Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 18-0466.02 Ed DeCecco x4216

HOUSE BILL 18-1208

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Duran and Winter,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Martinez Humenik,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Finance Appropriations

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103

A BILL FOR AN ACT
CONCERNING THE EXPANSION OF THE INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR CHILD
CARE EXPENSES THAT IS A PERCENTAGE OF A SIMILAR FEDERAL
INCOME TAX CREDIT, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING

104 AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

A RILL FOR AN ACT

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Currently, a resident individual with a federal adjusted gross income of \$60,000 or less is allowed a state income tax credit (state credit) for child care expenses that is a percentage of a similar federal Reading Unamended April 27, 2018

Amended 2nd Reading April 26, 2018

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment. Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute. Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

income tax credit claimed (federal credit). The amount of the state credit depends on the individual's adjusted gross income (AGI). If the individual's AGI is:

- ! \$25,000 or less, then the state credit is 50% of the federal credit;
- ! \$25,001 to \$35,000, then the state credit is 30% of the federal credit; and
- ! \$35,001 to \$60,000, then the state credit is 10% of the federal credit.

The bill expands the state credit by allowing a resident individual with an AGI that is less than or equal to \$150,000 to claim a credit that is equal to 80% of the individual's federal credit.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-119, amend 3 (1)(a) introductory portion, (2), and (3); and add (1.7) as follows: 4 39-22-119. Expenses related to child care - credits against state 5 tax. (1) (a) For income tax years beginning on and after January 1, 1996, 6 BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2018, if a resident individual claims a credit for 7 child care expenses on the individual's federal tax return, the individual 8 shall be allowed a child care expenses credit against the income taxes due 9 on the individual's income under this article ARTICLE 22 calculated as 10 follows: 11 (1.7) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS BEGINNING ON AND AFTER JANUARY 12 1, 2018, IF A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME 13 IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS AND 14 THE INDIVIDUAL CLAIMS A CREDIT FOR CHILD CARE EXPENSES ON THE 15 INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL TAX RETURN, THEN THE INDIVIDUAL IS ALLOWED 16 A CHILD CARE EXPENSES CREDIT AGAINST THE INCOME TAXES DUE ON THE 17 INDIVIDUAL'S INCOME UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22. THE AMOUNT OF THE 18 CREDIT IS AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE CREDIT FOR 19 CHILD CARE EXPENSES CLAIMED ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL TAX

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(2) (a) If the credits allowed under subsection (1) of this section exceed the income taxes due on the resident individual's income, the amount of the credits not used to offset income taxes shall not be carried forward as tax credits against the resident individual's subsequent years' income tax liability and shall be refunded to the individual.

(b) If the credit allowed under subsection (1.7) exceeds the income taxes due on the resident individual's income and if the residential individual's federal adjusted gross income is less than or equal to sixty thousand dollars, then the amount of the credit not used to offset income taxes shall not be carried forward as tax credits against the resident individual's subsequent years' income tax liability and shall be refunded to the individual.

(c) If the credit allowed under subsection (1.7) exceeds the income taxes due on the resident individual's income and if the residential individual's federal adjusted gross income is greater than sixty thousand dollars and less than or equal to one hundred fifty thousand dollars, then the amount of the credit not used to offset income tax liability for the income tax year is not refunded to the resident individual. The resident individual may carry forward and apply the unused credit against the income tax due in each of the five succeeding income tax years, but the resident individual shall apply the credit against the income tax due for the earliest of the income tax years possible. Any amount of the tax credit that is not used after this period is not refundable.

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1	(3) The child care expenses credits allowed under subsection (1)
2	SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (1.7) of this section shall not be allowed to a
3	resident individual who is receiving child care assistance from the state
4	department of human services except to the extent of the taxpayer's
5	unreimbursed out-of-pocket expenses that result in a federal credit for
6	child care expenses.
7	SECTION 2. Appropriation. (1) For the 2018-19 state fiscal
8	year, \$38,558 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This
9	appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, the
10	department may use this appropriation as follows:
11	(a) \$13,523 for use by the taxpayer service division for personal
12	services, which amount is based on an assumption that the division will
13	require an additional 0.3 FTE;
14	(b) \$4,703 for use by the taxpayer service division for operating
15	expenses;
16	(c) \$9,840 for tax administration IT system (GenTax) support; and
17	(d) \$10,492 for document management, which includes \$7,588 for
18	the purchase of document management services.
19	(2) For the 2018-19 state fiscal year, \$7,588 is appropriated to the
20	department of personnel. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
21	received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(d) of this
22	section. To implement this act, the department of personnel may use this
23	appropriation to provide document management services for the
24	department of revenue.
25	SECTION 3. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
26	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
27	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August

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8, 2018, if adjournment sine die is on May 9, 2018); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the

official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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