Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 18-0392.01 Esther van Mourik x4215

HOUSE BILL 18-1185

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Kraft-Tharp and Wist,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Neville T. and Moreno,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Business Affairs and Labor

| | A BILL FOR AN ACT |
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| 101 | CONCERNING CHANGES TO THE STATE INCOME TAX APPORTIONMENT |
| 102 | STATUTE BASED ON THE MOST RECENT MULTISTATE TAX |
| 103 | COMMISSION'S UNIFORM MODEL OF THE UNIFORM DIVISION OF |
| 104 | INCOME FOR TAX PURPOSES ACT. |

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

For income tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2019, the bill generally replaces the method for sourcing of sales for purposes of apportioning the income of a taxpayer that has income from the sale of

services or from the sale, lease, license, or rental of intangible property in both Colorado and other states from the cost-of-performance test in the case of services and the commercial domicile test in the case of intangible property to a market-based sourcing system. Under this new system, receipts for the sale of services or from the sale, lease, license, or rental of intangible property are apportioned to Colorado based not on where the service is performed, but where the service is delivered.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 hereby finds and declares that: 4 (a) Most states have historically used the cost-of-performance 5 method to source service revenue to a particular state, which means that 6 service revenue is sourced to the state where the income-producing 7 activity is performed; 8 (b) As the nation is moving to a more service-based economy it 9 is important to align the income tax laws to current realities; 10 (c) Market-based sourcing assigns the service revenue to the state 11 in which the service is delivered and is most likely to subsequently be 12 used, leading to greater efficiency for taxpayers; and 13 (d) As more states adopt market-based sourcing in response to the 14 shift in the economy, this act will add to greater uniformity across the 15 states and thus ease the tax administration for multi-state businesses. 16 consequently making Colorado more attractive to such businesses when 17 they consider locating in the state. 18 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-22-303.6 as 19 follows: 20 39-22-303.6. Market-based apportionment of the income of a 21 taxpayer engaged in business - allocation of nonapportionable income 22 - rules - definitions. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT

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| 1 | OTHERWISE REQUIRES: |
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| 2 | (a) "APPORTIONABLE INCOME" MEANS: |
| 3 | (I) ANY INCOME THAT WOULD BE ALLOCABLE TO THIS STATE |
| 4 | UNDER THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION, BUT THAT IS APPORTIONED |
| 5 | RATHER THAN ALLOCATED PURSUANT TO THE LAWS OF THIS STATE; AND |
| 6 | (II) ALL INCOME THAT IS APPORTIONABLE UNDER THE UNITED |
| 7 | STATES CONSTITUTION AND IS NOT ALLOCATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THIS |
| 8 | STATE, INCLUDING: |
| 9 | (A) INCOME ARISING FROM TRANSACTIONS AND ACTIVITY IN THE |
| 10 | REGULAR COURSE OF A TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR BUSINESS; AND |
| 11 | (B) INCOME ARISING FROM TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE PROPERTY |
| 12 | IF THE ACQUISITION, MANAGEMENT, EMPLOYMENT, DEVELOPMENT, OR |
| 13 | DISPOSITION OF THE PROPERTY IS OR WAS RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF |
| 14 | THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR BUSINESS. |
| 15 | (b) "COMMERCIAL DOMICILE" MEANS THE PRINCIPAL PLACE FROM |
| 16 | WHICH THE TRADE OR BUSINESS OF THE TAXPAYER IS DIRECTED OR |
| 17 | MANAGED. |
| 18 | (c) "Nonapportionable income" means all income other |
| 19 | THAN APPORTIONABLE INCOME. |
| 20 | (d) "RECEIPTS" MEANS ALL GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER |
| 21 | THAT ARE NOT ALLOCATED UNDER SUBSECTION (7) OR (9) OF THIS |
| 22 | SECTION, AND THAT ARE RECEIVED FROM TRANSACTIONS AND ACTIVITY IN |
| 23 | THE REGULAR COURSE OF THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR BUSINESS; EXCEPT |
| 24 | THAT RECEIPTS OF A TAXPAYER FROM HEDGING TRANSACTIONS AND FROM |
| 25 | THE MATURITY, REDEMPTION, SALE, EXCHANGE, LOAN, OR OTHER |
| 26 | DISPOSITION OF CASH OR SECURITIES ARE EXCLUDED. |
| 27 | (e) "STATE" MEANS ANY STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, THE |

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| 1 | DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO, ANY |
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| 2 | TERRITORY OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES, AND ANY FOREIGN |
| 3 | COUNTRY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF. |
| 4 | (f) "TAXPAYER" MEANS ANY PERSON THAT IS PERMITTED OR |
| 5 | REQUIRED PURSUANT TO ANOTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO APPORTION AND |
| 6 | ALLOCATE INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. |
| 7 | (2) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY |
| 8 | 1, 2019, A TAXPAYER SHALL APPORTION AND ALLOCATE THE TAXPAYER'S |
| 9 | ENTIRE NET INCOME AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION. |
| 10 | (3) (a) A TAXPAYER THAT HAS NO INCOME FROM BUSINESS |
| 11 | ACTIVITY OUTSIDE OF COLORADO SHALL ALLOCATE ALL NET INCOME TO |
| 12 | COLORADO. |
| 13 | (b) A TAXPAYER THAT HAS INCOME FROM BUSINESS ACTIVITY |
| 14 | THAT IS TAXABLE BOTH WITHIN AND WITHOUT COLORADO SHALL |
| 15 | APPORTION AND ALLOCATE THE TAXPAYER'S NET INCOME AS PROVIDED IN |
| 16 | THIS SECTION. |
| 17 | (c) FOR PURPOSES OF APPORTIONMENT AND ALLOCATION OF |
| 18 | INCOME UNDER THIS SECTION, A TAXPAYER'S INCOME IS TAXABLE IN |
| 19 | ANOTHER STATE IF: |
| 20 | (I) IN THAT STATE, THE TAXPAYER IS SUBJECT TO A NET INCOME |
| 21 | TAX, A FRANCHISE TAX MEASURED BY NET INCOME, A FRANCHISE TAX FOR |
| 22 | THE PRIVILEGE OF DOING BUSINESS, A CORPORATE STOCK TAX, OR ANY |
| 23 | SIMILAR TAX; OR |
| 24 | (II) THAT STATE HAS JURISDICTION TO SUBJECT THE TAXPAYER TO |
| 25 | A NET INCOME TAX REGARDLESS OF WHETHER, IN FACT, THE STATE |
| 26 | SUBJECTS THE TAXPAYER TO SUCH TAX. |
| 27 | (4) (a) A TAXPAYER'S APPORTIONABLE INCOME SHALL BE |

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| 1 | APPORTIONED TO COLORADO BY MULTIPLYING SUCH APPORTIONABLE |
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| 2 | INCOME BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE TOTAL |
| 3 | RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER IN COLORADO DURING THE TAX PERIOD AND |
| 4 | THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE TOTAL RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER |
| 5 | EVERYWHERE DURING THE TAX PERIOD. |
| 6 | (b) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, FOREIGN |
| 7 | SOURCE INCOME THAT IS INCLUDED IN TAXABLE INCOME IS NOT INCLUDED |
| 8 | AS RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER IN COLORADO FOR PURPOSES OF |
| 9 | APPORTIONING APPORTIONABLE INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. |
| 10 | (5) RECEIPTS FROM THE SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY |
| 11 | ARE IN COLORADO IF: |
| 12 | (a) THE PROPERTY IS DELIVERED OR SHIPPED TO A PURCHASER IN |
| 13 | COLORADO REGARDLESS OF THE F.O.B. POINT OR OTHER CONDITIONS OF |
| 14 | THE SALE; OR |
| 15 | (b) THE PROPERTY IS SHIPPED FROM AN OFFICE, STORE, |
| 16 | WAREHOUSE, FACTORY, OR OTHER PLACE OF STORAGE IN COLORADO AND |
| 17 | THE TAXPAYER IS NOT TAXABLE IN THE STATE TO WHICH THE PROPERTY IS |
| 18 | SHIPPED. |
| 19 | (6) RECEIPTS, OTHER THAN RECEIPTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION |
| 20 | (5) OF THIS SECTION, ARE IN COLORADO IF THE TAXPAYER'S MARKET FOR |
| 21 | THE SALES IS IN COLORADO. THE TAXPAYER'S MARKET FOR SALES IS IN |
| 22 | COLORADO IF: |
| 23 | (a) IN THE CASE OF THE SALE OF A SERVICE, TO THE EXTENT THE |
| 24 | SERVICE IS DELIVERED TO A LOCATION IN COLORADO; |
| 25 | (b) IN THE CASE OF THE SALE, RENTAL, LEASE, OR LICENSE OF REAL |
| 26 | PROPERTY, TO THE EXTENT THE REAL PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN |
| 27 | COLORADO; |

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| I | (c) IN THE CASE OF THE RENTAL, LEASE, OR LICENSE OF TANGIBLE |
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| 2 | PERSONAL PROPERTY, TO THE EXTENT THE TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY |
| 3 | IS LOCATED IN COLORADO; |
| 4 | (d) IN THE CASE OF INTANGIBLE PROPERTY: |
| 5 | (I) THAT IS RENTED, LEASED, OR LICENSED, TO THE EXTENT THE |
| 6 | INTANGIBLE PROPERTY IS USED IN COLORADO, PROVIDED THAT THE |
| 7 | INTANGIBLE PROPERTY UTILIZED IN MARKETING A GOOD OR SERVICE TO A |
| 8 | CONSUMER IS USED IN COLORADO IF THAT GOOD OR SERVICE IS |
| 9 | PURCHASED BY A CONSUMER WHO IS IN COLORADO; OR |
| 10 | (II) THAT IS SOLD, TO THE EXTENT THE INTANGIBLE PROPERTY IS |
| 11 | USED IN COLORADO, PROVIDED THAT: |
| 12 | (A) A CONTRACT RIGHT, GOVERNMENT LICENSE, OR SIMILAR |
| 13 | INTANGIBLE PROPERTY THAT AUTHORIZES THE HOLDER TO CONDUCT A |
| 14 | BUSINESS ACTIVITY IN A SPECIFIC GEOGRAPHIC AREA IS USED IN |
| 15 | COLORADO IF THE GEOGRAPHIC AREA INCLUDES ALL OR PART OF |
| 16 | COLORADO; AND |
| 17 | (B) RECEIPTS FROM INTANGIBLE PROPERTY SALES THAT ARE |
| 18 | CONTINGENT ON THE PRODUCTIVITY, USE, OR DISPOSITION OF THE |
| 19 | INTANGIBLE PROPERTY ARE TREATED AS RECEIPTS FROM THE RENTAL, |
| 20 | LEASE, OR LICENSING OF THE INTANGIBLE PROPERTY UNDER SUBSECTION |
| 21 | (6)(d)(I) OF THIS SECTION; |
| 22 | (III) ALL OTHER RECEIPTS FOR SALES OF INTANGIBLE PROPERTY |
| 23 | THAT ARE NOT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION $(6)(d)(II)$ of this section are |
| 24 | EXCLUDED FROM THE NUMERATOR AND DENOMINATOR OF THE |
| 25 | APPORTIONMENT FRACTION SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS |
| 26 | SECTION; |
| 27 | (e) IF THE STATE OR STATES OF ASSIGNMENT UNDER THIS |

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| 1 | SUBSECTION (6) CANNOT BE DETERMINED, THE STATE OR STATES OF |
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| 2 | ASSIGNMENT MUST BE REASONABLY APPROXIMATED; AND |
| 3 | (f) WITH RESPECT TO ANY RECEIPT, IF THE STATE OF ASSIGNMENT |
| 4 | CANNOT BE DETERMINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (6) OR REASONABLY |
| 5 | APPROXIMATED UNDER SUBSECTION (6)(e) OF THIS SECTION, SUCH |
| 6 | RECEIPTS ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE DENOMINATOR OF THE |
| 7 | APPORTIONMENT FRACTION SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS |
| 8 | SECTION. |
| 9 | (7) A TAXPAYER'S RENTS AND ROYALTIES FROM REAL OR TANGIBLE |
| 10 | PERSONAL PROPERTY, CAPITAL GAINS, INTEREST, DIVIDENDS, PATENT OR |
| 11 | COPYRIGHT ROYALTIES, OR OTHER INCOME, TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY |
| 12 | CONSTITUTE NONAPPORTIONABLE INCOME, ARE ALLOCATED AS FOLLOWS: |
| 13 | (a) NET RENTS AND ROYALTIES FROM REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN |
| 14 | COLORADO ARE ALLOCATED TO COLORADO; |
| 15 | (b) (I) NET RENTS AND ROYALTIES FROM TANGIBLE PERSONAL |
| 16 | PROPERTY ARE ALLOCATED TO COLORADO: |
| 17 | (A) IF AND TO THE EXTENT THAT THE PROPERTY IS UTILIZED IN |
| 18 | Colorado; or |
| 19 | (B) IN THEIR ENTIRETY IF THE TAXPAYER'S COMMERCIAL DOMICILE |
| 20 | IS IN COLORADO AND THE TAXPAYER IS NOT ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS |
| 21 | OF, OR THE TAXPAYER'S INCOME IS NOT TAXABLE IN, THE STATE IN WHICH |
| 22 | THE PROPERTY IS UTILIZED. |
| 23 | (II) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (7)(b), THE EXTENT OF |
| 24 | UTILIZATION OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY IN COLORADO IS |
| 25 | DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE RENTS AND ROYALTIES BY A FRACTION, |
| 26 | THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF DAYS OF PHYSICAL |
| 27 | LOCATION OF THE PROPERTY IN COLORADO DURING THE RENTAL OR |

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| 1 | ROYALTY PERIOD IN THE TAXABLE YEAR AND THE DENOMINATOR OF |
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| 2 | WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF DAYS OF PHYSICAL LOCATION OF THE PROPERTY |
| 3 | EVERYWHERE DURING ALL RENTAL OR ROYALTY PERIODS IN THE TAXABLE |
| 4 | YEAR. IF THE PHYSICAL LOCATION OF THE PROPERTY DURING THE RENTAL |
| 5 | OR ROYALTY PERIOD IS UNKNOWN OR UNASCERTAINABLE BY THE |
| 6 | TAXPAYER, TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY IS UTILIZED IN THE STATE IN |
| 7 | WHICH THE PROPERTY WAS LOCATED AT THE TIME THE RENTAL OR |
| 8 | ROYALTY PAYER OBTAINED POSSESSION. |
| 9 | (c) CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OF REAL PROPERTY |
| 10 | LOCATED IN COLORADO ARE ALLOCATED TO COLORADO; |
| 11 | (d) Capital gains and losses from sales of tangible |
| 12 | PERSONAL PROPERTY ARE ALLOCATED TO COLORADO IF: |
| 13 | (I) THE PROPERTY HAD A SITUS IN COLORADO AT THE TIME OF THE |
| 14 | SALE; OR |
| 15 | (II) THE TAXPAYER'S COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS IN COLORADO AND |
| 16 | THE TAXPAYER'S INCOME IS NOT TAXABLE IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE |
| 17 | PROPERTY HAD A SITUS; |
| 18 | (e) Capital gains and losses from sales of intangible |
| 19 | PROPERTY ARE ALLOCATED TO COLORADO IF THE TAXPAYER'S |
| 20 | COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS IN COLORADO; |
| 21 | (f) Interest and dividends are allocated to Colorado if |
| 22 | THE TAXPAYER'S COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS IN COLORADO; |
| 23 | (g) (I) PATENT AND COPYRIGHT ROYALTIES ARE ALLOCATED TO |
| 24 | COLORADO IF AND TO THE EXTENT THAT: |
| 25 | (A) THE PATENT OR COPYRIGHT IS UTILIZED BY THE PAYER IN |
| 26 | Colorado; or |
| 27 | (R) THE DATENT OF CODVEIGHT IS LITTLED BY THE DAVED IN A |

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| 1 | STATE IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER IS NOT TAXABLE AND THE TAXPAYER'S |
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| 2 | COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS IN COLORADO. |
| 3 | (II) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (7)(g), A PATENT IS |
| 4 | UTILIZED IN A STATE TO THE EXTENT THAT IT IS EMPLOYED IN |
| 5 | PRODUCTION, FABRICATION, MANUFACTURING, OR OTHER PROCESSING IN |
| 6 | THE STATE OR TO THE EXTENT THAT A PATENTED PRODUCT IS PRODUCED |
| 7 | IN THE STATE. IF THE BASIS OF THE RECEIPTS FROM THE PATENT ROYALTIES |
| 8 | CANNOT BE REASONABLY ASSIGNED TO STATES OR IF THE ACCOUNTING |
| 9 | PROCEDURES DO NOT REFLECT THE STATES OF UTILIZATION, THE PATENT |
| 10 | IS UTILIZED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER'S COMMERCIAL |
| 11 | DOMICILE IS LOCATED. |
| 12 | (III) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (7)(g), A COPYRIGHT IS |
| 13 | UTILIZED IN A STATE TO THE EXTENT THAT PRINTING OR OTHER |
| 14 | PUBLICATION ORIGINATES IN THE STATE. IF THE BASIS OF RECEIPTS FROM |
| 15 | COPYRIGHT ROYALTIES CANNOT BE REASONABLY ASSIGNED TO STATES OR |
| 16 | IF THE ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES DO NOT REFLECT THE STATES OF |
| 17 | UTILIZATION, THE COPYRIGHT IS UTILIZED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE |
| 18 | TAXPAYER'S COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS LOCATED. |
| 19 | (h) Nonapportionable income that is not otherwise |
| 20 | ALLOCATED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (7) IS ALLOCATED PURSUANT |
| 21 | TO SUBSECTION (9) OF THIS SECTION. |
| 22 | (8) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, |
| 23 | FOR EACH TAXABLE YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2019, |
| 24 | A TAXPAYER MAY ELECT TO TREAT ALL INCOME AS APPORTIONABLE |
| 25 | INCOME. THIS ELECTION MUST BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES |

ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND MADE BY THE EXTENDED

DUE DATE OF THE TAX RETURN. ONCE MADE, THE ELECTION IS

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| 1 | IRREVOCABLE FOR THE TAX YEAR. |
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| 2 | (9) (a) (I) IF THE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT PROVISIONS |
| 3 | IN THIS SECTION DO NOT FAIRLY REPRESENT THE EXTENT OF BUSINESS |
| 4 | ACTIVITY IN COLORADO OF TAXPAYERS ENGAGED IN A PARTICULAR |
| 5 | INDUSTRY OR IN A PARTICULAR TRANSACTION OR ACTIVITY, THE |
| 6 | EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY, IN ADDITION TO THE AUTHORITY PROVIDED IN |
| 7 | SUBSECTION (9)(b) OF THIS SECTION, AND NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER |
| 8 | PROVISION IN THIS SECTION, ESTABLISH APPROPRIATE RULES, INCLUDING |
| 9 | THE APPLICATION OF A VARIANCE ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (9)(b) OF |
| 10 | THIS SECTION ON AN INDUSTRY-WIDE, TRANSACTION-WIDE, OR |
| 11 | ACTIVITY-WIDE BASIS, FOR DETERMINING ALTERNATIVE ALLOCATION AND |
| 12 | APPORTIONMENT METHODS FOR SUCH TAXPAYERS. |
| 13 | (II) A RULE ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION $(9)(a)$ MUST |
| 14 | BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY; EXCEPT THAT, WITH RESPECT TO ANY TAXPAYER |
| 15 | TO WHOM SUCH RULE APPLIES, THE TAXPAYER MAY PETITION FOR, OR THE |
| 16 | EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY REQUIRE, ADJUSTMENT PURSUANT TO |
| 17 | SUBSECTION (9)(b) OF THIS SECTION. |
| 18 | (b) IF THE APPORTIONMENT AND ALLOCATION PROVISIONS OF THIS |
| 19 | SECTION DO NOT FAIRLY REPRESENT THE EXTENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S |
| 20 | BUSINESS ACTIVITIES IN COLORADO, THE TAXPAYER MAY PETITION FOR, OR |
| 21 | THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY REQUIRE, WITH RESPECT TO ALL OR ANY |
| 22 | PART OF THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS ACTIVITIES, IF REASONABLE: |
| 23 | (I) SEPARATE ACCOUNTING; |
| 24 | (II) THE INCLUSION OF ONE OR MORE ADDITIONAL FACTORS THAT |
| 25 | WILL FAIRLY REPRESENT THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS ACTIVITY IN |
| 26 | Colorado; |
| 27 | (III) THE INCLUSION OF ANY RECEIPTS OF A TAXPAYER OTHERWISE |

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| 1 | EXCLUDED UNDER SUBSECTION $(1)(d)$ OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING THOSE |
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| 2 | FROM HEDGING TRANSACTIONS OR FROM THE MATURITY, REDEMPTION |
| 3 | SALE, EXCHANGE, LOAN, OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF CASH OR SECURITIES: |
| 4 | OR |
| 5 | (IV) THE EMPLOYMENT OF ANY OTHER METHOD, |
| 6 | NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, TO |
| 7 | EFFECTUATE AN EQUITABLE APPORTIONMENT OR ALLOCATION OF THE |
| 8 | TAXPAYER'S INCOME, FAIRLY CALCULATED TO DETERMINE THE NET |
| 9 | INCOME DERIVED FROM OR ATTRIBUTABLE TO SOURCES IN COLORADO. |
| 10 | (c) (I) THE TAXPAYER PETITIONING FOR, OR THE EXECUTIVE |
| 11 | DIRECTOR REQUIRING, THE USE OF ANY METHOD TO EFFECTUATE AN |
| 12 | EQUITABLE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S |
| 13 | INCOME PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (9)(b) OF THIS SECTION SHALL PROVE, |
| 14 | BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, THAT: |
| 15 | (A) THE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT PROVISIONS IN THIS |
| 16 | SECTION DO NOT FAIRLY REPRESENT THE EXTENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S |
| 17 | BUSINESS ACTIVITY IN COLORADO; AND |
| 18 | (B) THE ALTERNATIVE TO SUCH PROVISIONS IS REASONABLE. |
| 19 | (II) THE SAME BURDEN OF PROOF APPLIES WHETHER THE |
| 20 | TAXPAYER IS PETITIONING FOR, OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR IS |
| 21 | REQUIRING, THE USE OF ANY REASONABLE METHOD TO EFFECTUATE AN |
| 22 | EQUITABLE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S |
| 23 | INCOME; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR CAN SHOW THAT IN |
| 24 | ANY TWO OF THE PRIOR FIVE TAX YEARS, THE TAXPAYER HAD USED AN |
| 25 | ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT METHOD AT VARIANCE WITH ITS |
| 26 | ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT METHOD OR METHODS IN OTHER TAX |

YEARS, THEN THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DOES NOT BEAR THE BURDEN OF

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- PROOF DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (9)(c)(I) OF THIS SECTION IN IMPOSING

 A DIFFERENT METHOD.
- (d) If the executive director requires any different

 METHOD TO EFFECTUATE AN EQUITABLE ALLOCATION AND

 APPORTIONMENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS

 SUBSECTION (9), THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL NOT IMPOSE ANY CIVIL

 OR CRIMINAL PENALTY WITH REFERENCE TO THE TAX DUE THAT IS

 ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE TAXPAYER'S REASONABLE RELIANCE SOLELY ON

 THE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

- (e) A TAXPAYER THAT HAS RECEIVED WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM
 THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR TO USE A REASONABLE METHOD TO EFFECTUATE
 AN EQUITABLE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S
 INCOME SHALL NOT HAVE THAT PERMISSION REVOKED WITH RESPECT TO
 TRANSACTIONS AND ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE ALREADY OCCURRED UNLESS
 THERE HAS BEEN A MATERIAL CHANGE IN, OR A MATERIAL
 MISREPRESENTATION OF, THE FACTS PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER UPON
 WHICH THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REASONABLY RELIED.
 - (f) If the executive director requires the taxpayer to change its present method of reporting, the executive director shall notify the taxpayer in writing of the reason for the required change. The notice must be made by first-class mail as set forth in section 39-21-105.5 and must be sufficiently particular to give the taxpayer adequate information as to the reasons for the change so that the taxpayer may frame an answer for and defend its present method of reporting if it decides to appeal.
 - (g) THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, FROM TIME TO TIME, SHALL

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1 PUBLISH ALL RULINGS OF GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST WITH RESPECT TO 2 ANY APPLICATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (9).

3 (h) IF REQUESTED BY THE DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH OF THE 4 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL REQUIRE 5 TAXPAYERS TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RELATED TO 6 APPORTIONMENT AND ALLOCATION OF INCOME TO SUPPORT AN INCOME 7 TAX RETURN FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING SUCH INFORMATION TO 8 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STAFF TO IMPROVE THE ACCURACY OF FISCAL NOTES 9 AND REPORTS TO THE LEGISLATURE. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL 10 AGGREGATE SUCH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SO AS TO PRESERVE THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE TAXPAYER'S INFORMATION AND COMPLY WITH 12 SECTION 39-21-113.

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- (10) A BANK, SAVINGS AND LOAN, CREDIT UNION, OR OTHER TAXPAYER MAKING OR PURCHASING LOANS WHOSE ONLY BUSINESS ACTIVITY IN COLORADO IS THE OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED THROUGH THE PROCESS OF FORECLOSURE, OR WAS OBTAINED THROUGH A PROCEDURE EXERCISED IN LIEU OF THE ENTITY EXERCISING ITS RIGHT TO FORECLOSE, WHICH PROPERTY IS LATER DISPOSED OF WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR MONTHS AFTER OBTAINING OWNERSHIP, SHALL DIRECTLY ALLOCATE NET INCOME FOR SUCH PROPERTY DURING SUCH TIME AND ANY GAINS OR LOSSES REALIZED FROM THE SALE OF SUCH FORECLOSED PROPERTY TO THE STATE WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED. SUCH LIMITED ACTIVITIES DO NOT RENDER A BANK, SAVINGS AND LOAN, CREDIT UNION, OR OTHER ENTITY SUBJECT TO THE OTHER ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.
- (11) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL PROMULGATE RULES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24 TO APPLY AND ADMINISTER

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| 2 | IN ORDER TO APPLY AND ADMINISTER SECTIONS 39-22-303, 39-22-303.5, |
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| 3 | OR 24-60-1301 THAT MAY BE USED TO APPLY AND ADMINISTER THIS |
| 4 | SECTION, INCLUDING PROVISIONS TO APPLY AND ADMINISTER THE SALES |
| 5 | FACTOR FOR SPECIAL INDUSTRIES, WHICH ARE SET FORTH IN 1 CCR 201-2, |
| 6 | CONTINUE TO BE IN EFFECT UNLESS INCONSISTENT WITH THIS SECTION OR |
| 7 | SPECIFICALLY WITHDRAWN BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. |
| 8 | (12) On or before January 1, 2024, the director of the |
| 9 | OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SHALL PREPARE A REPORT |
| 10 | DESCRIBING THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS RELATED TO APPORTIONMENT AND |
| 11 | ALLOCATION OF TAXABLE INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND |
| 12 | DELIVER THE REPORT TO THE FINANCE COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE AND |
| 13 | HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. |
| 14 | SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-303.5, amend |
| 15 | (2)(b) and (6) as follows: |
| 16 | 39-22-303.5. Single-factor apportionment of business income |
| 17 | - allocation of nonbusiness income - rules - definitions. (2) (b) For |
| 18 | income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2009, BUT PRIOR TO |
| 19 | JANUARY 1, 2019, a taxpayer shall apportion and allocate the taxpayer's |
| 20 | entire net income as provided in this section. |
| 21 | (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, for each |
| 22 | taxable year commencing on or after January 1, 2009, BUT PRIOR TO |
| 23 | JANUARY 1, 2019, a taxpayer may elect to treat all income as business |
| 24 | income. This election shall be made in accordance with rules adopted by |
| 25 | the department of revenue and shall be made by the extended due date of |
| 26 | the tax return. Once made, the election shall be irrevocable for such tax |
| 27 | year. |

THIS SECTION. ANY RULES THAT THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PROMULGATED

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SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-303.9, **amend** (2) as follows:

39-22-303.9. Apportionment of the income of a taxpayer with enterprise data center operations in the state - definitions.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of section 39-22-303.5, for taxable years commencing on or after the July 1 in the year in which the office provides written certification to the taxpayer and to the department of revenue that the requirements described in subsection (3)(a) of this section have been met by the taxpayer, but no sooner than the taxable year commencing July 1, 2018, pursuant to the schedule set by the office as described in subsection (3)(c)(II) of this section, in apportioning the income of a taxpayer with enterprise data center operations in the state sales from services are Colorado sales for purposes of section 39-22-303.5 (4)(c)(I) to the extent such sales constitute revenues from services that are delivered to the taxpayer's customer's location in the state, as demonstrated by the customer's billing address IS APPORTIONED AND ALLOCATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-22-303.6.

SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 8, 2018, if adjournment sine die is on May 9, 2018); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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