1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H2/9/15		
2	90th General Assembly	A Bill		
3	Regular Session, 2015		HOUSE BILL 1115	
4				
5	By: Representatives Lowery, Hickerson, Petty			
6				
7	For An Act To Be Entitled			
8	AN ACT TO CREATE THE PARENT-CHILD RELATIONSHIP			
9	PROTECTION ACT; TO PROVIDE FACTORS FOR A COURT TO			
10	CONSIDER WHEN DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT A CHANGE OF			
11	A CHILD'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE IS IN THE BEST			
12	INTEREST OF THE CHILD; TO REQUIRE THE CUSTODIAL			
13	PARENT TO	PROVE THE CHANGE OF A CHILD'S PR	INCIPAL	
14	PLACE OF R	RESIDENCE IS IN THE BEST INTEREST	OF THE	
15	CHILD; AND	FOR OTHER PURPOSES.		
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17				
18		Subtitle		
19	TO CH	REATE THE PARENT-CHILD RELATIONS	HIP	
20	PROTE	ECTION ACT; TO PROVIDE FACTORS FO	OR A	
21	COURT TO CONSIDER WHEN DETERMINING			
22	WHETHER OR NOT A CHANGE OF A CHILD'S			
23	PRINC	CIPAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE IS IN TH	HE	
24	CHILI	D'S BEST INTEREST.		
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26				
27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF	ARKANSAS:	
28				
29	SECTION 1. Arka	ansas Code Title 9, Chapter 13, i	s amended to add an	
30	additional subchapter to read as follows:			
31		Subchapter 5		
32	Parent-Child Relationship Protection Act			
33	9-13-501. Title.			
34	This subchapter shall be known as the "Parent-Child Relationship			
35	Protection Act."			
36				

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1	9-13-502. Definitions.
2	As used in this subchapter:
3	(1) "Change of principal residence" means a change of residence
4	of a child whose custody has been determined by a prior court order and with
5	the intent that the child will reside at the residence more than forty-five
6	(45) days; and
7	(2) "Principal residence of a child" means:
8	(A) The residence designated by a court order to be the
9	principal residence of the child;
10	(B) In the absence of a court order, the residence of the
11	child that the parents have expressly agreed in writing will be the principal
12	residence of the child; or
13	(C) In the absence of a court order or an express
14	agreement in written form of the parents of the child determining the
15	principal residence of the child, the principal residence of the child is as
16	follows:
17	(i) The residence at which the child resided with a
18	custodial parent for six (6) consecutive months; or
19	(ii) The residence at which the child resided from
20	birth with a custodial parent, when the child is younger than six (6) months
21	of age.
22	
23	9-13-503. Petition to change principal residence.
24	(a) The relocating custodial parent shall file a petition to change
25	the principal residence of a child when the intended new principal residence
26	of the child is more than sixty (60) miles from the primary residence of the
27	child.
28	(b) The petition to change the principal place of residence of the
29	child filed by the custodial parent shall include the following information,
30	if known:
31	(1) The intended new residence, including the specific street
32	address;
33	(2) The mailing address, if not the same as the street address;
34	(3) The telephone number or numbers at the new residence;
35	(4) If applicable, the name, address, and telephone number of
36	the school to be attended by the child;

(5) The date of the intended change of principal residence of 1 2 the child; 3 (6) A statement of the specific reasons for the proposed change 4 of principal residence of the child; 5 (7) A proposal for a revised schedule of custody of or 6 visitation with the child, if any; and 7 (8) A warning to the non-relocating parent that an objection to 8 the relocation must be made within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice 9 or relocation will be permitted. 10 (c) Notice of the petition to change the principal residence of the 11 child shall be given in accordance with the Arkansas Rules of Civil 12 Procedure. (d) The relocating custodial parent has a continuing duty under this 13 section to provide the information required under subsection (b) of this 14 15 section as that information becomes known. 16 (e) The relocating custodial parent of the child may change the 17 principal place of residence of the child after providing the notice of the 18 petition to change the principal place of residence of the child in 19 accordance with this section if the non-relocating parent who is entitled to 20 joint custody of or visitation with the child does not object to the petition within thirty (30) days' notice of the intent to change the principal place 21 22 of residence. 23 24 9-13-504. Burden of proof and factors to consider — Relocation of 25 principal place of residence. 26 (a)(1) The relocating custodial parent has the initial burden of 27 proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the relocation of the principal place of residence of the child is in the best interest of the 28 child. 29 30 (2) If the burden of proof set forth in this subsection is met, the burden of proof shifts to the non-relocating parent that the relocation 31 32 of the principal place of residence is not in the best interest of the child. (b) The court may consider all relevant factors when determining 33 whether or not relocation of the principal place of residence of the child is 34 in the best interest of the child, including without limitation the 35 36 following:

1	(1) The nature, quality, extent of involvement, and duration of		
2	the relationship of the child with the relocating custodial parent and with		
3	the non-relocating parent, siblings, and other significant persons in the		
4	<pre>child's life;</pre>		
5	(2) The age, developmental stage, needs of the child, and the		
6	likely impact the relocation of the principal place of residence will have or		
7	the child's physical, educational, and emotional development;		
8	(3) The feasibility of preserving a good relationship between		
9	the non-relocating parent and the child through suitable physical custody or		
10	visitation arrangements, considering the logistics and financial		
11	circumstances of the parents;		
12	(4) The child's views about the proposed relocation, taking into		
13	consideration the age and maturity of the child;		
14	(5) Whether or not there is an established pattern of conduct by		
15	either parent, either to promote or thwart the relationship of the child and		
16	the other parent;		
17	(6) How the relocation of the principal place of residence of		
18	the child will affect the general quality of life for the child, including		
19	but not limited to financial or emotional benefit and educational		
20	opportunity;		
21	(7) The reasons of each parent for seeking or opposing the		
22	relocation of the principal residence of the child;		
23	(8) The current employment and economic circumstances of each		
24	parent and how the proposed relocation of the principal residence of the		
25	child may affect the circumstances of the child;		
26	(9) The extent to which the non-relocating parent has fulfilled		
27	his or her financial obligations to the relocating custodial parent,		
28	including child support, spousal support, and other support obligations;		
29	(10) The feasibility of a relocation by the objecting parent;		
30	(11) A history of substance abuse, harassment, or violence by		
31	either parent, including a consideration of the severity of the conduct and		
32	the failure or success of any attempts at rehabilitation; and		
33	(12) Any other factors affecting the best interest of the child.		
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35	9-13-505. Change of custody.		
36	(a) Upon the entry of a temporary order or upon final judgment		

1 permitting the change of principal place of residence of a child, a court may

- 2 <u>consider a proposed change of principal place of residence of a child as a</u>
- 3 <u>factor to support a change of custody of the child when the change of</u>
- 4 custody is in the best interest of the child.
- 5 (b) The court may consider all relevant factors when determining
- 6 whether or not a proposed or actual change of principal place of residence of
- 7 a child should cause a change in custody, including without limitation the
- 8 following:
- 9 (1) The nature, quality, extent of involvement, and duration of
- 10 the child's relationship with the relocating custodial parent, non-relocating
- 11 parent, siblings, and other significant persons or institutions in the
- 12 <u>child's life;</u>
- 13 (2) The age, developmental stage, needs of the child, and the
- 14 <u>likely impact the change of principal place of residence of the child will</u>
- 15 <u>have on the child's physical, educational, and emotional development, taking</u>
- 16 <u>into consideration any special needs of the child;</u>
- 17 (3) The increase in travel time for the child created by the
- 18 change in principal place of residence of the child or a parent entitled to
- 19 joint custody of or visitation with the child;
- 20 <u>(4) The availability and cost of alternate means of</u>
- 21 communication between the child and the non-relocating parent;
- 22 (5) The feasibility of preserving the relationship between the
- 23 non-relocating parent and the child through suitable visitation arrangements,
- 24 considering the logistics and financial circumstances of the parties;
- 25 <u>(6) The preference of the child, taking into consideration the</u>
- 26 age and maturity of the child;
- 27 (7) The degree to which a change or proposed change of the
- 28 principal place of residence of the child will result in uprooting the child
- 29 as compared to the degree to which a modification of the custody of the child
- 30 will result in uprooting the child;
- 31 <u>(8) The extent to which custody and visitation rights have been</u>
- 32 allowed and exercised;
- 33 (9) Whether or not there is an established pattern of conduct of
- 34 the custodial relocating parent seeking to change the principal residence of
- 35 a child, either to promote or thwart the relationship of the child and the
- 36 <u>non-relocating parent;</u>

1	(10) Whether or not the custodial relocating parent seeking to			
2	change the principal place of residence of a child, once out of the			
3	jurisdiction, is likely to comply with any new visitation arrangement and the			
4	disposition of that parent to foster a joint parenting arrangement with the			
5	non-relocating parent;			
6	(11) Whether or not the relocation of the child will enhance the			
7	general quality of life for both the relocating custodial parent seeking the			
8	change of principal place of residence of the child and the child, including			
9	but not limited to, financial or emotional benefit or educational			
10	opportunities;			
11	(12) Whether or not a support system is available in the area of			
12	the proposed new residence of the child, especially in the event of an			
13	emergency or disability to the relocating custodial parent;			
14	(13) Whether or not the proposed new residence of a child is to			
15	a foreign country whose public policy does not normally enforce the			
16	visitation rights of non-custodial parents, which does not have an adequately			
17	functioning legal system, or which otherwise presents a substantial risk of			
18	specific and serious harm to the child;			
19	(14) The stability of the separate family units of the			
20	relocating custodial parent and the non-relocating parent;			
21	(15) The reasons of each parent for seeking or opposing a change			
22	of principal residence of a child;			
23	(16) Evidence relating to a history of domestic violence or			
24	child abuse; and			
25	(17) Any other factor that in the opinion of the court is			
26	material to the general issue or otherwise provided by law.			
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