Second Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 20-0266.02 Thomas Morris x4218

HOUSE BILL 20-1126

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A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING A REQUIREMENT THAT THE STATE APPROVE AN OIL AND GAS PERMIT TO DRILL THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law allows the director of the oil and gas conservation commission to delay the final determination regarding an oil and gas permit application pursuant to specified objective criteria. The bill repeals this authority and specifies that if a local government that has so-called "House Bill 1041 authority" approves an oil and gas application, the

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 hereby: 4 (a) Finds that: 5 (I) The oil and natural gas industry is an essential economic driver 6 in the state of Colorado, supporting more than 213,000 jobs and 7 contributing \$31.7 billion to the state economy, \$7.6 billion in 8 compensation, and more than \$400 million through property taxes in 2014 9 to Colorado school districts and the state land board school trust: 10 (II) Colorado ranked 6th in natural gas production and 7th in oil 11 production nationwide, and in 2013 ranked 19th worldwide in natural gas 12 production, ahead of countries such as Pakistan, Thailand, and 13 Venezuela; 14 (III) The average salary in the oil and natural gas industry in 2016 15 was \$105,000, double the average wage of other industries in Colorado; 16 The 2015 U.S. oil and natural gas industry workforce 17 included more than 237,000 oil, natural gas, and petrochemical jobs filled 18 by women, which is a number that is projected to grow by 22% over the 19 next 20 years; 20 (V) Of the total number of oil and natural gas industry jobs in the 21 Mountain Region (Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, 22 Arizona, and New Mexico), women accounted for 15% (20,214 jobs) and 23 Hispanic workers accounted for 20% (26,314 jobs) in 2016; 24 (VI) IHS Markit, an industry market research consultant, 25 estimated that average U.S. household income was \$1,200 higher in 2012

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1	thanks to energy from shale oil and natural gas, and estimated that this
2	figure could reach \$3,500 a year in 2025;
3	(VII) Average household energy costs in Colorado were 27% less
4	than the national average in 2016, due in large part to historically lower
5	natural gas prices in the state;
6	(VIII) In 2014, American households were estimated to enjoy
7	about \$800 in annual savings from lower energy costs attributable to
8	unconventional natural gas and to reap additional savings from lower oil
9	prices;
10	(IX) In 2015, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
11	concluded after a 5-year study that "hydraulic fracturing activities have
12	not led to widespread, systematic impacts to drinking water resources";
13	(X) The oil and natural gas industry has invested \$302 billion
14	between 1990 and 2016 to improve its environmental performance;
15	(XI) Nonattainment area emissions of volatile organic compounds
16	from oil and natural gas have decreased in Colorado by 45% between
17	2011 and 2016, while oil production has increased by 220%;
18	(XII) The oil and natural gas industry is very active in
19	communities throughout the state, including one operator that contributed
20	more than \$2 million to local organizations in 2014, another operator that
21	partnered with more than 30 Colorado organizations providing financial
22	support and volunteer time, and employees of one operator who
23	contributed more than 900 hours to working with the United Way;
24	(XIII) In the 5 years before 2016, Colorado has had 10 major
25	rule-makings, leading to the country's toughest rules for oil and gas
26	development that protect our people, our air, and our water; and
27	(b) Declares that this act is necessary to protect the viability of this

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1 vital industry. 2 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 34-60-106, amend 3 (1)(f)(III)(A); and **repeal** (1)(f)(III)(B) as follows: 4 34-60-106. Additional powers of commission - rules -5 **definition.** (1) The commission also shall require: 6 (f) (III) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including 7 subsection (11) of this section, until the commission has promulgated any 8 rules required to be adopted by subsections (2.5)(a), (11)(c), and (19) of 9 this section and each rule specified in this subsection (1)(f)(HI)(A) has 10 become effective, the director may delay the final determination regarding 11 a permit application if the director determines, pursuant to objective 12 criteria to be published by the director within thirty days after April 16, 13 2019, and following a public comment period, that the permit requires 14 additional analysis to ensure the protection of public health, safety, and 15 welfare or the environment or requires additional local government or 16 other state agency consultation IF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT THAT HAS LOCAL 17 PERMIT AUTHORITY, AS THOSE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION 18 24-65.1-102 (2) AND (3), RESPECTIVELY, APPROVES AN APPLICATION 19 SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(f)(I) OF THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSION OR 20 THE DIRECTOR OF THE COMMISSION SHALL APPROVE THE APPLICATION FOR 21 A PERMIT TO DRILL. 22 (B) This subsection (1)(f)(III) will be repealed if the rules 23 specified in subsection (1)(f)(III)(A) of this section have become 24 effective. The director shall notify the revisor of statutes in writing of the 25 date on which all rules specified in subsection (1)(f)(HI)(A) of this 26 section have become effective by e-mailing the notice to

revisorofstatutes.ga@state.co.us. This subsection (1)(f)(III) is repealed,

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effective upon the date identified in the notice that the rules specified in subsection (1)(f)(III)(A) of this section have become effective or, if the notice does not specify that date, upon the date of the notice to the revisor of statutes.

SECTION 3. Act subject to petition - effective date - applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 5, 2020, if adjournment sine die is on May 6, 2020); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2020 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

(2) This act applies to conduct occurring on or after the applicable effective date of this act.

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