First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 21-0476.01 Esther van Mourik x4215

HOUSE BILL 21-1311

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING INCOME TAX, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH,
102	REQUIRING ADDITIONS TO COLORADO TAXABLE INCOME IN
103	AMOUNTS RELATED TO LIMITING CERTAIN FEDERAL ITEMIZED
104	DEDUCTIONS, EXTENDING THE LIMIT ON THE FEDERAL
105	DEDUCTION ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 199A OF THE INTERNAL
106	REVENUE CODE, LIMITING THE DEDUCTION FOR CONTRIBUTIONS
107	MADE TO 529 PLANS, DISALLOWING AN ENHANCED FEDERAL
108	DEDUCTION FOR FOOD AND BEVERAGE EXPENSES AT
109	RESTAURANTS, AND LIMITING THE CAPITAL GAINS
110	SUBTRACTION; ALLOWING A SUBTRACTION FROM COLORADO
111	TAXABLE INCOME IN AMOUNTS RELATED TO REPEALING THE CAP
112	ON THE DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME;
113	REDUCING STATE INCOME TAX REVENUE BY INCREASING THE

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading June 2, 2021

HOUSE Amended 3rd Reading May 25, 2021

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading May 22, 2021

101	EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT, FUNDING THE CHILD TAX CREDIT,
102	AND ALLOWING A TEMPORARY INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR A
103	BUSINESS EQUAL TO A PERCENTAGE OF THE CONVERSION COSTS
104	TO CONVERT THE BUSINESS TO A WORKER-OWNED COOP, AN
105	EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN, OR AN EMPLOYEE
106	OWNERSHIP TRUST; INCREASING STATE INCOME TAX REVENUE
107	BY MODIFYING THE COMPUTATION OF THE CORPORATE INCOME
108	TAX RECEIPTS FACTOR TO MAKE IT MORE CONGRUENT WITH
109	COMBINED REPORTING; PREVENTING CORPORATIONS FROM
110	USING TAX SHELTERS IN FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS FOR THE
111	PURPOSE OF TAX AVOIDANCE; CLARIFYING THAT CERTAIN
112	CAPTIVE INSURANCE COMPANIES ARE NOT EXEMPT FROM
113	INCOME TAX; AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Section 2 of the bill modifies how taxable income is determined for individuals for purposes of the state income tax. Specifically, it:

- Imposes a cap for taxpayers with adjusted gross incomes equal to or exceeding \$400,000 on certain itemized deductions claimed under the internal revenue code;
- Repeals, for social security income that is included in federal taxable income only, the cap on the deduction for pension and annuity income received;
- Adds a cap, per taxpayer per beneficiary, on the deduction for contributions made to 529 plans;
- Requires individual taxpayers to add amounts of federal taxable income that are equal to the enhanced federal deductions for food and beverage in a restaurant for the 2022 income year; and
- Extends the limit on the federal deduction allowed under section 199A of the internal revenue code.

Section 3 increases the earned income tax credit to 20% for income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, and applies the

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lowered minimum age for individuals without a qualifying child in the federal "American Rescue Plan Act of 2021" to the state credit for income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2022.

Section 4 funds the child tax credit for income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, and allows a child tax credit in the state regardless of the federal requirement that a qualifying child must have a social security number for the federal child tax credit. Section 4 also specifies that if the changes to the federal child tax credit in the "American Rescue Plan Act of 2021" are no longer in effect, the percentages of the state child tax credit are increased.

Sections 5 through 7 make the state's corporate income tax more uniform compared to other states by replacing the current combined reporting standard with the multistate tax commission's standard. In addition, these sections modify the computation of the receipts factor to make it more congruent with the unitary business principle.

In addition to making the state's corporate income tax more uniform compared to other states, **section 6** also prevents corporations from using tax shelters in foreign jurisdictions for the purpose of tax avoidance.

Section 7 also modifies how taxable income is determined for C corporations for purposes of the state income tax. Specifically, it requires corporate taxpayers to add amounts of federal taxable income that are equal to the enhanced federal deductions for food and beverage in a restaurant for the 2022 income year.

Section 8 repeals a state subtraction for certain capital gains incurred.

Section 9 creates a temporary income tax credit for a business for a percentage of the conversion costs to convert the business to a worker-owned coop, an employee stock ownership plan, or an employee ownership trust.

Sections 10 through 13 address the avoidance of income tax by certain captive insurance companies.

- Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly
- 3 hereby finds and declares that:

1

- 4 (a) This act makes certain changes to the state's income tax code
- 5 that over the span of several years are revenue neutral; and
- 6 (b) The purposes of this act are:
- 7 (I) To conform Colorado's tax code with provisions commonly

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1	used in other states, so that Colorado is less of an outher around the
2	country in how taxpayers compute their taxes owed;
3	(II) To reduce tax avoidance by updating provisions of Colorado's
4	tax code concerning certain business structures; and
5	(III) To adjust the availability of certain tax expenditures so that
6	the availability and extent of tax expenditures are more fairly distributed
7	across all taxpayers.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-21-103, add (1.5)
9	as follows:
10	39-21-103. Hearings. (1.5) (a) (I) NOLATER THAN DECEMBER 15,
11	2021, COLLEGEINVEST SHALL PROVIDE THE DEPARTMENT WITH A SECURE
12	ELECTRONIC REPORT CONTAINING THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY
13	NUMBER, AND THE AMOUNT OF THE DISTRIBUTION, OF EACH ACCOUNT
14	HOLDER OF A COLLEGINVEST ACCOUNT WHO IS ALSO A COLORADO
15	TAXPAYER MAKING A DISTRIBUTION IN THE REPORTING TAX YEARS
16	COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2017, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1,
17	<u>2021.</u>
18	(II) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL EXAMINE A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE
19	OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY COLLEGEINVEST UNDER SUBSECTION
20	(1.5)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION TO SUBSTANTIATE THAT ANY DISTRIBUTION
21	FROM A COLLEGEINVEST ACCOUNT WAS MADE FOR THE REASONS SPECIFIED
22	IN SECTION 39-22-104 (4)(i)(III), AND SHALL DETERMINE THE CORRECT
23	AMOUNT OF TAX FOR ANY TAXPAYER THAT MADE UNQUALIFIED
24	DISTRIBUTIONS. IF THE TAX THAT IS FOUND DUE IS GREATER THAN THE
25	AMOUNT ASSESSED OR PAID, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOTIFY THE
26	TAXPAYER AS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
2.7	(b) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY

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1	1, 2021, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL REGULARLY EXAMINE A
2	REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY
3	COLLEGEINVEST UNDER SECTION 39-22-104 (4)(i)(V) TO SUBSTANTIATE
4	THAT ANY DISTRIBUTION FROM A COLLEGEINVEST ACCOUNT WAS MADE
5	FOR THE REASONS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 39-22-104 (4)(i)(III), AND SHALL
6	DETERMINE THE CORRECT AMOUNT OF TAX FOR ANY TAXPAYER THAT
7	MADE UNQUALIFIED DISTRIBUTIONS. IF THE TAX THAT IS FOUND DUE IS
8	GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT ASSESSED OR PAID, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
9	NOTIFY THE TAXPAYER AS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
10	(c) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL PROVIDE A REPORT OF THE
11	EXAMINATIONS REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTIONS (1.5)(a) AND (1.5)(b) OF
12	THIS SECTION, CONSISTENT WITH SECTION 39-21-113 (5), AS PART OF THE
13	DEPARTMENT'S PRESENTATION TO ITS COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE AT A
14	HEARING HELD PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203 (2)(a) OF THE "STATE
15	MEASUREMENT FOR ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT
16	(SMART) GOVERNMENT ACT".
17	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-104, amend
18	(3)(o), (4)(f)(III), (4)(i)(II), and (4)(i)(III); and add (3)(p), (3)(q), and
19	(4)(i)(V) as follows:
20	39-22-104. Income tax imposed on individuals, estates, and
21	trusts - single rate - report - legislative declaration - definitions -
22	repeal. (3) There shall be added to the federal taxable income:
23	(o) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2021,
24	but before January 1, 2023, JANUARY 1, 2026, an amount equal to the
25	deduction allowed under section 199A of the internal revenue code for a
26	taxpayer who files a single return and whose adjusted gross income is
27	greater than five hundred thousand dollars, and for taxpayers who file a

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1	joint return and whose adjusted gross income is greater than one million
2	dollars; except that this subsection (3)(o) does not apply to a taxpayer
3	who files IS REQUIRED TO FILE a schedule F, profit or loss from farming,
4	or successor form, as an attachment to a federal income tax return FOR
5	THE TAX YEAR IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE DEDUCTION
6	ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 199A OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
7	(p) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
8	1,2022, for taxpayers who claim itemized deductions as defined
9	IN SECTION 63 (d) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND WHO HAVE
10	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IN THE INCOME TAX YEAR EQUAL TO OR
11	EXCEEDING FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS:
12	(I) FOR A TAXPAYER WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN, THE AMOUNT
13	BY WHICH THE ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS DEDUCTED FROM GROSS INCOME
14	UNDER SECTION 63 (a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE EXCEED THIRTY
15	THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
16	(II) FOR TAXPAYERS WHO FILE A JOINT RETURN, THE AMOUNT BY
17	WHICH THE ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS DEDUCTED FROM GROSS INCOME UNDER
18	SECTION 63 (a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE EXCEED SIXTY
19	THOUSAND DOLLARS.
20	(q) (I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
21	January 1, 2022, but before January 1, 2023, an amount equal to
22	A FEDERAL DEDUCTION CLAIMED FOR THE INCOME TAX YEAR FOR A FOOD
23	AND BEVERAGE EXPENSE THAT EXCEEDS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT
24	OF THE EXPENSE AND THAT WAS ALLOWED UNDER SECTION $274(n)(2)(D)$
25	OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
26	(II) This subsection (3)(q) is repealed, effective December
27	31, 2030.

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1	(4) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:
2	(III) (A) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1,
3	1989, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4)(f)(III)(B) OF THIS SECTION,
4	amounts subtracted under this paragraph (f) shall not exceed SUBSECTION
5	(4)(f) ARE CAPPED AT twenty thousand dollars per tax year.
6	(B) except that, for income tax years commencing on or after
7	January 1, 2000, Amounts subtracted under subparagraph (I) of this
8	paragraph (f) shall not exceed THIS SUBSECTION (4)(f) ARE CAPPED AT
9	twenty-four thousand dollars per tax year for any individual who is
10	sixty-five years of age or older at the close of the taxable year. FOR
11	INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, THE
12	$\underline{\text{CAP}}$ SET FORTH IN THIS SUBSECTION $\underline{(4)(f)(\text{III})(B)}$ IS CALCULATED BY FIRST
13	CONSIDERING THE TOTAL SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS A TAXPAYER
14	RECEIVED THAT WERE INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME AT THE
15	CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR AND ONLY IF THE TOTAL SOCIAL SECURITY
16	BENEFITS RECEIVED THAT YEAR WERE INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE
17	INCOME AT THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR EXCEED THE <u>CAP</u> SET FORTH
18	IN THIS SUBSECTION $(4)(f)(III)(B)$, THEN THE CAP IS INCREASED TO AN
19	AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS RECEIVED BY THE
20	TAXPAYER THAT WERE INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME AT THE
21	CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR.
22	(C) For the purpose of determining the exclusion SUBTRACTION
23	allowed by this paragraph (f) SUBSECTION (4)(f), in the case of a joint
24	return, social security benefits included in federal taxable income shall be
25	apportioned in a ratio of the gross social security benefits of each
26	taxpayer to the total gross social security benefits of both taxpayers.
27	(D) For the purposes of this paragraph (f) As used in this

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SUBSECTION (4)(f), "pensions and annuities" means retirement benefits that are periodic payments attributable to personal services performed by an individual prior to his or her retirement from employment and that arise from an employer-employee relationship, from service in the uniformed services of the United States, or from contributions to a retirement plan which THAT are deductible for federal income tax purposes. "Pensions and annuities" includes distributions from individual retirement arrangements and self-employed retirement accounts to the extent that such distributions are not deemed to be premature distributions for federal income tax purposes, amounts received from fully matured privately purchased annuities, social security benefits, and amounts paid from any such sources by reason of permanent disability or death of the person entitled to receive the benefits.

(i) (II) (A) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2001, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, an amount equal to all payments or contributions made during the taxable year under an advance payment contract, to a savings trust account, or otherwise in connection with a qualified state tuition program established by collegeinvest created in section 23-3.1-203, C.R.S., or to a qualified state tuition program that is affiliated with an educational institution in the state and that is established and maintained pursuant to section 529 of the internal revenue code or any successor section.

(B) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4)(i)(II)(C) OF THIS SECTION, FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO ALL PAYMENTS OR CONTRIBUTIONS, NOT TO EXCEED TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS PER TAXPAYER PER BENEFICIARY FOR A TAXPAYER WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN, OR THIRTY THOUSAND

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1	DOLLARS PER TAXPAYER PER BENEFICIARY FOR TAXPAYERS WHO FILE A
2	JOINT RETURN, MADE DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR UNDER AN
3	ADVANCE PAYMENT CONTRACT, TO A SAVINGS TRUST ACCOUNT, OR
4	OTHERWISE IN CONNECTION WITH A QUALIFIED STATE TUITION PROGRAM
5	ESTABLISHED BY COLLEGEINVEST CREATED IN SECTION 23-3.1-203, OR TO
6	A QUALIFIED STATE TUITION PROGRAM THAT IS AFFILIATED WITH AN
7	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION IN THE STATE AND THAT IS ESTABLISHED AND
8	MAINTAINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 529 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
9	OR ANY SUCCESSOR SECTION. NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION
10	(4)(i)(III)(D) OF THIS SECTION, COLLEGEINVEST MAY TREAT A CHANGE IN
11	BENEFICIARY AS A NONQUALIFYING DISTRIBUTION IF THE CHANGE WAS
12	MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF EVADING THE LIMIT IN THIS SUBSECTION
13	(4)(i)(II)(B).
14	(C) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
15	1, 2023, THE LIMITS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (4)(i)(II)(B) OF THIS
16	SECTION ARE ANNUALLY ADJUSTED BY THE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE
17	COMBINED AVERAGE ANNUAL COSTS OF TUITION AND ROOM AND BOARD
18	FOR ALL STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, AS DEFINED IN
19	SECTION 24-30-1301 (18). THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION
20	SHALL ANNUALLY CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CHANGE DESCRIBED IN
21	THIS SUBSECTION (4)(i)(II)(C) AND SHALL PROVIDE THE CALCULATION TO
22	THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE BY A DEADLINE DETERMINED BY THE
23	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE MAY ROUND
24	THE ADJUSTED LIMITS TO THE NEAREST HUNDRED DOLLARS.
25	(III) No exclusion shall be SUBTRACTION IS allowed pursuant to
26	this paragraph (i) SUBSECTION (4)(i) to the extent that such payments or
27	contributions are excluded from the taxpayer's federal taxable income for

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1	the taxable year. Any exclusion SUBTRACTION taken under this paragraph
2	(i) shall be subject to recapture SUBSECTION (4)(i) IS ADDED TO THE
3	ACCOUNT HOLDER'S TAXABLE INCOME in the taxable year or years in
4	which any distribution, refund, or any other withdrawal is made pursuant
5	to an advance payment contract, from a savings trust account, or
6	otherwise in connection with a qualified state tuition program for any
7	reason other than:
8	(A) To pay qualified higher education expenses;
9	(B) As a result of the beneficiary's death or disability; or
10	(C) As a result of receiving a scholarship and as long as the
11	aggregate amount of distributions, refunds, or withdrawals made pursuant
12	to this sub-subparagraph (C) SUBSECTION (4)(i)(III)(C) do not exceed the
13	amount of the scholarship provided during such tax year; OR
14	(D) As a result of a change in designated beneficiary, if
15	THE CHANGE COMPLIES WITH SECTION $529(c)(3)(C)(ii)$ of the internal
16	REVENUE CODE.
17	(V) Beginning January 1, 2022 , and annually thereafter,
18	COLLEGEINVEST SHALL PROVIDE THE DEPARTMENT WITH A SECURE
19	ELECTRONIC REPORT CONTAINING INFORMATION FOR THE 529 QUALIFIED
20	STATE TUITION PROGRAM'S ACCOUNT OWNERS AND THIRD-PARTY
21	CONTRIBUTORS NECESSARY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE DEDUCTION
22	ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION. THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE:

(A) The name and social security number, and the contribution amount, of all Colorado taxpayers making a contribution to a collegeinvest account in the reporting tax year commencing on or after January 1, <u>2021</u>;

(B) THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, AND THE

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1	CONTRIBUTION AMOUNT, OF ANY OTHER COLORADO TAXPAYER MAKING
2	A CONTRIBUTION TO A COLLEGEINVEST ACCOUNT IN THE REPORTING TAX
3	YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, $\underline{2021}$, WHO INTENDS TO
4	PARTICIPATE IN THE DEDUCTION ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION; AND
5	(C) THE NAME AND SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, AND THE
6	DISTRIBUTION AMOUNT, OF EACH ACCOUNT HOLDER OF A COLLEGEINVEST
7	ACCOUNT WHO IS ALSO A COLORADO TAXPAYER MAKING <u>A</u> DISTRIBUTION
8	IN THE REPORTING TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1,
9	$\underline{2021}$, and the <u>reason</u> , if <u>any</u> , for the <u> </u> distribution.
10	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-123.5, amend
11	(2)(b) and (2.5)(b); and add (2)(c), (2.5)(d), and (2.7) as follows:
12	39-22-123.5. Earned income tax credit - not a refund of excess
13	state revenues - trigger - legislative declaration - repeal. (2) (b) For
14	an income tax year YEARS commencing on or after January 1, 2022, BUT
15	BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR
16	AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, a resident individual who claims an earned
17	income tax credit on the individual's federal tax return is allowed an
18	earned income tax credit against the taxes due under this article 22 that
19	is equal to fifteen TWENTY percent of the federal credit that the resident
20	individual claimed on his or her federal tax return for the same tax year.
21	(c) (I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
22	January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2026, a resident individual
23	WHO CLAIMS AN EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S
24	FEDERAL TAX RETURN IS ALLOWED AN EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT
25	AGAINST THE TAXES DUE UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22 THAT IS EQUAL TO
26	TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CREDIT THAT THE RESIDENT
27	INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED ON HIS OR HER FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR THE SAME

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1	TAX YEAR.
2	(II) This subsection (2)(c) is repealed, effective December
3	31, 2034.
4	(2.5) (b) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1
5	2022, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND INCOME TAX YEARS
6	COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, a resident individual is
7	allowed an earned income tax credit against the taxes due under this
8	article 22 that is equal to fifteen TWENTY percent of the federal credit that
9	the taxpayer RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL would have been allowed, but for the
10	fact that the resident individual, the resident individual's spouse, or one
11	or more of the resident individual's dependents do not have a social
12	security number that is valid for employment.
13	(d) (I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
14	January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2026, a resident individual
15	IS ALLOWED AN EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES DUI
16	UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22 THAT IS EQUAL TO TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE
17	FEDERAL CREDIT THAT THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WOULD HAVE BEEN
18	ALLOWED, BUT FOR THE FACT THAT THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL, THE
19	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE, OR ONE OR MORE OF THE RESIDENT
20	INDIVIDUAL'S DEPENDENTS DO NOT HAVE A SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
21	THAT IS VALID FOR EMPLOYMENT.
22	(II) This subsection $(2.5)(d)$ is repealed, effective December
23	31, 2034.
24	(2.7) (a) For income tax years commencing on or after
25	JANUARY 1, 2022, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, AND INCOME TAX YEARS
26	COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL IS
27	ALLOWED AN EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES DUI

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1	UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22 THAT IS EQUAL TO TWENTY PERCENT OF THE
2	FEDERAL CREDIT THAT THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WOULD HAVE BEEN
3	ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 32 (n)(1) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,
4	NOTWITHSTANDING THE DATE LIMITATION SET FORTH IN SECTION $32(n)$ of
5	THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 9621 (a) OF THE
6	"AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021", PUB.L. 117-2.
7	(b) (I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
8	January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2026, a resident individual
9	IS ALLOWED AN EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES DUE
10	UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22 THAT IS EQUAL TO TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE
11	FEDERAL CREDIT THAT THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WOULD HAVE BEEN
12	ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 32 (n)(1) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,
13	NOTWITHSTANDING THE DATE LIMITATION SET FORTH IN SECTION $32 (n)$
14	OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 9621 (a) OF
15	THE "AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021", PUB.L. 117-2.
16	(II) This subsection (2.7)(b) is repealed, effective December
17	31, 2034.
18	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-129, amend
19	(3)(a) and (4); and add (3.5) as follows:
20	39-22-129. Child tax credit - legislative declaration -
21	definitions. (3) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
22	SECTION, for an income tax year specified in subsection (4) of this section
23	YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, a resident individual
24	who claims a federal child tax credit for an eligible child on the
25	individual's federal tax return is allowed a child tax credit IN THE AMOUNT
26	SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (3)(b) OR (3)(c) OF THIS SECTION against the
27	income taxes due under this article ARTICLE 22 for the same tax year

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1	(3.5) (a) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section,
2	FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, A
3	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO COULD HAVE CLAIMED A FEDERAL CHILD TAX
4	CREDIT FOR AN ELIGIBLE CHILD ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL TAX
5	RETURN HAD SECTION 24 (h)(7) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE NOT
6	APPLIED TO THE DEFINITION OF QUALIFYING CHILD, IS ALLOWED A CHILD
7	TAX CREDIT IN THE AMOUNT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION $(3.5)(b)$ or $(3.5)(c)$
8	OF THIS SECTION AGAINST THE INCOME TAXES DUE UNDER THIS ARTICLE
9	22 FOR THE SAME TAX YEAR.
10	(b) (I) FOR A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN,
11	THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS EQUAL TO:
12	(A) THIRTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
13	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX
14	RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL
15	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR LESS;
16	(B) FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
17	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX
18	RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL
19	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND
20	DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
21	(C) FIVE PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
22	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX
23	RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL
24	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS
25	BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
26	(II) A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN AND
27	WHOSE FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN

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1	SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS IS NOT ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER
2	THIS SECTION.
3	(c)(I) For two resident individuals who file a joint return,
4	THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS EQUAL TO:
5	(A) THIRTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
6	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX
7	RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS' FEDERAL
8	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR LESS;
9	(B) FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
10	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX
11	RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS' FEDERAL
12	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND
13	DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
14	(C) FIVE PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
15	RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR FEDERAL TAX
16	RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS' FEDERAL
17	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS
18	BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO EIGHTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
19	(II) TWO RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS WHO FILE A JOINT RETURN AND
20	WHOSE FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN EIGHTY-FIVE
21	THOUSAND DOLLARS ARE NOT ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION.
22	(4) No credit is allowed under this section until the United States
23	congress has enacted the "Marketplace Fairness Act of 2013", or any
24	other act with substantially similar requirements, and the general
25	assembly has enacted a law to implement the minimum simplification
26	requirements in the congressional act. The credit allowed under this

section may be claimed for any income tax year beginning with the

27

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1	income tax year during which the last prerequisite bill under this
2	subsection (4) becomes law; except that, if the last bill becomes law after
3	October 1 of a given year, the credit is first available in the next income
4	tax year, and in no case may the credit be claimed prior to the 2014
5	income tax year. In any income tax year commencing on or after
6	January 1, 2022, if the changes specified in Section 9611 of the
7	"AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021", PUB.L. 117-2, ARE NO LONGER
8	APPLICABLE TO THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT ALLOWED IN SECTION 24
9	OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, THEN THE AMOUNT OF THE CHILD TAX
10	CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION IS AS FOLLOWS:
11	(a) (I) FOR A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN,
12	THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS EQUAL TO:
13	(A) SIXTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
14	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED OR COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR
15	FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S
16	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS
17	OR LESS;
18	(B) THIRTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
19	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED OR COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR
20	FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S
21	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN TWENTY-FIVE
22	THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO FIFTY THOUSAND
23	DOLLARS; AND
24	(C) TEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
25	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL CLAIMED OR COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR
26	FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S
27	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN FIFTY THOUSAND

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1	DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND
2	DOLLARS.
3	(II) A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL WHO FILES A SINGLE RETURN AND
4	WHOSE FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN
5	SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS IS NOT ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER
6	THIS SECTION.
7	$(b) (I) \ For \ two \ resident \ individuals \ who \ file \ a \ joint \ return,$
8	THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS EQUAL TO:
9	(A) SIXTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
10	RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS CLAIMED OR COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR
11	FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS'
12	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS
13	OR LESS;
14	(B) THIRTY PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT
15	THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS CLAIMED OR COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR
16	FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS'
17	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN THIRTY-FIVE
18	THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO SIXTY THOUSAND
19	DOLLARS; AND
20	(C) TEN PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL CHILD TAX CREDIT THAT THE
21	RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS CLAIMED OR COULD HAVE CLAIMED ON THEIR
22	FEDERAL TAX RETURN FOR EACH ELIGIBLE CHILD, IF THE INDIVIDUALS'
23	FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN SIXTY THOUSAND
24	DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO EIGHTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
25	(II) TWO RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS WHO FILE A JOINT RETURN AND
26	WHOSE FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS GREATER THAN EIGHTY-FIVE
27	THOUSAND DOLLARS ARE NOT ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION.

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1	
2	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-303, amend
3	(8), (11)(c)(II), and (12) as follows:
4	39-22-303. Dividends in a combined report - foreign source
5	income - affiliated groups - definitions. (8) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN
6	SUBSECTION (8)(b) OF THIS SECTION, neither the taxpayer nor the
7	executive director shall include in a combined report any C corporation
8	which THAT conducts business outside the United States if eighty percent
9	or more of the C corporation's property and payroll, as determined by
10	factoring pursuant to section 24-60-1301, is assigned to locations outside
11	the United States. For the purpose of this subsection (8), "United States"
12	is restricted to the fifty states and the District of Columbia.
13	(b) (I) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022,
14	A TAXPAYER SHALL INCLUDE IN THE COMBINED GROUP ANY MEMBER OF AN
15	AFFILIATED GROUP OF C CORPORATIONS THAT IS INCORPORATED IN A
16	FOREIGN JURISDICTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAX AVOIDANCE.
17	(II) A C CORPORATION IS PRESUMPTIVELY INCORPORATED IN A
18	FOREIGN JURISDICTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAX AVOIDANCE IF IT IS
19	INCORPORATED IN A LISTED JURISDICTION. A C CORPORATION IS NOT
20	INCORPORATED IN A FOREIGN JURISDICTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAX
21	AVOIDANCE IF THE TAXPAYER PROVES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE
22	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR THAT SUCH CORPORATION IS INCORPORATED IN A
23	LISTED JURISDICTION FOR REASONS THAT MEET THE ECONOMIC SUBSTANCE
24	DOCTRINE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 7701 (o) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
25	CODE.
26	(III) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (8)(b), THE TERM "C
27	CORPORATION" INCLUDES ANY BUSINESS ENTITY DEFINED AS A

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1	"CORPORATION" UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND THE RULES
2	AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED PURSUANT THERETO, REGARDLESS OF
3	WHETHER SUCH ENTITY IS SUBJECT TO FEDERAL INCOME TAX. ANY
4	BUSINESS ENTITY INCLUDED IN A COMBINED GROUP UNDER SUBSECTION
5	(8)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION IS DEEMED TO BE A "C CORPORATION" FOR
6	PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 22, NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 39-22-103
7	(2.5).
8	
9	(11) (c) If an affiliated C corporation is included in a combined
10	report, section 39-22-303.5, 39-22-303.6, or 39-22-303.7 shall be applied
11	with the following modifications:
12	(II) (A) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY
13	1, 2022, the numerator of the apportionment calculation set forth in
14	section 39-22-303.5 or 39-22-303.6 shall be, to the extent applicable, the
15	sum of the sales of those affiliated C corporations doing business in
16	Colorado.
17	(B) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
18	1, 2022, THE COMBINED GROUP APPORTIONMENT FACTOR IS A FRACTION
19	DETERMINED UNDER SECTION 39-22-303.6, AS MODIFIED, IF APPLICABLE,
20	BY SECTION 39-22-303.7, WHERE THE NUMERATOR OF THE FACTOR
21	INCLUDES AMOUNTS SOURCED TO THE STATE, REGARDLESS OF THE
22	SEPARATE ENTITY TO WHICH THOSE FACTORS MAY BE ATTRIBUTED, AND
23	THE DENOMINATOR OF THE FACTOR INCLUDES AMOUNTS ASSOCIATED WITH
24	THE COMBINED GROUP'S BUSINESS WHEREVER LOCATED.
25	(12) As used in subsections (10) and (11) of this section, the term
26	AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
27	(a) "Affiliated group" means:

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1	(I) One or more chains of includable C corporations connected
2	DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY through stock ownership with a common parent
3	C corporation which THAT is an includable C corporation if:
4	(I) (A) Stock possessing more than fifty percent of the voting
5	power of all classes of stock and more than fifty percent of each class of
6	the nonvoting stock of each of the includable C corporations, except the
7	common parent C corporation, is owned directly OR INDIRECTLY by one
8	or more of the other includable C corporations; and
9	(H) (B) The common parent C corporation owns directly OR
10	INDIRECTLY stock possessing more than fifty percent of the voting power
11	of all classes of stock and more than fifty percent of each class of the
12	nonvoting stock of at least one of the other includable C corporations.
13	(b) (II) As used in this subsection (12) SUBSECTION (12)(a), the
14	term "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which THAT is limited and
15	preferred as to dividends, employer securities, within the meaning of
16	section 409(1) of the internal revenue code, while such securities are held
17	under a tax credit employee stock ownership plan, or qualifying employer
18	securities, within the meaning of section 4975(e)(8) of the internal
19	revenue code, while such securities are held under an employee stock
20	ownership plan which meets the requirements of section 4975(e)(7) of the
21	internal revenue code.
22	
23	(b) "LISTED JURISDICTION" MEANS ANDORRA, ANGUILLA,
24	Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Barbados,
25	Belize, Bermuda, Bonaire, British Virgin Islands, Cayman
26	Islands, Cook Islands, Curação, Cyprus, Dominica, Gibraltar,
27	GRENADA, GUERNSEY-SARK-ALDERNEY, ISLE OF MAN, JERSEY, LIBERIA,

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1	LIECHTENCTEIN LIVEMPOUDG MALTA MARGUALI IGLANDS
1	LIECHTENSTEIN, LUXEMBOURG, MALTA, MARSHALL ISLANDS,
2	Mauritius, Monaco, Montserrat, Nauru, Niue, Panama, Saba,
3	SAMOA, SAN MARINO, SEYCHELLES, SINT EUSTATIUS, SINT MAARTEN, ST.
4	KITTS AND NEVIS, ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES, TURKS
5	AND CAICOS ISLANDS, U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS, AND VANUATU.
6	
7	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-304, amend
8	(1) and (3)(j); and add (2)(j) and (3)(p) as follows:
9	39-22-304. Net income of corporation - legislative declaration
10	- definitions - repeal. (1) (a) The net income of a C corporation means
11	the C corporation's federal taxable income, as defined in the internal
12	revenue code, for the taxable year, with the modifications specified in this
13	section.
14	(b) (I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
15	JANUARY 1, 2022, IN THE CASE OF A C CORPORATION THAT IS NOT
16	INCORPORATED IN THE UNITED STATES, OR INCLUDED IN A CONSOLIDATED
17	FEDERAL CORPORATE INCOME TAX RETURN, "FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME"
18	MEANS THE C CORPORATION'S INCOME OR LOSS AS DETERMINED FROM A
19	PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT PREPARED FOR THAT C CORPORATION ON A
20	SEPARATE ENTITY BASIS IN THE CURRENCY IN WHICH ITS BOOKS OF
21	ACCOUNT ARE REGULARLY MAINTAINED, PROVIDED THIS PROFIT AND LOSS
22	STATEMENT IS SUBJECT TO AN INDEPENDENT AUDIT, ADJUSTED TO
23	CONFORM TO THE ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE
24	UNITED STATES FOR THE PREPARATION OF SUCH STATEMENTS AND
25	FURTHER MODIFIED TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT ANY BOOK-TAX ADJUSTMENTS
26	NECESSARY TO REFLECT FEDERAL AND STATE TAX LAW. INCOME OR LOSS

SO COMPUTED INCLUDES ALL INCOME WHEREVER DERIVED AND IS NOT

27

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1	LIMITED TO ITEMS OF INCOME FROM SOURCES WITHIN THE UNITED STATES
2	OR EFFECTIVELY CONNECTED INCOME WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE
3	INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ITEMS OF INCOME, EXPENSE, GAIN OR LOSS,
4	AND RELATED APPORTIONMENT FACTORS THAT ARE DENOMINATED IN A
5	FOREIGN CURRENCY MUST ALSO BE TRANSLATED INTO UNITED STATES
6	DOLLARS ON A REASONABLE BASIS CONSISTENTLY APPLIED YEAR-TO-YEAR
7	AND ENTITY-BY-ENTITY. UNREALIZED FOREIGN CURRENCY GAINS AND
8	LOSSES ARE NOT RECOGNIZED. INCOME APPORTIONED TO THIS STATE IS TO
9	BE EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS.
10	(II) IN LIEU OF THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION
11	(1)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION, OR IN ANY CASE WHERE IT IS NECESSARY TO
12	FAIRLY AND CONSISTENTLY REFLECT THE INCOME OR LOSS AND
13	APPORTIONMENT FACTORS OF FOREIGN OPERATIONS INCLUDED IN A
14	COMBINED REPORT, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY PROVIDE FOR OTHER
15	PROCEDURES TO REASONABLY APPROXIMATE THE INCOME OR LOSS AND
16	APPORTIONMENT FACTORS OF MEMBERS WITH FOREIGN OPERATIONS.
17	(2) There shall be added to federal taxable income:
18	(j) (I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
19	January 1, 2022, but before January 1, 2023, an amount equal to
20	A FEDERAL DEDUCTION CLAIMED FOR THE INCOME TAX YEAR FOR A FOOD
21	AND BEVERAGE EXPENSE THAT EXCEEDS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT
22	OF THE EXPENSE AND THAT WAS ALLOWED UNDER SECTION $274(n)(2)(D)$
23	OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
24	(II) This subsection (2)(j) is repealed, effective December

(3) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:

25

26

27

31, 2030.

(j) Any amount treated as a section 78 dividend under section 78

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1	of the internal revenue code EXCLUDING ANY AMOUNT TREATED UNDER
2	SECTION 78 AS A DIVIDEND RECEIVED FROM A C CORPORATION
3	INCORPORATED IN A FOREIGN JURISDICTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAX
4	AVOIDANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-22-303 (8)(b)(II);
5	(p) (I) ANY AMOUNT INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME
6	PURSUANT TO SECTION 951 (a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE WITH
7	RESPECT TO A CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORATION THAT IS A C
8	CORPORATION INCORPORATED IN A FOREIGN JURISDICTION FOR THE
9	PURPOSE OF TAX AVOIDANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-22-303 (8)(b)(II);
10	AND
11	(II) THE AMOUNT OF ANY GLOBAL INTANGIBLE LOW-TAXED
12	INCOME INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME PURSUANT TO SECTION
13	951A (a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE WITH RESPECT TO A
14	CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORATION THAT IS A C CORPORATION
15	INCORPORATED IN A FOREIGN JURISDICTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAX
16	AVOIDANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-22-303 (8)(b)(II), LESS ANY
17	AMOUNT DEDUCTED UNDER SECTION 250 (a)(1)(B) OF THE INTERNAL
18	REVENUE CODE WITH RESPECT TO SUCH GLOBAL INTANGIBLE LOW-TAXED
19	INCOME.
20	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-518,
21	amend (2)(a)(I), (2)(b)(I)(B.5), and (2)(b)(II) introductory portion; and
22	add (2)(a)(I.5), (2)(b)(I)(B.7), and (2)(b)(II)(C) as follows:
23	39-22-518. Tax modification for net capital gains - definitions
24	- repeal. (2) For the purposes of this section:
25	(a) (I) "Qualified taxpayer" FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING
26	BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, means any taxpayer with no overdue state tax
27	liabilities and not in default on any contractual obligations owed to the

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state or to any local government within Colorado at the time the modification created under this section is claimed. THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 31, 2030.

- (I.5) "QUALIFIED TAXPAYER" MEANS, FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, ANY TAXPAYER THAT HAS NO OVERDUE STATE TAX LIABILITIES; THAT IS NOT IN DEFAULT ON ANY CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OWED TO THE STATE OR TO ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITHIN COLORADO AT THE TIME THE MODIFICATION CREATED UNDER THIS SECTION IS CLAIMED; AND THAT IS REQUIRED TO FILE A SCHEDULE F, PROFIT OR LOSS FROM FARMING, OR SUCCESSOR FORM, AS AN ATTACHMENT TO THE TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE TAX YEAR IN WHICH THE NET CAPITAL GAINS ARISE.
- (b) (I) "Qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means the amount of net capital gains, as defined in section 1222 (11) of the internal revenue code, included in any qualified taxpayer's federal income tax return and:

(B.5) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, earned by the qualified taxpayer on either real or tangible personal property located within Colorado that was acquired on or after May 9, 1994, but before June 4, 2009, or on tangible personal property only located either within or outside Colorado that was acquired on or after June 4, 2009, and either of which has been owned by the qualified taxpayer for a holding period of at least five years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise if the transaction from which the net capital gains arise if the transaction from which the net capital gains arise occurred during an income tax year that commenced on or after January 1, 2010; except that no more than one hundred thousand dollars of net capital gains described in this

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I	sub-subparagraph (B.5) shall be SUBSECTION (2)(b)(1)(B.5) ARE
2	qualifying gains receiving capital treatment for any single income tax
3	year. This subsection (2)(b)(I)(B.5) is repealed, effective December
4	31, 2030.
5	(B.7) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
6	January $1, 2022$, earned by the qualified taxpayer on qualified
7	REAL PROPERTY THAT WAS ACQUIRED ON OR AFTER MAY 9, 1994, BUT
8	BEFORE JUNE 4, 2009, AND HAS BEEN OWNED BY THE QUALIFIED
9	TAXPAYER FOR A HOLDING PERIOD OF AT LEAST FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO THE
10	DATE OF THE TRANSACTION FROM WHICH THE NET CAPITAL GAINS ARISE;
11	EXCEPT THAT NO MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF NET
12	CAPITAL GAINS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(b)(I)(B.7) ARE
13	QUALIFYING GAINS RECEIVING CAPITAL TREATMENT FOR ANY SINGLE
14	INCOME TAX YEAR.
15	(II) For purposes of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (2)(b):
16	(C) "QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY" MEANS REAL PROPERTY
17	LOCATED IN COLORADO THAT IS SOLD BY THE TAXPAYER AND GENERATES
18	THE QUALIFYING GAINS RECEIVING CAPITAL TREATMENT AND THAT IS
19	CLASSIFIED BY THE COUNTY PROPERTY TAX ASSESSOR IMMEDIATELY
20	PRECEDING THE SALE AS AGRICULTURAL LAND UNDER SECTION 39-1-102
21	(1.6)(a). IF REAL PROPERTY IS SOLD AS A TYPE OF INVESTMENT PACKAGE,
22	THEN, IN ORDER TO BE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY, AT LEAST
23	SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE REAL PROPERTY SOLD IN THE PACKAGE
24	MUST BE CLASSIFIED BY THE COUNTY PROPERTY TAX ASSESSOR
25	IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE SALE AS AGRICULTURAL LAND UNDER
26	SECTION 39-1-102 (1.6)(a).
27	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-22-542 as

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I	follows:
2	39-22-542. Tax credit for conversion costs for employee
3	$\textbf{business ownership-definitions-declaration-repeal.} (1) \ Legislative$
4	declaration. (a) The General assembly Hereby finds and Declares
5	THAT:
6	(I) THE PURPOSE OF THIS SECTION IS TO PROVIDE AN INCENTIVE
7	FOR SMALL BUSINESSES TO ESTABLISH EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP
8	PLANS OR EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP TRUSTS, OR TO CONVERT TO A
9	WORKER-OWNED COOPERATIVE;
10	(II) AN EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN ALLOWS COMPANIES
11	TO SHARE OWNERSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES WITHOUT REQUIRING EMPLOYEES
12	TO INVEST THEIR OWN MONEY;
13	(III) This section encourages small business owners to
14	SELL, THROUGH THREE DIFFERENT OPTIONS, THEIR BUSINESSES TO THE
15	VERY EMPLOYEES THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THEIR SUCCESS; AND
16	(IV) THIS SECTION WILL HELP TO ENSURE THAT LOCAL BUSINESSES
17	ARE NOT SOLD TO OUT-OF-STATE BUYERS, WHICH IS OFTEN DETRIMENTAL
18	TO THE FABRIC OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES.
19	(b) It is the general assembly's intent that the Colorado
20	OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROVIDE RELEVANT AND
21	ASCERTAINABLE METRICS AND COLLECT ANY NECESSARY DATA TO ALLOW
22	THE STATE AUDITOR TO MEASURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE TAX CREDIT
23	IN THIS SECTION IN ACHIEVING THE PURPOSE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION
24	(1)(a) OF THIS SECTION.
25	(2) Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context
26	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
27	(a) "COLORADO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT" OR "OFFICE"

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1	MEANS THE COLORADO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CREATED IN
2	SECTION 24-48.5-101.
3	(b) "CONVERSION COSTS" MEANS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES,
4	INCLUDING ACCOUNTING, LEGAL, AND BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES, AS
5	DETAILED IN THE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY THE OFFICE, FOR THE TRANSITION
6	OF A BUSINESS TO EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP TRUST, AN EMPLOYEE STOCK
7	OWNERSHIP PLAN, OR A WORKER-OWNED COOPERATIVE. "CONVERSION
8	COSTS" INCLUDE COSTS TO AUDIT THE COST CERTIFICATION AS REQUIRED
9	IN SUBSECTION $(7)(b)$ OF THIS SECTION.
10	(c) "Department" means the Colorado department of
11	REVENUE.
12	(d) "EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP TRUST" MEANS AN INDIRECT FORM OF
13	EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP IN WHICH A TRUST HOLDS A CONTROLLING STAKE
14	IN A QUALIFIED BUSINESS AND BENEFITS ALL EMPLOYEES ON AN EQUAL
15	BASIS.
16	(e) "EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN" HAS THE SAME MEANING
17	AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 4975 (e)(7) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,
18	AS AMENDED.
19	(f) "OWNER" MEANS THE OWNER OF A QUALIFIED BUSINESS BEFORE
20	A CONVERSION OCCURS.
21	(g) "QUALIFIED BUSINESS" MEANS A TAXPAYER SUBJECT TO TAX
22	UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A C
23	CORPORATION, S CORPORATION, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY,
24	PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP, A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP,
25	OR OTHER SIMILAR PASS-THROUGH ENTITY, THAT IS NOT OWNED IN WHOLE
26	OR IN PART BY AN EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP TRUST, THAT DOES NOT HAVE AN
27	EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN, OR THAT IS NOT, IN WHOLE OR IN

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1	PART, A WORKER-OWNED COOPERATIVE, AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE
2	OFFICE FOR THE TAX INCENTIVES IN THIS SECTION.
3	(h) "Worker-owned cooperative" has the same meaning as
4	SET FORTH IN SECTION 1042 (c)(2) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AS
5	AMENDED.
6	(3) (a) Subject to certification by the office pursuant to
7	THIS SECTION, FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
8	January 1, 2022, but prior to January 1, 2027, there shall be
9	ALLOWED A CREDIT WITH RESPECT TO THE INCOME TAXES IMPOSED
10	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 22 AS FOLLOWS:
11	(I) UP TO FIFTY PERCENT OF THE CONVERSION COSTS, NOT TO
12	EXCEED TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, INCURRED BY A QUALIFIED
13	BUSINESS FOR CONVERTING THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS TO A
14	WORKER-OWNED COOPERATIVE OR AN EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP TRUST; OR
15	(II) UP TO FIFTY PERCENT OF THE CONVERSION COSTS, NOT TO
16	EXCEED ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, INCURRED BY A QUALIFIED
17	BUSINESS FOR CONVERTING THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS TO AN EMPLOYEE
18	STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN.
19	(b) (I) IN THE CASE OF A QUALIFIED BUSINESS THAT IS A C
20	CORPORATION, THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED TO THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS.
21	(II) IN THE CASE OF A QUALIFIED BUSINESS THAT IS A PARTNERSHIP
22	OR AN S CORPORATION, THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED TO THE OWNER.
23	(c) THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF ALL TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATES
24	THAT THE OFFICE MAY RESERVE UNDER SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS
25	SECTION IN ANY TAX YEAR IS TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
26	(4) A BUSINESS SHALL SUBMIT AN APPLICATION TO THE OFFICE FOR
27	THE ISSUANCE OF A CREDIT CERTIFICATE FOR THE CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS

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1	SECTION BY THE DEADLINES ESTABLISHED IN THE OFFICE'S GUIDELINES.
2	THE APPLICATION MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION, AS SET FORTH IN THE
3	OFFICE'S GUIDELINES, REGARDING THE TYPE OF CONVERSION THE BUSINESS
4	INTENDS TO UNDERTAKE, A LIST OF THE EXPECTED CONVERSION COSTS,
5	AND AN ESTIMATED AMOUNT, AS CALCULATED BY THE BUSINESS, OF THE
6	EXPECTED CONVERSION COSTS.
7	(5) (a) The office shall develop guidelines for the
8	ADMINISTRATION OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
9	(I) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING A LIST OF THE DATA
10	THE OFFICE NEEDS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS IN SUBSECTIONS (11) AND
11	(12) OF THIS SECTION;
12	(II) GUIDELINES REGARDING THE ISSUING OF CREDIT
13	CERTIFICATES;
14	(III) DETAILED GUIDELINES REGARDING CONVERSION COSTS; AND
15	(IV) GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS FOR CERTIFYING A BUSINESS AS
16	A QUALIFIED BUSINESS.
17	(b) BEFORE THE OFFICE BEGINS TO PROVIDE RESERVATIONS OF TAX
18	CREDITS UNDER SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION, THE OFFICE SHALL
19	PROVIDE THE FINANCE COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
20	AND THE SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, WITH A WRITTEN
21	REPORT SETTING FORTH THE CLEAR, RELEVANT, AND ASCERTAINABLE
22	METRICS AND DATA REQUIREMENTS THAT THE OFFICE WILL TRACK UNDER
23	SUBSECTION (12) OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO ALLOW THE GENERAL
24	ASSEMBLY AND THE STATE AUDITOR TO MEASURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF
25	THE TAX EXPENDITURE ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION IN ACHIEVING THE
26	PURPOSE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION $(1)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION.
27	(6) (a) (I) AFTER THE OFFICE PROVIDES THE WRITTEN REPORT

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REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (5)(b) OF THIS SECTION, A RESERVATION OF TAX
CREDITS IS PERMITTED FOR THE TAX CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION. IF
THE OFFICE DETERMINES THAT THE APPLICATION FILED UNDER SUBSECTION
(4) OF THIS SECTION IS COMPLETE, THE OFFICE SHALL DETERMINE
WHETHER THE BUSINESS IS A QUALIFIED BUSINESS, REVIEW THE LIST OF
THE EXPECTED CONVERSION COSTS, AND REVIEW THE ESTIMATED
CONVERSION COSTS AS CALCULATED BY THE BUSINESS. IF THE OFFICE
APPROVES THE BUSINESS AS A QUALIFIED BUSINESS, THE LIST OF EXPECTED
CONVERSION COSTS, AND THE ESTIMATED CONVERSION COSTS, THE OFFICE
MAY RESERVE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE
OWNER AN ALLOCATION OF A TAX CREDIT SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATION
SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION. THE OFFICE SHALL
NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS IN WRITING OF THE AMOUNT OF THE
RESERVATION. THE RESERVATION OF A TAX CREDIT DOES NOT ENTITLE THE
QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE OWNER TO AN ISSUANCE OF A TAX CREDIT
CERTIFICATE UNTIL THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS COMPLIES WITH ALL OF THE
OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION FOR THE ISSUANCE OF
THE TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATE.
(II) A BUSINESS MAY APPLY FOR A STAGED CONVERSION. IF THE
OFFICE RECEIVES AN APPLICATION FOR A STAGED CONVERSION, AND THE
OFFICE DETERMINES THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION
(6)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION HAVE BEEN MET, THE OFFICE SHALL RESERVE
TAX CREDITS FOR ALL STAGES OF THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS'S CONVERSION
IN THE YEAR THE APPLICATION IS FILED. THE OFFICE MAY CERTIFY THE
STAGED CONVERSION COSTS AND ISSUE TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATES UNDER
SUBSECTION $(7)(b)(II)$ of this section when the costs are incurred.
(b) (I) THE OFFICE MUST RESERVE TAX CREDITS IN THE ORDER IN

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1	WHICH IT RECEIVES COMPLETED APPLICATIONS THAT COMPLY WITH THE
2	REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION AND THE GUIDELINES DEVELOPED BY THE
3	OFFICE. THE OFFICE SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE OF ANY
4	RESERVATION OF TAX CREDITS AUTHORIZED BY THIS SUBSECTION (6) OR
5	DISAPPROVE THE APPLICATION WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME, NOT TO
6	EXCEED NINETY DAYS AFTER THE FILING OF A COMPLETED APPLICATION.
7	(II) THE OFFICE SHALL STAMP EACH COMPLETED APPLICATION
8	WITH THE DATE AND TIME THE APPLICATION WAS RECEIVED AND SHALL
9	REVIEW THE APPLICATION ON THE BASIS OF THE ORDER IN WHICH IT WAS
10	SUBMITTED BY DATE AND TIME.
11	(III) ANY APPLICATION DISAPPROVED BY THE OFFICE WILL BE
12	REMOVED FROM THE REVIEW PROCESS, AND THE OFFICE SHALL NOTIFY THE
13	BUSINESS IN WRITING OF THE DECISION TO REMOVE ITS APPLICATION FROM
14	THE REVIEW PROCESS. DISAPPROVED APPLICATIONS LOSE THEIR PRIORITY
15	IN THE REVIEW PROCESS. A BUSINESS MAY RESUBMIT A DISAPPROVED
16	APPLICATION, BUT SUCH RESUBMITTED APPLICATION IS DEEMED TO BE A
17	NEW SUBMISSION FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRIORITY PROCEDURES DESCRIBED
18	IN THIS SUBSECTION (6)(b).
19	(c) IF, FOR ANY CALENDAR YEAR, THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
20	RESERVATIONS FOR TAX CREDITS THE OFFICE HAS APPROVED IS EQUAL TO
21	THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS AVAILABLE FOR RESERVATION
22	DURING THAT CALENDAR YEAR, THE OFFICE SHALL NOTIFY ALL BUSINESSES
23	WHO HAVE SUBMITTED APPLICATIONS THEN AWAITING APPROVAL THAT NO
24	ADDITIONAL APPROVALS OF APPLICATIONS FOR RESERVATIONS OF TAX
25	CREDITS WILL BE GRANTED DURING THAT CALENDAR YEAR. THE OFFICE
26	SHALL ADDITIONALLY NOTIFY EACH BUSINESS OF THE PRIORITY NUMBER
27	GIVEN TO THE BUSINESS'S APPLICATION THEN AWAITING APPROVAL. THE

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1	APPLICATIONS WILL REMAIN IN PRIORITY STATUS FOR TWO YEARS FROM
2	THE DATE OF THE ORIGINAL APPLICATION AND WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR
3	RESERVATIONS OF TAX CREDITS IN THE PRIORITY ORDER ESTABLISHED IN
4	THIS SUBSECTION (6) IN THE EVENT THAT ADDITIONAL CREDITS BECOME
5	AVAILABLE RESULTING FROM THE RESCISSION OF APPROVALS UNDER
6	SUBSECTION (7)(a) OF THIS SECTION OR BECAUSE A NEW ALLOCATION OF
7	TAX CREDITS FOR A CALENDAR YEAR BECOMES AVAILABLE.
8	(7) (a) Any qualified business with respect to which the
9	OFFICE HAS MADE A RESERVATION OF TAX CREDITS UNDER SUBSECTION (6)
10	OF THIS SECTION SHALL INCUR NOT LESS THAN TWENTY PERCENT OF THE
11	ESTIMATED CONVERSION COSTS NOT LATER THAN EIGHTEEN MONTHS
12	AFTER THE DATE OF THE WRITTEN NOTICE FROM THE OFFICE TO THE
13	QUALIFIED BUSINESS GRANTING THE RESERVATION OF TAX CREDITS. THE
14	QUALIFIED BUSINESS SHALL SUBMIT EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE WITH
15	THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (7)(a). IF THE OFFICE DETERMINES
16	THAT A QUALIFIED BUSINESS HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE
17	REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION $(7)(a)$, THE OFFICE MAY RESCIND THE
18	WRITTEN NOTICE IT PREVIOUSLY GAVE THE BUSINESS OR THE OWNER
19	APPROVING THE RESERVATION OF TAX CREDITS AND, IF SO, THE TOTAL
20	AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS MADE AVAILABLE FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR FOR
21	WHICH RESERVATIONS MAY BE GRANTED MUST BE INCREASED BY THE
22	AMOUNT OF THE TAX CREDITS RESCINDED. THE OFFICE SHALL PROMPTLY
23	NOTIFY ANY QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE OWNER WHOSE RESERVATION OF
24	TAX CREDITS HAS BEEN RESCINDED AND, UPON RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE,
25	THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS MAY SUBMIT A NEW APPLICATION.
26	(b) (I) FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF THE CONVERSION, THE
27	QUALIFIED BUSINESS SHALL NOTIFY THE OFFICE THAT THE CONVERSION

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1	HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND SHALL PROVIDE THE OFFICE WITH A COST
2	CERTIFICATION OF THE ESTIMATED CONVERSION COSTS. THE COST
3	CERTIFICATION MUST BE AUDITED BY A LICENSED CERTIFIED PUBLIC
4	ACCOUNTANT THAT IS NOT AFFILIATED WITH THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS.
5	THE OFFICE SHALL REVIEW THE COST CERTIFICATION, AND WITHIN NINETY
6	DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE COST CERTIFICATION, THE OFFICE SHALL
7	CERTIFY THE CONVERSION COSTS AND ISSUE A TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATE IN
8	THE AMOUNTS ALLOWED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION. THE OFFICE
9	SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS OF ANY DISALLOWED
10	CONVERSION COSTS.
11	(II) IF A CONVERSION IS A STAGED CONVERSION AS SET FORTH IN
12	SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, AND THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS
13	MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN THIS SUBSECTION (7), THE OFFICE SHALL
14	ISSUE PRO RATA TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATES TO A QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR
15	THE OWNER BASED ON THE PERCENT OF THE CONVERSION COMPLETED
16	DURING EACH TAX YEAR.
17	(c) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (7)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE
18	TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATE ISSUED TO A QUALIFIED
19	BUSINESS OR THE OWNER SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX
20	CREDIT RESERVATION UNDER SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION.
21	(d) If the amount of certified costs incurred by the
22	QUALIFIED BUSINESS WOULD RESULT IN A QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE
23	OWNER BEING ISSUED AN AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS THAT EXCEEDS THE
24	AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS RESERVED FOR THE BUSINESS UNDER
25	$\hbox{\tt SUBSECTION(6)(a)OFTHISSECTION, THEQUALIFIEDBUSINESSMAYAPPLY}$
26	TO THE OFFICE FOR THE ISSUANCE OF AN AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS THAT

EQUALS THE EXCESS. THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS MUST SUBMIT ITS

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1	APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE OF SUCH EXCESS TAX CREDITS ON A FORM
2	PRESCRIBED BY THE OFFICE. UNLESS THE OFFICE IS CONCERNED THE
3	APPLICATION IT RECEIVED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION $(7)(d)$ IS FRAUDULENT,
4	THE OFFICE SHALL AUTOMATICALLY APPROVE THE APPLICATION, WHICH IT
5	SHALL ISSUE BY MEANS OF A SEPARATE CERTIFICATE, SUBJECT ONLY TO
6	THE AVAILABILITY OF TAX CREDITS AND THE PROVISIONS CONCERNING
7	PRIORITY PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION.

- (8) IF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION EXCEEDS THE INCOME TAXES DUE ON THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS'S OR THE OWNER'S INCOME, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT NOT USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAXES MUST BE REFUNDED TO THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE OWNER.
- (9) ANY TAX CREDITS ISSUED UNDER THIS SECTION TO A PARTNERSHIP OR AN S CORPORATION MUST BE PASSED THROUGH TO THE PARTNERS, MEMBERS, OR OWNERS, INCLUDING ANY NONPROFIT ENTITY THAT IS A PARTNER, MEMBER, OR OWNER, RESPECTIVELY, ON A PRO RATA BASIS ACCORDING TO THEIR OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGE.
- (10) TO CLAIM THE INCOME TAX CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION, THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE OWNER SHALL ATTACH A COPY OF THE CREDIT CERTIFICATE TO ITS STATE INCOME TAX RETURN. NO TAX CREDIT IS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION UNLESS THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE OWNER PROVIDES THE COPY OF THE CREDIT CERTIFICATE WITH ITS FILED STATE INCOME TAX RETURN. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT THAT THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS MAY CLAIM UNDER THIS SECTION IS THE AMOUNT STATED ON THE TAX CREDIT CERTIFICATE.
- (11) THE OFFICE SHALL, IN A SUFFICIENTLY TIMELY MANNER TO ALLOW THE DEPARTMENT TO PROCESS RETURNS CLAIMING THE INCOME TAX CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION, PROVIDE THE DEPARTMENT WITH

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1	AN ELECTRONIC REPORT OF EACH QUALIFIED BUSINESS OR THE OWNER
2	THAT THE OFFICE APPROVED FOR THE INCOME TAX CREDIT ALLOWED IN
3	THIS SECTION FOR THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR THAT INCLUDES THE
4	FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
5	(a) THE TAXPAYER'S NAME; AND
6	(b) The Taxpayer's social security number or the
7	TAXPAYER'S COLORADO ACCOUNT NUMBER AND FEDERAL EMPLOYER
8	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.
9	(12) The office shall maintain a database of any
10	INFORMATION NECESSARY TO EVALUATE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE TAX
11	CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION IN MEETING THE PURPOSES SET FORTH
12	IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION, AND SHALL PROVIDE SUCH
13	INFORMATION, AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT MAY BE NEEDED, TO
14	THE STATE AUDITOR AS PART OF THE STATE AUDITOR'S EVALUATION OF
15	TAX EXPENDITURES UNDER SECTION 39-21-305.
16	(13) THE OFFICE SHALL CONDUCT STATEWIDE OUTREACH EFFORTS,
17	WITHIN EXISTING RESOURCES, TO MINORITY OWNED BUSINESSES, AS
18	DEFINED IN SECTION 24-48.5-127 (2)(g), ABOUT THE AVAILABILITY OF THE
19	TAX CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS SECTION.
20	(14) This section is repealed, effective December 31, 2033.
21	SECTION <u>10.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-112, amend
22	(1) as follows:
23	39-22-112. Persons and organizations exempt from tax under
24	this article. (1) A person or organization exempt from federal income
25	taxation under the provisions of the internal revenue code shall also be
26	exempt from the tax imposed by this article ARTICLE 22 in each year in
27	which such person or organization satisfies the requirements of the

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1	internal revenue code for exemption from federal income taxation; except
2	that insurance companies subject to the tax imposed on gross premiums
3	by section 10-3-209 C.R.S., shall also be exempt from the tax imposed by
4	this article Article 22. Disqualified insurance companies, as
5	Defined in Section 10-1-102 (6.5), shall not be exempt from the Tax
6	IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE 22. If the exemption applicable to any person
7	or organization under the provisions of the internal revenue code is
8	limited or qualified in any manner, the exemption from taxes imposed by
9	this article ARTICLE 22 shall be limited or qualified in a similar manner.
10	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-1-102, amend
11	the introductory portion; and add (6.5) as follows:
12	10-1-102. Definitions. As used in this title TITLE 10, unless the
13	context otherwise requires:
14	(6.5) "DISQUALIFIED INSURANCE COMPANY" MEANS A COMPANY
15	LICENSED AS A CAPTIVE INSURANCE COMPANY UNDER THE LAWS OF THIS
16	STATE OR THE LAWS OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION WITH GROSS RECEIPTS FOR
17	THE TAXABLE YEAR THAT CONSIST FIFTY PERCENT OR LESS OF PREMIUMS
18	FROM ARRANGEMENTS THAT CONSTITUTE INSURANCE FOR FEDERAL
19	INCOME TAX PURPOSES.
20	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-3-209, amend
21	(1)(a) as follows:
22	10-3-209. Tax on premiums collected - exemptions - penalties.
23	(1) (a) All insurance companies writing business in this state, including,
24	without limitation, those defined in section 10-1-102 (6), EXCEPT A
25	DISQUALIFIED INSURANCE COMPANY, shall pay to the division of insurance
26	a tax on the gross amount of all premiums collected or contracted for on
27	policies or contracts of insurance covering property or risks in this state

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1	during the previous calendar year, after deducting from such gross
2	amount the amount received as reinsurance premiums on business in this
3	state, and the amount refunded under credit life and credit accident and
4	health insurance policies on account of termination of insurance prior to
5	the maturity date of the indebtedness, and, in the case of companies other
6	than life, the amounts paid to policyholders as return premiums, which
7	shall include dividends or unabsorbed premiums or premium deposits
8	returned or credited to policyholders.
9	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-6-128, amend
10	(1) as follows:
11	10-6-128. Tax on premiums collected - exemptions - penalties.
12	(1) All captive insurance companies doing business in this state, EXCEPT
13	A DISQUALIFIED INSURANCE COMPANY, shall pay to the division of
14	insurance an annual tax on the gross amount of all premiums collected,
15	less premiums or premium credits returned to policyholders, on policies
16	or contracts of insurance covering property or risks in this state and on
17	risks and property situated in any other state in which the insurer has not
18	paid premium tax.
19	SECTION <u>14.</u> Appropriation. (1) For the 2021-22 state fiscal
20	year, \$68,041 is appropriated to the office of the governor for use by
21	economic development programs. This appropriation is from the general
22	fund and is based on an assumption that the office will require an
23	additional 0.5 FTE. To implement this act, the office may use this
24	appropriation for employee ownership tax credit administration.
25	(2) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$64,856 is appropriated to
26	the department of revenue. This appropriation is from the general fund.
27	To implement this act, the department may use this appropriation as

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1	<u>follows:</u>
2	(a) \$1,280 for use by the executive director's office for personal
3	services related to administration and support;
4	(b) \$41,961 for use by the taxation business group for personal
5	services related to taxation services, which amount is based on an
6	assumption that the group will require an additional 0.8 FTE;
7	(c) \$3,615 for use by the taxation business group for operating
8	expenses related to taxation services; and
9	(d) \$18,000 for tax administration IT system (GenTax) support.
10	SECTION 15. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds
11	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
12	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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