## **First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO**

# REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 19-1046.01 Gregg Fraser x4325

**HOUSE BILL 19-1264** 

#### HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Roberts and Wilson, Buentello, Arndt, Bird, Duran, Esgar, Hansen, Herod, Kennedy, McCluskie, Snyder, Sullivan, Valdez D., Will

### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Winter and Donovan,

**House Committees** Rural Affairs & Agriculture Finance Appropriations

**Senate Committees** Finance Appropriations

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING PROGRAMMATIC EFFICIENCY OF THE CONSERVATION
102	EASEMENT TAX CREDIT PROGRAM, AND, IN CONNECTION
103	THEREWITH, INCREASING THE TRANSPARENCY OF THE PROGRAM
104	AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

A conservation easement is an agreement in which a property owner agrees to limit the use of his or her land in perpetuity in order to protect one or more specified conservation purposes. The instruments SENATE Amended 2nd Reading May 1, 2019

Reading Unamended April 24, 2019

3rd

Amended 2nd Reading April 23, 2019

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creating the conservation easement are recorded in the public records affecting the ownership of the property. The conservation easement is held by a third party (holder), which monitors the use of the land and ensures that the terms of the agreement are upheld. A state income tax credit is currently allowed for a portion of the value of a donated conservation easement.

The statutes establishing the conservation easement oversight commission and the program to certify conservation easement holders in the division of conservation are currently set to repeal on July 1, 2019. The bill extends the repeal dates for each to July 1, 2026. In addition, the bill would:

- ! Eliminate a requirement that the board of real estate appraisers establish education and experience requirements for conservation easement appraisers;
- ! Relocate and modify certain provisions governing the creation and valuation of conservation easements;
- ! Allow the division of conservation to use an alternative method acceptable to the division and the conservation easement oversight commission to value a conservation easement;
- ! Modify provisions governing a conservation easement working group convened to address specified issues relating to claiming a state income tax credit for the donation of a conservation easement;
- ! Require the owner of property who is granting a conservation easement to execute a disclosure form developed by the division of conservation and the conservation easement oversight commission regarding the easement;
- ! Modify provisions governing when a conservation easement may be extinguished;
- Prohibit a conservation easement for which a state income tax credit has been allowed from being released, terminated, extinguished, or abandoned by merger, which occurs when the same entity holds both the easement and the land subject to the easement;
- ! Increase the percentage of the value of a conservation easement that may be claimed as an income tax credit and the total amount that may be claimed for the easement, while limiting the amount of credits that may be issued per year; and
- ! Make an appropriation to Colorado state university to facilitate the provision of public access to the Colorado ownership, management, and protection (COMaP) service which maintains a database and corresponding map of

conservation easements and other protected lands in Colorado.

Additionally, the bill makes conforming amendments to certain statutory sections contained in HB 19-1172, which recodifies title 12, to ensure that the provisions of the bill will be effective if HB 19-1172 becomes law.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-61-704, repeal
3 (1)(k) as follows:

4 12-61-704. Powers and duties of the board - rules. (1) In
addition to all other powers and duties imposed upon it by law, the board
has the following powers and duties:

7 (k) To establish classroom education and experience requirements 8 for an appraiser who prepares an appraisal for a conservation easement 9 for which a tax credit is claimed pursuant to section 39-22-522. The 10 requirements must ensure that appraisers have a sufficient amount of 11 training and expertise to accurately prepare appraisals that comply with 12 the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice and any other 13 provision of law related to the appraisal of conservation easements for 14 which a tax credit is claimed. A tax credit certificate for a conservation 15 easement shall not be given in accordance with sections 12-61-1105 and 16 12-61-1106 unless the appraiser who prepared the appraisal of the 17 easement met all requirements established in accordance with this 18 subsection (1)(k) in effect at the time the appraisal certification is signed. 19 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-61-1101, amend 20 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add (1)(e)(IV) as follows:

21 **12-61-1101. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly
22 finds, determines, and declares that:

(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the
 conservation easement tax credit program will:

3 (II) Allow the conservation easement oversight commission to 4 advise the division of conservation and the department of revenue 5 regarding conservation easements for which a tax credit is claimed and 6 to review applications for conservation easement holder certification; and

(III) Ensure that the division of conservation and the department
of revenue are sharing relevant information concerning conservation
easement appraisals in order to ensure compliance with accepted
appraisal practices and other provisions of law; AND

(IV) ENSURE THAT THE FEES PAID BY TAXPAYERS ARE ADEQUATE
TO PAY FOR THE ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS OF THE DIVISION OF
CONSERVATION AND THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT OVERSIGHT
COMMISSION IN ADMINISTERING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE 61,
BUT NOT SO HIGH AS TO ACT AS A DISINCENTIVE TO THE CREATION OF
CONSERVATION EASEMENTS IN THE STATE.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-61-1103, amend
(8) as follows:

19 12-61-1103. Conservation easement oversight commission 20 created - repeal. (8) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2019 JULY
 21 1, 2026.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-61-1104, amend
(7) and (13) as follows:

12-61-1104. Certification of conservation easement holders rules - definition - repeal. (7) The division shall promulgate rules to
effectuate the duties of the commission pursuant to article 4 of title 24.
Such rules shall specifically address the following:

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(a) Allowing for the expedited or automatic certification of an
 entity that is currently accredited by national land conservation
 organizations that are broadly accepted by the conservation industry; AND

4 (b) A streamlined and lower-cost process for conservation 5 easement holders that do not intend to accept new donations of 6 conservation easements for which tax credits would be claimed that

7 focuses on the holder's stewardship capabilities.

8 (c) The fees charged pursuant to subsection (3) of this section or 9 section 12-61-1106 (6), specifically ensuring that the fees are adequate to 10 pay for administrative costs but not so high as to act as a disincentive to 11 the creation of conservation easements in the state; and

(d) The adoption of best practices, processes, and procedures used
 by other entities that regularly review conservation easement transactions,
 including a practice, process, or procedure deeming qualified
 conservation easement appraisals approved by these entities based on
 their independent reviews as credible for purposes of the conservation
 easement tax credit.

(13) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2019 JULY 1, 2026.
SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-61-1106, amend
(2)(a)(II), (3)(b)(II), (13)(c) introductory portion, and (15); repeal
(3)(b)(IV); and add (14.5) as follows:

12-61-1106. Conservation easement tax credit certificate
application process - definitions - rules. (2) (a) The division shall
establish and administer a process by which a landowner seeking to claim
an income tax credit for any conservation easement donation made on or
after January 1, 2014, must apply for a tax credit certificate as required by
section 39-22-522 (2.5) and (2.7). The purpose of the application process

is to determine whether a conservation easement donation for which a tax
 credit will be claimed:

3 (II) Is substantiated with a qualified appraisal prepared by a
qualified appraiser in accordance with the SUBSTANCE AND PRINCIPLES OF
uniform standards of professional appraisal practice OR AN ALTERNATIVE
METHOD ACCEPTABLE TO THE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION AND THE
CONSERVATION EASEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMISSION; and

8 (3) For the purpose of reviewing applications and making 9 determinations regarding the issuance of tax credit certificates, including 10 the dollar amount of the tax credit certificate to be issued:

(b) The director has authority and responsibility to determine the
credibility of the appraisal. In determining credibility, the director shall
consider, at a minimum, compliance with the following requirements:

(II) The appraisal conforms with THE SUBSTANCE AND PRINCIPLES
 OF the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice promulgated
 by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal foundation and any other
 provision of law;

(IV) The appraiser meets any education and experience
 requirements established by the board of real estate appraisers in
 accordance with section 12-61-704 (1)(k).

(13) (c) The director is authorized to share publicly available
information regarding conservation easements with a third-party vendor
for the purpose of developing and maintaining a registry of conservation
easements in the state with a corresponding map displaying the
boundaries of each easement in the state relative to county boundaries and
other relevant mapping information. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION
(13)(c), "PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION" MEANS ANY DOCUMENT

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1 SHOWING EVIDENCE OF ITS RECORDATION IN THE RECORDS OF A COUNTY 2 CLERK AND RECORDER OR OTHER INFORMATION READILY AVAILABLE TO 3 THE GENERAL PUBLIC. Prior to sharing the information, the director shall 4 consult with the commission regarding the appropriate types of 5 information and the methods used for collecting the information. The 6 department of regulatory agencies shall annually report on the 7 information contained in the registry as a part of its presentation to its 8 committee of reference at a hearing held pursuant to section 2-7-203 9 (2)(a) of the "State Measurement for Accountable, Responsive, and 10 Transparent (SMART) Government Act". The information to be shared 11 shall include the following:

12 (14.5) (a) THE DIVISION SHALL CONVENE A WORKING GROUP IN
13 CONJUNCTION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW AND THE DEPARTMENT OF
14 REVENUE TO DEVELOP PROPOSED STATUTES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE
15 FOLLOWING:

(I) AN ALTERNATIVE METHOD TO THE APPRAISAL PROCESS SET
FORTH IN SECTION 39-22-522 (3.3) TO ESTABLISH THE AMOUNT OF TAX
CREDITS FOR WHICH A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT
CONTRIBUTION WOULD BE ELIGIBLE; \_\_\_\_\_

20 (II) A PROCESS TO PROVIDE RETROACTIVE TAX CREDITS, 21 PAYMENTS, OR REFUNDS TO TAXPAYERS WHO CLAIMED CREDITS PURSUANT 22 TO SECTION 39-22-522 BETWEEN JANUARY 1, 2000, AND DECEMBER 31, 23 2013, AND WHOSE TAX CREDITS WERE DENIED IN WHOLE OR IN PART, 24 INCLUDING THE DEVELOPMENT OF ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR RECEIVING 25 SUCH RETROACTIVE TAX CREDITS, PAYMENTS, OR REFUNDS; AND 26 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADMINISTERING ORPHANED (III)

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 (III)
 Recommendations for administering orphan

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 CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.

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1	(b) THE WORKING GROUP SHALL CONSIST OF EIGHT MEMBERS. THE
2	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE, THE
3	SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE, AND THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE HOUSE SHALL
4	EACH APPOINT TWO MEMBERS TO THE WORKING GROUP PRIOR TO JUNE 1,
5	2019. IN MAKING APPOINTMENTS, CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO
6	APPOINTING INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE CERTIFIED EASEMENT HOLDERS,
7	TAXPAYERS WHO HAVE CONSIDERED CONVEYING A CONSERVATION
8	EASEMENT OR CONVEYED A CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND CLAIMED A
9	TAX CREDIT, CONSERVATION EASEMENT APPRAISERS, AND CONSERVATION
10	ATTORNEYS. THE WORKING GROUP SHALL CONVENE ITS FIRST MEETING IN
11	<u>A HEARING ROOM AT THE STATE CAPITOL BUILDING AT 9:00 A.M. ON JUNE</u>
12	25, 2019. The working group shall select a chairperson at the
13	FIRST MEETING. AT EACH MEETING OF THE WORKING GROUP, IT SHALL
14	DESIGNATE THE DATE, PLACE, AND TIME OF ITS NEXT MEETING.
1.5	( ) The second s

(c) THE WORKING GROUP SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE RURAL
AFFAIRS AND AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES AND THE AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES
COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE BY NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 1, 2019. THE
REPORT MUST INCLUDE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGISLATION OR
RULE MAKING TO ADDRESS THE ISSUES ADDRESSED PURSUANT TO THIS
SUBSECTION (14.5).

(15) The division may promulgate rules to effectuate the purpose,
implementation, and administration of this section pursuant to article 4 of
title 24. The authority to promulgate rules includes the authority to:

(a) Define further in rule the administrative processes and
requirements, including application processing and review time frames,
for obtaining and issuing an optional preliminary advisory opinion

1 pursuant to subsection (14) of this section; AND

(b) ADOPT BEST PRACTICES, PROCESSES, AND PROCEDURES USED
BY OTHER ENTITIES THAT REGULARLY REVIEW CONSERVATION EASEMENT
TRANSACTIONS, INCLUDING A PRACTICE, PROCESS, OR PROCEDURE
DEEMING QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT APPRAISALS APPROVED BY
THESE ENTITIES BASED ON THEIR INDEPENDENT REVIEWS AS CREDIBLE FOR
PURPOSES OF THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT TAX CREDIT.

8 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-30.5-103, add (6)
9 as follows:

10 38-30.5-103. Creation of conservation easements in gross. 11 (6) ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 2020, PRIOR TO CREATING A 12 CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN GROSS, THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY WHO 13 IS GRANTING THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT SHALL EXECUTE A 14 DISCLOSURE FORM THAT INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, AN 15 ACKNOWLEDGMENT THAT THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT IS BEING GRANTED IN PERPETUITY. THE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION IN 16 17 COOPERATION WITH THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT OVERSIGHT 18 COMMISSION SHALL DEVELOP THE DISCLOSURE FORM AND PUBLISH THE 19 APPROVED FORM ON ITS WEBSITE. THE SIGNED DISCLOSURE FORM MUST BE 20 SUBMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION AS PART OF THE TAX 21 CREDIT APPLICATION.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-30.5-107
as follows:

38-30.5-107. Release - termination. Conservation easements in
 gross may, in whole or in part, be released, terminated, extinguished, or
 abandoned by merger with the underlying fee interest in the servient land
 or water rights or in any other manner in which easements may be

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1 lawfully terminated, released, extinguished, or abandoned. IF IT IS 2 DETERMINED THAT CONDITIONS ON OR SURROUNDING A PROPERTY 3 ENCUMBERED BY A CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN GROSS CHANGE SO THAT 4 IT BECOMES IMPOSSIBLE TO FULFILL ITS CONSERVATION PURPOSES THAT 5 ARE DEFINED IN THE DEED OF CONSERVATION EASEMENT, A COURT WITH 6 JURISDICTION MAY, AT THE JOINT REQUEST OF BOTH THE OWNER OF 7 PROPERTY ENCUMBERED BY A CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND THE 8 HOLDER OF THE EASEMENT, TERMINATE, RELEASE, EXTINGUISH, OR 9 ABANDON THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT. IF CONDEMNATION BY A PUBLIC 10 AUTHORITY OF A PART OF A PROPERTY OR OF THE ENTIRE PROPERTY 11 ENCUMBERED BY A CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN GROSS RENDERS IT 12 IMPOSSIBLE TO FULFILL ANY OF THE CONSERVATION PURPOSES OUTLINED 13 IN THE DEED OF CONSERVATION EASEMENT, THE CONSERVATION 14 EASEMENT MAY BE TERMINATED, RELEASED, EXTINGUISHED, OR 15 ABANDONED THROUGH CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS. A CONSERVATION 16 EASEMENT IN GROSS FOR WHICH A COLORADO STATE INCOME TAX CREDIT 17 HAS BEEN ALLOWED MAY NOT IN WHOLE OR IN PART BE RELEASED, 18 TERMINATED, EXTINGUISHED, OR ABANDONED BY MERGER WITH THE 19 UNDERLYING FEE INTEREST IN THE SERVIENT LAND OR WATER RIGHTS. 20 ANY RELEASE, TERMINATION, OR EXTINGUISHMENT OF A CONSERVATION 21 EASEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION MUST BE RECORDED IN THE RECORDS OF 22 THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK AND RECORDER IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE 23 CONSERVATION EASEMENT IS LOCATED. 24 **SECTION 8.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-522, amend 25 (2.7), (3.3), and (4)(a)(II.5); and repeal (3.8) as follows: 26 39-22-522. Credit against tax - conservation easements. 27 (2.7) Notwithstanding any other provision, for income tax years

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commencing on or after January 1, 2014, no claim for a credit shall be
allowed unless a tax credit certificate is issued by the DIVISION OF REAL
ESTATE PRIOR TO MAY 30, 2018, OR BY THE division of conservation ON
OR AFTER MAY 30, 2018, in accordance with sections 12-61-1105 and
12-61-1106 and the taxpayer files the tax credit certificate with the
income tax return filed with the department of revenue.

7 (3.3) The appraisal for a conservation easement in gross donated 8 prior to January 1, 2014, and for which a credit is claimed shall be a 9 qualified appraisal from a qualified appraiser, as those terms are defined 10 in section 170 (f)(11) of the internal revenue code. The appraisal shall be 11 in conformance with the uniform standards of professional appraisal 12 practice promulgated by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal 13 foundation and any other provision of law. The appraiser shall hold a 14 valid license as a certified general appraiser in accordance with the 15 provisions of part 7 of article 61 of title 12. C.R.S. The appraiser shall 16 also meet any education and experience requirements established by the 17 board of real estate appraisers in accordance with section 12-61-704 18 (1)(k), C.R.S. If there is a final determination, other than by settlement of 19 the taxpayer, that an appraisal submitted in connection with a claim for 20 a credit pursuant to this section is a substantial or gross valuation 21 misstatement as such misstatements are defined in section 1219 of the 22 federal "Pension Protection Act of 2006", Pub.L. 109-280, the department 23 shall submit a complaint regarding the misstatement to the board of real 24 estate appraisers for disciplinary action in accordance with the provisions 25 of part 7 of article 61 of title 12. C.R.S.

26 (3.8) (a) The division of conservation shall convene a working
 27 group in conjunction with the department of law the department of

revenue and the department of regulatory agencies to develop statutory
 and regulatory recommendations that do not conflict with federal law for
 the following:

4 (I) An alternate method to the appraisal process set forth in 5 subsection (3.3) of this section to establish a baseline property value, 6 using agreed upon publicly available datasets for rural and agricultural 7 properties. The baseline valuation would then be subject to different 8 levels of restriction including, but not limited to, a most restrictive, 9 medium restrictive, and least restrictive easement to arrive at a final 10 determination established through public policy from which the amount 11 of a tax credit could be calculated pursuant to this section. The alternate 12 method should work across the state of Colorado

13 (II) A recommendation for a process to petition a court of 14 competent jurisdiction consistent with federal laws and regulations to 15 extinguish a conservation easement, including proposed definitions for 16 the terms "impossible" and "impracticable" as they are applied for 17 purposes of determining whether an easement may be extinguished under 18 state and federal law;

(III) A process to provide retroactive tax credits to taxpayers who
 claimed tax credits pursuant to this section between January 1, 2000, and
 December 31, 2008, and whose tax credits were denied in whole or in
 part, including the development of eligibility criteria for such retroactive
 tax credits; and

(IV) The development of a written form to warn landowners who
 have conservation easements on their property of the legal and other
 consequences of terminating an easement on their property.

27 (b) The working group shall submit a report to the transportation

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and energy committee of the house of representatives, the agriculture,
livestock, and natural resources committee of the house of
representatives, the agriculture, natural resources, and energy committee
of the senate, and the transportation committee of the senate no later than
December 1, 2018. The report must include any recommendations for
legislation or rulemaking to address the issues addressed pursuant to this
subsection (3.8).

8 (4)(a)(II.5) For a conservation easement in gross created in 9 accordance with article 30.5 of title 38 C.R.S., that is donated on or after 10 January 1, 2015, to a governmental entity or a charitable organization 11 described in section 38-30.5-104 (2), C.R.S., the credit provided for in 12 subsection (2) of this section shall be an amount equal to seventy-five 13 percent of the first one hundred thousand dollars of the fair market value 14 of the donated portion of such conservation easement in gross when 15 created, and fifty percent of all amounts of the donation in excess of one 16 hundred thousand dollars; except that in no case shall the credit exceed 17 one million five hundred thousand FIVE MILLION dollars per donation. 18 CREDITS SHALL BE ISSUED IN INCREMENTS OF NO MORE THAN ONE MILLION 19 FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS PER YEAR. CREDITS FOR EASEMENTS 20 DONATED IN A PRIOR YEAR SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR TAX CREDIT 21 CERTIFICATES IN SUBSEQUENT YEARS IN ORDER OF APPLICATION AND 22 BEFORE NEW APPLICATIONS AND THOSE CREDIT APPLICATIONS, IF ANY, ON 23 THE WAIT LIST. 24 25 **SECTION 9.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 23-3.3-103, add (4) 26 as follows: 27 23-3.3-103. Annual appropriations - repeal. (4) THE

1 PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION CONCERNING 2 APPROPRIATIONS FOR STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER THIS 3 ARTICLE 3.3 SHALL NOT APPLY TO APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR THE 4 PURPOSE OF PROVIDING A FEE-FOR-SERVICE CONTRACT TO PROVIDE PUBLIC 5 ACCESS TO THE COLORADO OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, AND PROTECTION 6 (COMAP) SERVICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 23-18-308 (1)(d). THIS 7 SUBSECTION (4) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020. 8 SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 23-18-308, amend 9 (1)(b) and (1)(c); and add (1)(d) as follows: 10 23-18-308. Fee-for-service contracts - limited purpose - repeal. 11 (1) Subject to available appropriations, the department shall enter into 12 fee-for-service contracts for the following purposes: 13 (b) The inclusive higher education pilot program pursuant to 14 section 23-75-104; and

15 (c) Cybersecurity and distributed ledger technologies, such as
16 blockchains, as set forth in sections 24-33.5-1904 and 24-33.5-1905; AND

17 (d) THE PROVISION OF PUBLIC ACCESS TO THE COLORADO
18 OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, AND PROTECTION (COMAP) SERVICE THAT IS
19 MANAGED BY THE COLORADO NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM AND THE
20 GEOSPATIAL CENTROID AT COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY. THIS
21 SUBSECTION (1)(d) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JUNE 30, 2020.

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-10-604, repeal
as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(k) as follows:

12-10-604. Powers and duties of the board - rules. (1) In
addition to all other powers and duties imposed upon it by law, the board
has the following powers and duties:

27 (k) To establish classroom education and experience requirements

1	for an appraiser who prepares an appraisal for a conservation easement
2	for which a tax credit is claimed pursuant to section 39-22-522. The
3	requirements must ensure that appraisers have a sufficient amount of
4	training and expertise to accurately prepare appraisals that comply with
5	the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice and any other
6	provision of law related to the appraisal of conservation easements for
7	which a tax credit is claimed. A tax credit certificate for a conservation
8	easement shall not be given in accordance with sections 12-61-1105 and
9	12-61-1106 unless the appraiser who prepared the appraisal of the
10	easement met all requirements established in accordance with this
11	subsection (1)(k) in effect at the time the appraisal certification is signed.
10	SECTION 12 In Colomba Davised Statutes 12, 15, 101, amond
12	<b>SECTION 12.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-15-101, amend
12 13	as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as
13	as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as
13 14	as relocated by HB 19-1172 $(1)(e)(II)$ and $(1)(e)(III)$ ; and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 $(1)(e)(IV)$ as follows:
13 14 15	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> <li>(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> <li>(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the conservation easement tax credit program will:</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> <li>(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the conservation easement tax credit program will:</li> <li>(II) Allow the conservation easement oversight commission to</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> <li>(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the conservation easement tax credit program will:</li> <li>(II) Allow the conservation easement oversight commission to advise the division of conservation and the department of revenue</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> <li>(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the conservation easement tax credit program will:</li> <li>(II) Allow the conservation easement oversight commission to advise the division of conservation and the department of revenue regarding conservation easements for which a tax credit is claimed and</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(II) and (1)(e)(III); and add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (1)(e)(IV) as follows:</li> <li>12-15-101. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that:</li> <li>(e) Establishing the division of conservation to administer the conservation easement tax credit program will:</li> <li>(II) Allow the conservation easement oversight commission to advise the division of conservation and the department of revenue regarding conservation easements for which a tax credit is claimed and to review applications for conservation easement holder certification; and</li> </ul>

26 appraisal practices and other provisions of law; AND

25

27 (IV) ENSURE THAT THE FEES PAID BY TAXPAYERS ARE ADEQUATE

easement appraisals in order to ensure compliance with accepted

TO PAY FOR THE ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS OF THE DIVISION OF
 CONSERVATION AND THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT OVERSIGHT
 COMMISSION IN ADMINISTERING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE 15,
 BUT NOT SO HIGH AS TO ACT AS A DISINCENTIVE TO THE CREATION OF
 CONSERVATION EASEMENTS IN THE STATE.

6 SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-15-103, amend
7 as relocated by HB 19-1172 (8) as follows:

8 12-15-103. Conservation easement oversight commission 9 created - repeal. (8) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2019 JULY
10 1, 2026.

SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-15-104, amend
as relocated by HB 19-1172 (7) and (13) as follows:

12-15-104. Certification of conservation easement holders rules - definition - repeal. (7) The division shall promulgate rules to
effectuate the duties of the commission pursuant to article 4 of title 24.
Such rules shall specifically address the following:

(a) Allowing for the expedited or automatic certification of an
entity that is currently accredited by national land conservation
organizations that are broadly accepted by the conservation industry; AND

(b) A streamlined and lower-cost process for conservation
easement holders that do not intend to accept new donations of
conservation easements for which tax credits would be claimed that
focuses on the holder's stewardship capabilities.

(c) The fees charged pursuant to subsection (3) of this section or
 section 12-61-1106 (6), specifically ensuring that the fees are adequate to
 pay for administrative costs but not so high as to act as a disincentive to
 the creation of conservation easements in the state; and

(d) The adoption of best practices, processes, and procedures used
 by other entities that regularly review conservation easement transactions,
 including a practice, process, or procedure deeming qualified
 conservation easement appraisals approved by these entities based on
 their independent reviews as credible for purposes of the conservation
 easement tax credit.

(13) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2019 JULY 1, 2026.
SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-15-106, amend
as relocated by HB 19-1172 (2)(a)(II), (3)(b)(II), (13)(c) introductory
portion, and (15); repeal as relocated by HB 19-1172 (3)(b)(IV); and
add as relocated by HB 19-1172 (14.5) as follows:

12 12-15-106. Conservation easement tax credit certificate 13 application process - definitions - rules. (2) (a) The division shall 14 establish and administer a process by which a landowner seeking to claim 15 an income tax credit for any conservation easement donation made on or 16 after January 1, 2014, must apply for a tax credit certificate as required by 17 section 39-22-522 (2.5) and (2.7). The purpose of the application process 18 is to determine whether a conservation easement donation for which a tax 19 credit will be claimed:

(II) Is substantiated with a qualified appraisal prepared by a
 qualified appraiser in accordance with the SUBSTANCE AND PRINCIPLES OF
 uniform standards of professional appraisal practice OR AN ALTERNATIVE
 METHOD ACCEPTABLE TO THE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION AND THE
 CONSERVATION EASEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMISSION; and

(3) For the purpose of reviewing applications and making
determinations regarding the issuance of tax credit certificates, including
the dollar amount of the tax credit certificate to be issued:

(b) The director has authority and responsibility to determine the
 credibility of the appraisal. In determining credibility, the director shall
 consider, at a minimum, compliance with the following requirements:

4 (II) The appraisal conforms with THE SUBSTANCE AND PRINCIPLES
5 OF the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice promulgated
6 by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal foundation and any other
7 provision of law;

8 (IV) The appraiser meets any education and experience 9 requirements established by the board of real estate appraisers in 10 accordance with section 12-61-704 (1)(k).

11 (13) (c) The director is authorized to share publicly available 12 information regarding conservation easements with a third-party vendor 13 for the purpose of developing and maintaining a registry of conservation 14 easements in the state with a corresponding map displaying the 15 boundaries of each easement in the state relative to county boundaries and 16 other relevant mapping information. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION 17 (13)(c), "PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION" MEANS ANY DOCUMENT 18 SHOWING EVIDENCE OF ITS RECORDATION IN THE RECORDS OF A COUNTY 19 CLERK AND RECORDER OR OTHER INFORMATION READILY AVAILABLE TO 20 THE GENERAL PUBLIC. Prior to sharing the information, the director shall 21 consult with the commission regarding the appropriate types of 22 information and the methods used for collecting the information. The 23 department of regulatory agencies shall annually report on the information contained in the registry as a part of its presentation to its 24 25 committee of reference at a hearing held pursuant to section 2-7-203 26 (2)(a) of the "State Measurement for Accountable, Responsive, and 27 Transparent (SMART) Government Act". The information to be shared

1 shall include the following:

2 (14.5) (a) THE DIVISION SHALL CONVENE A WORKING GROUP IN
3 CONJUNCTION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW AND THE DEPARTMENT OF
4 REVENUE TO DEVELOP PROPOSED STATUTES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE
5 FOLLOWING:

6 (I) AN ALTERNATIVE METHOD TO THE APPRAISAL PROCESS SET
7 FORTH IN SECTION 39-22-522 (3.3) TO ESTABLISH THE AMOUNT OF TAX
8 CREDITS FOR WHICH A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT
9 CONTRIBUTION WOULD BE ELIGIBLE; \_\_\_\_\_

(II) A PROCESS TO PROVIDE RETROACTIVE TAX <u>CREDITS</u>,
<u>PAYMENTS, OR REFUNDS</u> TO TAXPAYERS WHO CLAIMED CREDITS PURSUANT
TO SECTION 39-22-522 BETWEEN JANUARY 1, 2000, AND DECEMBER 31,
2013, AND WHOSE TAX CREDITS WERE DENIED IN WHOLE OR IN PART,
INCLUDING THE DEVELOPMENT OF ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR RECEIVING
SUCH RETROACTIVE TAX <u>CREDITS</u>, <u>PAYMENTS</u>, <u>OR REFUNDS</u>; <u>AND</u>

- 16 <u>(III) RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADMINISTERING ORPHANED</u>
- 17 <u>CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.</u>

18 (b) THE WORKING GROUP SHALL CONSIST OF EIGHT MEMBERS. THE 19 PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE, THE 20 SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE, AND THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE HOUSE SHALL 21 EACH APPOINT TWO MEMBERS TO THE WORKING GROUP PRIOR TO JUNE 1, 22 2019. IN MAKING APPOINTMENTS, CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO 23 APPOINTING INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE CERTIFIED EASEMENT HOLDERS, 24 TAXPAYERS WHO HAVE CONSIDERED CONVEYING A CONSERVATION 25 EASEMENT OR CONVEYED A CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND CLAIMED A 26 TAX CREDIT, CONSERVATION EASEMENT APPRAISERS, AND CONSERVATION 27 ATTORNEYS. THE WORKING GROUP SHALL CONVENE ITS FIRST MEETING IN

<u>A HEARING ROOM AT THE STATE CAPITOL BUILDING AT 9:00 A.M. ON JUNE</u>
 <u>25, 2019. THE WORKING GROUP SHALL SELECT A CHAIRPERSON AT THE</u>
 <u>FIRST MEETING. AT EACH MEETING OF THE WORKING GROUP, IT SHALL</u>
 <u>DESIGNATE THE DATE, PLACE, AND TIME OF ITS NEXT MEETING.</u>

5 (c) THE WORKING GROUP SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE RURAL 6 AFFAIRS AND AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF 7 REPRESENTATIVES AND THE AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES 8 COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE BY NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 1, 2019. THE 9 REPORT MUST INCLUDE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGISLATION OR 10 RULE MAKING TO ADDRESS THE ISSUES ADDRESSED PURSUANT TO THIS 11 SUBSECTION (14.5).

(15) The division may promulgate rules to effectuate the purpose,
implementation, and administration of this section pursuant to article 4 of
title 24. The authority to promulgate rules includes the authority to:

(a) Define further in rule the administrative processes and
requirements, including application processing and review time frames,
for obtaining and issuing an optional preliminary advisory opinion
pursuant to subsection (14) of this section; AND

(b) ADOPT BEST PRACTICES, PROCESSES, AND PROCEDURES USED
BY OTHER ENTITIES THAT REGULARLY REVIEW CONSERVATION EASEMENT
TRANSACTIONS, INCLUDING A PRACTICE, PROCESS, OR PROCEDURE
DEEMING QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT APPRAISALS APPROVED BY
THESE ENTITIES BASED ON THEIR INDEPENDENT REVIEWS AS CREDIBLE FOR
PURPOSES OF THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT TAX CREDIT.

SECTION 16. Appropriation. (1) For the 2019-20 state fiscal
 year, \$250,000 is appropriated to the department of higher education. This
 appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, the

department may use this appropriation for the college opportunity fund
 program to be used for limited purpose fee-for-service contracts with
 state institutions.

4 (2) For the 2019-20 state fiscal year, \$250,000 is appropriated to 5 the department of higher education. This appropriation is from 6 reappropriated funds received from the limited purpose fee-for-service 7 contracts with state institutions under subsection (1) of this section. To 8 implement this act, the department may use this appropriation for the 9 board of governors of the Colorado state university system for allocation 10 to the Colorado natural heritage program and the geospatial centroid to 11 facilitate the provision of public access to the Colorado ownership, 12 management, and protection (COMaP) service.

(3) For the 2019-20 state fiscal year, \$500,000 is appropriated to
the department of regulatory agencies for use by the division of
conservation. This appropriation is from the conservation cash fund
created in section 12-61-1107 (1), C.R.S. To implement this act, the
division may use this appropriation as follows:

(a) \$464,926 for conservation easement program costs, which
amount is based on an assumption that the division will require an
additional 3.8 FTE; and

21 (b) \$35,074 for indirect cost assessment.

SECTION 17. Effective date. This act takes effect June 30,
2019; except that sections 11 to 15 of this act take effect only if House
Bill 19-1172 becomes law, in which case sections 11 to 15 take effect on
October 1, 2019.

26 **SECTION 18. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,

- 1 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 2 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.