- 1 SB60
- 2 181768-2
- 3 By Senator Allen
- 4 RFD: Governmental Affairs
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-17
- 6 PFD: 02/06/2017

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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would establish the Alabama
9		Memorial Preservation Act of 2017.
10		This bill would prohibit the relocation,
11		removal, alteration, renaming, or other disturbance
12		of monuments located on public property which have
13		been in place for 50 or more years
14		This bill would prohibit, and provide a
15		mechanism for, the relocation, removal, alteration,
16		renaming, or other disturbance of monuments located
17		on public property and which have been in place for
18		less than 50 years.
19		This bill would prohibit any person from
20		preventing the governmental entity responsible for
21		maintaining the a monument from taking proper
22		measures to protect, preserve, care for, repair, or
23		restore the monuments.
24		This bill would restrict the renaming of a
25		county, municipality, school, street, bridge,
26		building, park, preserve, or reserve which is
27		located on public property.

This bill would create the Permanent Joint

Committee on Alabama Monument Protection and would

provide for the membership and duties of the

committee, including the granting of waivers.

This bill would provide for the levy of fines for violations of the waiver process.

This bill would also provide for exemptions.

9 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

11 AN ACT

To create the Alabama Memorial Preservation Act of 2017; to prohibit the relocation, removal, alteration, renaming, or other disturbance of monuments located on public property which have been in place for 50 or more years; to provide a mechanism for the relocation, removal, alteration, renaming, or other disturbance of monuments located on public property which have been in place for less than 50 years; to prohibit any person from preventing the governmental entity responsible for maintaining the monuments from taking proper measures to protect, preserve, care for, repair, or restore the monuments; to restrict the renaming of a county, municipality, school, street, bridge, building, park, preserve, or reserve which is located on public property; to create the Permanent Joint Committee on Alabama Monument Protection; to provide for the membership of the committee; to

provide for the duties of the committee; to authorize the
committee to grant waivers; to provide for the levy of fines
for violations of the waiver process; to exempt certain art
and artifacts, the Department of Transportation, local
governments, universities, and utilities under certain limited
circumstances; and to amend Section 11-40-7, Code of Alabama
1975, relating to the renaming of a municipality, to provide
for application of this act.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Alabama Memorial Preservation Act of 2017.

Section 2. For the purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) ALABAMA MEMORIAL MONUMENT. A monument which has been in place for at least 50 years.
- (2) COMMITTEE. The Permanent Joint Committee on Alabama Monument Protection created by this act.
- (3) MONUMENT. A statue or marker intended at the time of dedication to be a permanent memorial to an event, a person, a group, a movement, or military service that is part of the history of the state. For the purposes of this act, a monument includes schools, streets, bridges, buildings, parks, preserves, or reserves located on public property and erected for, or named, or dedicated in honor of an event, a person, a group, a movement, or military service. For the purposes of this act, a monument does not include signed bearing historical or interpretive text, commonly known as a

1 "historical marker" or "wayside exhibit," or portraits or 2 plaques installed by temporary means.

(4) PUBLIC PROPERTY. All property owned or leased by the State of Alabama; any county, municipal, or metropolitan government in the state; or any other entity created by act of the Legislature to perform any public function.

Section 3. No Alabama memorial monument may be relocated, removed, altered, renamed, or otherwise disturbed.

Section 4. (a) No monument which is located on public property and has been so situated for less than 50 years may be relocated, removed, altered, renamed, or otherwise disturbed except as provided in Section 7.

- (b) No school, street, bridge, building, park, preserve, or reserve which is located on public property and has been erected for, or named or dedicated in honor of, an event, a person, a group, a movement, or military service and has held such status for less than 50 years may be renamed, except as provided in Section 7.
- (c) No county or municipality which has been named in honor of a person, a group, a movement, or military service and has held such status for less than 50 years may be renamed, except as provided in Section 7.

Section 5. No person may prevent the governmental entity having responsibility for maintaining any of the monuments described in subsection (a) of Section 4 from taking proper and appropriate measures, and exercising proper and

appropriate means, for the protection, preservation, care, repair, or restoration of those monuments.

- Section 6. (a) There is created the Permanent Joint

  Committee on Alabama Monument Protection.
  - (b) The membership of the committee shall be appointed and reappointed at the beginning of each legislative quadrennium. The appointing authorities shall coordinate their appointments to assure committee membership is inclusive and reflects the racial, gender, geographic, urban, rural, and economic diversity of the state. The membership of the committee shall include all of the following:
  - (1) Five members of the general public, appointed by the Governor.
  - (2) Two members of the Legislature, appointed by the Lieutenant Governor.
  - (3) One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives from the membership of the House of Representatives.
  - (4) One member appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate from the membership of the Senate.
  - (c) At the organizational meeting of the committee, the membership of the committee shall select a chair and a vice chair. The chair of the committee may create advisory subcommittees and appoint members thereto, which may include members of the committee, representatives from governmental agencies, and members of the public with interest and expertise in the objectives of the committee. The committee

shall create no more than two active advisory subcommittees at any given time unless the committee votes unanimously for additional subcommittees.

- (d) The committee shall thereafter meet at the call of the chair or any majority of the members thereof; provided, that the committee shall meet at least once each quadrennium. The committee shall have a continuing existence and may meet, act, and conduct its business at any place within this state during the sessions of the Legislature or any recess thereof, and in the interim period between sessions.
- (e) The committee shall perform all duties prescribed by this act.
- (f) Each legislative member of the committee or any subcommittee, if created, shall be entitled to the legislative compensation, per diem, and travel as provided in Amendment 871 to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 49.01 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

Section 7. (a) (1) Any entity exercising control of public property on which a monument is located may petition the committee for a waiver from subsection (a) of Section 4 through an application including, at a minimum, all of the following:

a. A resolution by the controlling entity seeking a waiver for the relocation, removal, alteration, renaming, or other disturbance of the monument, and the reasons therefor.

b. Written documentation of the monument's origin,

the intent of the sponsoring entity at the time of dedication,

and any subsequent alteration, renaming, or other disturbance

of the monument.

- c. Written commentary from any heritage, historical, genealogical, or preservation organizations with interest in the controlling entity's decision, and from the general public.
- d. A written statement of any facts that were not known at the time of the monument's origin but are known now that the committee should consider in granting the waiver. In the absence of such facts, the committee should seek to preserve the monument as it was at the time of the dedication of the monument.
- (2) If the committee grants a waiver, it may provide reasonable conditions and instructions to ensure that the monument is preserved to the greatest extent possible.
- (b) Any entity exercising control of public property on which a school, street, bridge, building, park, preserve, or reserve is located may petition the committee for a waiver from subsection (b) of Section 4 through an application including, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) A resolution by the controlling entity seeking a waiver for the renaming of the school, street, bridge, building, park, preserve, or reserve, and the reasons therefor.

1 (2) Written documentation of the circumstances of 2 the prior naming or dedication of the school, street, bridge, 3 building, park, preserve, or reserve.

- (3) Written commentary from any heritage, historical, genealogical, or preservation organizations with interest in the controlling entity's decision, and from the general public.
- (c) Any county or municipality may petition the committee for a waiver from subsection (c) of Section 4 through an application including, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) A resolution by the county or municipality seeking a waiver for the renaming of the county or municipality, and the reasons therefor.
- (2) Written documentation of the circumstances of the prior naming of the county or municipality.
- (3) Written commentary from any heritage, historical, genealogical, or preservation organizations with interest in the decision of the county or municipality, and from the general public.
- (d) If the Attorney General determines that an entity exercising control of public property has removed a protected monument from that public property without first obtaining a waiver from the committee pursuant to this section, the entity shall be fined one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for each violation. The fine shall be collected by the Attorney General, forwarded by his or her

office to the State Treasurer, and deposited into the State

General Fund.

Section 8. This act does not apply to any of the following:

- (1) Art and artifacts in the collections of museums, archives, and libraries.
- (2) Monuments described in Section 4 that are located on public property under the control of, or acquired by, the State Department of Transportation, which may interfere with the construction, maintenance, or operation of the public transportation system. The department shall strive to ensure that any such monuments are preserved to the greatest extent possible.
- (3) Monuments described in Section 4 that are located on public property under the control of, or acquired by, a county or municipal body or a university, which may interfere with the construction, maintenance, or operation of the public transportation system. The governing body of the county, municipality, or university shall strive to ensure that any such monuments are preserved to the greatest extent possible.
- (4) Monuments described in Section 4 that are located on public property operated or used by a utility, which may interfere with providing utility service. The utility shall strive to ensure that any monuments are preserved to the greatest extent possible.

Section 9. Section 11-40-7 of the Code of Alabama 2 1975, is amended to read as follows:

3 "\$11-40-7.

Act of 2017, any city or town may change its corporate name by passing an ordinance stating the new name proposed and submitting the question of change to a vote of the qualified electors of such municipality at the next general municipal election to be held therein. The result of the election shall be ascertained by the officers holding such general election, and return shall be made to the council or other governing authorities which, in the event that a majority of the votes cast at such election are in favor of the change, shall pass a resolution or ordinance declaring the result of the election and stating the new name of the city or town."

Section 10. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.