Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 18-0325.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 18-1011

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Pabon and Van Winkle,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Neville T. and Jahn,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Finance Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	MEASURES	TO	ALLOW	GREATER	INVESTMENT
102	FLEXIBI	LITY IN MARI	JUAN.	A BUSINES	SSES, AND, IN	CONNECTION
103	THEREW	TTH, MAKING	AN A	PPROPRIA	TION.	

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill redefines the terms "direct beneficial interest" and "permitted economic interest" so that only those who own more than 5% of the shares of stock in a marijuana business have to go through the disclosure and background investigations. The bill repeals the provisions that require limited passive investors to go through an initial background

check. The bill repeals the provisions that limit the number of out-of-state direct beneficial owners to 15 persons. The bill repeals the provision that prohibits publicly traded entities from holding a marijuana license.

The bill states that, when the marijuana state licensing authority adopts rules related to ownership by and licensing of publicly traded companies, the rules must be substantively identical to the gaming commission rules for ownership by and licensing of publicly traded companies.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-104, amend 3 (1), (1.3), (1.7), (7.5), and (13); **repeal** (12.4) and (14.3); and **add** (1.1), 4 (1.2), (1.4), (7.3), (12.1), (14.2), and (17) as follows: 5 12-43.3-104. **Definitions.** As used in this article 43.3, unless the 6 context otherwise requires: 7 (1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely 8 held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed 9 medical marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing 10 members, or partners of the licensed medical marijuana business or 11 closely held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "AFFILIATE" OF, OR PERSON "AFFILIATED WITH", A SPECIFIED PERSON 12 13 MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY, OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH ONE OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON 14 15 CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED. (1.1) "BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS A HOLDER OF A SECURITY IN 16 17 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13 (d) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AND RULE 13d-3 PROMULGATED 18 19 THEREUNDER. "CONTROL", INCLUDING THE TERMS "CONTROLS", 20 (1.2)"CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING", AND "CONTROLLED BY AND UNDER 21

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1	COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT,
2	OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT
3	OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING
4	SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR OTHERWISE.
5	(1.3) "Good cause", for purposes of refusing or denying a license
6	renewal, reinstatement, or initial license issuance, means "CONTROLLING
7	BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
8	(a) The licensee or applicant has violated, does not meet, or has
9	failed to comply with any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of this
10	article; any rules promulgated pursuant to this article; or any supplemental
11	local law, rules, or regulations IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE
12	PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
13	BUSINESS;
14	(b) The licensee or applicant has failed to comply with any special
15	terms or conditions that were placed on its license pursuant to an order of
16	the state or local licensing authority; Is an Affiliate, which includes
17	WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MANAGING MEMBER,
18	GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR
19	OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
21	(c) The licensed premises have been operated in a manner that
22	adversely affects the public health or welfare or the safety of the
23	immediate neighborhood in which the establishment is located Is
24	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OF THE MEDICAL
25	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 12-43.3-407.
26	(1.4) "GOOD CAUSE", FOR PURPOSES OF REFUSING OR DENYING A
27	LICENSE DENEWAL DEINSTATEMENT OF INITIAL LICENSE ISSUANCE

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1	MEANS.
2	(a) THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT HAS VIOLATED, DOES NOT MEET,
3	OR HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH ANY OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, OR
4	PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 43.3; ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT
5	TO THIS ARTICLE 43.3; OR ANY SUPPLEMENTAL LOCAL LAW, RULES, OR
6	REGULATIONS;
7	(b) THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH ANY
8	SPECIAL TERMS OR CONDITIONS THAT WERE PLACED ON ITS LICENSE
9	PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY;
10	OR
11	(c) THE LICENSED PREMISES HAVE BEEN OPERATED IN A MANNER
12	THAT ADVERSELY AFFECTS THE PUBLIC HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE
13	SAFETY OF THE IMMEDIATE NEIGHBORHOOD IN WHICH THE
14	ESTABLISHMENT IS LOCATED.
15	(1.7) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
16	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
17	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
18	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
19	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
20	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority.
21	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
22	AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND IS NOT OTHERWISE
23	IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
24	BUSINESS AND THAT:
25	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
26	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
2.7	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

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1	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
2	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2019, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
3	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
4	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
5	BUSINESS THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION,
6	MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
7	A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
8	OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION OF MEDICAL
9	MARIJUANA, A SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE
10	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE
11	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH
12	THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT
13	COMPENSATES THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
14	REVENUE OR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
15	(7.3) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS" MEANS A MEDICAL
16	MARIJUANA CENTER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA OPTIONAL PREMISES
17	CULTIVATION OPERATION, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
18	MANUFACTURER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MEDICAL
19	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
20	TRANSPORTER.
21	(7.5) "Medical marijuana business operator" means an entity or A
22	person who is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide
23	professional operational services to a medical marijuana establishment
24	BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the medical marijuana
25	establishment Business. A medical marijuana business operator is
26	NOT A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER,
27	OR AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER OF ANY MEDICAL

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1	MARIJUANA BUSINESS IT OPERATES.
2	(12.1) "PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS
3	NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, IS NOT OTHERWISE
4	IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
5	BUSINESS, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS THAN FIVE PERCENT OF
6	THE SECURITIES OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
7	(12.4) "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured
8	convertible debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right
9	to obtain an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a
10	natural person who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to
11	convert into an ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying
12	and obtaining a license as an owner under this article; or such other
13	agreements as may be permitted by rule of the state licensing authority.
14	(13) "Person" means a natural person AN INDIVIDUAL, A
15	partnership, association, JOINT-STOCK company, corporation, limited
16	liability company, or ANY OTHER UNINCORPORATED organization; or a
17	manager, agent, owner, director, servant, officer, or employee thereof
18	EXCEPT THAT "PERSON" DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY GOVERNMENTAL
19	ORGANIZATION.
20	(14.2) "Publicly traded corporation" means any person
21	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT ISSUES AN EQUITY SECURITY OTHER
22	THAN A PENNY STOCK AS DEFINED BY 17 CFR 240.3a51-1 AND THAT:
23	(a) HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 12 OF
24	THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, THAT:
25	(I) Constitute "covered securities" under section 18
26	(b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED; OR
27	(II) ARE QUALIFIED AND LISTED FOR TRADING ON THE OTCQX

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1	THER OF THE OTC MARKETS, OR ANY OTHER ALTERNATIVE HER OF THE
2	OTC MARKETS OR ALTERNATIVE EXCHANGE DESIGNATED BY THE STATE
3	LICENSING AUTHORITY IN RULE, OR ANY LIKE TIER OF ANY SUCCESSOR TO
4	THE ENTITY, IF THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS WITH THE
5	FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE FEDERAL
6	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE LISTED
7	SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" OR VOLUNTARILY DOES
8	SO;
9	(b) Is a "foreign private issuer", as defined in rule 405
10	PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", WHOSE
11	SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION $\overline{12}$ OF THE
12	FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT
13	TO RULE 12g3-2(b) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
14	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
15	(c) IS A COMPANY TRADED ON A "DESIGNATED OFFSHORE
16	SECURITIES MARKET" AS DEFINED IN 17 CFR 230.902 (b) IN THE UNITED
17	STATES, CANADA, THE UNITED KINGDOM, OR FRANCE WITH REPORTING IN
18	ENGLISH; OR
19	(d) Is identified by rule by the state licensing authority as
20	A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
21	(14.3) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
22	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
23	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed medical
24	marijuana business.
25	(17) "SECURITY" MEANS ANY NOTE; STOCK; TREASURY STOCK;
26	BOND; DEBENTURE; EVIDENCE OF INDEBTEDNESS; CERTIFICATE OF
27	INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN ANY PROFIT-SHARING AGREEMENT;

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1	COLLATERAL-TRUST CERTIFICATE, PREORGANIZATION CERTIFICATE OF
2	SUBSCRIPTION; TRANSFERABLE SHARE; INVESTMENT CONTRACT; VIATICAL
3	SETTLEMENT INVESTMENT; VOTING-TRUST CERTIFICATE; CERTIFICATE OF
4	DEPOSIT FOR A SECURITY; CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN
5	AN OIL, GAS, OR MINING TITLE OR LEASE OR IN PAYMENTS OUT OF
6	PRODUCTION UNDER SUCH A TITLE OR LEASE; OR, IN GENERAL, ANY
7	INTEREST OR INSTRUMENT COMMONLY KNOWN AS A "SECURITY" OR ANY
8	CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN, TEMPORARY OR INTERIM
9	CERTIFICATE FOR, GUARANTEE OF, OR WARRANT OR RIGHT TO SUBSCRIBE
10	TO OR PURCHASE ANY OF THE FOREGOING. "SECURITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE
11	ANY INSURANCE OR ENDOWMENT POLICY OR ANNUITY CONTRACT UNDER
12	WHICH AN INSURANCE COMPANY PROMISES TO PAY A SUM OF MONEY
13	EITHER IN A LUMP SUM OR PERIODICALLY FOR LIFE OR SOME OTHER
14	SPECIFIED PERIOD. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 43.3, AN "INVESTMENT
15	CONTRACT" NEED NOT INVOLVE MORE THAN ONE INVESTOR NOR BE
16	LIMITED TO THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES WHEREIN THERE ARE MULTIPLE
17	INVESTORS WHO ARE JOINT PARTICIPANTS IN THE SAME ENTERPRISE.
18	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-202, amend
19	(2)(a)(VIII), (2)(a)(XVIII.7); repeal (2)(a)(XXI); and add (2)(a)(XXIII)
20	as follows:
21	12-43.3-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
22	rules. (2) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this
23	section may include, but need not be limited to, the following subjects:
24	(VIII) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
25	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors,
26	employees, and other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this
27	article ARTICLE 43.3, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record

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1	check as may be required by the state heensing authority prior to issuing
2	a card;
3	(XVIII.7) Medical marijuana business operator licensees,
4	including the form and structure of allowable agreements between
5	operators and owners THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS BEING
6	OPERATED;
7	(XXI) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
8	interest owner and a qualified limited passive investor;
9	(XXIII) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS,
10	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
11	(A) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
12	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
13	OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, AND AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL
14	INTEREST HOLDER; AND
15	(B) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
16	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A PUBLICLY TRADED
17	CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR THAT IS A
18	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.
19	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-307, amend
20	(1) introductory portion, (1)(c), and (1)(l); repeal (1)(n); and add (1)(o)
21	and (1)(p) as follows:
22	12-43.3-307. Persons prohibited as licensees. (1) A license
23	provided by this article ARTICLE 43.3 shall not be issued to or held by:
24	(c) A corporation, PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the
25	criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders
26	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, or
27	stockholder A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral

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1	character AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2), OR
2	ANY PERSON THAT WOULD BE DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER
3	RULE 506 (d) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
4	1933";
5	(l) A person APPLYING for a license for a location that is currently
6	licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
7	(n) A publicly traded company.
8	(o) A PERSON WHOSE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR
9	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS FOUND UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE
10	LICENSING AUTHORITY. TO DETERMINE WHETHER A PERSON IS SUITABLE,
11	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONSIDER, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO,
12	A PERSON'S FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
13	RECORD, OR LICENSING CHARACTER OR RECORD.
14	(p) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, ORGANIZED OR
15	FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY DETERMINED BY THE $\overline{\mathbf{U}}$ NITED
16	STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT
17	FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM OR INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST
18	OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION 1502 OF THE FEDERAL
19	"DODD-FRANK WALL STREET REFORM AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
20	ACT".
21	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-307.5,
22	amend (1), (3), and (5); repeal (2), (4), (6), and (7); and add (4.5), (5.5),
23	(5.7), and (6.5) as follows:
24	12-43.3-307.5. Business and owner requirements - legislative
25	declaration. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:
26	(I) Medical marijuana businesses need to be able to access capital
27	in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the

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1	marketplace;
2	(II) The current regulatory structure for medical marijuana creates
3	a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND
4	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS;
5	(III) There is insufficient capital in the state to properly fund the
6	capital needs of Colorado medical marijuana businesses;
7	(IV) Colorado medical marijuana businesses need to have ready
8	access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of Colorado; and
9	(IV.5) UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, PERMITTING PUBLICLY
10	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
11	BUSINESSES WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA MARKET;
12	(V) Providing access to legitimate sources of capital helps prevent
13	the opportunity for those who engage in illegal activity to gain entry into
14	the state's regulated medical marijuana market;
15	(VI) ACCESS TO CAPITAL MUST BE BALANCED WITH PROMOTING
16	CONTROL OVER MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES BY SUITABLE PERSONS
17	WHO ARE LEGITIMATE, TAXPAYING BUSINESSPEOPLE, AND NOT CRIMINAL
18	ACTORS; PREVENTING REVENUE FROM THE SALE OF MARIJUANA FROM
19	GOING TO CRIMINAL ENTERPRISES, GANGS, AND CARTELS; AND
20	PREVENTING STATE-AUTHORIZED MARIJUANA ACTIVITY FROM BEING USED
21	AS A COVER OR PRETEXT FOR THE TRAFFICKING OF OTHER ILLEGAL DRUGS
22	OR OTHER ILLEGAL ACTIVITY; AND
23	(VII) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
24	INVESTMENT IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES MUST TELL THE PUBLIC
25	THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE SELLING
26	AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
27	BUSINESSES, AND PEOPLE WHO SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES RELATED TO

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1	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES ARE PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN
2	DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE SALE OF THE
3	SECURITIES.
4	(VIII) IN THE EVENT THAT PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL 18-1011,
5	ENACTED IN 2018 , LEADS TO AN INCREASE IN GRAY AND BLACK MARKET
6	INVESTIGATIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHOULD CONSIDER
7	CONVENING A STAKEHOLDER PROCESS TO EXAMINE HOW TO IMPROVE LAW
8	ENFORCEMENT ACCESS TO GRANTS FROM THE GRAY AND BLACK MARKET
9	MARIJUANA ENFORCEMENT GRANT PROGRAM CREATED IN SECTION
10	24-32-119, INCLUDING:
11	(A) WHETHER THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR THE AWARDING OF
12	GRANTS REFLECTS THE REALITY OF THE INVESTIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN;
13	(B) WHETHER THE GRANTS SHOULD BE AVAILABLE ON A
14	PROSPECTIVE BASIS AND WHETHER THE GRANT PROCESS IS ACCESSIBLE TO
15	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT DEPARTMENTS WITH MINIMAL STAFF; AND
16	(C) WHETHER THE AMOUNT OF MONEY AVAILABLE IS SUFFICIENT.
17	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
18	Colorado medical marijuana businesses to access capital from investors
19	in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS
20	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 12-43.3-307.6.
21	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
22	either:
23	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
24	the date of the application; or
25	(b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
26	(3) (a) A medical marijuana business may be comprised of an
27	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been

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residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the application.

- (b) On and after January 1, 2017, a medical marijuana business that is comprised of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to application and all officers with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business under this paragraph (b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b) of this subsection (3), the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4) A medical marijuana business may include qualified institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the medical marijuana business.
 - (4.5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION, A PERSON THAT

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1	INTENDS TO BECOME A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING
2	BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
3	AND THE COLORADO ATTORNEY GENERAL A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE
4	LIST OF THE FOLLOWING:
5	(a) ALL OF ITS BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF
6	ITS SECURITIES;
7	(b) ALL OF ITS OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES; AND
8	(c) ALLOFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT
9	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES.
10	(5) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial
11	interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to
12	the date of application TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
13	shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of
14	suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE
15	TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A
16	REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT
17	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
18	OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A
19	FINDING OF SUITABILITY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OPERATING
20	IN COORDINATION WITH THE COLORADO ATTORNEY GENERAL prior to
21	submitting an A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS application to the state
22	licensing authority. to be a direct beneficial interest owner Failure to
23	receive a finding ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS of suitability prior to
24	application is grounds for denial OF AN APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION,
25	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE by the state
26	licensing authority.
2.7	(b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial

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1	buckground effect of quantica finited passive investors. If the initial
2	background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation,
3	the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
4	(c) IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
5	THIS SECTION, FOLLOWING THE DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION
6	(4.5) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OPERATING IN
7	COORDINATION WITH THE COLORADO ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL
8	DETERMINE WHICH INDIVIDUAL CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND
9	AFFILIATES OF EACH CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER ARE REQUIRED TO
10	OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A MEDICAL
11	MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY
12	INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
13	MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR FINDING OF
14	SUITABILITY. ALL INDIVIDUALS SHALL OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF
15	SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
16	APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
17	(5.5) IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, AT ANY TIME, THE STATE
18	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED
19	OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER THIS SECTION OR SECTION
20	12-43.3-307.6 TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE TO PROVIDE
21	ANY INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF
22	SUITABILITY MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR
23	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
24	FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN
25	APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION OF A
26	LICENSE.
27	(5.7) If a required finding of suitability is not completed

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1	WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE FINDING OF SUITABILITY WAS
2	REQUESTED, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL INFORM THE
3	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CREATE
4	BY RULE AN EXPEDITED FEE THAT AN APPLICANT OR LICENSEE COULD PAY
5	TO RECEIVE A TIMELY DETERMINATION OF SUITABILITY.
6	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical
7	marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this
8	section.
9	(6.5) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
10	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
11	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT WHO SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
12	SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM
13	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED
14	AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE CHANGE.
15	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
16	requires, "institutional investor" means:
17	(a) A bank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the federal "Securities
18	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
19	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2(a)(17) of the
20	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
21	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
22	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
23	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
24	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
25	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3(c)(11) of the
26	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
27	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the

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1	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
2	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
3	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
4	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
5	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
6	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
7	(a) to (g) of this subsection (7); or
8	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
9	authority.
10	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 12-43.3-307.6
11	as follows:
12	12-43.3-307.6. Licensure and investment requirements for
13	publicly traded corporations. (1) In addition to the requirements
14	OF SECTION 12-43.3-307.5, ANY LICENSEE OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
15	OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH
16	THIS SECTION.
17	(2) (a) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL
18	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL
19	REPORT TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE
20	ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT, OR RESIGNATION OR REMOVAL, OF ANY
21	DIRECTOR OR OFFICER OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
22	(b) TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING
23	AUTHORITY, WHENEVER ANY REPORT, PROXY OR INFORMATION
24	STATEMENT, REGISTRATION STATEMENT, SCHEDULE, OR OTHER FILING IS
25	MADE WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR
26	OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
2.7	PRIVATE ISSUER ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY BY OR WITH RESPECT

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1	TO A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
2	BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE PUBLICLY TRADED
3	CORPORATION SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT A
4	FILING HAS TAKEN PLACE AND DISCLOSE A COPY OF THE FILING WITHIN
5	FIVE DAYS AFTER THE FILING WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
6	EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE,
7	OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR
8	REGULATORY BODY.
9	(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY AT ANY TIME REQUIRE
10	ANY APPLICANT, LICENSEE, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER TO
11	DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF ALL BENEFICIAL OWNERS
12	TO THE EXTENT KNOWN.
13	(d) To the extent required by the state licensing
14	AUTHORITY, A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL
15	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL,
16	WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING A COMMENT LETTER OR EXCHANGE
17	NOTICE FROM THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR
18	OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
19	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY, NOTIFY THE STATE
20	LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT THE COMMENT LETTER OR EXCHANGE NOTICE
21	WAS RECEIVED AND PROVIDE A COPY TO THE STATE LICENSING
22	AUTHORITY.
23	(3) AFTER COMMENCING ANY OFFERING OF A SECURITY, ANY
24	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
25	BUSINESS, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
26	OWNER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF THE PROPOSED
27	OFFERING IN THE TIME AND MANNER REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING

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1	AUTHORITY. AT A MINIMUM, THE NOTIFICATION MUST OCCUR NOT LATER
2	THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE EARLIER OF THE COMMENCEMENT
3	OF THE OFFERING OR THE INITIAL FILING COVERING THE OFFERING WITH
4	THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER
5	APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
6	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY.
7	(4) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL
8	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIFTY
9	PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
10	SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BYLAWS THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:
11	(a) THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] SHALL
12	NOT ISSUE ANY SECURITY EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
13	OF ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12, COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE
14	RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. THE ISSUANCE
15	OF ANY SECURITY IN VIOLATION THEREOF SHALL BE VOID, AND THE
16	SECURITY SHALL BE DEEMED NOT TO BE ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING UNTIL
17	THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE
18	JURISDICTION OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE
19	LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID
20	ISSUANCE OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT IN ISSUANCE.
21	(b) NO SECURITY ISSUED BY THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED
22	CORPORATION] AND NO INTEREST, CLAIM, OR CHARGE THEREIN OR
23	THERETO SHALL BE TRANSFERRED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER EXCEPT
24	IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12 ,
25	COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE RULES PROMULGATED
26	PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. ANY TRANSFER IN VIOLATION THEREOF
27	SHALL BE VOID UNTIL THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED

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I	CORPORATION] CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE STATE
2	LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY
3	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID TRANSFER OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT
4	IN SAID TRANSFER.
5	(c) IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AT ANY TIME DETERMINES
6	THAT A HOLDER OF A SECURITY OF THE $\overline{\ \ }$ NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED
7	CORPORATION] IS UNSUITABLE TO HOLD THE SECURITY, THEN THE [NAME
8	OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] MAY, WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER
9	THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, PURCHASE THE SECURITY OF THE
10	UNSUITABLE PERSON AT THE LESSER OF THE AMOUNT IN UNITED STATES
11	DOLLARS OF CASH OR OTHER CONSIDERATION PAID BY THE PERSON FOR
12	THE SECURITY OR THE CURRENT MARKET PRICE AS OF THE DATE OF THE
13	FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, UNLESS THE SECURITY IS TRANSFERRED TO A
14	SUITABLE PERSON AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
15	WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY. UNTIL THE
16	SECURITY IS OWNED BY PERSONS FOUND BY THE STATE LICENSING
17	AUTHORITY TO BE SUITABLE TO OWN IT, THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY
18	TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO PAY
19	ANY DIVIDEND OR INTEREST WITH REGARD TO THE SECURITY; THE HOLDER
20	OF THE SECURITY SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO VOTE ON ANY MATTER AS
21	THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY; AND THE SECURITY SHALL NOT FOR ANY
22	PURPOSES BE INCLUDED AMONG THE SECURITIES OF THE [NAME OF THE
23	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THE NAME OF
24	THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOT PAY ANY
25	REMUNERATION IN ANY FORM TO THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY EXCEPT
26	IN EXCHANGE FOR THE SECURITY AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION $(4)(c)$.
27	(5) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE

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1	PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN A PUBLICLY TRADED
2	CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A
3	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING
4	AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS
5	AFTER BECOMING A BENEFICIAL OWNER OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
6	OWNER. WHEN A PERSON IS OR BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE
7	PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN THE PUBLICLY TRADED
8	CORPORATION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE A FINDING
9	OF SUITABILITY OF ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MEMBER, AFFILIATE, OR
10	GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT BENEFICIAL OWNER IN THAT PERSON. A
11	LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS
12	SUBSECTION (5) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON AS THE LICENSEE
13	BECOMES AWARE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE
14	REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT
15	TO THIS SUBSECTION (5) ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE
16	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
17	(6) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
18	LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE DIRECT AND
19	INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO DETERMINE
20	WHETHER OR NOT ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL BE
21	ISSUED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE FURTHER RULES
22	REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS THAT SHALL
23	BE BILLED AGAINST THE DEPOSIT.
24	(7) It is grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary
25	ACTION IF ANY PERSON, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF
26	ANY SECURITY ISSUED BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A
27	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, IS FOUND GUILTY OF, PLEADS NOLO

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1	CONTENDERE TO, IS SUBJECT TO A FINAL CEASE AND DESIST ORDER WITH
2	RESPECT TO A PERMANENT INJUNCTION OR ORDER OF PERMANENT
3	INJUNCTION ISSUED ON THE BASIS OF, OR IS THE SUBJECT OF A SIMILAR
4	FINAL ACTION TAKEN ON THE BASIS OF, A VIOLATION OF RULE 10b-5
5	PROMULGATED BY THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
6	UNDER SECTION 10 (b) OF THE "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
7	AMENDED, OR SECTION 11-51-501.
8	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-309, amend
9	(2); and add (3) as follows:
10	12-43.3-309. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of
11	ownership, OTHER THAN TRANSFERS OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL
12	OWNER OF SECURITIES OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a license
13	holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms
14	prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining
15	whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing
16	authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article ARTICLE
17	43.3, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other
18	local restrictions. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the
19	application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority shall
20	not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing
21	authority has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section
22	12-43.3-302 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a
23	period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant
24	at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing
25	by the state licensing authority shall be held in compliance with the
26	requirements specified in section 12-43.3-302.
27	(3) ANY TRANSFER OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A

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1	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
2	SECTIONS 12-43.3-307.5 AND 12-43.3-307.6.
3	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-310, amend
4	(3) and (4) as follows:
5	12-43.3-310. Licensing in general. (3) A medical marijuana
6	center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical
7	marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS THAT IS NOT A
8	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state licensing authority
9	in writing within ten days after an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner,
10	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, or manager ceases to work at,
11	manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The
12	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, or
13	manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority any identification
14	card that may have been issued by the state licensing authority on or
15	before the date of the notification.
16	(4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
17	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS
18	THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state
19	licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of birth of an
20	A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer,
21	or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer, or
22	manager begins managing, owning, or associating with the operation.
23	Any CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER,
24	officer, manager, or employee shall pass a fingerprint-based criminal
25	history record check as required by the state licensing authority and obtain
26	the required identification prior to being associated with, managing,
27	owning, or working at the operation.

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1	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12-43.3-407
2	as follows:
3	12-43.3-407. Medical marijuana business operator license. A
4	medical marijuana business operator license may be issued to an entity or
5	A person who THAT operates a medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS
6	licensed pursuant to this article 43.3, for an owner ANOTHER MEDICAL
7	MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 43.3, and who THAT
8	may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
9	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-103, amend
10	(1), (1.3), (2.5), (13), (17), and (17.5); repeal (12.4) and (14.3); and add
11	(1.1), (1.2), (1.4), (12.1), (14.2), and (22.5) as follows:
12	12-43.4-103. Definitions. As used in this article 43.4, unless the
13	context otherwise requires:
14	(1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely
15	held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed
16	retail marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing
17	members, or partners of the licensed retail marijuana business or closely
18	held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "AFFILIATE"
19	OF, OR PERSON "AFFILIATED WITH", A SPECIFIED PERSON MEANS A PERSON
20	THAT DIRECTLY, OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH ONE OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES,
21	CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH,
22	THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
23	(1.1) "BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS A HOLDER OF A SECURITY IN
24	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13 (d) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
25	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AND RULE 13d-3 PROMULGATED
26	THEREUNDER.
27	(1.2) "CONTROL", INCLUDING THE TERMS "CONTROLS",

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1	"CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING", AND "CONTROLLED BY AND UNDER
2	COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT,
3	OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT
4	OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING
5	SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR OTHERWISE.
6	(1.3) "Escorted" means appropriately checked into the limited
7	access area and accompanied by a person licensed by the state licensing
8	authority; except that trade craftspeople not normally engaged in the
9	business of cultivating, processing, or selling retail marijuana need not be
10	accompanied on a full-time basis, but only reasonably monitored.
11	"CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
12	(a) Is the Beneficial owner of five percent or more of the
13	SECURITIES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
14	(b) IS AN AFFILIATE, WHICH INCLUDES WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY
15	OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MANAGING MEMBER, GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE
16	OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING
17	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT; OR
18	(c) IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OF THE
19	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION
20	12-43.4-407.
21	(1.4) "ESCORTED" MEANS APPROPRIATELY CHECKED INTO THE
22	LIMITED ACCESS AREA AND ACCOMPANIED BY A PERSON LICENSED BY THE
23	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; EXCEPT THAT TRADE CRAFTSPEOPLE NOT
24	NORMALLY ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF CULTIVATING, PROCESSING, OR
25	SELLING RETAIL MARIJUANA NEED NOT BE ACCOMPANIED ON A FULL-TIME
26	BASIS, BUT ONLY REASONABLY MONITORED.
27	(2.5) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a

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I	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
2	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
3	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
4	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
5	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority.
6	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
7	AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT AND IS NOT
8	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT AND THAT:
10	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
11	EXCHANGE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S USE OF THE
12	PERSON'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
13	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
14	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2019, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
15	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
16	(c) Is a contract counterparty with a retail marijuana
17	ESTABLISHMENT THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION,
18	MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
19	A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
20	ESTABLISHMENT OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE
21	CULTIVATION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA, A SECURED OR UNSECURED
22	FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, A
23	SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, OR
24	A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
25	ESTABLISHMENT, PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT COMPENSATES THE
26	CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF REVENUE OR PROFITS
27	OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT.

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1	(12.1) "Passive beneficial owner" means a person that is
2	NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, IS NOT
3	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE RETAIL
4	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS
5	THAN FIVE PERCENT OF THE SECURITIES OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
6	ESTABLISHMENT.
7	(12.4) "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured
8	convertible debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right
9	to obtain an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a
10	natural person who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to
11	convert into an ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying
12	and obtaining a license as an owner under this article or such other
13	agreements as may be permitted by rule by the state licensing authority.
14	(13) "Person" means a natural person AN INDIVIDUAL, A
15	partnership, association, JOINT-STOCK company, corporation, limited
16	liability company, or ANY OTHER UNINCORPORATED organization; except
17	that "person" does not include any governmental organization.
18	(14.2) "Publicly traded corporation" means any person
19	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT ISSUES AN EQUITY SECURITY OTHER
20	THAN A PENNY STOCK AS DEFINED BY 17 CFR 240.3a51-1 AND THAT:
21	(a) Has a class of securities registered under section 12 of
22	THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, THAT:
23	(I) Constitute "covered securities" under section 18
24	(b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED; OR
25	(II) ARE QUALIFIED AND LISTED FOR TRADING ON THE OTCQX
26	TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS, OR ANY OTHER ALTERNATIVE TIER OF THE
27	OTC MARKETS OR ALTERNATIVE EXCHANGE DESIGNATED BY THE STATE

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1	LICENSING AUTHORITY IN RULE, OR ANY LIKE TIER OF ANY SUCCESSOR TO
2	THE ENTITY, IF THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS WITH THE
3	FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE FEDERAL
4	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE LISTED
5	SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" OR VOLUNTARILY DOES
6	SO;
7	(b) Is a "foreign private issuer", as defined in rule 405
8	PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", WHOSE
9	SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION $\overline{12}$ OF THE
10	FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT
11	TO RULE 12g3-2(b) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
12	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
13	(c) IS A COMPANY TRADED ON A "DESIGNATED OFFSHORE
14	SECURITIES MARKET" AS DEFINED IN 17 CFR 230.902 (b) IN THE UNITED
15	STATES, CANADA, THE UNITED KINGDOM, OR FRANCE WITH REPORTING IN
16	ENGLISH; OR
17	(d) IS IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS
18	A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
19	(14.3) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
20	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
21	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed retail marijuana
22	business.
23	(17) "Retail marijuana establishment" means a retail marijuana
24	store, a retail marijuana cultivation facility, a retail marijuana products
25	manufacturer, or a retail marijuana testing facility, A RETAIL MARIJUANA
26	ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR, OR A RETAIL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER.
27	(17.5) "Retail marijuana establishment operator" means an entity

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1	or A person that is not an owner and that is licensed to provide
2	professional operational services to a retail marijuana establishment for
3	direct remuneration from the retail marijuana establishment. A RETAIL
4	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR IS NOT A CONTROLLING
5	BENEFICIAL OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR AN INDIRECT
6	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER OF ANY RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT
7	IT OPERATES.
8	(22.5) "SECURITY" MEANS ANY NOTE; STOCK; TREASURY STOCK;
9	BOND; DEBENTURE; EVIDENCE OF INDEBTEDNESS; CERTIFICATE OF
10	INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN ANY PROFIT-SHARING AGREEMENT;
11	COLLATERAL-TRUST CERTIFICATE; PREORGANIZATION CERTIFICATE OF
12	SUBSCRIPTION; TRANSFERABLE SHARE; INVESTMENT CONTRACT; VIATICAL
13	SETTLEMENT INVESTMENT; VOTING-TRUST CERTIFICATE; CERTIFICATE OF
14	DEPOSIT FOR A SECURITY; CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN
15	AN OIL, GAS, OR MINING TITLE OR LEASE OR IN PAYMENTS OUT OF
16	PRODUCTION UNDER SUCH A TITLE OR LEASE; OR, IN GENERAL, ANY
17	INTEREST OR INSTRUMENT COMMONLY KNOWN AS A "SECURITY" OR ANY
18	CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN, TEMPORARY OR INTERIM
19	CERTIFICATE FOR, GUARANTEE OF, OR WARRANT OR RIGHT TO SUBSCRIBE
20	TO OR PURCHASE ANY OF THE FOREGOING. "SECURITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE
21	ANY INSURANCE OR ENDOWMENT POLICY OR ANNUITY CONTRACT UNDER
22	WHICH AN INSURANCE COMPANY PROMISES TO PAY A SUM OF MONEY
23	EITHER IN A LUMP SUM OR PERIODICALLY FOR LIFE OR SOME OTHER
24	SPECIFIED PERIOD. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 43.4, AN "INVESTMENT
25	CONTRACT" NEED NOT INVOLVE MORE THAN ONE INVESTOR NOR BE
26	LIMITED TO THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES WHEREIN THERE ARE MULTIPLE
27	INVESTORS WHO ARE JOINT PARTICIPANTS IN THE SAME ENTERPRISE.

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1	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-202,
2	amend (3)(a)(III), (3)(a)(XVIII), (3)(a)(XIX), (3)(b) introductory portion,
3	and $(3)(b)(V)$; repeal $(3)(a)(XX)$; and add $(3)(a)(XXI)$ as follows:
4	12-43.4-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
5	rules. (3) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this
6	section must include, but need not be limited to, the following subjects:
7	(III) Qualifications for licensure under this article ARTICLE 43.4,
8	including but not limited to the requirement for a fingerprint-based
9	criminal history record check for all owners, officers CONTROLLING
10	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors, employees, and other support
11	staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 43.4;
12	(XVIII) Retail marijuana establishment operator licensees,
13	including the form and structure of allowable agreements between
14	operators and owners THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT BEING
15	OPERATED;
16	(XIX) Nonescorted visitors in limited access areas; and
17	(XX) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
18	interest owner and a qualified limited passive investor.
19	(XXI) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS,
20	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
21	(A) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
22	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
23	OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, AND AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL
24	INTEREST HOLDER; AND
25	(B) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
26	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A PUBLICLY TRADED
27	CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR THAT IS

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1	A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.
2	(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (2)
3	SUBSECTION (2)(b) of this section must also include the following
4	subjects:
5	(V) Development of individual identification cards for owners
6	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors
7	employees, and other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this
8	article ARTICLE 43.4, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record
9	check as may be required by the state licensing authority prior to issuing
10	a card;
11	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-306
12	amend (1) introductory portion, (1)(c), and (1)(j); repeal (1)(l); and add
13	(1)(m) and (1) (n) as follows:
14	12-43.4-306. Persons prohibited as licensees - definitions
15	(1) A license provided by this article ARTICLE 43.4 shall not be issued to
16	or held by:
17	(c) A person other than an individual if the criminal history of any
18	of its officers, directors, stockholders, or owners CONTROLLING
19	BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, stockholder, or
20	owner A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral character
21	after considering the factors in section 24-5-101 (2), C.R.S, OR ANY
22	PERSON THAT WOULD BE DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE
23	506 (d) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933"
24	(j) A person applying for a license for a location that is currently
25	licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
26	(l) A publicly traded company.
27	(m) A PERSON WHOSE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF

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1	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS FOUND UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE
2	LICENSING AUTHORITY. TO DETERMINE WHETHER A PERSON IS SUITABLE,
3	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONSIDER, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO,
4	A PERSON'S FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
5	RECORD, OR LICENSING CHARACTER OR RECORD.
6	(n) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, ORGANIZED OR
7	FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY DETERMINED BY THE $\overline{\text{U}}$ NITED
8	STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT
9	FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM OR INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST
10	OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION 1502 OF THE FEDERAL
11	"DODD-FRANK WALL STREET REFORM AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
12	ACT".
13	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-306.5,
14	amend (1), (3), and (5); repeal (2), (4), (6), and (7); and add (4.5), (5.5),
15	(5.7), and (6.5) as follows:
16	12-43.4-306.5. Business and owner requirements - legislative
17	declaration. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:
18	(I) Retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS need to be able
19	to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain
20	competitive in the marketplace;
21	(II) The current regulatory structure for retail marijuana creates a
22	substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND PUBLICLY
23	TRADED CORPORATIONS;
24	(III) There is insufficient capital in Colorado to properly fund the
25	capital needs of Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS;
26	(IV) Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS need
27	to have ready access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of

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1	Colorado; and
2	(IV.5) Under Certain Circumstances, Permitting Publicly
3	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
4	ESTABLISHMENTS WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S RETAIL MARIJUANA MARKET;
5	(V) Providing access to legitimate sources of capital helps prevent
6	the opportunity for those who engage in illegal activity to gain entry into
7	Colorado's regulated retail marijuana market;
8	(VI) ACCESS TO CAPITAL MUST BE BALANCED WITH PROMOTING
9	CONTROL OVER RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS BY SUITABLE
10	PERSONS WHO ARE LEGITIMATE, TAXPAYING BUSINESSPEOPLE, AND NOT
11	CRIMINAL ACTORS; PREVENTING REVENUE FROM THE SALE OF MARIJUANA
12	FROM GOING TO CRIMINAL ENTERPRISES, GANGS, AND CARTELS; AND
13	PREVENTING STATE-AUTHORIZED MARIJUANA ACTIVITY FROM BEING USED
14	AS A COVER OR PRETEXT FOR THE TRAFFICKING OF OTHER ILLEGAL DRUGS
15	OR OTHER ILLEGAL ACTIVITY; AND
16	(VII) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
17	INVESTMENT IN RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS MUST TELL THE
18	PUBLIC THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE
19	SELLING, AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
20	ESTABLISHMENTS, AND PEOPLE WHO SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES
21	RELATED TO RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS ARE PROHIBITED FROM
22	ENGAGING IN DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE
23	SALE OF THE SECURITIES.
24	(VIII) IN THE EVENT THAT PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL 18-1011,
25	ENACTED IN 2018 , LEADS TO AN INCREASE IN GRAY AND BLACK MARKET
26	INVESTIGATIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHOULD CONSIDER
27	CONVENING A STAKEHOLDER PROCESS TO EXAMINE HOW TO IMPROVE LAW

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1	ENFORCEMENT ACCESS TO GRANTS FROM THE GRAY AND BLACK MARKET
2	MARIJUANA ENFORCEMENT GRANT PROGRAM CREATED IN SECTION
3	24-32-119, INCLUDING:
4	(A) WHETHER THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR THE AWARDING OF
5	GRANTS REFLECTS THE REALITY OF THE INVESTIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN;
6	(B) Whether the grants should be available on a
7	PROSPECTIVE BASIS AND WHETHER THE GRANT PROCESS IS ACCESSIBLE TO
8	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT DEPARTMENTS WITH MINIMAL STAFF; AND
9	(C) WHETHER THE AMOUNT OF MONEY AVAILABLE IS SUFFICIENT.
10	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
11	Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS to access capital
12	from investors in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED
13	CORPORATIONS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 12-43.4-306.6.
14	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
15	either:
16	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
17	the date of the application; or
18	(b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
19	(3) (a) A retail marijuana business may be comprised of an
20	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been
21	residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the
22	application.
23	(b) On and after January 1, 2017, a retail marijuana business that
24	is comprised of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who have
25	not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall
26	have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one
27	year prior to application and all officers with day-to-day operational

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control over the business must be Colorado residents for at least one year
prior to application. A retail marijuana business under this paragraph (b)
is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners
including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natura
persons.
(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b) of this
subsection (3), the state licensing authority may review the limitation or
the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the
number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable
considerations such as developments in state and federal financia
regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access
legitimate sources of capital.
(d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held
business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United
States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and
subsidiary entities.
(4) A retail marijuana business may include qualified institutiona
investors that own thirty percent or less of the retail marijuana business
(4.5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION, A PERSON THAT
INTENDS TO BECOME A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A
CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE
LICENSING AUTHORITY AND THE COLORADO ATTORNEY GENERAL A
COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE FOLLOWING:
(a) ALL OF ITS BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF
ITS SECURITIES;
(b) ALL OF ITS OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES; AND

(c) ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT

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- (5) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date of application TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A REOUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A FINDING OF SUITABILITY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OPERATING IN COORDINATION WITH THE COLORADO ATTORNEY GENERAL prior to submitting an A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct beneficial interest owner. Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial of AN APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.
- (b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation, the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
- (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (5)(a) of this section, following the disclosure required by subsection (4.5) of this section, the state licensing authority operating in coordination with the Colorado attorney general shall determine which individual controlling beneficial owners and

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1	AFFILIATES OF EACH CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER ARE REQUIRED TO
2	OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A RETAIL
3	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT APPLICATION. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY
4	INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
5	MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR FINDING OF
6	SUITABILITY. ALL INDIVIDUALS MUST OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF
7	SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT
8	APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
9	(5.5) IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, AT ANY TIME, THE STATE
10	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED
11	OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER THIS SECTION OR SECTION
12	12-43.4-306.6toobtainafindingofsuitability.Failuretoprovide
13	ANY INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF
14	SUITABILITY MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR
15	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
16	FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN
17	APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION OF A
18	LICENSE.
19	(5.7) If a required finding of suitability is not completed
20	WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE FINDING OF SUITABILITY WAS
21	REQUESTED, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL INFORM THE
22	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CREATE
23	BY RULE AN EXPEDITED FEE THAT AN APPLICANT OR LICENSEE COULD PAY
24	TO RECEIVE A TIMELY DETERMINATION OF SUITABILITY.
25	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the retail marijuana
26	business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
27	(6.5) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A

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1	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
2	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT WHO SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
3	SECTION 7-90-701. THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT SHALL
4	INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE
5	REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE CHANGE.
6	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
7	requires, "institutional investor" means:
8	(a) A bank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the federal "Securities
9	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
10	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2(a)(17) of the
11	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
12	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
13	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
14	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
15	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
16	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3(c)(11) of the
17	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
18	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
19	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
20	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
21	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
22	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
23	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
24	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
25	(a) to (g) of this subsection (7); or
26	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
27	authority.

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1	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 12-43.4-306.6
2	as follows:
3	12-43.4-306.6. Licensure and investment requirements for
4	publicly traded corporations. (1) IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS
5	OF SECTION 12-43.4-306.5, ANY LICENSEE OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
6	OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH
7	THIS SECTION.
8	(2) (a) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
10	SHALL REPORT TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN TEN DAYS
11	AFTER THE ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT, OR RESIGNATION OR REMOVAL, OF
12	ANY DIRECTOR OR OFFICER OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
13	(b) TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING
14	AUTHORITY, WHENEVER ANY REPORT, PROXY OR INFORMATION
15	STATEMENT, REGISTRATION STATEMENT, SCHEDULE, OR OTHER FILING IS
16	MADE WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF
17	OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
18	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY, BY OR WITH RESPECT
19	TO A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
20	ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE PUBLICLY
21	TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
22	THAT A FILING HAS TAKEN PLACE AND DISCLOSE A COPY OF THE FILING
23	WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER THE FILING WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
24	EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
25	OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR
26	REGULATORY BODY.
27	(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY AT ANY TIME REQUIRE

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1	ANY APPLICANT, LICENSEE, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER TO
2	DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF ALL BENEFICIAL OWNERS
3	TO THE EXTENT KNOWN.
4	(d) TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING
5	AUTHORITY, A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL
6	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
7	SHALL, WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING A COMMENT LETTER OR
8	EXCHANGE NOTICE FROM THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
9	COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE
10	CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY,
11	NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT THE COMMENT LETTER OR
12	EXCHANGE NOTICE WAS RECEIVED AND PROVIDE A COPY TO THE STATE
13	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
14	(3) AFTER COMMENCING ANY OFFERING OF A SECURITY, ANY
15	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
16	ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE
17	BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF
18	THE PROPOSED OFFERING IN THE TIME AND MANNER REQUIRED BY THE
19	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. AT A MINIMUM, THE NOTIFICATION MUST
20	OCCUR NOT LATER THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE EARLIER OF
21	THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE OFFERING OR THE INITIAL FILING COVERING
22	THE OFFERING WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
23	COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE
24	CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY.
25	(4) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL
26	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF
27	FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA

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I	ESTABLISHMENT SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BYLAWS THE FOLLOWING
2	PROVISIONS:
3	(a) THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] SHALL
4	NOT ISSUE ANY SECURITY EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
5	OF ARTICLE 43.4 OF TITLE 12, COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE
6	RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. THE ISSUANCE
7	OF ANY SECURITY IN VIOLATION THEREOF SHALL BE VOID, AND THE
8	SECURITY SHALL BE DEEMED NOT TO BE ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING UNTIL
9	THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE
10	JURISDICTION OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE
11	LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAIL
12	ISSUANCE OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT IN ISSUANCE.
13	(b) NO SECURITY ISSUED BY THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADEL
14	CORPORATION] AND NO INTEREST, CLAIM, OR CHARGE THEREIN OF
15	THERETO SHALL BE TRANSFERRED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER EXCEPT
16	IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 43.4 OF TITLE 12
17	COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE RULES PROMULGATED
18	PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. ANY TRANSFER IN VIOLATION THEREOI
19	SHALL BE VOID UNTIL THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADEL
20	CORPORATION CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE STATE
21	LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY
22	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID TRANSFER OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT
23	IN SAID TRANSFER.
24	(c) IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AT ANY TIME DETERMINES
25	THAT A HOLDER OF A SECURITY OF THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADEL
26	CORPORATION] IS UNSUITABLE TO HOLD THE SECURITY, THEN THE [NAME

OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] MAY, WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER

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1 THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, PURCHASE THE SECURITY OF THE 2 UNSUITABLE PERSON AT THE LESSER OF THE AMOUNT IN UNITED STATES 3 DOLLARS OF CASH OR OTHER CONSIDERATION PAID BY THE PERSON FOR 4 THE SECURITY OR THE CURRENT MARKET PRICE AS OF THE DATE OF THE 5 FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, UNLESS THE SECURITY IS TRANSFERRED TO A 6 SUITABLE PERSON AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY 7 WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY. UNTIL THE 8 SECURITY IS OWNED BY PERSONS FOUND BY THE STATE LICENSING 9 AUTHORITY TO BE SUITABLE TO OWN IT, THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY 10 TRADED CORPORATION] SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO PAY 11 ANY DIVIDEND OR INTEREST WITH REGARD TO THE SECURITY; THE HOLDER 12 OF THE SECURITY SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO VOTE ON ANY MATTER AS 13 THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY; AND THE SECURITY SHALL NOT FOR ANY 14 PURPOSES BE INCLUDED AMONG THE SECURITIES OF THE [NAME OF THE 15 PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THE NAME OF 16 THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOT PAY ANY REMUNERATION IN ANY FORM TO THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY EXCEPT 17 18 IN EXCHANGE FOR THE SECURITY AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4)(c). 19 (5) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE 20 PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN A PUBLICLY TRADED 21 CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A 22 CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING 23 AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS 24 AFTER BECOMING A BENEFICIAL OWNER OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL 25 OWNER. WHEN A PERSON IS OR BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE 26 PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN THE PUBLICLY TRADED 27 CORPORATION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE A FINDING

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1	OF SUITABILITY OF ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MEMBER, AFFILIATE, OR
2	GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT BENEFICIAL OWNER IN THAT PERSON. A
3	LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS
4	SUBSECTION (5) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON AS THE LICENSEE
5	BECOMES AWARE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE
6	REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT
7	TO THIS SUBSECTION (5) ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE
8	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
9	(6) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
10	LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE DIRECT AND
11	INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO DETERMINE
12	WHETHER OR NOT ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL BE
13	ISSUED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE FURTHER RULES
14	REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS THAT SHALL
15	BE BILLED AGAINST THE DEPOSIT.
16	(7) It is grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary
17	ACTION IF ANY PERSON, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF
18	ANY SECURITY ISSUED BY A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A
19	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, IS FOUND GUILTY OF, PLEADS NOLO
20	CONTENDERE TO, IS SUBJECT TO A FINAL CEASE AND DESIST ORDER WITH
21	RESPECT TO A PERMANENT INJUNCTION OR ORDER OF PERMANENT
22	INJUNCTION ISSUED ON THE BASIS OF, OR IS THE SUBJECT OF A SIMILAR
23	FINAL ACTION TAKEN ON THE BASIS OF, A VIOLATION OF RULE 10b-5
24	PROMULGATED BY THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
25	UNDER SECTION 10 (b) OF THE "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
26	AMENDED, OR SECTION 11-51-501.
27	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-308,

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am	end (2);	and ad	d (3) a	s follo	ws:
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f ownership. (2) For a transfer of ERS OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF SECURITIES OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a license holder shall apply to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. Upon receipt of an application for transfer of ownership, the state licensing authority shall submit, within seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine whether the transfer complies with local restrictions on transfer of ownership. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state licensing authority shall consider only the requirements of this article ARTICLE 43.4, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other local restrictions. The local jurisdiction may hold a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local jurisdiction shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local jurisdiction has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 12-43.4-302 (1) on the licensed premises for a period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall be held in compliance with the requirements specified in section 12-43.4-304.

(3) ANY TRANSFER OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 12-43.4-306.5 AND 12-43.4-306.6.

SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-309, amend (3) as follows:

12-43.4-309. Licensing in general. (3) A retail marijuana

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1	establishment THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify
2	the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of
3	birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
4	OWNER, officer, or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
5	owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, or manager begins managing,
6	owning, or associating with the operation. The CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
7	owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, manager, or employee must
8	pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the
9	state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to
10	being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
11	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12-43.4-407
12	as follows:
13	12-43.4-407. Retail marijuana business operator license. A
14	retail marijuana business operator license may be issued to a person who
15	THAT operates a retail marijuana establishment licensed pursuant to this
16	article ARTICLE 43.4, for an owner ANOTHER RETAIL MARIJUANA
17	ESTABLISHMENT licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 43.4, and who
18	may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
19	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-306,
20	amend (1) as follows:
21	12-43.3-306. Denial of application. (1) The state licensing
22	authority shall deny a state license if the premises on which the applicant
23	proposes to conduct its business does not meet the requirements of this
24	article or for reasons set forth in section 12-43.3-104 (1.3)(c) (1.4)(c) or
25	12-43.3-305, and the state licensing authority may deny a license for good
26	cause as defined by section 12-43.3-104 (1.3)(a) or (1.3)(b) (1.4)(a) OR
27	(1.4)(b).

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1	SECTION 18. Appropriation. (1) For the 2018-19 state fiscal
2	year, \$1,028,722 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This
3	appropriation is from the marijuana cash fund created in section
4	12-43.3-501 (1)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use
5	this appropriation as follows:
6	(a) \$867,780 for marijuana enforcement, which amount is based
7	on an assumption that the department will require an additional 7.0 FTE;
8	(b) \$16,020 for vehicle lease payments; and
9	(c) \$144,922 for the purchase of legal services.
10	(2) For the 2018-19 state fiscal year, \$16,020 is appropriated to
11	the department of personnel. This appropriation is from reappropriated
12	funds received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(b)
13	of this section. To implement this act, the department of personnel may
14	use this appropriation for vehicle replacement lease/purchase in fleet
15	management program and motor pool services.
16	(3) For the 2018-19 state fiscal year, \$14,600 is appropriated to
17	the department of public safety for use by the biometric identification and
18	records unit. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds received
19	from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(a) of this section. To
20	implement this act, the unit may use this appropriation to provide criminal
21	history record checks for the department of revenue.
22	(4) For the 2018-19 state fiscal year, \$144,922 is appropriated to
23	the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
24	received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(c) of this
25	section and is based on an assumption that the department of law will
26	require an additional 0.8 FTE. To implement this act, the department of
27	law may use this appropriation to provide legal services for the

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- department of revenue.
- 2 **SECTION 19. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,
- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 4 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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