# First Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 17-0894.01 Michael Dohr x4347

**HOUSE BILL 17-1326** 

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

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# House Committees Judiciary

101102

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#### **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT
CONCERNING CREATION OF THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT CRIME
PREVENTION INITIATIVE, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
FUNDING THE INITIATIVE THROUGH SAVINGS CREATED BY
PAROLE REFORMS.

### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill changes the length of time that a parolee may serve for a technical parole violation. If the parolee is on parole for a class 2 felony; level 1 drug felony; a crime of violence, stalking, menacing, or unlawful

sexual behavior; or a crime against an at-risk adult or is a sexually violent predator, the length of revocation is up to the remainder of the parolee's parole period. If the parolee is on parole for a level 2 drug felony or a class 3 nonviolent felony, the length of revocation is up to 90 days. If the parolee is on parole for a level 3 or level 4 drug felony or a class 4, class 5, or class 6 nonviolent felony, the length of revocation is up to 30 days.

The bill requires the division of adult parole to conduct a parole plan investigation prior to the parole release hearing and to inform the parole board (board) of the results of the investigation. If the board finds an inmate's parole plan inadequate, the board can table the release decision and order the department to submit a revised parole plan developed in conjunction with the inmate within 30 days of the board's order.

The bill allows the board to conduct a parole release review instead of a hearing without the presence of the inmate if the inmate is assessed "low" or "very low" on the risk assessment instrument and victim notification is not required.

The bill creates the justice reinvestment crime prevention initiative in the division of local government in the department of local affairs (division). The division shall develop the initiative to expand small business lending in the target communities of Aurora and Colorado Springs. The division will issue a request for participation from one or more nondepository community development financial institution loan funds to participate in the small business lending program. The division shall enter into a contract with the selected funds to define the operating terms of the loan program. The loans are limited to 5 years and \$50,000.

The division shall also develop the initiative to implement a grant program for programs, projects, or direct services aimed at reducing crime in the target communities. The division shall issue a request for participation to select a community foundation or foundations to manage the grant program. The division shall sign an agreement with the selected foundation or foundations that defines the role and responsibility of the foundation in managing the grant program. The grant program may fund:

- ! Academic improvement programs;
- ! Community-based services;
- ! Community engagement programs;
- ! Increasing safety and usability of common outdoor-spaces programs;
- ! Technical assistance related to data collection, data analysis, and evaluation; and
- ! Administrative costs of the foundation.

Only a nonprofit organization in good standing and registered with the internal revenue service and the Colorado secretary of state, a school, a unit of local government, or a private contractor hired to provide technical assistance are eligible to receive grants.

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The bill requires the division to present a status report to the joint judiciary committee regarding the initiative.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) On any given day, there are over 100,000 Coloradans either 5 incarcerated or otherwise under some form of criminal justice supervision 6 at a cost of well over one billion dollars to the state budget annually; 7 (b) However, many of the neighborhoods that experience higher 8 crime see little to no reduction in crime overall because public safety 9 strategies largely react to crime after the fact and fail to adequately 10 address the root causes of crime; 11 (c) Law enforcement agencies take their role in helping to 12 promote public safety very seriously, and they care very deeply about the 13 communities they serve. However, it is not the role of law enforcement 14 to address community challenges that impact crime rates such as 15 unemployment, high school dropout rates, homelessness, or people in 16 crisis due to mental illness or addiction. 17 (d) By many metrics, the overuse of the criminal justice system 18 brings its own set of unintended, negative consequences by damaging 19 families, straining police and community relations, undermining the 20 legitimacy of the criminal justice system due to racial disparity, 21 underserving crime victims, and making it harder for people with a 22 criminal record to find employment and housing to support their families; 23 (e) Colorado must develop a new paradigm related to public safety 24 that is a more comprehensive, community-based approach that focuses on

crime prevention from a community development perspective. This

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paradigm combines crime prevention, economic development, mental health and trauma recovery treatment, improving academic achievement, strengthening families, and other targeted direct services into our core public safety strategies. This new paradigm must be based on an understanding that community development strategies are also important public safety strategies.

- (f) This new public safety paradigm framework is based on several key components. First, it needs to be geographically targeted to focus on neighborhoods that have higher rates of crime. Often attempts at crime prevention have been too dispersed to have the desired impact. Second, people at the local level are best positioned to identify crime prevention and community development priorities. Third, in order to reduce crime rates, multiple strategies must be deployed simultaneously and in a coordinated fashion. Finally, there must be engagement from the public sector and the private sector, including business, philanthropy, and nonprofit organizations.
- (g) Justice reinvestment is also an important component of this new crime prevention framework. Justice reinvestment is an approach that identifies current ineffective expenditures in criminal justice spending, reforms those laws and practices, and reinvests the savings into other public safety strategies. Justice reinvestment has been utilized in many states across the country, including Colorado.
- (2) Therefore, the general assembly determines it is in the best interest of the state to implement parole reforms to fund a justice reinvestment crime prevention initiative.
- **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-103, **amend** (11)(b) as follows:

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I	17-2-103. Arrest of parolee - revocation proceedings.
2	(11) (b) (I) If the board determines that the parolee has violated parole
3	through commission of a crime, the board may revoke parole and request
4	the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the
5	parolee to a place of confinement designated by the executive director
6	FOR UP TO THE REMAINDER OF THE PAROLE PERIOD.
7	(II) If the board determines that the parolee has violated any
8	condition of parole other than commission of a crime or the board grants
9	the parolee's request to revoke his or her parole, and the parolee is not
10	subject to the provisions of subparagraph (I), (III), (III.5), (IV), or (VI) of
11	this paragraph (b), the board may: If the Board Determines that the
12	PAROLEE HAS VIOLATED ANY CONDITION OF PAROLE THAT DOES NOT
13	INVOLVE THE COMMISSION OF A CRIME, AND THE PROVISIONS OF
14	SUBSECTIONS (11)(b)(III) OR (11)(b)(III.5) OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT
15	APPLICABLE, THE BOARD MAY REVOKE PAROLE FOR UP TO THE REMAINDER
16	OF THE PAROLE PERIOD AND ORDER THE PAROLEE CONFINED AT A FACILITY
17	DESIGNATED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.
18	(A) Revoke parole and request the sheriff of the county in which
19	the hearing is held to transport the parolee to a place of confinement
20	designated by the executive director; or
21	(B) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty
22	days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to
23	transport the parolee to a community corrections program pursuant to
24	section 18-1.3-301 (3), C.R.S., a place of confinement within the
25	department of corrections, or any private facility that is under contract to
26	the department of corrections; or
27	(C) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed ninety days and

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request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to the county jail of such county or to any private facility that is under contract to the department of corrections; or

- (D) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is heard to transport the parolee to the facility described in section 17-1-206.5.
- (II.5) The board may extend a period of parole revocation imposed pursuant to sub-subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (b) beyond the specified maximum if the parolee violates a condition of the parolee's placement pursuant to the notice and hearing procedures in this section.
- (III) If the board determines that the parolee has violated any condition of parole that does not involve the commission of a crime, the parolee has no active felony warrant, felony detainer, or pending felony criminal charge, and the parolee was on parole for an offense that was a level LEVEL 3 OR LEVEL 4 drug felony or CLASS 4, class 5, or class 6 nonviolent felony as defined in section 17-22.5-405 (5)(b), except for menacing as defined in section 18-3-206, C.R.S., or any unlawful sexual behavior contained in section 16-22-102 (9), C.R.S., or unless the parolee was subject to article 6.5 of title 18, C.R.S., or section 18-6-801, C.R.S., the board may revoke parole for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty THIRTY days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to the facility described in section 17-1-206.5 (3) AND ORDER THE PAROLEE CONFINED AT A FACILITY DESIGNATED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.
- (III.5) If the board determines that the parolee has violated any condition of parole that does not involve the commission of a crime, the

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parolee has no active felony warrant, felony detainer, or pending felony criminal charge, and the parolee was on parole for an offense that was a level 3 LEVEL 2 drug felony or a class 4 CLASS 3 nonviolent felony as defined in section 17-22.5-405 (5)(b), except for stalking as described in section 18-9-111 (4), C.R.S., as it existed prior to August 11, 2010, or section 18-3-602, C.R.S., or any unlawful sexual behavior described in section 16-22-102 (9), C.R.S., or unless the parolee was subject to article 6.5 of title 18, C.R.S., or section 18-6-801, C.R.S., and the board revokes parole, the board may request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to the facility described in section 17-1-206.5 (3) for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days THE BOARD MAY REVOKE PAROLE FOR UP TO NINETY DAYS AND ORDER THE PAROLEE CONFINED AT A FACILITY DESIGNATED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.

- (IV) If the board determines that the parolee has violated any condition of parole other than commission of a new crime and the parolee was not on parole for a crime of violence as defined in section 18-1.3-406 (2), C.R.S., the board may:
- (A) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed ninety days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to a place of confinement designated by the executive director if, at the time of the revocation hearing, the inmate is assessed as below high risk based upon a research-based risk assessment instrument approved by the department of corrections and the state board of parole; or
- (B) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to

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transport the parolee to a place of confinement designated by the executive director if, at the time of the revocation hearing, the inmate is assessed as high risk or greater based upon a research-based risk assessment instrument approved by the department of corrections and the state board of parole; or (C) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to a community corrections program; or (D) Revoke parole for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to the facility described in section 17-1-206.5. (V) The board may extend a period of parole revocation imposed pursuant to sub-subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subparagraph (IV) of this paragraph (b) beyond the specified maximum if the parolee violates a condition of the parolee's placement pursuant to the notice and hearing procedures in this section. (VI) If the board determines that a parolee who has been designated as a sexually violent predator pursuant to section 18-3-414.5 C.R.S., or found to be a sexually violent predator or its equivalent in any other state or jurisdiction, including but not limited to a military or federal jurisdiction, has violated any condition of parole, the board may revoke parole and request the sheriff of the county in which the hearing is held to transport the parolee to FOR UP TO THE REMAINDER OF THE PAROLE PERIOD AND ORDER THE PAROLEE CONFINED AT a place of confinement designated by the executive director.

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**SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-1-206.5, **amend** (2)(c); and **repeal** (3) as follows:

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1	17-1-206.5. Preparole release and revocation facility -
2	community return-to-custody facility. (2) The prison described in
3	subsection (1) of this section shall contain at least three hundred beds and
4	incarcerate any of the following:
5	(c) Offenders whose parole has been revoked; except that such
6	incarceration shall be for no more than one hundred eighty NINETY days.
7	(3) In addition to the preparole release and revocation facility
8	described in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the department has the
9	authority to operate community return-to-custody facilities and provide
10	other support and monitoring services as a revocation facility for the
11	placement of nonviolent parolees whose parole is revoked pursuant to
12	section 17-2-103 (11)(b)(III) under the following conditions:
13	(a) The facilities shall be limited to the placement of nonviolent
14	parolees whose parole is revoked pursuant to section 17-2-103
15	<del>(11)(b)(III);</del>
16	(b) The scope of the facilities' programming shall be limited to
17	services and monitoring that address the failure of a nonviolent parolee
18	whose parole is revoked pursuant to section 17-2-103 (11)(b)(III) and will
19	allow for limited performance-based access to the community. A request
20	for proposals for such services and monitoring shall be issued by the
21	department on or before August 31, 2003, and the contracts awarded by
22	November 2003.
23	(c) The department may assess and collect fees from parolees
24	placed in the facility pursuant to section 17-2-103 (11)(b)(III).
25	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-201, amend
26	(4)(f)(I) as follows:
27	17-2-201. State board of parole - definitions. (4) The board has

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1	the following powers and duties:
2	(f) (I) To conduct a AN INITIAL OR SUBSEQUENT parole release
3	review in lieu of a hearing, without the presence of the inmate, if:
4	(A) The application for release is for special needs parole pursuant
5	to section 17-22.5-403.5, and victim notification is not required pursuant
6	to section 24-4.1-302.5; <del>C.R.S.;</del>
7	(B) A detainer from the United States immigration and customs
8	enforcement agency has been filed with the department, the inmate meets
9	the criteria for the presumption of parole in section 17-22.5-404.7, and
10	victim notification is not required pursuant to section 24-4.1-302.5;
11	C.R.S.; or
12	(C) The inmate has a statutory discharge date or mandatory
13	release date within six months after his or her next ordinarily scheduled
14	parole hearing and victim notification is not required pursuant to section
15	24-4.1-302.5; <del>C.R.S.;</del> or
16	(D) THE INMATE IS ASSESSED TO BE A "LOW" OR "VERY LOW" RISK
17	ON THE VALIDATED RISK ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT DEVELOPED PURSUANT
18	TO SECTION 17-22.5-404 (2) AND VICTIM NOTIFICATION IS NOT REQUIRED
19	PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-4.1-302.5.
20	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-403, amend
21	(5) introductory portion as follows:
22	17-22.5-403. Parole eligibility - repeal. (5) For any offender
23	who is incarcerated for an offense committed prior to July 1, 1993, upon
24	application for parole, the state board of parole, working in conjunction
25	with the department and using the guidelines established pursuant to
26	section 17-22.5-404, shall determine whether or not to grant parole and,
27	if granted, the length of the period of parole. PRIOR TO THE PAROLE

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1	RELEASE HEARING, THE DIVISION OF ADULT PAROLE SHALL CONDUCT A
2	PAROLE PLAN INVESTIGATION AND INFORM THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE
3	OF THE RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION. IF THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE
4	FINDS AN INMATE'S PAROLE PLAN INADEQUATE, IT MAY TABLE THE PAROLE
5	RELEASE DECISION AND REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT TO SUBMIT A REVISED
6	PAROLE PLAN DEVELOPED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE INMATE WITHIN
7	THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE PAROLE BOARD'S REQUEST. The state board of
8	parole may set the length of the period of parole for any time period up
9	to the date of final discharge as determined in accordance with section
10	17-22.5-402. If an application for parole is refused by the state board of
11	parole, the state board of parole shall reconsider within one year
12	thereafter whether such inmate should be granted parole. The state board
13	of parole shall continue such reconsideration each year thereafter until
14	such inmate is granted parole or until such inmate is discharged pursuant
15	to law; except that:
16	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-32-118 as
17	follows:
18	24-32-118. Justice reinvestment crime prevention initiative -
19	program - rules - reports - repeal. (1) (a) The division of local
20	GOVERNMENT SHALL ADMINISTER THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT CRIME
21	PREVENTION INITIATIVE TO EXPAND SMALL BUSINESS LENDING AND
22	PROVIDE GRANTS AIMED AT REDUCING CRIME AND PROMOTING
23	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT IN THE TARGET COMMUNITIES OF NORTH
24	AURORA AND SOUTHEAST COLORADO SPRINGS.
25	(b) Subject to available appropriations, on and after July
26	1,2017, the division shall develop and implement an initiative in
27	ACCORDANCE WITH POLICIES DEVELOPED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

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1	SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED TO EXPAND SMALL BUSINESS LENDING IN THE
2	TARGET COMMUNITIES DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION $(1)$ . AN INITIATIVE
3	DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS
4	SECTION SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING
5	COMPONENTS:
6	(I) On or before August 1, 2017, the division shall issue a
7	REQUEST FOR PARTICIPATION AND SELECT ONE OR MORE NONDEPOSITORY
8	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION LOAN FUNDS TO
9	PARTICIPATE IN THE SMALL BUSINESS LENDING PROGRAM DESCRIBED IN
10	THIS SUBSECTION (1);
11	(II) THE DIVISION SHALL EXECUTE A CONTRACT AND DEVELOP AN
12	OPERATING AGREEMENT WITH EACH PARTICIPATING NONDEPOSITORY
13	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION LOAN FUND THAT
14	PROVIDES COMPREHENSIVE GUIDANCE REGARDING THE PROCEDURES AND
15	PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AND LENDING STANDARDS TO INCLUDE, BUT
16	NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICS:
17	(A) ANY SMALL BUSINESS LOAN MUST BE MADE AT A FIXED AND
18	REASONABLE INTEREST RATE, FOR A TERM NOT TO EXCEED SIXTY MONTHS,
19	WITH NO PREPAYMENT PENALTY, AND A MAXIMUM LOAN VALUE OF FIFTY
20	THOUSAND DOLLARS;
21	(B) THE PROCEDURES AND TIMELINES FOR A NONDEPOSITORY
22	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION LOAN FUND TO DRAW
23	DOWN FUNDING AND ANY DEPOSIT ACCOUNT REQUIREMENTS;
24	(C) THE TERMS AND TIMELINE FOR REPAYMENT BY THE
25	NONDEPOSITORY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION
26	LOAN FUND TO THE DIVISION, INCLUDING A REASONABLE GRACE PERIOD
27	PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF REPAYMENT, AND AUTHORITY FOR THE

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1	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION LOAN FUNDS TO
2	RETAIN INTEREST PAID BY THE BORROWER;
3	(D) PERMISSION FOR THE NONDEPOSITORY COMMUNITY
4	DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION LOAN FUND TO REQUEST FUNDING,
5	SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS ESTABLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR, TO PROVIDE OR
6	CONTRACT FOR SERVICES TO INCREASE THE SKILLS OF PROSPECTIVE
7	BORROWERS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL
8	EDUCATION, MENTORSHIP, OR COMMUNITY OUTREACH FOR MARKETING
9	PURPOSES; AND
10	(E) DATA COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE AND
11	OUTCOME METRICS THAT INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, THE
12	NUMBER OF LOANS MADE AND CAPITAL DISBURSED AND LOAN DETAILS
13	INCLUDING AMOUNT, RATE AND TERM, NATURE OF BUSINESS AND NUMBER
14	OF JOBS CREATED, REPAYMENT COLLECTED, AND DELINQUENCY OR AGING
15	REPORT;
16	(III) THE DIVISION MAY RETAIN UP TO FIFTEEN PERCENT OF
17	FUNDING RECEIVED FOR SMALL BUSINESS LENDING IN A LOAN LOSS
18	RESERVE FUND IF IT BELIEVES THAT SUCH RESERVE FUND WOULD
19	INCENTIVIZE ADDITIONAL LENDERS TO EXPAND SMALL BUSINESS LENDING
20	IN THE TWO TARGET COMMUNITIES; AND
21	$(IV) \ Any \ unexpended \ funds \ are \ not \ subject \ to \ reversion \ to$
22	THE STATE AND MAY BE ALLOCATED IN THE SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEAR.
23	(2) (a) Subject to available appropriations, on and after
24	July 1, 2017, the division shall develop and implement a grant
25	PROGRAM TO PROVIDE FUNDING TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES FOR PROGRAMS,
26	PROJECTS, OR DIRECT SERVICES AIMED AT REDUCING CRIME IN THE TARGET
27	COMMUNITIES DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE

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4	SECTION.
3	ARE NOT LIMITED TO, THE SPECIFICS IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS
2	POLICIES DEVELOPED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR THAT INCLUDE, BUT
1	DIVISION SHALL ADMINISTER THE GRANT PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH

- (b) On or before August 1, 2017, the executive director shall issue a request for participation and select a community foundation or foundations to manage the grant program. To be eligible, the community foundation must be registered in the state of Colorado and have a history of grant-making in the target community in areas consistent with the permissible uses of funding described in subsection (2)(e) of this section. The division may select one community foundation to serve both target communities or may select one community foundation for each target community.
- (c) THE DIVISION SHALL EXECUTE A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH THE SELECTED COMMUNITY FOUNDATION OR COMMUNITY FOUNDATIONS THAT OUTLINES THE ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION. THE ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES MUST INCLUDE:
- (I) DEVELOPING A NOMINATION PROCESS AND GOVERNANCE POLICY FOR THE LOCAL CRIME PREVENTION PLANNING TEAM, SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE APPROPRIATE CITY COUNCIL. THE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION SHALL ENSURE THAT THE PROPOSED LOCAL PLANNING TEAM MEMBERS REPRESENT A DIVERSE CROSS-SECTION WITH EXPERTISE IN AREAS LIKE EDUCATION, BUSINESS, YOUTH, FAMILIES, NONPROFIT DIRECT SERVICE, LAW ENFORCEMENT, LOCAL GOVERNMENT, COMMUNITY, AND RESIDENTS OF THE TARGET COMMUNITIES, INCLUDING THOSE THAT HAVE BEEN DIRECTLY IMPACTED BY CRIME AND INVOLVEMENT IN THE CRIMINAL

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1	JUSTICE SYSTEM.
2	(II) PROVIDING FACILITATION TO THE LOCAL CRIME PREVENTION
3	PLANNING TEAM IN BOTH AURORA AND COLORADO SPRINGS;
4	(III) DEVELOPING THE GRANT GUIDELINES, APPLICATION AND
5	REVIEW PROCESS, DATA COLLECTION, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR
6	GRANTEES;
7	$(IV) \ Reviewing \ proposals \ submitted \ by \ the \ local \ planning$
8	TEAM AND MAKING GRANT AWARDS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE
9	DIVISION AND CONSISTENT WITH THE PERMISSIBLE USES DESCRIBED IN
10	SUBSECTION (2)(e) OF THIS SECTION;
11	(V) CONTRACTING WITH A THIRD-PARTY EVALUATOR TO ASSIST
12	EACH LOCAL PLANNING TEAM TO ESTABLISH BEST PRACTICES WITH
13	REGARD TO DATA COLLECTION AND IDENTIFYING APPROPRIATE
14	PERFORMANCE AND OUTCOME MEASURES THAT MEASURE OUTCOME AND
15	IMPACT OF ANY FUNDED CRIME PREVENTION PROJECTS, PROGRAMS, OR
16	INITIATIVES.
17	(d) The division shall develop the procedures and
18	TIMELINES BY WHICH THE SELECTED COMMUNITY FOUNDATION OR
19	COMMUNITY FOUNDATIONS WILL BE PROVIDED FUNDING FROM THE
20	DIVISION FOR DISBURSEMENT FOR THE GRANT PROGRAM.
21	(e) The permissible uses of any funding provided to the
22	COMMUNITY FOUNDATION SHALL INCLUDE PROGRAMS, PROJECTS, OR
23	INITIATIVES THAT ARE AIMED AT:
24	(I) IMPROVING ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT INCLUDING, BUT NOT
25	LIMITED TO, SCHOOL READINESS, REDUCING EXPULSIONS AND
26	SUSPENSIONS IN SCHOOLS, INCREASING HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION,
27	COLLEGE ENROLLMENT AND RETENTION RATES, AND PROMOTING

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1	SCHOOL-PARENT-STUDENT ENGAGEMENT;
2	(II) PROVIDING COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES TO STRENGTHEN
3	FAMILIES, PROMOTE RECOVERY FROM TRAUMA, PROVIDE SUPPORT TO
4	CRIME SURVIVORS, INCREASE EMPLOYMENT, AND REDUCE RECIDIVISM, OR
5	OTHER SIMILAR COMMUNITY DIRECT SERVICE NEEDS IDENTIFIED BY THE
6	LOCAL PLANNING TEAM;
7	(III) FACILITATING NEIGHBORHOOD CONNECTIONS, COMMUNITY
8	ENGAGEMENT, AND LOCAL LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT;
9	(IV) INCREASING THE SAFETY AND USABILITY OF COMMON
10	OUTDOOR SPACES; AND
11	(V) DEVELOPING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE RELATED TO DATA
12	COLLECTION, DATA ANALYSIS, AND EVALUATION.
13	(f) The division shall transfer to the community
14	FOUNDATION WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER EXECUTION OF THE AGREEMENT
15	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION THE ADMINISTRATIVE
16	COSTS OF THE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION RELATED TO THE PERFORMANCE
17	OF THE ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR MANAGING THE GRANT
18	PROGRAM, WHICH COSTS MUST NOT EXCEED FOUR PERCENT OF THE
19	APPROPRIATION.
20	(g) TO BE ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE GRANT FUNDING AN ENTITY MUST
21	BE A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION IN GOOD STANDING AND REGISTERED
22	WITH THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE COLORADO SECRETARY
23	OF STATE'S OFFICE, A SCHOOL, A UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT, OR A
24	PRIVATE CONTRACTOR HIRED TO PROVIDE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO THE
25	LOCAL PLANNING TEAMS.
26	(h) ANY UNEXPENDED FUNDS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO REVERSION TO
27	THE STATE AND MAY BE ALLOCATED IN THE SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEAR.

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1	(3) Subsection (2) of this section and this subsection (3)
2	ARE REPEALED, EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2020. BEFORE SUCH REPEAL,
3	THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL REVIEW THE JUSTICE
4	REINVESTMENT CRIME PREVENTION INITIATIVE PURSUANT TO SECTION
5	24-34-104.
6	(4) On and after December 1, 2017, during its annual
7	PRESENTATION BEFORE THE JOINT JUDICIARY COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL
8	ASSEMBLY, OR ANY SUCCESSOR JOINT COMMITTEE, PURSUANT TO SECTION
9	2-7-203 , the division shall include a status report regarding the
10	PROGRESS AND OUTCOMES OF THE INITIATIVES DEVELOPED AND
11	IMPLEMENTED BY THE DIVISION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION DURING THE
12	PRECEDING YEAR.
13	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, add
14	(19)(a)(XII) as follows:
15	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
16	and functions for repeal, continuation, or reestablishment - legislative
17	declaration - repeal. (19) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both,
18	will ARE SCHEDULED FOR repeal on September 1, 2020:
19	(XII) THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT CRIME PREVENTION INITIATIVE
20	CREATED IN SECTION 24-32-118.
21	SECTION 8. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
22	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
23	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

-17- HB17-1326