Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to present law. Act 1263 of the Regular Session

1		As Engrossed:	^{s3/18/15} s3/27/15 A Bill	
2	90th General Assembly		A DIII	
3	Regular Session, 2015			SENATE BILL 459
4				
5	By: Senator D. Johnson			
6		For An Ast	To Be Entitled	
7			ALTIES FOR CERTAIN O	TRENCEC
8				
9 10			REORGANIZE CERTAIN C	
		-	AL CORRECTIONS TO TI	
11	THE AKKA	NSAS CODE; AND FO	R OTHER PURPOSES.	
12				
13 14		S	ıbtitle	
	ΠO	CLARIFY THE PENAI		
15				
16		ENSES IN THE CRIN		ID.
17			CRIMINAL OFFENSES; AN	
18			ORRECTIONS TO TITLE !)
19	OF	THE ARKANSAS CODE	E.	
20				
21				
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY	OF THE STATE OF ARK	ANSAS:
23			<	
24		kansas Code § 5-3	6-101 is amended to	add a new definition
25	to read as follows:	1		
26			tory control device"	
27	or other device desi			-
28	removal from a store			protected area
29	within a store or bu	<u>siness establishm</u>	ent.	
30				
31		-	6-102 is amended to	
32			enses <u>- Shoplifting</u>	
33	by deception presump			
34			in this chapter cons	-
35	offense embracing th	e separate offens	es known before Janu	ary 1, 1976, as:
36	(1) Lar	ceny;		



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- 1 (2) Embezzlement;
 - (3) False pretense;
- 3 (4) Extortion;
- 4 (5) Blackmail;
 - (6) Fraudulent conversion;
 - (7) Receiving stolen property; and

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7

(8) Other similar offenses.

8 (b) Notwithstanding the specification of a different manner in the 9 indictment or information, a criminal charge of theft may be supported by 10 evidence that it was committed in any manner that would be theft under this 11 chapter subject only to the power of the court to ensure a fair trial by 12 granting a continuance or other appropriate relief if the conduct of the 13 defense would be prejudiced by lack of fair notice or by surprise.

14 (c) The knowing concealment, upon an actor's person or the person of 15 another, of an unpurchased good or merchandise offered for sale by any store 16 or other business establishment, gives rise to a presumption that the actor 17 took the good or merchandise with the purpose of depriving the owner or 18 another person having an interest in the good or merchandise.

19 (d)(c) A person who is subject to 7 U.S.C. § 181 et seq. that obtains 20 livestock from a commission merchant by representing that the person will 21 make prompt payment is presumed to have obtained the livestock by deception 22 if the person fails to make payment in accordance with 7 U.S.C. § 228b.

23 (e)(1)(d)(1) The amount involved in a theft is deemed to be the 24 highest value, by any reasonable standard, of the property or service that 25 the actor obtained or attempted to obtain.

26 (2) An amount involved in a theft committed pursuant to one (1)
27 scheme or course of conduct, whether from one (1) or more persons, may be
28 aggregated in determining the grade of the offense.

29

30 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 5-36-116 is amended to read as follows:
 31 5-36-116. Shoplifting presumption - Detention and arrest of person
 32 under shoplifting presumption.

33 (a)(1) The knowing concealment by a person on his or her own person or

34 on the person of another of an unpurchased tangible personal property offered

35 *for sale by a store or business establishment gives rise to a presumption*

36 <u>that the person took the tangible personal property with the purpose of</u>

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1 2

3 $\frac{(a)(1)}{(2)(A)}$ A person engaging in conduct giving rise to a the 4 presumption under $\frac{5-36-102(c)}{c}$ subdivision (a)(1) of this section may be 5 detained in a reasonable manner and for a reasonable length of time by a law 6 enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment, 7 or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business establishment in 8 order that recovery of a good may be effected to ensure the recovery of the 9 tangible personal property. 10 (2) (B) The detention by a law enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment, or merchant's employee 11 12 or agent of the store or business establishment does not render the law 13 enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment, 14 or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business establishment 15 criminally or civilly liable for false arrest, false imprisonment, or 16 unlawful detention. 17 (b)(1) If sufficient notice has been posted to advise patrons that an 18 antishoplifting or inventory control device is being utilized, the activation 19 of an antishoplifting or inventory control device as a result of a person's 20 exiting an a store or business establishment or a protected area within the 21 store or business establishment constitutes reasonable cause for the 22 detention of the person so exiting by <u>a law enforcement officer</u>, the owner or 23 operator of the of the store or business establishment, or by an agent or 24 employee of the owner or operator. 25 (2) Any detention under subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall 26 be made only in a reasonable manner and only for a reasonable period of time 27 sufficient for any inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the activation 28 of the antishoplifting or inventory control device or for the recovery of a 29 good the tangible personal property offered for sale. (3) A detention under subdivision (b)(1) of this section by a 30 31 law enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment, or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business 32 33 establishment does not render the law enforcement officer, merchant owner of 34 the store or business establishment, or merchant's employee or agent of the 35 store or business establishment criminally or civilly liable for false arrest, false imprisonment, or unlawful detention. 36

depriving the owner of the store or business establishment or another person

having an interest in the tangible personal property.

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1	(c) As used in this section, "antishoplifting or inventory control
2	device" means a mechanism or other device designed and operated for the
3	purpose of detecting the removal from a mercantile establishment or similar
4	enclosure or from a protected area within a mercantile establishment or
5	similar enclosure.
6	(d)(1) Upon probable cause for believing a suspect has committed the
7	offense of shoplifting, a law enforcement officer may arrest the person
8	without a warrant.
9	(2) The<u>(</u>c) A law enforcement officer, merchant <u>owner of the store or</u>
10	business establishment, or merchant's employee or agent of the store or
11	business establishment who has observed the person accused of committing the
12	offense of shoplifting engaging in conduct giving rise to the presumption
13	under subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall provide a written statement
14	that serves as probable cause to justify the <u>an</u> arrest <u>if a law enforcement</u>
15	officer arrests the person for theft of property, § 5-36-103.
16	(3) The accused person shall be brought immediately before a
17	magistrate and afforded an opportunity to make a bond or recognizance as in
18	other criminal cases.
19	
20	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 5-36-115(a)-(e), concerning the offense of
21	theft of leased, rented, or entrusted property, is amended to read as
22	follows:
23	(a) A person is guilty of theft and subject to a punishment prescribed
24	by § 5-36-103 theft of leased, rented, or entrusted property if the person:
25	(1) Intentionally, fraudulently, Purposely, with a purpose to
26	defraud, or by false pretense takes, carries, leads, drives away, destroys,
27	sells, secretes, converts, or appropriates in any wrongful manner any
28	personal property of another person that is leased, rented, or entrusted to
29	the actor; or
30	(2) Falsely reports of his or her wealth or mercantile credit
31	and by the false report fraudulently obtains possession of personal property
32	or the labor or service of another person.
33	(b) The amount involved in the theft <u>theft of leased, rented, or</u>
34	······································
54	entrusted property is deemed to be the highest value by any reasonable
35	

1 (c) It is prima facie evidence of intent purpose to commit theft theft 2 of leased or rented property if a person who has leased or rented the 3 personal property of another person: 4 (1) Fails to return or make an arrangement acceptable with the 5 lessor to return the personal property to its the owner within five (5) days, 6 excluding Saturday, Sunday, or a state or federal holiday, after proper 7 notice following the expiration of the lease or rental agreement; or 8 (2) Presents identification to the lessor or renter of the 9 personal property that is false, fictitious, or not current with respect to 10 name, address, place of employment, or other appropriate item. 11 (d) Proper notice by the lessor or renter of the personal property 12 shall consist of a written demand addressed and mailed by certified or 13 registered mail to the lessee or rentee at the address given at the time of 14 making the lease or rental agreement. 15 (e) The following factors constitute an affirmative defense to prosecution for theft theft of leased or rented property: 16 17 (1) That the lessee or rentee accurately stated his or her name 18 and address at the time of <u>lease or</u> rental; 19 (2) That the lessee's or rentee's failure to return the item 20 personal property at the expiration date of the lease or rental contract 21 agreement was lawful; 22 (3) That the lessee or rentee failed to receive the lessor's or 23 renter's notice personally unless notice was waived; and 24 (4) That the lessee or rentee returned the personal property to 25 the owner or lessor lessor, renter, or owner within forty-eight (48) hours of the commencement of prosecution, together with any charges for the overdue 26 27 period and the value of damages to the personal property, if any. 28 29 SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 5-36-115, concerning the offense of theft 30 of leased, rented, or entrusted property, is amended to add a new subsection 31 to read as follows: (g) A violation of this section is a: 32 (1) Class B felony if: 33 34 (A) The value of the property, service, or labor is twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more; 35 36 (B) The property, service, or labor is obtained by the

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1	threat of serious physical injury to any person or destruction of the
2	occupiable structure of another person; or
3	(C) The property, service, or labor is obtained by threat
4	and the actor stands in a confidential or fiduciary relationship to the
5	person threatened;
6	(2) Class C felony if:
7	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is less
8	than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand
9	<u>dollars (\$5,000);</u>
10	(B) The property, service, or labor is obtained by threat;
11	(C) The property is a firearm valued at two thousand five
12	hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more; or
13	(D) The value of the property, service, or labor is five
14	hundred dollars (\$500) or more and the theft occurred in an area declared to
15	be under a state of emergency pursuant to proclamation by the President of
16	the United States, the Governor, or the executive officer of a city or
17	county;
18	(3) Class D felony if:
19	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is five
20	thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars
21	<u>(\$1,000);</u>
22	(B) The property is a firearm valued at less than two
23	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500);
24	(C) The value of the property, service, or labor is at
25	least one hundred dollars (\$100) or more but less than five hundred dollars
26	(\$500) and the theft occurred in an area declared to be under a state of
27	emergency pursuant to proclamation by the President of the United States, the
28	Governor, or the executive officer of a city or county;
29	(D) The property is livestock and the value of the
30	livestock is in excess of two hundred dollars (\$200); or
31	(E) The property is an electric power line, gas line,
32	water line, wire or fiber insulator, electric motor, or other similar
33	apparatus connected to a farm shop, on-farm grain drying and storage complex,
34	heating and cooling system, environmental control system, animal production
35	facility, irrigation system, or dwelling; or
36	(4) Class A misdemeanor if:

1	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is one
2	thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less; or
3	(B) The property has inherent, subjective, or
4	idiosyncratic value to its owner or possessor even if the property has no
5	market value or replacement cost.
6	
7	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 5-36-123 is amended to read as follows:
8	5-36-123. Theft of scrap metal.
9	(a) As used in this section:
10	(1) "Building material" means scrap metal used in the
11	construction or rebuilding of a building or a structure;
12	(2) "Costs of incidental damage" means the total amount of money
13	damages suffered by an owner of scrap metal as a direct result of the theft
14	of the scrap metal, including lost income, lost profits, and costs of repair
15	or replacement of property damage;
16	(3) "Incidental damage" means loss of income, loss of profit, or
17	property damage;
18	(4) "Permitted construction site" means the site of
19	construction, alteration, painting, or repair of a building or a structure
20	for which a building permit has been issued by a city of the first class, a
21	city of the second class, an incorporated town, or a county;
22	(5) "Public safety agency" means an agency of the State of
23	Arkansas or a functional division of a political subdivision that provides:
24	(A) Firefighting and rescue;
25	(B) Response to natural or human-caused disaster or a
26	major emergency;
27	(C) Law enforcement; or
28	(D) Ambulance or emergency medical services;
29	(6) "Public safety device" includes, but is not limited to, a
30	traffic-signaling device or a railroad-crossing device;
31	(7) "Scrap metal" means copper, copper alloy, copper utility
32	wire, any bronze, or any aluminum as described in § 17-44-101 et seq.;
33	(8) "Utility" means any person or entity providing to the public
34	gas, electricity, water, sewer, telephone, telegraph, radio, radio common
35	carrier, railway, railroad, cable and broadcast television, video, or
36	Internet services; and

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1	(9) "Utility property" means any component that is reasonably
2	necessary to provide utility services, including without limitation any wire,
3	pole, facility, machinery, tool, equipment, cable, insulator, switch, signal,
4	duct, fiber optic cable, conduit, plant, work, system, substation,
5	transmission or distribution structure, line, street lighting fixture,
6	generating plant, equipment, pipe, main, transformer, underground line, gas
7	compressor, meter, or any other building or structure or part of a building
, 8	or structure that a utility uses in the production or use of its services.
9	(a)(b) A person commits theft of scrap metal if he or she commits,
10	aids, or is an accomplice to a commission of theft of property under § 5-36-
10	103(a) and the property is scrap metal.
11	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the
12	
13	classification and penalty range for theft of serap metal is the same as theft of property under § 5-36-103(b).
14 15	
15	
	(1) Class B felony if:
17 18	(A) The value of the property is twenty-five thousand
10	<u>dollars (\$25,000) or more;</u>
	(B) The property is obtained by the threat of serious
20	physical injury to any person or destruction of the occupiable structure of
21 22	another person;
	(C) The property is obtained by threat and the actor
23	stands in a confidential or fiduciary relationship to the person threatened;
24 25	<u>or</u>
25 26	(D) The property is utility property and the value of the
26	property is five hundred dollars (\$500) or more;
27	(2) Class C felony if:
28	(A) The value of the property is less than twenty-five
29 20	thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000);
30	(B) The property is obtained by threat;
31	(C) The property is building material obtained from a
32	permitted construction site and the value of the building material is five
33	hundred dollars (\$500) or more; or
34 25	(D) The value of the property is five hundred dollars
35	(\$500) or more and the theft occurred in an area declared to be under a state
36	of emergency pursuant to proclamation by the President of the United States,

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1	the Governor, or the executive officer of a city or county;
2	(3) Class D felony if:
3	(A) The value of the property is five thousand dollars
4	(\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
5	(B) The value of the property is at least one hundred
6	dollars (\$100) but less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and the theft
7	occurred in an area declared to be under a state of emergency pursuant to
8	proclamation by the President of the United States, the Governor, or the
9	executive officer of a city or county; or
10	(C) The property is an apparatus connected to a farm shop,
11	on-farm grain drying and storage complex, heating and cooling system,
12	environmental control system, animal production facility, irrigation system,
13	or dwelling; or
14	(4) Class A misdemeanor if:
15	(A) The value of the property is one thousand dollars
16	(\$1,000) or less; or
17	(B) The property has inherent, subjective, or
18	idiosyncratic value to its owner or possessor even if the property has no
19	market value or replacement cost.
20	(d)(l) The penalty for theft of scrap metal is enhanced if, upon the
21	proclamation of a state of emergency by the President of the United States or
22	the Governor or upon the declaration of a local emergency by the executive
23	officer of any city or county and for a period of thirty (30) days following
24	that declaration, the property is:
25	(A) A generator intended for use by:
26	(i) A public facility;
27	(ii) A nursing home or hospital;
28	<u>(iii) An airport;</u>
29	(iv) A public safety device;
30	(v) A communication tower or facility;
31	(vi) A public utility;
32	(vii) A water system or sewer system;
33	(viii) A public safety agency; or
34	(ix) Any other facility or entity providing a vital
35	service; or
36	(B) Any other equipment used in the transmission of

9

1 electric power or telephone service. 2 (2) The penalty is enhanced as follows: 3 (A)(i) The fine for the offense shall be at least five 4 thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). 5 (ii) The fine is mandatory; and 6 (B) The offense is a Class D felony if it otherwise would 7 have been a Class A misdemeanor. 8 (e) Upon conviction of a person for theft of scrap metal, the 9 classification and penalty range $\frac{1}{100} = \frac{5-36-103}{100}$ shall be increased by one (1) classification if: 10 11 (1) The person caused incidental damage to the owner of the 12 scrap metal or the property of the owner of the scrap metal while committing 13 the theft of scrap metal and the costs of incidental damage were more than 14 two hundred fifty dollars (\$250); or 15 The person transported the scrap metal across state lines to (2) 16 sell or dispose of the scrap metal. 17 (d) As used in this section: 18 (1) "Costs of incidental damage" means the total amount of money 19 damages suffered by an owner of scrap metal as a direct result of the theft 20 of the scrap metal, including lost income, lost profits, and costs of repair 21 or replacement of property damage; 22 (2) "Incidental damage" means loss of income, loss of profit, or 23 property damage; and 24 (3) "Scrap metal" means copper, copper alloy, copper utility 25 wire, any bronze, or any aluminum as described in § 17-44-101 et seq. 26 27 SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 5-36-202 is amended to read as follows: 28 5-36-202. Theft of public benefits. 29 (a) A person commits theft of public benefits if the person: 30 (1) Obtains or retains a public benefit from the Department of 31 Human Services or any other state agency administering the distribution of a 32 public benefit: 33 (A) By means of any false statement, misrepresentation, or 34 impersonation; or 35 Through failure to disclose a material fact used in (B) 36 making a determination as to the person's qualification to receive a public

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1	benefit; or
2	(2) Receives, retains, or disposes of a public benefit knowing
3	or having reason to know that the public benefit was obtained in violation of
4	this subchapter.
5	(b) Presentation of false or fictitious information or failure to
6	disclose a material fact in the process of obtaining or retaining public
7	benefits is prima facie evidence of intent purpose to commit theft of public
8	benefits.
9	(c) Theft of public benefits is a:
10	(1) Class B felony if the value of the public benefit is two
11	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more;
12	(2) Class C felony if the value of the public benefit is less
13	than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) but more than five hundred
14	<u>dollars (\$500); or</u>
15	(3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the public benefit is
16	<u>five hundred dollars (\$500) or less.</u>
17	(d) In addition to an extended term of imprisonment provided by § 5-4-
18	501 for a habitual offender, any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere
19	to or is found guilty of violating this section shall be imprisoned:
20	(1) For no less than seven (7) days for a second offense
21	occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense;
22	(2) For no less than ninety (90) days for a third offense
23	occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense; and
24	(3) For at least one (1) year for a fourth or subsequent offense
25	occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense.
26	(e) In addition to restitution, any person who pleads guilty or nolo
27	contendere to or is found guilty of violating this section shall be fined no
28	less than:
29	(1) One hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for the first offense;
30	(2) Four hundred dollars (\$400) for a second offense occurring
31	within five (5) years of a prior offense; and
32	(3) Nine hundred dollars (\$900) for a third or subsequent
33	offense occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense.
34	
35	SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 5-36-203, concerning penalties for theft of
36	public benefits and recodified elsewhere in this act, is repealed.

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1
          5-36-203. Penalties.
 2
           Theft of public benefits is a:
 3
                 (1) Class B felony if the value of the public benefit is two
 4
    thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or more;
 5
                 (2) Class C felony if the value of the public benefit is less
 6
    than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) but more than five hundred
 7
    dollars ($500); or
8
                 (3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the public benefit is
9
     five hundred dollars ($500) or less.
10
           SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 5-36-204, concerning imprisonment and fines
11
12
     for theft of public benefits and recodified elsewhere in this act, is
13
    repealed.
14
          5-36-204. Terms of imprisonment - Fines.
15
          (a) In addition to an extended term of imprisonment provided by § 5-4-
16
    501 for a habitual offender, any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere
17
    or is found guilty of violating § 5-36-202(a) shall be imprisoned:
18
                 (1) For no less than seven (7) days for the second offense of
19
    any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203 occurring within five (5)
20
    years of the first offense of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-
21
    203;
22
                 (2) For no less than ninety (90) days for a third offense of any
    felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203 occurring within five (5) years
23
24
    of the first offense of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203;
25
    and
26
                 (3) For at least one (1) year for a fourth or subsequent offense
    of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203 occurring within five
27
28
    (5) years of the first offense of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-
    36-203.
29
          (b) In addition to restitution, any person who pleads guilty or nolo
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    contendere or is found guilty of a felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-
31
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    203 shall be fined no less than:
33
                 (1) One hundred fifty dollars ($150) for the first offense;
                 (2) Four hundred dollars ($400) for a second offense occurring
34
35
    within five (5) years of the first offense; and
36
                 (3) Nine hundred dollars ($900) for a third or subsequent
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offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense.

2 3

SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 5-37-302 is amended to read as follows: 5-37-302. Unlawful acts.

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(a) It is unlawful for any person:

6 (1) To procure any article or thing of value or to secure 7 possession of any personal property to which a lien has attached or to make 8 payment of rent or to make payment of a child support payment or to make 9 payment of any taxes, licenses, or fees, or any fine or court costs, or for 10 any other purpose to make or draw or utter or deliver, with the intent to 11 defraud, any check, draft, order, or any other form of presentment involving 12 the transmission of account information for the payment of money upon any in-13 state or out-of-state bank, person, firm, or corporation, knowing at the time 14 of such making, drawing, uttering, or delivering that the maker or drawer has 15 not sufficient funds in, or on deposit with, such bank, person, firm, or 16 corporation for the payment of such check, draft, order, or other form of 17 presentment involving the transmission of account information in full, and 18 any other check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving the 19 transmission of account information upon such funds then outstanding;

20 (2) To make, draw, utter, or deliver or to cause or direct the 21 making, drawing, uttering, or delivering of any check, draft, order, or any 22 other form of presentment involving the transmission of account information 23 for the payment of money on any in-state or out-of-state bank, person, firm, 24 or corporation in payment of wages or salaries for personal services 25 rendered, knowing that the maker, drawer, or payor does not have sufficient 26 funds in or on deposit with such bank, person, firm, or corporation for the 27 payment in full of such check, draft, order, or other form of presentment 28 involving the transmission of account information as well as any other then-29 outstanding check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving the 30 transmission of account information upon such funds, and with no good reason 31 to believe the check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving 32 the transmission of account information would be paid upon presentation to 33 the person or bank upon which same was drawn; or

34 (3) After he or she has made, drawn, uttered, or delivered a
35 check, draft, order, or any other form of presentment involving the
36 transmission of account information for the payment of money upon any in-

1 state or out-of-state bank, to withdraw or cause to be withdrawn, with intent 2 to defraud, the funds or any part of the funds that have been deposited in 3 the bank before presentment of the check, draft, order, or any other form of 4 presentment involving the transmission of account information for payment, without leaving sufficient funds in the bank for payment in full of the 5 6 check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving the transmission 7 of account information and any other check, draft, or order upon the funds 8 then outstanding. (b)(1) Upon a determination of guilt of a person under this section, 9 10 in the event that the order, draft, check, or other form of presentment 11 involving the transmission of account information is one thousand dollars 12 (\$1,000) or less, the penalties shall be as follows: (A) For a first offense, the person is guilty of an 13 unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than fifty 14 dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment in 15 the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed thirty (30) 16 17 days, or both; 18 (B) For a second offense, the person is guilty of an 19 unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than one 20 hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed 21 22 ninety (90) days, or both; and 23 (C) For a third or subsequent offense, the person is guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less 24 25 than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to 26 27 exceed one (1) year, or both. 28 (2) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments 29 or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on a nonexistent account is a Clas<u>s B felony if</u>: 30 (A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is 31 32 twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more; or 33 (B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been 34 drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an amount less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), and the total amount 35 36 of all such instruments or transactions is twenty-five thousand dollars

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1	<u>(\$25,000) or more.</u>
2	(3) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
3	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
4	<u>is a Class C felony if:</u>
5	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
6	less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand
7	<u>dollars (\$5,000); or</u>
8	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
9	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
10	amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less, and the total amount of all
11	such instruments or transactions is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
12	(4) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
13	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
14	is a Class D felony if:
15	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
16	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars
17	<u>(\$1,000); or</u>
18	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
19	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
20	amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, and the total amount of all
21	such instruments or transactions is more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
22	(5) Under subdivision (b)(2)(B), subdivision (b)(3)(B), and
23	subdivision (b)(4)(B) of this section, each instrument or transaction may be
24	added together in a single prosecution.
25	
26	SECTION 11. Arkansas Code § 5-37-305 is amended to read as follows:
27	5-37-305. Penalties Restitution and court costs.
28	(a) Upon a determination of guilt of a person under § 5-37-302, in the
29	event that the order, draft, check, or other form of presentment involving
30	the transmission of account information is one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or
31	less, the penalties shall be as follows:
32	(1) For a first offense, the person is guilty of an unclassified
33	misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00)
34	nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment in the county jail
35	or regional detention facility not to exceed thirty (30) days, or both;
36	(2) For a second offense, the person is guilty of an

15

1	unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than one
2	hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or
3	imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed
4	ninety (90) days, or both; and
5	(3) For a third or subsequent offense, the person is guilty of
6	an unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than two
7	hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or
8	imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed
9	one (1) year, or both.
10	(b)(1) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments or
11	transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on a nonexistent account is
12	a Class B felony if:
13	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
14	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more; or
15	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
16	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
17	amount less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), and the total amount
18	of all such instruments or transactions is twenty-five thousand dollars
19	(\$25,000) or more.
20	(2) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
21	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
22	is a Class C felony if:
23	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
24	less than twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand
25	dollars (\$5,000); or
26	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
27	drawn within a ninety day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
28	amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less, and the total amount of all
29	such instruments or transactions is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
30	(3) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
31	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
32	is a Class D felony if:
33	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
34	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars
35	(\$1,000); or
36	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been

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1	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
2	amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, and the total amount of all
3	such instruments or transactions is more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
4	(4) Under subdivisions (b)(1)(B), (b)(2)(B), and (b)(3)(B) of
5	this section, each instrument or transaction may be added together in a
6	single prosecution.
7	(c)(l) (a) Any court passing sentence upon a person convicted of any
8	offense under §§ 5-37-301 — 5-37-306 <u>the Arkansas Hot Check Law, § 5-37-301</u>
9	et seq., may also order the person to make full restitution to the plaintiff
10	or complaining party.
11	(2)(b) All court costs may be taxed to the convicted defendant.
12	
13	SECTION 12. Arkansas Code § 5-37-402, concerning the offense of theft
14	of communication services, is amended to add new subsections to read as
15	follows:
16	(c)(l) A person who violates subdivision (a)(l) or subdivision (a)(2)
17	of this section upon conviction is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
18	(2) A person who violates one (1) or more of subdivisions
19	(a)(3)-(6) of this section upon conviction is guilty of a Class D felony.
20	(3) An offense under this section is a Class C felony if:
21	(A) The defendant has been convicted previously on two (2)
22	or more occasions for an offense under this subchapter or for any similar
23	crime in this state or any federal or other state jurisdiction; or
24	(B) The violation of this subchapter involves possession
25	of more than fifty (50) communication devices or unlawful access devices.
26	(d) The penalty for an offense under this section when based upon a
27	prior conviction includes without limitation a felony offense involving theft
28	of service or fraud under this subchapter or a violation of the Cable
29	Communications Policy Act of 1984, Pub. L. No. 98-549, as in effect on March
30	<u>1, 2003.</u>
31	(e) The court shall sentence a person convicted of violating this
32	subchapter to make restitution as authorized by law, in addition to any other
33	sentence authorized by law.
34	(f) Upon conviction of a defendant under this section, the court may
35	direct that the defendant forfeit any communication device or unlawful access
36	device in the defendant's possession or control that was involved in the

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1	violation for which the defendant was convicted, in addition to any other
2	sentence authorized by law.
3	
4	SECTION 13. Arkansas Code § 5-37-403, concerning the penalties for
5	theft of communications services and recodifed elsewhere in this act, is
6	repealed.
7	5-37-403. Penalties.
8	(a)(1) Upon conviction, any person violating a provision of § 5-37-
9	402(a)(1) or (2) is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
10	(2) Upon conviction, any person violating a provision of § 5-37-
11	402(a)(3)-(6) is guilty of a Class D felony.
12	(3) An offense under this subchapter is a Class C felony if:
13	(A) The defendant has been convicted previously on two (2)
14	or more occasions for an offense under this subchapter or for any similar
15	erime in this state or any federal or other state jurisdiction; or
16	(B) The violation of this subchapter involves possession
17	of more than fifty (50) communication devices or unlawful access devices.
18	(b) The penalty for an offense under this section when based upon a
19	prior conviction, includes, but is not limited to, a felony offense involving
20	theft of service or fraud under this subchapter or a violation of the Cable
21	Communications Policy Act of 1984, Pub. L. No. 98-549, 98 Stat. 2779, as in
22	effect on March 1, 2003.
23	(c) The court shall sentence a person convicted of violating this
24	subchapter to make restitution as authorized by law, in addition to any other
25	sentence authorized by law.
26	(d) Upon conviction of a defendant under this subchapter, the court
27	may direct that the defendant forfeit any communication device or unlawful
28	access device in the defendant's possession or control that was involved in
29	the violation for which the defendant was convicted, in addition to any other
30	sentence authorized by law.
31	
32	SECTION 14. Arkansas Code § 5-62-202, concerning definitions for
33	criminal offenses involving farm animal and research facilities, is amended
34	to add a new subdivision to read as follows:
35	(9) "Notice" means:
36	(A) Oral or written communication by the owner or a person with

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1 apparent authority to act for the owner; 2 (B) Fencing or other enclosure obviously designed to exclude 3 persons or to contain animals; or 4 (C) A sign or signs posted on property or at the entrance to a 5 building, reasonably likely to come to the attention of a person, indicating 6 that entry is forbidden. 7 8 SECTION 15. Arkansas Code § 5-62-203 is amended to read as follows: 9 5-62-203. Offenses. (a)(1) A person commits an offense if, without the effective consent 10 11 of the owner, the person acquires or otherwise exercises control over an 12 animal facility, an animal from an animal facility, or other property from an 13 animal facility, with the intent purpose to: 14 (1)(A) Deprive the owner of the animal facility, animal, 15 or property; and 16 (2) (B) Disrupt or damage the enterprise conducted at the 17 animal facility. 18 (b) (2) A person commits an offense if, without the effective 19 consent of the owner and with the intent purpose to disrupt or damage the 20 enterprise conducted at the animal facility, the person damages or destroys: 21 (1)(A) An animal facility; or 22 (2) (B) Any animal or property in or on an animal facility. 23 (c)(3) A person commits an offense if, without the effective 24 consent of the owner and with the intent purpose to disrupt or damage the 25 enterprise conducted at the animal facility, the person: 26 (1)(A) Enters an animal facility, not then open to the 27 public, with the intent purpose to commit an act prohibited by this section; 28 (2)(B) Remains concealed, with the intent purpose to 29 commit an act prohibited by this section, in an animal facility; or 30 (3)(C) Enters an animal facility and commits or attempts 31 to commit an act prohibited by this section. 32 (d)(1)(4) A person commits an offense if, without the effective 33 consent of the owner and with the intent purpose to disrupt or damage the 34 enterprise conducted at the animal facility, the person: 35 (A) Enters or remains in an animal facility; and 36 (B) Had notice that the entry was forbidden or received

19

1	notice to depart but failed to depart.
2	(2) As used in this subsection, "notice" means:
3	(A) Oral or written communication by the owner or someone
4	with apparent authority to act for the owner;
5	(B) Fencing or other enclosure obviously designed to
6	exclude intruders or to contain animals; or
7	(C) A sign or signs posted on the property or at the
8	entrance to the building, reasonably likely to come to the attention of
9	intruders, indicating that entry is forbidden.
10	(b) A person who violates this section upon conviction is guilty of a
11	<u>Class D felony.</u>
12	(c) A person convicted of violating this section shall be ordered to
13	make restitution to the animal facility in the full amount of the reasonable
14	<u>cost of:</u>
15	(1) Replacing materials, data, equipment, or animals, and
16	records that may have been damaged or cannot be returned; and
17	(2) Repeating any experimentation that may have been interrupted
18	or invalidated as a result of the violation.
19	(d) This subchapter does not affect any other right of a person that
20	has been damaged by reason of a violation of this subchapter.
21	
22	SECTION 16. Arkansas Code § 5-62-204, concerning the penalties for
23	violating certain offenses involving farm animals and research facilities and
24	recodified elsewhere in this act, is repealed.
25	5-62-204. Penalties.
26	(a) Any person who violates any provision of this subchapter is deemed
27	guilty of a Class D felony.
28	(b) Any persons convicted of violating any provision of this
29	subchapter shall be ordered to make restitution to the animal facility in the
30	full amount of the reasonable cost of:
31	(1) Replacing materials, data, equipment, or animals, and
32	records that may have been damaged or cannot be returned; and
33	(2) Repeating any experimentation that may have been interrupted
34	or invalidated as a result of the violation.
35	(c) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to affect any other
36	right of a person that has been damaged by reason of a violation of this

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1
     subchapter.
 2
 3
           SECTION 17. Arkansas Code § 5-63-302 is amended to read as follows:
 4
           5-63-302. Debt adjusting - Prohibition.
 5
           (a) No person A person shall not engage in, or offer to or attempt to
 6
     engage in, the business or practice of debt adjusting in this state.
 7
           (b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is a Class A
8
     misdemeanor.
9
10
           SECTION 18. Arkansas Code § 5-63-304, concerning the penalties for
11
     debt adjusting and recodifed elsewhere in this act, is repealed.
12
           5-63-304. Debt adjusting - Penalties.
13
           Any person who acts or offers to act as a debt adjuster in this state
14
     is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
15
16
           SECTION 19. Arkansas Code § 5-68-502 is amended to read as follows:
17
           5-68-502. Unlawful acts Selling, loaning, or displaying pornography to
18
     minors.
19
           (a) It is unlawful for any person, including, but not limited to,
20
     without limitation any person having custody, control, or supervision of any
21
     commercial establishment, to knowingly:
22
                 (1)(A) Display material that is harmful to minors in such a way
23
     that the material is exposed to the view of a minor as part of the invited
24
     general public.
25
                       (B) However, a person is deemed not to have displayed
26
     material harmful to minors if:
27
                             (i) The material is kept behind devices commonly
28
     known as "blinder racks" so that the lower two-thirds (2/3) of the material
29
     is not exposed to view; or
30
                             (ii) Material harmful to minors is not contained on
31
     the front cover, back cover, or binding of the displayed material;
32
                 (2)(A) Sell, furnish, present, distribute, allow to view, or
33
     otherwise disseminate to a minor with or without consideration any material
     that is harmful to minors.
34
35
                       (B) However, the prohibition under subdivision (2)(\Lambda)
36
     (a)(2)(A) of this section does not apply to any dissemination:
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1 (i) By a parent, guardian, or relative within the third degree or of consanguinity of the minor; or 2 3 (ii) With the consent of a parent or guardian of the 4 minor; or 5 (3)(A) Present to a minor or participate in presenting to a 6 minor with or without consideration any performance that is harmful to 7 minors. 8 (B) However, the prohibition under subdivision $(3)(\Lambda)$ 9 (a)(3)(A) of this section does not apply to any dissemination: 10 (i) By a parent, guardian, or relative within the 11 third degree of consanguinity to the minor; or 12 (ii) With the consent of a parent or guardian of the 13 minor. 14 (b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is a Class B 15 misdemeanor. 16 17 SECTION 20. Arkansas Code § 5-68-503, concerning the penalties for 18 selling or loaning pornography to minors and recodified elsewhere in this 19 act, is repealed. 20 5-68-503. Penalties. 21 Any person violating any provision of this subchapter is guilty of a 22 Class B misdemeanor. 23 24 SECTION 21. Arkansas Code § 6-17-414(b)(29), concerning offenses which 25 will make a person ineligible to be employed by a educational entity, is 26 amended to read as follows: 27 (29) Felony theft as prohibited in \$ 5-36-103 - 5-36-106 and \$5-36-203 5-36-202; 28 29 30 /s/D. Johnson 31 32 33 APPROVED: 04/08/2015 34 35 36