATIO DETERMINED UNDER
16	<u>SECTION 39-22-110 (1).</u>
17	(6) The credit allowed under this section is not
18	CONSIDERED TO BE INCOME OR RESOURCES FOR THE PURPOSE OF
19	DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY FOR THE PAYMENT OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
20	BENEFITS AND MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BENEFITS AUTHORIZED UNDER STATE
21	LAW OR FOR A PAYMENT MADE UNDER ANY OTHER PUBLICLY FUNDED
22	PROGRAMS.
23	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-22-129 as
24	<u>follows:</u>
25	39-22-129. Child tax credit - trigger - legislative declaration -
26	definitions. (1) (a) The General assembly hereby finds and
27	DECLARES THAT:

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1	(I) THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT, WHICH INCLUDES THE
2	REFUNDABLE PORTION OF THE CREDIT COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE
3	ADDITIONAL CHILD TAX CREDIT, SUPPORTS LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME
4	WORKING FAMILIES WHOSE EARNINGS ARE BELOW AN INCOME THRESHOLD
5	AND WHO HAVE CHILDREN UNDER SEVENTEEN YEARS OF AGE;
6	(II) SINCE ITS ESTABLISHMENT AT THE FEDERAL LEVEL IN 1997,
7	THE CREDIT HAS INCREASED FAMILY INCOME, REDUCED CHILD POVERTY
8	AMONG FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN, AND SUPPORTED LOCAL ECONOMIES;
9	<u>AND</u>
10	(III) THE CREDIT HAS A POSITIVE IMPACT ON THE EARLY
11	CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH OF CHILDREN WHOSE FAMILIES
12	GAIN INCOME FROM THE CREDIT.
13	(b) Now, therefore, it is the intent of the general
14	ASSEMBLY TO ESTABLISH A PERMANENT AND REFUNDABLE STATE CHILD
15	TAX CREDIT FOR ELIGIBLE COLORADO TAXPAYERS, WHICH IS EQUAL TO A
16	PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL CREDIT BASED ON A FAMILY'S ADJUSTED
17	GROSS INCOME. THE INTENDED PURPOSE OF THIS CREDIT IS TO SUPPORT
18	COLORADO WORKING FAMILIES WITH YOUNG CHILDREN, REDUCE CHILD
19	POVERTY, AND TO HELP COLORADO'S ECONOMY.
20	(2) As used in this section:
21	(a) "ELIGIBLE CHILD" MEANS A QUALIFYING CHILD FOR PURPOSES
22	OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT WHO IS UNDER SIX YEARS OF AGE AT
23	THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED.
24	(b) "FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT" MEANS THE CHILD TAX CREDIT
25	ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 24 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, OR ANY
26	SUCCESSOR SECTION, AND INCLUDES THE REFUNDABLE PORTION OF THE
27	TAX CREDIT, WHICH PORTION IS REFERRED TO AS THE ADDITIONAL CHILD

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1	<u>CREDIT.</u>
2	(3) (a) FOR AN INCOME TAX YEAR SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF
3	SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION, A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO CLAIMS A
4	FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT FOR AN ELIGIBLE CHILD ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S
5	FEDERAL TAX RETURN IS ALLOWED A CHILD TAX CREDIT AGAINST THE
6	INCOME TAXES DUE UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
7	(b) (I) FOR A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN,
8	THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS EQUAL TO:
9	(A) THIRTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
10	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED ON HIS OR HER FEDERAL TAX RETURN
11	FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
12	INCOME IS TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR LESS;
13	(B) FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
14	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED ON HIS OR HER FEDERAL TAX RETURN
15	FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
16	INCOME IS GREATER THAN TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT LESS
17	THAN OR EQUAL TO FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
18	(C) FIVE PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
19	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED ON HIS OR HER FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR
20	EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
21	INCOME IS GREATER THAN FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR
22	EQUAL TO SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
23	(II) A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN AND
24	WHOSE FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN
25	SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS IS NOT ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER
26	THIS SECTION.
27	(c) (I) FOR TWO DESIDENT INDIVIDUAL SWHOELLE A JOINT DETURN

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1	THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS EQUAL TO:
2	(A) THIRTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
3	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR
4	EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS' FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
5	INCOME IS THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR LESS;
6	(B) FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
7	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR
8	EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS' FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
9	INCOME IS GREATER THAN THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT LESS
10	THAN OR EQUAL TO SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
11	(C) FIVE PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
12	RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR
13	EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS' FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
14	INCOME IS GREATER THAN SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OF
15	EQUAL TO EIGHTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
16	(II) TWO RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS WHO FILE A JOINT RETURN AND
17	WHOSE FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN EIGHTY-FIVE
18	THOUSAND DOLLARS ARE NOT ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION
19	(4) (a) If the estimate of gross general fund revenue for
20	THE FISCAL YEAR 2013-14, OR THE NEXT TWO FISCAL YEARS THEREAFTER
21	INCREASES BY AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
22	MARCH ESTIMATE THAT PRECEDES THE FISCAL YEAR TO ANY OF THE NEXT
23	FOUR QUARTERLY ESTIMATES AFTER THE MARCH ESTIMATE, THE TAX
24	CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE CLAIMED FOR ANY INCOME
25	TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1 OF THE FISCAL YEAR
26	FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE INCREASED.
27	(b) FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (4), ALI

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1	OF THE ESTIMATES OF GROSS GENERAL FUND REVENUE FOR A GIVEN FISCAL
2	YEAR ARE SOLELY FROM LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF OR THE OFFICE OF
3	STATE PLANNING AND BUDGETING, WHICHEVER AGENCY HAS THE LOWER
4	MARCH ESTIMATE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR.
5	(c) If the estimate of gross general fund revenue has
6	INCREASED ENOUGH TO TRIGGER THE TAX CREDIT, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
7	STAFF OR THE OFFICE OF STATE PLANNING AND BUDGETING, DEPENDING ON
8	PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (3), SHALL CERTIFY SUCH FACT IN THE
9	APPLICABLE QUARTERLY ESTIMATE.
10	(5) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION
11	THAT EXCEEDS THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL'S INCOME TAXES DUE IS
12	REFUNDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL.
13	(6) IN THE CASE OF A PART-YEAR RESIDENT, THE CREDIT ALLOWED
14	UNDER THIS SECTION IS APPORTIONED IN THE RATIO DETERMINED UNDER
15	<u>SECTION 39-22-110 (1).</u>
16	(7) The credit allowed under this section is not
17	CONSIDERED TO BE INCOME OR RESOURCES FOR THE PURPOSE OF
18	DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY FOR THE PAYMENT OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
19	BENEFITS AND MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BENEFITS AUTHORIZED UNDER STATE
20	LAW OR FOR A PAYMENT MADE UNDER ANY OTHER PUBLICLY FUNDED
21	PROGRAMS.
22	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-627, add (9)
23	as follows:
24	39-22-627. Temporary adjustment of rate of income tax -
25	refund of excess state revenues - authority of executive director.
26	(9) IF, BY OPERATION OF SECTION 39-22-123 (6), EXCESS STATE REVENUES
27	A DE MO LONGED DEFINIDED THROUGH AN EADNED INCOME TAY OPENIT

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I	THE TOTAL OF THE ADJUSTED AMOUNT SET FORTH IN SECTION 39-22-123
2	(4) (c) IS NOT ADDED TO THE ESTIMATED AMOUNT BY WHICH STATE
3	REVENUES WOULD BE DECREASED AS THE RESULT OF A REDUCTION IN THE
4	STATE INCOME TAX RATE FOR PURPOSES OF THE CALCULATIONS SET FORTH
5	IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF SUBSECTION (1) AND SUBSECTIONS (3) AND (6) OF
6	THIS SECTION.
7	SECTION 6. Appropriation. In addition to any other
8	appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
9	general fund not otherwise appropriated, to the department of revenue, for
10	the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, the sum of \$106,000, or so much
11	thereof as may be necessary, for allocation to the taxation business group
12	for contract programming services related to the implementation of this
13	<u>act.</u>
14	SECTION 7. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
15	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
16	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
17	7, 2013, if adjournment sine die is on May 8, 2013); except that, if a
18	referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
19	state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
20	within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
21	unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
22	November 2014 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
23	official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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