# First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## REENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 19-0419.01 Michael Dohr x4347

**HOUSE BILL 19-1090** 

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

**Gray and Van Winkle,** Arndt, Buckner, Buentello, Galindo, Hooton, Larson, Lontine, Melton, Michaelson Jenet, Valdez A., Bird, Esgar, Hansen, Herod, Jaquez Lewis, Kraft-Tharp, Roberts, Snyder

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Gonzales and Hill, Coram, Ginal, Holbert, Marble, Rodriguez, Williams A., Winter

#### **House Committees**

**Senate Committees** 

Finance Appropriations

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEASURES TO ALLOW GREATER INVESTMENT 102 FLEXIBILITY IN MARIJUANA BUSINESSES.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill repeals the provisions that require limited passive investors to go through an initial background check. The bill repeals the provisions that limit the number of out-of-state direct beneficial owners to 15 persons. The bill repeals the provision that prohibits publicly traded corporations from holding a marijuana license.

The bill creates 2 new ownership licenses, controlling beneficial

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended March 29, 2019

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading March 28, 2019 owners and passive beneficial owners. The bill gives the state licensing authority rule-making authority related to the parameters of, qualifications of, disclosure of, requirements for, and suitability for the new license types. A controlling beneficial owner is a person that is the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the securities of a marijuana business, is an affiliate, or is otherwise in a position to exercise control of the marijuana business. A passive beneficial owner is a person that is not an affiliate of a marijuana business, has no control over the marijuana business, and owns less than 10% of the securities of a marijuana business.

The bill requires a person intending to apply to become a controlling beneficial owner or passive beneficial owner to receive a finding of suitability or an exemption from the state licensing authority prior to submitting a marijuana business application. When applying for suitability, a person must disclose all of its officers, directors, and affiliates; all controlling beneficial owners; if a publicly traded corporation, all of its controlling beneficial owners of 10% or more; and, if not a publicly traded corporation, all of its officers, directors, beneficial owners, affiliates, and passive beneficial owners. The bill also requires a marijuana business or controlling beneficial owner that is a publicly traded corporation to comply with various notification, disclosure, notice, and suitability requirements. The bill limits the types of publicly traded corporations that can be marijuana businesses or controlling beneficial owners.

Current statutes list areas in which the state licensing authority may adopt rules but does not limit the rules to those areas. The bill limits the state licensing authority's power to adopt rules to those areas listed in statutes.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-104, amend 3 (1), (4), (12), (21), and (23) and; **add** (1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (9.5), 4 (11.5), (19.1), (19.2), (22.7), (23.1), (23.5), and (25.5) as follows: 5 **44-11-104. Definitions.** As used in this article 11, unless the 6 context otherwise requires: 7 (1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely 8 held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed 9 medical marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing 10 members, or partners of the licensed medical marijuana business or

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1	closely held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor
2	"ACQUIRE" WHEN USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE ACQUISITION OF AN
3	OWNER'S INTEREST OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, MEANS
4	OBTAINING OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, POWER TO VOTE, OR SOLE POWER OF
5	DISPOSITION OF THE OWNER'S INTEREST, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OR
6	THROUGH ONE OR MORE TRANSACTIONS OR SUBSIDIARIES, THROUGH
7	PURCHASE, ASSIGNMENT, TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, SUCCESSION, OR OTHER
8	MEANS.
9	(1.1) "ACTING IN CONCERT" MEANS KNOWING PARTICIPATION IN
10	A JOINT ACTIVITY OR INTERDEPENDENT CONSCIOUS PARALLEL ACTION
11	TOWARD A COMMON GOAL, WHETHER OR NOT PURSUANT TO AN EXPRESS
12	AGREEMENT.
13	(1.2) "Affiliate" of, or person "affiliated with", has the
14	SAME MEANING AS DEFINED IN THE "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", 17 CFR
15	230.405, AS AMENDED.
16	(1.3) "BENEFICIAL OWNER OF", "BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF", OR
17	"BENEFICIALLY OWNS AN" OWNER'S INTEREST IS DETERMINED IN
18	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13(d) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
19	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AND RULE 13d-3 PROMULGATED
20	THEREUNDER.
21	(1.4) "CONTROL", "CONTROLS", "CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING",
22	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
23	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
24	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
25	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
26	OTHERWISE.
2.7	(1.5) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS LIMITED TO A PERSON

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1	THAT SATISFIES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
2	(a) A NATURAL PERSON, AN ENTITY AS DEFINED IN SECTION
3	7-90-102 (20) THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF AND FOR WHICH
4	ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN ONE OF THE STATES OR
5	TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, A
6	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, OR A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND THAT IS
7	NOT A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR:
8	(I) ACTING ALONE OR ACTING IN CONCERT, THAT OWNS OR
9	ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
10	OWNER'S INTEREST OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
11	(II) THAT IS AN AFFILIATE THAT CONTROLS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
12	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY MANAGER; OR
13	(III) THAT IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO CONTROL THE MEDICAL
14	MARIJUANA BUSINESS EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 44-11-407; OR
15	(b) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR ACTING ALONE OR
16	ACTING IN CONCERT THAT OWNS OR ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF
17	MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT OF THE OWNER'S INTEREST OF A MEDICAL
18	MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
19	(4) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
20	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
21	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
22	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
23	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
24	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority
25	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
26	AN AFFILIATE, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE
27	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND THAT:

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I	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
2	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
3	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
4	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
5	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
6	OWNERSHIP INTEREST;
7	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
8	BUSINESS, OTHER THAN A CUSTOMARY EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT, THAT
9	HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF
10	MEDICAL MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A LEASE OF REAL
11	PROPERTY ON WHICH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATES, A
12	LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA,
13	A SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE MEDICAL
14	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE MEDICAL
15	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE
16	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT
17	COMPENSATES THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
18	REVENUE FOR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
19	(d) IS IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS
20	AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
21	(9.5) "Manager" has the same meaning as in section
22	7-90-102 (35.7).
23	(11.5) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS" MEANS ANY OF THE
24	FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11: A
25	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA OPTIONAL PREMISES
26	CULTIVATION OPERATION, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
27	MANUFACTURER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MEDICAL

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1	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER,
2	A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FACILITY, OR A MARIJUANA
3	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CULTIVATION FACILITY.
4	(12) "Medical marijuana business operator" means an entity or A
5	person who is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide
6	professional operational services to a medical marijuana establishment
7	BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the medical marijuana
8	establishment Business. A medical marijuana business operator is
9	NOT, BY VIRTUE OF ITS STATUS AS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
10	OPERATOR, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
11	OWNER OF ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IT OPERATES.
12	(19.1) "OWNER'S INTEREST" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS IN
13	SECTION 7-90-102 (44).
14	(19.2) "PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS ANY PERSON
15	ACQUIRING ANY INTEREST IN A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS
16	NOT OTHERWISE A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR IN CONTROL.
17	(21) "Person" means a natural person, partnership, association,
18	company, corporation, limited liability company, or organization, or a
19	manager, agent, owner, director, servant, officer, or employee thereof HAS
20	THE SAME MEANING AS DEFINED IN SECTION $7-90-102$ (49).
21	(22.7) "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" MEANS ANY PERSON
22	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF AND
23	FOR WHICH ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN ONE OF THE
24	STATES OR TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT OF
25	COLUMBIA OR ANOTHER COUNTRY THAT AUTHORIZES THE SALE OF
26	MARIJUANA AND THAT:
2.7	(a) HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO

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1	SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
2	AMENDED, THAT:
3	(I) CONSTITUTES "COVERED SECURITIES" PURSUANT TO SECTION
4	18 (b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
5	OR
6	(II) IS QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQX OR OTCQB TIER
7	OF THE OTC MARKETS IF:
8	(A) THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS AND IS FILING
9	REPORTS ON A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
10	EXCHANGE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
11	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES
12	CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
13	(22.7)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION; AND
14	(B) THE PERSON HAS ESTABLISHED AND IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH
15	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MEASURES PURSUANT TO CORPORATE
16	GOVERNANCE OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED ON SECURITIES QUALIFIED AND
17	QUOTED ON THE OTCQX TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS.
18	(b) IS AN ENTITY THAT HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES LISTED ON THE
19	CANADIAN SECURITIES EXCHANGE, TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE, TSX
20	VENTURE EXCHANGE, OR OTHER EQUITY SECURITIES EXCHANGE
21	RECOGNIZED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, IF:
22	(I) THE ENTITY CONSTITUTES A "FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER", AS
23	DEFINED IN RULE 405 PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL
24	"SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED, WHOSE SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT
25	FROM REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL
26	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT TO RULE
27	12g3-2 (b) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES

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1	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED; AND
2	(II) THE ENTITY HAS BEEN, FOR THE PRECEDING THREE HUNDRED
3	SIXTY-FIVE DAYS OR SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE ENTITY, IN
4	COMPLIANCE WITH ALL GOVERNANCE AND REPORTING OBLIGATIONS
5	IMPOSED BY THE RELEVANT EXCHANGE ON SUCH ENTITY; OR
6	(c) Is reasonably identified as a publicly traded
7	CORPORATION BY RULE; OR
8	(d) A "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" DESCRIBED IN
9	SUBSECTION (22.7)(a), (22.7)(b), OR (22.7)(c) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT
10	INCLUDE:
11	(I) AN "INELIGIBLE ISSUER", AS DEFINED IN RULE 405
12	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
13	AS AMENDED, UNLESS SUCH PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SATISFIES
14	THE DEFINITION OF INELIGIBLE ISSUER SOLELY BECAUSE IT IS ONE OR MORE
15	OF THE FOLLOWING, AND THE PERSON IS FILING REPORTS ON A CURRENT
16	BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
17	PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
18	AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS
19	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (22.7)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, AND PRIOR TO
20	BECOMING A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, THE PERSON FOR AT LEAST
21	TWO YEARS WAS LICENSED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS A
22	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WITH A DEMONSTRATED HISTORY OF
23	OPERATIONS IN THE STATE OF COLORADO, AND DURING SUCH TIME WAS
24	NOT SUBJECT TO SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF THE LICENSE:
25	(A) A "BLANK CHECK COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 419 (a)(2)
26	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
27	AS AMENDED;

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1	(B) AN ISSUER IN AN OFFERING OF "PENNY STOCK", AS DEFINED IN
2	RULE 3a51-1 PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
3	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934"; OR
4	(C) A "SHELL COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 405 PROMULGATED
5	PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
6	AND
7	(II) A PERSON DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506
8	(d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
9	1933", AS AMENDED.
10	(23) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
11	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
12	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed medical
13	marijuana business. "Qualified institutional investor" means:
14	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION $3$ (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
15	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, IF THE BANK IS
16	CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING
17	REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES PROMULGATED
18	THEREUNDER;
19	(b) A BANK HOLDING COMPANY AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL
20	"BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1956", AS AMENDED, IF THE BANK
21	HOLDING COMPANY IS REGISTERED AND CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
22	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
23	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
24	(c) An insurance company as defined in Section $2$ (a)(17) of
25	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED, IF
26	THE INSURANCE COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND
27	DECODD_VEEDING DECLIDEMENTS LINDED SLICH ACT AND DILLES

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1	PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
2	(d) An investment company registered under section $8$ of
3	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED, AND
4	SUBJECT TO 15 U.S.C. SEC. 80a-1 TO 80a-64, IF THE INVESTMENT
5	COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND
6	RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES
7	PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
8	(e) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SUBJECT TO THE
9	FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974",
10	EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY
11	A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT
12	DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
13	(f) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
14	(g) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
15	SUBSECTIONS (23)(a) TO (23)(f) OF THIS SECTION; OR
16	(h) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE
17	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
18	(23.1) "QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND" MEANS AN ISSUER THAT WOULD
19	BE AN INVESTMENT COMPANY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION (3) OF THE FEDERAL
20	"INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", BUT FOR THE EXCLUSIONS
21	PROVIDED UNDER SECTIONS $3(c)(1)$ OR $3(c)(7)$ OF THAT ACT, AND THAT:
22	(a) IS ADVISED OR MANAGED BY AN INVESTMENT ADVISER AS
23	DEFINED AND REGISTERED UNDER SECTIONS 80b-1-21, TITLE 15 OF THE
24	FEDERAL "INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940", AND FOR WHICH THE
25	REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
26	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
27	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER; AND

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1	(b) SATISFIES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
2	(I) IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAW OF A STATE OR THE UNITED
3	STATES;
4	(II) IS ORGANIZED, OPERATED, OR SPONSORED BY A U.S. PERSON,
5	AS DEFINED UNDER SUBSECTION 17 CFR 230.902(k), AS AMENDED; OR
6	(III) SELLS SECURITIES TO A U.S. PERSON, AS DEFINED UNDER
7	SUBSECTION 17 CFR 230.902(k), AS AMENDED.
8	(23.5) "REASONABLE CAUSE" MEANS JUST OR LEGITIMATE
9	GROUNDS BASED IN LAW AND IN FACT TO BELIEVE THAT THE PARTICULAR
10	REQUESTED ACTION FURTHERS THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE $\overline{11}$ OR
11	PROTECTS PUBLIC SAFETY.
12	(25.5) "SECURITY" MEANS THOSE TERMS AS DEFINED IN SECTION
13	(2)(1) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED.
14	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-202, amend
15	(1)(d) and (2)(a)(VIII); repeal (2)(a)(XXV); and add (5) and (6) as
16	follows:
17	44-11-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
18	rules. (1) The state licensing authority shall:
19	(d) Maintain the confidentiality of reports or other information
20	obtained from a medical or retail licensee containing any individualized
21	data, information, or records related to the licensee or its operation,
22	including sales information, financial records, tax returns, credit reports,
23	cultivation information, testing results, and security information and
24	plans, or revealing any patient information, or any other records that are
25	exempt from public inspection pursuant to state law. Such reports or other
26	information may be used only for a purpose authorized by this article 11
27	or article 12 of this title 44, FOR INVESTIGATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY

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1	INTERNATIONAL, FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL SECURITIES LAW OR
2	REGULATIONS, or for any other state or local law enforcement purpose.
3	Any information released related to patients may be used only for a
4	purpose authorized by this article 11 or article 12 of this title 44, or to
5	verify that a person who presented a registry identification card to a state
6	or local law enforcement official is lawfully in possession of such card.
7	(2) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this
8	section may include but need not be limited to the following subjects:
9	(VIII) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
10	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND ANY PERSON OPERATING,
11	WORKING IN, OR HAVING UNESCORTED ACCESS TO THE LIMITED ACCESS
12	AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS,
13	managers, contractors, employees, and other support staff of entities
14	licensed pursuant to this article 11, including a fingerprint-based criminal
15	history record check as may be required by the state licensing authority
16	prior to issuing a card;
17	(XXV) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
18	interest owner; and a qualified limited passive investor;
19	(5) (a) RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF
20	THIS SECTION MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
21	(I) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE PROCEDURES AND
22	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11;
23	(II) RECORDS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS REQUIRED TO
24	MAINTAIN REGARDING ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE
25	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS THAT
26	MAY BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER
27	INVESTIGATION FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA

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1	BUSINESS;
2	(III) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR FINDINGS OF
3	SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING FEES NECESSARY
4	TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY SUITABILITY
5	INVESTIGATION;
6	(IV) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE
7	DIVESTITURE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF A PERSON FOUND
8	UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
9	(V) PROCEDURES, PROCESSES, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR
10	TRANSFERS OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION
11	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERGERS WITH A PUBLICLY TRADED
12	CORPORATION, INVESTMENT BY A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, AND
13	PUBLIC OFFERINGS;
14	(VI) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS THAT BY VIRTUE OF COMMON
15	CONTROL CONSTITUTE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
16	(VII) MODIFICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE OF SECURITIES THAT
17	MAY BE HELD BY A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER AND PASSIVE
18	BENEFICIAL OWNER;
19	(VIII) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS THAT QUALIFY FOR AN
20	EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY; AND
21	(IX) DESIGNATION OF INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS
22	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS.
23	(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection (5)
24	MUST NOT BE ANY MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN THE REQUIREMENTS
25	EXPRESSLY ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11.
26	(6) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND
27	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE

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1	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 IF THE STATE LICENSING
2	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
3	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
4	INTEREST HOLDER FAILED TO TIMELY FILE ANY REPORT, DISCLOSURE,
5	REGISTRATION STATEMENT, OR OTHER SUBMISSION REQUIRED BY ANY
6	STATE OR FEDERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY THAT IS RELATED TO THE
7	CONDUCT OF THEIR BUSINESS.
8	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-304, amend
9	(1) and (2) as follows:
10	44-11-304. State licensing authority - application and issuance
11	procedures. (1) Applications for a state license under the provisions of
12	this article 11 shall MUST be made to the state licensing authority on
13	forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and shall
14	MUST set forth such information as the state licensing authority may
15	require to enable the state licensing authority to determine whether a state
16	license should be granted. The information shall MUST include the name
17	and address of the applicant, DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION
18	44-11-307.5, the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or
19	managers, and all other information deemed necessary by the state
20	licensing authority. Each application shall MUST be verified by the oath
21	or affirmation of such person or persons as the state licensing authority
22	may prescribe.
23	(2) The state licensing authority shall issue a state license to a
24	medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation operation, or
25	a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS pursuant to
26	this section upon satisfactory completion of the applicable criminal
27	history background check associated with the application, and the state

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1	license is conditioned upon local licensing authority approval. A license
2	applicant is prohibited from operating a licensed medical marijuana
3	business without both state and local licensing authority approval. The
4	denial of an application by the local licensing authority shall be
5	considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to revoke the
6	state-issued license.
7	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-306, amend
8	(1)(c), (1)(m), and (1)(n); <b>repeal</b> (1)(e); and <b>add</b> (1)(o), (1)(p), (1)(q),
9	(1)(r), $(1)(s)$ , and $(1)(t)$ as follows:
10	44-11-306. Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A
11	license provided by this article 11 shall not be issued to or held by:
12	(c) A corporation, PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the
13	criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders
14	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, or
15	stockholder THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral
16	character AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101;
17	(e) A person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or in
18	part by any other person whose criminal history indicates he or she is not
19	of good character and reputation satisfactory to the respective licensing
20	authority;
21	(m) A person for a license for a location that is currently licensed
22	as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
23	(n) A publicly traded company ENTITY THAT DOES NOT
24	CONSTITUTE A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION AS DEFINED IN THIS
25	ARTICLE 11;
26	(o) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
27	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER

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1	THAT IS ORGANIZED OR FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY
2	DETERMINED BY THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE
3	REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM
4	OR IS INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION
5	1502 of the federal "Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and
6	CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT", PUB.L. 111-203;
7	(p) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
8	THAT IS AN "INELIGIBLE ISSUER" PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-104 (22.7)
9	(d)(1);
10	(q) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
11	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)
12	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
13	AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.506 (d)(1);
14	(r) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION
15	THAT IS OR HAS A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
16	INTEREST HOLDER THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE
17	506 (d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
18	1933", AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.506 (d)(1);
19	(s) A PERSON THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS
20	OR HAS A NONOBJECTING PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OR INDIRECT
21	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR"
22	UNDER RULE 506 (d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL
23	"Securities Act of 1933", as amended, and subject to 17 CFR
24	230.506 (d)(1); OR
25	(t) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
26	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
77	THAT IS DECHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN TRANSACTIONS DIDSHANT TO

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1	THIS ARTICLE 11 DUE TO ITS DESIGNATION ON THE "SPECIALLY
2	DESIGNATED NATIONALS AND BLOCKED PERSONS" LIST MAINTAINED BY
3	THE FEDERAL OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL.
4	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-307, amend
5	(1)(a)(II), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(b), and (3); <b>repeal</b> (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7); and
6	add (1)(a)(IV.5), (1)(a)(VI), and (1)(a)(VII) as follows:
7	44-11-307. Business and owner requirements - legislative
8	<b>declaration.</b> (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that
9	(II) The current regulatory structure for medical marijuana creates
10	a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND
11	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS;
12	(IV) Colorado medical marijuana businesses need to have ready
13	access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of Colorado; and
14	(IV.5) Under Certain Circumstances, Permitting Publicly
15	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
16	BUSINESSES WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA MARKET
17	AND
18	(VI) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
19	INVESTMENT IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES MUST TELL THE PUBLIC
20	THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE SELLING
21	AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	BUSINESSES, AND PERSONS THAT SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES RELATED TO
23	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES ARE PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN
24	DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE SALE OF THE
25	SECURITIES; AND
26	(VII) RECOGNIZING THAT PARTICIPATION BY PUBLICLY TRADED
27	CORPORATIONS IN COLORADO'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA INDUSTRY CREATES

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1	AN INCREASED NEED TO ASSESS BARRIERS OF ENTRY FOR MINORITY- AND
2	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, WITH SUCH EFFORTS BEING MADE TO
3	IDENTIFY SOLUTIONS TO ARRIVE AT A GREATER BALANCE AND FOR
4	FURTHER EQUITY FOR MINORITY- AND WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, AND
5	IN A MANNER THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC SAFETY AND
6	ENFORCEMENT GOALS AS STATED HEREIN, IT IS THEREFORE OF
7	SUBSTANTIVE IMPORTANCE TO ADDRESS THE LACK OF MINORITY- AND
8	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES' INCLUSION IN COLORADO'S MEDICAL
9	MARIJUANA INDUSTRY, SOCIAL JUSTICE ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH
10	MARIJUANA PROHIBITION, SUITABILITY ISSUES RELATING TO PAST
11	CONVICTIONS FOR POTENTIAL LICENSEES, LICENSING FEES, AND ECONOMIC
12	CHALLENGES THAT ARISE WITH THE APPLICATION PROCESSES.
13	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
14	Colorado medical marijuana businesses to access capital from investors
15	in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS
16	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11.
17	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
18	either:
19	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
20	the date of the application; or
21	(b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
22	(3) (a) A medical marijuana business may be comprised of an
23	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been
24	residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the
25	application.
26	(b) On and after January 1, 2017, a medical marijuana business
27	that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who

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have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to application, and All officers NATURAL PERSONS with day-to-day operational control over the MEDICAL MARIJUANA business must be Colorado residents. for at least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business under this subsection (3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.

- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE CHANGE.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4) A medical marijuana business may include qualified institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the medical

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(5) (a) A person who intends to apply as a direct beneficial
interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to
the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing
authority for a finding of suitability as a direct beneficial interest owner.
The person shall receive a finding of suitability prior to submitting an
application to the state licensing authority to be a direct beneficial interest
owner. Failure to receive a finding of suitability prior to application is
grounds for denial by the state licensing authority.
(b) The state licensing outhority shall newform a limited initial

- (b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation, the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
- (6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
- (7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "institutional investor" means:
- (a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
  - (b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
  - (c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
  - (d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
  - (e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the

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1	tederal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
2	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
3	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
4	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
5	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
6	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
7	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
8	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
9	(7)(a) to (7)(g) of this section; or
10	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
11	authority.
12	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-11-307.5 and
13	44-11-307.6 as follows:
14	44-11-307.5. Business owner and financial interest disclosure
15	requirements. (1) APPLICANTS FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A STATE LICENSE
16	SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THE FOLLOWING:
17	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE
18	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND
19	OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
20	(b) THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING ALL CONTROLLING
21	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS:
22	(I) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A PUBLICLY
23	TRADED CORPORATION, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE
24	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS' MANAGERS AND ANY BENEFICIAL
25	OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT
26	OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES IN THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
27	(II) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT A PUBLICLY

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1	TRADED CORPORATION AND IS NOT A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND, THE
2	APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER'S
3	MANAGERS AND ANY BENEFICIAL OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY
4	BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES IN THE
5	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
6	(III) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A QUALIFIED
7	PRIVATE FUND, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND
8	ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND
9	REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF THE
10	QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND'S MANAGERS, INVESTMENT ADVISERS,
11	INVESTMENT ADVISER REPRESENTATIVES, ANY TRUSTEE OR EQUIVALENT,
12	AND ANY OTHER PERSON THAT CONTROLS THE INVESTMENT IN, OR
13	MANAGEMENT OR OPERATIONS OF, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
14	(IV) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A NATURAL
15	PERSON, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE NATURAL PERSON'S
16	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION;
17	(c) A PERSON THAT IS BOTH A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER AND AN
18	INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER IN THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
19	BUSINESS; AND
20	(d) ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER THAT HOLDS TWO
21	OR MORE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	BUSINESS OR THAT IS CONTRIBUTING OVER FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
23	OPERATING CAPITAL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
24	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUEST THAT THE
25	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS DISCLOSE THE FOLLOWING:
26	(a) EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER AND AFFILIATE OF AN APPLICANT,
27	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER

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1	THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION OR A QUALIFIED PRIVATE
2	FUND; AND
3	(b) EACH AFFILIATE OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT
4	IS A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND.
5	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
6	MAY REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF:
7	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF EACH NONOBJECTING
8	BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER OF AN APPLICANT, MEDICAL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY
10	TRADED CORPORATION;
11	(b) Passive beneficial owners of the medical marijuana
12	BUSINESS, AND FOR ANY PASSIVE BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER THAT IS
13	NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS,
14	GENERAL PARTNERS, MANAGING MEMBERS, OR MANAGERS OR EXECUTIVE
15	OFFICERS AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE OWNERS OF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
16	OWNER;
17	(c) A LIST OF EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER IN A QUALIFIED PRIVATE
18	FUND THAT IS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
19	(d) ALL INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS OF THE MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, AND FOR ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST
21	HOLDER THAT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE
22	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
23	(4) AN APPLICANT OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS NOT
24	A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF
25	PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
26	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS,
2.7	AND OUAL IFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT PERSONS PROHIBITED

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1	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-306, OR OTHERWISE RESTRICTED FROM
2	HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11. AN APPLICANT'S OR
3	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE
4	IS A BASIS FOR DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER
5	SANCTION BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
6	(5) AN APPLICANT OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS A
7	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF
8	PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
9	NONOBJECTING PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, INDIRECT FINANCIAL
10	INTEREST HOLDERS, AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT
11	PERSONS PROHIBITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-306, OR OTHERWISE
12	RESTRICTED FROM HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11. AN
13	APPLICANT'S OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE
14	REASONABLE CARE IS A BASIS FOR DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION,
15	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
16	(6) This section does not restrict the state licensing
17	AUTHORITY'S ABILITY TO REASONABLY REQUEST INFORMATION OR
18	RECORDS AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER INVESTIGATION
19	FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
20	(7) The securities commissioner may, by rule or order,
21	REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IF SUCH INFORMATION IS FULL AND
22	FAIR WITH RESPECT TO THE INVESTMENT OR IN THE INTEREST OF INVESTOR
23	PROTECTION.
24	44-11-307.6. Business owner and financial interest suitability
25	requirements. (1) This section applies to all persons required to
26	SUBMIT A FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
27	(2) ANY PERSON INTENDING TO BECOME A CONTROLLING

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1	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT AS
2	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 44-11-309 (4), SHALL FIRST SUBMIT A
3	REQUEST TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF
4	SUITABILITY OR AN EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING
5	OF SUITABILITY.
6	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, ANY OTHER PERSON THAT WAS
7	DISCLOSED OR THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO
8	SECTION 44-11-307.5, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PASSIVE
9	BENEFICIAL OWNER, SHALL SUBMIT A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
10	SUITABILITY.
11	(4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN
12	CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS
13	FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
14	(5) FAILURE TO RECEIVE ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS OF SUITABILITY
15	IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION,
16	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE BY THE STATE
17	LICENSING AUTHORITY. FOR INITIAL APPLICATIONS, THE FINDING OF
18	SUITABILITY SHALL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO SUBMITTING THE APPLICATION
19	FOR LICENSURE.
20	(6) ANY PERSON REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
21	SHALL DO SO ON FORMS PROVIDED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
22	AND THE FORMS MUST CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION AS THE STATE
23	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE. EACH SUITABILITY APPLICATION
24	MUST BE VERIFIED BY THE OATH OR AFFIRMATION OF THE PERSONS
25	PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
26	(7) A PERSON REQUESTING A FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL
27	PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE

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1	DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO
2	DETERMINE ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY UNLESS OTHERWISE
3	ESTABLISHED BY RULE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE
4	FURTHER RULES REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT
5	COSTS THAT MUST BE BILLED AGAINST THE DEPOSIT, UNLESS OTHERWISE
6	ESTABLISHED BY RULE.
7	(8) When determining whether a person is suitable or
8	UNSUITABLE FOR LICENSURE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY
9	CONSIDER THE PERSON'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, LICENSING
10	CHARACTER OR RECORD, OR FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD.
11	(9) A PERSON THAT WOULD OTHERWISE BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN
12	A FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY REQUEST AN EXEMPTION FROM THE STATE
13	LICENSING AUTHORITY AS DETERMINED BY RULE.
14	(10) ABSENT REASONABLE CAUSE, THE STATE LICENSING
15	AUTHORITY SHALL APPROVE OR DENY A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
16	SUITABILITY WITHIN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF
17	SUBMISSION OF THE REQUEST FOR SUCH FINDING.
18	(11) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
19	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
20	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 IF THE STATE LICENSING
21	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
22	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
23	INTEREST HOLDER TO BE UNSUITABLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
24	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-309, amend
25	(2); and <b>add</b> (3) and (4) as follows:
26	44-11-309. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of
27	ownership INVOLVING A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, a license

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holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article 11, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other local restrictions. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing authority has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 44-11-302 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall MUST be held in compliance with the requirements specified in section 44-11-302.

- (3) FOR A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE LICENSE HOLDER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY ON FORMS PREPARED AND FURNISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS TO THE EXTENT DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5.
- (4) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER, THROUGH DIRECT OR INDIRECT OWNERSHIP OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION MUST DISCLOSE THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5 AND APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY OR EXEMPTION FROM A

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1	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-307.6 WITHIN
2	FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER BECOMING SUCH A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
3	OWNER. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON
4	THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON
5	AS THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS BECOMES AWARE OF THE
6	BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT
7	THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4) ARE
8	INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
10	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-310, amend
11	(3), (4), (6), and (11) as follows:
12	44-11-310. Licensing in general. (3) A medical marijuana
13	center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical
14	marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS THAT IS NOT A
15	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state licensing authority
16	in writing within ten days after an owner officer or manager ceases to
17	work at, manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The
18	owner, officer or manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority
19	any identification card that may have been issued by the state licensing
20	authority on or before the date of the notification.
21	(4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
22	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS
23	THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state
24	licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of birth of an
25	owner OR officer, or manager before the new owner, officer or manager
26	begins managing, owning, or associating with the operation. Any
27	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer, manager, or employee shall

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1	pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the
2	state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to
3	being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
4	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FOR REASONABLE CAUSE REQUIRE
5	A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER TO PASS A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL
6	HISTORY CHECK.
7	(6) All managers and employees WITH DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONAL
8	CONTROL of a medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
9	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer shall be
10	residents of Colorado upon the date of their license application. All
11	licenses granted pursuant to this article 11 shall be valid for a period not
12	to exceed two years after the date of issuance unless revoked or
13	suspended pursuant to this article 11 or the rules promulgated pursuant to
14	this article 11.
15	(11) EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a licensee
16	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS shall report each transfer or change of
17	financial interest in the license to the state and local licensing authorities
18	thirty days prior to any transfer or change pursuant to section 44-11-309.
19	EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a report shall be required
20	for transfers of <del>capital stock of any corporation</del> OWNER'S INTEREST OF
21	ANY ENTITY regardless of size.
22	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-313, amend
23	(1); and <b>repeal</b> (2) as follows:
24	44-11-313. Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state
25	licensing authority, by rule, shall require a complete disclosure of all
26	persons having a direct or indirect financial interest, and the extent of
27	such interest, in Pursuant to Section 44-11-307.5 in Connection With

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1	each license issued under this article 11.
2	(2) A person shall not have an unreported financial interest in a
3	license pursuant to this article 11 unless that person has undergone a
4	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as provided for by the
5	state licensing authority in its rules; except that this subsection (2) does
6	not apply to banks or savings and loan associations supervised and
7	regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, or to
8	FHA-approved mortgagees, or to stockholders, directors, or officers
9	thereof.
10	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 44-11-407
11	as follows:
12	44-11-407. Medical marijuana business operator license. A
13	medical marijuana business operator license may be issued to an entity or
14	A person who THAT operates a medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS
15	licensed pursuant to this article 11 for an owner ANOTHER MEDICAL
16	MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 11 and who THAT
17	may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
18	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-901, add
19	(7.5) as follows:
20	<b>44-11-901.</b> Unlawful acts - exceptions - repeal. (7.5) (a) IT IS
21	UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO ENGAGE IN ANY ACT OR OMISSION WITH THE
22	INTENT TO EVADE DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR
23	SUITABILITY REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING
24	BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:
25	(I) FAILING TO FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11
26	OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO FAIL TO FILE SUCH A
27	REPORT;

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1	(II) FILING OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO
2	FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11 THAT CONTAINS A
3	MATERIAL OMISSION OR MISSTATEMENT OF FACT;
4	(III) MAKING FALSE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS REGARDING THE
5	OFFERING OF INTERESTS OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
6	(IV) STRUCTURING ANY TRANSACTION WITH THE INTENT TO EVADE
7	DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR SUITABILITY
8	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11.
9	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
10	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
11	ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11 IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FINDS
12	A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (7.5) BY THE PERSON, THE PERSON'S
13	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, INDIRECT
14	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER OR ANY AGENT OR EMPLOYEE THEREOF.
15	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-103, amend
16	(1), (5), (18), (20), (24), and (25); and <b>add</b> (1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5),
17	(11.5), (16.1), (16.5), (19.5), (20.3), (20.5), (32.5), and (34) as follows:
18	<b>44-12-103. Definitions.</b> As used in this article 12, unless the
19	context otherwise requires:
20	(1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely
21	held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed
22	retail marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing
23	members, or partners of the licensed retail marijuana business or closely
24	held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "ACQUIRE"
25	WHEN USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE ACQUISITION OF AN OWNER'S
26	INTEREST OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, MEANS OBTAINING
27	OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, POWER TO VOTE, OR SOLE POWER OF DISPOSITION

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1	OF THE OWNER'S INTEREST, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OR THROUGH ONE OR
2	MORE TRANSACTIONS OR SUBSIDIARIES, THROUGH PURCHASE,
3	ASSIGNMENT, TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, SUCCESSION, OR OTHER MEANS.
4	(1.1) "ACTING IN CONCERT" MEANS KNOWING PARTICIPATION IN
5	A JOINT ACTIVITY OR INTERDEPENDENT CONSCIOUS PARALLEL ACTION
6	TOWARD A COMMON GOAL, WHETHER OR NOT PURSUANT TO AN EXPRESS
7	AGREEMENT.
8	(1.2) "AFFILIATE" OF, OR PERSON "AFFILIATED WITH", HAS THE
9	SAME MEANING AS DEFINED IN THE "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", 17 CFR
10	230.405, AS AMENDED.
11	(1.3) "BENEFICIAL OWNER OF", "BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF", OR
12	"BENEFICIALLY OWNS AN" OWNER'S INTEREST IS DETERMINED IN
13	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13(d) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
14	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AND RULE 13d-3 PROMULGATED
15	THEREUNDER.
16	(1.4) "CONTROL", "CONTROLS", "CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING",
17	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
18	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
19	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
20	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
21	OTHERWISE.
22	(1.5) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS LIMITED TO A PERSON
23	THAT SATISFIES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
24	(a) A NATURAL PERSON, AN ENTITY AS DEFINED IN SECTION
25	7-90-102 (20) THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF AND FOR WHICH
26	ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN ONE OF THE STATES OR
27	TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, A

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1	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, OR A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND THAT IS
2	NOT A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR:
3	(I) ACTING ALONE OR ACTING IN CONCERT, THAT OWNS OR
4	ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
5	OWNER'S INTEREST OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
6	(II) THAT IS AN AFFILIATE THAT CONTROLS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY MANAGER; OR
8	(III) THAT IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO CONTROL THE RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA BUSINESS EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 44-12-407; OR
10	(b) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR ACTING ALONE OR
11	ACTING IN CONCERT THAT OWNS OR ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF
12	MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT OF THE OWNER'S INTEREST OF A RETAIL
13	MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
14	(5) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
15	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
16	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
17	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
18	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
19	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority
20	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
21	AN AFFILIATE, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE
22	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND THAT:
23	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
24	EXCHANGE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
25	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
26	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
27	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN

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1	OWNERSHIP INTEREST;
2	(c) Is a contract counterparty with a retail marijuana
3	BUSINESS, OTHER THAN A CUSTOMARY EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT, THAT
4	HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF
5	MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY
6	ON WHICH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATES, A LEASE OF
7	EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA, A SECURED
8	OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS, A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS,
10	OR A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS,
11	PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT COMPENSATES THE CONTRACT
12	COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF REVENUE FOR PROFITS OF THE
13	RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
14	(d) IS IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS
15	AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
16	(11.5) "MANAGER" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS IN SECTION
17	7-90-102 (35.7).
18	(16.1) "Owner's interest" has the same meaning as in
19	SECTION 7-90-102 (44).
20	(16.5) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person
21	ACQUIRING ANY INTEREST IN A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
22	IS NOT OTHERWISE A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR IN CONTROL.
23	(18) "Person" means a natural person, partnership, association,
24	company, corporation, limited liability company, or organization; except
25	that "person" does not include any governmental organization. HAS THE
26	SAME MEANING AS DEFINED IN SECTION $7-90-102$ (49).
27	(19.5) "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" MEANS ANY PERSON

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1	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES
2	REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
3	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE
4	LAWS OF AND FOR WHICH ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN
5	ONE OF THE STATES OR TERRITORIES OF THE $\overline{U}$ NITED $\overline{S}$ TATES OR $\overline{D}$ ISTRICT
6	OF COLUMBIA OR ANOTHER COUNTRY THAT AUTHORIZES THE SALE OF
7	MARIJUANA AND THAT:
8	(a) HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
9	SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
10	AMENDED, THAT:
11	(I) CONSTITUTES "COVERED SECURITIES" PURSUANT TO SECTION
12	18 (b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
13	OR
14	(II) IS QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQX OR OTCQB TIER
15	OF THE OTC MARKETS IF:
16	(A) THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS AND IS FILING
17	REPORTS ON A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
18	EXCHANGE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
19	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES
20	CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
21	(19.5)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION; AND
22	(B) THE PERSON HAS ESTABLISHED AND IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH
23	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MEASURES PURSUANT TO CORPORATE
24	GOVERNANCE OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED ON SECURITIES QUALIFIED AND
25	QUOTED ON THE OTCQX TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS;
26	(b) IS AN ENTITY THAT HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES LISTED ON THE
27	CANADIAN SECURITIES EXCHANGE, TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE, TSX

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1	VENTURE EXCHANGE, OR OTHER EQUITY SECURITIES EXCHANGE
2	RECOGNIZED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, IF:
3	(I) THE ENTITY CONSTITUTES A "FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER", AS
4	DEFINED IN RULE 405 PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL
5	"SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED, WHOSE SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT
6	FROM REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL
7	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT TO RULE
8	12g3-2 (b) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
9	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED; AND
10	(II) THE ENTITY HAS BEEN, FOR THE PRECEDING THREE HUNDRED
11	SIXTY-FIVE DAYS OR SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE ENTITY, IN
12	COMPLIANCE WITH ALL GOVERNANCE AND REPORTING OBLIGATIONS
13	IMPOSED BY THE RELEVANT EXCHANGE ON SUCH ENTITY;
14	(c) IS REASONABLY IDENTIFIED AS A PUBLICLY TRADED
15	CORPORATION BY RULE; OR
16	(d) A "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" DESCRIBED IN
17	SUBSECTION (19.5)(a), (19.5)(b), OR (19.5)(c) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT
18	INCLUDE:
19	(I) An "ineligible issuer", as defined in rule 405
20	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
21	AS AMENDED, UNLESS SUCH PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SATISFIES
22	THE DEFINITION OF INELIGIBLE ISSUER SOLELY BECAUSE IT IS ONE OR MORE
23	OF THE FOLLOWING, AND THE PERSON REPORTS AND IS FILING REPORTS ON
24	A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
25	COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
26	1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED
27	SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (19.5)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION,

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1	AND PRIOR TO BECOMING A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, THE PERSON
2	FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS WAS LICENSED BY THE STATE LICENSING
3	AUTHORITY AS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT WITH A
4	DEMONSTRATED HISTORY OF OPERATIONS IN THE STATE OF $\overline{\text{C}}$ OLORADO,
5	AND DURING SUCH TIME WAS NOT SUBJECT TO SUSPENSION OR
6	REVOCATION OF THE LICENSE:
7	(A) A "BLANK CHECK COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 419 (a)(2)
8	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
9	AS AMENDED;
10	(B) AN ISSUER IN AN OFFERING OF "PENNY STOCK", AS DEFINED IN
11	RULE 3a51-1 PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
12	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934"; OR
13	(C) A "SHELL COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 405 PROMULGATED
14	PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
15	AND
16	(II) A PERSON DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506
17	(D) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
18	1933", AS AMENDED.
19	(20) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
20	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
21	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed retail marijuana
22	business. "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR" MEANS:
23	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION $3$ (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
24	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PROVIDED THE
25	BANK IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING
26	REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES PROMULGATED
27	THEREUNDER;

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1	(b) A BANK HOLDING COMPANY AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL
2	"BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1956", AS AMENDED, IF THE BANK
3	HOLDING COMPANY IS REGISTERED AND CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
4	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
5	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
6	(c) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of
7	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED,
8	PROVIDED THE INSURANCE COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
9	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
10	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
11	(d) AN INVESTMENT COMPANY REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 8 OF
12	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED, AND
13	SUBJECT TO 15 U.S.C. SEC. 80a-1 TO 80a-64, IF THE INVESTMENT
14	COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND
15	RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES
16	PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
17	(e) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SUBJECT TO THE
18	FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974",
19	EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY
20	A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT
21	DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
22	(f) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
23	(g) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
24	SUBSECTIONS (20)(a) TO (20)(f) OF THIS SECTION; OR
25	(h) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE
26	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
27	(20.3) "QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND" MEANS AN ISSUER THAT WOULD

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1	BE AN INVESTMENT COMPANY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION (3) OF THE FEDERAL
2	"INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", BUT FOR THE EXCLUSIONS
3	PROVIDED UNDER SECTIONS $3(c)(1)$ OR $3(c)(7)$ OF THAT ACT, AND THAT:
4	(a) Is advised or managed by an investment adviser as
5	DEFINED AND REGISTERED UNDER SECTIONS 80b-1-21, TITLE 15 OF THE
6	FEDERAL "INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940", AND FOR WHICH THE
7	REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
8	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
9	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER; AND
10	(b) SATISFIES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
11	(I) Is organized under the law of a state or the United
12	STATES;
13	(II) IS ORGANIZED, OPERATED, OR SPONSORED BY A U.S. PERSON,
14	AS DEFINED UNDER SUBSECTION 17 CFR 230.902(k), AS AMENDED; OR
15	(III) SELLS SECURITIES TO A U.S. PERSON, AS DEFINED UNDER
16	SUBSECTION 17 CFR 230.902(k), AS AMENDED.
17	(20.5) "Reasonable cause" means just or legitimate
18	GROUNDS BASED IN LAW AND IN FACT TO BELIEVE THAT THE PARTICULAR
19	REQUESTED ACTION FURTHERS THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 12 OR
20	PROTECTS PUBLIC SAFETY.
21	(24) "Retail marijuana establishment" means ANY OF THE
22	FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12: A retail
23	marijuana store, a retail marijuana cultivation facility, a retail marijuana
24	products manufacturer, or a retail marijuana testing facility, A RETAIL
25	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR, OR A RETAIL MARIJUANA
26	TRANSPORTER.
27	(25) "Retail marijuana establishment operator" means an entity or

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1	A person who is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide
2	professional operational services to a retail marijuana establishment for
3	direct remuneration from the retail marijuana establishment. A RETAIL
4	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR IS NOT, BY VIRTUE OF ITS STATUS
5	AS RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR, A CONTROLLING
6	BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY RETAIL
7	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT IT OPERATES.
8	(32.5) "SECURITY" MEANS THOSE TERMS AS DEFINED IN SECTION
9	(2)(1) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED.
10	(34) "SUBSTANTIAL JUSTIFICATION" MEANS A POSITION OR REASON
11	THAT HAS A REASONABLE BASIS BOTH IN LAW AND IN FACT.
12	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-202, amend
13	(2)(d) and $(3)(c)(IV)$ ; <b>repeal</b> $(3)(a)(XXI)$ ; and <b>add</b> $(6)$ and $(7)$ as follows:
14	44-12-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
15	rules. (2) The state licensing authority has the authority to:
16	(d) Maintain the confidentiality of reports or other information
17	obtained from a licensee containing any individualized data, information,
18	or records related to the licensee or its operation, including sales
19	information, financial records, tax returns, credit reports, cultivation
20	information, testing results, and security information and plans, or
21	revealing any customer information, or any other records that are exempt
22	from public inspection pursuant to state law. Such reports or other
23	information may be used only for a purpose authorized by this article 12
24	FOR INVESTIGATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY INTERNATIONAL, FEDERAL,
25	STATE, OR LOCAL SECURITIES LAW OR REGULATIONS, or for any other state
26	or local law enforcement purpose. Any customer information may be used
27	only for a purpose authorized by this article 12.

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1	(3) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (2)(0) or this
2	section must include but need not be limited to, the following subjects:
3	(XXI) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
4	interest owner; and a qualified limited passive investor;
5	(c) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this section
6	must also include the following subjects:
7	(IV) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
8	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND ANY PERSON OPERATING,
9	WORKING IN, OR HAVING UNESCORTED ACCESS TO THE LIMITED ACCESS
10	AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA
11	ESTABLISHMENT, managers, contractors, employees, and other support
12	staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article 12, including a
13	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as may be required by the
14	state licensing authority prior to issuing a card;
15	(6) (a) RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF
16	THIS SECTION MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
17	(I) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE PROCEDURES AND
18	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12;
19	(II) RECORDS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT IS REQUIRED
20	TO MAINTAIN REGARDING ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE
21	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS THAT
22	MAY BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER
23	INVESTIGATION FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA
24	ESTABLISHMENT;
25	(III) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR FINDINGS OF
26	SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING FEES NECESSARY
27	TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY SUITABILITY

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1	INVESTIGATION;
2	(IV) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE
3	DIVESTITURE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF A PERSON FOUND
4	UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
5	(V) PROCEDURES, PROCESSES, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR
6	TRANSFERS OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION,
7	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERGERS WITH A PUBLICLY TRADED
8	CORPORATION, INVESTMENT BY A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, AND
9	PUBLIC OFFERINGS;
10	(VI) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS THAT BY VIRTUE OF COMMON
11	CONTROL CONSTITUTE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
12	(VII) MODIFICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE OF SECURITIES THAT
13	MAY BE HELD BY A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER AND PASSIVE
14	BENEFICIAL OWNER;
15	(VIII) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS THAT QUALIFY FOR AN
16	EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY; AND
17	(IX) DESIGNATION OF INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS
18	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS.
19	(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection (6)
20	SHALL NOT BE ANY MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN THE REQUIREMENTS
21	EXPRESSLY ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12.
22	(7) The state licensing authority may deny, suspend,
23	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
24	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 IF THE STATE LICENSING
25	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
26	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
27	INTEREST HOLDER FAILED TO TIMELY FILE ANY REPORT, DISCLOSURE,

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1	REGISTRATION STATEMENT, OR OTHER SUBMISSION REQUIRED BY ANY
2	STATE OR FEDERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY THAT IS RELATED TO THE
3	CONDUCT OF THEIR ESTABLISHMENT.
4	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-303, amend
5	(1) as follows:
6	44-12-303. State licensing authority - application and issuance
7	<b>procedures.</b> (1) Applications for a state license under the provisions of
8	this article 12 must be made to the state licensing authority on forms
9	prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and must set forth
10	such information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the
11	state licensing authority to determine whether a state license should be
12	granted. The information must include the name and address of the
13	applicant and the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or
14	managers DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5. Each
15	application must be verified by the oath or affirmation of such person or
16	persons as the state licensing authority may prescribe. The state licensing
17	authority may issue a state license to an applicant pursuant to this section
18	upon completion of the applicable criminal history background check
19	associated with the application, and the state license is conditioned upon
20	local jurisdiction approval. A license applicant is prohibited from
21	operating a licensed retail marijuana business without state and local
22	jurisdiction approval. If the applicant does not receive local jurisdiction
23	approval within one year from the date of state licensing authority
24	approval, the state license shall expire and may not be renewed. If an
25	application is denied by the local licensing authority, the state licensing
26	authority shall revoke the state-issued license.
27	SECTION 15 In Colorado Revised Statutes 44-12-305 amend

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1	(1)(c), (1)(j), and (1)(k); and add (1)(l), (1)(m), (1)(n), (1)(o), (1)(p), and
2	(1)(q) as follows:
3	44-12-305. Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A
4	license provided by this article 12 shall not be issued to or held by:
5	(c) A person other than an individual if the criminal history of any
6	of its officers, directors, stockholders, or owners CONTROLLING
7	BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, stockholder, or
8	owner A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral character
9	after considering the factors in section 24-5-101 (2); C.R.S.
10	(j) A person applying for a license for a location that is currently
11	licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
12	(k) A publicly traded company ENTITY THAT DOES NOT
13	CONSTITUTE A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION;
14	(1) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
15	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
16	THAT IS ORGANIZED OR FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY
17	DETERMINED BY THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE
18	REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM
19	OR INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION 1502
20	OF THE FEDERAL "DODD-FRANK WALL STREET REFORM AND CONSUMER
21	PROTECTION ACT", PUB.L. 111-203;
22	(m) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
23	OWNER, THAT IS AN "INELIGIBLE ISSUER" PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-104
24	(19.5)(d)(1);
25	(n) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
26	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)(1)
27	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933".

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1	AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.506 (d)(1);
2	(o) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION
3	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)
4	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
5	AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.506 (d)(1);
6	(p) A PERSON THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS
7	OR HAS A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST
8	HOLDER THAT IS OR HAS A KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OR
9	INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD
10	ACTOR" UNDER RULE $506$ (d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL
11	"SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR
12	230.506 (d)(1); OR
13	(q) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
14	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
15	THAT IS PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN TRANSACTIONS PURSUANT TO
16	THIS ARTICLE 12 DUE TO ITS DESIGNATION ON THE "SPECIALLY
17	DESIGNATED NATIONALS AND BLOCKED PERSONS" LIST MAINTAINED BY
18	THE FEDERAL OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL.
19	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-306, amend
20	(1)(a)(II), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(b), and (3); repeal (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7); and (7); and (8), (1), (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7); and (8), (1), (1), (1), (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (6), (6), (6), (6), (6), (6), (6
21	add (1)(a)(IV.5), (1)(a)(VI), and (1)(a)(VII) as follows:
22	44-12-306. Business and owner requirements - legislative
23	<b>declaration - definition.</b> (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and
24	declares that:
25	(II) The current regulatory structure for retail marijuana creates a
26	substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND PUBLICLY
27	TRADED CORPORATIONS;

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1	(IV) Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS need
2	to have ready access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of
3	Colorado; <del>and</del>
4	(IV.5) UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, PERMITTING PUBLICLY
5	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
6	ESTABLISHMENTS WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S RETAIL MARIJUANA MARKET;
7	(VI) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
8	INVESTMENT IN RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS MUST TELL THE
9	PUBLIC THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE
10	SELLING, AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
11	ESTABLISHMENTS, AND PEOPLE THAT SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES
12	RELATED TO RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS ARE PROHIBITED FROM
13	ENGAGING IN DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE
14	SALE OF THE SECURITIES; AND
15	(VII) RECOGNIZING THAT PARTICIPATION BY PUBLICLY TRADED
16	CORPORATIONS IN COLORADO'S RETAIL MARIJUANA INDUSTRY CREATES AN
17	INCREASED NEED TO ASSESS BARRIERS OF ENTRY FOR MINORITY- AND
18	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, WITH SUCH EFFORTS BEING MADE TO
19	IDENTIFY SOLUTIONS TO ARRIVE AT A GREATER BALANCE AND FOR
20	FURTHER EQUITY FOR MINORITY- AND WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, AND
21	IN A MANNER THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC SAFETY AND
22	ENFORCEMENT GOALS AS STATED HEREIN, IT IS THEREFORE OF
23	SUBSTANTIVE IMPORTANCE TO ADDRESS THE LACK OF MINORITY- AND
24	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES' INCLUSION IN COLORADO'S RETAIL
25	MARIJUANA INDUSTRY, SOCIAL JUSTICE ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH
26	MARIJUANA PROHIBITION, SUITABILITY ISSUES RELATING TO PAST
27	CONVICTIONS FOR POTENTIAL LICENSEES, LICENSING FEES, AND ECONOMIC

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1	CHALLENGES THAT ARISE WITH THE APPLICATION PROCESSES.
2	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
3	Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS to access capital
4	from investors in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED
5	CORPORATIONS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-12-306.5.
6	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
7	either:
8	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
9	the date of the application; or
10	(b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
11	(3) (a) A retail marijuana business may be comprised of an
12	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been
13	residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the
14	application.
15	(b) On and after January 1, 2017, a retail marijuana business that
16	is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who have
17	not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall
18	have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one
19	year prior to application, and All officers NATURAL PERSONS with
20	day-to-day operational control over the RETAIL MARIJUANA
21	ESTABLISHMENT must be Colorado residents. for at least one year prior to
22	application. A retail marijuana business under this subsection (3)(b) is
23	limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners, including
24	all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.
25	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this
26	section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the
27	number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the number

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of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital A person, other than an individual, that is a retail marijuana establishment or a controlling beneficial owner shall appoint and continuously maintain a registered agent that satisfies the requirements of section 7-90-701. The retail marijuana establishment shall inform the state licensing authority of a change in the registered agent within ten days after the change.

(d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United

- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4) A retail marijuana business may include qualified institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the retail marijuana business.
- (5) (a) A person who intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall receive a finding of suitability prior to submitting an application to the state licensing authority to be a direct beneficial interest owner. Failure to receive a finding of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial by the state licensing authority.
- (b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation,

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1	the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
2	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the retail marijuana
3	business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
4	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
5	requires, "institutional investor" means:
6	(a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities
7	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
8	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the
9	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
10	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
11	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
12	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
13	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
14	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the
15	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
16	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
17	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
18	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
19	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
20	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
21	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
22	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
23	(7)(a) to $(7)(g)$ of this section; or
24	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
25	authority.
26	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-12-306.5
27	and 44-12-306.6 as follows:

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1	44-12-306.5. Business owner and financial interest disclosure
2	requirements. (1) APPLICANTS FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A STATE LICENSE
3	SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THE FOLLOWING:
4	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE
5	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND
6	OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
7	(b) THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING ALL CONTROLLING
8	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT:
9	(I) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A PUBLICLY
10	TRADED CORPORATION, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE
11	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS' MANAGERS, AND ANY BENEFICIAL
12	OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT
13	OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES IN THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
14	(II) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT A PUBLICLY
15	TRADED CORPORATION AND IS NOT A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND, THE
16	APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER'S
17	MANAGERS AND ANY BENEFICIAL OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY
18	BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES IN THE
19	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
20	(III) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A QUALIFIED
21	PRIVATE FUND, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND
22	ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND
23	REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF THE
24	QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND'S MANAGERS, INVESTMENT ADVISERS,
25	INVESTMENT ADVISER REPRESENTATIVES, ANY TRUSTEE OR EQUIVALENT,
26	AND ANY OTHER PERSON THAT CONTROLS THE INVESTMENT IN, OR
27	MANAGEMENT OR OPERATIONS OF, THE RETAIL MARIJUANA

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1	ESTABLISHMENT;
2	(IV) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A NATURAL
3	PERSON, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE NATURAL PERSON'S
4	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION;
5	(c) A PERSON THAT IS BOTH A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER AND AN
6	INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER IN THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	ESTABLISHMENT; AND
8	(d) ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER THAT HOLDS TWO
9	OR MORE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
10	ESTABLISHMENT OR THAT IS CONTRIBUTING OVER FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
11	OPERATING CAPITAL OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT.
12	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUEST THAT THE
13	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT DISCLOSE THE FOLLOWING:
14	(a) EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER AND AFFILIATE OF AN APPLICANT
15	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
16	OWNER THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION OR A QUALIFIED
17	PRIVATE FUND; AND
18	(b) EACH AFFILIATE OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT
19	IS A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND.
20	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
21	MAY REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF:
22	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF EACH NONOBJECTING
23	BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER OF AN APPLICANT, RETAIL MARIJUANA
24	ESTABLISHMENT, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS A
25	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION;
26	(b) Passive beneficial owners of the retail marijuana
27	ESTABLISHMENT, AND FOR ANY PASSIVE BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER

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1	THAT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF
2	DIRECTORS, GENERAL PARTNERS, MANAGING MEMBERS, MANAGERS OR
3	EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE OWNERS OF THE PASSIVE
4	BENEFICIAL OWNER;
5	(c) A LIST OF EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER IN A QUALIFIED PRIVATE
6	FUND THAT IS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
7	(d) ALL INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS OF THE RETAIL
8	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, AND FOR ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST
9	HOLDER THAT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE
10	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
11	(4) AN APPLICANT OR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
12	IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY
13	OF PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
14	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS,
15	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT PERSONS PROHIBITED
16	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-305, OR OTHERWISE RESTRICTED FROM
17	HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12. AN APPLICANT'S OR
18	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT S FAILURE TO EXERCISE REASONABLE
19	CARE IS A BASIS FOR DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER
20	SANCTION BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
21	(5) AN APPLICANT OR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
22	IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF
23	PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
24	NONOBJECTING PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, INDIRECT FINANCIAL
25	INTEREST HOLDERS, AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT
26	PERSONS PROHIBITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-305, OR OTHERWISE
27	RESTRICTED FROM HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12. AN

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I	APPLICANT'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S FAILURE TO
2	EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE IS A BASIS FOR DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION,
3	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
4	(6) This section does not restrict the state licensing
5	AUTHORITY'S ABILITY TO REASONABLY REQUEST INFORMATION OR
6	RECORDS AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER INVESTIGATION
7	FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT.
8	(7) The securities commissioner may, by rule or order,
9	REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IF SUCH INFORMATION IS FULL AND
10	FAIR WITH RESPECT TO THE INVESTMENT OR IN THE INTEREST OF INVESTOR
11	PROTECTION.
12	44-12-306.6. Business owner and financial interest suitability
13	requirements. (1) This section applies to all persons required to
14	SUBMIT A FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
15	(2) ANY PERSON INTENDING TO BECOME A CONTROLLING
16	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, EXCEPT
17	AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 44-12-308 (4), SHALL FIRST SUBMIT
18	A REQUEST TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF
19	SUITABILITY OR AN EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING
20	OF SUITABILITY.
21	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, ANY OTHER PERSON THAT WAS
22	DISCLOSED OR THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO
23	SECTION 44-12-306.5, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PASSIVE
24	BENEFICIAL OWNER, SHALL SUBMIT A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
25	SUITABILITY.
26	(4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN
27	CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS

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1	FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
2	(5) FAILURE TO RECEIVE ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS OF SUITABILITY
3	IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION,
4	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE BY THE STATE
5	LICENSING AUTHORITY. FOR INITIAL APPLICATIONS, THE FINDING OF
6	SUITABILITY SHALL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO SUBMITTING THE APPLICATION
7	FOR LICENSURE.
8	(6) ANY PERSON REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
9	SHALL DO SO ON FORMS PROVIDED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
10	AND MUST CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION AS THE STATE LICENSING
11	AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE. EACH SUITABILITY APPLICATION MUST BE
12	VERIFIED BY THE OATH OR AFFIRMATION OF THE PERSONS PRESCRIBED BY
13	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
14	(7) A PERSON REQUESTING A FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL
15	PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE
16	DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO
17	DETERMINE ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY UNLESS OTHERWISE
18	ESTABLISHED BY RULE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE
19	FURTHER RULES REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT
20	COSTS THAT SHALL BE BILLED AGAINST THE DEPOSIT, UNLESS OTHERWISE
21	ESTABLISHED BY RULE.
22	(8) When determining whether a person is suitable or
23	UNSUITABLE FOR LICENSURE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY
24	CONSIDER THE PERSON'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, LICENSING
25	CHARACTER OR RECORD OR FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD.
26	(9) A PERSON THAT WOULD OTHERWISE BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN
27	A FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY REQUEST AN EXEMPTION FROM THE STATE

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1	LICENSING AUTHORITY AS DETERMINED BY RULE.
2	(10) ABSENT REASONABLE CAUSE, THE STATE LICENSING
3	AUTHORITY SHALL APPROVE OR DENY A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
4	SUITABILITY WITHIN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF
5	SUBMISSION OF THE REQUEST FOR SUCH FINDING.
6	(11) The state licensing authority may deny, suspend,
7	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
8	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 IF THE STATE LICENSING
9	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
10	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
11	INTEREST HOLDER TO BE UNSUITABLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
12	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-308, amend
13	(2); and <b>add</b> (3) and (4) as follows:
14	44-12-308. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of
15	ownership INVOLVING A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, a license
16	holder shall apply to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and
17	furnished by the state licensing authority. Upon receipt of an application
18	for transfer of ownership, the state licensing authority shall submit, within
19	seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine
20	whether the transfer complies with local restrictions on transfer of
21	ownership. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the
22	state licensing authority shall consider only the requirements of this
23	article 12, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any
24	other local restrictions. The local jurisdiction may hold a hearing on the
25	application for transfer of ownership. The local jurisdiction shall not hold
26	a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local jurisdiction has
27	posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 44-12-302

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1	(1) on the licensed premises for a period of ten days and has provided
2	notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing.
3	Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall
4	MUST be held in compliance with the requirements specified in section
5	44-12-303.
6	(3) FOR A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PASSIVE
7	BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE LICENSE HOLDER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE
8	LICENSING AUTHORITY ON FORMS PREPARED AND FURNISHED BY THE
9	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS TO THE EXTENT
10	DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-12-306.5.
11	(4) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
12	OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
13	ESTABLISHMENT OR THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER, THROUGH
14	DIRECT OR INDIRECT OWNERSHIP OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
15	OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
16	IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION MUST DISCLOSE THE INFORMATION
17	REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-12-306.5 AND APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING
18	AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY OR EXEMPTION FROM A
19	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-306.6 WITHIN
20	FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER BECOMING SUCH A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
21	OWNER. A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT SHALL NOTIFY EACH
22	PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS SUBSECTION $(4)$ OF ITS REQUIREMENTS
23	AS SOON AS THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT BECOMES AWARE OF
24	THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED
25	THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4)
26	ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
27	ESTABLISHMENT'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.

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1	<b>SECTION 19.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-309, amend
2	(3), (5), and (10) as follows:
3	<b>44-12-309.</b> Licensing in general. (3) A retail marijuana
4	establishment THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify
5	the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of
6	birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner OR officer or manager
7	before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner or officer or manager
8	begins managing, owning, or associating with the operation. The
9	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer, manager, or employee must
10	pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the
11	state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to
12	being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation
13	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FOR REASONABLE CAUSE REQUIRE
14	A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER TO PASS A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL
15	HISTORY CHECK.
16	(5) All managers and employees WITH DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONAL
17	CONTROL of a retail marijuana establishment shall be residents of
18	Colorado upon the date of their license application. All licenses granted
19	pursuant to this article 12 are valid for a period of one year after the date
20	of issuance unless revoked or suspended pursuant to this article 12 or the
21	rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12.
22	(10) EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a licensed
23	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT shall report each transfer or change
24	of financial interest in the license to the state and local licensing
25	authorities and receive approval prior to any transfer or change pursuant
26	to section 44-12-308. EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a
27	report is required for transfers of capital stock of any corporation

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1	OWNER'S INTEREST OF ANY ENTITY regardless of size.
2	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-312, amend
3	(1) as follows:
4	44-12-312. Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state
5	licensing authority shall require a complete disclosure of all persons
6	having a direct or indirect financial interest, and the extent of such
7	interest, in PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-306.5 WITH each license issued
8	under this article 12.
9	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 44-12-407
10	as follows:
11	44-12-407. Retail marijuana business operator license. A retail
12	marijuana business operator license may be issued to a person who THAT
13	operates a retail marijuana establishment licensed pursuant to this article
14	12, for an owner ANOTHER RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT licensed
15	pursuant to this article 12, and who may receive a portion of the profits
16	as compensation.
17	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-901, add (6)
18	as follows:
19	44-12-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions. (6) (a) IT IS UNLAWFUL
20	FOR A PERSON TO ENGAGE IN ANY ACT OR OMISSION WITH THE INTENT TO
21	EVADE DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR SUITABILITY
22	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING BUT NOT
23	LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:
24	(I) FAILING TO FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12
25	OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO FAIL TO FILE SUCH A
26	REPORT;
27	(II) FILING OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO

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1	FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12 THAT CONTAINS A
2	MATERIAL OMISSION OR MISSTATEMENT OF FACT;
3	(III) MAKING FALSE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS REGARDING THE
4	OFFERING OF INTERESTS OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT; OR
5	(IV) STRUCTURING ANY TRANSACTION WITH THE INTENT TO EVADE
6	DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR SUITABILITY
7	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12.
8	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
9	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTION AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
10	ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE $\overline{12}$ IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FINDS
11	A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) BY THE PERSON, THE PERSON'S
12	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, INDIRECT
13	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER, OR ANY AGENT OR EMPLOYEE THEREOF.
14	SECTION 23. Appropriation. (1) For the 2018-19 state fiscal
15	year, \$54,766 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This
16	appropriation is from the marijuana cash fund created in section
17	44-11-501 (1)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use
18	this appropriation as follows:
19	(a) \$23,677 for marijuana enforcement, which amount is based on
20	an assumption that the department will require an additional 0.2 FTE;
21	(b) \$31,089 for the purchase of legal services.
22	(2) For the 2018-19 state fiscal year, \$31,089 is appropriated to
23	the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
24	received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(b) of this
25	section and is based on an assumption that the department of law will
26	require an additional 0.2 FTE. To implement this act, the department of
27	law may use this appropriation to provide legal services for the

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1	department of revenue.
2	SECTION 24. Appropriation. (1) For the 2019-20 state fiscal
3	year, \$2,728,795 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This
4	appropriation is from the marijuana cash fund created in section
5	44-11-501 (1)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use
6	this appropriation as follows:
7	(a) \$2,440,779 for marijuana enforcement, which amount is based
8	on an assumption that the department will require an additional 15.5 FTE;
9	(b) \$2,000 for tax administration IT system (GenTax) support;
10	(c) \$242,494 for the purchase of legal services;
11	(d) \$18,772 for the purchase of criminal history record checks;
12	and
13	(e) \$24,750 for vehicle lease payments.
14	(2) For the 2019-20 state fiscal year, \$242,494 is appropriated to
15	the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
16	received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(c) of this
17	section and is based on an assumption that the department of law will
18	require an additional 1.3 FTE. To implement this act, the department of
19	law may use this appropriation to provide legal services for the
20	department of revenue.
21	(3) For the 2019-20 state fiscal year, \$18,772 is appropriated to
22	the department of public safety for use by the biometric identification and
23	records unit. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds received
24	from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(d) of this section.
25	To implement this act, the unit may use this appropriation to provide
26	criminal history record checks for the department of revenue.
27	(4) For the 2019-20 state fiscal year \$24,750 is appropriated to

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1	the department of personnel. This appropriation is from reappropriated
2	funds received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(e) of
3	this section. To implement this act, the department of personnel may use
1	this appropriation to provide vehicles for the department of revenue.
5	SECTION 25. Applicability. This act applies to applications
6	made on or after November 1, 2019.
7	SECTION 26. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
3	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
)	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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